



LRFD Design Example

P-M Diagram of GFRP Reinforced Pile



P-M DIAGRAM OF GFRP REINFORCED PILE

About this Example

Description

This section provides an example calculation of computing a GFRP reinforced P-M diagram in accordance with AASHTO GFRP 2nd Edition. The hypothetical example considers the FDOT Index 455 series with GFRP reinforcement as bars. Note: Consideration of pile driving stress limits are not covered in this example.

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CALCULATIONS

P-M Diagram of GFRP Reinforced Pile

Design Specifications & References

- [LRFD GFRP] AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Guide Specification for GFRP-Reinforced Concrete, 2nd Edition 2018
- [SDM] FDOT Structure Design Manual, January 2020
- [FDOT] FDOT Standard Specifications, January 2020

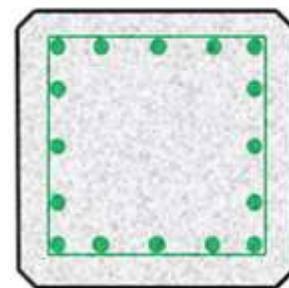
A. General Criteria

A1. GFRP Pile Properties

Geometric Properties

Pile Type

- 12" square, 4 bars
- 12" square, 8 bars
- 14" square, 8 bars
- 18" square, 12 bars**
- 18" square, 16 bars
- 24" square, 16 bars
- 24" square, 20 bars
- 24" square, 24 bars

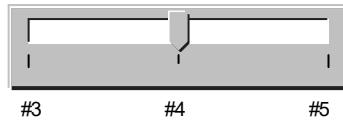


Generic Pile
Cross Section

Reinforcing Properties

StirrupSize

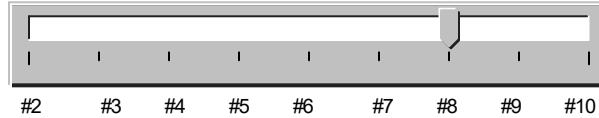
Size of GFRP stirrups



#3 #4 #5

BarSizeA

Size of Prestressed
GFRP Reinforcement



#2 #3 #4 #5 #6 #7 #8 #9 #10

Concrete Cover

Cover_{pile}

pile concrete cover (2" for GFRP)

in

A.2 Material Properties

Concrete Properties

f'_{c,pile}

concrete compressive strength of pile

ksi

γ_{conc}

unit weight of reinforced concrete

pcf

Reinforcing Properties

Select default based upon generation type or input custom values

- 1st Generation
- 2nd Generation
- Custom

E _f	tensile modulus of elasticity of GFRP reinforcing	6500	ksi
C _E	environmental reduction factor for GFRP reinforcing	0.7	
C _b	bond reduction factor for GFRP reinforcing	0.83	
C _c	creep rupture reduction factor of GFRP reinforcing	0.3	

Initialize Data

Reinforcing Bar Properties

Initialize Reinforcing Data

GFRP Pile Properties

B. GFRP Pile M-N Diagram

ORIGIN := 1

B.1 Geometric Calculations

	12" Pile, 4 bars	
	12" Pile, 8 bars	
	14" Pile, 8 bars	number of bars in each pile size
	18" Pile, 12 bars	
	18" Pile, 16 bars	
	24" Pile, 16 bars	
	24" Pile, 20 bars	
	24" Pile, 24 bars	

$$D_{\text{bar}} := d(\text{BarSize}_A) = 1 \cdot \text{in}$$

diameter of bar

$$n_{\text{bar}} := \text{num}_{\text{s}_{\text{Ptype}}} = 12$$

total number of bars

$$A_{\text{bar}} := A(\text{BarSize}_A) = 0.79 \cdot \text{in}^2$$

area of reinforcing bar

$$A_{\text{bar.total}} := n_{\text{bar}} \cdot A(\text{BarSize}_A) = 9.5 \cdot \text{in}^2$$

total area of bars

B.2 Clear Distance Check

$$Clr_{\text{req}} := 1.33 \cdot 1 \text{ in} = 1.33 \cdot \text{in}$$

minimum clear spacing assuming 1" aggregate size (AASHTO
GFRP is an addendum to AASHTO BDS, use LRFD 5.9.4.1)

$$n_{\text{s.bar}} := \frac{\text{num}_{\text{s}_{\text{Ptype}}}}{4} = 3$$

number of bar spaces on one face of pile

$$Clr := \frac{\text{Pile size} - 2 \cdot \text{Cover} - 2 \cdot D_{\text{stir}} - D_{\text{bar}}}{n_{\text{s.bar}}} = 4 \cdot \text{in}$$

clear spacing between bars

$$\boxed{\text{Check}_{\text{clr}} := \text{if}(Clr \geq Clr_{\text{req}}, \text{"OK"}, \text{"NG"}) = \text{"OK"}}$$

B.3 Bar Force Calculation

$$\alpha_1 := \text{if} \left[f_{c,pile} \leq 10 \text{ksi}, 0.85, \max \left[0.75, 0.85 - 0.02 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{c,pile}}{\text{ksi}} - 10 \right) \right] \right] = 0.85 \text{ stress block factor (LRFD 5.6.2.2)}$$

$$\beta_1 := \text{if} \left[f_{c,pile} \leq 4 \text{ksi}, 0.85, \max \left[0.85 - 0.05 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{c,pile}}{\text{ksi}} - 4 \right), 0.65 \right] \right] = 0.8 \text{ stress block factor (LRFD 5.6.2.2)}$$

$$\epsilon_c := 0.003$$

failure strain of concrete (LRFD 5.6.2.1)

$$d_s := ht - \text{Cover} - \frac{D_{bar}}{2} - D_{stir} = 15 \cdot \text{in}$$

distance from extreme compression fiber to centroid of GFRP bar in tension zones

$$d'_s := ht - d_s = 3 \cdot \text{in}$$

distance from extreme compression fiber to centroid of GFRP bar in compression zones

$$n_{cs} := \begin{cases} \text{for } j \in 1 .. ns \leftarrow n_{bar} \cdot \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{n_{bar}} \right) & \text{if } P_{type} \leq 7 \\ \frac{2}{n_{bar}} & \text{if } P_{type} \geq 8 \end{cases} & = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \\ n_s \leftarrow \begin{cases} ns & \text{if } P_{type} \leq 7 \\ \frac{n_{bar}}{2} & \text{if } P_{type} \geq 8 \end{cases} \\ n_j \leftarrow 2 \\ n_1 \leftarrow n_s \\ n_{ns} \leftarrow n_s \\ n \end{cases} \end{cases} \text{ number of bars in each row of the cross section}$$

$$d_{ps} := \begin{cases} \text{for } j \in 1 .. \text{lr} \leftarrow \text{rows}(n_{cs}) \\ \quad d_j \leftarrow \text{Cover} + D_{stir} + \frac{1}{2}D_{bar} \\ \quad d_j \leftarrow d_{j-1} + \frac{ht - 2 \cdot \text{Cover} - 2 \cdot D_{stir} - D_{bar}}{\text{rows}(n_{cs}) - 1} & \text{if } j \neq 1 \\ \end{cases} \cdot \text{in}$$

$= \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 7 \\ 11 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{in}$
distance from extreme compression fiber to the centroid reinforcement measured

$$\text{range} := 1 .. 4 \cdot \frac{ht}{\text{in} \cdot \beta_1}$$

range variable to accommodate an increasing increment of 0.25" for the value 'c'

$$c := \begin{cases} c_1 \leftarrow \frac{ht}{\beta_1} \\ \text{for } j \in 1 .. \left(4 \cdot \frac{ht}{\text{in} \cdot \beta_1} - 1 \right) \\ \quad c_{j+1} \leftarrow c_j - 0.25\text{in} \\ \end{cases}$$

distance from top of section to neutral axis

Based upon future provisions in the ACI and AASHTO documents, it is recommended that the compressive strain in GFRP reinforcement be limited to 0.3% and the tensile strain to a maximum of 1%.

$$T_s := \begin{cases} \text{for } j \in \text{range} \\ \quad \text{for } z \in 1 .. \text{rows}(n_{cs}) \\ \quad \quad T_z \leftarrow n_{cs_z} \cdot A_{bar} \cdot E_f \left[\min \left[1\%, \max \left[-0.3\%, -\frac{(c_j - d_{ps_z})}{c_j} \cdot \varepsilon_c \right] \right] \right] \parallel & \text{if } c_j \geq d_{ps_z} \\ \quad \quad T_z \leftarrow \min \left[n_{cs_z} \cdot A_{bar} \cdot E_f \cdot \varepsilon_{fd}, n_{cs_z} \cdot A_{bar} \cdot E_f \cdot \left[\min \left[1\%, \max \left[-0.3\%, -\frac{(d_{ps_z} - c_j)}{c_j} \cdot \varepsilon_c \right] \right] \right] \right] \parallel & \text{if } c_j < d_{ps_z} \\ \quad \quad T_{s,j,z} \leftarrow T_z \\ \end{cases}$$

bar force in each row with varying compression zone 'c'

Note: The above formula does not consider the compressive strains (negative in this program) to be equal to at least the elastic modulus of concrete or zero per AASHTO GFRP 2nd Edition.

B.4 Compression Force Calculation

$$a_{range} := \text{if}(\beta_1 \cdot c_{range} \leq \text{Cover}, 0\text{in}, \text{if}(\beta_1 \cdot c_{range} \geq ht, ht, \beta_1 \cdot c_{range}))$$

depth of compression zone, zeroed if within zone of no confinement. Can be left as just $\beta_1 c$

$$C_{pile} := (b \cdot a) \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot f_{c,pile}$$

compression capacity of pile section with varying compression zone 'c'

$$y_{range} := \frac{a_{range}}{2}$$

distance from bottom of the compression zone to the centroid of the net pile section

B.5 Interaction Diagram

$$\varepsilon_t := \varepsilon_c \cdot \frac{(d_{ps_rows}(n_{cs}) - c)}{c}$$

tensile strain in the extreme tensile bar

$$\phi_{GFRP_range} := \begin{cases} 0.75 & \text{if } \varepsilon_{t,range} \leq 0.80 \cdot \varepsilon_{fd} \\ \left(1.55 - \frac{\varepsilon_{t,range}}{\varepsilon_{fd}}\right) & \text{if } 0.80 \cdot \varepsilon_{fd} < \varepsilon_{t,range} < \varepsilon_{fd} \\ 0.55 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

resistance factor for flexural strength GFRP (LRFD GFRP 2.6.3)

$$k_c := \alpha_1 = 0.85$$

ratio of maximum concrete compressive stress to the design compressive strength of concrete (LRFD 5.6.4.4)

$$P_{max} := 0.8 \cdot (k_c f_{c,pile} A_{pile}) = 1097.8 \cdot \text{kip}$$

nominal axial resistance, with or without flexure (LRFD 5.6.4.4-2)

*modified for GFRP-RC

0.85 = spiral or hoop reinforcement

0.80 = tie reinforcement

$$P := \begin{cases} \text{for } j \in \text{range} \\ P_j \leftarrow \min \left(P_{max}, C_{pile,j} - \sum_{z=1}^{\text{rows}(n_{cs})} T_{s,j,z} \right) \\ P \end{cases}$$

axial compression force on pile section

$$M := \begin{cases} \text{for } j \in \text{range} \\ M_j \leftarrow C_{pile,j} \left(\frac{ht}{2} - y_j \right) + \sum_{z=1}^{\text{rows}(n_{cs})} \left[T_{s,j,z} \cdot \left(d_{ps,z} - \frac{ht}{2} \right) \right] \\ M \end{cases}$$

moment on pile section

Moment-Axial Diagram

