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### Webinar Topics:

- Introduction
  - Standard Plans Process
  - Terminology
- Overview of results from Developmental Phase
- Roadway Design Bulletin 18-03
  - Standard Plans
  - FDOT Design Manual (FDM)
  - Basis of Estimates (Pay Items)
- Typical Scenario Renderings
- Project-Specific Examples

Standard Plans process and procedures are now clearly described in FDM 115:

### **FDOT Design Manual**

To view the Implementation Bulletin for the 2018 FDM, please see RDB17-12

Chapter	Errata	Bulletin		Description Introduction		
100			Webinar	Introduction		
Link			Webinar	Context Classification		
102				Glossary of Terms		
103	12/01/17			Standard Forms		
104				Public Involvement		
105				Aesthetic Design		
106				Exempt Public Documents		
Plans Development Processes						
110				Initial Engineering Design Process		
111				Final Engineering Design Process		
112				Update Engineering Design Process		
113				Right of Way Requirements		
114			Webinar	Resurfacing, Restoration, and Rehabilitation (RRR)		
115	12/27/17		Webinar	Standard Plans and Standard Specifications		
116				Roundabout Evaluation (Evaluation Forms)		
				Plans Submittal, Review, and Processing		
120			Wehinar	Design Submittals		

### Terminology:

- Rumble Striping
  - Ground-in Rumble Strip is in-line with pavement marking
- Rumble Strips
  - Refers to the ground-in rumble strip only, regardless of location of pavement marking
  - With new policy, either condition could be specified
- Profiled Thermoplastic
  - Thermoplastic bumps are always in line with thermoplastic pavement marking
- Audible and Vibratory Treatment (AVT)
  - General term which refers to both Ground-in Rumble Strips and Profiled Thermoplastic

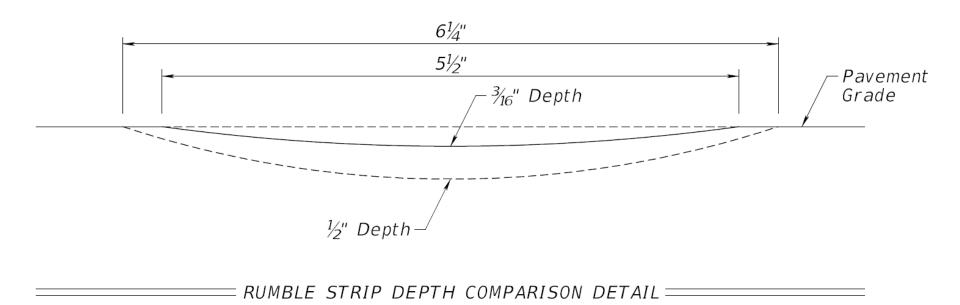
Steps taken since the initial release of Rumble Striping:

- Released Roadway Design Bulletin 16-07
  - Pulled the Design Standard back to a Developmental phase
  - Reduced the depth of the cylindrical patterns from ½" to 3/16"
  - Created new details to move rumble strips into shoulder where possible
  - Reviewed all projects in design and construction for context, made adjustments to reduce noise pollution based on context
- Performed noise testing on various patterns and depths
- Researched what other states are doing to reduce noise pollution
- Used experience gained in the noise testing and the review of all projects to draft the policy
- Worked closely with Districts to ensure policy met their needs
- Studied optional ground-in sinusoidal patterns to further reduce noise pollution

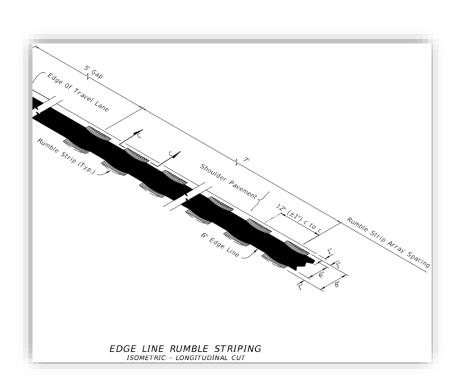
\* Note: These requirements are applicable to flush-shoulder arterials and collectors with a posted speed of 50 MPH or greater; All rigid shoulder roadways will use Profiled Thermoplastic.

Depth of Cylindrical Rumble Strips for Arterials and Collectors:

- Depth has been reduced from 1/2" to 3/16"
- Approx. 6 decibels above typical road noise
  - Sinusoidal Rumble Strips: Approx. 4 decibels
  - Profiled Thermoplastic: Approx. 2 decibels

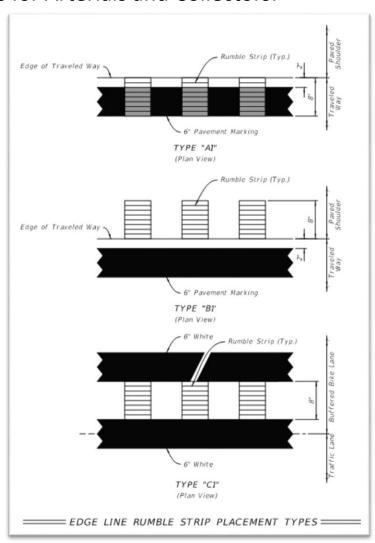


Changes to Location of Edge Line Rumble Strips for Arterials and Collectors:

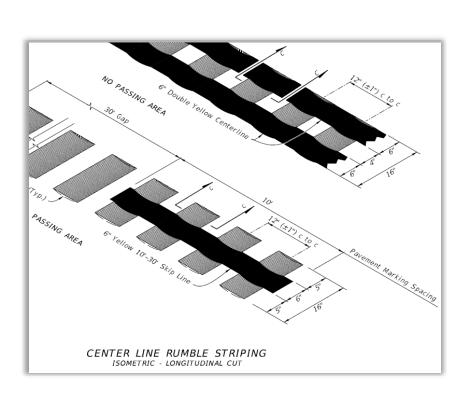


**OLD** 





Changes to Location Center Line Ground-in Rumble Strips for Arterials and Collectors:



Rumble Strip (Typ.) 6" Yellow 30' Skip 10' Pavement Marking TYPE "DI" - PASSING (Plan View) Rumble Strip (Typ.) ► 6" Double Yellow TYPE "D1" - NO PASSING (Plan View) = CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIP PLACEMENT TYPES ==

OLD NEW

### Roadway Design Bulletin 18-03:

- Released 03/14/18
- Introduced new context-based policy for the use of Audible and Vibratory Treatments on arterials and collectors
- Publications affected
  - Standard Plans (Interim Revision)
  - FDM
    - PPM (may still be used on some Design-Build projects)
  - BOE (simplified pay item structure)
- Standard Plans, Index 546-010 (Previously Design Standards, Index 518)
  - No changes to shoulder rumble strips on Limited Access Facilities
  - Added sheets for Arterials and Collectors
  - New Standard Plans Instructions
  - New "Type" designations for Arterials and Collectors

SUBJECT: Audible and Vibratory Treatments (AVTs)

This bulletin implements a new policy for the use of audible and vibratory treatments on arterials and collectors. This new policy affects the Standard Plans, the Plans Preparation Manual (PPM) and the FDOT Design Manual (FDM).

### REQUIREMENTS FOR STANDARD PLANS

Standard Plans, Index 546-010 and the associated instructions have been updated and are released as a <u>Standard Plans Interim Revision</u> to the FY 2018-19 Standard Plans.

#### Standard Plans for Road Construction Interim Standard Standard Design Revision Design **Plans** Index Title **Plans** Contact Standards Tools or Instructions Index Index Errata Guardrail 536-001 Guardrail Errata 400 SPI XLS Roadway 536-002 Guardrail Transitions and Connections for Existing Bridges 402 SPI Errata Crash Cushions 544-001 Crash Cushion Transition Details 430 SPI Roadway Rumble Strips 546-001 Raised Rumble Strips 517 Roadway 546-010 Ground-In Rumble Strips 518 SPI Interim

### Office of Design

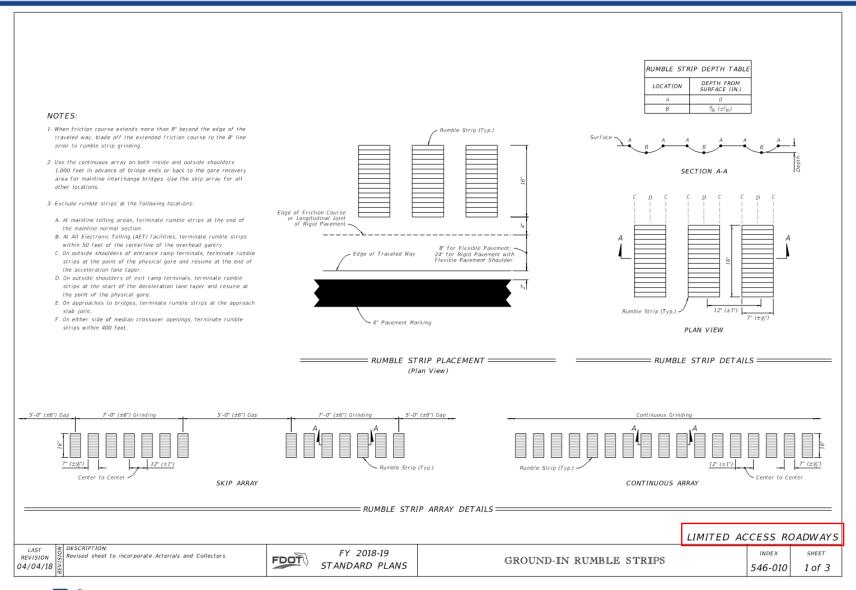
Office of Design / Standard Plans / Standard Plans Interim Revisions FY 2018-19

### Standard Plans Interim Revisions - FY 2018-19

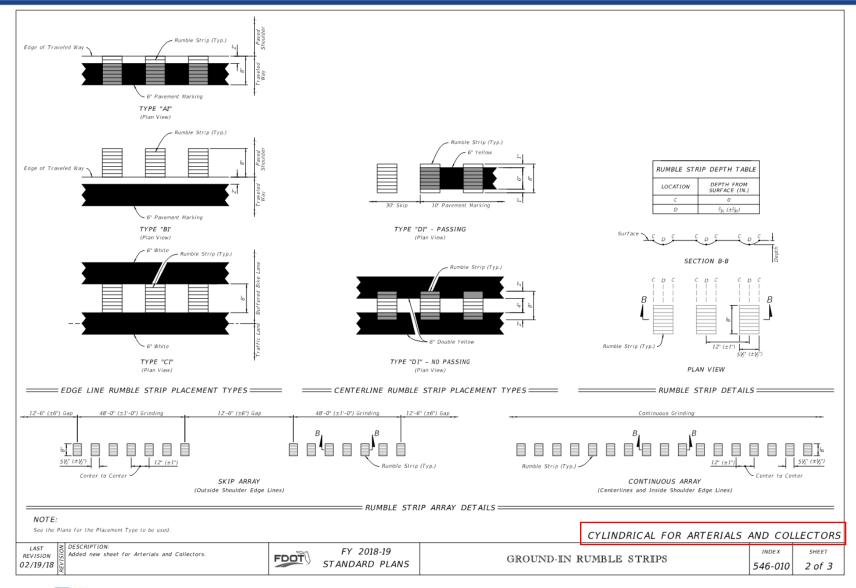


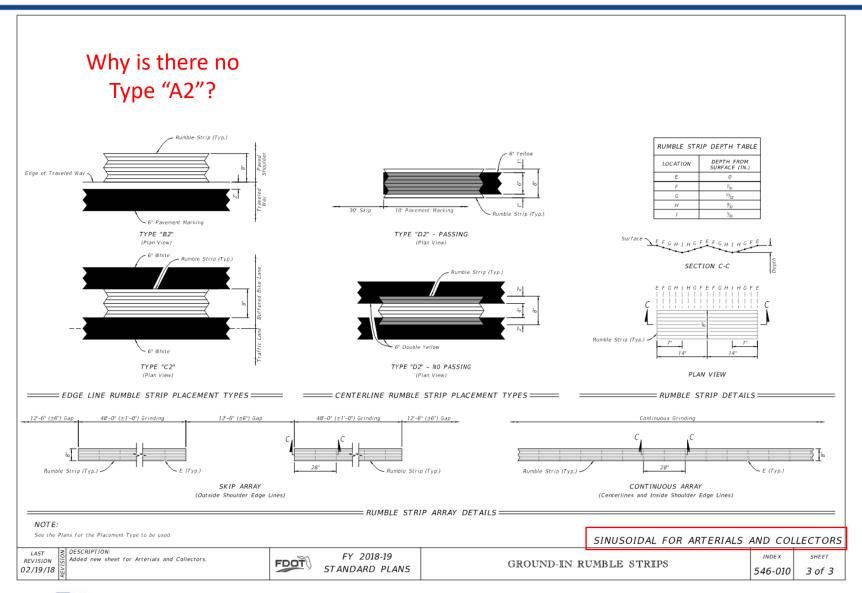
N/A = Not Applicable N/C = No Change (Site Updated: 3/16/18)

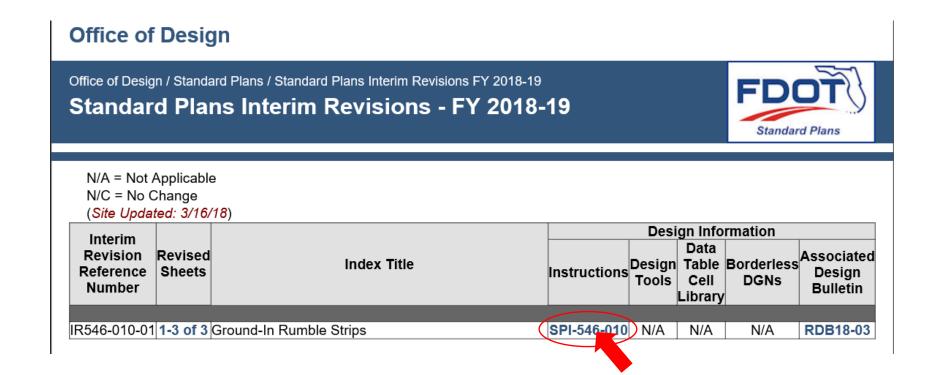
Interim			Design Information					
	Revised Sheets		Instructions	Tools	Data Table Cell Library	DGNs	Associated Design Bulletin	
IR546-010-01	1-3 of 3	Ground-In Rumble Strips	SPI-546-010	N/A	N/A	N/A	RDB18-03	











#### **Standard Plans Instructions:**

- Used by designers
- Determine limitations of use
- How to properly include it in the plans
- Includes some payment information

Standard Plans Instructions

Index 546-010 Ground-In Rumble Strips

Topic No. 625-010-003 March 2018

#### Index 546-010 Ground-In Rumble Strips

#### **Design Criteria**

FDOT Design Manual (FDM)

#### **Usage Criteria**

Limited Access - See FDM 211.4.4.

Arterials and Collectors - See FDM 210.4.6.

#### **Plan Content Requirements**

Limited Access Facilities - Tabulate quantities in the Roadway plans.

Arterials and Collectors – Identify and tabulate in the Signing and Pavement Marking plans. Include the "Type" (see Sheet 2-3 of *Index 546-010* for information) in the pavement marking callout labels (e.g., 6" White with Ground-In Rumble Strips, Type B1). It is not necessary to call out the array for Arterials and Collectors.

See FDM 325 for plan content requirements.

#### **Payment**

Item number	Item Description	Unit Measure
546- 72- A	Ground-In Rumble Strips	GM

See the **BOE** and **Specifications 546** for additional information on payment, pay item use and compensation. In all cases, payment for ground-in rumble strips is separate from any accompanying permanent pavement markings.

### Office of Design

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### Standard Plans Interim Revisions - FY 2018-19



N/A = Not Applicable N/C = No Change (Site Updated: 3/16/18)

Interi	m			Design Information					
Revisi Referer Numb	on nce	Revised Sheets		Instructions	Tools	Data Table Cell Library	DGNs	Associated Design Bulletin	
IR546-01	10-01	1-3 of 3	Ground-In Rumble Strips	SPI-546-010	N/A	N/A	N/A	RDB18-03	

#### REQUIREMENTS FOR FDM

1. Replace *FDM 210.4.6* with the following:

### 210.4.6 Audible and Vibratory Treatment

Provide audible and vibratory treatment (AVT) on <u>flush-shoulder roadways with a posted speed of 50 mph or greater.</u> Do not exclude sections of the project where advisory speeds are used due to restricted horizontal or vertical geometry. <u>Do not place AVTs within the limits of crosswalks.</u>

Consider potential noise impacts to residents and businesses adjacent to the roadway when selecting an appropriate AVT. A higher probability of strikes should be expected on the inside radius of horizontal curves. The expected increase in noise levels over typical road noise is as follows:

- Approximately 6 decibels for cylindrical ground-in rumble strips.
- Approximately 4 decibels for sinusoidal ground-in rumble strips.
- Approximately 2 decibels for profiled thermoplastic.

AVT type selected for each edge line or centerline should be consistent throughout the project length; however, there may be a clear change in condition for which a change in AVT type is appropriate. Use the same type of treatment for centerlines as is used for edge lines on undivided roadways.

Determine the appropriate AVT in accordance with *FDM 210.4.6.1* and *FDM 210.4.6.2*.

### 210.4.6.1 Ground-in Rumble Strips

**Standard Plans**, **Index 546-010** provides three configurations (Types A, B, and C) for ground-in rumble strips along edge lines. The selection of Type A, B, or C is as follows:

- Use Type A on outside paved shoulder when width is between 1 and 5 feet. Do not use
  this type for sinusoidal ground-in rumble strips, or when there are residences within a
  minimum of 650 feet of the proposed edge line.
- Use Type B on outside paved shoulder when width is  $\geq 5$  feet, and on inside paved shoulder when width is  $\geq 1$  foot.
- Use Type C on flush shoulder roadways with buffered striping.

Sinusoidal ground-in rumble strips produce less noise, and are an alternative to the cylindrical ground-in rumble strips. They may be used for Types B and C in noise-sensitive locations.

Ground-in rumble strips are to be detailed (i.e., limits, Type A, B, or C) and quantified in the Signing and Marking Plans component set. Include "1" for cylindrical ground-in rumble strips or "2" for sinusoidal ground-in rumble strips; e.g., A1, B1, B2, C1, C2.

See *Exhibit 210-7* for common placement of AVTs.

### 210.4.6.2 Profiled Thermoplastic

Use profiled thermoplastic when any of the following conditions exist:

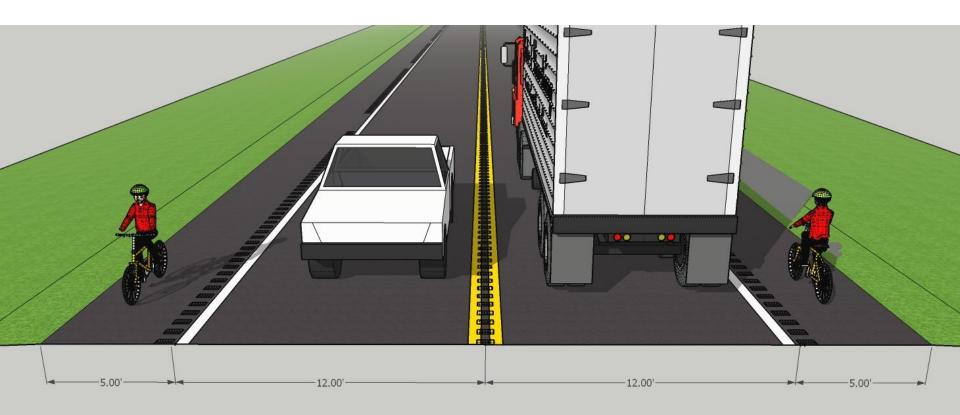
- Rigid pavement
- The requirements for installing ground-in rumble strips cannot be met
- Paved shoulder width prevents the construction phasing required for installation of ground-in rumble strips
- Restriping projects where the District Maintenance Engineer has determined groundin rumble strips are not cost effective based on the remaining service life of the pavement
- Edge lines for bridges with narrow shoulders as a countermeasure for barrier impacts

### Basis of Estimates:

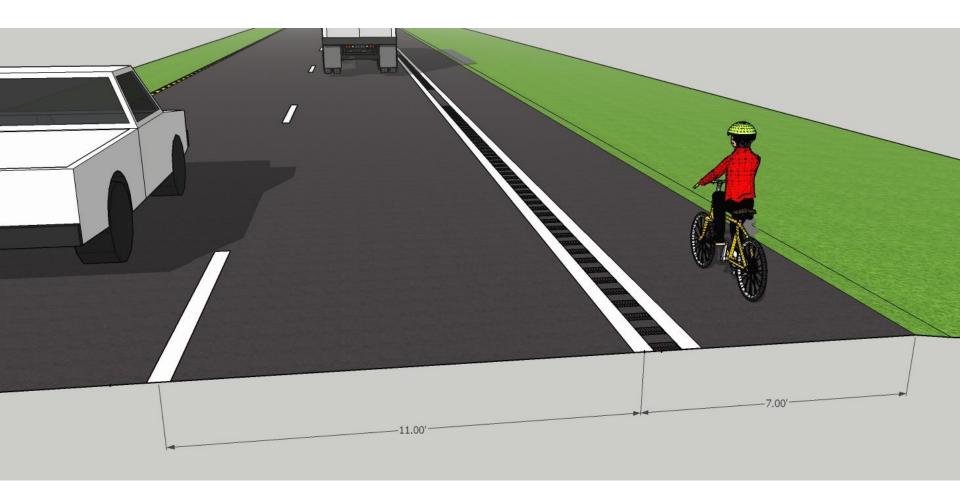
Simplified pay item structure for projects let July 2018 or later

546- 72- AB, -A  Unit	e Strips						
11		BL 6 (t) 6					
Unit		Plan Quantity?					
GM		Yes					
Notes							
<b>Details</b> See the	See the Standard Plans and Standard Plans Instructions.						
Plan Summary Box Limited	Limited Access Facilities: Show in the roadway plans. The pay item should be loaded in the Roadway Category.						
Arteria	s and Collectors: Show in the Signing a	and Pavement Marking plans. The pay items should be loaded in the Signing a	and Pavement Marking Category.				
	2- A Ground-In Rumble Strips, GM E	ffective 1-1-2018					
		n shoulders; Load in Roadway category used on shoulders or centerline; Load in Signing and Pavement Marking					
		used on shoulders or centerline; Load in Signing and Pavement Marking					

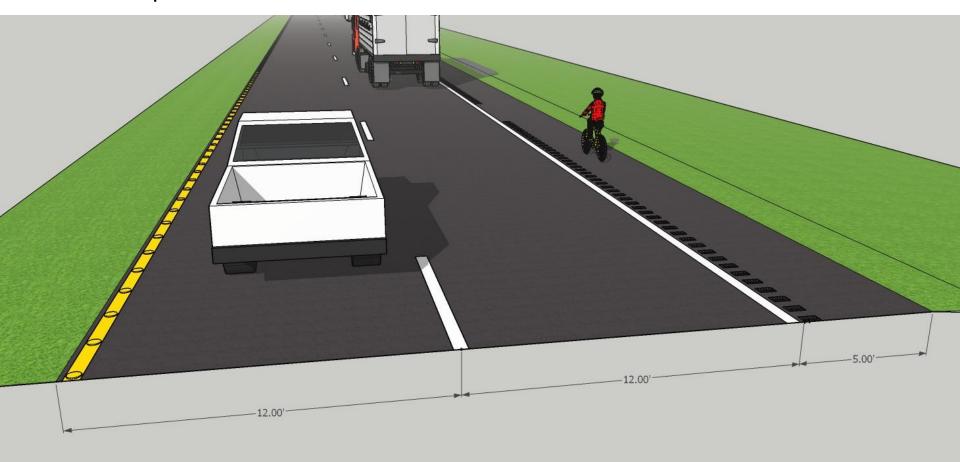
• For paved shoulders greater than or equal to 5', use ground-in rumble strips located in the shoulder.



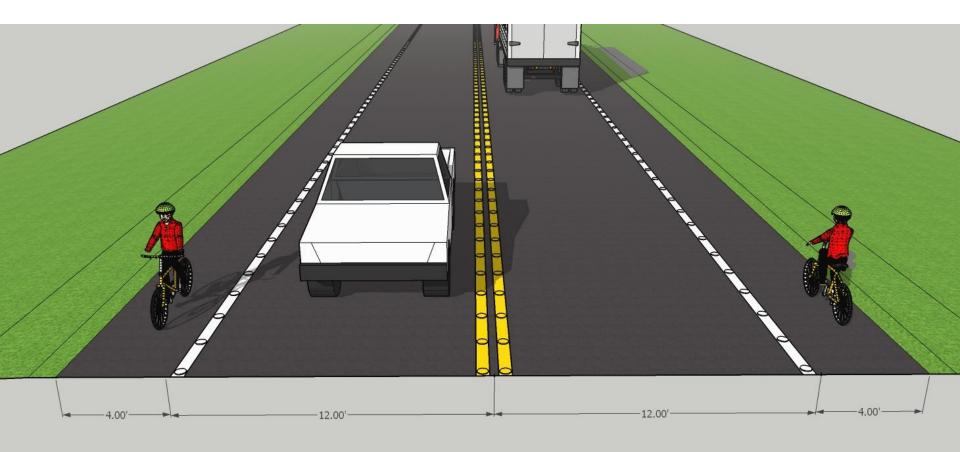
• For buffered bike lanes, use ground-in rumble strips between the longitudinal buffer lines.



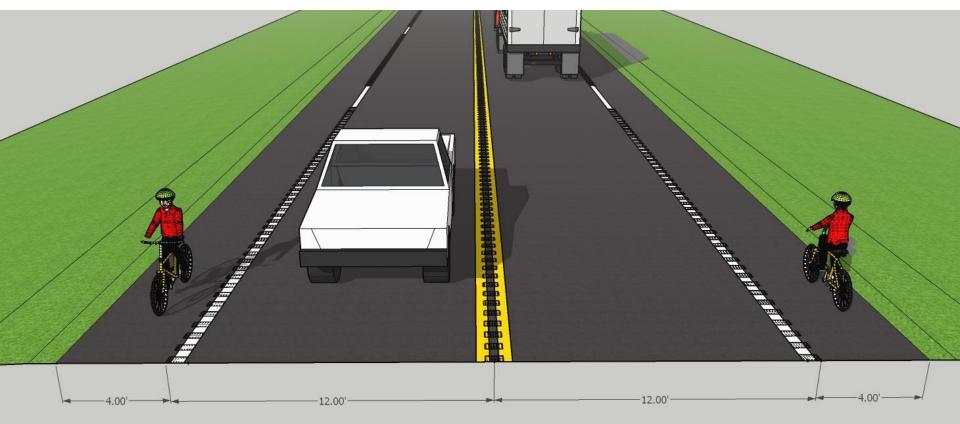
• Regardless of context, use Profiled Thermoplastic for paved shoulders 1' or less. This is for durability of pavement and constructability. May be used with ground-in rumble strips on outside shoulder.



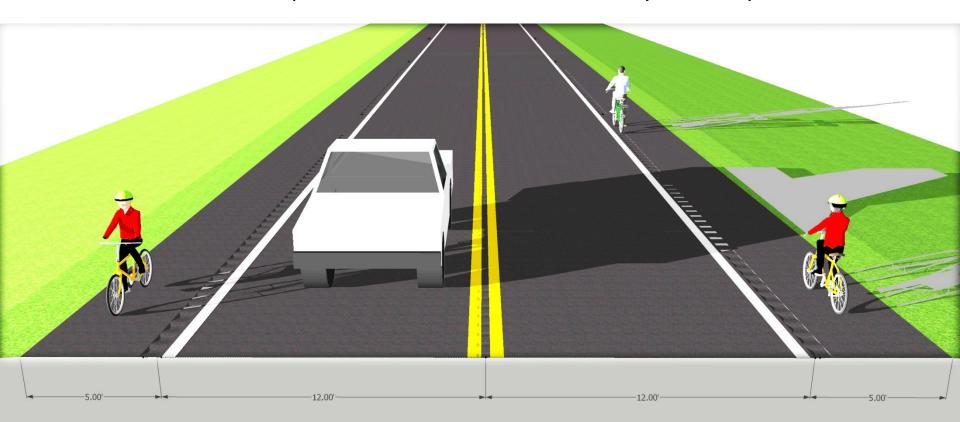
• With residences nearby and for paved shoulders greater than 1' and less than 5', use Profiled Thermoplastic. Residences are considered nearby when located within a minimum of a 650 ft radius. (650 ft radius is guidance only; the District may choose to increase this distance)



• With no residences nearby and for paved shoulders greater than 1' and less than 5', use ground-in rumble strips on the edge line. Residences are considered nearby when located within a minimum of a 650 ft radius. (650 ft radius is guidance only; the District may choose to increase this distance)



• Sinusoidal ground-in rumble strips show promising results with initial noise testing and will be used as an optional treatment to the 3/16" Cylindrical pattern.



• 3/16" Cylindrical Edgeline Pattern



Sinusoidal Edgeline Pattern

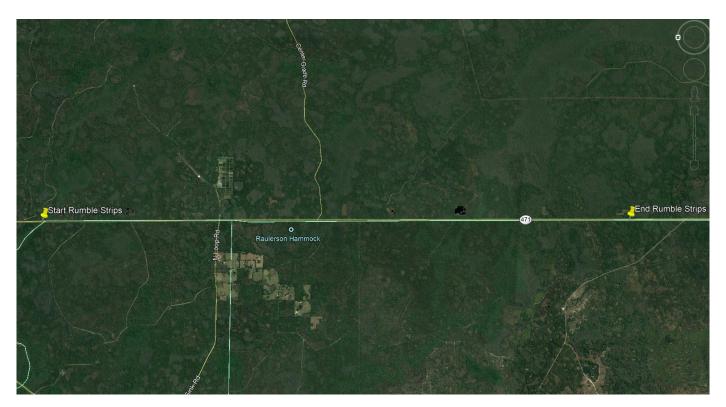


### Existing Conditions:

- Two-way, two-lane roadway
- 4' Paved Shoulders
- No residences adjacent to the roadway

#### • Recommended Audible & Vibratory Treatment:

- Cylindrical ground-in rumble strips for the entirety of the project



### Existing Conditions:

- Divided, multilane roadway
- 4' outside paved shoulders
- Industrial land north of the bridge (3.5 miles); residential land south of the bridge (1.4 miles)

#### Recommended Audible & Vibratory Treatment:

- Cylindrical ground-in rumble strips north of the bridge
- Profiled thermoplastic markings south of the bridge



### Existing Conditions:

- Divided, multilane roadway
- 5' outside paved shoulders
- Sporadic subdivisions along the length of the project with a significant risk for noise complaints

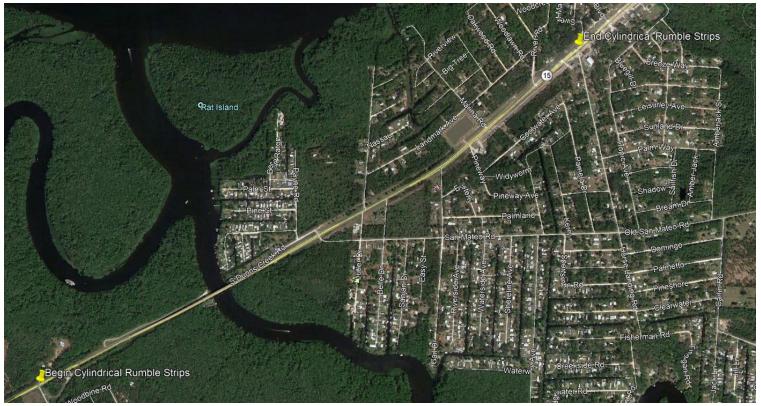
#### Recommended Audible & Vibratory Treatment:

- Sinusoidal ground-in rumble strips for the entirety of the project



### Existing Conditions:

- Divided, multilane roadway
- 5' outside paved shoulders
- Residences adjacent to the roadway
- Recommended Audible & Vibratory Treatment
  - Cylindrical ground-in rumble strips for the entirety of the project.



### Existing Conditions:

- Divided, multilane roadway
- 4' 5' outside paved shoulders
- Residences adjacent to the roadway
- Recommended Audible & Vibratory Treatment
  - Profiled thermoplastic for the entirety of the project



# **Questions**



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