

FY 2022-23 Standard Plans Update Training



Rick Jenkins, P.E.

Standard Plans Publication Engineer

Central Office, Roadway Design

(850) 414-4355

Rick.Jenkins@dot.state.fl.us

Update Training Agenda

➤ General Overview

- **Rick Jenkins**
 - Website Updates
(<http://www.fdot.gov/design/standardplans/>)

➤ Standard Plans Updates

- **Rick Jenkins**
 - Miscellaneous Roadway Updates
- **Derwood Sheppard**
 - 102 Series Temporary Traffic Control Updates
- **Joshua Turley**
 - Structures and Bridge Related Updates



Website:

<http://www.fdot.gov/design/standardplans/>

[Home](#) / [Design](#) / [standardplans](#)

Standard Plans for Road and Bridge Construction

Subscribe to our [FDOT Contact Management Subscription Service](#) to receive the most current notices, bulletins, memoranda, and other important information.

Standard Plans

[Standard Plans for Road and Bridge Construction](#)

[Developmental Standard Plans](#)

Supporting Documents

[Standard Plans CADD - DGN and Cell Libraries](#)

[Standard Plans Training](#)

[Standard Plans History](#)

Review and Response

[Origination Form](#) - Form to Propose Revisions to a Standard Plans Index

[Industry Review](#) - Review Packages for Proposed Revisions to a Standard Plans Index

[Track the Status of Revisions](#) - Check the Status of Proposed Revisions to the Standard Plans Indexes

[Archive](#) - Past Review and Revision Packages to the Standard Plans Indexes

Design Standards

[Design Standards \(FY 2017-18 and earlier\)](#)

[Developmental Design Standards](#)

Contact Information

[Derwood Sheppard P.E.](#)
(850) 414-4334
State Standard Plans Engineer

[Rick Jenkins, P.E.](#)
(850) 414-4355
Standard Plans Publication Engineer

Technical Experts

[Standard Plans Technical Expert List](#)

[Home](#) / [Design](#) / [standardplans](#)

Standard Plans for Road and Bridge Construction

Subscribe to our [FDOT Contact Management Subscription Service](#) to receive the most current notices, bulletins, memoranda, and other important information.

Standard Plans

[Standard Plans for Road and Bridge Construction](#)

[Developmental Standard Plans](#)

Supporting Documents

[Standard Plans CADD - DGN and Cell Libraries](#)

[Standard Plans Training](#)

[Standard Plans History](#)

Review and Response

[Origination Form](#) - Form to Propose Revisions to a Standard Plans Index

[Industry Review](#) - Review Packages for Proposed Revisions to a Standard Plans Index

[Track the Status of Revisions](#) - Check the Status of Proposed Revisions to the Standard Plans Indexes

[Archive](#) - Past Review and Revision Packages to the Standard Plans Indexes

[Design Standards](#)

- ***Standard Plans - Updates:***

- ✓ • General Overview, Agenda and Website
- ➔ • Critical Roadway, Drainage, Traffic and Lighting Updates to the 2022-2023 Standard Plans Indexes

LET'S GET
TO:WORK

Per the request of Industry, the State Material Office removed Class I Concrete from the Specifications

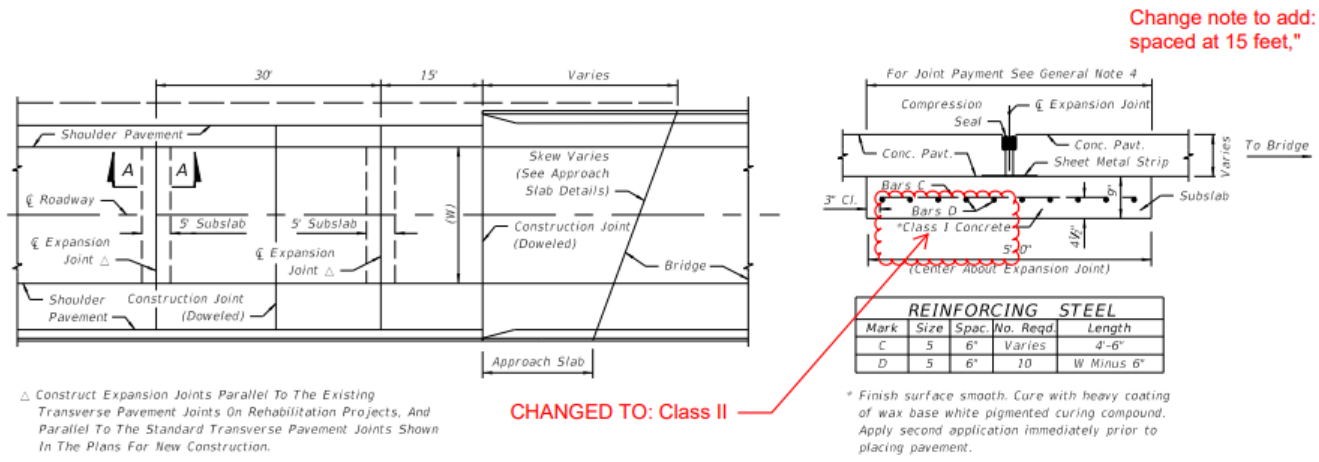
- *All references in the Standard Plans to Class I Concrete were updated to Class II Concrete*



List of Indexes Updated:

- 370-001
- 425-060
- 430-010
- 430-011
- 430-012
- 430-020
- 430-030
- 430-040
- 430-090
- 440-002
- 508-T01
- 509-100
- 550-001
- 646-001
- 700-010
- 700-011
- 700-020
- 715-002

- Class I Concrete to Class II
- Updated General Note 1



Change note to add: ", spaced at 15 feet,"

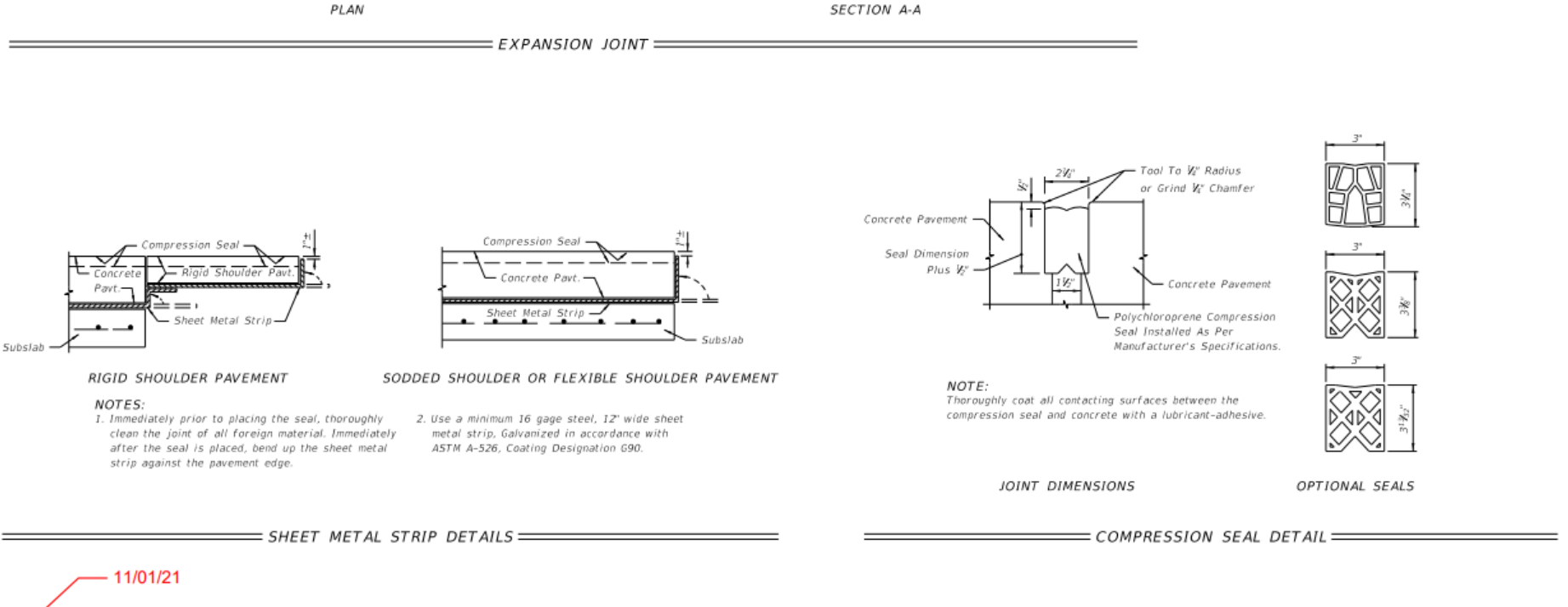
Mark	Size	Spac.	No. Req'd	Length
C	5	6"	Varies	4'-6"
D	5	6"	10	W Minus 6"

- GENERAL NOTES:**
1. For asphalt base, use four expansion joints per Index 350-001.
 2. The centerline of roadway and the centerline of bridge do not necessarily coincide. Determine the centerline of the roadway pavement prior to the placement of the expansion joint.
 3. For information on other types of concrete pavement joints see Index 350-001.
 4. Pay quantity for expansion joint is the length of joint to be constructed across the roadway and shoulder pavements, measured at right angles to the centerline of the roadway. Payment for expansion joint is full compensation for joint construction, including reinforced concrete subslab, sheet metal strip and compression seal, but, not including roadway pavement reconstruction associated with joint replacement or reconstruction. Expansion joint to be paid for under the contract unit price for Bridge Approach Expansion Joint, LF.

△ Construct Expansion Joints Parallel To The Existing Transverse Pavement Joints On Rehabilitation Projects, And Parallel To The Standard Transverse Pavement Joints Shown In The Plans For New Construction.

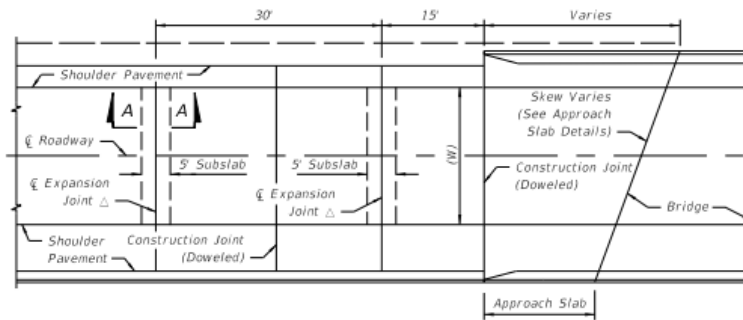
* Finish surface smooth. Cure with heavy coating of wax base white pigmented curing compound. Apply second application immediately prior to placing pavement.

CHANGED TO: Class II



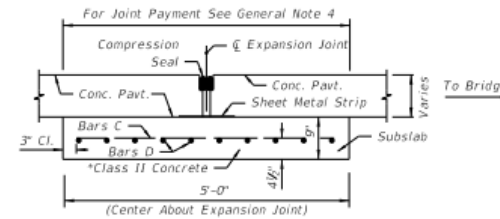
11/01/21

- Updated Index



△ Construct Expansion Joints Parallel To The Existing Transverse Pavement Joints On Rehabilitation Projects, And Parallel To The Standard Transverse Pavement Joints Shown In The Plans For New Construction.

PLAN



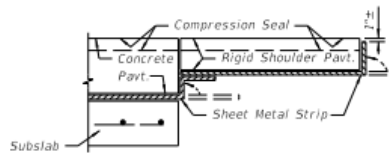
REINFORCING STEEL				
Mark	Size	Spac.	No. Reqd.	Length
C	5	6"	Varies	4'-6"
D	5	6"	10	W Minus 6"

* Finish surface smooth. Cure with heavy coating of wax base white pigmented curing compound. Apply second application immediately prior to placing pavement.

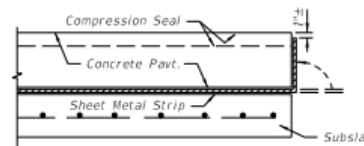
SECTION A-A

- GENERAL NOTES:**
- For asphalt base, use four expansion joints, spaced at 15 feet, per Index 350-001.
 - The centerline of roadway and the centerline of bridge do not necessarily coincide. Determine the centerline of the roadway pavement prior to the placement of the expansion joint.
 - For information on other types of concrete pavement joints see Index 350-001.
 - Pay quantity for expansion joint is the length of joint to be constructed across the roadway and shoulder pavements, measured at right angles to the centerline of the roadway. Payment for expansion joint is full compensation for joint construction, including reinforced concrete subslab, sheet metal strip and compression seal, but, not including roadway pavement reconstruction associated with joint replacement or reconstruction. Expansion joint to be paid for under the contract unit price for Bridge Approach Expansion Joint, LF.

EXPANSION JOINT



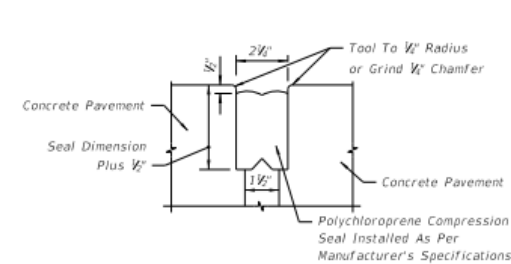
RIGID SHOULDER PAVEMENT



SODDED SHOULDER OR FLEXIBLE SHOULDER PAVEMENT

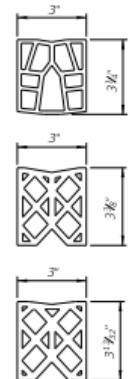
NOTES:

- Immediately prior to placing the seal, thoroughly clean the joint of all foreign material. Immediately after the seal is placed, bend up the sheet metal strip against the pavement edge.
- Use a minimum 16 gage steel, 12" wide sheet metal strip, Galvanized in accordance with ASTM A-526, Coating Designation G90.



NOTE:
Thoroughly coat all contacting surfaces between the compression seal and concrete with a lubricant-adhesive.

JOINT DIMENSIONS



OPTIONAL SEALS

SHEET METAL STRIP DETAILS

COMPRESSION SEAL DETAIL

9/21/2021 1:02:26 PM

• Updates to Index 000-510:

- Update to be consistent with FDM
- Added Direction Arrows
- Updated Slope Ratios Table
- Added 2-Lane Option to Pavement with Median Detail

Straight Line Superelevation Transition
L (Varies, 100' Min.)
 Outside Half Of Pavement From Normal Crown Slope To Superelevation Slope

PROFILES

Normal Crown, Tangent, Curve, Full Superelevation, Outside Edge Of Pavement, Inside Edge Of Pavement, Pavement Rotated About \bar{C} , Straight Line Transition On Inside Edge Of Pavt., Hold Normal Cross Slope On Inside Half Of Pavement

SLOPE RATIOS FOR SUPERELEVATION TRANSITIONS

SECTION	DESIGN SPEED, MPH		
	45-50	55-60	65-70
2 Lane & 4 Lane	1:200	1:225	1:250
6 Lane	1:160	1:180	1:200
8 Lane	1:150	1:170	1:190

The length of superelevation transition is to be determined by the relative slope between the travel way edge of pavement and the profile grade, except that the minimum length of transition shall be 100 ft.

* Short Vertical Curves Are To Be Used On Construction To Avoid Angular Breaks In Edge Profiles

UPDATED TABLE

Normal Crown SECTION AA

REVERSE CROWN SECTION BB

FULLY SUPERELEVATED SECTION CC

See SHOULDER CONSTRUCTION WITH SUPERELEVATION

0.06 (Or Steeper To Match Pavt. Slope)

THESE TRANSITION DETAILS ARE TO APPLY IN ALL CASES, EXCEPT UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:

1. Curves of insufficient length.
2. Insufficient tangent length between curves.
3. Deficient transition distance between a curve and other control points.
4. At PCC's or PRC's (Runoff rates are applicable).

Transitions for these exceptions are to be as detailed in the plans.

Straight Line Superelevation Transition
L (Varies, 100' Min.) From Normal Pavement To Superelevation Slope

PROFILES

Normal Pavement Slope, Tangent, Curve, Full Superelevation, Outside Edge Of Pavement, Outer Roadway, Inside Edge Of Pavement, Both Roadways & Profile Grade, Superelevated Pavt., Inside Edge Of Pavement, Superelevated Pavt., Outside Edge Of Pavement, Inner Roadway, Normal Pavement Slope, Superlevation Transition, Full Superelevation

2-LANE, 4-LANE OR 6-LANE PAVEMENT, NO MEDIAN

ADDED: Direction Arrows

2-LANE, 4-LANE OR 6-LANE PAVEMENT WITH MEDIAN

UPDATED TITLE

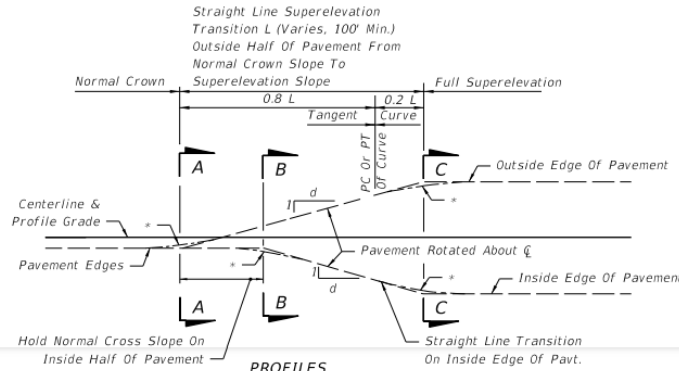
SHOULDER CONSTRUCTION WITH SUPERELEVATION

Shoulder Width *S*, Superelevated Pavement (Rate Of 0.05 Or Flatter), Shoulder Slope 0.06 (0.05 For Medians) Until Pavt. Cross Slope Reaches Flat Rate, Note: Algebraic Difference In Cross Slope Not To Exceed 0.07, Shoulder Slope Not Flatter Than 0.02 Nor Steeper Than 0.06, Shoulder Slope to Match Pavt. Slope For Pavt. Slopes Greater Than 0.06 (0.05 For Medians), Note: Algebraic Difference In Cross Slope Not To Exceed 0.07, Shoulder Slope See SHOULDER ON HIGH SIDE Notation, Round $\frac{S}{2}$

NOTES:

1. These details apply to both paved and grassed shoulders. For median shoulders use 0.05 in lieu of 0.06.
2. **SHOULDER ON HIGH SIDE:** A shoulder slope of 0.06 downward from the edge of travel way will be maintained until a 0.07 break in slope at the pavement edge is reached due to superelevation of the pavement. As the pavement superelevation increases, the 0.07 break in slope will be maintained and the shoulder flattened until the shoulder slope reaches the minimum of 0.02 downward from the edge of travel way. Any further increase in pavement superelevation will necessitate sloping the inside half of the shoulder toward the travel way and the outer half outward, both at 0.02 for superelevations 0.06-0.09 and both at 0.03 for superelevation 0.10. For shoulders with paved widths 5 feet or less see Special Shoulder Break Over Details on Sheet 2 of 2.
3. **SHOULDER ON LOW SIDE:** Maintain 0.06 cross slope across shoulder until pavement cross slope reaches 0.06. For pavement cross slopes greater than 0.06, shoulder to have same slope as pavement. See SHOULDER SLOPES ON SUPERELEVATION SECTION (Sheet 2).

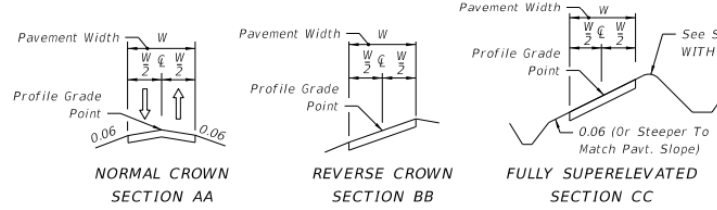
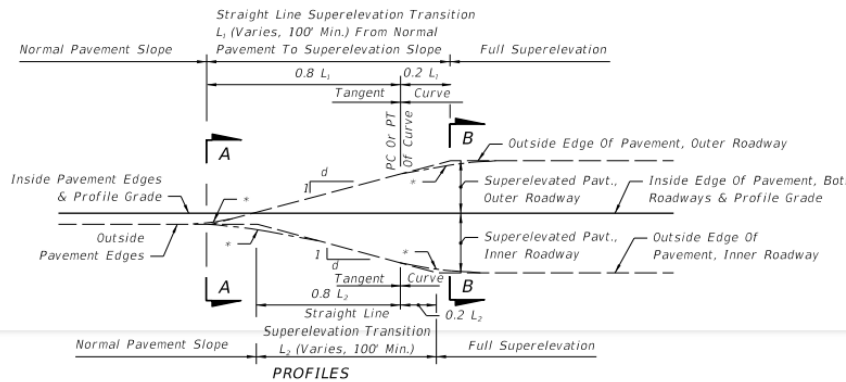
• Updated Sheet 1 on Index 000-510:



SLOPE RATIOS FOR SUPERELEVATION TRANSITIONS

NUMBER OF LANES IN ONE DIRECTION	DESIGN SPEED, MPH			
	25-40	45-50	55-60	65-70
1 Lane & 2 Lane	1:175	1:200	1:225	1:250
3 Lane	--	1:160	1:180	1:200
4 Lane or More	--	1:170	1:170	1:190

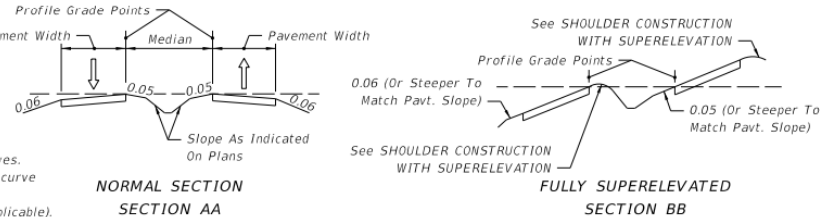
The length of superelevation transition is to be determined by the relative slope between the travel way edge of pavement and the profile grade, except that the minimum length of transition shall be 100 ft.



THESE TRANSITION DETAILS ARE TO APPLY IN ALL CASES, EXCEPT UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:

1. Curves of insufficient length.
2. Insufficient tangent length between curves.
3. Deficient transition distance between a curve and other control point(s).
4. At PCC's or PRC's (Runoff rates are applicable).

Transitions for these exceptions are to be as detailed in the plans.

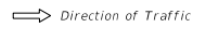


2-LANE, 4-LANE OR 6-LANE PAVEMENT, NO MEDIAN

2-LANE, 4-LANE OR 6-LANE PAVEMENT WITH MEDIAN

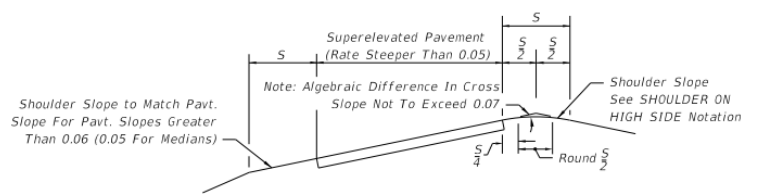
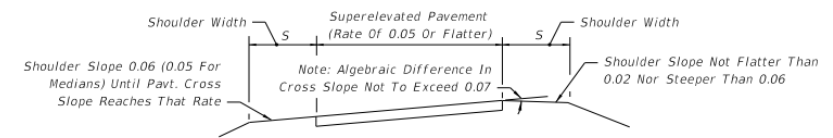
SUPERELEVATION TRANSITIONS

SYMBOL:



NOTES:

1. These details apply to both paved and grassed shoulders. For median shoulders use 0.05 in lieu of 0.06.
2. SHOULDER ON HIGH SIDE: A shoulder slope of 0.06 downward from the edge of travel way will be maintained until a 0.07 break in slope at the pavement edge is reached due to superelevation of the pavement. As the pavement superelevation increases, the 0.07 break in slope will be maintained and the shoulder flattened until the shoulder slope reaches the minimum of 0.02 downward from the edge of travel way. Any further increase in pavement superelevation will necessitate sloping the inside half of the shoulder toward the travel way and the outer half outward, both at 0.02 for superelevations 0.06-0.09 and both at 0.03 for superelevation 0.10. For shoulders with paved widths 5 feet or less see Special Shoulder Break Over Details on Sheet 2 of 2.
3. SHOULDER ON LOW SIDE: Maintain 0.06 cross slope across shoulder until pavement cross slope reaches 0.06. For pavement cross slopes greater than 0.06, shoulder to have same slope as pavement. See SHOULDER SLOPES ON SUPERELEVATION SECTION (Sheet 2).

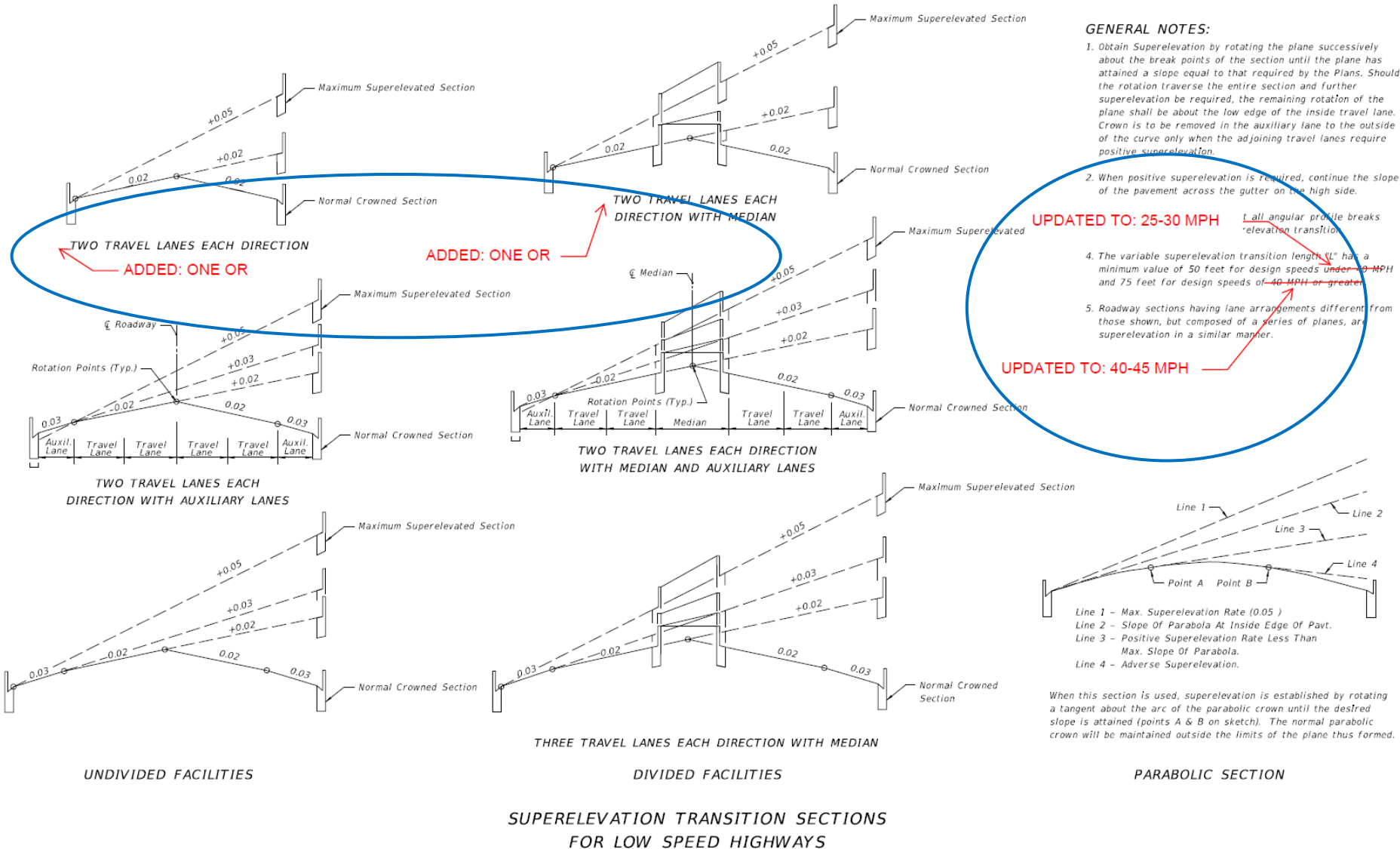


SHOULDER CONSTRUCTION WITH SUPERELEVATION

LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION:
11/01/21	

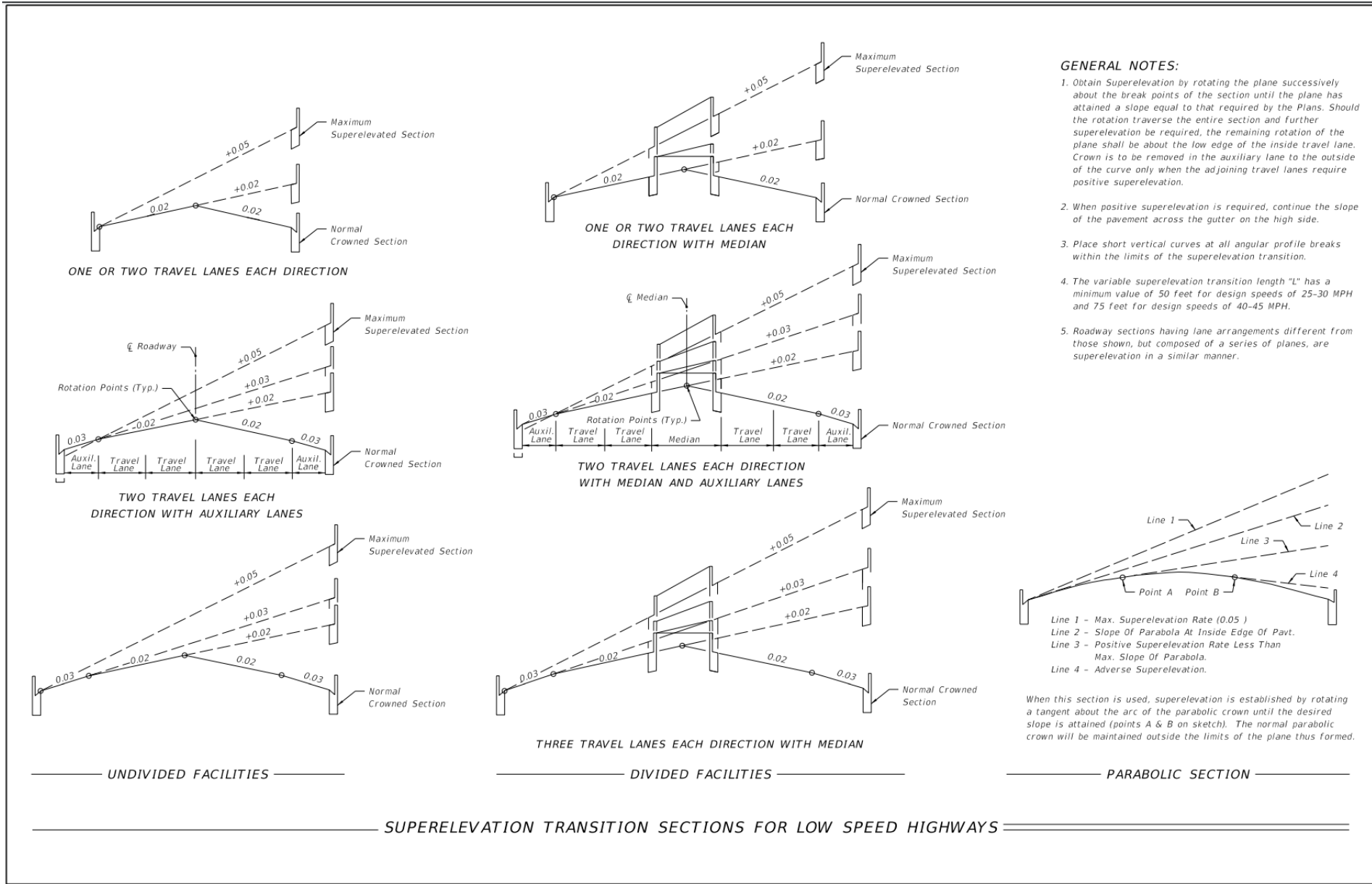
--	--	--	--	--

- **Updates to Index 000-511:**
 - Update to be consistent with FDM
 - Updated General Note 4
 - Added One Lane Option



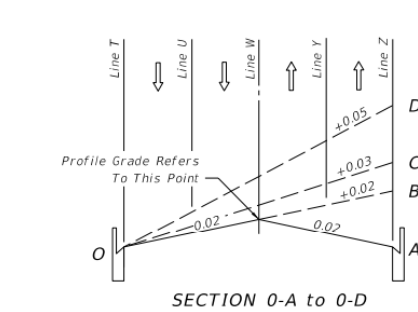
LAST REVISION 11/01/18	DESCRIPTION: 11/01/21		FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	SUPERELEVATION TRANSITIONS - LOW SPEED HIGHWAYS	INDEX 000-511	SHEET 1 of 2
---------------------------	--------------------------	--	------------------------------	--	------------------	-----------------

- Updated Sheet 1 on Index 000-511:

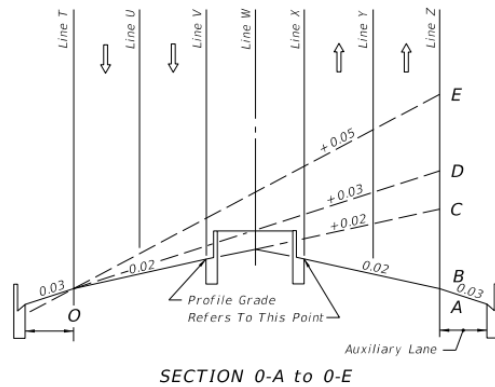


• Updates to Index 000-511:

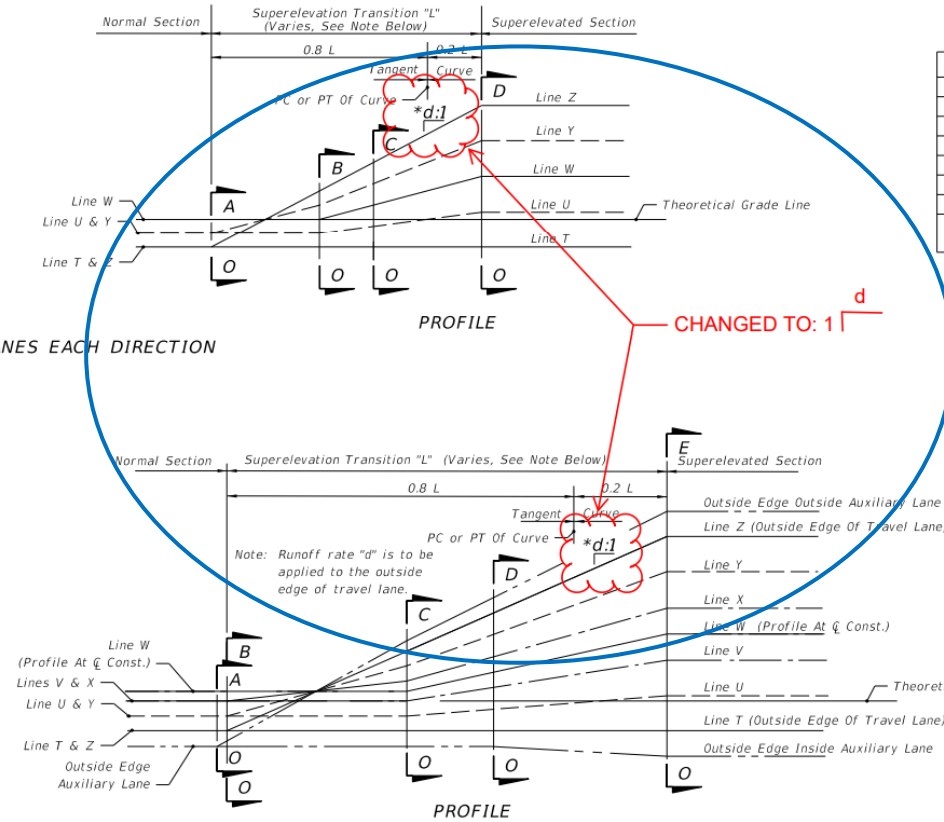
- Update to be consistent with FDM
- Updated Slope Ratio Table
- Clarified Ratio Callout



TWO LANES EACH DIRECTION



Auxiliary Lane



TWO LANES EACH DIRECTION WITH MEDIAN AND AUXILIARY LANE

Note: The sections and profiles shown are examples of superelevation transitions. Similar schemes should be used for roadways having other sections.

EXAMPLE SUPERELEVATION SECTIONS AND PROFILES FOR LOW SPEED HIGHWAYS

LINE	DESCRIPTION
T	Inside Travel Lane
U	Inside Lane Line
V	Inside Median Edge Pavement
W	℄ Construction
X	Outside Median Edge Pavement
Y	Outside Lane Line
Z	Outside Travel Lane

Inside And Outside Are Relative To Curve Center

UPDATED TABLE

*d (Slope Ratio)	
30 MPH	1:100
40 MPH	1:125
45 MPH Δ	1:150
Δ 1:125 May Be Used For 45 MPH Under Restricted Conditions.	

LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION:
11/01/20	
11/01/21	

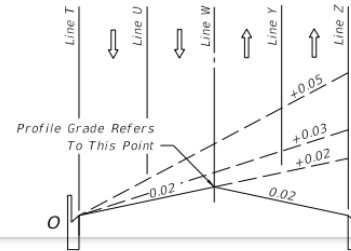
- Updated Sheet 2 on Index 000-511:

NOTE:

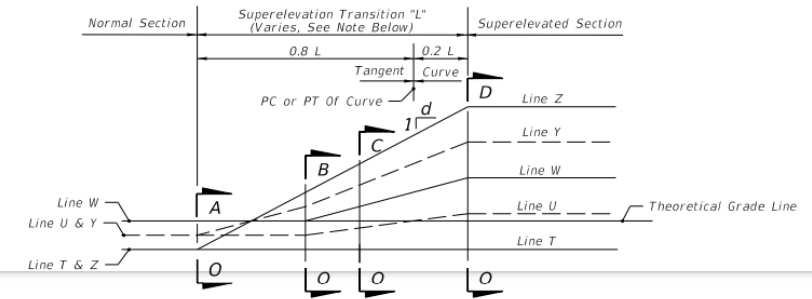
The sections and profiles shown are examples of superelevation transitions. Similar schemes should be used for roadways having other sections.

LINE	DESCRIPTION
T	Inside Travel Lane
U	Inside Lane Line
V	Inside Median Edge Pavement
W	℄ Construction
X	Outside Median Edge Pavement
Y	Outside Lane Line
Z	Outside Travel Lane
Inside And Outside Are Relative To Curve Center	

SLOPE RATIOS FOR SUPERELEVATION TRANSITIONS	
DESIGN SPEED MPH	1:d
25-35	1:100
40	1:125
45	1:150
1:125 May Be Used For 45 mph Under Restricted Conditions.	

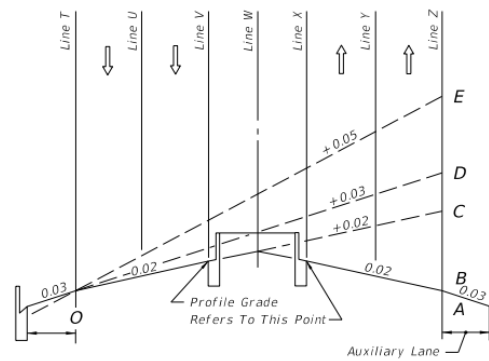


SECTION 0-A to 0-D

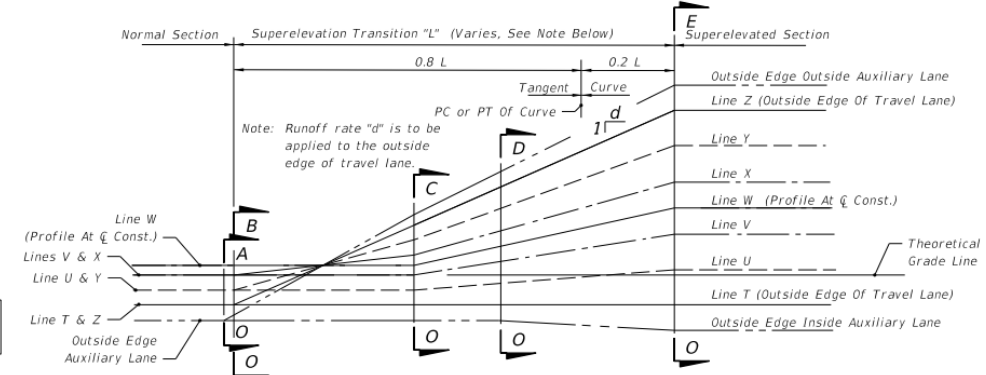


PROFILE

TWO LANES EACH DIRECTION



SECTION 0-A to 0-E



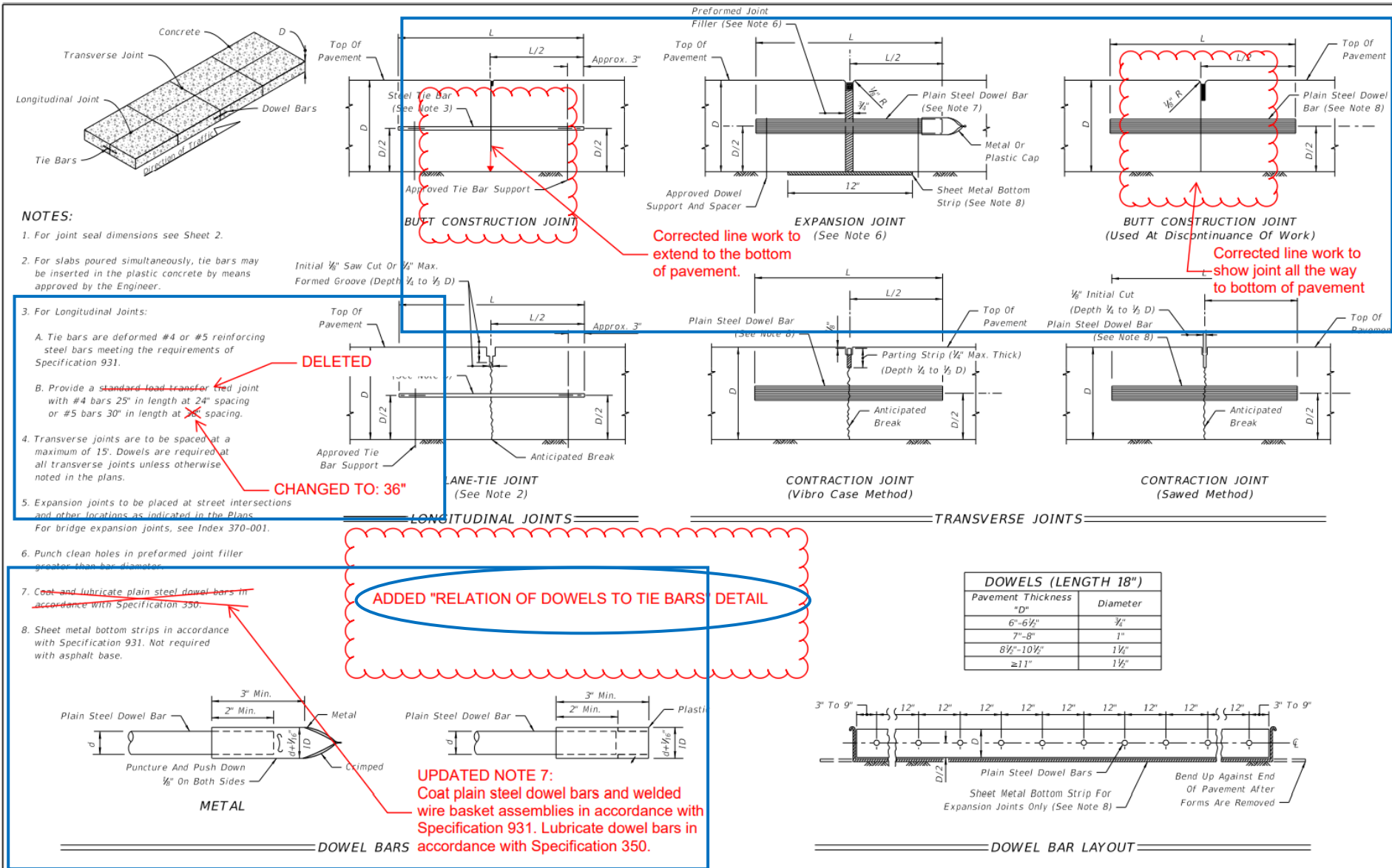
PROFILE

TWO LANES EACH DIRECTION WITH MEDIAN AND AUXILIARY LANE

EXAMPLE SUPERELEVATION SECTIONS AND PROFILES FOR LOW SPEED HIGHWAYS

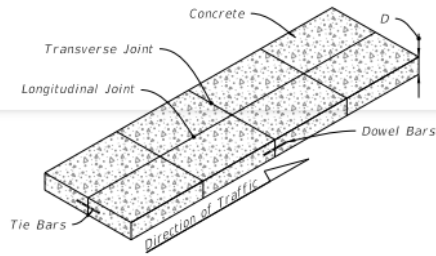
• Updates to Index:

- Updated Note 3.B and Note 7
- Clarify Butt Construction Joint Details
- Added Relation of Dowels to Tie Bars Detail



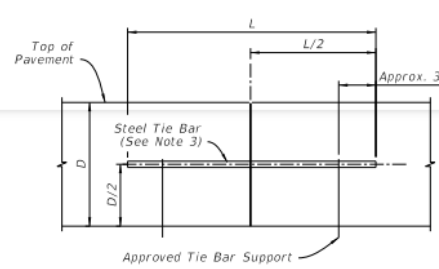
6/29/04 AM
10/12/2020

• Updated Sheet 1 to Index 350-001:

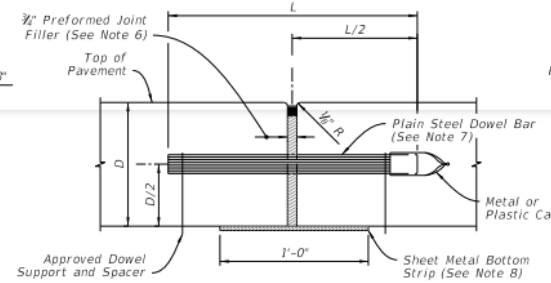


NOTES:

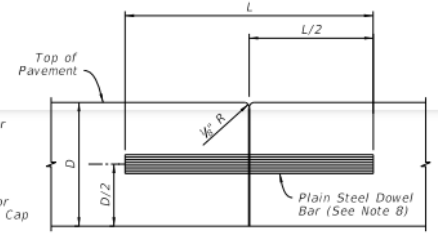
- For joint seal dimensions see Sheet 2.
- For slabs poured simultaneously, tie bars may be inserted in the plastic concrete by means approved by the Engineer.
- For Longitudinal Joints:
 - Tie bars are deformed #4 or #5 reinforcing steel bars meeting the requirements of Specification 931.
 - Provide a tied joint with #4 bars 25" in length at 24" spacing or #5 bars 30" in length at 36" spacing.
- Transverse joints are to be spaced at a maximum of 15'. Dowel Bars are required at all transverse joints unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- Expansion joints to be placed at street intersections and other locations as indicated in the Plans. For bridge expansion joints, see Index 370-001.
- Punch clean holes in preformed joint filler greater than bar diameter.
- Coat plain steel dowel bars and welded wire basket assemblies in accordance with Specification 931. Lubricate dowel bars in accordance with Specification 350.
- Sheet metal bottom strips in accordance with Specification 931. Not required with asphalt base.



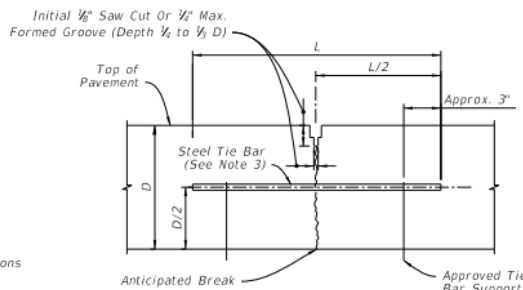
BUTT CONSTRUCTION JOINT



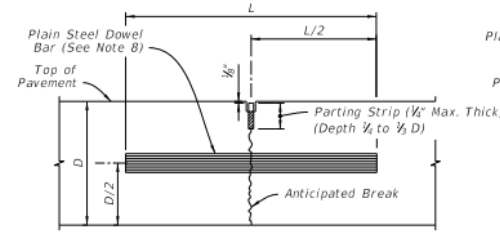
EXPANSION JOINT (See Note 6)



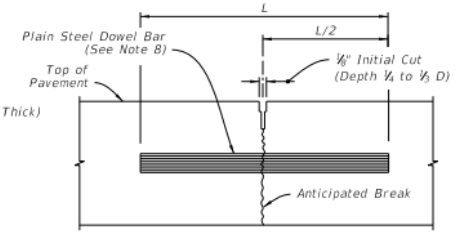
BUTT CONSTRUCTION JOINT (Used At Discontinuance Of Work)



LANE-TIE JOINT (See Note 2)



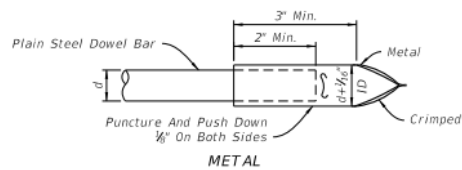
CONTRACTION JOINT (Vibro Case Method)



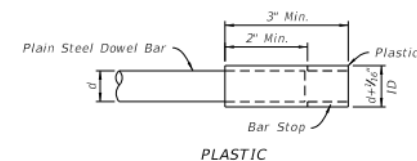
CONTRACTION JOINT (Sawed Method)

LONGITUDINAL JOINTS

TRANSVERSE JOINTS

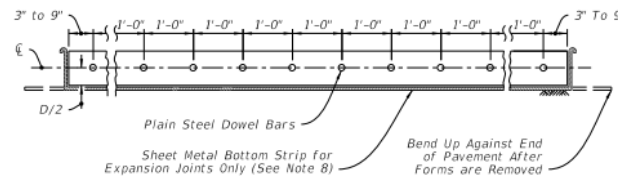


METAL



PLASTIC

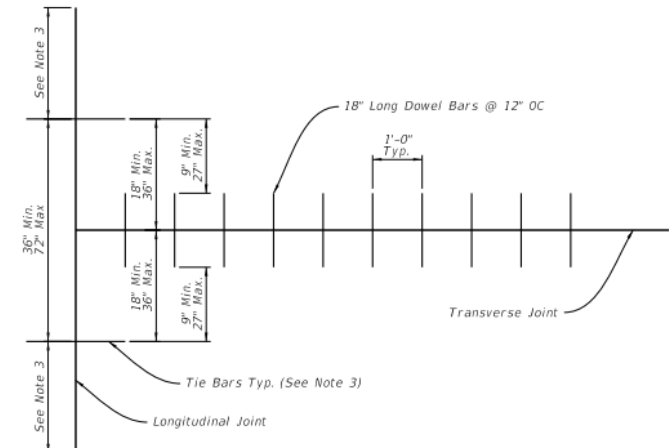
DOWEL BARS CAPS



DOWEL BARS (LENGTH 18")

Pavement Thickness "D"	Diameter
6"-6 1/2"	3/4"
7"-8"	1"
8 1/2"-10 1/2"	1 1/2"
≥ 11"	1 3/4"

DOWEL BAR LAYOUT



RELATION OF TIE BARS TO DOWEL BARS

9/21/2021 1:01:12 PM

LAST REVISION
11/01/21

REVISION DESCRIPTION:



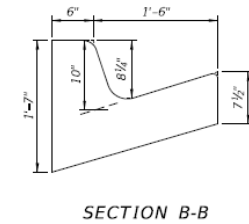
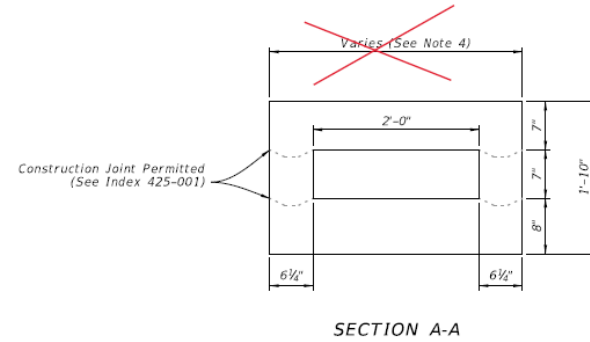
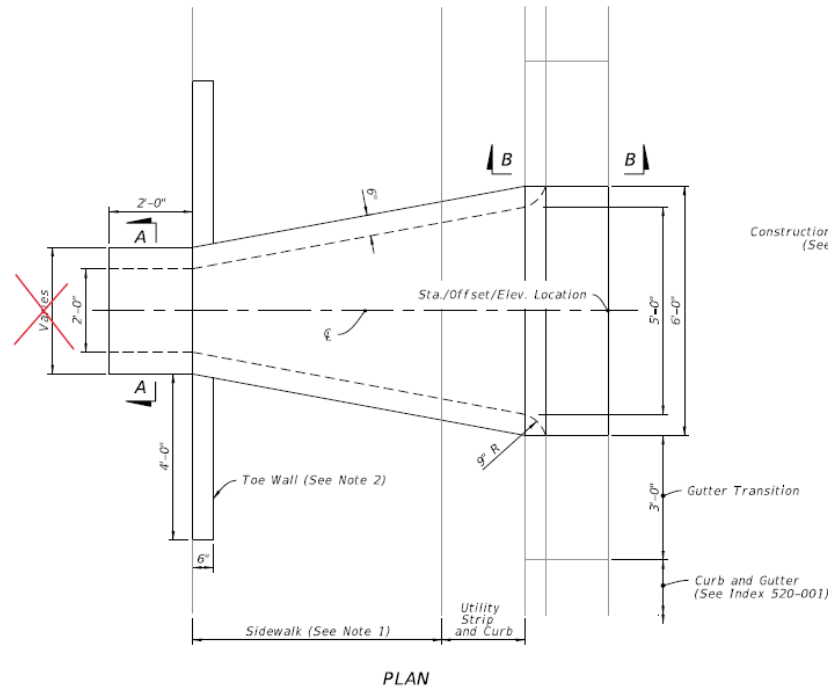
FY 2022-23
STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE PAVEMENT JOINTS

INDEX
350-001

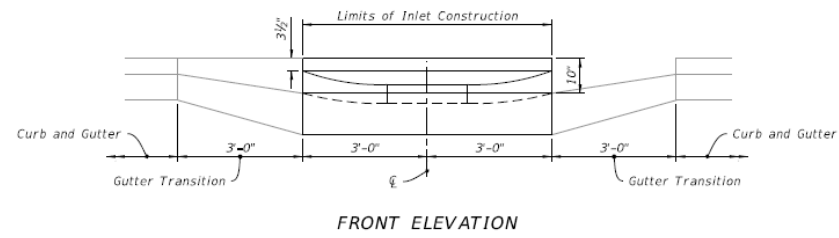
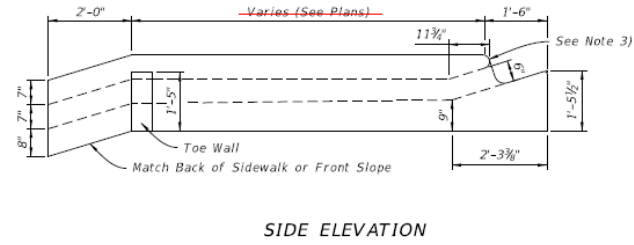
SHEET
1 of 4

- Updated Index 425-061
 - Added Flume Length Varies label



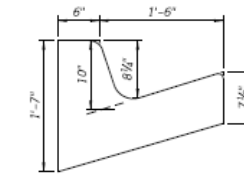
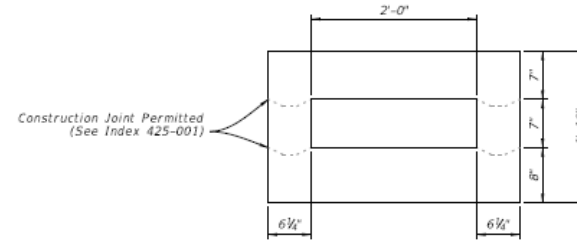
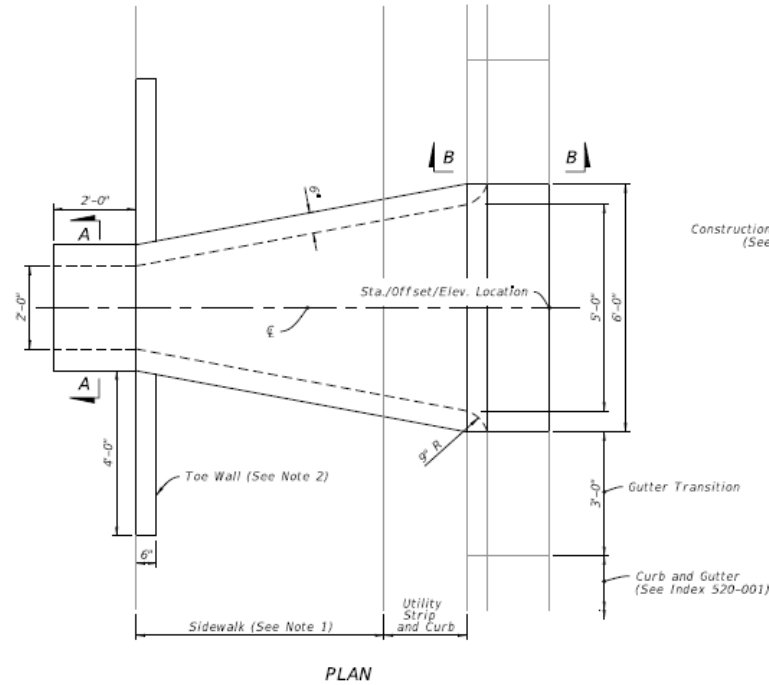
- NOTES:**
1. Use sloped section with sidewalk applications only.
 2. Use Toe Walls with Sidewalk application only. For Endwall without Sidewalk see DETAILS on Sheet 4.
 3. Slope to match adjacent curb with 2" top radius and 1 1/2" bottom radius.
 4. Varies from 3'-1/2" to 6'-0" for single barrel flume. See Sheet 5 for multiple barrel flumes span variation.

CHANGED TO: Flume Length Varies (See Plans)



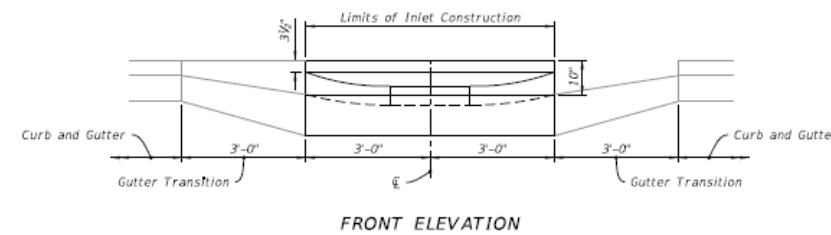
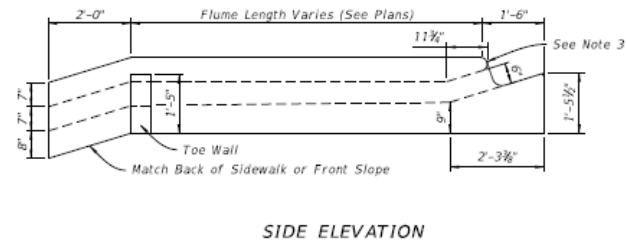
LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION:
11/01/20	
11/01/21	

- Updated Index 425-061 Sheet 2



NOTES:

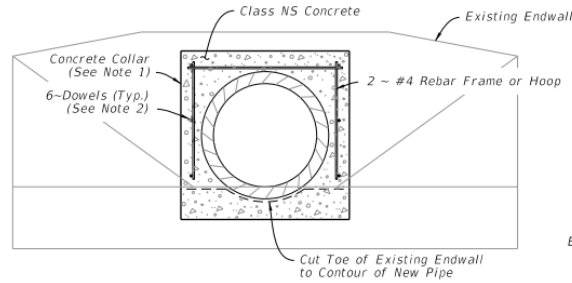
1. Use sloped section with sidewalk applications only.
2. Use Toe Walls with Sidewalk application only. For Endwall without Sidewalk see DETAILS on Sheet 4.
3. Slope to match adjacent curb with 2" top radius and 1 1/2" bottom radius.
4. See Sheet 5 for multiple barrel flumes span variation.



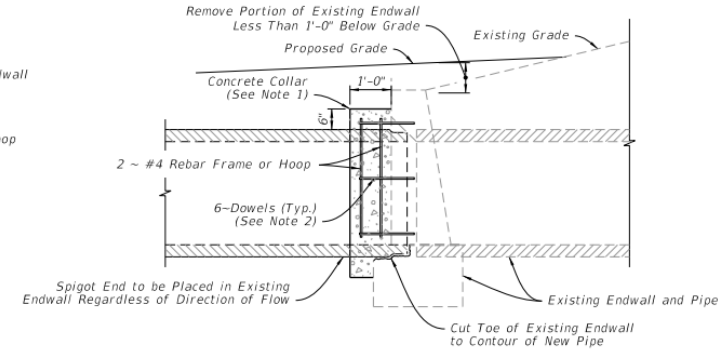
TYPE-I DIMENSIONAL DETAILS

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:	FDOT FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	CLOSED FLUME INLET	INDEX 425-061	SHEET 2 of 5
---------------------------	--------------	--------------------------------------	--------------------	------------------	-----------------

- **Updates to Index 430-001:**
 - Moved Joining Mainline Pipe to Stub Pipe Details and notes to SPI

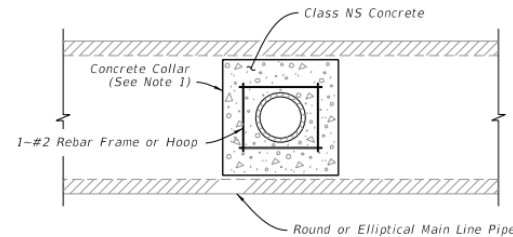


END ELEVATION

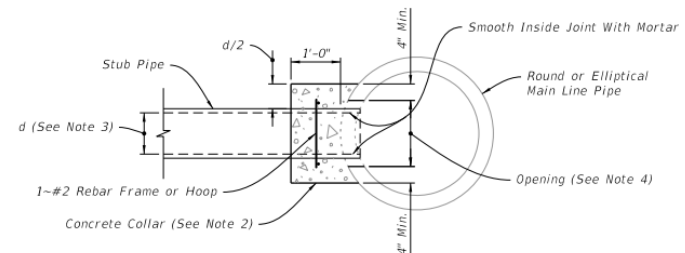


SIDE ELEVATION

EXTENSION OF EXISTING PIPE CULVERTS



STUB END ELEVATION



SIDE ELEVATION

JOINING MAINLINE PIPE TO STUB PIPE

NOTES:

1. The collar may be formed by any method approved by the Engineer.
2. Install $\frac{1}{2}$ "x16" dowels in adhesive bond material.
3. Stub Pipes maximum diameter: $\frac{1}{2}$ of a round main line pipe diameter, or $\frac{1}{2}$ the height of elliptical main line pipes.
4. Opening by Pipe Manufacturer.

Moved to SPI

- DELETED**
- ✗ Install riser reinforcement using #5 Bars @ 18" centers vertically and 6" centers horizontally. Bend pipe steel to riser.
 - ✗ Reinforced concrete top required when inlet: manhole or junction box riser is less than 4 feet in diameter; or when 3'-6", alt. b inlet, manhole or junction box riser is used; or when rectangular inlet is used.
 - ✗ See Index 425-001 for optional construction joints.

10/12/2020 7:06:05 AM

LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION:
11/01/20	11/01/21

- **Updates to SPI 430-001:**
 - Moved Joining Mainline Pipe to Stub Pipe Details and notes to SPI

Standard Plans Instructions
Index 430-001 Miscellaneous Drainage Details

Topic No. 625-010-003
FY 2022-23

Index 430-001 Miscellaneous Drainage Details

Design Criteria

FDOT Design Manual (FDM); Drainage Manual (DM);

Design Assumptions and Limitations

Supplemental Details for use with other Drainage Indexes.

Plan Content Requirements

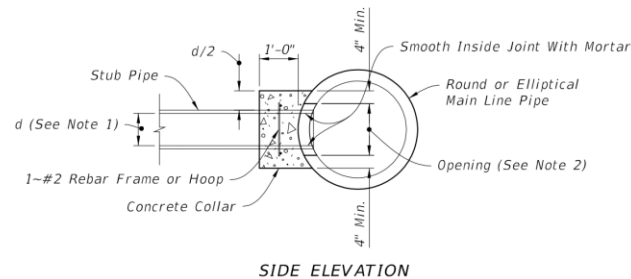
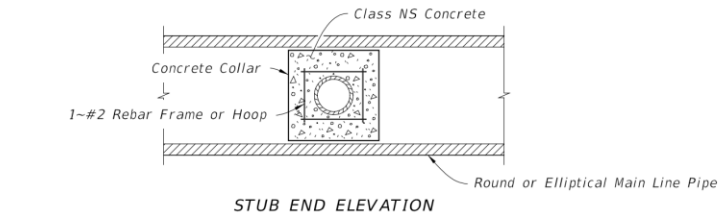
Included with other Drainage items.

Payment

Item number	Item Description	Unit Measure
N/A	Included in other Pay Items	N/A

Example: Stub Connection Detail

Stub connections require approval of the District Drainage Engineer.

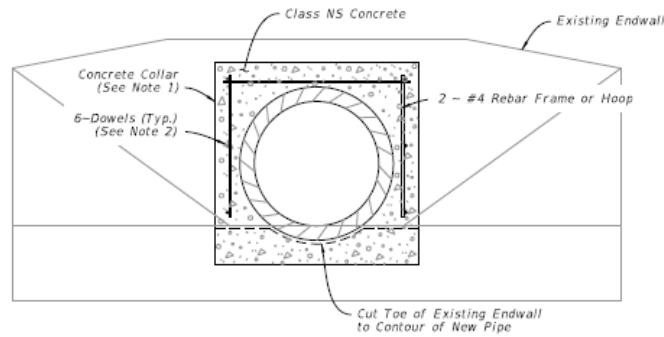


JOINING MAINLINE PIPE TO STUB PIPE

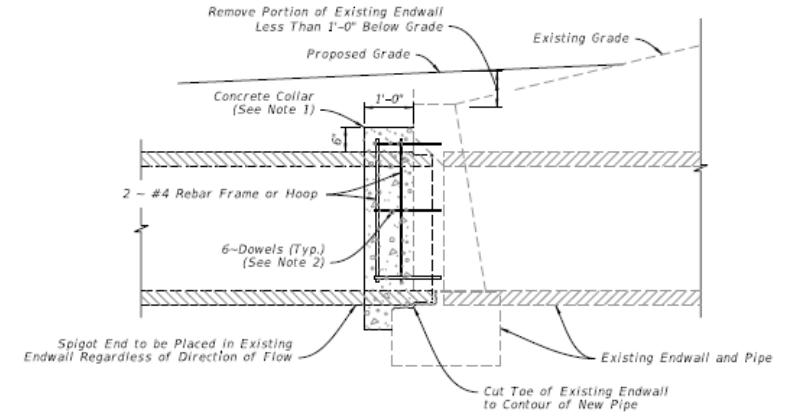
NOTES:

1. Stub Pipes maximum diameter: $1/2$ of a round main line pipe diameter, or $1/2$ the height of elliptical main line pipes.
2. Opening by Pipe Manufacturer.

- Updated Sheet 4 Index 430-001:



END ELEVATION



SIDE ELEVATION

EXTENSION OF EXISTING PIPE CULVERTS

NOTES:

1. The collar may be formed by any method approved by the Engineer.
2. Install 1/2"x16" dowels in adhesive bond material.

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	REVISION DESCRIPTION:	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	MISCELLANEOUS DRAINAGE DETAILS	INDEX 430-001	SHEET 4 of 7
---------------------------	-----------------------	------------------------------	--------------------------------	------------------	-----------------

- **Redeveloped Indexes:**

- Index 520-001 (Curb and Gutter)
- Index 520-005 (Concrete Shoulder Gutter Spillway)
- 520-010 (Median Opening Flume)

PLAN

Future Curb And Gutter Construction
20' R Or As Shown On Plans
1'-2" A
1'-10" B
1'-2" C
Valley Gutter
Curb And Gutter
1/2" Exp. Joint

SECTION AA

1'-10" 1'-2" X
7 1/2" 6 1/2" 7 1/2" Std 6" Min. X

SECTION BB

1'-0" 6" 1'-6" 1'-10" 1'-2" X
1 1/2" R 3/4" R 7 1/2" 6 1/2" 7 1/2" Std 6" Min. X

SECTION CC

1'-0" 6" 1'-10" 1'-2" X
1 1/2" R 3/4" R 6 1/2" 7 1/2" Std 6" Min. X

VALLEY GUTTER

TYPE E

1 1/2" R 9" 1'-6" X
1 1/2" R 1 1/2" R 3/4" R 7 1/2" Std 6" Min. X

TYPE F

1'-0" 6" 1'-6" X
1 1/2" R 3/4" R 7 1/2" Std 6" Min. X

DROP CURB

Slope To Fit Driveway
10" 1'-2" X
1 1/2" R 3/4" R 7 1/2" Std 6" Min. X

Note: To be paid for as parent curb.

SHOULDER GUTTER

Earth Berm 1' 6" 2' Standard Shoulder Line
7" 1 1/2" R 3/4" R 7 1/2" Std 6" Min. X
Shoulder Pavement
3'-6"

TYPE A

16" Same Slope As Adjacent Pavement
9" 7" Joint Seal
1 1/2" R 1 1/2" R 3/4" R 7 1/2" Std 6" Min. X
1/2" Exp. Joint And Preformed Joint Filler Concrete Pavement

For details depicting usage adjacent to flexible pavement, see Sheet 2.

TYPE B

18" 9" Joint Seal
1 1/2" R 1 1/2" R 3/4" R 7 1/2" Std 6" Min. X
1/2" Exp. Joint And Preformed Joint Filler Conc. Pavt.

TYPE D

18" 8" Joint Seal
1 1/2" R 1 1/2" R 3/4" R 7 1/2" Std 6" Min. X
1/2" Exp. Joint And Preformed Joint Filler Conc. Pavt.

Note: For use adjacent to concrete or flexible pavement, concrete shown. Expansion joint, preformed joint filler and joint seal are required between curbs and concrete pavement only, see Sheet 2.

TYPE RA

Truck Apron Surface Specified In The Plans 9" 1 1/2" R 3/4" R 7 1/2" Std 6" Min. X
1'-0" 2'-3" Circulating Roadway Pavement

TOLL HEADER CURB

Face of Single-Slope Concrete Barrier 1'-0" Joint Seal Match Slope of Adjacent Pavt.
Match Pavt. & Base 1 1/2" R 3/4" R 7 1/2" Std 6" Min. X
1/2" Exp. Joint And Preformed Joint Filler Flexible Pavt. & Base

(See the toll site details for conduit requirements)

UPDATED NOTES

1. For use adjacent to concrete or flexible pavement. For details depicting usage adjacent to flexible pavement, see Sheet 2. Expansion joint, preformed joint filler and joint seal are required between curb & gutter and concrete pavement only, see Sheet 2.
2. When used on high side of roadways, the cross slope of the gutter shall match the cross slope of the adjacent pavement. The thickness of the lip shall be 6", unless otherwise shown on plans.
3. Rotate entire section so that gutter cross slope matches slope of adjacent circulating roadway pavement.

CHANGED TO: See Note 2

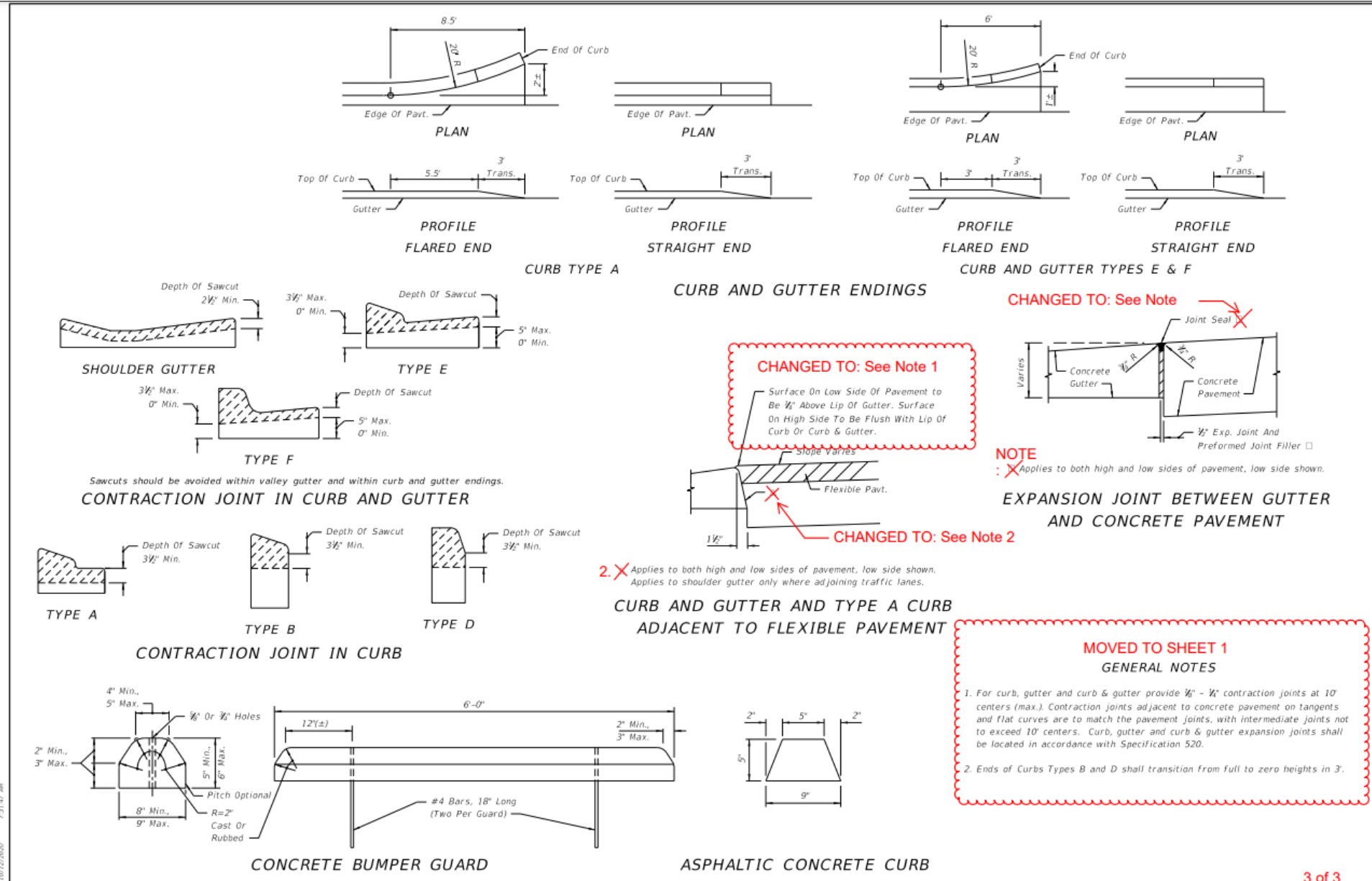
CHANGED TO: See Note 3

CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER
2 of 3

10/12/2020 7:31:45 AM	REVISION	DESCRIPTION:	FDOT	FY 2021-22	INDEX	SHEET
	11/01/20	11/01/21		STANDARD PLANS	520-001	1 of 2

CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER
CURB AND GUTTER

- Redeveloped Index



10/12/2020 7:31:07 AM

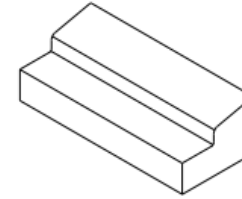
LAST REVISION 11/01/17	DESCRIPTION: 11/01/21		FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	CURB AND GUTTER	INDEX 520-001	SHEET 2 of 2 3 of 3
--------------------------------------	--------------------------	--	------------------------------	-----------------	------------------	--------------------------------------

- **Index 520-001**
New Sheet 1

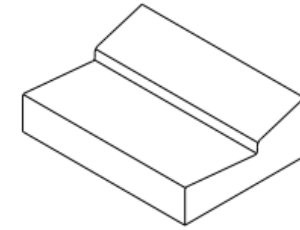
GENERAL NOTES:

1. For curb, gutter and curb & gutter provide $\frac{1}{8}$ " - $\frac{1}{4}$ " contraction joints at 10' centers (max.). Contraction joints adjacent to concrete pavement on tangents and flat curves are to match the pavement joints, with intermediate joints not to exceed 10' centers.
2. Locate expansion joints for curb, gutter and curb & gutter in accordance with Specification 520.

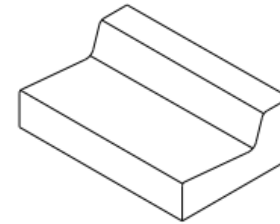
TABLE OF CONTENTS:	
Sheet	Description
1	General Notes and Contents
2	Concrete Curb and Gutter
3	Curb and Gutter Joints and Endings, Concrete Bumper Guard, and Asphaltic Concrete Curb



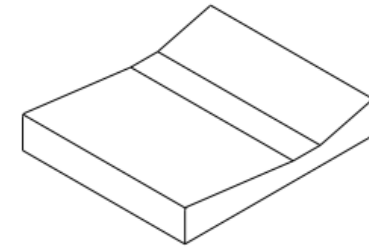
TYPE A



TYPE E

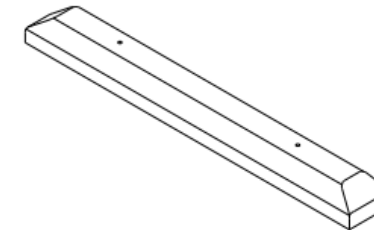


TYPE F



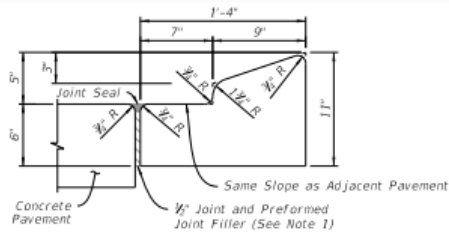
SHOULDER GUTTER

===== TYPE A, TYPE E, TYPE F, AND SHOULDER GUTTER =====
(Other Types Similar)



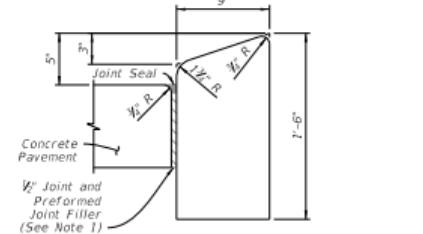
===== CONCRETE BUMPER GUARD =====

- Index 520-001**
Updated Sheet 2



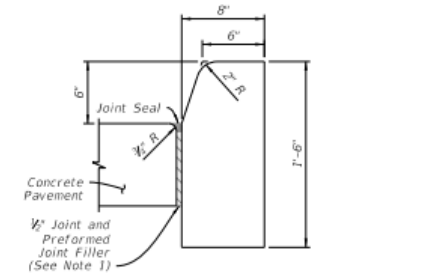
NOTE: For use adjacent to concrete or flexible pavement, concrete shown (See Note 4).

TYPE A



NOTE: For use adjacent to concrete or flexible pavement, concrete shown.

TYPE B

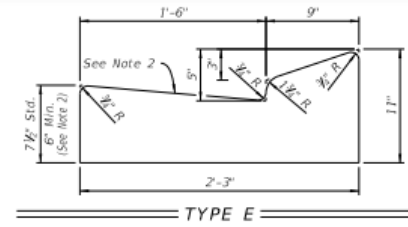


NOTE: For use adjacent to concrete or flexible pavement, concrete shown.

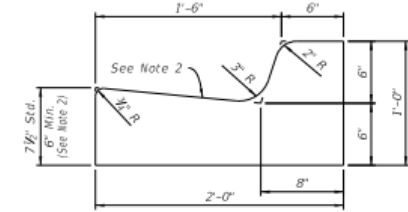
TYPE D

NOTES:

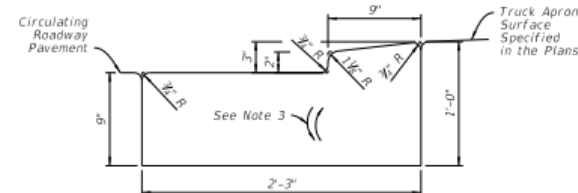
- For Type A, Type B, and Type D Curb: Expansion joint, preformed joint filler and joint seal are required between curbs and concrete pavement only, see Sheet 3.
- For Type E, Type F, Drop Curb, and Valley Gutter: When used on high side of roadways, match the cross slope of the gutter to the cross slope of the adjacent pavement. The thickness of the lip is 6", unless otherwise shown on Plans.
- For Type RA, rotate entire section so that gutter cross slope matches slope of adjacent circulating roadway pavement.
- For details depicting usage of Type A Curb adjacent to flexible pavement see Sheet 3.



TYPE E

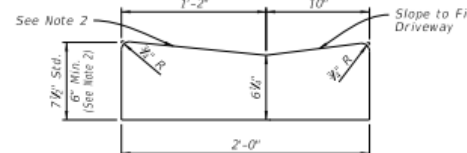


TYPE F

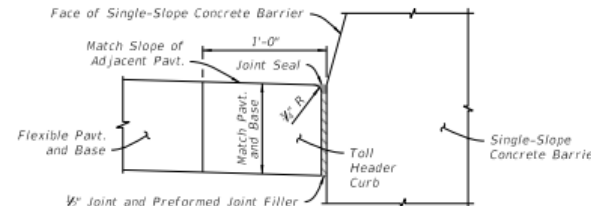


NOTE: Traffic Bearing Sections for use in Roundabout Central Island Construction.

TYPE RA

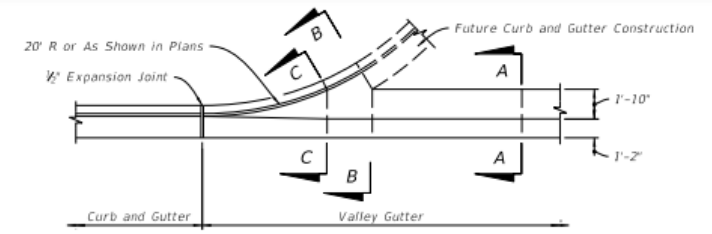


DROP CURB

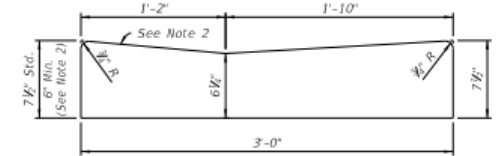


NOTE: See the toll site details for conduit requirements.

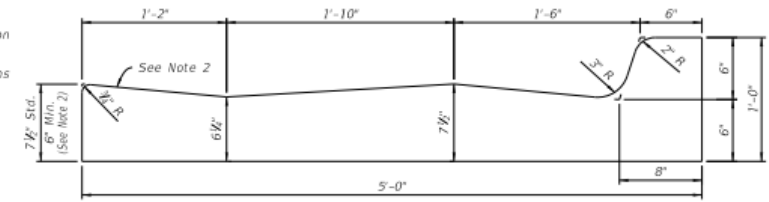
TOLL HEADER CURB



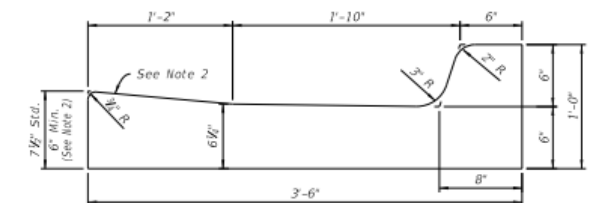
PLAN VIEW



SECTION A-A

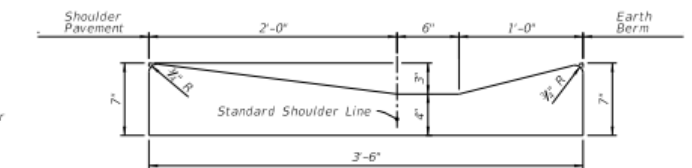


SECTION B-B



SECTION C-C

VALLEY GUTTER



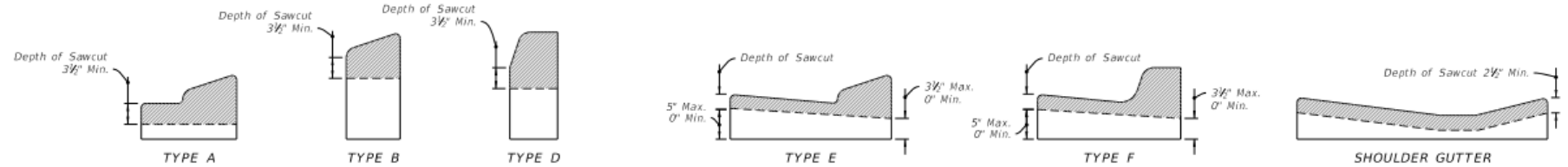
SHOULDER GUTTER

CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER

9/21/2021 2:33:07 PM

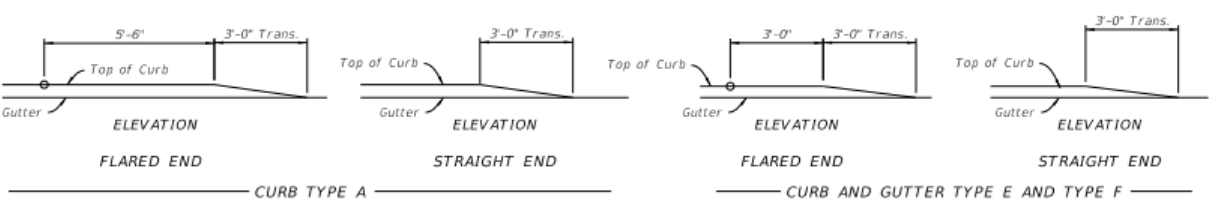
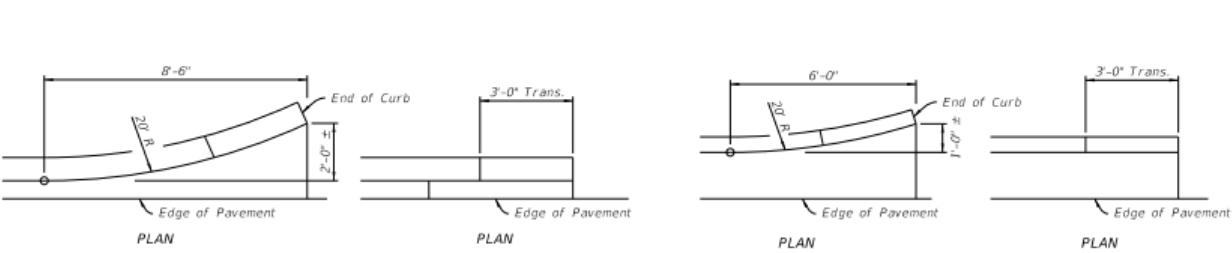
LAST REVISION	REVISION	DESCRIPTION:	FDOT	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	CURB AND GUTTER	INDEX	SHEET
11/01/21						520-001	2 of 3

- Index 520-001 Updated Sheet 3



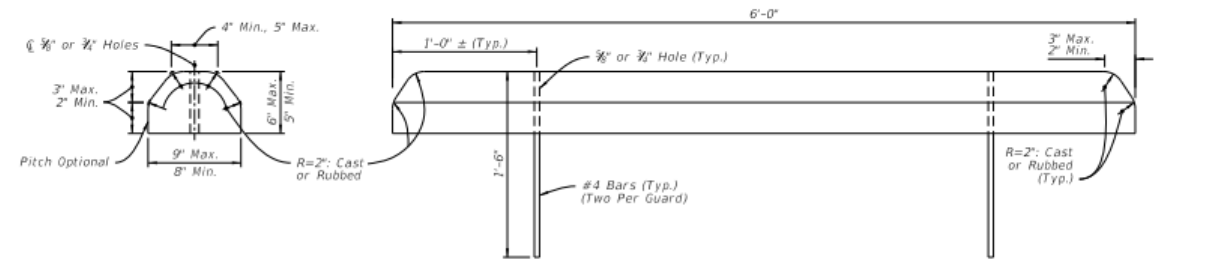
NOTE: Sawcuts should be avoided within valley gutter and within curb and gutter endings.

CONTRACTION JOINTS IN CURB CONTRACTION JOINTS IN CURB & GUTTER

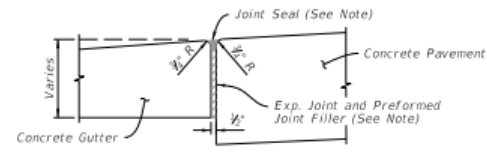


NOTE: Ends of Type B and D Curb transition from full to zero heights in 3 ft.

CURB AND CURB & GUTTER ENDINGS

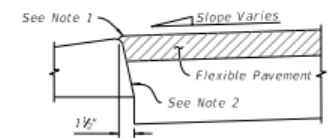


CONCRETE BUMPER GUARD



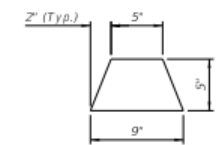
NOTE: Joint Seal application applies to both high and low side of pavement, low side shown.

EXPANSION JOINT BETWEEN GUTTER AND CONCRETE PAVEMENT



NOTES:
 1. Surface on Low Side of Pavement to be 1/4" Above Lip of Gutter. Surface on High Side to be Flush With Lip of Curb or Curb & Gutter.
 2. Applies to both high and low sides of pavement, low side shown. Applies to shoulder gutter only where adjoining traffic lanes.

CURB AND GUTTER AND TYPE A CURB ADJACENT TO FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT



ASPHALTIC CONCRETE CURB

CURB AND GUTTER JOINTS AND ENDINGS, CONCRETE BUMPER GUARD, AND ASPHALTIC CONCRETE CURB

9/21/2021 2:33:07 PM

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:	FDOT	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	CURB AND GUTTER	INDEX 520-001	SHEET 3 of 3
---------------------------	--------------	------	------------------------------	-----------------	------------------	-----------------

- Index 522-002 Updates

- Added New Note 2.C.

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Cross Slopes and Grades:

- A. Sidewalk, ramp, and landing slopes (i.e. 0.02, 0.05, and 1:12) shown in this Index are maximums. With approval of the Engineer, provide the minimum feasible slope where the requirements cannot be met.
- B. Landings must have cross-slopes less than or equal to 0.02 in any direction.
- C. Maintain a single longitudinal slope along each side of the curb ramp. Ramp slopes are not required to exceed 15 feet in length.
- D. Joints permitted at the location of Slope Breaks. Otherwise locate joints in accordance with Index 522-001. No joints are permitted within the Ramp portion of the Curb Ramp.

2. Curb, Curb and Gutter and/or Sidewalk:

- A. Refer to Index 522-001 for concrete thickness and sidewalk details.
- B. Remove any existing curb, curb and gutter, or sidewalk to the nearest joint beyond the curb transition or to the extent that no remaining section is less than 5 feet long.

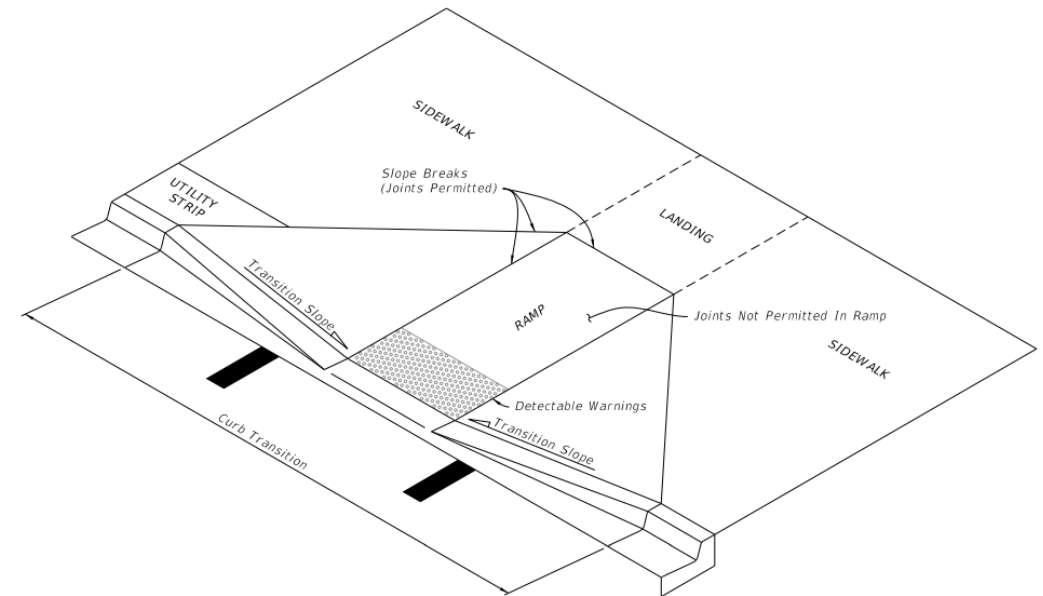
3. Curb Ramp Alpha-Identification:

- A. Sidewalk curb ramp alpha-identifications (e.g. CR-A) are provided for reference purposes in the Plans.
- B. Alpha-identifications CR-I and CR-J are intentionally omitted.

4. Detectable Warnings:

- A. Install detectable warnings in accordance with Specification 527.
- B. Place detectable warnings across the full width of the ramp or landing, to a minimum depth of 2 feet measured perpendicular to the curb line and no greater than 5 feet from the back of the curb or edge of pavement.
- C. If detectable warnings are shown in the Plans on slopes greater than 5%, align the truncated domes with the centerline of the ramp; otherwise, the truncated domes are not required to be aligned.

ADDED NOTE 2.C:
Width of Curb Ramp is 4'-0" minimum. Match sidewalk or Shared Use Path width as shown in the Plans.

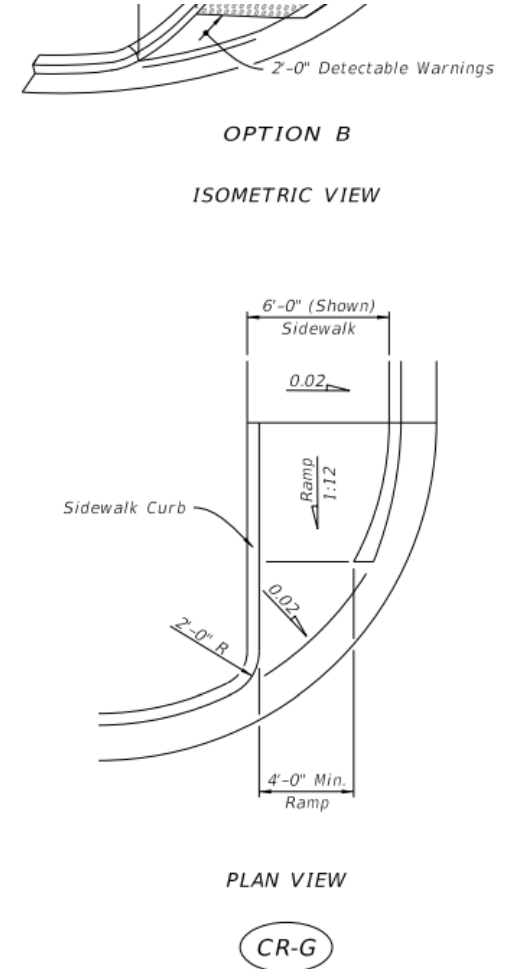
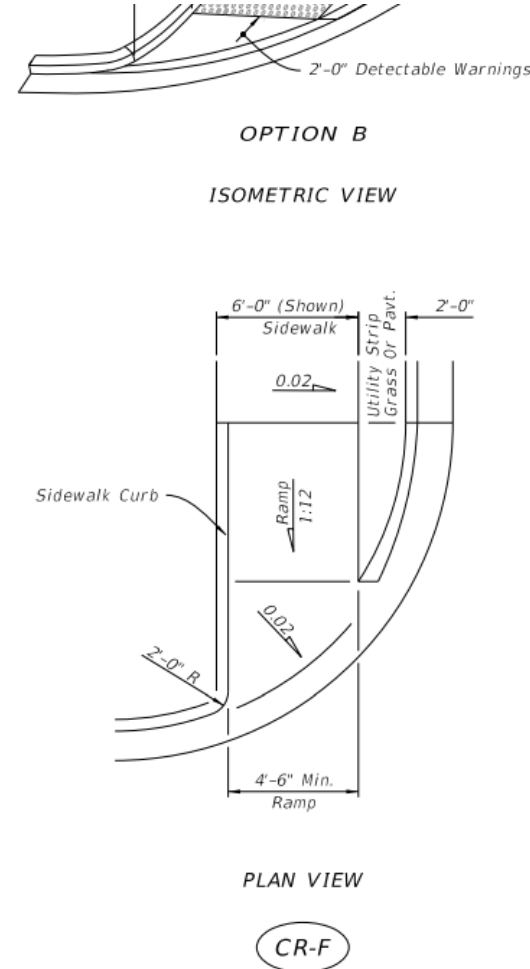
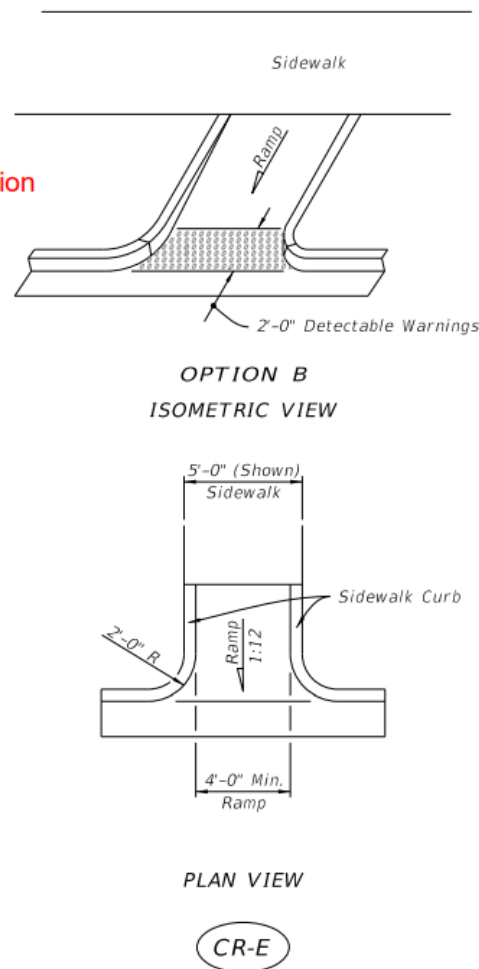
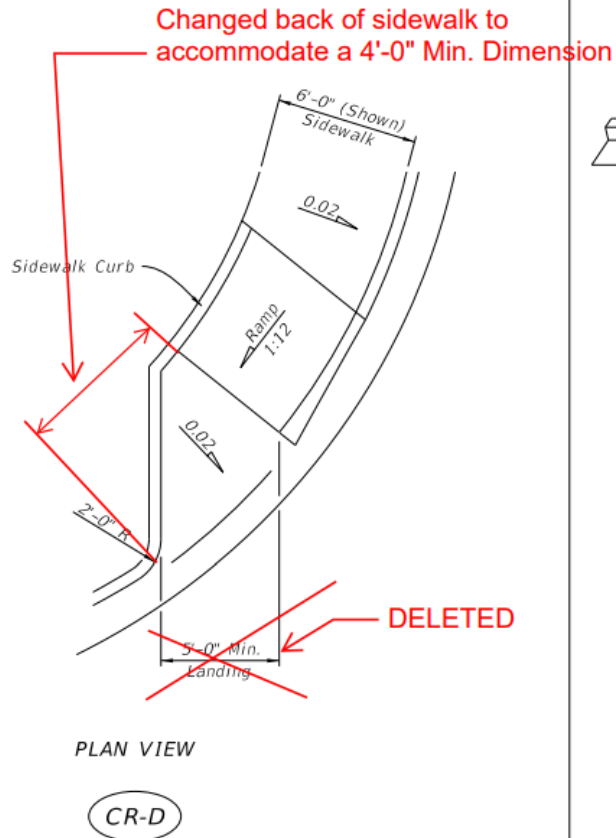


— CURB RAMP NOMENCLATURE —

10/17/2020 7:26:51 AM

LAST REVISION 11/01/20	REVISION	DESCRIPTION:		FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	DETECTABLE WARNINGS AND SIDEWALK CURB RAMPS	INDEX	SHEET
						522-002	1 of 7

- Updated CR-D on Sheet 4



SIDEWALK CURB RAMPS CR-D, CR-E, CR-F & CR-G

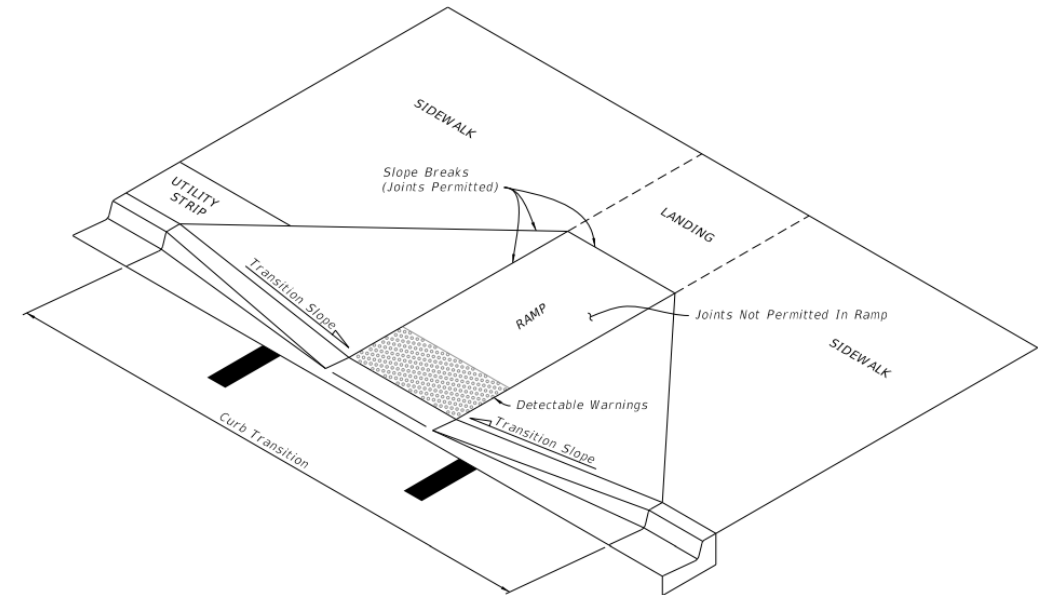
11/01/21

LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION:	FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	INDEX	SHEET
1/01/20		FDOT	522-002	4 of 7

- Index 522-001**
Updated Sheet 1

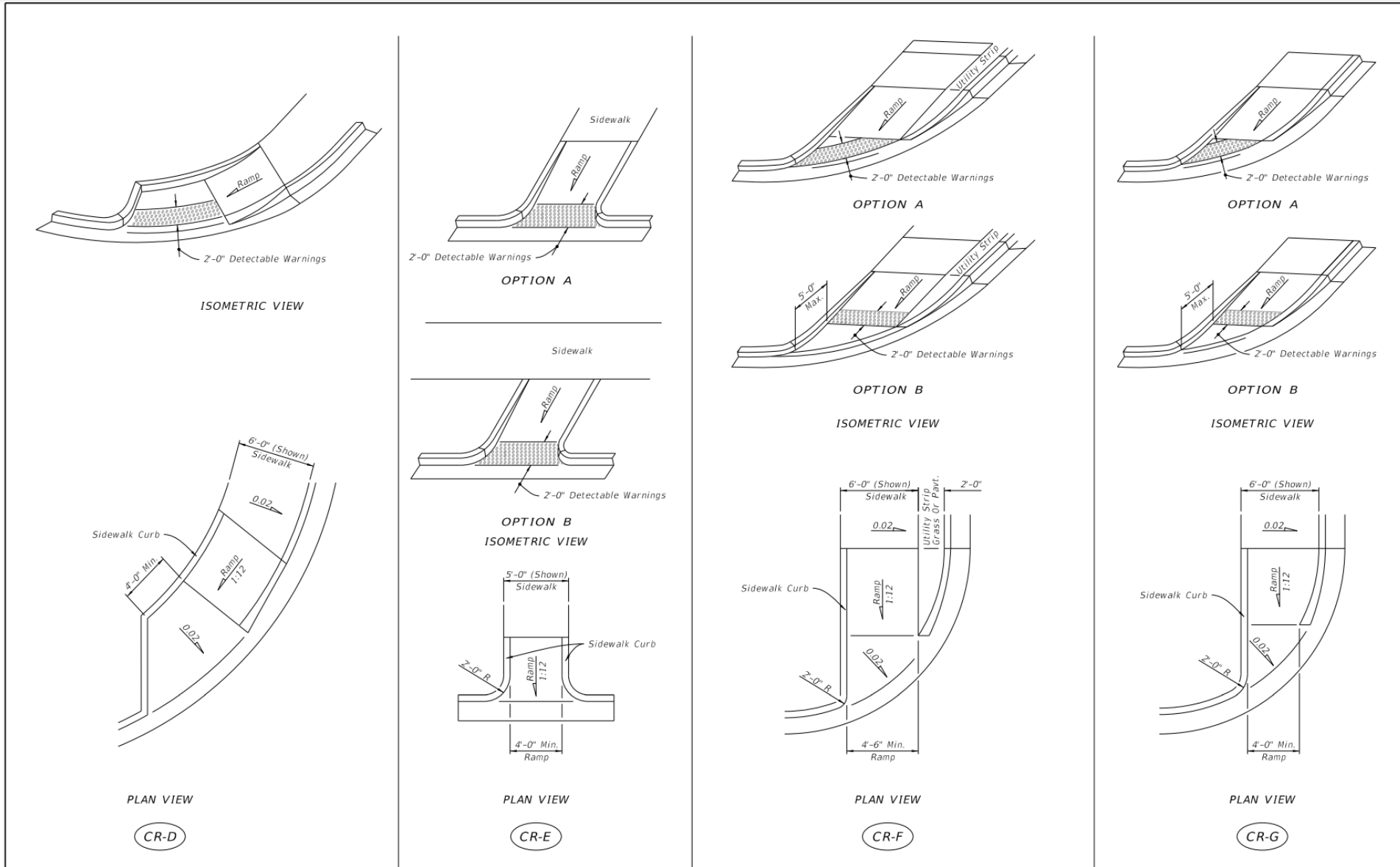
GENERAL NOTES:

1. Cross Slopes and Grades:
 - A. Sidewalk, ramp, and landing slopes (i.e. 0.02, 0.05, and 1:12) shown in this Index are maximums. With approval of the Engineer, provide the minimum feasible slope where the requirements cannot be met.
 - B. Landings must have cross-slopes less than or equal to 0.02 in any direction.
 - C. Maintain a single longitudinal slope along each side of the curb ramp. Ramp slopes are not required to exceed 15 feet in length.
 - D. Joints permitted at the location of Slope Breaks. Otherwise locate joints in accordance with Index 522-001. No joints are permitted within the ramp portion of the Curb Ramp.
2. Curb, Curb and Gutter and/or Sidewalk:
 - A. Refer to Index 522-001 for concrete thickness and sidewalk details.
 - B. Remove any existing curb, curb and gutter, or sidewalk to the nearest joint beyond the curb transition or to the extent that no remaining section is less than 5 feet long.
 - C. Width of Curb Ramp is 4'-0" minimum. Match sidewalk or Shared Use Path width as shown in the Plans.
3. Curb Ramp Alpha-Identification:
 - A. Sidewalk curb ramp alpha-identifications (e.g. CR-A) are provided for reference purposes in the Plans.
 - B. Alpha-identifications CR-I and CR-J are intentionally omitted.
4. Detectable Warnings:
 - A. Install detectable warnings in accordance with Specification 527.
 - B. Place detectable warnings across the full width of the ramp or landing, to a minimum depth of 2 feet measured perpendicular to the curb line and no greater than 5 feet from the back of the curb or edge of pavement.
 - C. If detectable warnings are shown in the Plans on slopes greater than 5%, align the truncated domes with the centerline of the ramp; otherwise, the truncated domes are not required to be aligned.



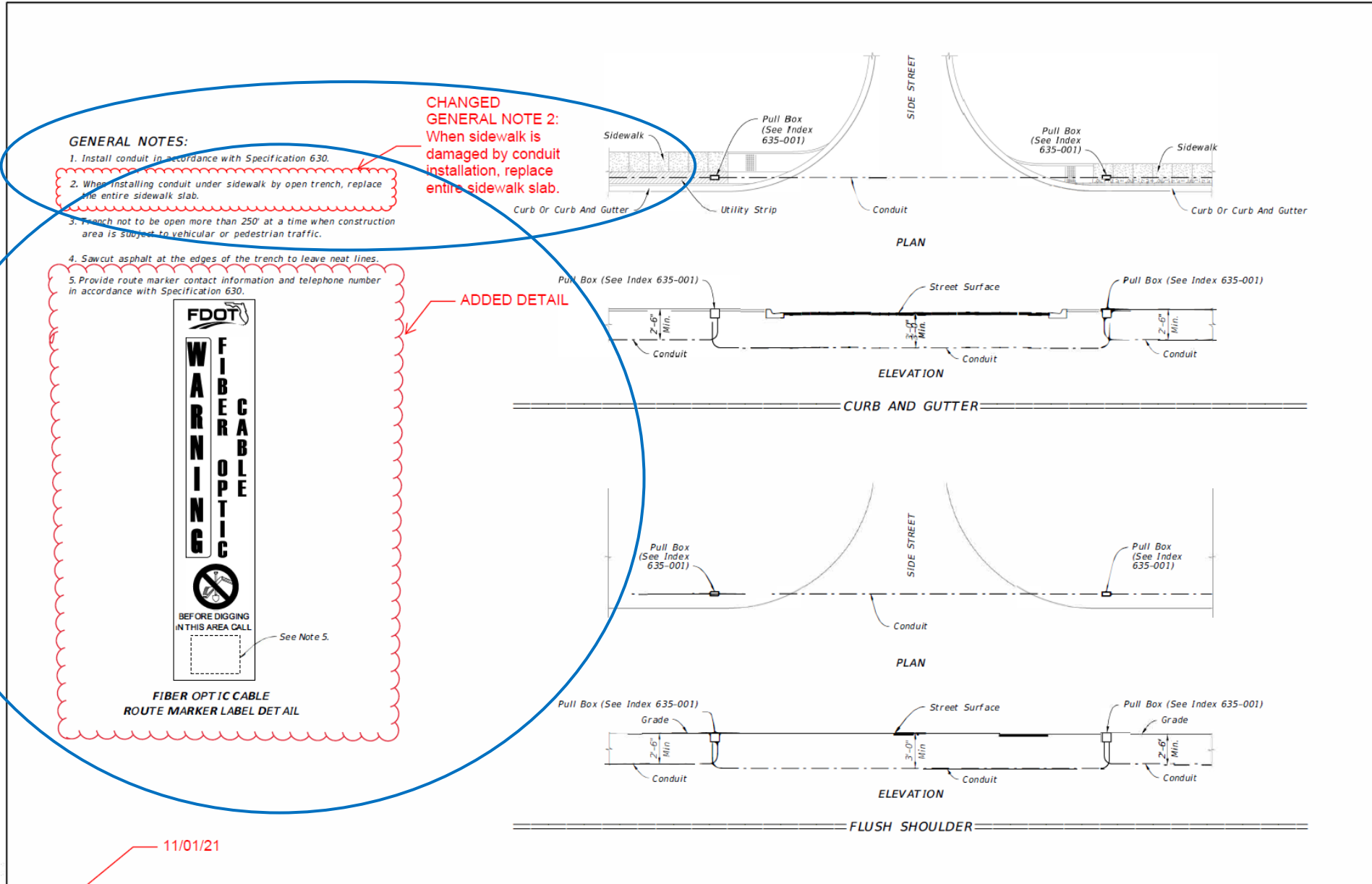
————— CURB RAMP NOMENCLATURE —————

- Index 522-001
Updated Sheet 4



SIDEWALK CURB RAMPS CR-D, CR-E, CR-F & CR-G

- **Index 630-001 Updates**
 - Updated Note 2
 - Added Fiber Optic Cable Route Marker Label



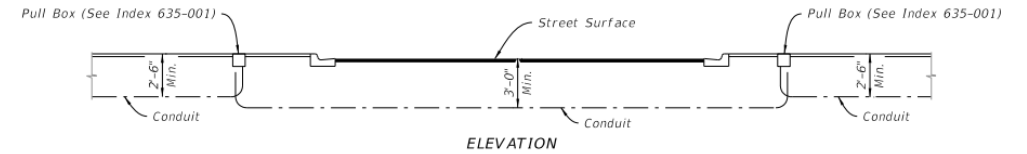
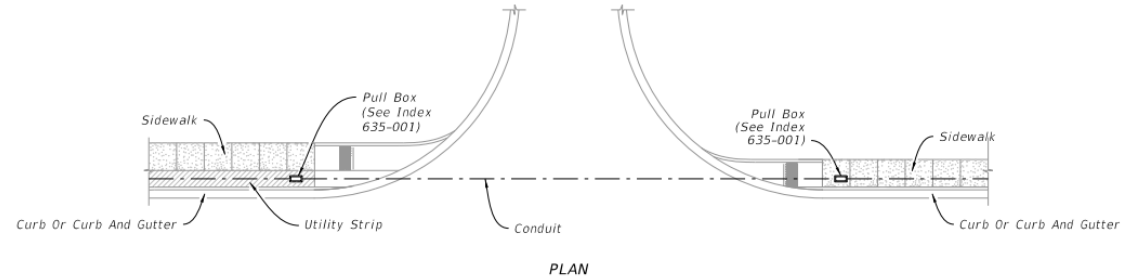
11/01/21

LAST REVISION 11/01/18 REVISOR	DESCRIPTION: 11/01/21	FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	CONDUIT INSTALLATION DETAILS	INDEX 630-001	SHEET 1 of 4
---	--------------------------	------------------------------	------------------------------	------------------	-----------------

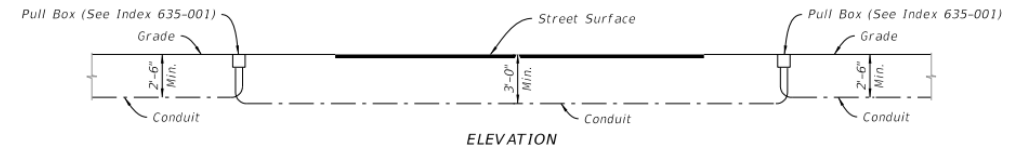
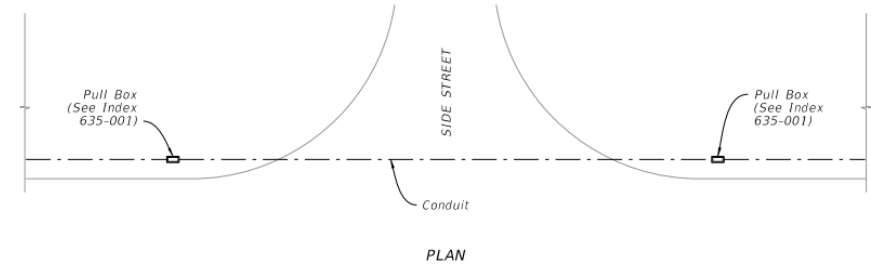
- **Index 630-001 Updates**
- Updated Index

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Install conduit in accordance with Specification 630.
2. When sidewalk is damaged by conduit installation, replace entire sidewalk slab.
3. Trench not to be open more than 250' at a time when construction area is subject to vehicular or pedestrian traffic.
4. Sawcut asphalt at the edges of the trench to leave neat lines.
5. Provide route marker and route marker label in accordance with Specification 630.



=====**CURB AND GUTTER**=====



=====**FLUSH SHOULDER**=====



=====**ROUTE MARKER DETAIL**=====

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	REVISION DESCRIPTION:	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	CONDUIT INSTALLATION DETAILS	INDEX 630-001	SHEET 1 of 4
---------------------------	-----------------------	------------------------------	------------------------------	------------------	-----------------

- **Index 641-020**
Redlines

- Updated Handhole Locations to be downstream of Traffic
- Added notes on Pole Installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Work this Index with Specification 641.
2. This Index is considered fully detailed and no shop drawings are necessary. Submit Shop Drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the Plans.

~~3. Install pole plumb.~~ ← Moved to "Pole Installation"

3. ~~X~~ Provide either round or 12-sided Poles.
4. ~~X~~ See Index 635-001 for additional details for Pull Boxes.
5. ~~X~~ **Materials:**

- A. Pole: Use Class VI concrete with 6 ksi minimum strength at transfer.
- B. Prestressing Strands: ASTM A416, Grade 270 low relaxation.
- C. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615, Grade 60
- D. Spiral Reinforcing: ASTM A1064 Cold-Drawn
- E. Bolts: ASTM F1554, Grade 55
- F. Nuts: ASTM A563, Grade A Heavy Hex
- G. Washers: ASTM F436
- F. Steel plates and Pole Cap: ASTM A36 or ASTM A709, Grade 50
- G. Galvanization: Bolts, nuts and washers: ASTM F2329
- All other steel: ASTM A123

6. ~~X~~ **Fabrication:**

- A. Cut the tip end of the prestressed strand first or simultaneously with the butt end.
- B. For spiral reinforcing, one turn is required for spiral splices and two turns are required at the top and bottom of poles.
- C. For Reinforcing Steel, lap splice to consist of a 3'-0" lap length at each splice. No more than two opposing rebar to be spliced at the same cross section. Stagger lap splices as needed.
- D. Provide a Class 3 surface finish in accordance with Specification 400.
- E. Provide a 1" minimum cover.
- F. Provide handhole and coupler cover plates made of non-corrosive materials. Attach cover plates to poles using lead anchors or threaded inserts embedded in the poles in conjunction with round headed chrome plated screws.
- G. Provide Identification Markings on the poles where indicated on the following sheets. Include the following information using inset numerals with 1" height or as approved in the Producers' Quality Control Program:

Financial Project ID
Pole Manufacturer
Pole Length

- H. Tie ground wires to the interior of reinforcing steel as necessary to prevent displacement during concreting operations.
- I. Storage, Handling and Erection locations shown may vary within ± 3".

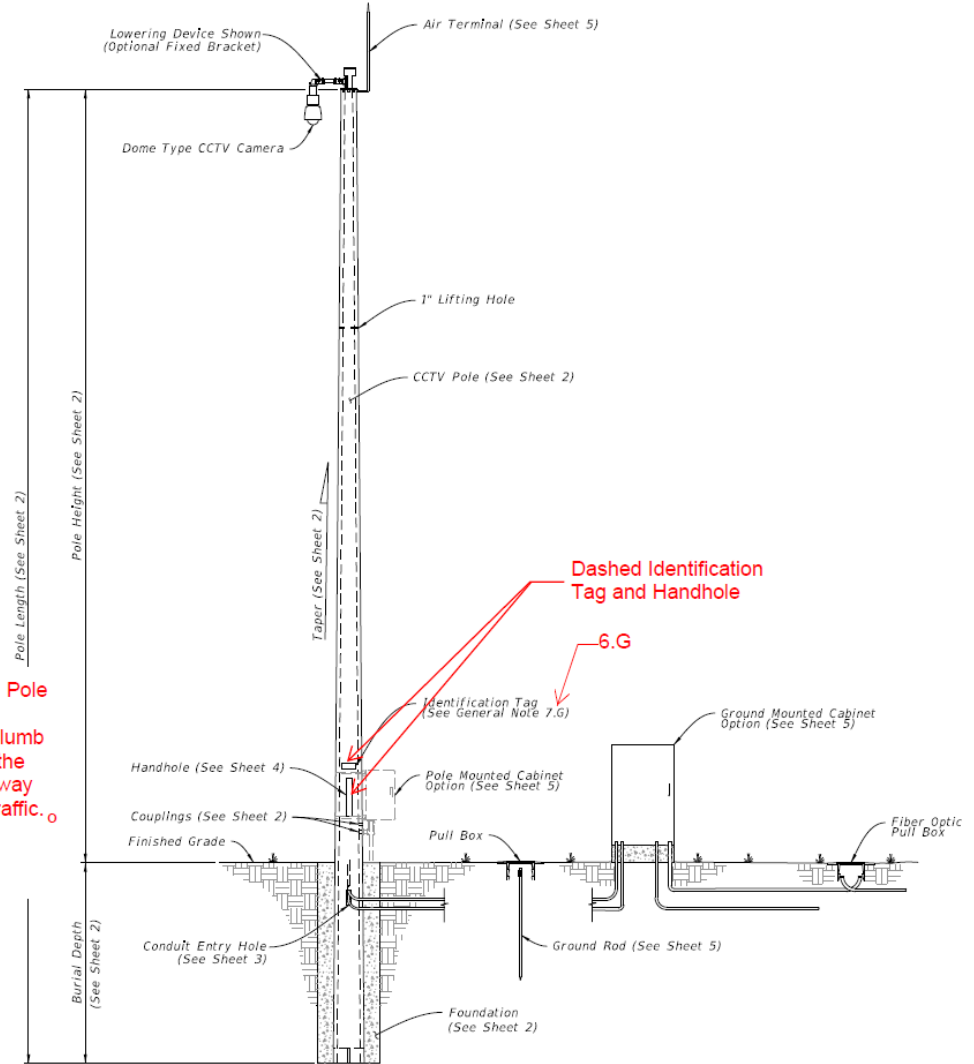
7. ~~X~~ **Cabinet Installation:**

- A. Splice fiber optic cables in cabinet to pre-terminated patch panel.
- B. Furnish and install Surge Protection Devices (SPDs) on all cabling in cabinet.
- C. Furnish and install secondary SPDs protection on outlets for equipment in cabinet.
- D. Ensure that all electronic equipment power is protected and conditioned with SPDs.
- E. Ensure that equipment cabinet is bonded to CCTV pole grounding system.
- F. Install the pole mounted cabinet with the hinges next to the pole.
- G. Sizes and types of conduits and innerducts for network communications between the pullbox and cabinet are stated in the Contract Documents.

~~X~~ **Lowering Device Installation:**

- A. Place the lowering cable that moves within the pole in an interior conduit to prevent it from tangling or interfering with any electrical wire that is in the pole. Ensure that any electrical wire within the pole is routed securely and free from slack.
- B. Mount lowering arm perpendicular to the roadway or as shown in the plans. Position CCTV pole so that the camera can be safely lowered without requiring lane closures.
- C. Coordinate all lowering device hardware requirements (including Tenon, Tenon mounting plates, parking stand, etc.) with lowering device manufacturer.

Added New Note 7: Pole Installation:
A. Install the Pole plumb
B. Install Pole with the handhole located away from approaching traffic.

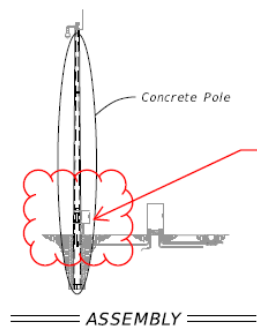


CCTV POLE ASSEMBLY

LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION
11/01/17	11/01/21

- Index 641-020 Redlines

- Updated Handhole Locations to be downstream of Traffic
- Added notes on Pole Installation

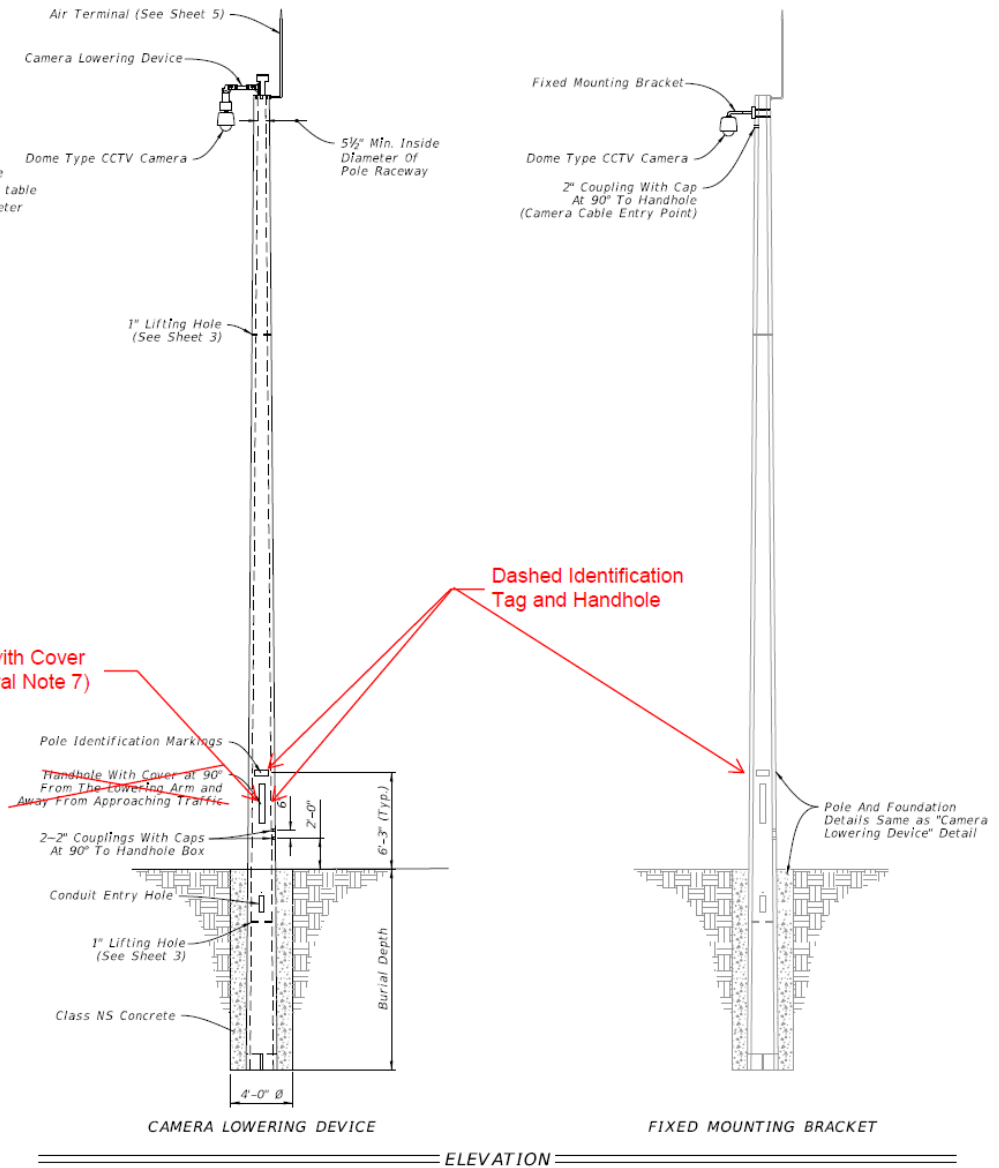
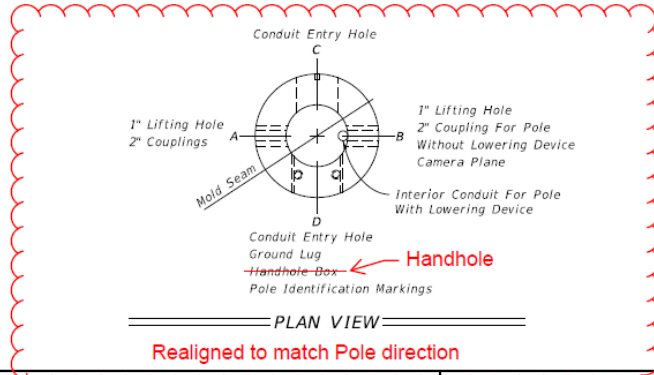


- NOTES:**
- Diameter of 12-sided poles are measured flat to flat.
 - Total Taper applies to pole, strands and reinforcing.
 - For 12-Sided Pole and Round Poles Option 2, Stress prestressed strand to 70% of Ultimate before transfer. For Round Pole Option 1, stress prestressed strand
 - Pole Design Tables, Burial Depth is based on level ground (flatter than 1:5). Increase the burial depth in accordance with the Additional Burial Depth Due To Ground Slope table for foundations with slopes 1:5 and steeper. Use the higher value for slope or diameter values that fall between those shown on the table.
- Updated Detail to match Sheet 1**

ADDITIONAL BURIAL DEPTH DUE TO GROUND SLOPE	
Ground Slope	Additional Burial Depth (feet)
1:5	3
1:4	4
1:3	5
1:2	7

12-SIDED POLE DESIGN TABLE (See Note 1)										
Pole Length (ft)	Pole Height (ft)	Burial Depth (ft)	Total Taper (in/ft) (See Note 2)	Void Taper (in/ft)	Min. Wall Thickness Tip (in)	Min. Wall Thickness Butt (in)	Tip Diameter (in)	Butt Diameter (in)	Strand Pattern	Strand Diameter
63	50	13	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	23.34	1	0.6"
69	55	14	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	24.42	1	0.6"
75	60	15	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	25.50	2	0.6"
80	65	15	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	26.40	2	0.6"
86	70	16	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	27.48	2	0.6"

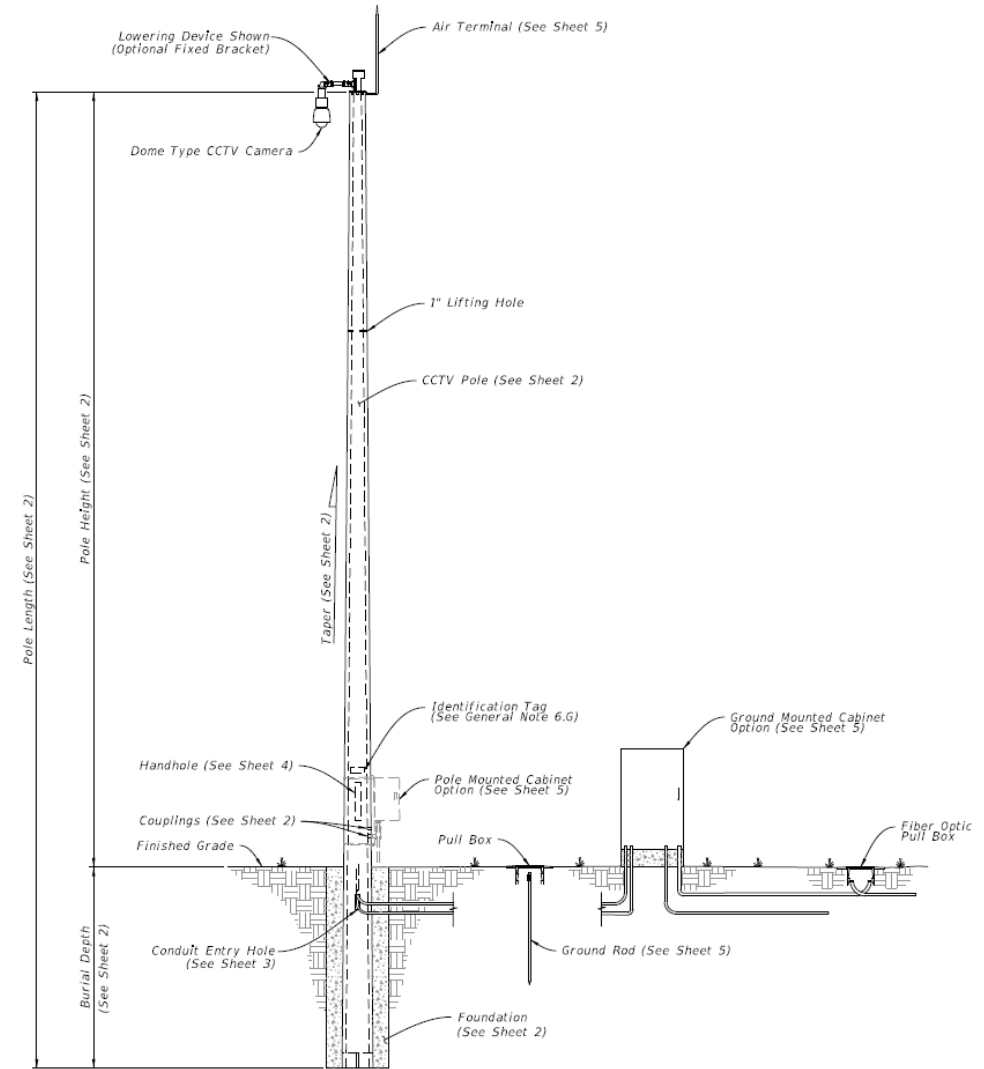
ROUND POLE DESIGN TABLE											
Pole Length (ft)	Pole Height (ft)	Burial Depth (ft)	Design Option	Total Taper (in/ft) (See Note 2)	Void Taper (in/ft)	Min. Wall Thickness Tip (in)	Min. Wall Thickness Butt (in)	Tip Diameter (in)	Butt Diameter (in)	Strand Pattern	S Di.
63	50	13	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.76	12.15	25.76	3	0.5"
			Option 2	0.180	0.172	3	3.50	12.00	23.34	4	0.5"
69	55	14	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.83	12.15	27.05	3	0.5"
			Option 2	0.180	0.173	3	3.50	12.00	24.42	4	0.5"
75	60	15	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.90	12.15	28.35	3	0.5"
			Option 2	0.180	0.173	3	3.50	12.00	25.50	4	0.5"
80	65	15	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.96	12.15	29.43	3	0.5"
			Option 2	0.180	0.174	3	3.50	12.00	26.40	4	0.5"
86	70	16	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	4.03	12.15	30.73	3	0.5"
			Option 2	0.180	0.174	3	3.50	13.00	28.48	4	0.5"



- **Index 641-020**
- **Updated Index**
- **Updated Sheet 1**

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Work this Index with Specification 641.
2. This Index is considered fully detailed and no shop drawings are necessary. Submit Shop Drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the Plans.
3. Provide either round or 12-sided Poles.
4. See Index 635-001 for additional details for Pull Boxes.
5. Materials:
 - A. Pole: Use Class VI concrete with 6 ksi minimum strength at transfer.
 - B. Prestressing Strands: ASTM A416, Grade 270 low relaxation.
 - C. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615, Grade 60
 - D. Spiral Reinforcing: ASTM A1064 Cold-Drawn
 - E. Bolts: ASTM F1554, Grade 55
 - F. Nuts: ASTM A563, Grade A Heavy Hex
 - G. Washers: ASTM F436
 - F. Steel plates and Pole Cap: ASTM A36 or ASTM A709, Grade 50
 - G. Galvanization: Bolts, nuts and washers: ASTM F2329
 - All other steel: ASTM A123
6. Fabrication:
 - A. Cut the tip end of the prestressed strand first or simultaneously with the butt end.
 - B. For spiral reinforcing, one turn is required for spiral splices and two turns are required at the top and bottom of poles.
 - C. For Reinforcing Steel, lap splice to consist of a 3'-0" lap length at each splice. No more than two opposing rebar to be spliced at the same cross section. Stagger lap splices as needed.
 - D. Provide a Class 3 surface finish in accordance with Specification 400.
 - E. Provide a 1" minimum cover.
 - F. Provide handhole and coupler cover plates made of non-corrosive materials. Attach cover plates to poles using lead anchors or threaded inserts embedded in the poles in conjunction with round headed chrome plated screws.
 - G. Provide Identification Markings on the poles where indicated on the following sheets. Include the following information using inset numerals with 1" height or as approved in the Producers' Quality Control Program:
 - Financial Project ID
 - Pole Manufacturer
 - Pole Length
 - H. Tie ground wires to the interior of reinforcing steel as necessary to prevent displacement during concreting operations.
 - I. Storage, Handling and Erection locations shown may vary within $\pm 3"$.
7. Pole Installation:
 - A. Install the Pole plumb.
 - B. Install Pole with the handhole located away from approaching traffic.
8. Cabinet Installation:
 - A. Splice fiber optic cables in cabinet to preterminated patch panel.
 - B. Furnish and install Surge Protection Devices (SPDs) on all cabling in cabinet.
 - C. Furnish and install secondary SPDs protection on outlets for equipment in cabinet.
 - D. Ensure that all electronic equipment power is protected and conditioned with SPDs.
 - E. Ensure that equipment cabinet is bonded to CCTV pole grounding system.
 - F. Install the pole mounted cabinet with the hinges next to the pole.
 - G. Sizes and types of conduits and innerducts for network communications between the pullbox and cabinet are stated in the Contract Documents.
9. Lowering Device Installation:
 - A. Place the lowering cable that moves within the pole in an interior conduit to prevent it from tangling or interfering with any electrical wire that is in the pole. Ensure that any electrical wire within the pole is routed securely and free from slack.
 - B. Mount lowering arm perpendicular to the roadway or as shown in the plans. Position CCTV pole so that the camera can be safely lowered without requiring lane closures.
 - C. Coordinate all lowering device hardware requirements (including Tenon, Tenon mounting plates, parking stand, etc.) with lowering device manufacturer.



CCTV POLE ASSEMBLY

LAST REVISION 11/01/21

REVISION DESCRIPTION:



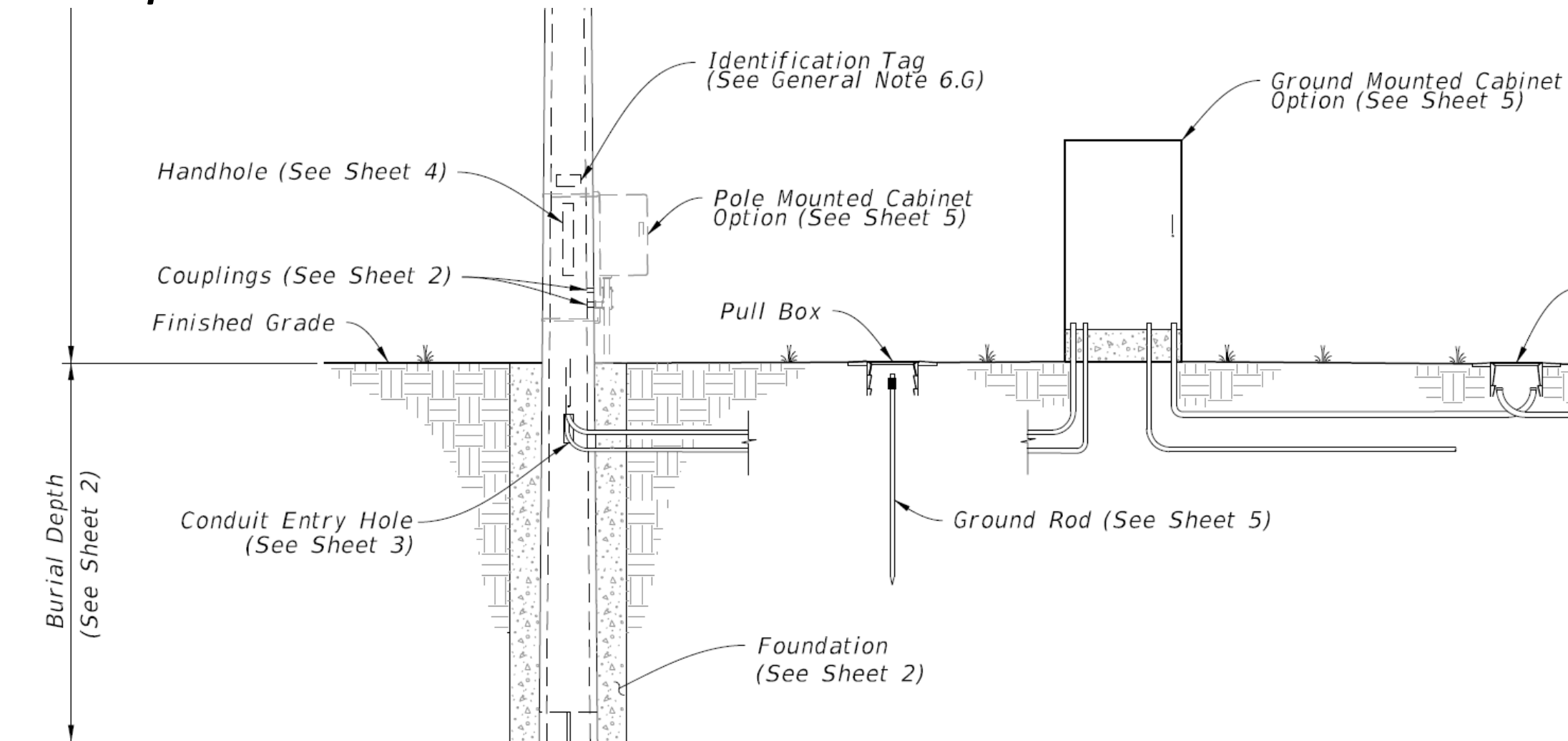
FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE CCTV POLE

INDEX 641-020

SHEET 1 of 5

- Index 641-020 Updated Index**



CCTV POLE ASSEMBLY

- **Index 649-020 Redlines**

- Updated Handhole Locations to be downstream of Traffic
- Added Notes to Match 641-020

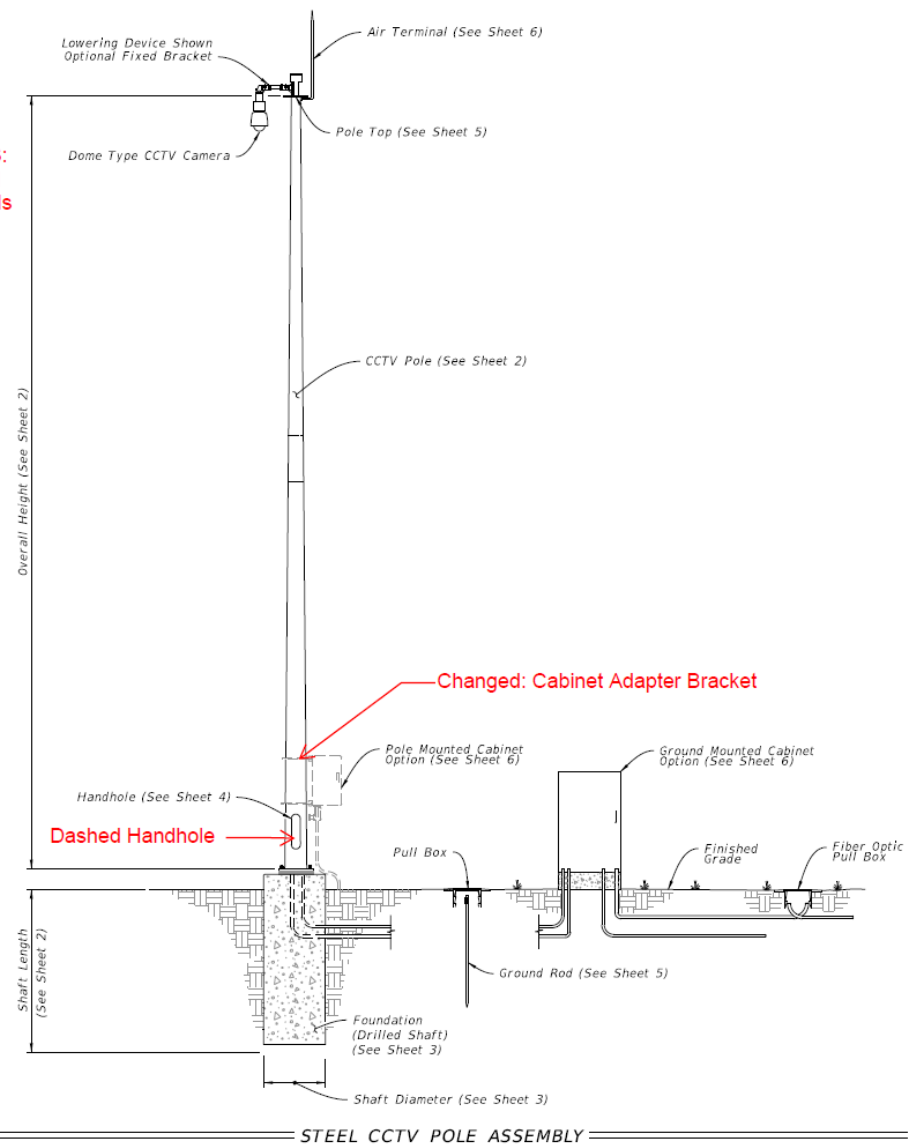
GENERAL NOTES:

1. Work this Index with Specification 649.
2. This Index is considered fully detailed; only submit shop drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the Plans.
3. **Materials:**
 - A. Pole: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65 (less than 1/4") or ASTM A572 Grade 50, 60 or 65 (greater than or equal to 1/4") or ASTM A595 Grade A (55 ksi yield) or Grade B (60 ksi yield).
 - B. Steel Plates and Pole Cap: ASTM A36 or ASTM A709 Grade 50.
 - C. Weld Metal: E70XX.
 - D. Bolts: ASTM F3125, Grade A325, Type 1.
Nuts: ASTM A563.
Washers: ASTM F-436.
 - E. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55 with ASTM A563 Grade A heavy-hex nuts and ASTM A36 plate washers.
 - F. Handhole Frame: ASTM A709 Grade 36 or ASTM A36.
 - G. Handhole Cover: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65.
 - H. Stainless Steel Screws: AISI Type 316.
 - I. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615 Grade 60.
 - J. Galvanization: Bolts, nuts and washers: ASTM F2329 All other steel including plate washer: ASTM A123
 - K. Concrete: Class IV (Drilled Shaft) for all environment classifications.
4. **Fabrication:**
 - A. Welding:
 - a. Specification 460-6.4 and
 - b. AASHTO RFD Specification for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals Section 14.4.4.
 - B. Poles:
 - a. Round or 16-sided (Min.)
 - b. Taper pole diameter at 0.14 inches per foot
 - c. Fabricate Pole longitudinal seam welds (2 maximum) with 60 percent minimum penetration or fusion welds except as follows:
 1. Use a full-penetration groove weld within 6 inches of the circumferential tube-to-plate connection and
 2. Use full-penetration groove welds on the female end section of telescopic (i.e., slip type) field splices for a minimum length of one and one-half times the inside diameter of the female section plus 6 inches.
 - d. Pole shaft may be either one or two sections (with telescopic field splice)
 - e. Circumferentially welded pole shafts and laminated pole shafts are not permitted
 - C. Identification Tag: (Submit details for approval)
 - a. 2"x 4" (Max.) aluminum tag
 - b. Locate on the inside of the pole and visible from the handhole
 - c. Secure with 1/8" diameter stainless steel rivets or screws.
 - d. Include the following information on the ID Tag:
 1. Financial Project ID
 2. Pole Type
 3. Pole Height
 4. Manufacturers' Name
 5. Yield Strength (Fy of Steel)
 6. Base Wall Thickness
 - D. Except for Anchor Bolts, bolt hole diameters are bolt diameter plus 1/16" and anchor bolt holes are bolt diameter plus 1/2" (Max) prior to galvanizing.
 5. **Pole Installation:**
 - A. Do not install additional wire access holes (not shown in this Index) with a diameter that exceeds 1 1/2" in diameter.
 - B. Install Anchor Bolts in accordance with Specification 649-5
 - C. Cable Supports: Electrical Cable Guides and Eyebolts.
 - a. Locate top and bottom cable guides within the pole aligned with each other.
 - b. Position one cable guide 2" below the handhole.
 - c. Position other cable guide 1" directly below the top of the tenon.
 - d. Position Park Stands 2" below the top of the handhole.
 6. **Cabinet Installation:**
 - A. Splice fiber optic cables in cabinet to preterminated patch panel.
 - B. Furnish and install Surge Protection Devices (SPDs) on all cabling in cabinet.
 - C. Furnish and install secondary SPDs protection on outlets for equipment in cabinet.
 - D. Ensure that all electronic equipment power is protected and conditioned with SPDs.
 - E. Ensure that equipment cabinet is bonded to CCTV pole grounding system.
 - F. Install the pole mounted cabinet with the hinges next to the pole.
 - G. Sizes and types of conduits and inner ducts for network communications between the pullbox and cabinet are stated in the Contract Documents.
 7. **Lowering Device Installation:**
 - A. Place the lowering cable that moves within the pole in an interior conduit to prevent it from tangling or interfering with any electrical wire that is in the pole. Ensure that any electrical wire within the pole is routed securely and free from slack.
 - B. Mount lowering device perpendicular to the roadway or as shown in the plans. Position CCTV pole so that the camera can be safely lowered without requiring lane closures.
 - C. Coordinate all lowering device hardware requirements (including Tenon, Tenon mounting plates, parking stands, etc.) with lowering device manufacturer.

Added New Note 3: See Index 635-001 for additional details for Pull Boxes.

Added Note D: Install Pole with the handhole located away from approaching traffic.

Added Note E: Install the Pole plumb.



Changed: Cabinet Adapter Bracket

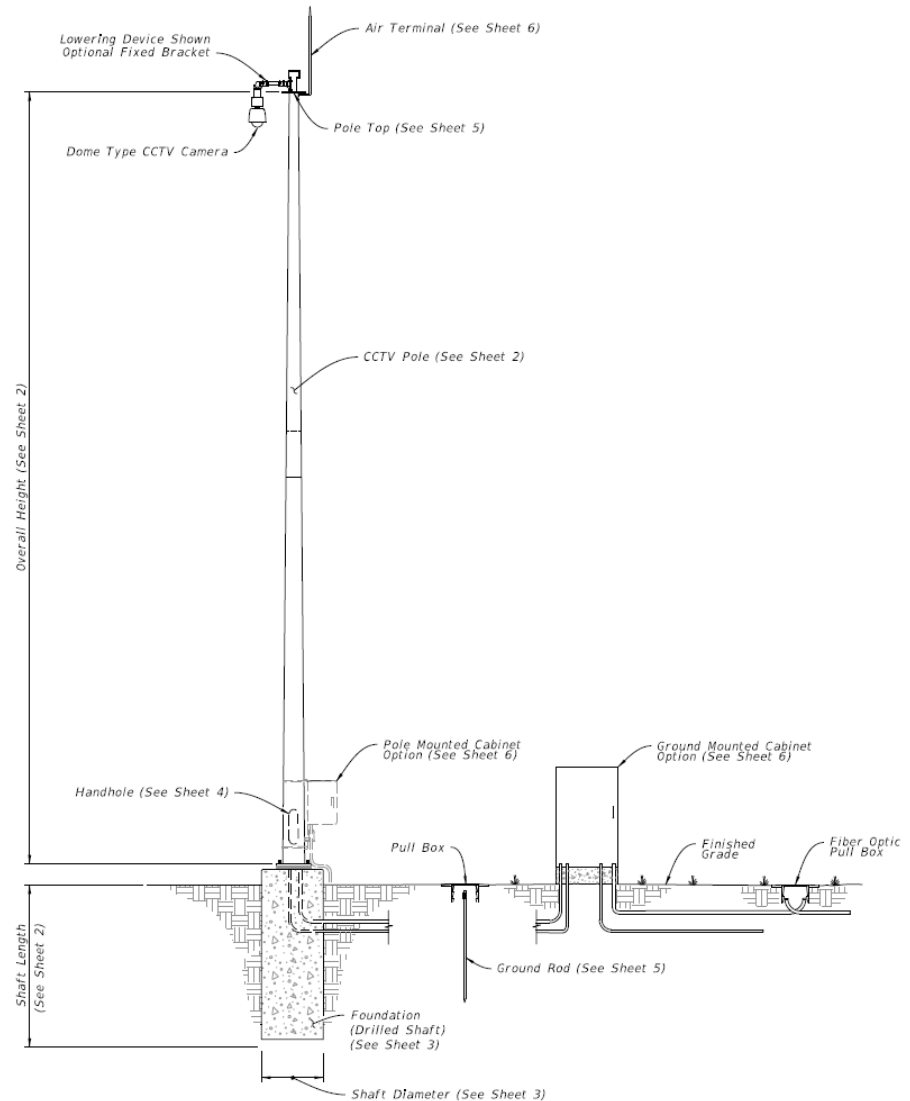
11/01/21

LAST REVISION 11/01/18	DESCRIPTION:	FDOT	FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	STEEL CCTV POLE	INDEX 649-020	SHEET 1 of 6
--------------------------------------	--------------	------	------------------------------	-----------------	------------------	-----------------

- **Index 649-020**
Updated Sheet 1
- Updated Handhole Locations to be downstream of Traffic
- Added Notes to Match 641-020

GENERAL NOTES:

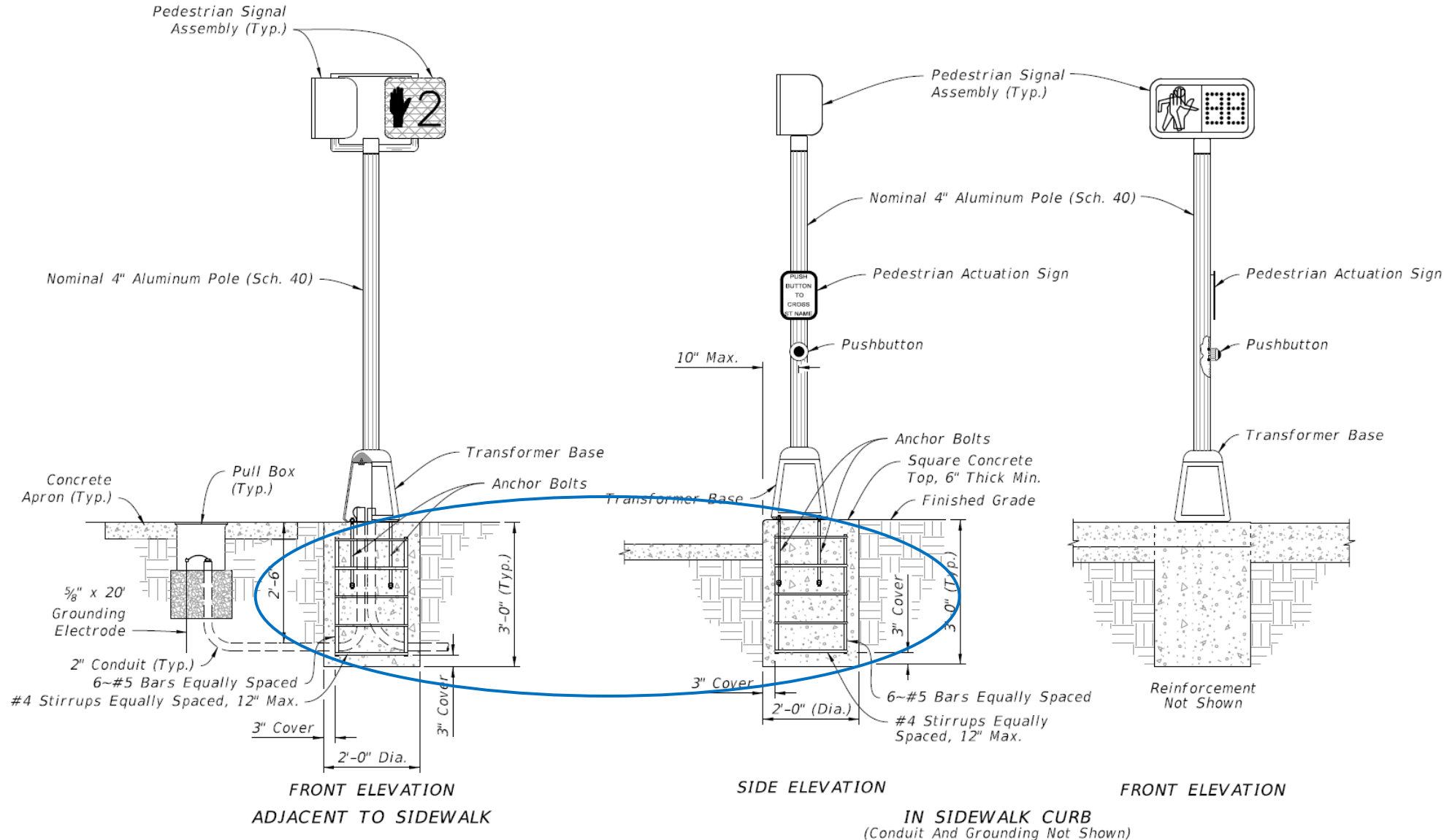
1. Work this Index with Specification 649.
2. This Index is considered fully detailed; only submit shop drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the Plans.
3. See Index 635-001 for additional details for Pull Boxes.
4. **Materials:**
 - A. Pole: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65 (less than 1/4") or ASTM A572 Grade 50, 60 or 65 (greater than or equal to 1/4") or ASTM A595 Grade A (55 ksi yield) or Grade B (60 ksi yield).
 - B. Steel Plates and Pole Cap: ASTM A36 or ASTM A709 Grade 50.
 - C. Weld Metal: E70XX.
 - D. Bolts: ASTM F3125, Grade A325, Type 1.
Nuts: ASTM A563.
Washers: ASTM F-436.
 - E. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55 with ASTM A563 Grade A heavy-hex nuts and ASTM A36 plate washers.
 - F. Handhole Frame: ASTM A709 Grade 36 or ASTM A36.
 - G. Handhole Cover: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65.
 - H. Stainless Steel Screws: AISI Type 316.
 - I. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615 Grade 60.
 - J. Galvanization: Bolts, nuts and washers: ASTM F2329 All other steel including plate washer: ASTM A123
 - K. Concrete: Class IV (Drilled Shaft) for all environment classifications.
5. **Fabrication:**
 - A. Welding:
 - a. Specification 460-6.4 and
 - b. AASHTO RFD Specification for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals Section 14.4.4.
 - B. Poles:
 - a. Round or 16-sided (Min.)
 - b. Taper pole diameter at 0.14 inches per foot
 - c. Fabricate Pole longitudinal seam welds (2 maximum) with 60 percent minimum penetration or fusion welds except as follows:
 1. Use a full-penetration groove weld within 6 inches of the circumferential tube-to-plate connection and
 2. Use full-penetration groove welds on the female end section of telescopic (i.e., slip type) field splices for a minimum length of one and one-half times the inside diameter of the female section plus 6 inches.
 - d. Pole shaft may be either one or two sections (with telescopic field splice)
 - e. Circumferentially welded pole shafts and laminated pole shafts are not permitted
 - C. Identification Tag: (Submit details for approval)
 - a. 2" x 4" (Max.) aluminum tag
 - b. Locate on the inside of the pole and visible from the handhole
 - c. Secure with 1/4" diameter stainless steel rivets or screws.
 - d. Include the following information on the ID Tag:
 1. Financial Project ID
 2. Pole Type
 3. Pole Height
 4. Manufacturer's Name
 5. Yield Strength (Fy of Steel)
 6. Base Wall Thickness
 - D. Except for Anchor Bolts, bolt hole diameters are bolt diameter plus 1/16" and anchor bolt holes are bolt diameter plus 1/2" (Max) prior to galvanizing.
6. **Pole Installation:**
 - A. Do not install additional wire access holes (not shown in this Index) with a diameter that exceeds 1 1/2" in diameter.
 - B. Install Anchor Bolts in accordance with Specification 649-5.
 - C. Cable Supports: Electrical Cable Guides and Eyebolts.
 - a. Locate top and bottom cable guides within the pole aligned with each other.
 - b. Position one cable guide 2" below the handhole.
 - c. Position other cable guide 1" directly below the top of the tenon.
 - d. Position Park Stands 2" below the top of the handhole.
 - D. Install Pole with the handhole located away from approaching traffic.
 - E. Install the Pole plumb.
7. **Cabinet Installation:**
 - A. Splice fiber optic cables in cabinet to preterminated patch panel.
 - B. Furnish and install Surge Protection Devices (SPDs) on all cabling in cabinet.
 - C. Furnish and install secondary SPDs protection on outlets for equipment in cabinet.
 - D. Ensure that all electronic equipment power is protected and conditioned with SPDs.
 - E. Ensure that equipment cabinet is bonded to CCTV pole grounding system.
 - F. Install the pole mounted cabinet with the hinges next to the pole.
 - G. Sizes and types of conduits and inner ducts for network communications between the pullbox and cabinet are stated in the Contract Documents.
8. **Lowering Device Installation:**
 - A. Place the lowering cable that moves within the pole in an interior conduit to prevent it from tangling or interfering with any electrical wire that is in the pole. Ensure that any electrical wire within the pole is routed securely and free from slack.
 - B. Mount lowering device perpendicular to the roadway or as shown in the plans. Position CCTV pole so that the camera can be safely lowered without requiring lane closures.
 - C. Coordinate all lowering device hardware requirements (including Tenon, Tenon mounting plates, parking stands, etc.) with lowering device manufacturer.



STEEL CCTV POLE ASSEMBLY

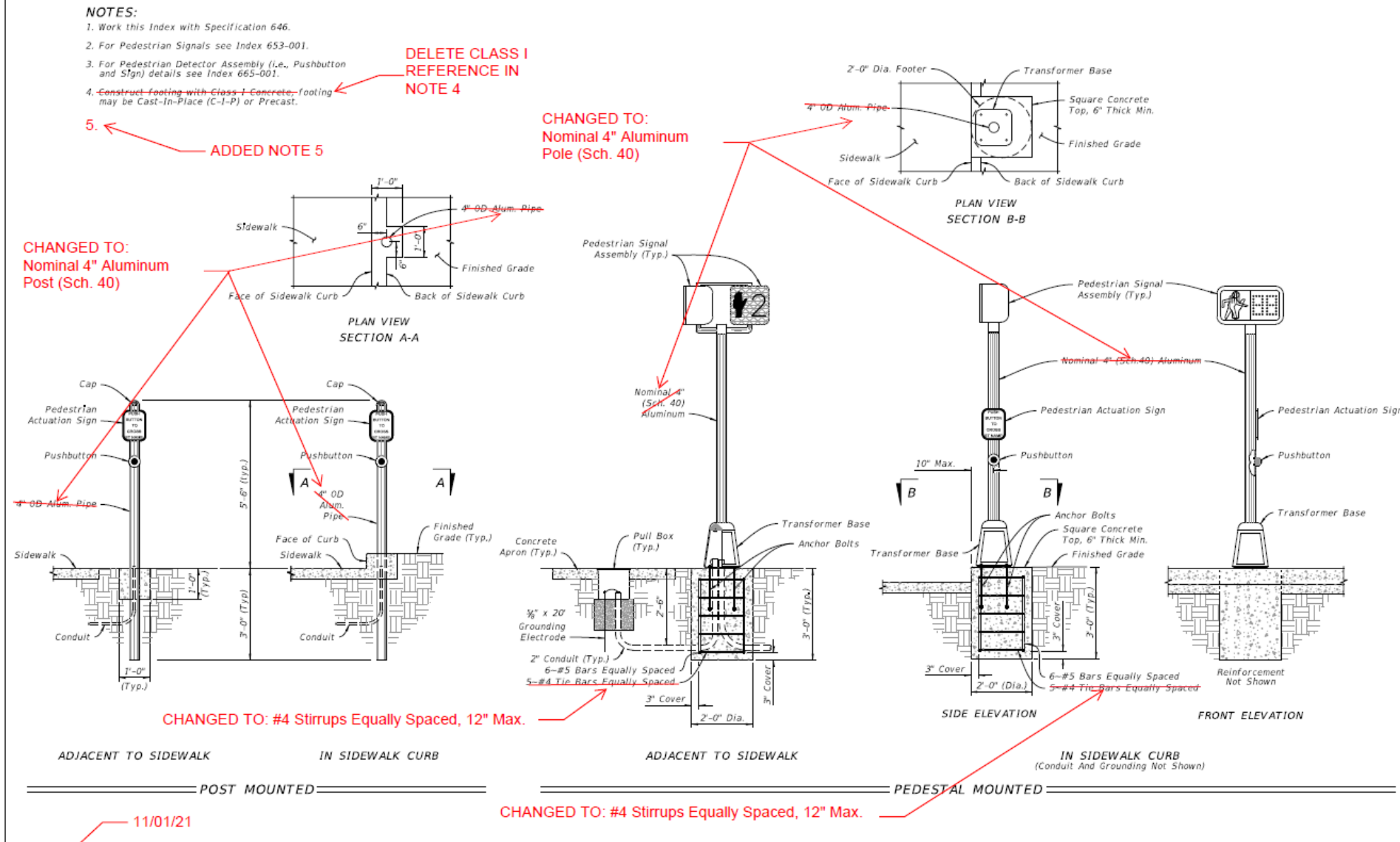
LAST REVISION 11/01/21	REVISION	DESCRIPTION:		FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	STEEL CCTV POLE	INDEX 649-020	SHEET 1 of 6
---------------------------	----------	--------------	--	------------------------------	-----------------	------------------	-----------------

- Updated Foundations within Indexes 646-001, 654-001, 695-001 and 700-120



• Index 646 Updates:

- Delete Class I Concrete Reference in Note 4
- Add Note 5
- Update post callouts
- Update Foundations



LAST REVISION 11/01/21 11/01/20	DESCRIPTION: 11/01/21 11/01/20		FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	ALUMINUM POST AND PEDESTAL MOUNTED PEDESTRIAN DETECTORS AND SIGNALS	INDEX 646-001	SHEET 1 of 1
---------------------------------------	--------------------------------------	--	------------------------------	--	------------------	-----------------

- **Index 646 Updates:**
 - Pedestal Mounted Option



Signal Pole, AASHTO MASH CP6 Series (APL Product)

by [Frey Manufacturing Corp.](#)

Model: **CP6ACT4840TCSS**

APL Certification

- 646-001-005 (Approval Date: 6/24/2021) (Service Life Expectancy:)

Product Types

- Transformer Base

Resource Links

- [FDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction](#)

Random Sampling Frequency

There are no items to display.

Limitations

Furnish and Install Transformer Base, Post, and Anchor Bolts in accordance with the Vendor drawings and installation instructions. Meet the requirements of Specification 646 for all other items.

Documents

[Drawing \(PDF 185 KB\)](#)

[Installation Instructions \(PDF 1254 KB\)](#)

[Download the Adobe Reader](#)

Comments

Approved as an alternative to the "Post Mounted" Pedestrian Detector Assembly included on FDOT Standard Plans, Index 646-001. Installation Pedestrian Detector Assembly (Pushbutton) and Actuation Sign in accordance with Standard Plans, Index 665-001.

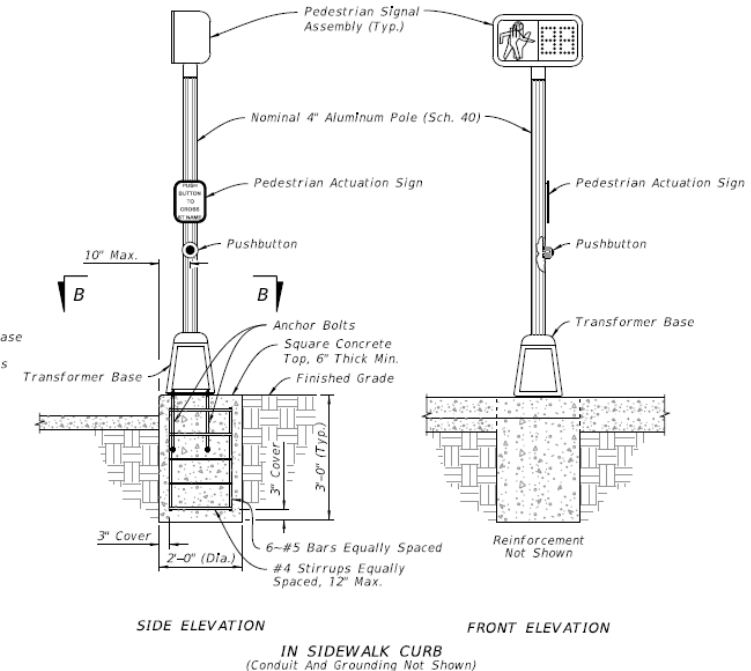
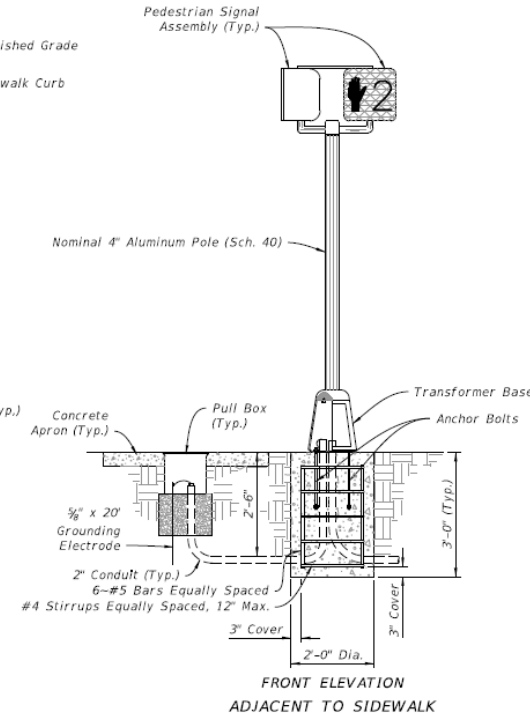
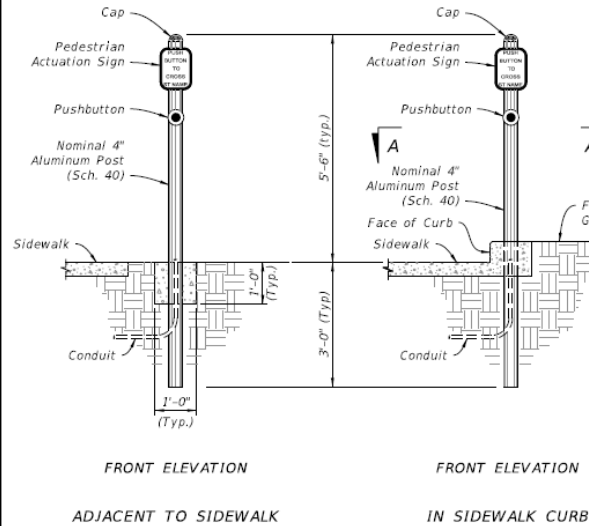
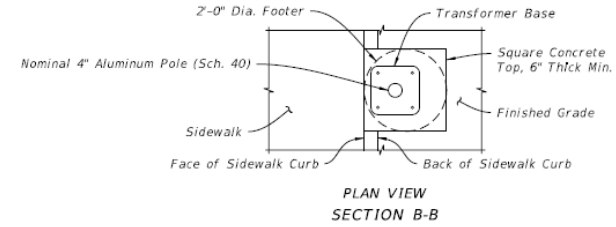
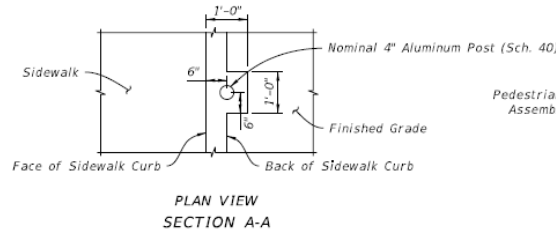
Manufacturer Detail

Frey Manufacturing Corp.

- Updated Index 646

NOTES:

1. Work this Index with Specification 646.
2. For Pedestrian Signals see Index 653-001.
3. For Pedestrian Detector Assembly (i.e., Pushbutton and Sign) details see Index 665-001.
4. Footing may be Cast-In-Place (C-I-P) or Precast.
5. As an alternative to the direct buried "Post Mounted" Pedestrian Detector Assembly shown below, the post may be installed on a transformer base. Use a transformer base included on the APL approved as an alternative to a "Post Mounted" assembly.



POST MOUNTED

PEDESTAL MOUNTED

LAST REVISION	11/01/21
---------------	----------

REVISION	
----------	--

DESCRIPTION:	
--------------	--

FDOT	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS
------	---------------------------

ALUMINUM POST AND PEDESTAL MOUNTED PEDESTRIAN DETECTORS AND SIGNALS

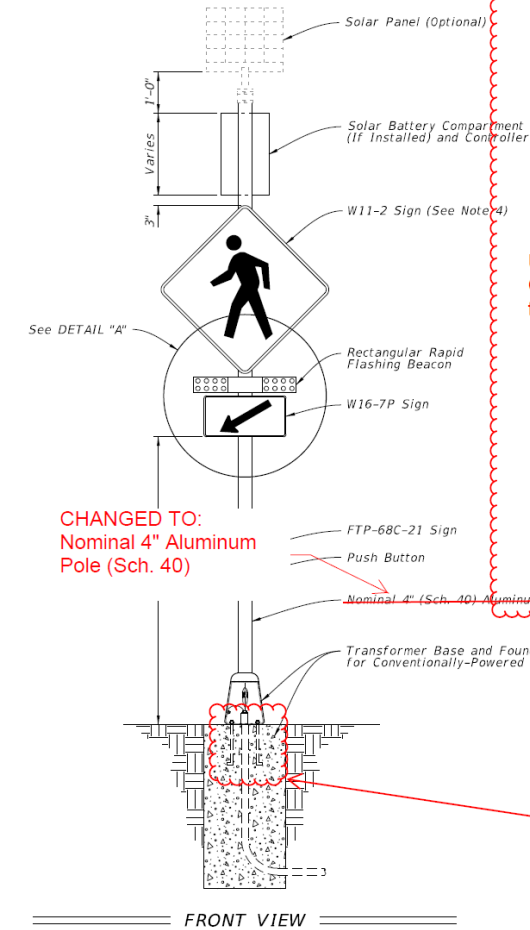
INDEX	646-001	SHEET	1 of 1
-------	---------	-------	--------

Index 654 Updates:

- Reorganized to Show Beacon Assembly Adjacent to Sidewalk
- Deleted Detail B and referenced Index 700-120 in Note 1
- Update pole callouts
- Update Foundations

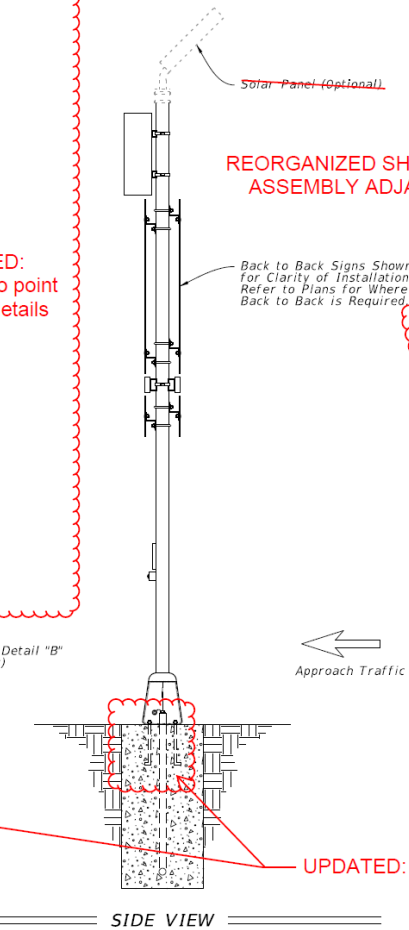
NOTES:

- A transformer base is required for both conventionally-powered and solar-powered applications (conventional power shown).
- Install the RRFB in pairs, one on either side of approach traffic.
- Install controller on the back of sign. **CHANGED NOTE 1: to reference Index 700-102**
- Install a 30" X 30" W11-2 sign and 36" X 36" W11-2 sign for mu.
- Install push button and FTP-68C-21 sign in accordance with Index 665-001.
- Engage all threads on the transformer base and post unless the aluminum post is fully seated into base.
- Meet the requirements of Specification 646 for aluminum poles and transformer bases. **CHANGED NOTE 7**
- Install a concrete slab around all pull boxes. The minimum slab dimension is 4'-0" by 4'-0". In urban areas where space is limited slab dimensions may be adjusted as shown in the Plans.
- For assemblies connected to conventional power, provide single pole non-fused watertight breakaway electrical connectors in the frangible transformer base.
- When wire entry holes are drilled in the sign column, use a bushing or rubber grommet to protect conductors.
- For solar-powered applications, orient solar panel to face South for optimal exposure to sunlight.

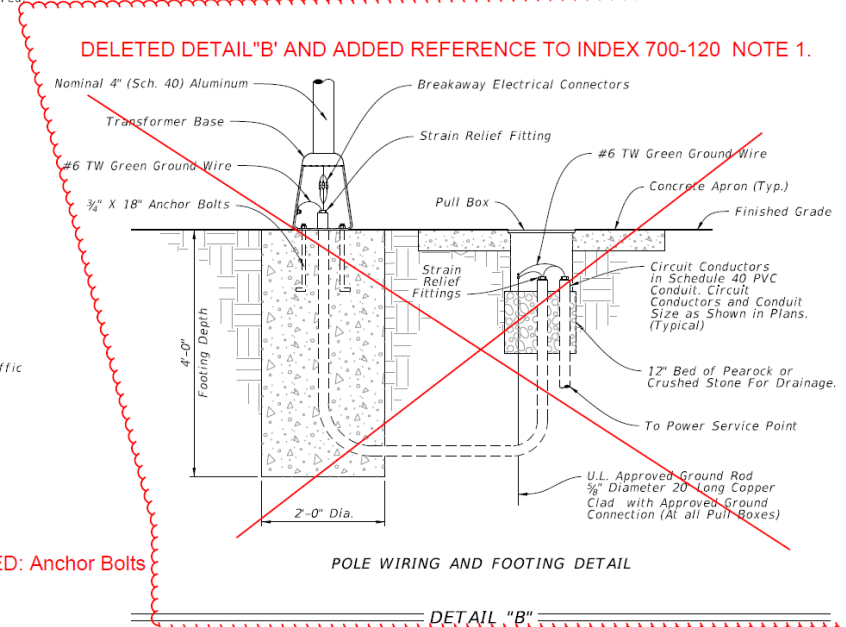
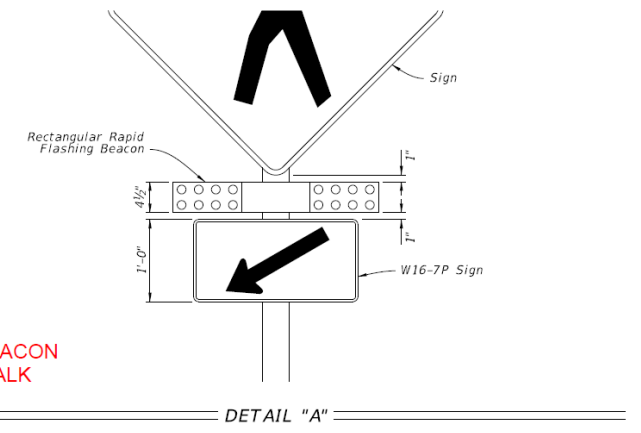


CHANGED TO:
Nominal 4" Aluminum Pole (Sch. 40)

UPDATED:
Callout to point to both details



REORGANIZED SHEET TO SHOW BEACON ASSEMBLY ADJACENT TO SIDEWALK

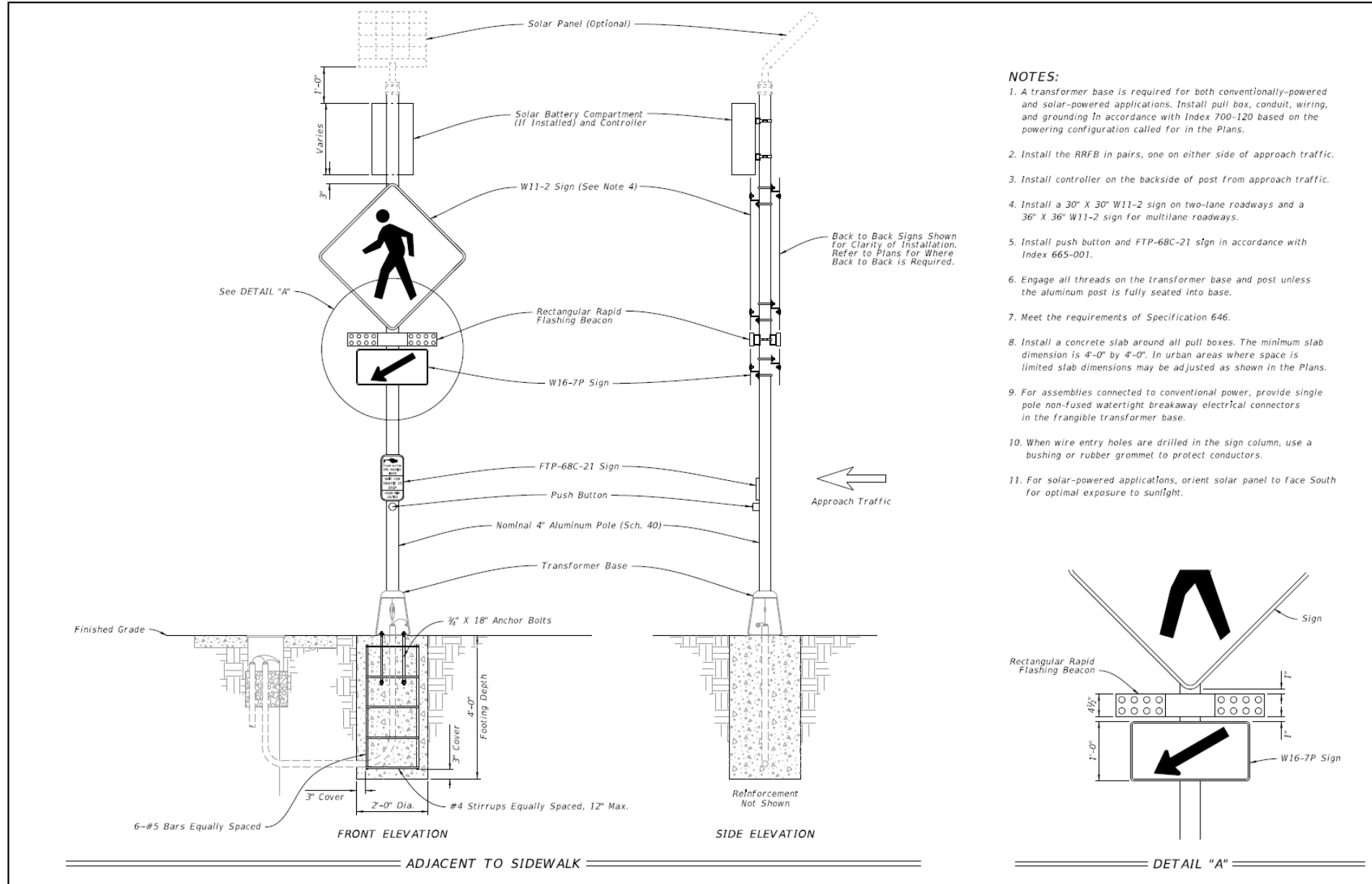


DELETED DETAIL 'B' AND ADDED REFERENCE TO INDEX 700-120 NOTE 1.

UPDATED: Anchor Bolts

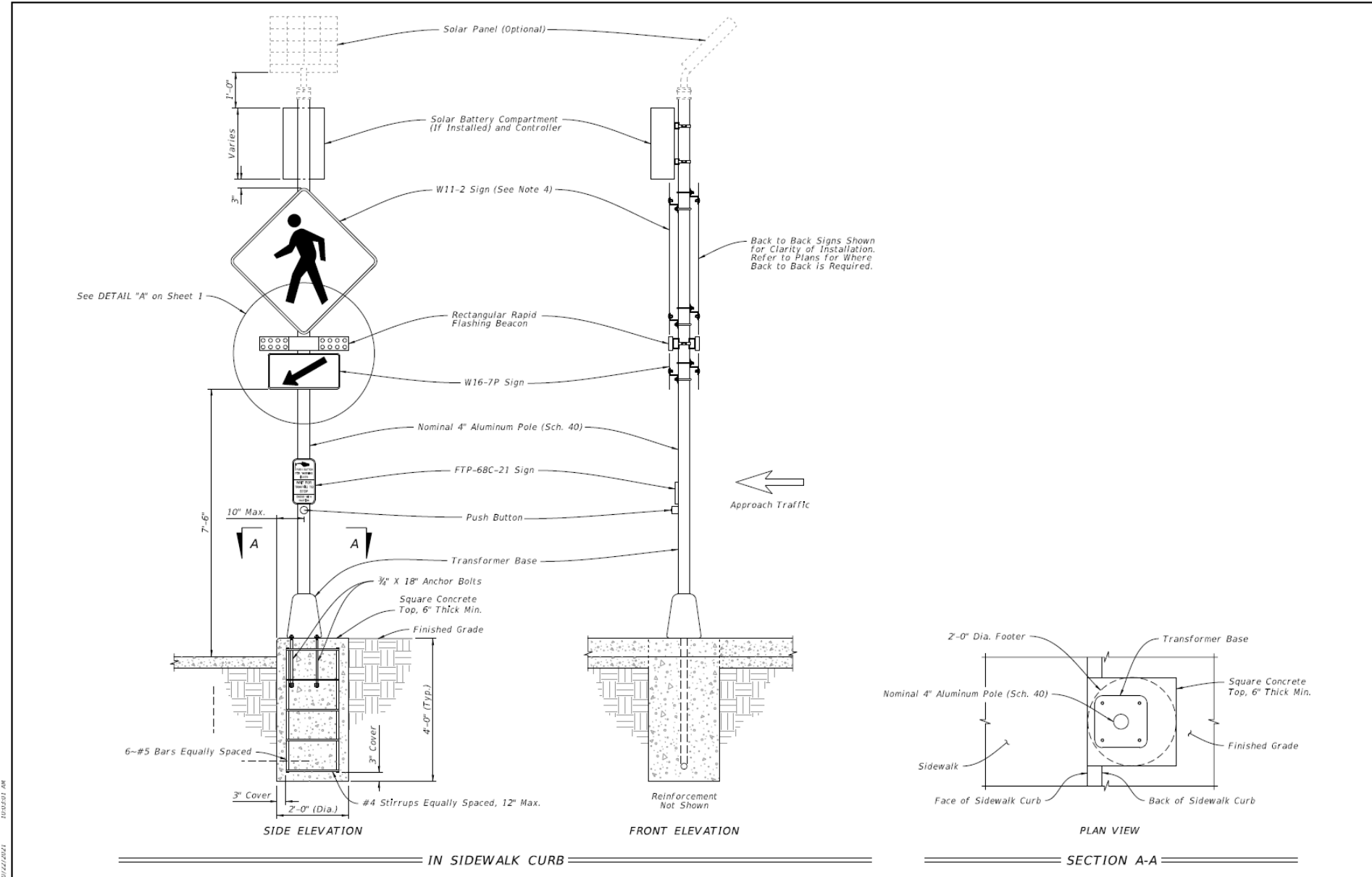
<table border="1"> <tr> <th>LAST REVISION</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> <tr> <td>11/01/26</td> <td>11/01/21</td> </tr> </table>	LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION	11/01/26	11/01/21		FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	RECTANGULAR RAPID FLASHING BEACON ASSEMBLY	INDEX 654-001	SHEET 1 of 2
LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION								
11/01/26	11/01/21								

- **Index 654 Updates:**
 - Updated Notes
 - Update post callouts
 - Update Foundations
 - Deleted Detail B and referenced Index 700-120



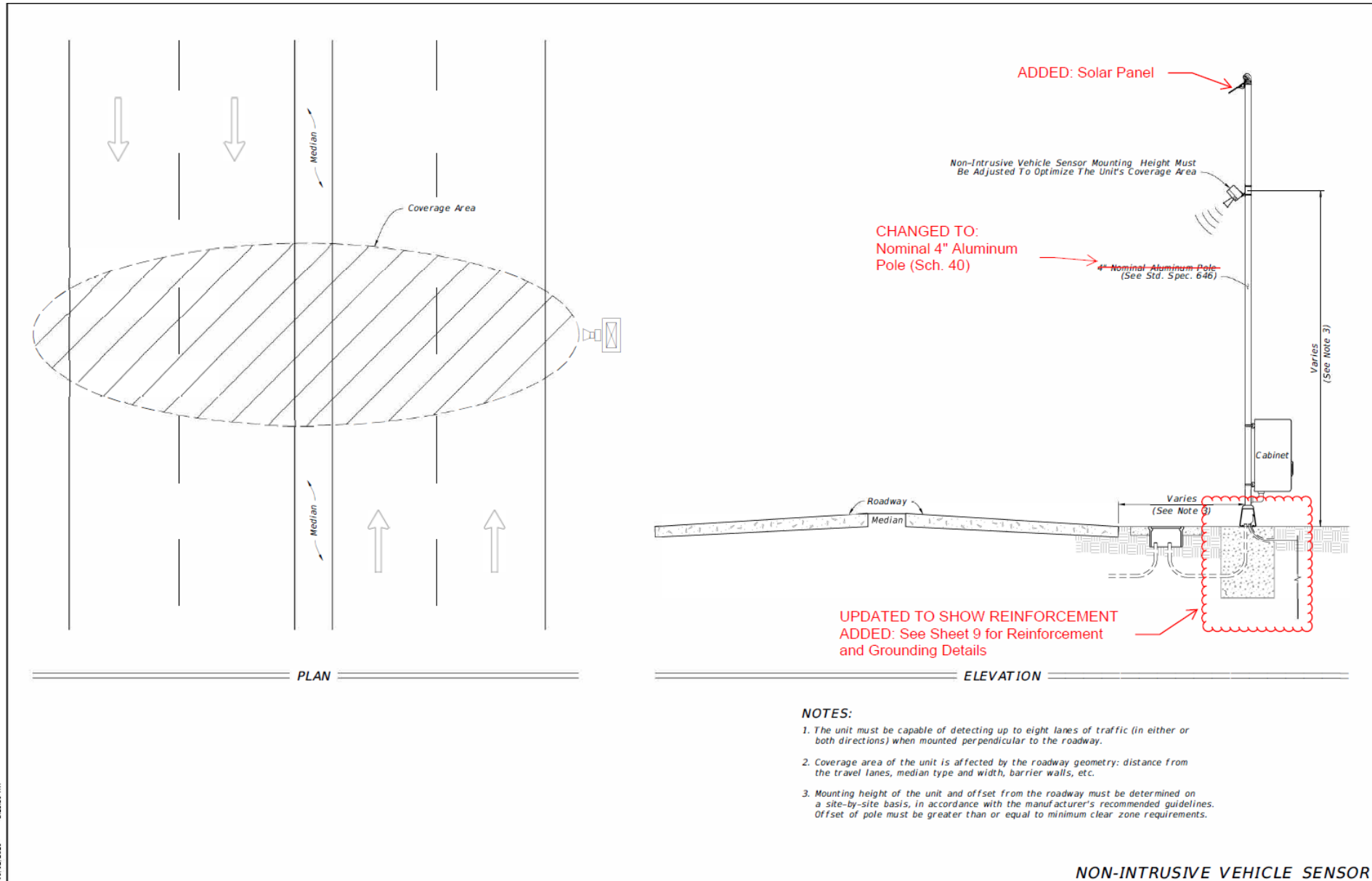
- NOTES:**
1. A transformer base is required for both conventionally-powered and solar-powered applications. Install pull box, conduit, wiring, and grounding in accordance with Index 700-120 based on the powering configuration called for in the Plans.
 2. Install the RRFB in pairs, one on either side of approach traffic.
 3. Install controller on the backside of post from approach traffic.
 4. Install a 30" X 30" W11-2 sign on two-lane roadways and a 36" X 36" W11-2 sign for multilane roadways.
 5. Install push button and FTP-68C-21 sign in accordance with Index 665-001.
 6. Engage all threads on the transformer base and post unless the aluminum post is fully seated into base.
 7. Meet the requirements of Specification 646.
 8. Install a concrete slab around all pull boxes. The minimum slab dimension is 4'-0" by 4'-0". In urban areas where space is limited slab dimensions may be adjusted as shown in the Plans.
 9. For assemblies connected to conventional power, provide single pole non-fused watertight breakaway electrical connectors in the frangible transformer base.
 10. When wire entry holes are drilled in the sign column, use a bushing or rubber grommet to protect conductors.
 11. For solar-powered applications, orient solar panel to face South for optimal exposure to sunlight.

- **Index 654 Updates:**
 - Added inside Curb Option



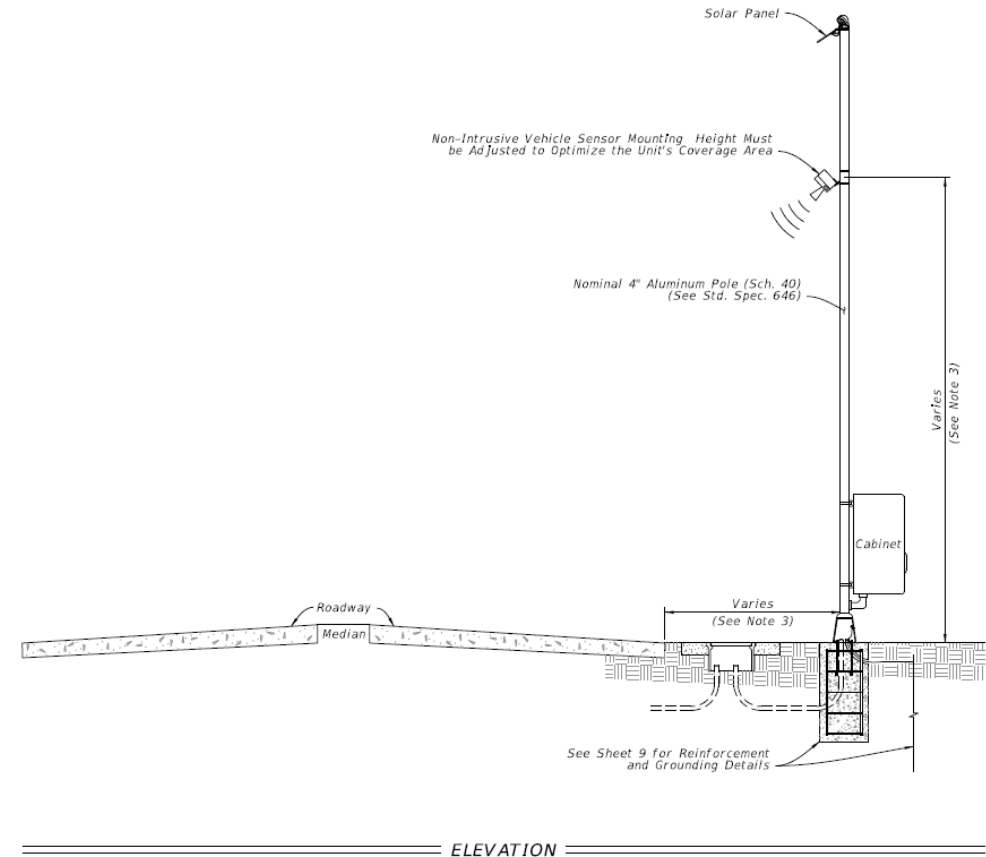
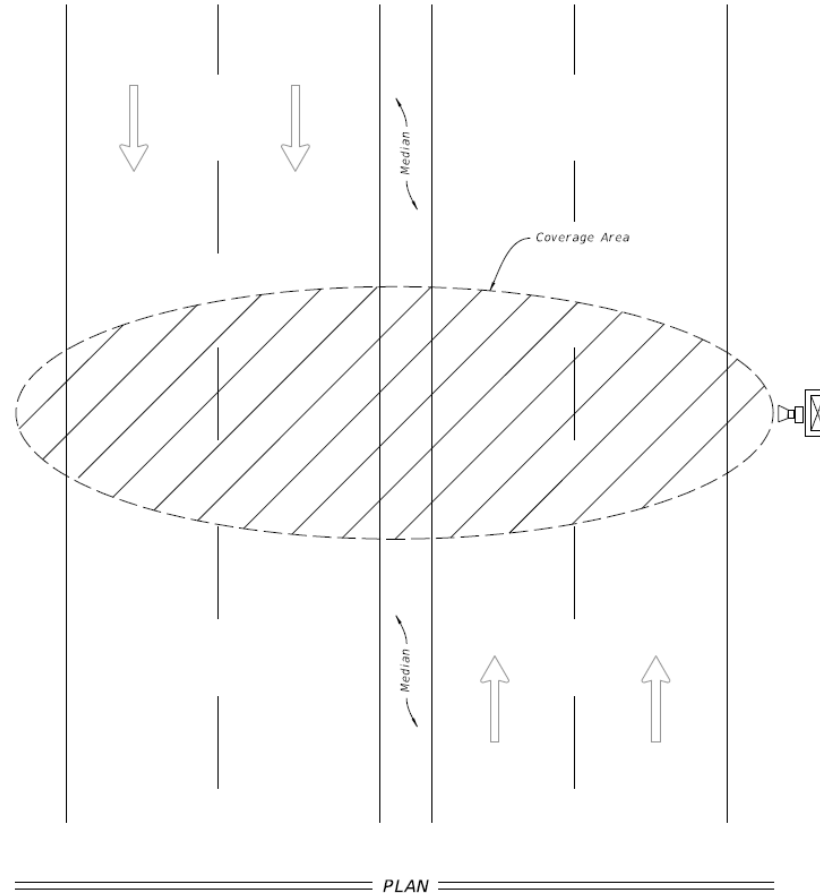
LAST REVISION 11/01/21	REVISION	DESCRIPTION:	FDOT	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	RECTANGULAR RAPID FLASHING BEACON ASSEMBLY	INDEX 654-001	SHEET 2 of 2
---------------------------	----------	--------------	------	------------------------------	--	------------------	-----------------

- **Index 695 Updates:**
 - Updated Foundations
 - Updated Pole Callouts



1/9/12/2020 8:25:50 AM

- **Index 695 Updated Sheet 8:**



NOTES:

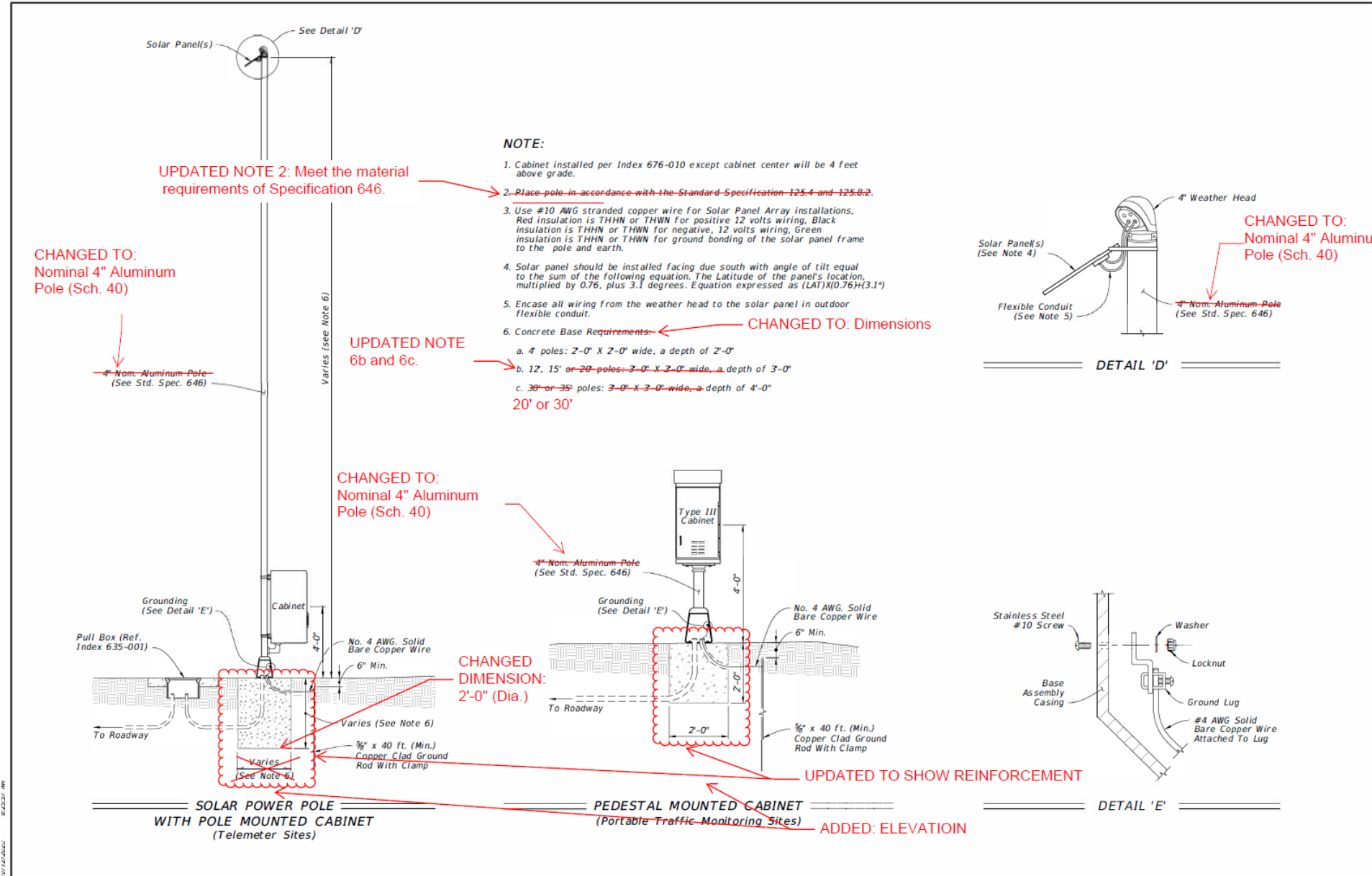
1. The unit must be capable of detecting up to eight lanes of traffic (in either or both directions) when mounted perpendicular to the roadway.
2. Coverage area of the unit is affected by the roadway geometry: distance from the travel lanes, median type and width, barrier walls, etc.
3. Mounting height of the unit and offset from the roadway must be determined on a site-by-site basis, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended guidelines. Offset of pole must be greater than or equal to minimum clear zone requirements.

10/22/2021 10:24:46 AM

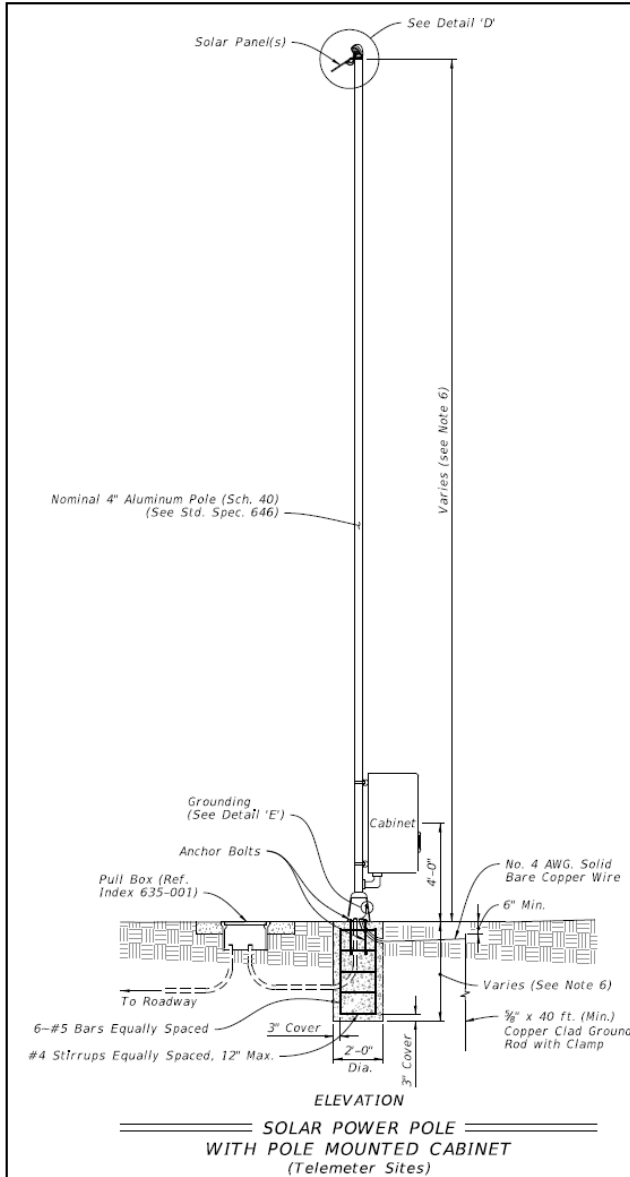
LAST REVISION 11/01/21	REVISION	DESCRIPTION:		FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	TRAFFIC MONITORING SITE	INDEX 695-001	SHEET 8 of 9
---------------------------	----------	--------------	--	------------------------------	-------------------------	------------------	-----------------

NON-INTRUSIVE VEHICLE SENSOR

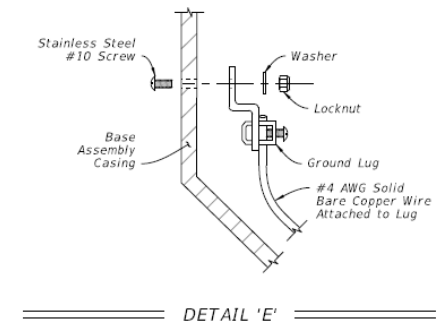
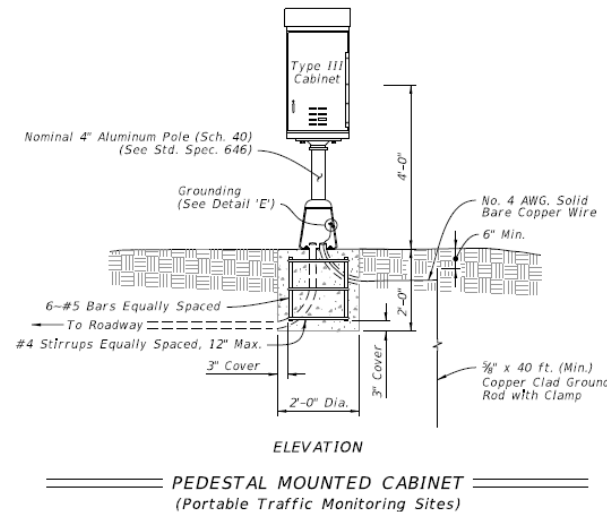
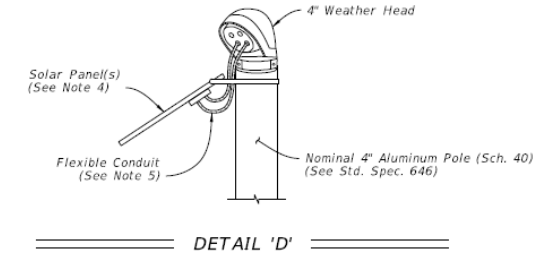
- **Index 695 Updates:**
 - Updated Foundations
 - Updated Pole Callouts
 - Revised Note 2 and Note 6



- Index 695 Updated Sheet 9:



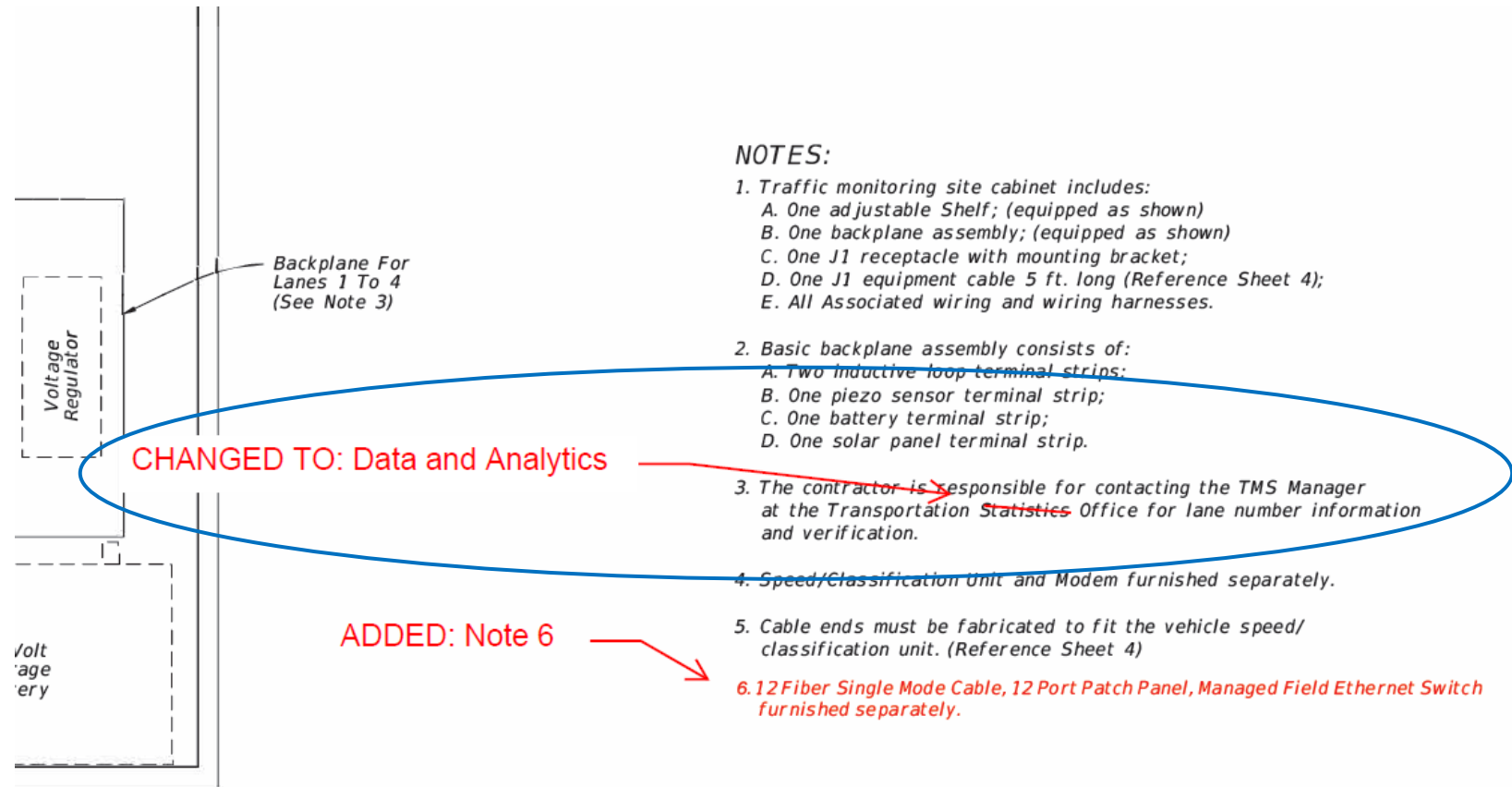
- NOTE:**
- Cabinet installed per Index 676-010 except cabinet center will be 4 feet above grade.
 - Meet the requirements of Specification 646.
 - Use #10 AWG stranded copper wire for Solar Panel Array installations, Red insulation is THHN or THWN for positive 12 volts wiring, Black insulation is THHN or THWN for negative, 12 volts wiring, Green insulation is THHN or THWN for ground bonding of the solar panel frame to the pole and earth.
 - Solar panel should be installed facing due south with angle of tilt equal to the sum of the following equation. The Latitude of the panel's location, multiplied by 0.76, plus 3.1 degrees. Equation expressed as $(LAT) \times (0.76) + (3.1)^\circ$
 - Encase all wiring from the weather head to the solar panel in outdoor flexible conduit.
 - Concrete Base Dimensions:
 - 4' poles: depth of 2'-0"
 - 12' or 15' poles: depth of 3'-0"
 - 20' or 30' poles: depth of 4'-0"



10/25/2021

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:		FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	TRAFFIC MONITORING SITE	INDEX 695-001	SHEET 9 of 9
---------------------------	--------------	--	------------------------------	-------------------------	------------------	-----------------

- **Index 695 Updates Requested by the Traffic Engineering Office:**
 - Updated the name of the office from "Transportation Statistics" to "Transportation Data and Analytics".



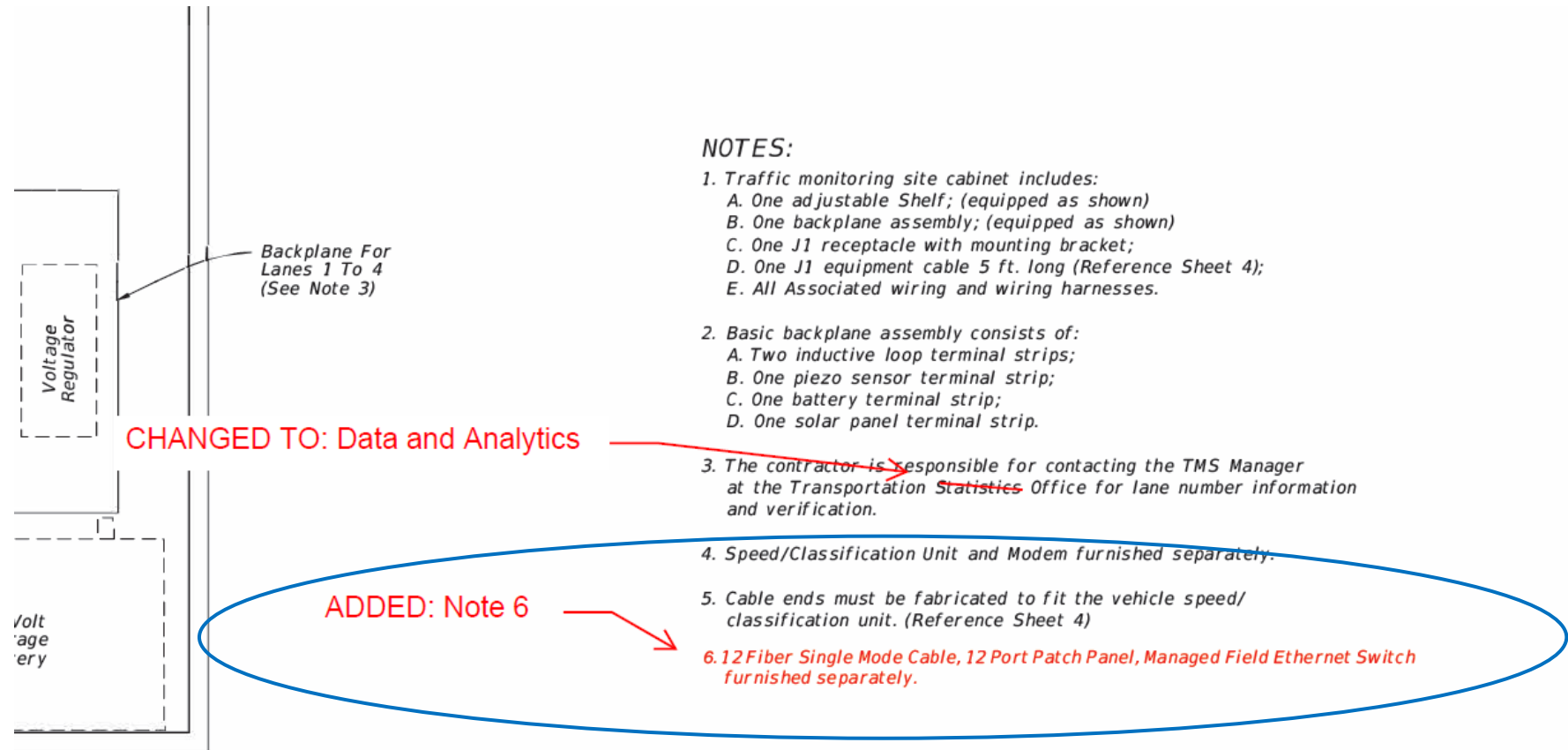
NOTES:

1. Traffic monitoring site cabinet includes:
 - A. One adjustable Shelf; (equipped as shown)
 - B. One backplane assembly; (equipped as shown)
 - C. One J1 receptacle with mounting bracket;
 - D. One J1 equipment cable 5 ft. long (Reference Sheet 4);
 - E. All Associated wiring and wiring harnesses.
2. Basic backplane assembly consists of:
 - A. Two inductive loop terminal strips;
 - B. One piezo sensor terminal strip;
 - C. One battery terminal strip;
 - D. One solar panel terminal strip.
3. The contractor is responsible for contacting the TMS Manager at the Transportation Statistics Office for lane number information and verification.
4. Speed/Classification Unit and Modem furnished separately.
5. Cable ends must be fabricated to fit the vehicle speed/classification unit. (Reference Sheet 4)
6. 12 Fiber Single Mode Cable, 12 Port Patch Panel, Managed Field Ethernet Switch furnished separately.

CABINET LAYOUT DETAILS (Four Lanes or Less)

2021-22 ARD PLANS	TRAFFIC MONITORING SITE	INDEX 695-001	SHEET 1 of 9
----------------------	-------------------------	------------------	-----------------

- **Index 695 Updates Requested by the Traffic Engineering Office:**
 - Added note 6 on 12 Port Patch Panel and Managed Field Ethernet Switch



NOTES:

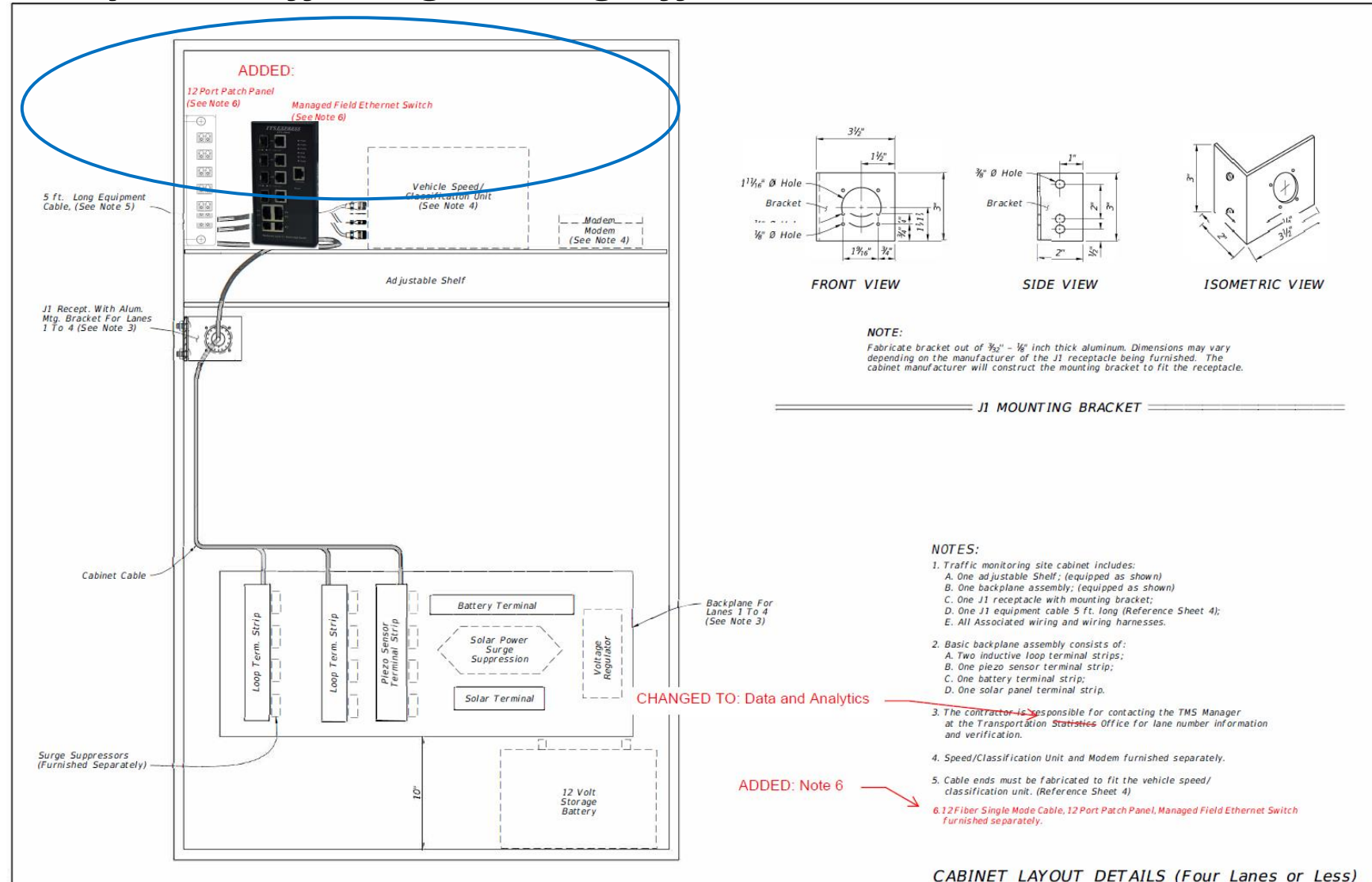
1. Traffic monitoring site cabinet includes:
 - A. One adjustable Shelf; (equipped as shown)
 - B. One backplane assembly; (equipped as shown)
 - C. One J1 receptacle with mounting bracket;
 - D. One J1 equipment cable 5 ft. long (Reference Sheet 4);
 - E. All Associated wiring and wiring harnesses.
2. Basic backplane assembly consists of:
 - A. Two inductive loop terminal strips;
 - B. One piezo sensor terminal strip;
 - C. One battery terminal strip;
 - D. One solar panel terminal strip.
3. The contractor is responsible for contacting the TMS Manager at the Transportation Statistics Office for lane number information and verification.
4. Speed/Classification Unit and Modem furnished separately.
5. Cable ends must be fabricated to fit the vehicle speed/classification unit. (Reference Sheet 4)
6. 12 Fiber Single Mode Cable, 12 Port Patch Panel, Managed Field Ethernet Switch furnished separately.

CABINET LAYOUT DETAILS (Four Lanes or Less)

2021-22 ARD PLANS	TRAFFIC MONITORING SITE	INDEX 695-001	SHEET 1 of 9
----------------------	-------------------------	------------------	-----------------

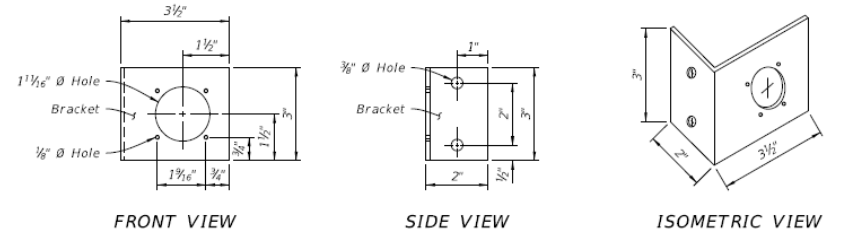
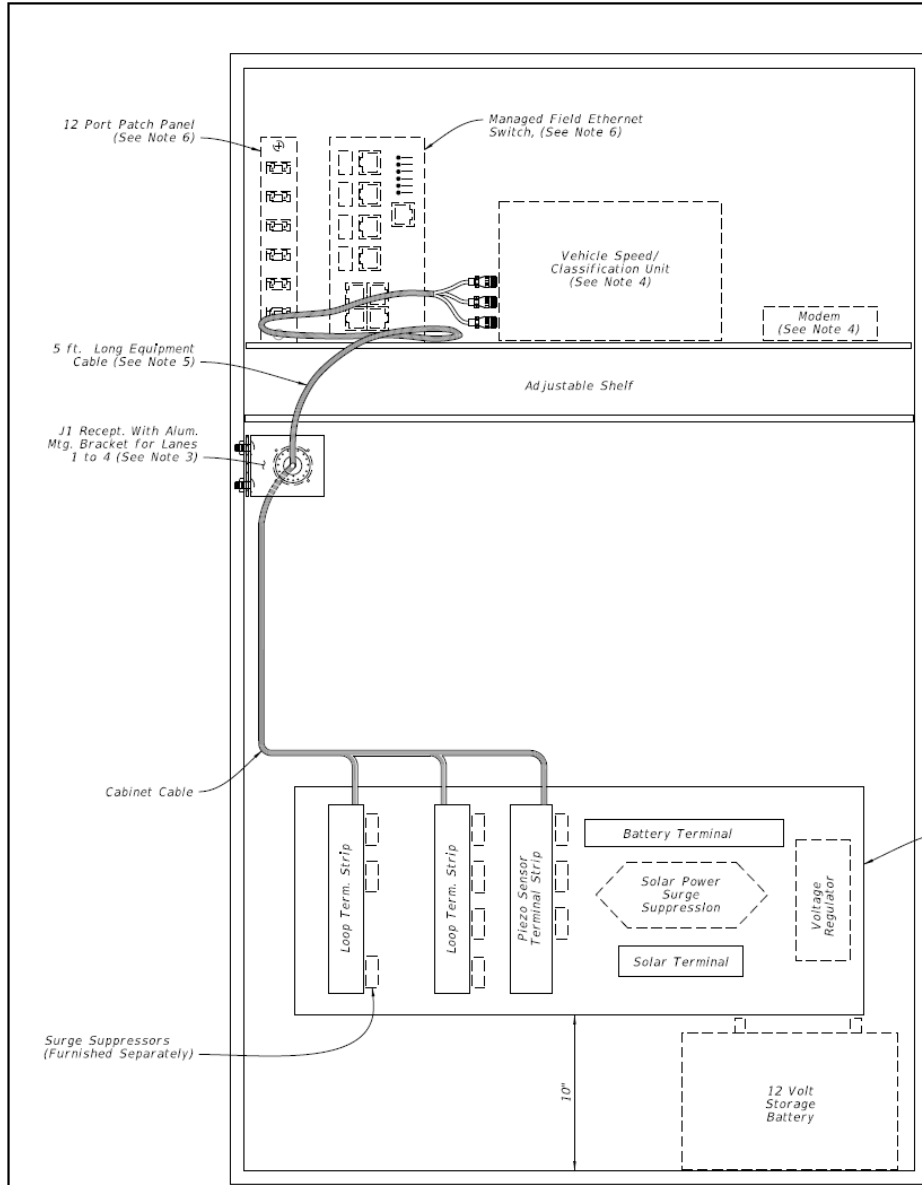
- Index 695 Updates Requested by the Traffic Engineering Office:

- Added reference to new Note 6



CABINET LAYOUT DETAILS (Four Lanes or Less)

- Index 695**
Updated Sheet 1:



NOTE:
Fabricate bracket out of 3/32" - 1/8" inch thick aluminum. Dimensions may vary depending on the manufacturer of the J1 receptacle being furnished. The cabinet manufacturer will construct the mounting bracket to fit the receptacle.

J1 MOUNTING BRACKET

- NOTES:**
- Traffic monitoring site cabinet includes:
 - A. One adjustable Shelf; (equipped as shown)
 - B. One backplane assembly; (equipped as shown)
 - C. One J1 receptacle with mounting bracket;
 - D. One J1 equipment cable 5 ft. long (Reference Sheet 4);
 - E. All Associated wiring and wiring harnesses.
 - Basic backplane assembly consists of:
 - A. Two inductive loop terminal strips;
 - B. One piezo sensor terminal strip;
 - C. One battery terminal strip;
 - D. One solar panel terminal strip.
 - The contractor is responsible for contacting the TMS Manager at the Transportation Data and Analytics Office for lane number information and verification.
 - Speed/Classification Unit and Modem furnished separately.
 - Cable ends must be fabricated to fit the vehicle speed/classification unit. (Reference Sheet 4)
 - Provide a 12 fiber single mode cable, a 12 port patch panel, and a managed field ethernet switch separately.

CABINET LAYOUT DETAILS (Four Lanes or Less)

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	REVISION	DESCRIPTION:	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	TRAFFIC MONITORING SITE	INDEX	SHEET
					695-001	1 of 9

Index 695 Updates Requested by the Traffic Engineering Office:

- Updated color scheme to match vendor provided color scheme

CHANGED COLORS:
 Yellow to White
 Purple to Black
 Gray to Red
 Pink to Black
 Brown to Green

J1 RECEPTACLE PINOUT	
26 Recessed Male Pins	
A	Loop 1a (5a) yellow
B	Loop 1a (5a) purple
C	Loop 1b (5b) gray
D	Loop 1b (5b) pink
E	Loop 2a (6a) brown
F	Loop 2a (6a) blue
G	Loop 2b (6b) orange
H	Loop 2b (6b) tan
J	Loop 3a (7a) white
K	Loop 3a (7a) green
L	Loop 3b (7b) red
M	Loop 3b (7b) black
N	Gnd
P	Loop 4a (8a) w/yellow
R	Loop 4a (8a) w/purple
S	Loop 4b (8b) w/gray
T	Loop 4b (8b) w/brown
U	Piezo 1 (5) (+) w/blue
V	Piezo 1 (5) sh w/orange
W	Piezo 2 (6) (+) w/green
X	Piezo 2 (6) sh w/red
Y	Piezo 3 (7) (+) w/black
Z	Piezo 3 (7) sh w/red/blk
a	Piezo 4 (8) (+) red/ green
b	Piezo 4 (8) sh red/yellow
d	Gnd red/black

B	Loop 1a (5a)	Connect To Electronics Unit
C	Loop 1b (5b)	
D	Loop 1b (5b)	
E	Loop 2a (6a)	
F	Loop 2a (6a)	Connect To Electronics Unit
G	Loop 2b (6b)	
H	Loop 2b (6b)	
J	Loop 3a (7a)	
K	Loop 3b (7b)	Connect To Electronics Unit
L	Loop 3b (7b)	
M	Loop 3b (7b)	
P	Loop 4a (8a)	
R	Loop 4a (8a)	Connect To Electronics Unit
S	Loop 4b (8b)	
T	Loop 4b (8b)	
d	Gnd	
U	Piezo 1 (5) (+)	Connect To Electronics Unit
V	Piezo 1 sh	
W	Piezo 2 (6) (+)	
X	Piezo 2 sh	
Y	Piezo 3 (7) (+)	Connect To Electronics Unit
Z	Piezo 3 sh	
a	Piezo 4 (8) (+)	
b	Piezo 4 sh	

CHANGED TO: Green

CHANGED TO: Data and Analytics

NOTES:

- The contractor is responsible for contacting the TMS Manager in the Transportation Statistics Office for lane number information and verification.
- The equipment cable can accommodate up to four lanes of inductive loop and piezo sensor inputs. (Reference Sheet 1 for cabinet layout)
- For more than four lanes and up to eight lanes of inputs, the following options are available:
 - A. Second Vehicle Speed/Class. Unit and separate equipment cable connecting to a second J1 receptacle; or
 - B. Single Vehicle Speed/Class. Unit capable of up to eight lanes of inputs and a single equipment cable with split ends to fit two J1 receptacles. (Reference Sheet 2 detail)
- Numbers in parenthesis in the pinout chart identify lane numbers when a second backplane for lanes 5 through 8 is required.
- Cable Ends must be fabricated to fit the vehicle Speed/Classification Unit.

LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION:
11/01/17	11/01/21

FY 2021-22
STANDARD PLANS

TRAFFIC MONITORING SITE

INDEX	SHEET
695-001	4 of 9

• Index 695 Updates Requested by the Traffic Engineering Office:

- Updated color scheme to match vendor provided color scheme

J1 Receptacle (Amphenol 28-12 Recept. with Male Pins and MS Type Clamp, or Equal.)

Aluminum Bracket for J1 Receptacle (Attach to Shelf Mounting Rail in Cabinet)

P1 Equipment Cable Plug (Amphenol 28-12 Plug with Female Pin Slots and MS Type Clamp, or Equal.)

Equipment Cables

Cabinet Cable

OPTION A

OPTION B

J1 RECEPTACLE PINOUT	
26 Recessed Male Pins	
A	Loop 1a (5a) white
B	Loop 1a (5a) black
C	Loop 1b (5b) red
D	Loop 1b (5b) black
E	Loop 2a (6a) green
F	Loop 2a (6a) blue
G	Loop 2b (6b) orange
H	Loop 2b (6b) tan
J	Loop 3a (7a) white
K	Loop 3a (7a) green
L	Loop 3b (7b) red
M	Loop 3b (7b) black
N	Gnd
P	Loop 4a (8a) w/white
R	Loop 4a (8a) w/black
S	Loop 4b (8b) w/red
T	Loop 4b (8b) w/green
U	Piezo 1 (5) (+) w/blue
V	Piezo 1 (5) sh w/orange
W	Piezo 2 (6) (+) w/green
X	Piezo 2 (6) sh w/red
Y	Piezo 3 (7) (+) w/black
Z	Piezo 3 (7) sh w/red/blk
a	Piezo 4 (8) (+) red/ green
b	Piezo 4 (8) sh red/white
d	Gnd green

J1 EQUIPMENT CABLE PLUG	
26 Female Pin Slots	
A	Loop 1a (5a)
B	Loop 1a (5a)
C	Loop 1b (5b)
D	Loop 1b (5b)
E	Loop 2a (6a)
F	Loop 2a (6a)
G	Loop 2b (6b)
H	Loop 2b (6b)
N	Gnd
J	Loop 3a (7a)
K	Loop 3b (7b)
L	Loop 3b (7b)
M	Loop 3b (7b)
P	Loop 4a (8a)
R	Loop 4a (8a)
S	Loop 4b (8b)
T	Loop 4b (8b)
d	Gnd
U	Piezo 1 (5) (+)
V	Piezo 1 sh
W	Piezo 2 (6) (+)
X	Piezo 2 sh
Y	Piezo 3 (7) (+)
Z	Piezo 3 sh
a	Piezo 4 (8) (+)
b	Piezo 4 sh

NOTES:

- The contractor is responsible for contacting the TMS Manager in the Transportation Data and Analytics Office for lane number information and verification.
- The equipment cable can accommodate up to four lanes of inductive loop and piezo sensor inputs. (Reference Sheet 1 for cabinet layout)
- For more than four lanes and up to eight lanes of inputs, the following options are available:
 - A. Second Vehicle Speed/Class. Unit and separate equipment cable connecting to a second J1 receptacle; or
 - B. Single Vehicle Speed/Class. Unit capable of up to eight lanes of inputs and a single equipment cable with split ends to fit two J1 receptacles. (Reference Sheet 2 detail)
- Numbers in parenthesis in the pinout chart identify lane numbers when a second backplane for lanes 5 through 8 is required.
- Cable Ends must be fabricated to fit the vehicle Speed/Classification Unit.

LAST REVISION
11/01/21

DESCRIPTION:

FY 2022-23
STANDARD PLANS

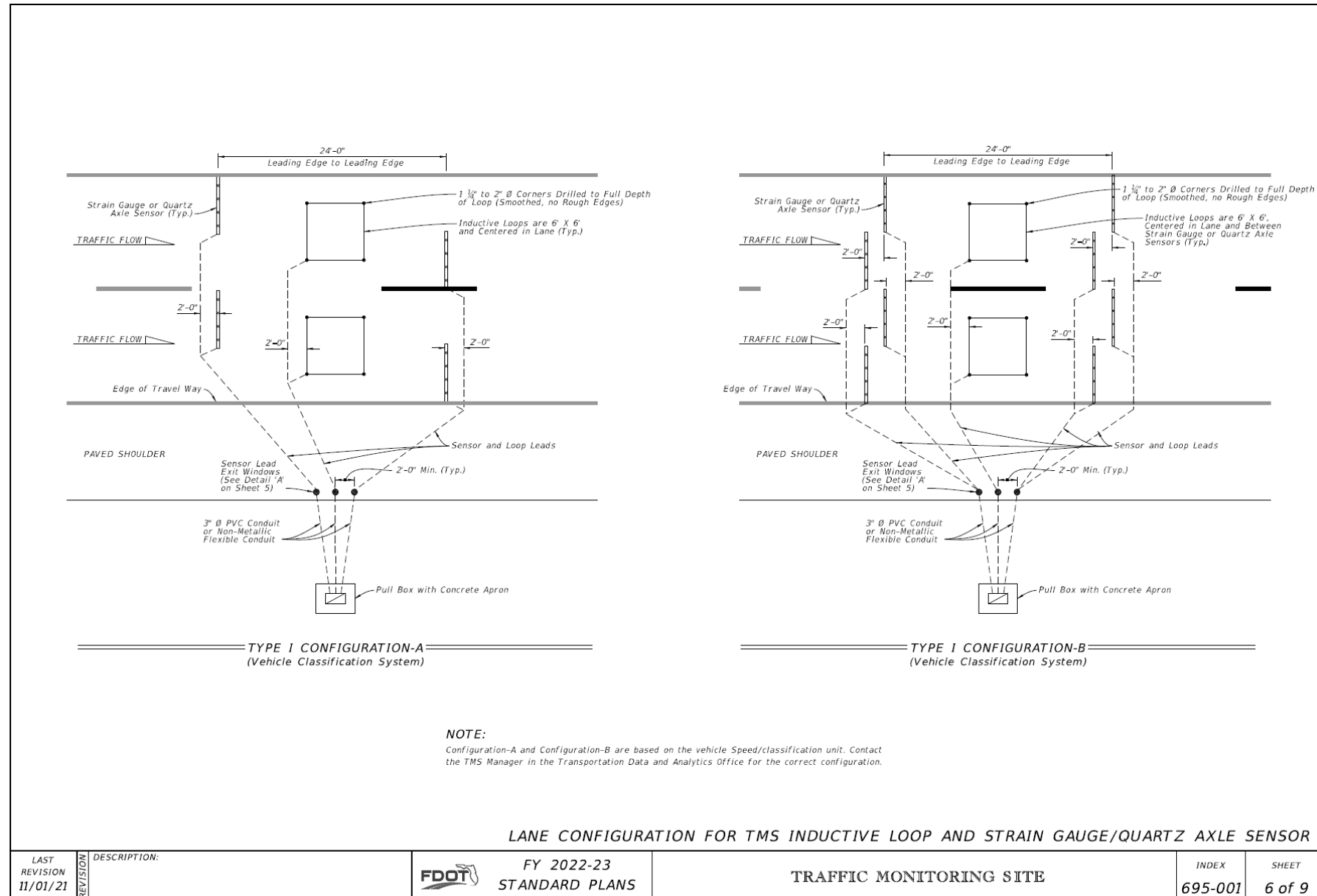
TRAFFIC MONITORING SITE

INDEX
695-001

SHEET
4 of 9

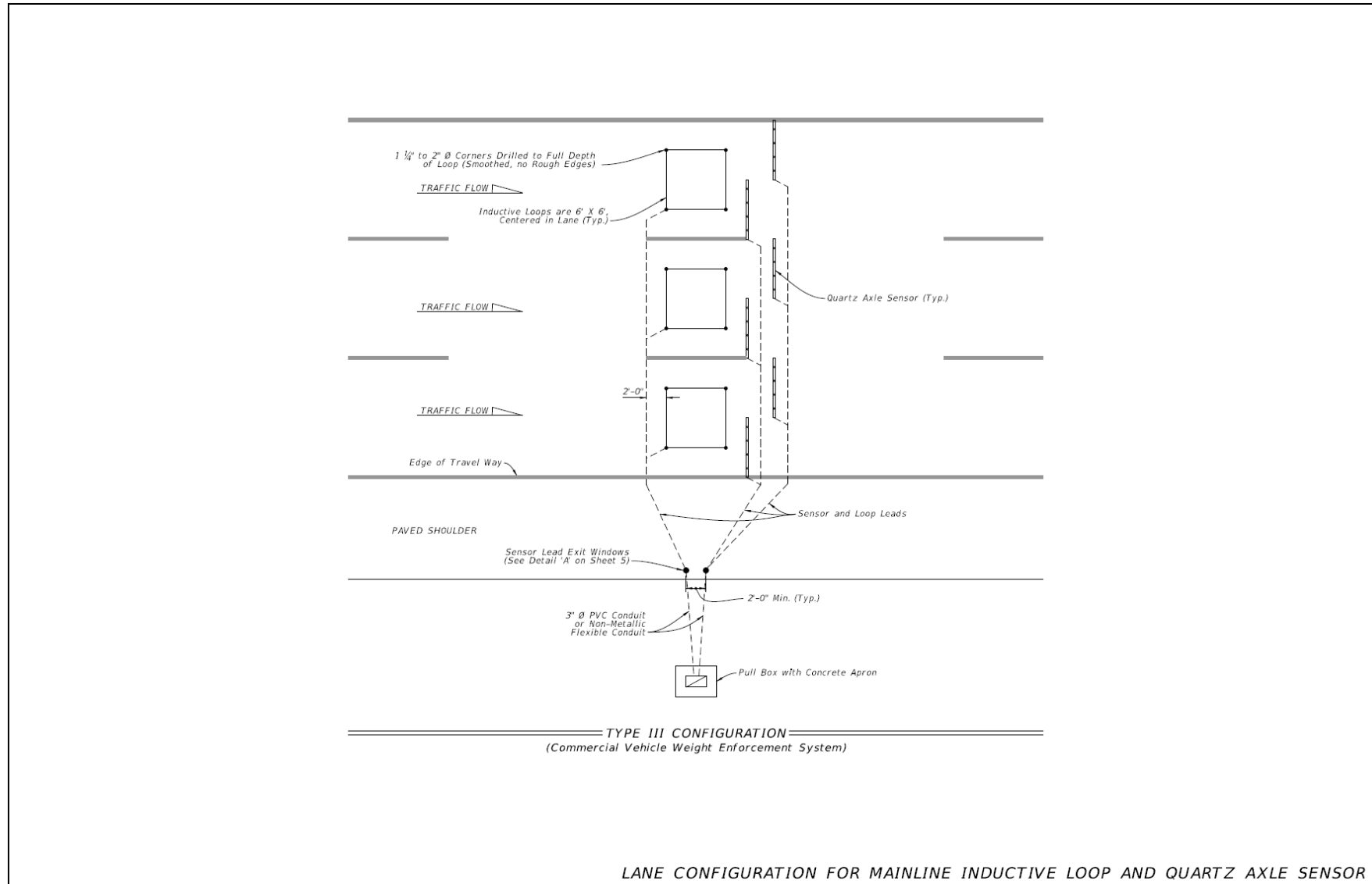
- Index 695 Updates Requested by the Traffic Engineering Office:

- New Sheet 6



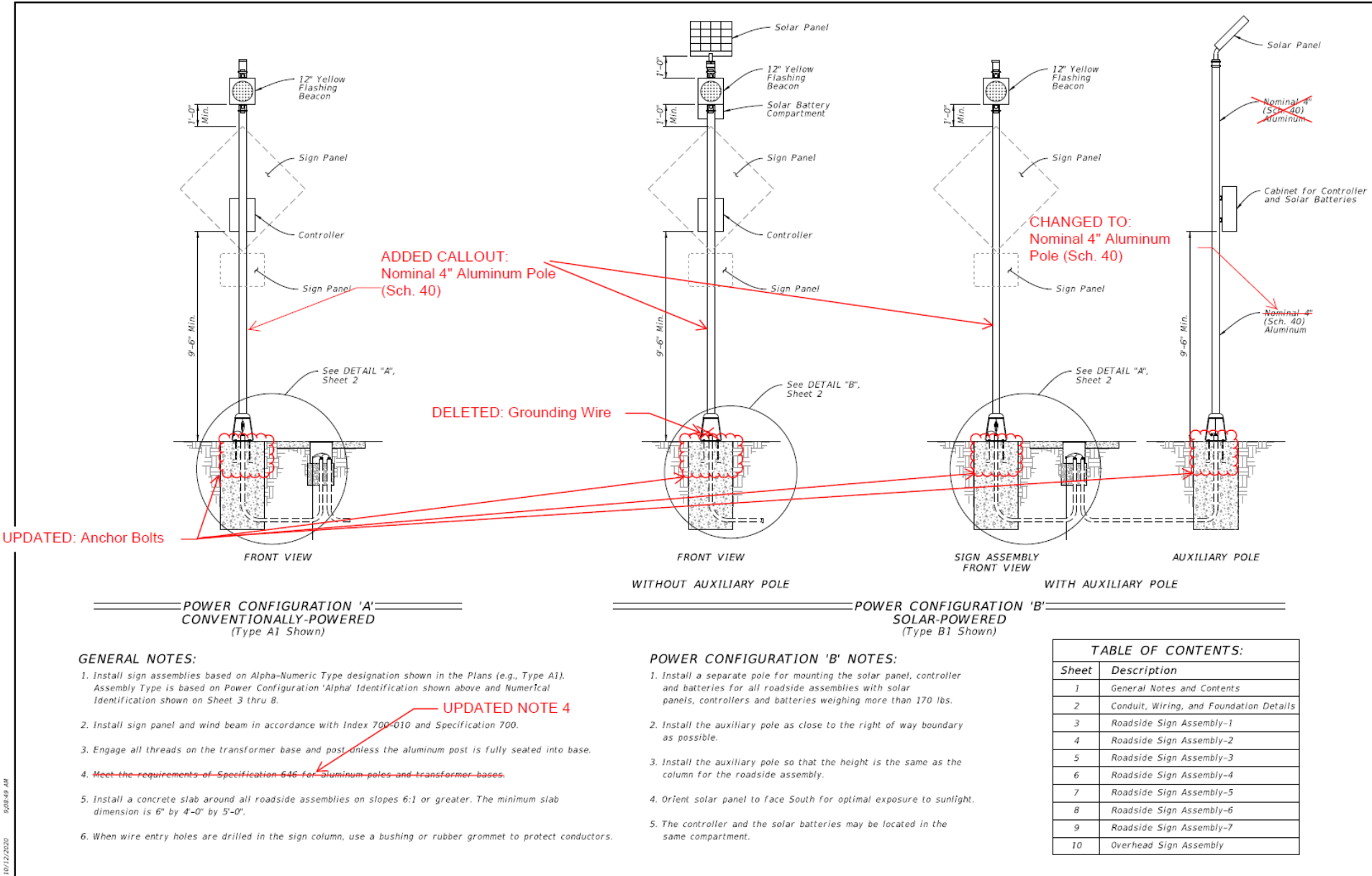
- Index 695 Updates Requested by the Traffic Engineering Office:

- New Sheet 7



LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	TRAFFIC MONITORING SITE	INDEX 695-001	SHEET 7 of 9
---------------------------	--------------	------------------------------	-------------------------	------------------	-----------------

- **Index 700-120 Updates:**
 - Updated Foundations
 - Updated Pole Callouts



UPDATED: Anchor Bolts

ADDED CALLOUT: Nominal 4" Aluminum Pole (Sch. 40)

DELETED: Grounding Wire

CHANGED TO: Nominal 4" Aluminum Pole (Sch. 40)

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Install sign assemblies based on Alpha-Numeric Type designation shown in the Plans (e.g., Type A1). Assembly Type is based on Power Configuration 'Alpha' Identification shown above and Numerical Identification shown on Sheet 3 thru 8.
2. Install sign panel and wind beam in accordance with Index 700-010 and Specification 700.
3. Engage all threads on the transformer base and post unless the aluminum post is fully seated into base.
4. **UPDATED NOTE 4**
Meet the requirements of Specification 646 for aluminum poles and transformer bases.
5. Install a concrete slab around all roadside assemblies on slopes 6:1 or greater. The minimum slab dimension is 6" by 4'-0" by 5'-0".
6. When wire entry holes are drilled in the sign column, use a bushing or rubber grommet to protect conductors.

POWER CONFIGURATION 'B' NOTES:

1. Install a separate pole for mounting the solar panel, controller and batteries for all roadside assemblies with solar panels, controllers and batteries weighing more than 170 lbs.
2. Install the auxiliary pole as close to the right of way boundary as possible.
3. Install the auxiliary pole so that the height is the same as the column for the roadside assembly.
4. Orient solar panel to face South for optimal exposure to sunlight.
5. The controller and the solar batteries may be located in the same compartment.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Sheet	Description
1	General Notes and Contents
2	Conduit, Wiring, and Foundation Details
3	Roadside Sign Assembly-1
4	Roadside Sign Assembly-2
5	Roadside Sign Assembly-3
6	Roadside Sign Assembly-4
7	Roadside Sign Assembly-5
8	Roadside Sign Assembly-6
9	Roadside Sign Assembly-7
10	Overhead Sign Assembly

10/12/2020 9:08:49 AM

Index 700-120 Updates:

- Updated Foundations
- Updated Pole Callouts
- Updated Various Notes throughout Index

ADDED CALLOUT: Nominal 4" Aluminum Pole (Sch. 40)

DELETED: Grounding Wire

CHANGED TO: Nominal 4" Aluminum Pole (Sch. 40)

UPDATED: Anchor Bolts

POWER CONFIGURATION 'A' CONVENTIONALLY-POWERED (Type A1 Shown)

POWER CONFIGURATION 'B' SOLAR-POWERED (Type B1 Shown)

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Install sign assemblies based on Alpha-Numeric Type designation shown in the Plans (e.g., Type A1). Assembly Type is based on Power Configuration 'Alpha' Identification shown above and Numerical Identification shown on Sheet 3 thru 8.
2. Install sign panel and wind beam in accordance with Index 700-010 and Specification 700.
3. Engage all threads on the transformer base and post, unless the aluminum post is fully seated into base.
4. **UPDATED NOTE 4**
~~Meet the requirements of Specification 646 for aluminum poles and transformer bases.~~
5. Install a concrete slab around all roadside assemblies on slopes 6:1 or greater. The minimum slab dimension is 6' by 4'-0" by 5'-0".
6. When wire entry holes are drilled in the sign column, use a bushing or rubber grommet to protect conductors.

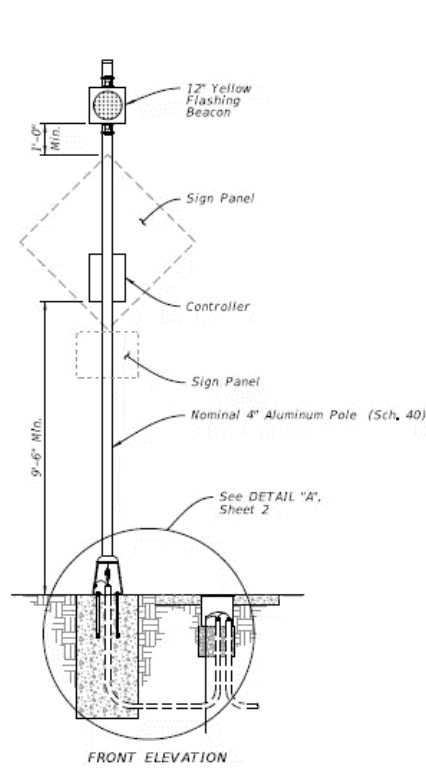
POWER CONFIGURATION 'B' NOTES:

1. Install a separate pole for mounting the solar panel, controller and batteries for all roadside assemblies with solar panels, controllers and batteries weighing more than 170 lbs.
2. Install the auxiliary pole as close to the right of way boundary as possible.
3. Install the auxiliary pole so that the height is the same as the column for the roadside assembly.
4. Orient solar panel to face South for optimal exposure to sunlight.
5. The controller and the solar batteries may be located in the same compartment.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:	
Sheet	Description
1	General Notes and Contents
2	Conduit, Wiring, and Foundation Details
3	Roadside Sign Assembly-1
4	Roadside Sign Assembly-2
5	Roadside Sign Assembly-3
6	Roadside Sign Assembly-4
7	Roadside Sign Assembly-5
8	Roadside Sign Assembly-6
9	Roadside Sign Assembly-7
10	Overhead Sign Assembly

LAST REVISION 07/01/19	DESCRIPTION: 11/01/21	FDOT FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	ENHANCED HIGHWAY SIGNING ASSEMBLIES	INDEX 700-120	SHEET 1 of 1
---------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	------------------	-----------------

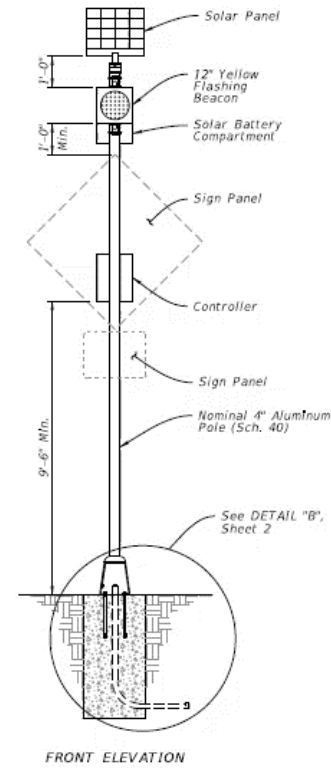
- Index 700-120 Updated:**



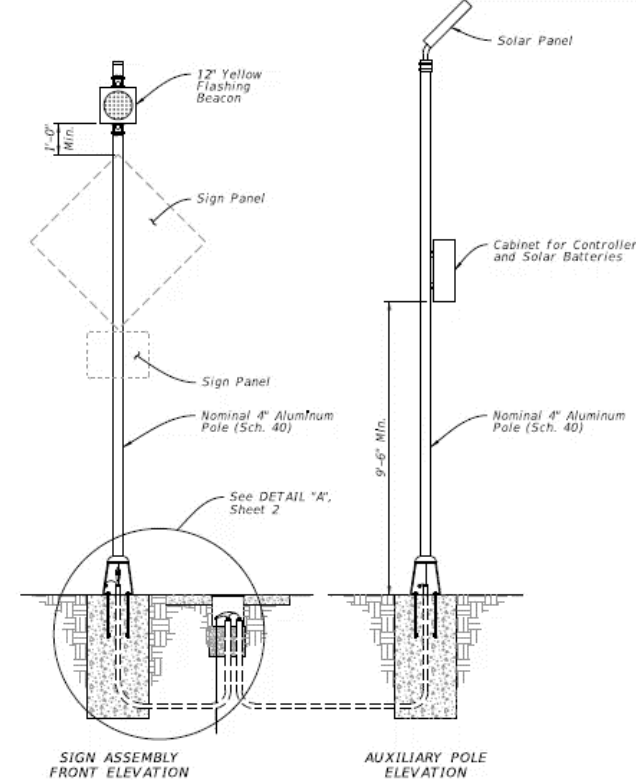
POWER CONFIGURATION 'A'
CONVENTIONALLY-POWERED
(Type A1 Shown)

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Install sign assemblies based on Alpha-Numeric Type designation shown in the Plans (e.g., Type A1). Assembly Type is based on Power Configuration 'Alpha' Identification shown above and Numerical Identification shown on Sheet 3 thru 8.
2. Install sign panel and wind beam in accordance with Index 700-010 and Specification 700.
3. Engage all threads on the transformer base and post unless the aluminum post is fully seated into base.
4. Meet the requirements of Specification 646.
5. Install a concrete slab around all roadside assemblies on slopes 6:1 or greater. The minimum slab dimension is 6' by 4'-0" by 5'-0".
6. When wire entry holes are drilled in the sign column, use a bushing or rubber grommet to protect conductors.



WITHOUT AUXILIARY POLE



POWER CONFIGURATION 'B'
SOLAR-POWERED
(Type B1 Shown)

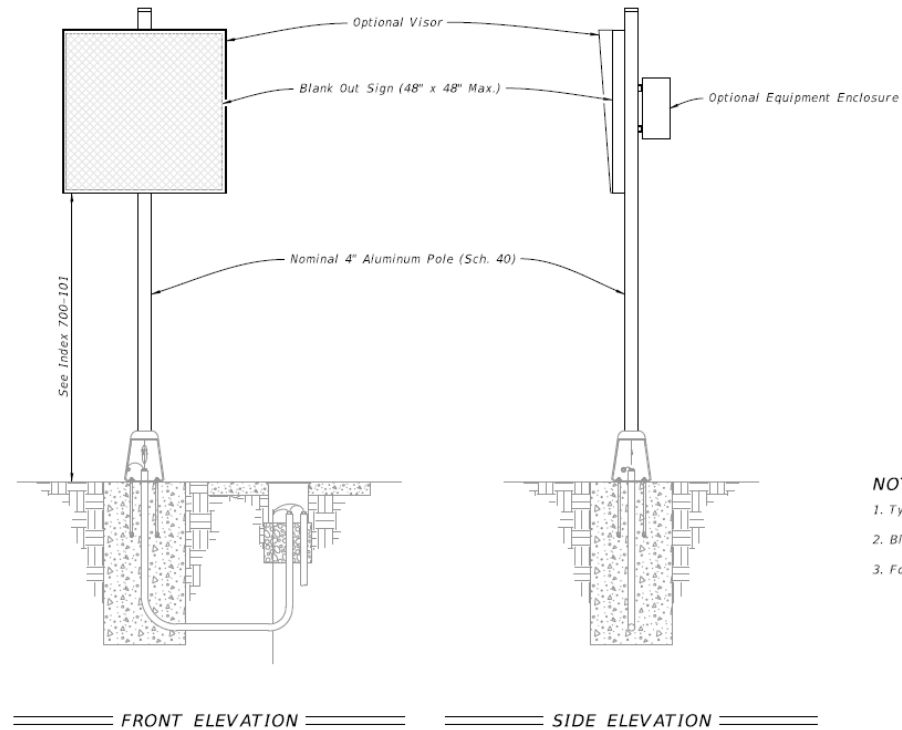
POWER CONFIGURATION 'B' NOTES:

1. Install a separate pole for mounting the solar panel, controller and batteries for all roadside assemblies with solar panels, controllers and batteries weighing more than 170 lbs.
2. Install the auxiliary pole as close to the right of way boundary as possible.
3. Install the auxiliary pole so that the height is the same as the column for the roadside assembly.
4. Orient solar panel to face South for optimal exposure to sunlight.
5. The controller and the solar batteries may be located in the same compartment.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Sheet	Description
1	General Notes and Contents
2	Conduit, Wiring, and Foundation Details
3	Roadside Sign Assembly-1
4	Roadside Sign Assembly-2
5	Roadside Sign Assembly-3
6	Roadside Sign Assembly-4
7	Roadside Sign Assembly-5
8	Roadside Sign Assembly-6
9	Roadside Sign Assembly-7
10	Roadside Sign Assembly-8
11	Overhead Sign Assembly

- **Index 700-120**
- **Updates**
- **New Sheet 10**



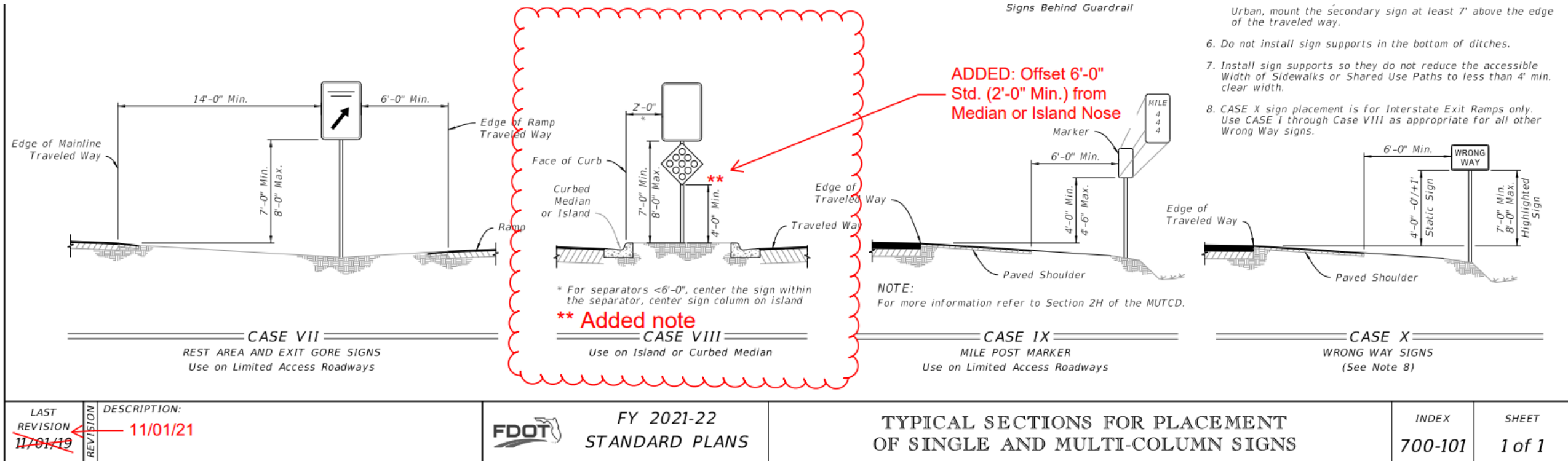
- NOTES:**
1. Type A1 Assembly (conventionally-powered) is shown.
 2. Blank Out Sign visors are optional.
 3. Foundation reinforcement not shown.

10/27/2021 10:09:52 AM

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:		FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	ENHANCED HIGHWAY SIGNING ASSEMBLIES	INDEX 700-120	SHEET 10 of 11
----------------------------------	---------------------	--	-------------------------------------	--	-------------------------	--------------------------

- Index 700-101 Updates

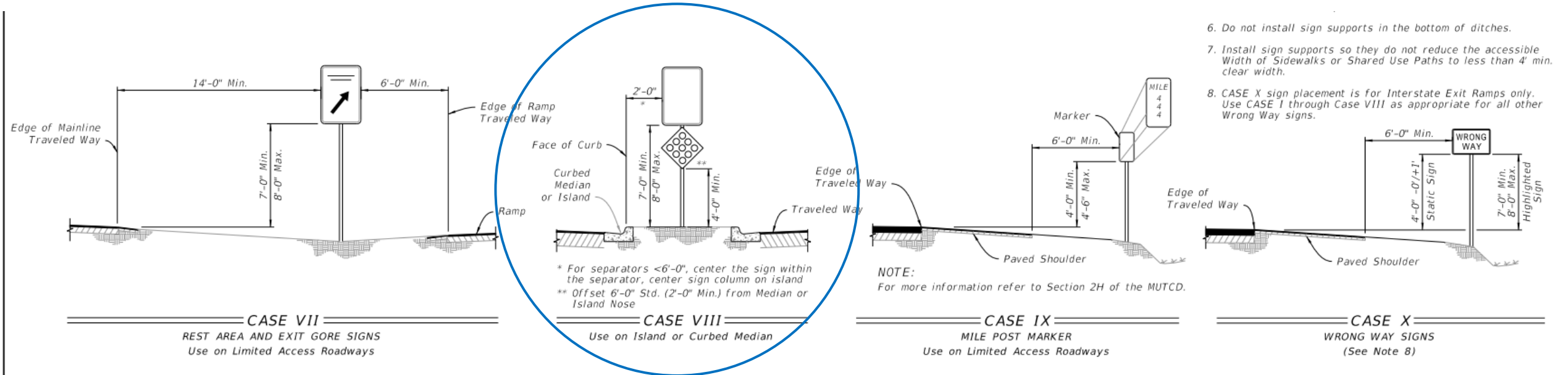
- Added Median or Island Nose Offset Callout to Case VIII



LAST REVISION	REVISION	DESCRIPTION:
11/01/19		
		11/01/21

- **Index 700-101 Updated**

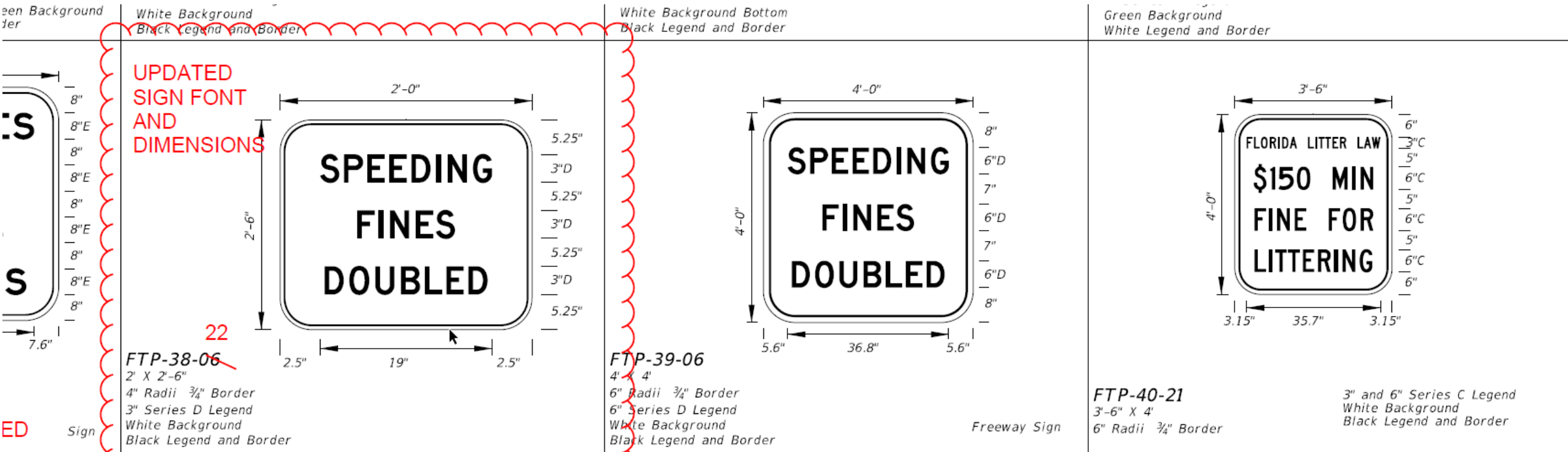
- Added Median or Island Nose Offset Callout to Case VIII



LAST REVISION 11/01/21	REVISION DESCRIPTION:	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR PLACEMENT OF SINGLE AND MULTI-COLUMN SIGNS	INDEX 700-101	SHEET 1 of 1
---------------------------	-----------------------	------------------------------	--	------------------	-----------------

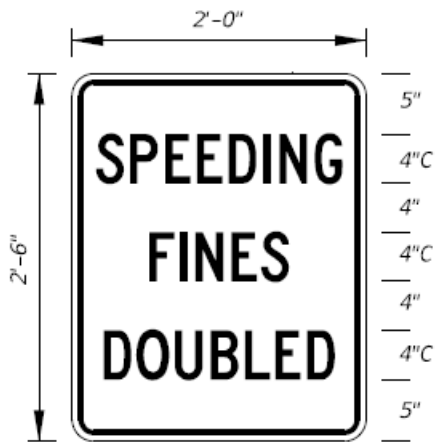
- Index 700-102 Updates

- Updated the Speeding Fines Doubled sign font, dimensions and number

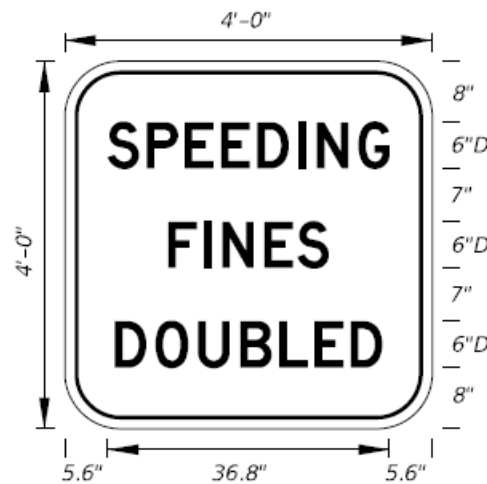


- **Index 700-102 Updates**

- Updated the Speeding Fines Doubled sign font, dimensions and number



FTP-38-22
 2' X 2'-6"
 1.5" Radii 1/2" Border
 4" Series C Legend 80% Spacing
 White Background
 Black Legend and Border



FTP-39-06
 4' X 4'
 6" Radii 3/4" Border
 6" Series D Legend
 White Background
 Black Legend and Border

Freeway Sign



FTP-40-21
 3'-6" X 4'
 6" Radii 3/4" Border

3" and 6" Series C Legend
 White Background
 Black Legend and Border

Index 700-102 Sheet 10 Updates

<p>16'-6" (total width) 8'-6" (total height) 16.7" (left margin) 164.6" (display width) 16.7" (right margin)</p> <p>FTP-89-21 16'-6" X 8'-6" 12" Radii 2" Border</p> <p>Series D Legend Series EM Legend Blue Background White Legend and Border</p>	<p>ADDED: FTP-90-22 AND FTP-91-22</p> <p>SHIFTED</p> <p>18.65" (total height) 6"C (top margin) 5" (text height) 6"C (text height) 5" (text height) 6"C (text height) 18.65" (total height)</p> <p>MOT-1-06 4' X 4' 2" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>6" Series C Legend Orange Background Black Legend and Border</p>	<p>4'-0" (width) 18.65" (total height) 6"C (top margin) 5" (text height) 6"C (text height) 5" (text height) 6"C (text height) 18.65" (total height)</p> <p>UPDATED SIGN FONT AND DIMENSIONS</p> <p>MOT-4-06 4' X 4' 2" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>6" Series C Legend Orange Background Black Legend and Border</p>	<p>4'-0" (width) 19.15" (total height) 6"C (top margin) 4.5" (text height) 6"C (text height) 4.5" (text height) 6"C (text height) 19.15" (total height)</p> <p>UPDATED SIGN FONT AND DIMENSIONS</p> <p>MOT-5-06 4' X 4' 2" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>6" Series C Legend Orange Background Black Legend and Border</p>
<p>SHIFTED</p> <p>5'-0" (width) 27.6" (total height) 6"D (top margin) 4.5" (text height) 6"D (text height) 4.5" (text height) 6"D (text height) 27.6" (total height)</p> <p>UPDATED SIGN FONT AND DIMENSIONS</p> <p>MOT-6-06 5' X 5' 2" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>6" Series D Legend Orange Background Black Legend and Border</p>	<p>5'-0" (width) 22.4" (total height) 6"D (top margin) 4.5" (text height) 6"D (text height) 4.5" (text height) 6"D (text height) 22.4" (total height)</p> <p>UPDATED SIGN FONT AND DIMENSIONS</p> <p>MOT-7-06 5' X 5' 2" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>6" Series D Legend Orange Background Black Legend and Border</p>	<p>MOVED TO SHEET 11</p> <p>5'-0" (width) 22.4" (total height) 6"D (top margin) 4.5" (text height) 6"D (text height) 4.5" (text height) 6"D (text height) 22.4" (total height)</p> <p>UPDATED SIGN FONT AND DIMENSIONS</p> <p>MOT-8-06 5' X 5' 2" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>6" Series D Legend Orange Background Black Legend and Border</p>	<p>5'-0" (width) 23.1" (total height) 6"D (top margin) 4" (text height) 6"D (text height) 4" (text height) 6"D (text height) 23.1" (total height)</p> <p>UPDATED SIGN FONT AND DIMENSIONS</p> <p>MOT-9-06 5' X 5' 2" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>6" Series D Legend Orange Background Black Legend and Border</p>

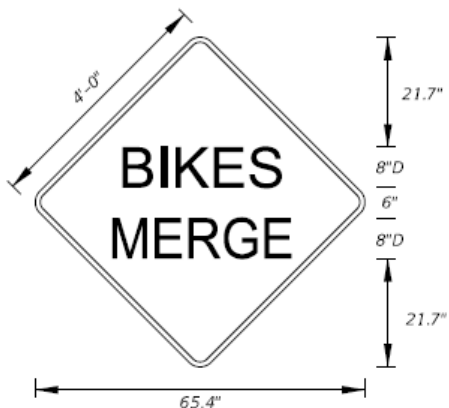
LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION:
11/01/20	11/01/21

• **Index 700-102 Sheet 10 Updated**

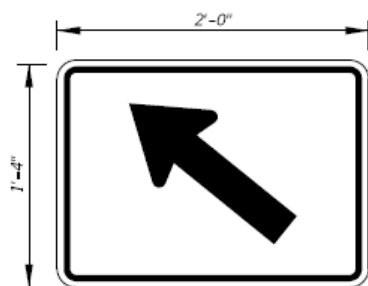
<p>FTP-89-21 16'-6" X 8'-6" 12" Radii 2" Border</p> <p>Series D Legend Series EM Legend Blue Background White Legend and Border</p>	<p>FTP-90-22 3'-0" X 3'-0" 1.5" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>3" Series C Legend and 5" Series D Legend White Background Black Legend and Border</p>	<p>FTP-91-22 3'-0" X 3'-0" 1.5" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>3" Series C Legend and 5" Series D Legend White Background Black Legend and Border</p>	<p>MOT-1-22 4' X 4' 3" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>8" Series C Legend Orange Background Black Legend and Border</p>
<p>MOT-4-22 4' X 4' 3" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>8" Series C Legend Orange Background Black Legend and Border</p>	<p>MOT-5-22 4' X 4' 3" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>7" Series C Legend Orange Background Black Legend and Border</p>	<p>MOT-6-22 5' X 5' 3" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>8" Series D Legend Orange Background Black Legend and Border</p>	<p>MOT-7-22 5' X 5' 3" Radii 3/4" Border</p> <p>7" Series D Legend Orange Background Black Legend and Border</p>

LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION:
11/01/21	

- **Index 700-102 Sheet 12 Updated**
 - Added MOT-26A-22 and MOT-26B-22



MOT-26A-22
4' X 4'
3" Radii 1/4" Border
8" Series D Legend
Orange Background
Black Legend and Border



MOT-26B-22
2'-0" X 1'-4"
1.5" Radii 5/8" Border
Orange Background
Black Legend and Border

9/22/2021 2:59:26 PM

LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION:
11/01/21	



FY 2022-23
STANDARD PLANS

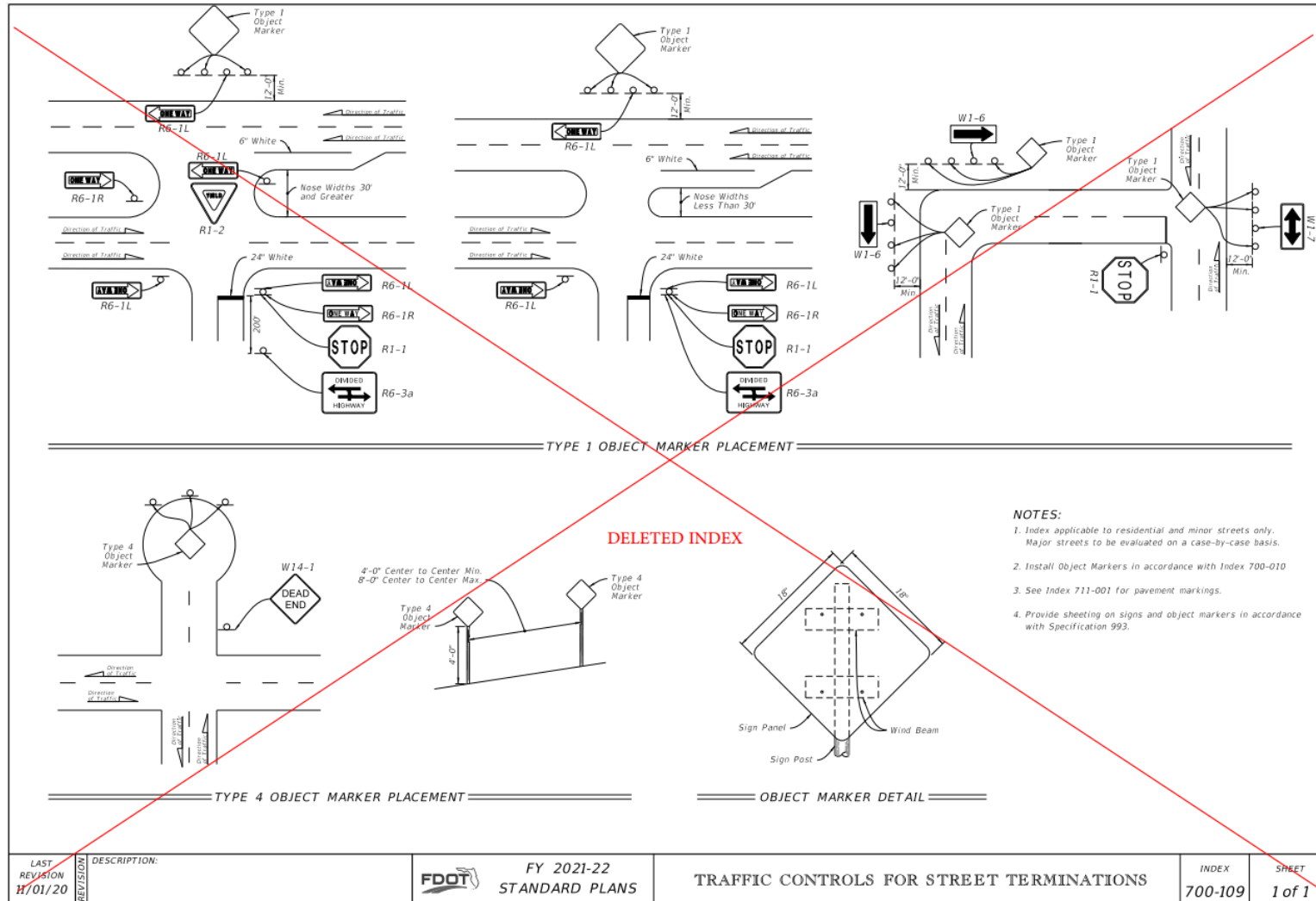
SPECIAL SIGN DETAILS

INDEX
700-102

SHEET
12 of 12

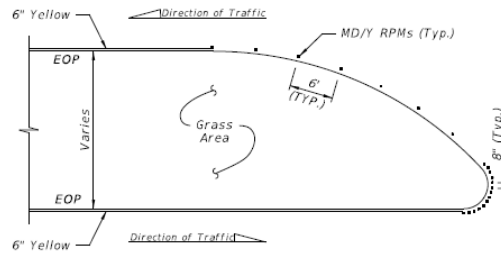
- DELETED Index 700-109 Updates**

- Deleted Index as Most Information is in FDM 230

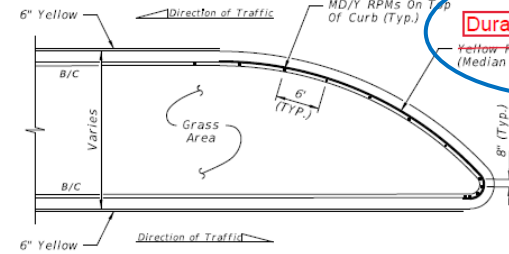


- Index 706-001 Updates

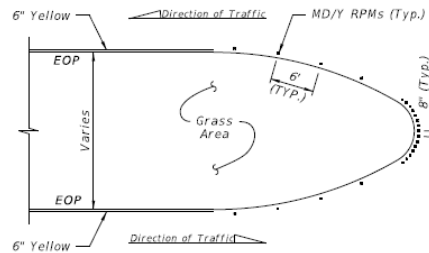
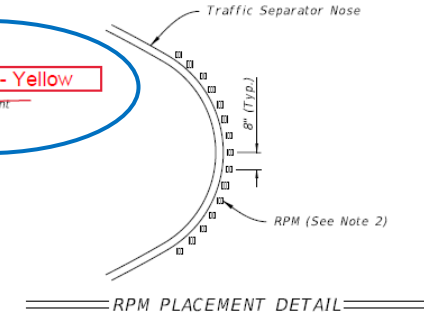
- Yellow Reflective Paint replaced w/ Durable Paint – Yellow
- New Notes 3 & 4



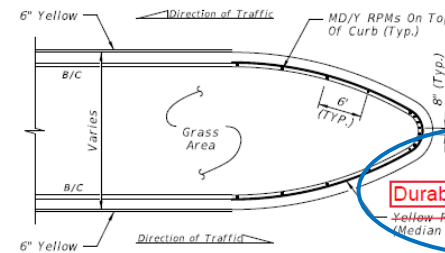
DETAIL "A"



DETAIL "D"



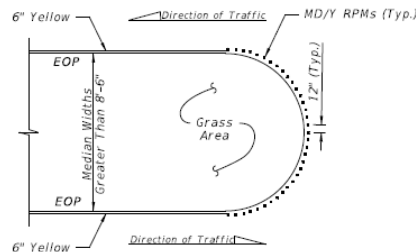
DETAIL "B"



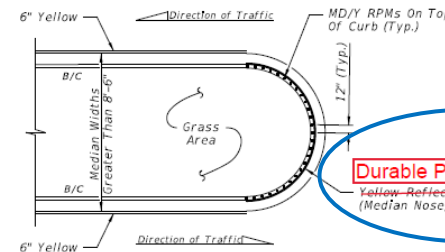
DETAIL "E"

POSTED SPEED LIMIT MPH	"Y" FEET
30 OR LESS	10
35	20
40	20
45	30
50 OR MORE	40

LEGEND:
 B/C = BACK OF CURB
 EOP = EDGE OF PAVEMENT
 RPM = RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER
 W/R = WHITE/RED RPM
 Y/Y = YELLOW/YELLOW RPM
 Y/R = YELLOW/RED RPM
 MD/Y = MONO-DIRECTIONAL YELLOW RPM



DETAIL "C"



DETAIL "F"

- NOTES:**
- For Type "E" Curb, Install RPMs along the pavement edge marking using the same spacing shown.
 - Orient traffic faces of RPMs to curb median radii to be parallel to direction of travel lanes.

3. Use epoxy adhesive to install RPMs on concrete median nose curbs.

4. Install RPMs on clean unpainted surfaces. Do not paint curb surface where RPMs will be placed.

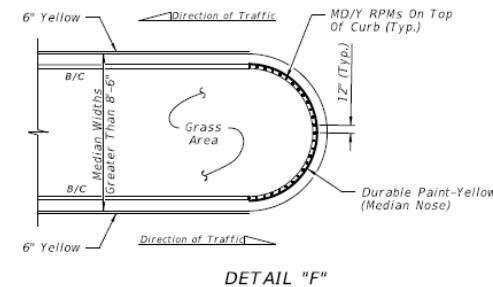
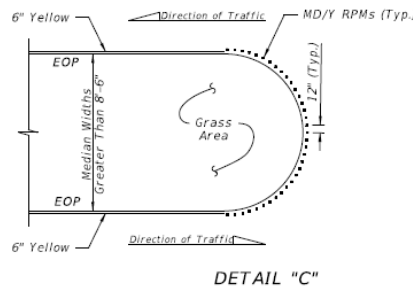
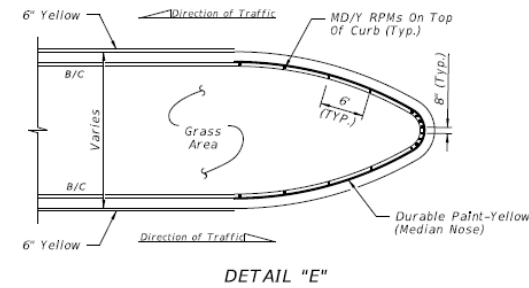
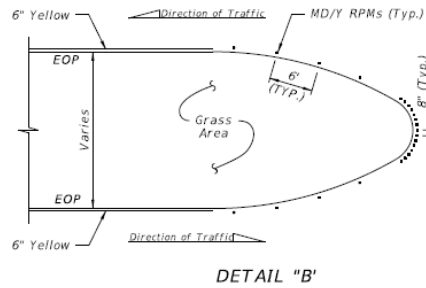
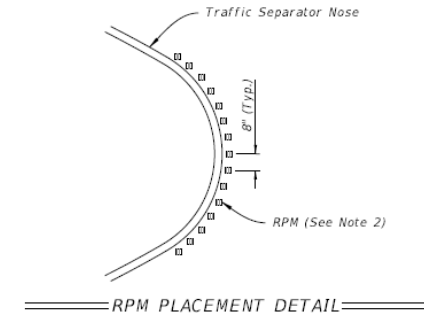
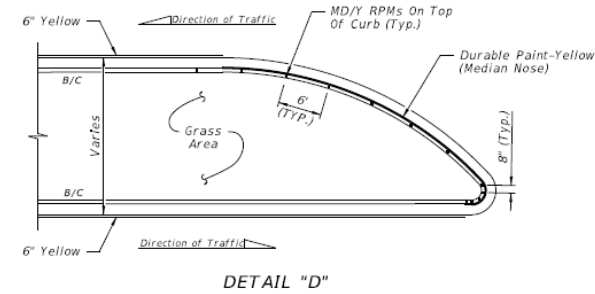
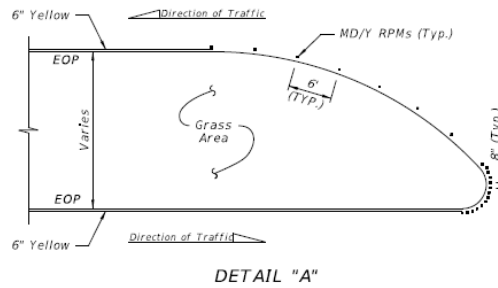
FLUSH MEDIAN OPENINGS

TYPE "D" OR "F" CURB

RPM PLACEMENT AT MEDIAN OPENINGS
 (When called for in the Plans)

LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION:
11/01/19	
11/01/21	

- **Index 706-001 Updates**
 - Updated Sheet 3



FLUSH MEDIAN OPENINGS

TYPE "D" OR "F" CURB

RPM PLACEMENT AT MEDIAN OPENINGS
(When called for in the Plans)

POSTED SPEED LIMIT MPH	"Y" FEET
30 OR LESS	10
35	20
40	20
45	30
50 OR MORE	40

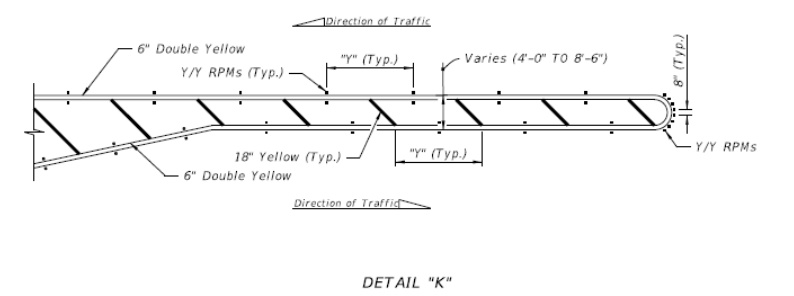
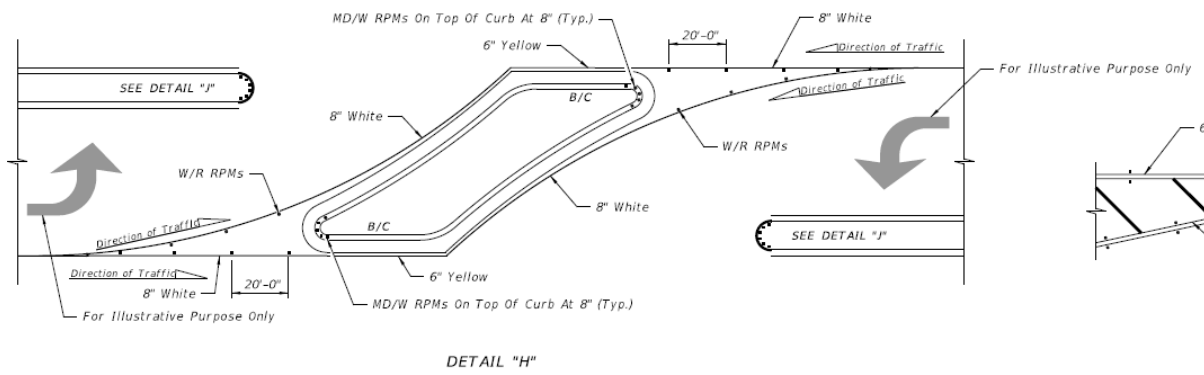
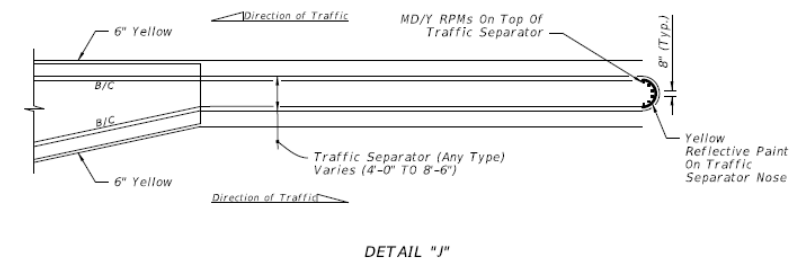
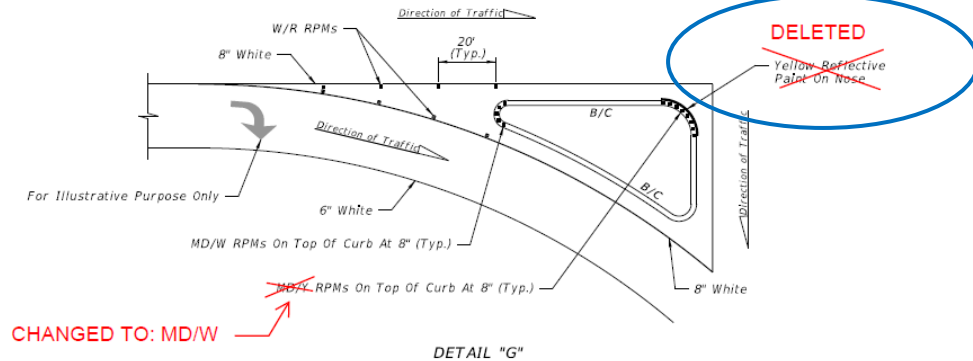
LEGEND:

- B/C = BACK OF CURB
- EOP = EDGE OF PAVEMENT
- RPM = RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER
- W/R = WHITE/RED RPM
- Y/Y = YELLOW/YELLOW RPM
- Y/R = YELLOW/RED RPM
- MD/Y = MONO-DIRECTIONAL YELLOW RPM

NOTES:

1. For Type "E" Curb, install RPMs along the pavement edge marking using the same spacing shown.
2. Orient traffic faces of RPMs in curb median radii to be parallel to direction of travel lanes.
3. Use epoxy adhesive to install RPMs on concrete median nose curbs.
4. Install RPMs on clean, unpainted surface. Do not paint curb surface where RPMs will be placed.

- **Index 706-001 Updates**
 - No yellow paint or yellow RPMs on nose of curb



RPM PLACEMENT AT ISLANDS
(When called for in the Plans)

RPM PLACEMENT AT TRAFFIC SEPARATORS
(When called for in the Plans)

POSTED SPEED LIMIT MPH	"y" FEET
30 OR LESS	10
35	20
40	20
45	30
50 OR MORE	40

- NOTES:**
1. For Type "E" Curb install RPMs along the pavement edge marking using the same spacing shown.
 2. Orient traffic faces of RPMs in median radii to be parallel to direction of travel lanes.

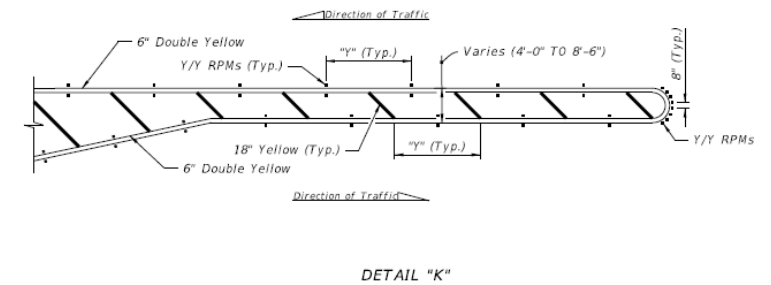
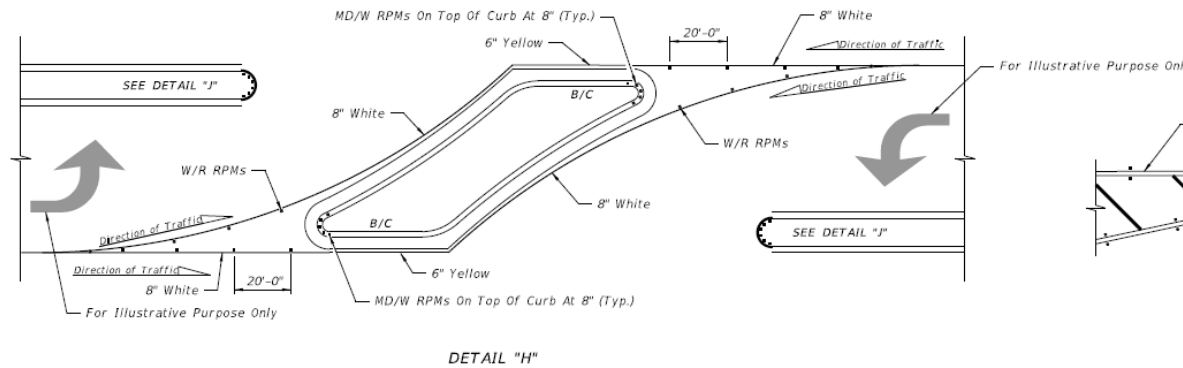
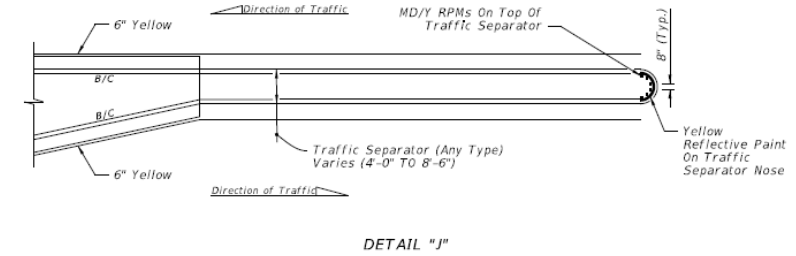
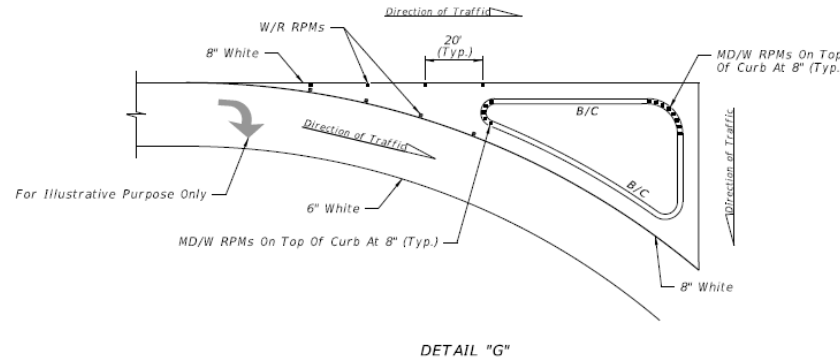
- LEGEND:**
- B/C = BACK OF CURB
 - EOP = EDGE OF PAVEMENT
 - RPM = RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER
 - W/R = WHITE/RED RPM
 - Y/Y = YELLOW/YELLOW RPM
 - Y/R = YELLOW/RED RPM
 - MD/Y = MONO-DIRECTIONAL YELLOW RPM
 - MD/W = MONO-DIRECTIONAL WHITE RPM

10/12/2020 9:09:37 AM

LAST REVISION	REVISION	DESCRIPTION:
11/01/18		
	11/01/21	

- Index 706-001 Updates

- Updated Sheet 4



RPM PLACEMENT AT ISLANDS
(When called for in the Plans)

RPM PLACEMENT AT TRAFFIC SEPARATORS
(When called for in the Plans)

POSTED SPEED LIMIT MPH	"y" FEET
30 OR LESS	10
35	20
40	20
45	30
50 OR MORE	40

NOTES:

- For Type "E" Curb install RPMs along the pavement edge marking using the same spacing shown.
- Orient traffic faces of RPMs in median radii to be parallel to direction of travel lanes.

LEGEND:

- B/C = BACK OF CURB
- EOP = EDGE OF PAVEMENT
- RPM = RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER
- W/R = WHITE/RED RPM
- Y/Y = YELLOW/YELLOW RPM
- Y/R = YELLOW/RED RPM
- MD/Y = MONO-DIRECTIONAL YELLOW RPM
- MD/W = MONO-DIRECTIONAL WHITE RPM

- **Index 711-001 Updates**
 - Added Pavement Warning Marking Detail
 - Updated Notes

NOTES FOR PAVEMENT MESSAGES:

- When an arrow or another pavement message is used with a pavement message, maintain a minimum distance of "S" between items, measured from the base of each item. See the Pavement Message Spacing Table for "S" value.
- Place all pavement messages 25' back from the stop line.
- Dimensions are within 1" ±.
- All grids are 4' x 4'.
- All pavement messages must be white except route shields.
- Increase width of characters for routes with three digits.

DELETED

CHANGED NOTE:
All pavement messages must be white except Route Shields and In Pavement Warning Markings.

RENUMBERED

Posted Speed (mph)	Distance "S" (feet)
≤ 25	40
30 - 35	56
40 - 45	72
≥ 50	88

- Index 711-001**
Updated Sheet 1

Text Signs:

- MERGE ONLY:** 34 S.F. (8'-8" x 8'-0")
- LANE TURN:** 23 S.F. (6'-10" x 8'-0")
- LEFT RIGHT:** 20 S.F. (6'-10" x 8'-0")
- 25 MPH:** 13 S.F. (3'-2" x 8'-0")
- SUN PASS:** 20 S.F. (5'-0" x 8'-0")
- STOP BUS:** 20 S.F. (5'-0" x 8'-0")
- EXPRESS:** 43 S.F. (10'-10" x 8'-0")

Route Shields:

- Route Shield for Limited Access Roadways (Interstate Route Shield):** 128 S.F. (8' x 10'-8")
- Route Shield for Arterials and Collectors (Interstate Route Shield):** 72 S.F. (6' x 10'-8")
- In Pavement Warning Marking:** 45 S.F. (7' x 6'-4")

Arrows:

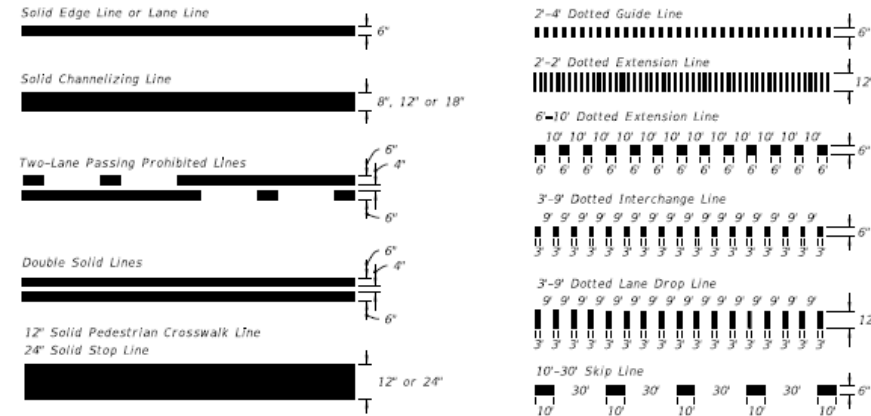
- Wrong-Way Arrow:** 24 S.F. (2'-6" x 23'-6")
- Turn and Through Lane-Use Arrow:** 29 S.F. (6'-4" x 12'-9")
- U Turn Lane-Use Arrow:** 27 S.F. (3'-4" x 7'-9")
- Through Lane-Use Arrow:** 12 S.F. (3'-4" x 9'-6")
- Turn Lane-Use Arrow (Left Turn Shown - Right Turn Similar):** 17 S.F. (3'-4" x 8'-0")
- Roundabout Approach Arrow:** 19 S.F. (3'-4" x 15'-9")
- Preferential Lane Symbol:** 11 S.F. (6' x 13')

- PAVEMENT MESSAGES NOTES:**
- Place all pavement messages 25' back from the stop line.
 - Dimensions are within 1" ±.
 - All grids are 4" x 4".
 - All pavement messages must be white except Route Shields and In Pavement Warning Markings.
 - Increase width of route shield for routes with three digits.

PAVEMENT MESSAGE AND ARROW DETAILS

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	PAVEMENT MARKINGS	INDEX 711-001	SHEET 1 of 13
---------------------------	--------------	------------------------------	-------------------	------------------	------------------

- **Index 711-001 Updates**
 - Added Markings for Merge Detail



MOVED MARKINGS FOR
 MERGE FROM SHEET 9

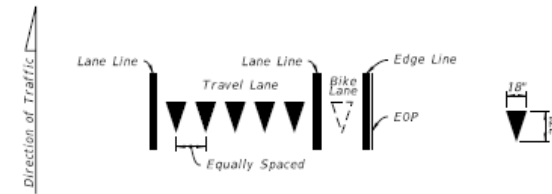
===== PAVEMENT MARKING LINES =====



===== 10'-30' SKIP LINE WITH SHADOW MARKINGS =====



===== DOTTED LINE WITH ALTERNATING SHADOW MARKINGS =====
(3-9' Dotted Line Shown, Other Dotted Lines Similar)



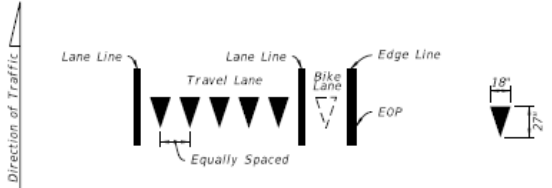
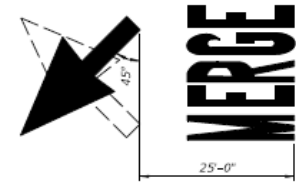
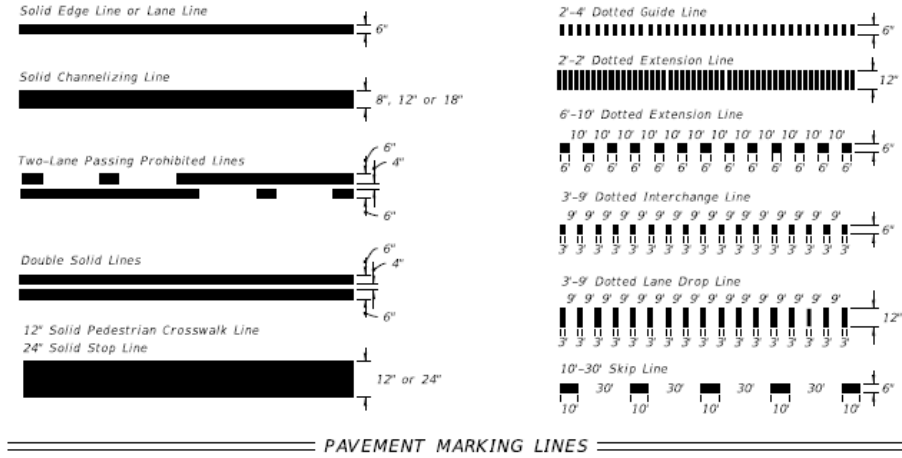
Yield Lines consist of five - 18" X 24" white triangles which face traffic. Equally space triangles within traffic lane. When a bike lane is present, add one additional triangle in the center of the bike lane.

===== YIELD LINES =====

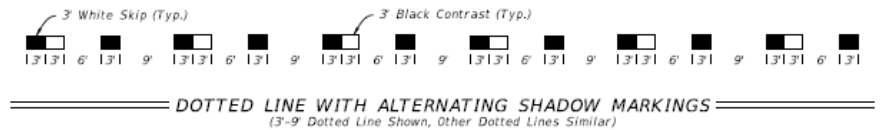
LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION
02/05/21	Added railroad pavement marking details.
	11/01/21

Renumbered

- Index 711-001
Updated Sheet 2**



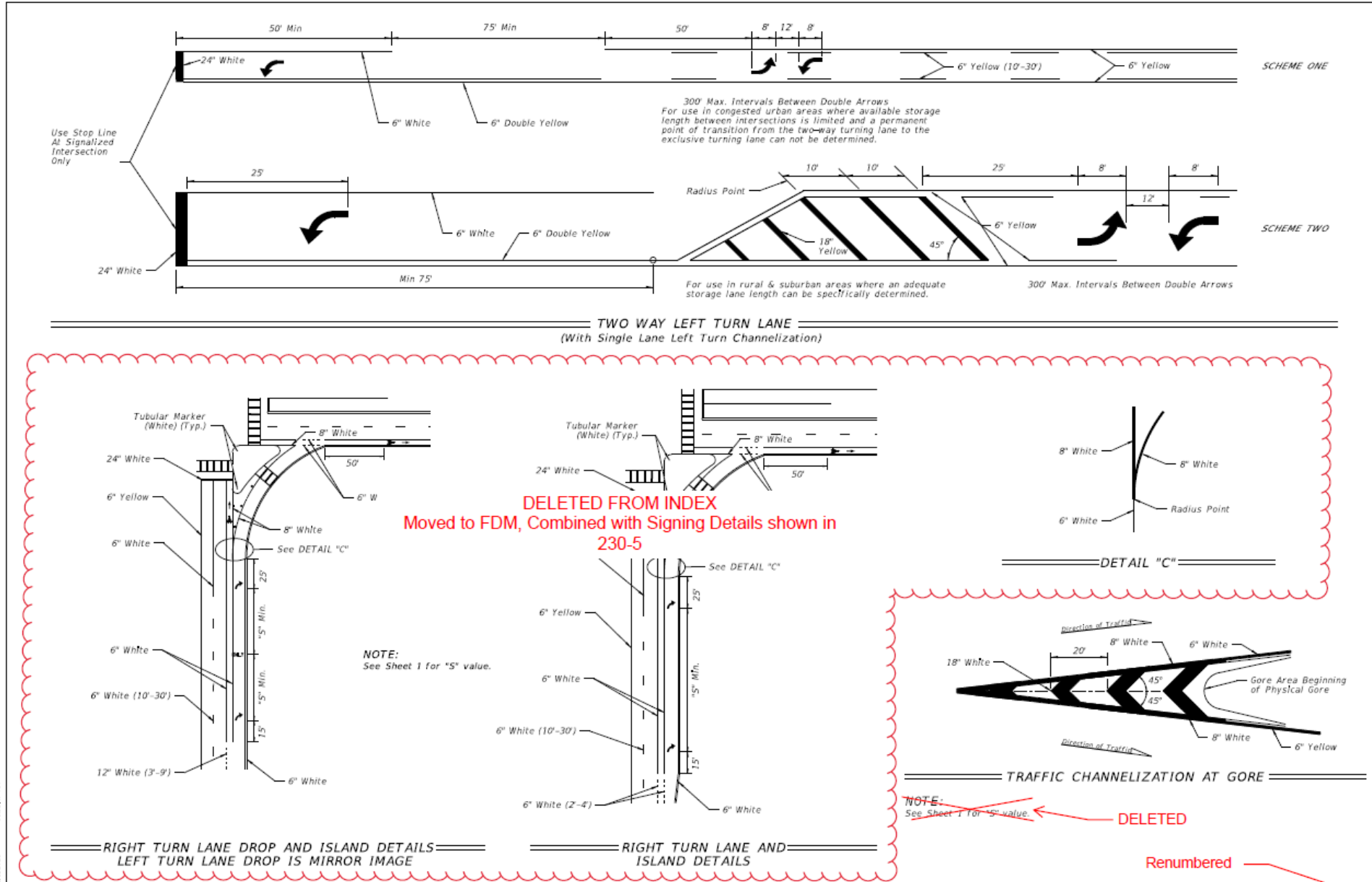
Yield Lines consist of five - 18" X 27" white triangles which face traffic. Equally space triangles within traffic lane. When a bike lane is present, add one additional triangle in the center of the bike lane.



PROCESSED

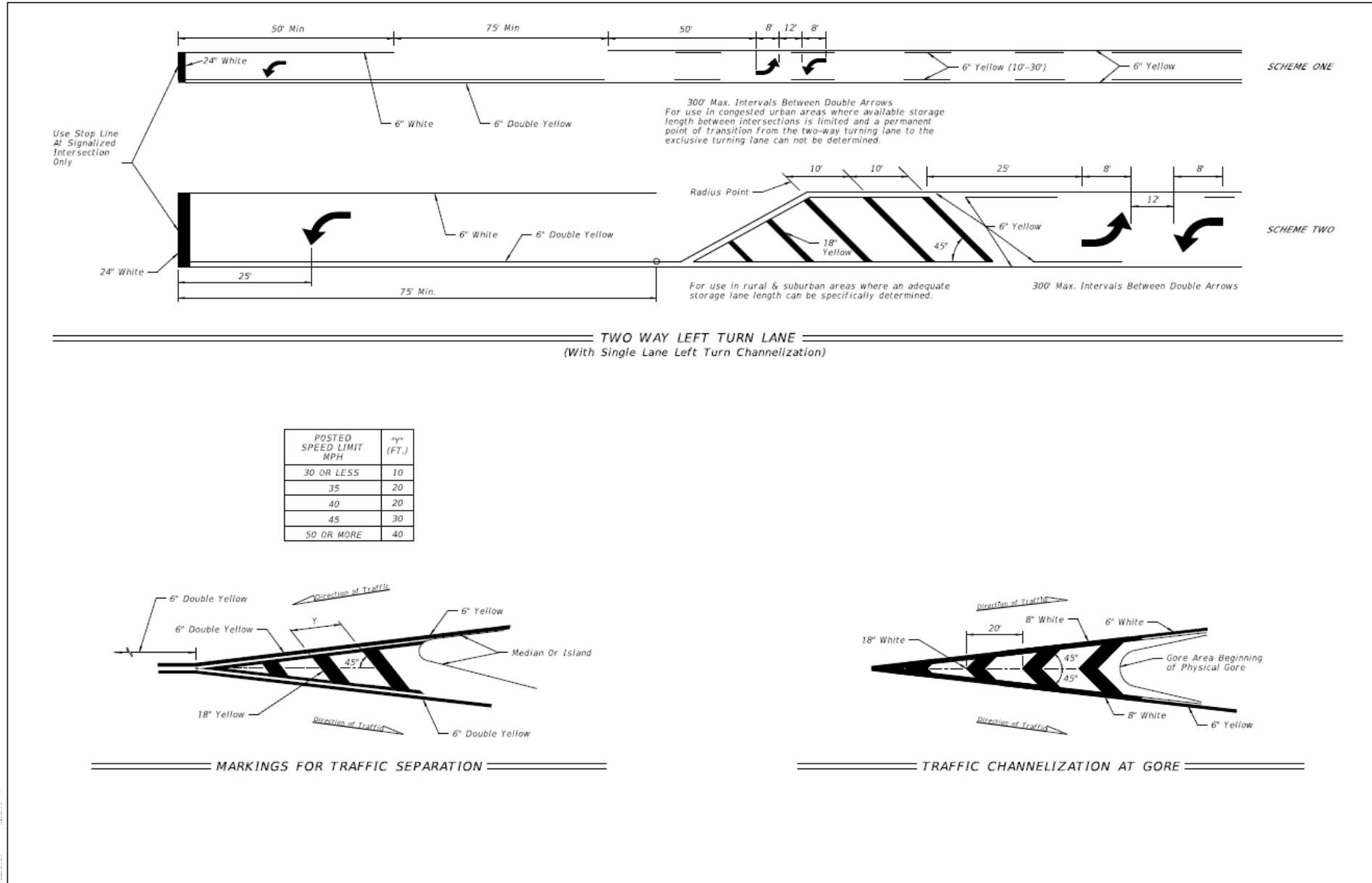
- **Index 711-001 Updates**

- Deleted Right Turn Lane Details
- Deleted Traffic Channelization at Gore Note

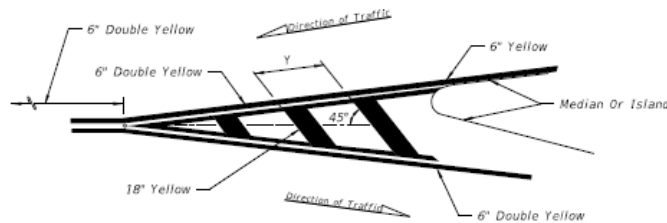


LAST REVISION 02/05/21	DESCRIPTION: Added railroad pavement marking details. 11/01/21	FDOT FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	PAVEMENT MARKINGS	INDEX 711-001	SHEET 13 8 of 14
--------------------------------------	--	--------------------------------------	-------------------	------------------	--------------------------------

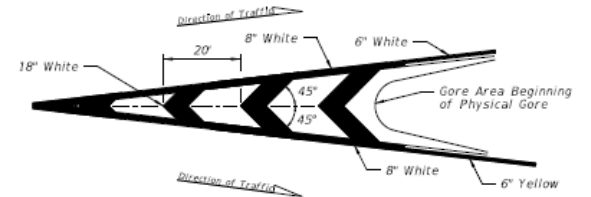
- Index 711-001 Updated Sheet 8



POSTED SPEED LIMIT MPH	W ^a (FT.)
30 OR LESS	10
35	20
40	20
45	30
50 OR MORE	40

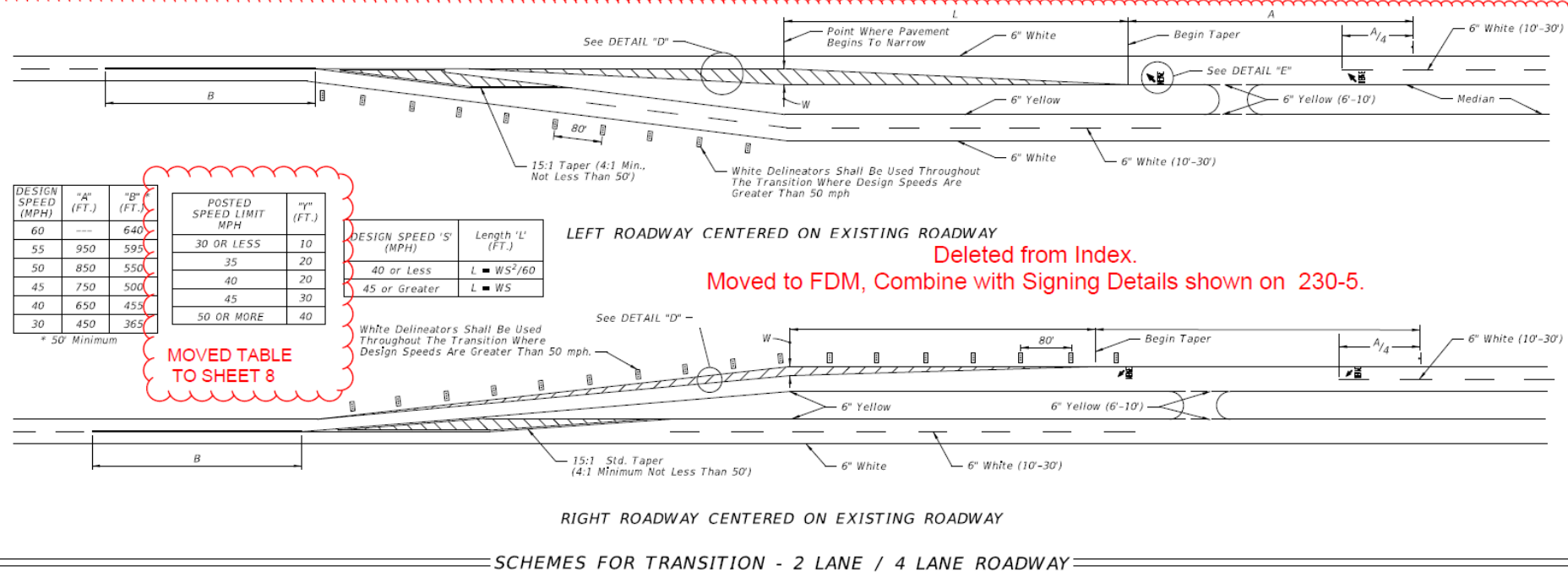


MARKINGS FOR TRAFFIC SEPARATION



TRAFFIC CHANNELIZATION AT GORE

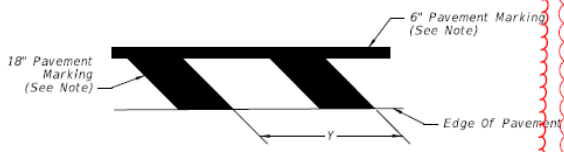
- Index 711-001 Deleted Sheet 9



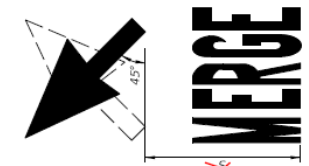
Deleted from Index.
Moved to FDM, Combine with Signing Details shown on 230-5.

MOVED TABLE TO SHEET 8

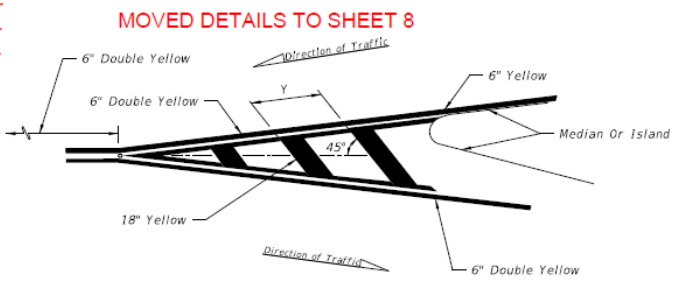
DELETED FROM INDEX
Moved to FDM, Combined with Signing Details shown in 230-5



NOTE:
Make pavement markings yellow for left roadway centered on existing roadway. Right roadway centered on existing roadway is similar with white pavement markings.



~~NOTE: See Sheet 1 for 'S' values.~~



MOVED DETAILS TO SHEET 2

MOVED DETAILS TO SHEET 8

CHANGED TO: 25'

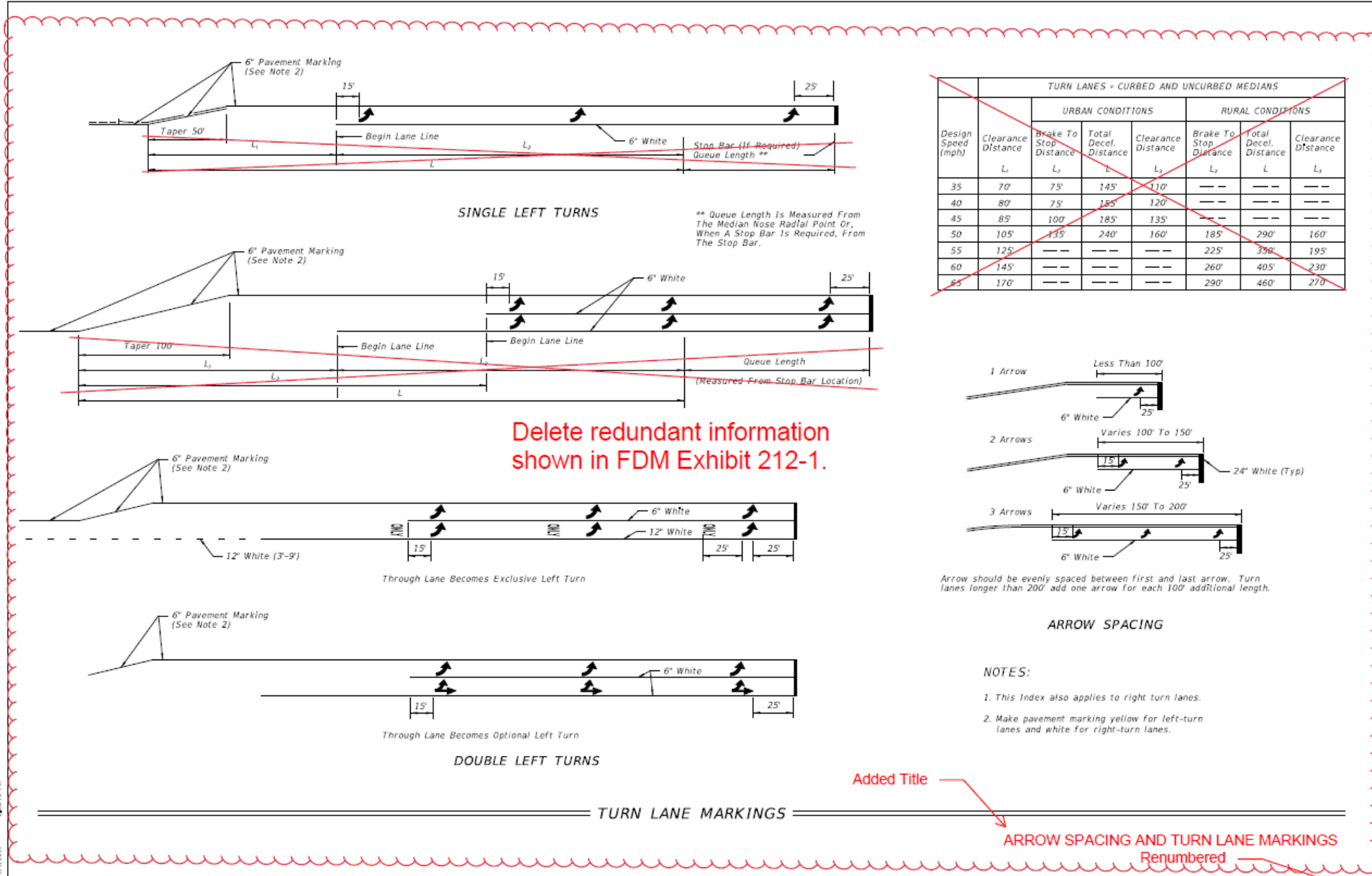
DELETED NOTE

CHANGED TO: Marking for Merge

LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION
02/05/21	Added railroad pavement marking details.
	11/01/21

- Index 711-001 Updates

- Deleted Redundant Information
- Add Sheet Title



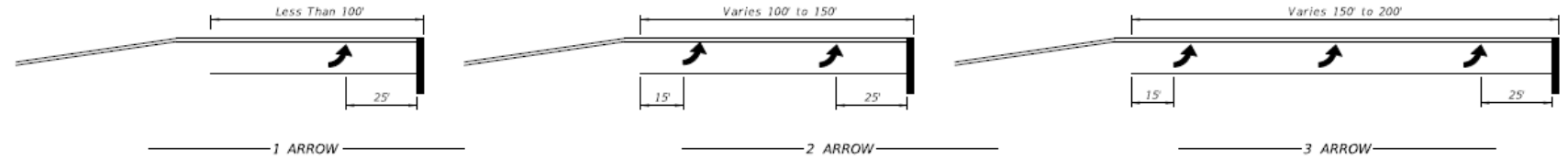
Delete redundant information shown in FDM Exhibit 212-1.

Added Title

ARROW SPACING AND TURN LANE MARKINGS Renumbered

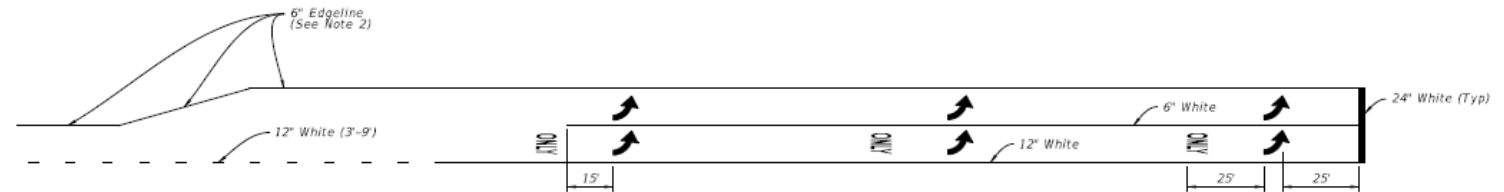
11/1/2017 2:32:16 PM

- **Index 711-001**
New Sheet 10

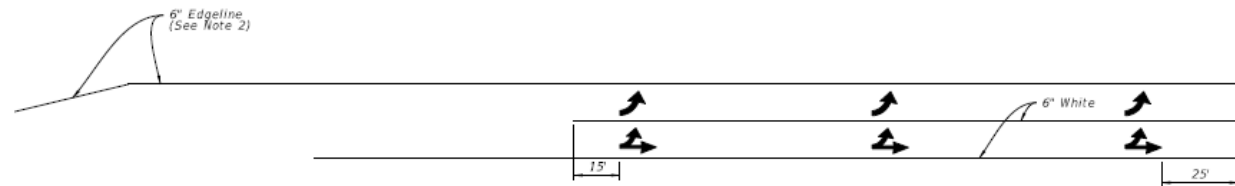


Arrow should be evenly spaced between first and last arrow. Turn lanes longer than 200' add one arrow for each 100' additional length.

ARROW SPACING



Through Lane Becomes Exclusive Left Turn



Through Lane Becomes Optional Left Turn (Drop Lane)

URNS LANE MARKINGS

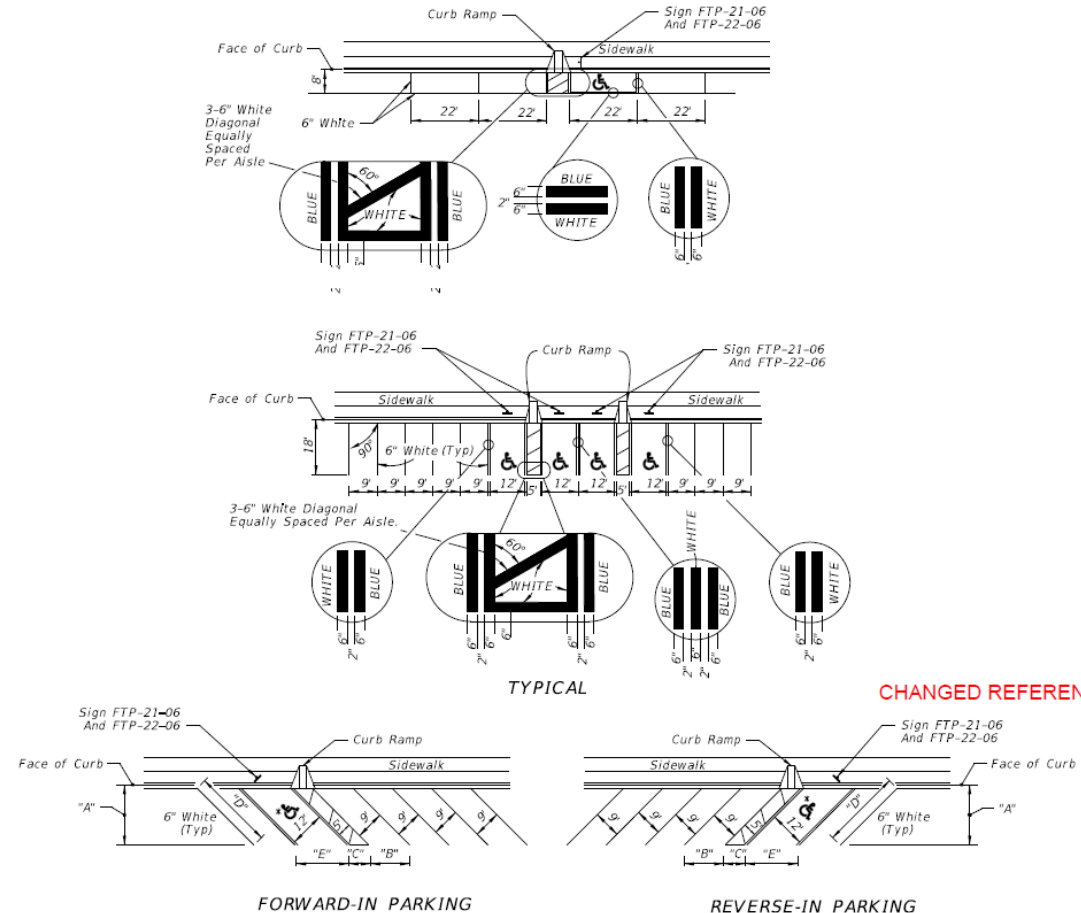
NOTES:

1. This Index also applies to right turn lanes.
2. Make Edgeline pavement markings yellow for left-turn lanes and white for right-turn lanes.

ARROW SPACING AND TURN LANE MARKINGS

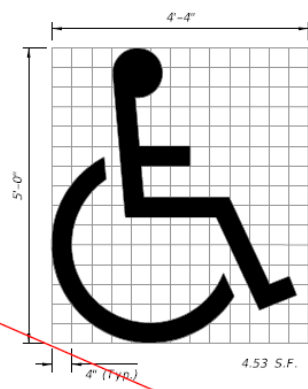
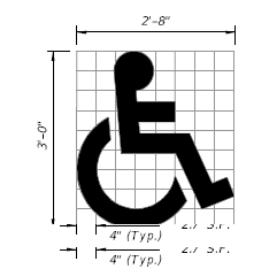
LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	PAVEMENT MARKINGS	INDEX 711-001	SHEET 10 of 13
---------------------------	--------------	------------------------------	-------------------	------------------	-------------------

- **Index 711-001 Updates**
- Deleted Note 4



* FOR ACCESSIBLE MARKINGS - SEE ABOVE

DIMENSIONS					
Δ 8	"A"	"B"	"C"	"D"	"E"
45"	17'-0"	12'-9"	7'-0"	24'-0"	17'-0"



UNIVERSAL SYMBOL OF ACCESSIBILITY

- NOTES:**
1. Dimensions are to the centerline of markings.
 2. An Access Aisle is required for each accessible space when angle parking is used.
 3. Criteria for pavement markings only, not public sidewalk curb ramp locations. For ramp locations refer to plans.
 4. ~~Tint blue pavement markings to match color 15180 of Federal Standards 595a.~~
 5. ~~Mount FTP-22-06 sign below the FTP-21-06 sign.~~
 6. ~~Use of the pavement symbol in accessible parking spaces is optional. When pavement symbol is used, the symbol is either 3'-0" or 5'-0" high and white in color.~~

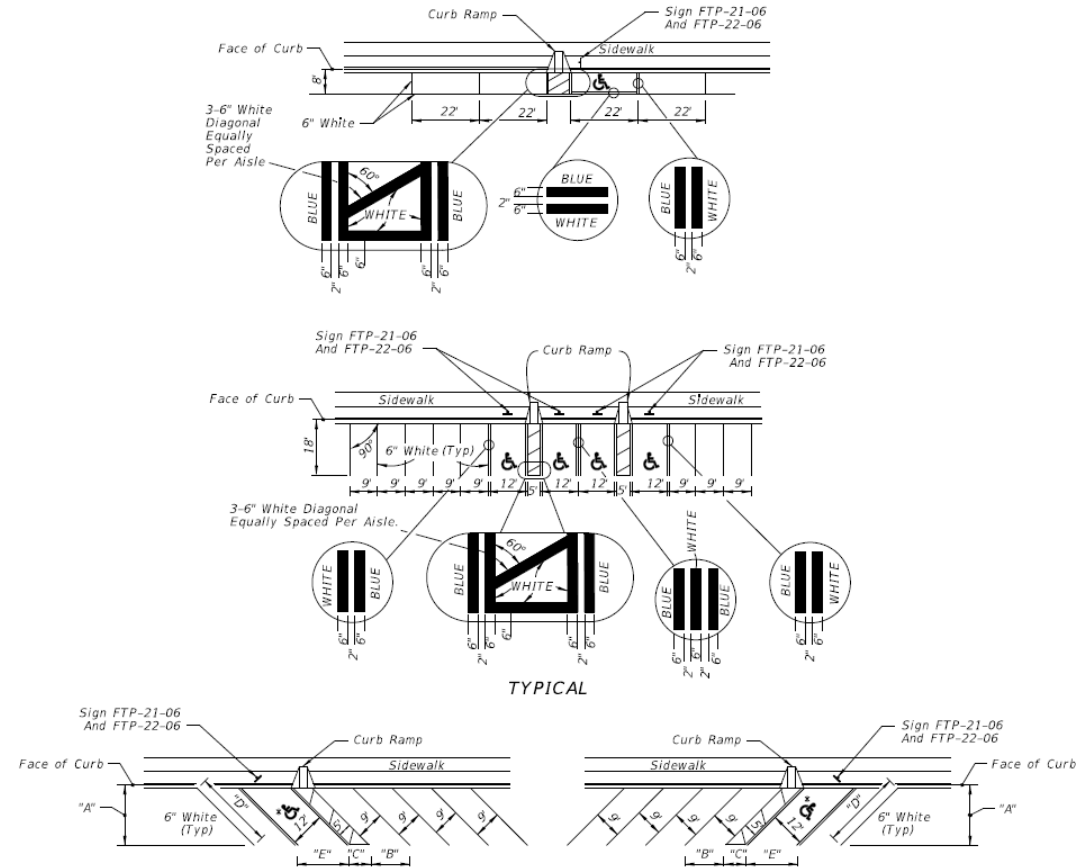
CHANGED REFERENCE TO: Note 5

RENUMBERED

11/01/21

11 of 13

- Index 711-001
New Sheet 11



TYPICAL

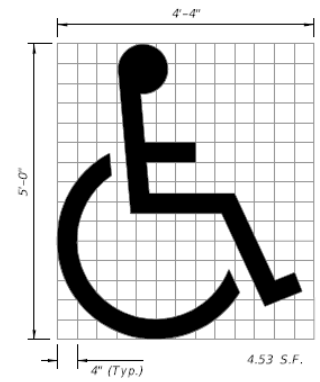
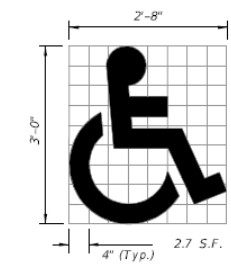
FORWARD-IN PARKING

REVERSE-IN PARKING

* FOR ACCESSIBLE MARKINGS - SEE ABOVE

DIMENSIONS					
∠ θ	"A"	"B"	"C"	"D"	"E"
45°	17'-0"	12'-9"	7'-0"	24'-0"	17'-0"

PAVEMENT MARKING FOR PARKING



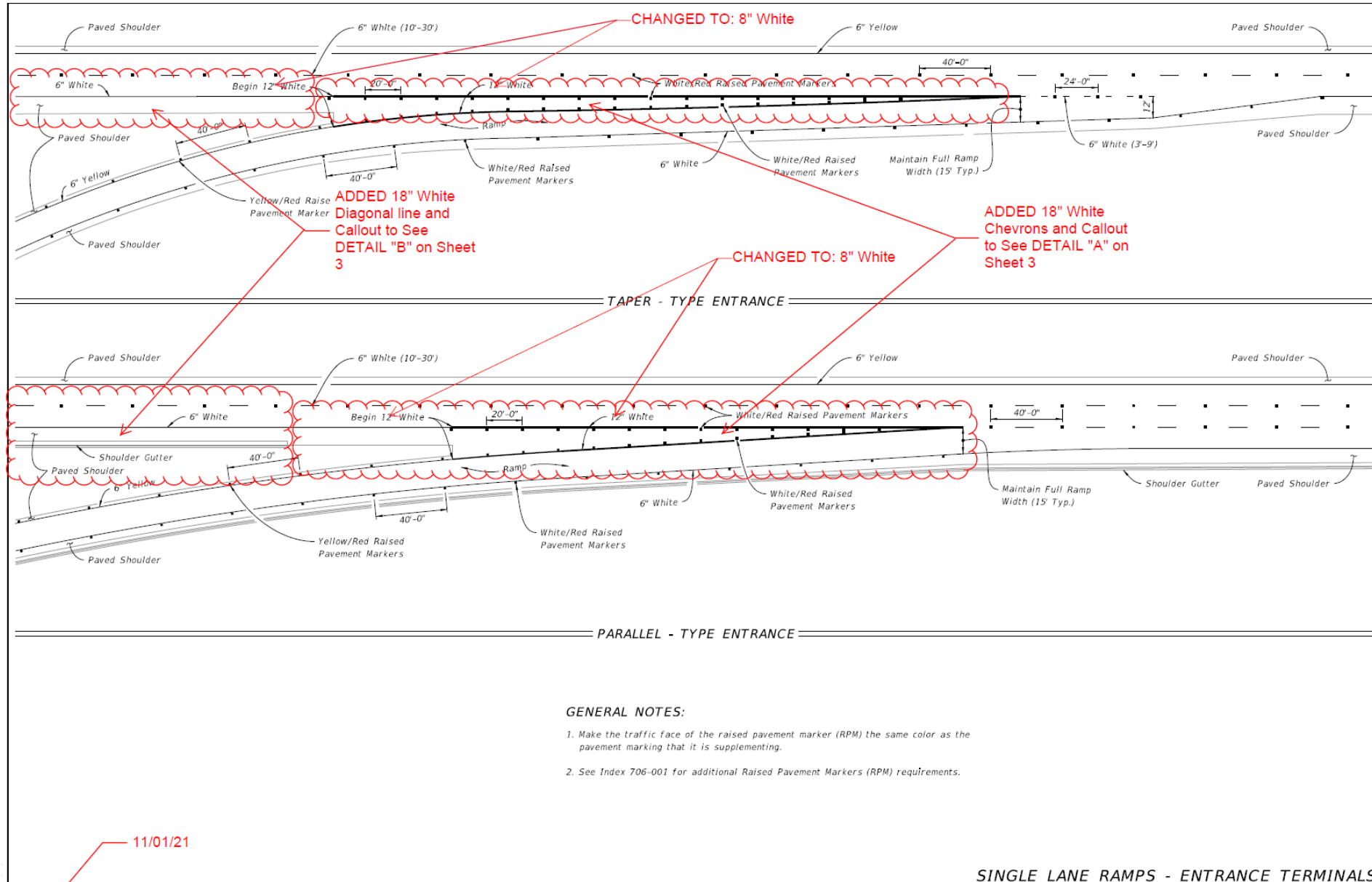
(See Note 5)

UNIVERSAL SYMBOL OF ACCESSIBILITY

NOTES:

1. Dimensions are to the centerline of markings.
2. An Access Aisle is required for each accessible space when angle parking is used.
3. Criteria for pavement markings only, not public sidewalk curb ramp locations. For ramp locations refer to plans.
4. Mount FTP-22-06 sign below the FTP-21-06 sign.
5. Use of the pavement symbol in accessible parking spaces is optional. When pavement symbol is used, the symbol is either 3'-0" or 5'-0" high and white in color.

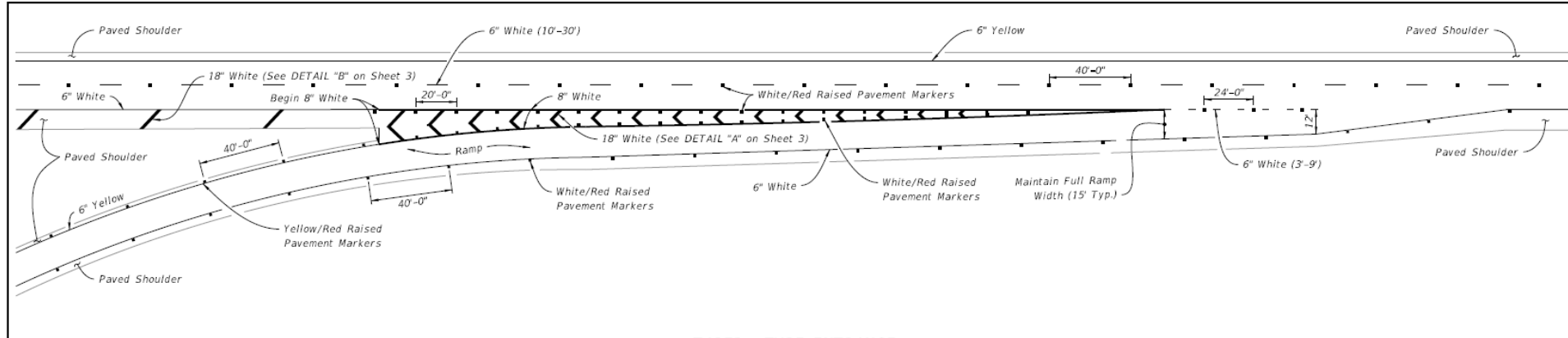
- **Index 711-003 Updates**
- Added Chevrons and Associated Callouts



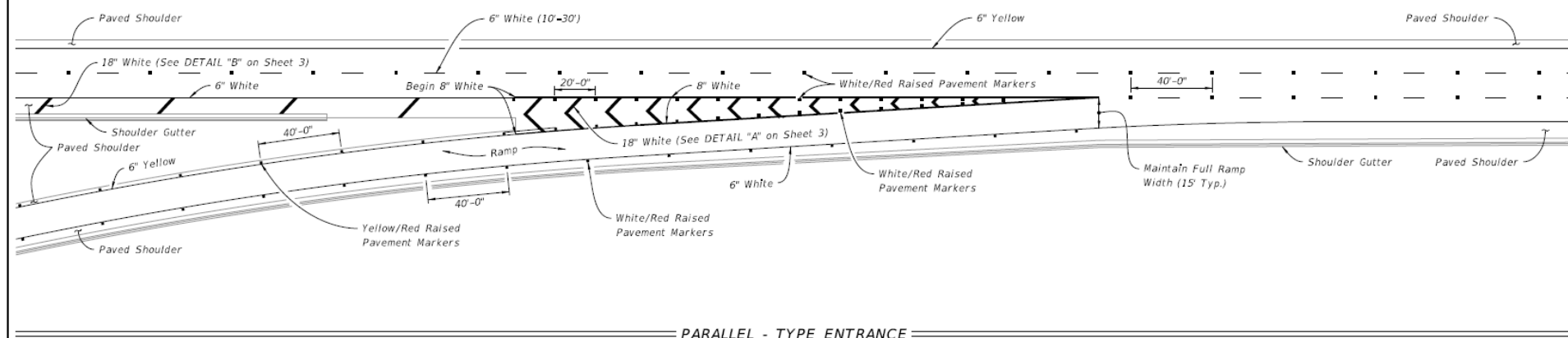
LAST REVISION 11/01/20		DESCRIPTION: 11/01/21		FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	INTERCHANGE MARKINGS	INDEX 711-003	SHEET 1 of 8
---------------------------	--	--------------------------	--	------------------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

SINGLE LANE RAMPS - ENTRANCE TERMINALS

- Index 711-003
Updated Sheet 1



TAPER - TYPE ENTRANCE



PARALLEL - TYPE ENTRANCE

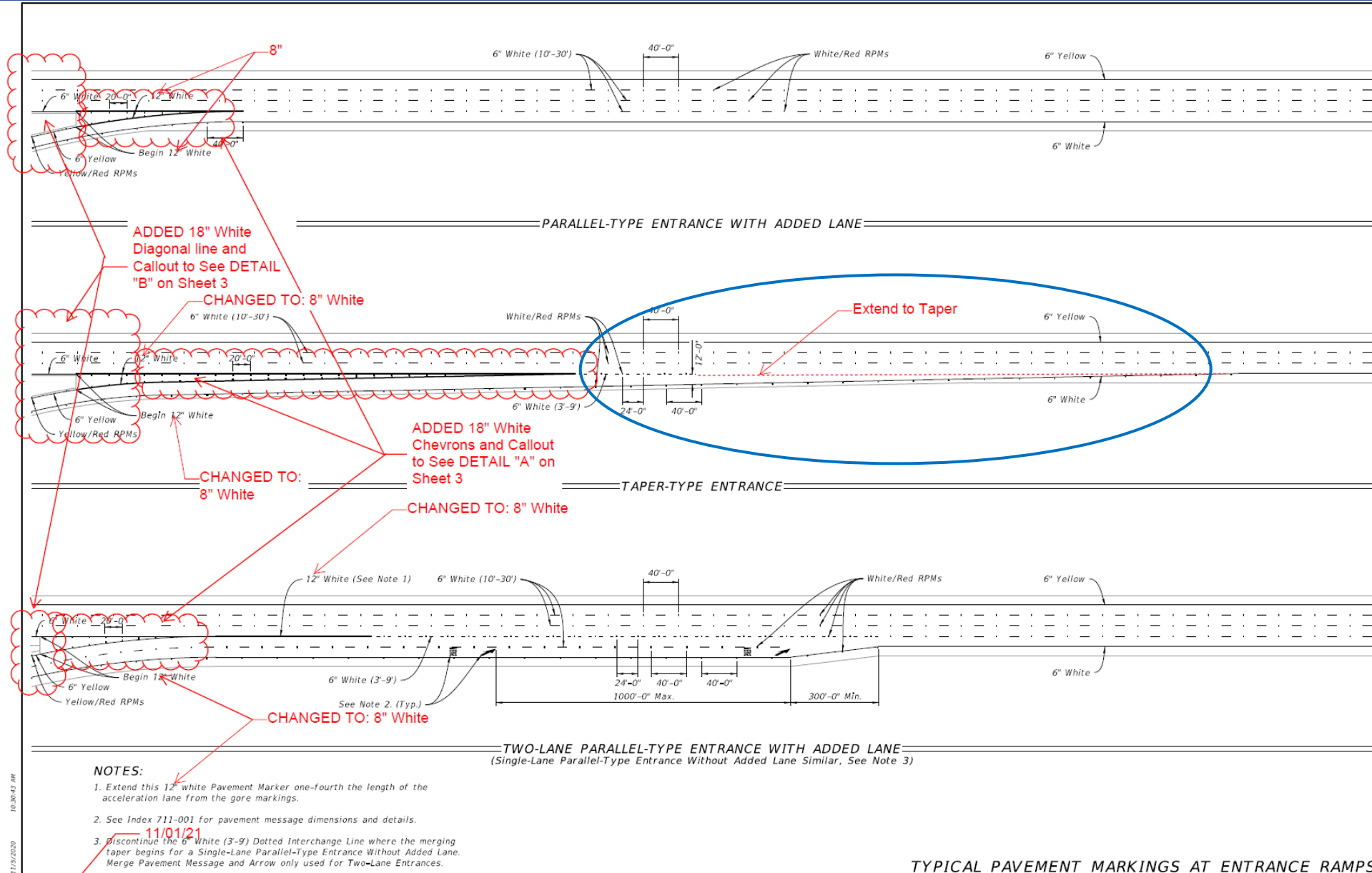
GENERAL NOTES:

1. Make the traffic face of the raised pavement marker (RPM) the same color as the pavement marking that it is supplementing.
2. See Index 706-001 for additional Raised Pavement Markers (RPM) requirements.

SINGLE LANE RAMPS - ENTRANCE TERMINALS

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:		FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	INTERCHANGE MARKINGS	INDEX 711-003	SHEET 1 of 8
---------------------------	--------------	--	------------------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

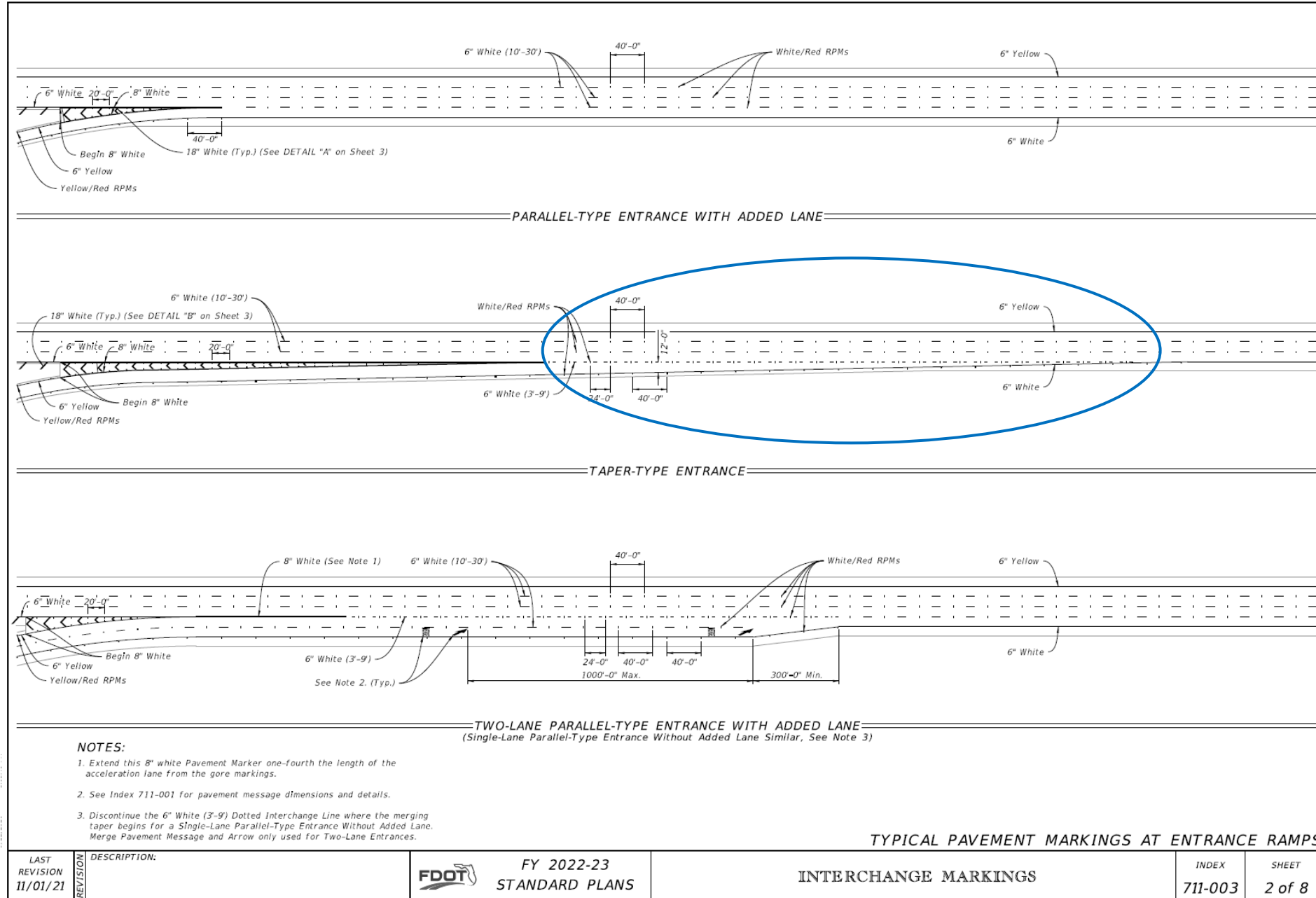
- **Index 711-003 Updates**
- Added Chevrons and Associated Callouts
- Extended lane Extension to End of Taper



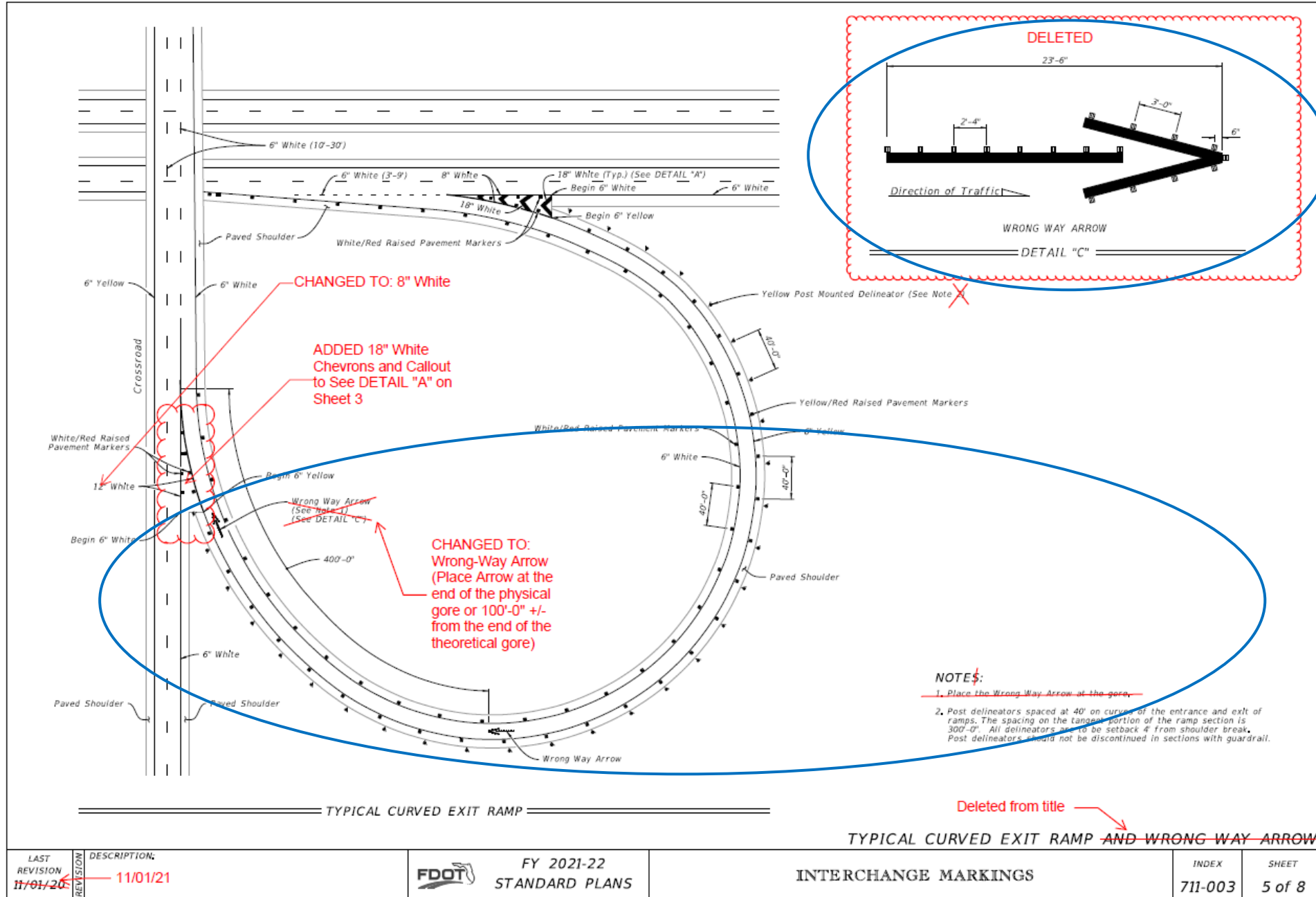
LAST REVISION 11/01/20		DESCRIPTION: 11/01/21	FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	INTERCHANGE MARKINGS	INDEX 711-003	SHEET 2 of 8
---------------------------	--	--------------------------	------------------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

11/15/2020 10:39:42 AM

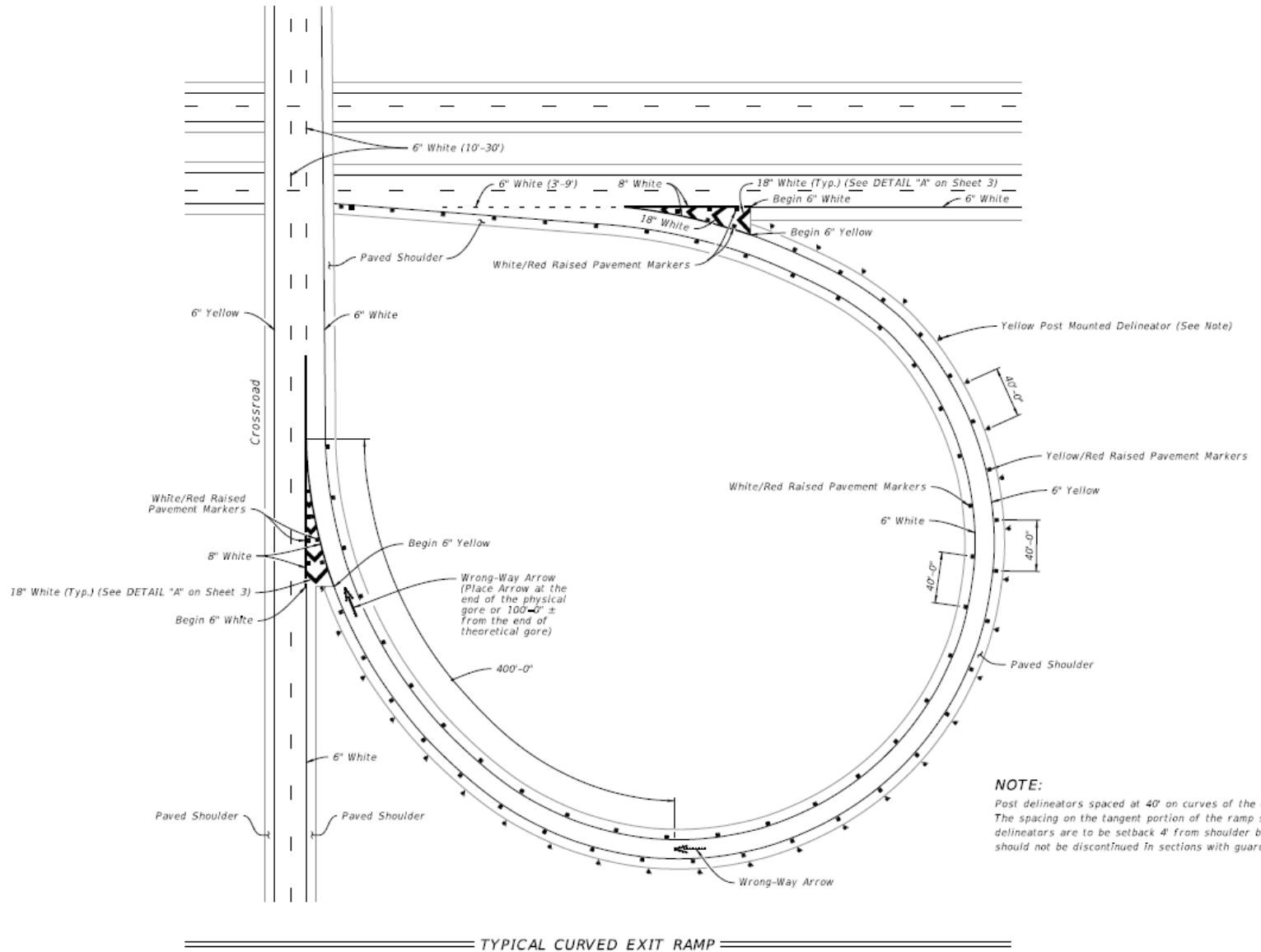
- **Index 711-003**
Updated Sheet 2
- Extended lane Extension to End of Taper



- **Index 711-003 Updated Sheet 2**
- Added Chevrons to Entrance
- Moved Detail C to Index 706-001
- Moved Note 1 to a callout



- Index 711-003
Updated Sheet 5

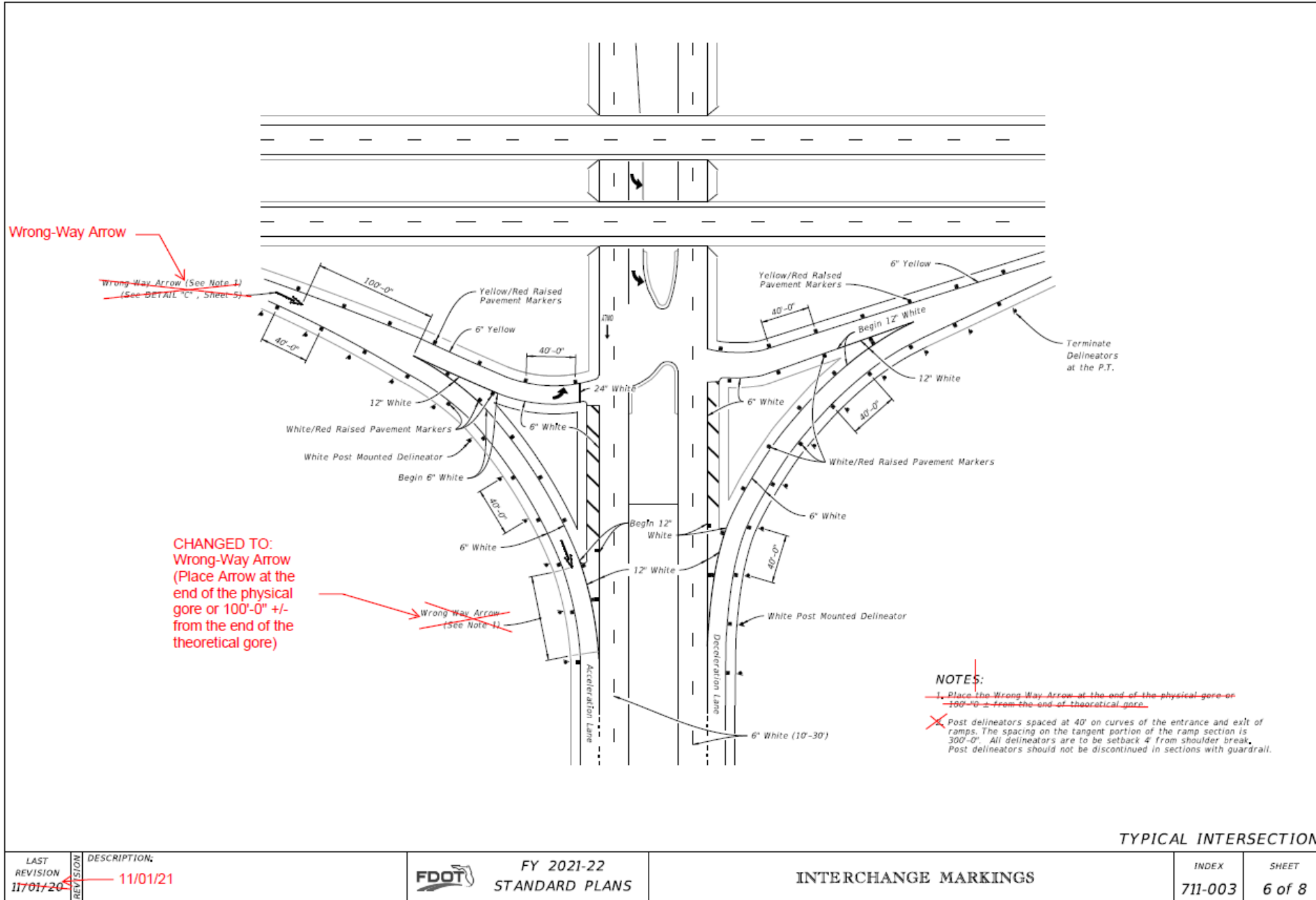


TYPICAL CURVED EXIT RAMP

TYPICAL CURVED EXIT RAMP

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	INTERCHANGE MARKINGS	INDEX 711-003	SHEET 5 of 8
---------------------------	--------------	------------------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

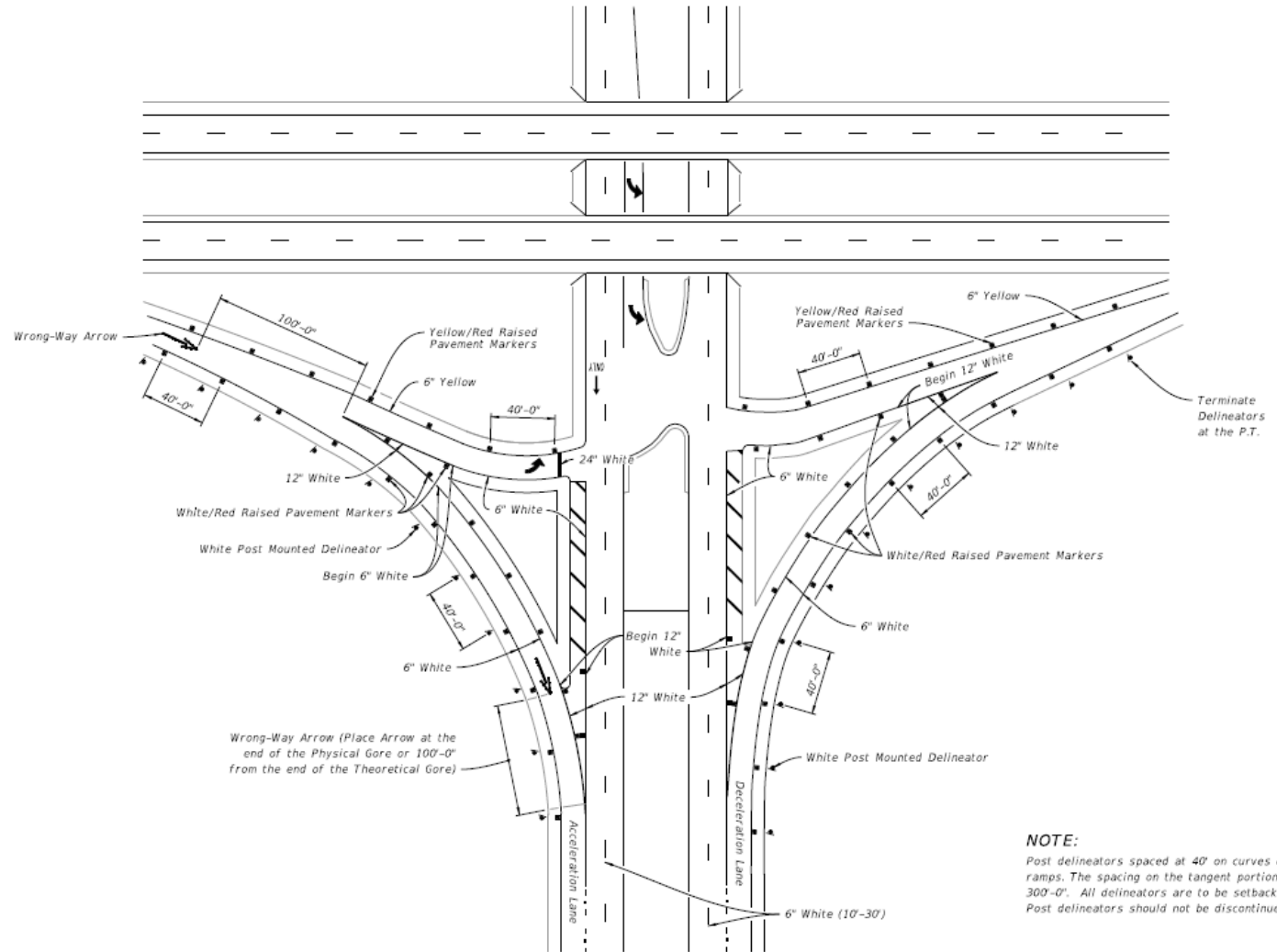
- **Index 711-003**
Updates to Sheet 6



LAST REVISION 11/01/20		DESCRIPTION: 11/01/21	FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	INTERCHANGE MARKINGS	INDEX 711-003	SHEET 6 of 8
---------------------------	--	--------------------------	------------------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

TYPICAL INTERSECTION

- **Index 711-003**
Updated Sheet 6



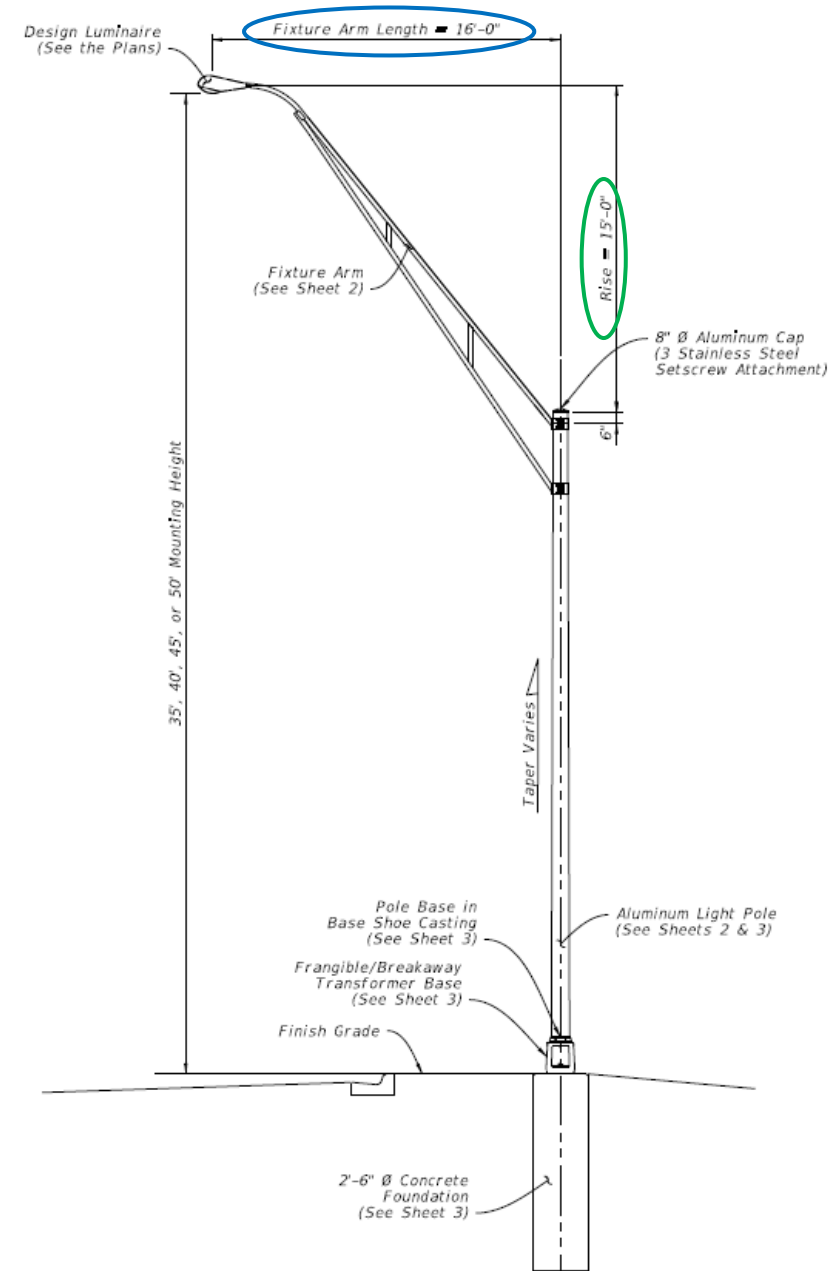
NOTE:
 Post delineators spaced at 40' on curves of the entrance and exit of ramps. The spacing on the tangent portion of the ramp section is 300'-0". All delineators are to be setback 4' from shoulder break. Post delineators should not be discontinued in sections with guardrail.

TYPICAL INTERSECTION

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	INTERCHANGE MARKINGS	INDEX 711-003	SHEET 6 of 8
---------------------------	--------------	------------------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

New Light Pole Type in Standard Plans

- **Utility Conflict Pole** is used for avoidance of overhead utilities and powerlines:
 - Horizontal Arm Length = 16 feet
 - Vertical Rise = 15 feet
- Previously very popular usage, but now...
No longer requires project-specific Pay Item, special design, and Central Office review
- *Standard Plans include a complete design*

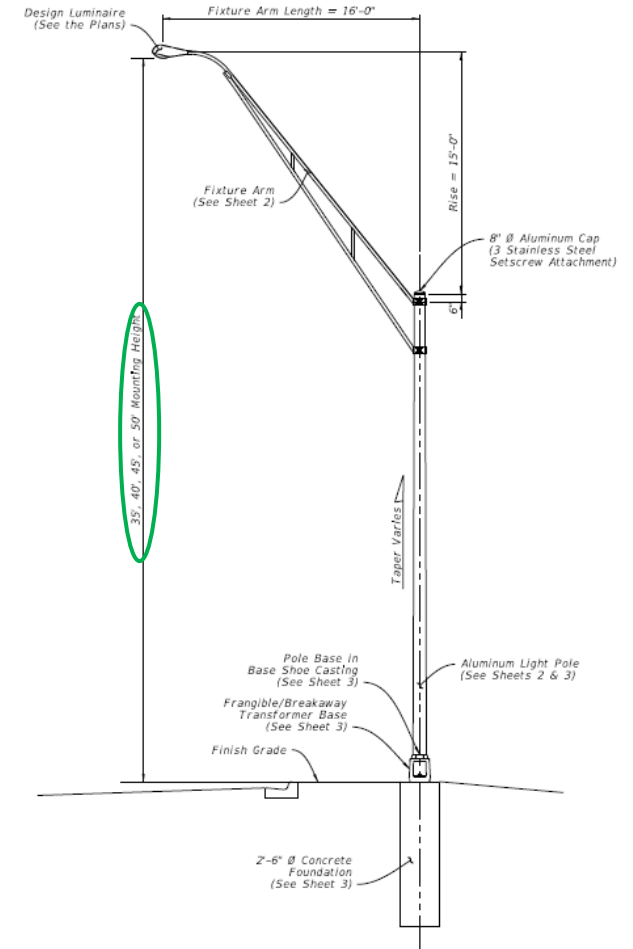


Sheet 1: General Notes & Light Pole Elevation

- Design includes materials, fabrication, and construction requirements
- Shop drawings are not required
- EOR chooses **mounting height: 35 feet thru 50 feet**

GENERAL NOTES:

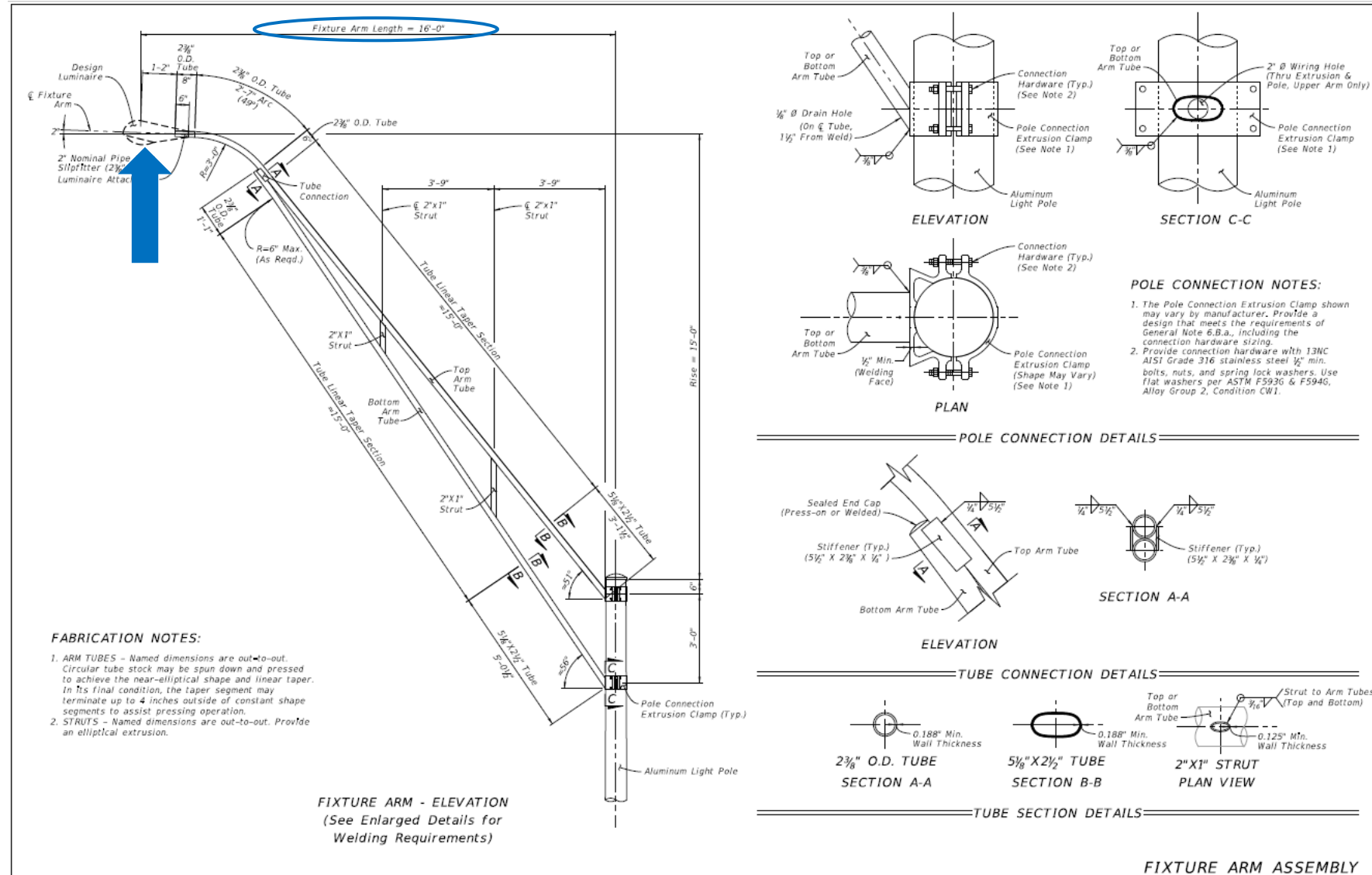
- LUMINAIRE LOAD:** Poles are designed to support the following:
 - Luminaire Effective Projected Area (EPA): 1.55 SF
 - Luminaire Weight: 75 lb.
- SHOP DRAWINGS:** This Index is considered fully detailed; only submit shop drawings for minor modifications not included in the Plans.
- MATERIALS:**
 - Pole, Arm Tubes, Strut Tubes, Bars, Plates, Stiffeners: ASTM B221, Alloy 6063-T6 or Alloy 6061-T6
 - Pole Connection Extrusion Clamp: ASTM B221, Alloy 6061-T6
 - Caps and Covers: ASTM B-26, Alloy 319-F
 - Aluminum Weld Material: ER 4043
 - Transformer and Frangible Base Materials: ASTM B26 or ASTM B108, Alloy 356-T6
 - Base Bolts, Nuts and Washers:
 - Shoe Base Bolts: ASTM F3125, Grade A325, Type 1
 - Nuts: ASTM A563 Grade DH Heavy-Hex
 - Washer: ASTM F436 Type 1
 - Anchor Bolts, Nuts, and Washers:
 - Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55
 - Nuts: ASTM A563 Grade A Heavy-Hex
 - Clamp Hardware: See Sheet 2
 - Stainless Steel Cap Fasteners: ASTM F593 Alloy Group 2, Condition A, CW1 or SH1
 - Nut Covers: ASTM B26 (319-F)
 - Concrete: Class II
 - Reinforcing Steel: Specification 415
- FABRICATION:**
 - Weld Arm and Pole Alloy in the T4 temper using 4043 filler. Age the Arm and Pole artificially to the T6 temper after welding.
 - Transverse welds are only allowed at the base.
 - Light Pole Properties: Taper as required to provide a round top O.D. of 8" and a base O.D. of 10" for all pole heights. Portions of the pole near the base shoe and at the arm connections may be held constant to simplify fabrication. Maintain pole wall thickness of 0.312" Min.
 - Fixture Arm Tube Properties: See Sheet 2.
 - Provide 'J', 'S' or 'C' hook at top of pole for electrical wires.
 - Perform all welding in accordance with AWS D1.2.
 - Identification Tag: (Submit details for approval)
 - 2" x 4" (Max.) aluminum identification tag.
 - Locate on the inside of the transformer base and visible from the door opening.
 - Secure to transformer base with 1/8" diameter stainless steel rivets or screws.
 - Include the following information on the ID Tag:
 - Financial Project ID
 - Pole Height
 - Manufacturer's Name
- COATINGS/FINISH:**
 - Pole and Arm Finish: 50 grit satin rubbed.
 - Galvanize Steel Bolts, Screws, Nuts and Washers: ASTM F2329
 - Hot Dip galvanize miscellaneous steel items: ASTM A123
- CONSTRUCTION:**
 - Foundation: Specification 455, except payment for the foundation is included in the cost of the pole.
 - Frangible Base, Base Shoe, and Pole Connection Extrusion Clamp:
 - Certify that the Pole Connection Extrusion Clamp, Frangible Transformer Base, and Base Shoe Design are capable of providing the required capacity, assuming a design wind speed of 160 MPH.
 - Certify the Base conforms to the FHWA required AASHTO Frangibility Requirements, tested under NCHRP Report 350 Guidelines (e.g. Akron Foundry TB1-17).
 - Do not erect pole without Luminaire attached.



LIGHT POLE - ELEVATION

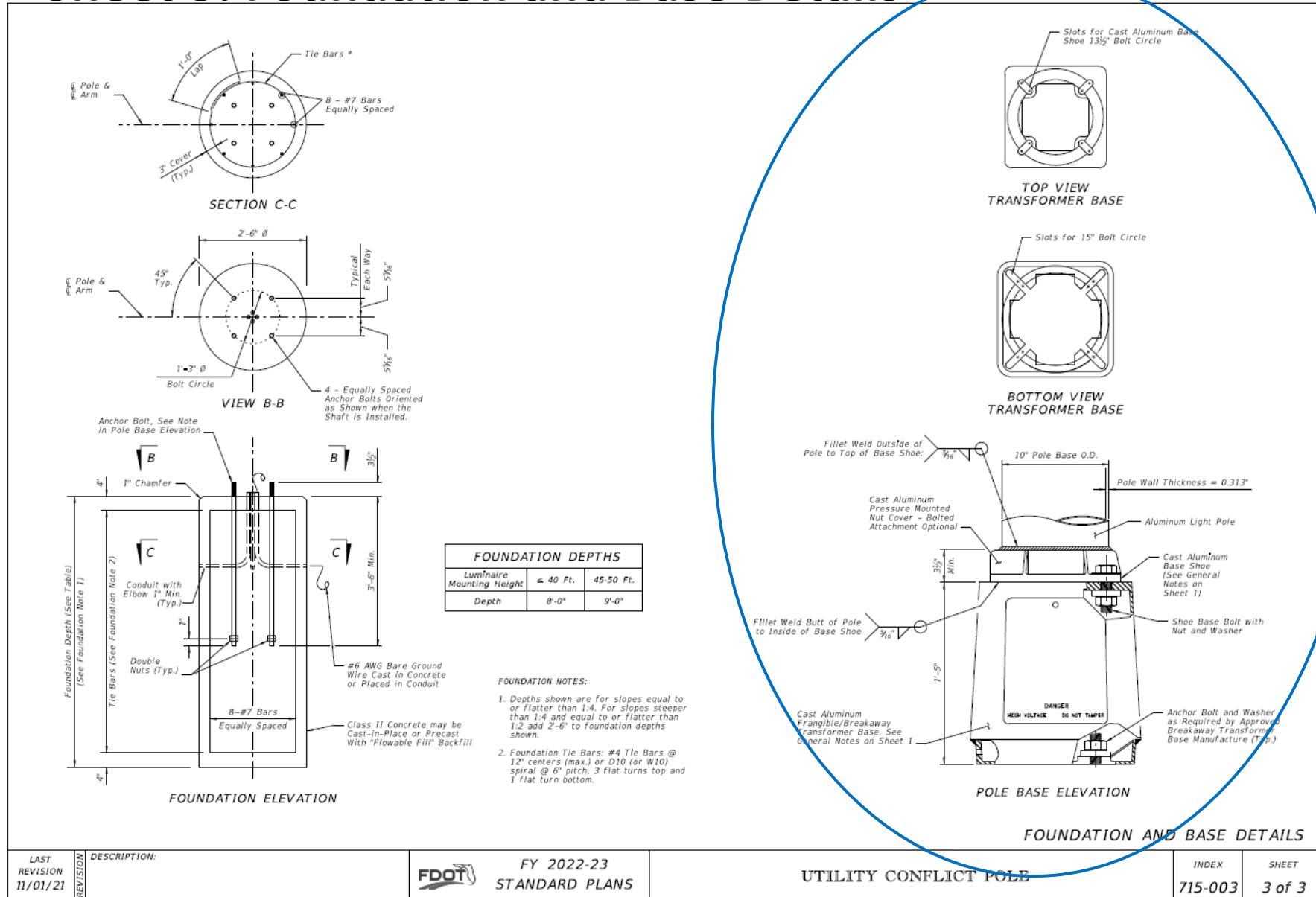
Sheet 2: Fixture Arm Assembly

- Design includes welding and pole clamp requirements
- 'Fixture Arm Length' dimension measures from CL of pole to the approximate center of luminaire
- (EOR can check exact dimensions on this sheet)



Sheet 3: Foundation and Base Details

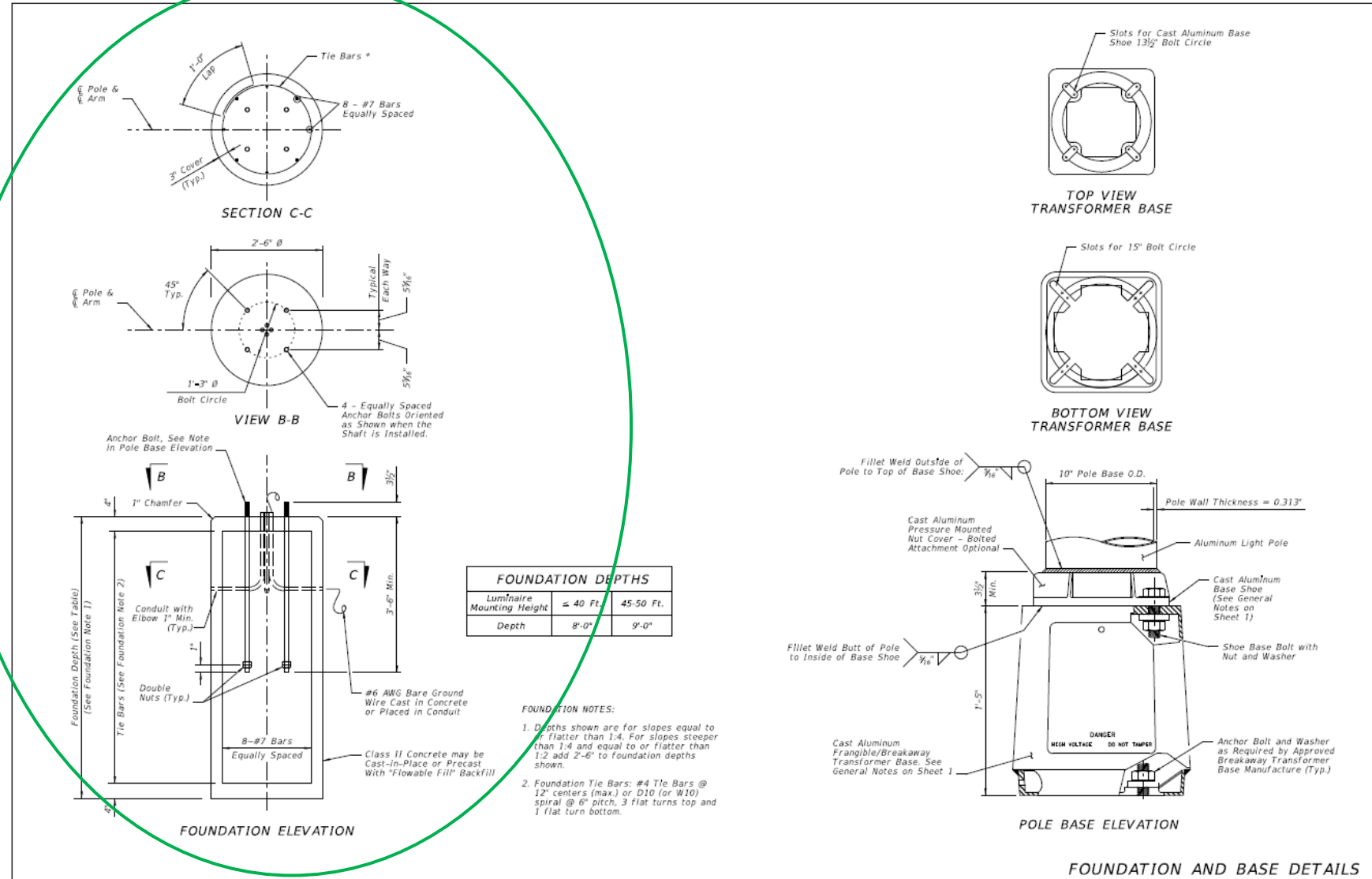
- Similar to normal poles of 715-002, but larger foundations and pole thickness is used here
- **Frangible/Breakaway Base** is included



Sheet 3: Foundation and Base Details

- 2'-6" diameter concrete foundation is included...
- EOR selects the... **"Standard Foundation"** Pay Item option to use the foundation shown

Otherwise, a project-specific design is required (e.g. for a spread footing)



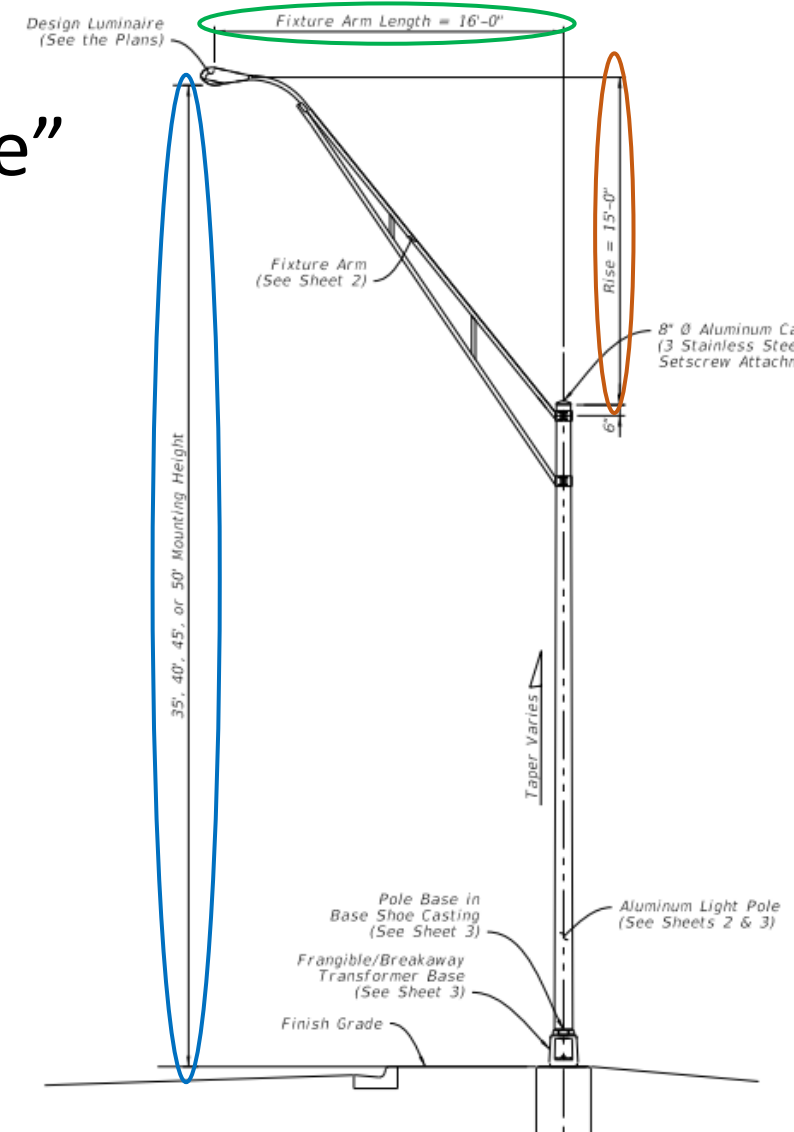
FOUNDATION AND BASE DETAILS

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:	FDOT	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	UTILITY CONFLICT POLE	INDEX 715-003	SHEET 3 of 3
---------------------------	--------------	------	------------------------------	-----------------------	------------------	-----------------

NEW Basis of Estimates - Pay Item Structure

Pay Item: 715-6A-BCD for “Light Pole Complete”

- Used for both 715-002 (Standard Pole) & 715-003 (Utility Conflict Pole)
- Pay Item Structure Captures:
 - Index Number
 - Foundation Type (Standard or Project-Specific)
 - Mounting Height
 - Horizontal Arm Length
 - Vertical Arm Rise



Questions?



Rick Jenkins, P.E.
Standard Plans Publication Engineer
Central Office, Roadway Design
(850) 414-4355
Rick.Jenkins@dot.state.fl.us

FY 2022-23 Standard Plans Update Training

102 Series - Temporary Traffic Control



Derwood Sheppard, P.E., M.Eng.
State Standard Plans Engineer
State Roadway Design Office
(850) 414-4334

derwood.sheppard@dot.state.fl.us



General Changes

- Changed nomenclature in notes from:
“work zone” to “work operation”

- Removed redundant note:

“If the work encroaches on a marked bicycle lane or rideable shoulder, close the lane or shoulder in accordance with the plans.”

5. The "Speeding Fines Doubled When Workers Present" sign (MOT-13-06) and "End Road Work" Sign (G20-2), along with associated Work Zone Sign Distances, may be omitted when the work zone will be in place for 24 hours or less. Additionally, arrow boards may be omitted when the work zone will be in place for 60 minutes or less and the speed limit is 45 mph or less.

5. The "Speeding Fines Doubled When Workers Present" sign (MOT-13-06) and "End Road Work" Sign (G20-2), along with associated Work Zone Sign Distances, may be omitted when the work operation will be in place for 24 hours or less. Additionally, arrow boards may be omitted when the work operation will be in place for 60 minutes or less and the speed limit is 45 mph or less.

General Changes

- Changed nomenclature in notes from:

“work zone” to “work operation”

- Removed redundant note:

“If the work encroaches on a marked bicycle lane or rideable shoulder, close the lane or shoulder in accordance with the plans.”

8. If the work encroaches on a marked bicycle lane or rideable shoulder, close the lane or shoulder in accordance with the Plans.

General Changes

General Construction Operations-Roadway		
Maintenance of Traffic		
102-100		Temporary Barrier
102-110		Type K Temporary Concrete Barrier System
102-120		Low Profile Barrier
102-600		General Information for Traffic Control Through Work Zones Quick Reference Sheet: 102 Series Tables
102-601		Two-Lane and Multilane Roadway, Work Beyond the Shoulder
102-602		Two-Lane and Multilane, Work on Shoulder
102-603		Two-Lane, Two-Way, Work Within the Travel Way
102-604		Two-Lane, Two-Way, Intersection Work
102-606		Two-Lane Roadway, Lane Closure Using Temporary Traffic Signs

**TABLE 7
POST AND FOUNDATION TABLE FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS**

SIGN SHAPE	SIGN SIZE (inches)	NUMBER OF STEEL U CHANNEL POSTS	Notes For Table:	
Octagon	30x30	1	1. Use 3 lb/ft posts for Clear Height up to 10' and 4 lb/ft posts for Clear Height up to 12'.	
Triangle	36x36x36	1		
	48x48x48	1		
Rectangle (W x H)	60x60x60	2		2. Minimum foundation depth is 4.0' for 3 lb/ft posts and 4.5' for 4 lb/ft posts.
	24x18	1		
	24x30	1		
	30x24	1		
	36x18	1		
	36x24	1		
	48x18	1		
	48x24	1		
	36x48	2		
	48x30	2		
	48x36	2		
Square	54x36	2	3. For both 3 lb/ft and 4 lb/ft base or sign posts installed in rock, a minimum cumulative depth of 2' of rock layer is required.	
	48x60	3		
	72x48	3		
Diamond	30x30	1	4. The soil plate as shown on the APL vendor drawing is not required for base posts or sign posts installed in existing rock (as defined in Note 3), asphalt roadway, shoulder pavement or soil under sidewalk.	
	36x36	2		
Circle	48x48	2	5. For diamond warning signs with supplement plaque (up to 5 ft ² in area), use 4 lb/ft posts for up to 10 ft Clear Height (measure to the bottom of diamond warning sign).	
	360	2		

**TABLE 8
DROP-OFF PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS**

Condition	X (ft)	D (in.)	Device Required
1	0-12	> 3	Temporary Barrier
2	> 12-CZ	> 3 to ≤ 5	Channelizing Device
3	0-CZ	> 5	Temporary Barrier
4	Removal of Bridge or Retaining Wall Barrier		Temporary Barrier
5	Removal of portions of Bridge Deck		Temporary Barrier

**TABLE 9
EXAMPLE "L" VALUES**

S (mph)	W (feet)											
	5			8			10			12		
	L	L/2	L/3	L	L/2	L/3	L	L/2	L/3	L	L/2	L/3
25	52	26	17	83	42	28	104	52	35	125	63	42
30	75	38	25	120	60	40	150	75	50	180	90	60
35	102	51	34	163	82	54	204	102	68	245	123	82
40	133	67	44	213	107	71	267	133	89	320	160	107
45	225	113	75	360	180	120	450	225	150	540	270	180
50	250	125	83	400	200	133	500	250	167	600	300	200
55	275	138	92	440	220	147	550	275	183	660	330	220
60	300	150	100	480	240	160	600	300	200	720	360	240
65	325	163	108	520	260	173	650	325	217	780	390	260
70	350	175	117	560	280	187	700	350	233	840	420	280

11-0453-AM
03/19/2021

General Information for Traffic Control Through Work Zones: Sheet 5

Sign sizes 60'' x 54'' and 120'' x 60'' , and the associated note have been removed from the post and foundation table.

Note 9 has been moved into Table 7 as new Table Note 5.

9. For diamond warning signs with supplement plaque (up to 5 ft² in area), use 4 lb/ft posts for up to 10 ft Clear Height (measure to the bottom of diamond warning sign).

SIGN SHAPE	SIGN SIZE (inches)	NUMBER OF STEEL U CHANNEL POSTS
Octagon	30x30	1
	36x36x36	1
	48x48x48	1
Triangle	60x60x60	2
	24x18	1
	24x30	1
Rectangle (W x H)	30x24	1
	36x18	1
	36x24	1
	48x18	1
	48x24	1
	36x48	2
	48x30	2
	48x36	2
	54x36	2
	48x60	3
	60x54	3
	72x48	3
	120x60	4
	Square	30x30
36x36		2
48x48		2
Diamond (See Note 7)	48x48	2
Circle	360	2

Notes For Table:

1. Use 3 lb/ft posts for Clear Height up to 10' and 4 lb/ft posts for Clear Height up to 12'.
- ~~* Use 4 lb/ft U-channel sign post with a mounting height of 7' min and 8' max. Attach sign panel using Z-bracket detail on Sheet 6.~~
2. Minimum foundation depth is 4.0' for 3 lb/ft posts and 4.5' for 4 lb/ft posts.
3. For both 3 lb/ft and 4 lb/ft base or sign posts installed in rock, a minimum cumulative depth of 2' of rock layer is required.
4. The soil plate as shown on the APL vendor drawing is not required for base posts or sign posts installed in existing rock (as defined in Note 3), asphalt roadway, shoulder pavement or soil under sidewalk.

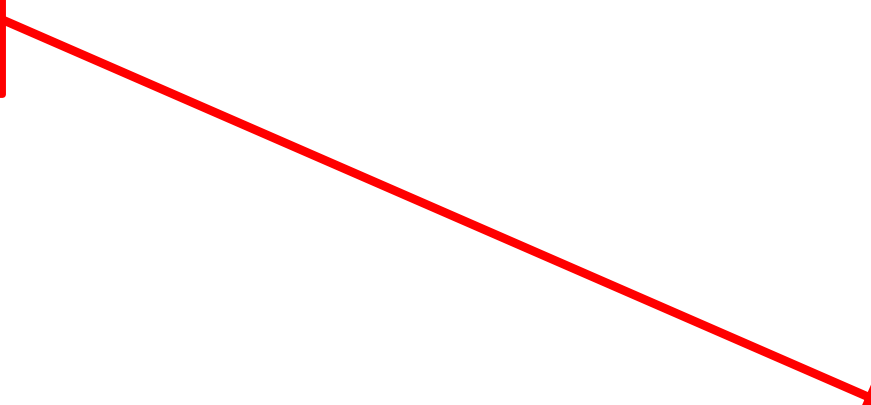
General Information for Traffic Control Through Work Zones: Sheet 5

Sign sizes 60'' x 54'' and 120'' x 60'' , and the associated note have been removed from the post and foundation table.

Note 9 has been moved into Table 7 as new Table Note 5.

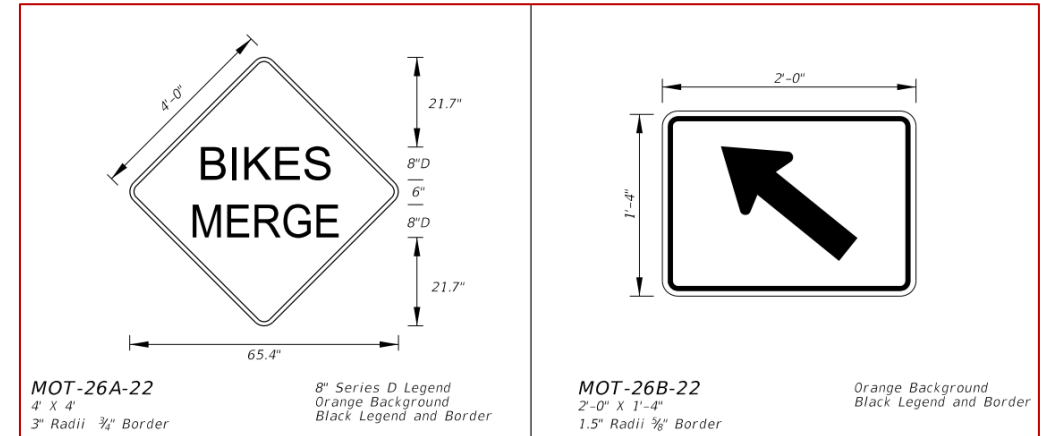
9. For diamond warning signs with supplement plaque (up to 5 ft² in area), use 4 lb/ft posts for up to 10 ft Clear Height (measure to the bottom of diamond warning sign).

TABLE 7 POST AND FOUNDATION TABLE FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS		
SIGN SHAPE	SIGN SIZE (inches)	NUMBER OF STEEL U CHANNEL POSTS
Octagon	30x30	1
Triangle	36x36x36	1
	48x48x48	1
	60x60x60	2
Rectangle (W x H)	24x18	1
	24x30	1
	30x24	1
	36x18	1
	36x24	1
	48x18	1
	48x24	1
	36x48	2
	48x30	2
	48x36	2
	54x36	2
Square	48x60	3
	72x48	3
	30x30	1
Diamond	36x36	2
	48x48	2
Circle	48x48	2
Notes For Table: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Use 3 lb/ft posts for Clear Height up to 10' and 4 lb/ft posts for Clear Height up to 12'. Minimum foundation depth is 4.0' for 3 lb/ft posts and 4.5' for 4 lb/ft posts. For both 3 lb/ft and 4 lb/ft base or sign posts installed in rock, a minimum cumulative depth of 2' of rock layer is required. The soil plate as shown on the APL vendor drawing is not required for base posts or sign posts installed in existing rock (as defined in Note 3), asphalt roadway, shoulder pavement or soil under sidewalk. For diamond warning signs with supplement plaque (up to 5 ft² in area), use 4 lb/ft posts for up to 10 ft Clear Height (measure to the bottom of diamond warning sign). 		



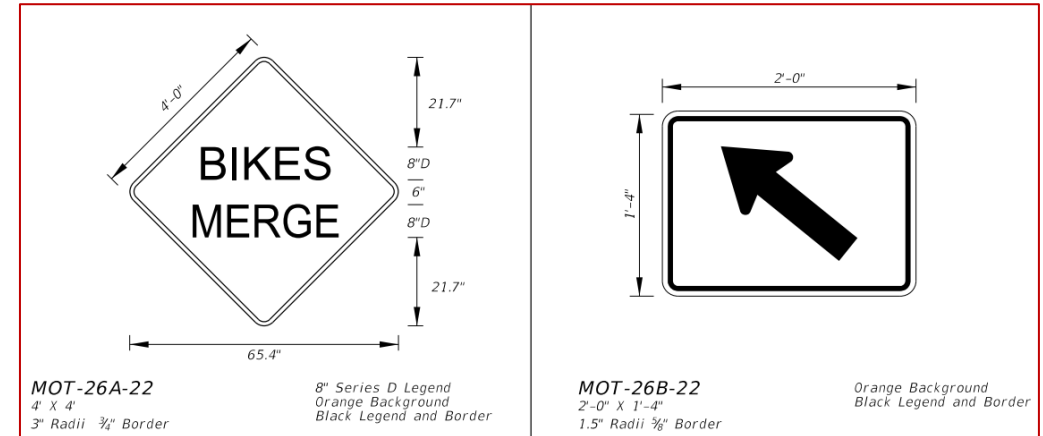
General Information for Traffic Control Through Work Zones: Sheet 6

- MUTCD SHS Signs R4-11, W11-1, and W16-1P were added.
- MOT-26A-22 and MOT-26B-22 Add to Index 700-102

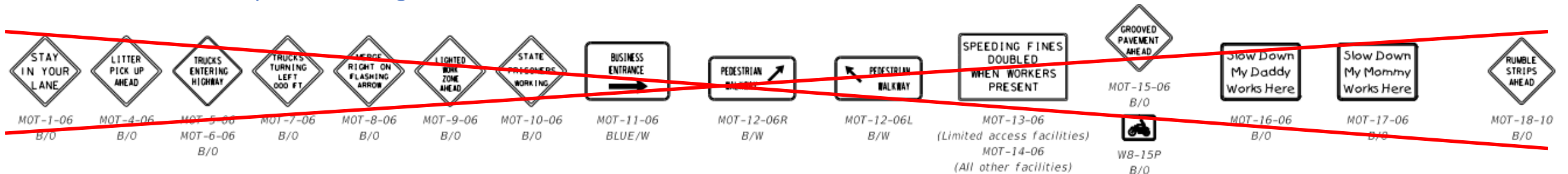


General Information for Traffic Control Through Work Zones: Sheet 6

- MUTCD SHS Signs R4-11, W11-1, and W16-1P were added.
- MOT-26A-22 and MOT-26B-22 Add to Index 700-102



- All the FDOT Specific TTC signs were removed. See Standard Plans, Index 700-102



General Information for Traffic Control Through Work Zones:

Sheet 7

The Side Road Intersecting detail from Standard Plan 102-606 was added

MODES

● Minimum Required Lamps
○ Additional Lamps Allowed

NOTES:
An arrow board in the arrow or chevron mode shall be used only for stationary or moving lane closures on multilane roadways.
For shoulder work, blocking the shoulder, for roadside work near the shoulder, or for temporarily closing one lane on a two-lane, two-way roadway, an arrow board shall be used only in the caution mode.
A single arrow board shall not be used to merge traffic laterally more than one lane. When arrow boards are used to close multiple lanes, a single board shall be used at the merging taper for each closed lane.
When Advance Warning Arrow Boards are used at night, the intensity of the flashers shall be reduced during darkness when lower intensities are desirable.

ADVANCE WARNING ARROW BOARDS

NOTES:
Manholes extending 1" or more above the travel lane and crosswalks having an uneven surface greater than 1/8" shall have a temporary asphalt apron constructed as shown in the diagram below.
All transverse joints that have a difference in elevation of 1" or more shall have a temporary asphalt apron constructed as shown in the diagram below.
The apron is to be removed prior to constructing the next lift of asphalt. The cost of the temporary asphalt shall be included in the contract unit price for Maintenance of Traffic, LS.

MANHOLES/CROSSWALKS/JOINTS

SIDE ROAD INTERSECTING THE WORK ZONE

NOTE:
Optionally, use "Flagger Ahead" sign with text (W20-7A) instead of "Flagger Ahead" sign with symbol (W20-7).

SIGNALS:
Existing traffic signal operations that require modification in order to carry out work zone traffic control shall be included in the Plans and be approved by the District Traffic Operations Engineer.
Refer to Specification 102-9 for additional information.

CHANNELIZING DEVICES:
Channelizing devices for work zone traffic control shall be as prescribed in Part VI of the MUTCD, subject to supplemental revisions provided in the contract documents and the 102 Series of Indexes. Lighting Devices must not be used to supplement channelization. Omit tapers and channelizing devices for paved shoulders less than 4' in width.

CHANNELIZING DEVICE CONSISTENCY:
Barricades, vertical panels, cones, tubular markers and drums shall not be intermixed within either the lateral transition or within the tangent alignment.

TRUCK/TRAILER-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS:
Truck/Trailer-mounted attenuators (TMA) can be used for moving operations and short-term stationary operations. For moving operations, see Index 102-607. For short-term, stationary operations, see Part VI of the MUTCD.

Two-Lane and Multilane, Work on Shoulder:

Sheet 1

- Note 3 was updated to:

“ Where work activities are between 2’ and 15’ from the edge of traveled way, the Engineer may omit signs and channelizing devices for work operations 60 minutes or less”

- New Note 9 addresses roads with no paved shoulder.

3. Where work activities are between 2' and 15' from the edge of traveled way, the Engineer may omit signs and channelizing devices for work operations 60 minutes or less.

9. When there is no paved shoulder, the "Worker" sign (W21-1) may be used instead of the "Shoulder Closed" sign (W21-5a).

Two-Lane, Two-Way, Work Within the Travel Way:

Sheet 1

Centerline Encroachment language was removed from Note 8. See Detail on Sheet 2 for layout.

8. Railroad Crossings:

- a. *If an active railroad crossing is located closer to the Work Area than the queue length plus 300 feet, extend the Buffer Space as shown on Sheet 2.*
- b. *If the queuing of vehicles across an active railroad crossing cannot be avoided, provide a uniformed traffic control officer or flagger at the highway-rail grade crossing to prevent vehicles from stopping within the highway-rail grade crossing, even if automatic train warning devices are in place.*

Only if the existing paved shoulder width is sufficient to provide for an 11' lane between the Work Area and the Edge of Existing Paved Shoulder and the Work Zone will be in place for 24 hours or less. Reduce the posted speed when appropriate.

Two-Lane, Two-Way, Intersection Work:

Sheet 1

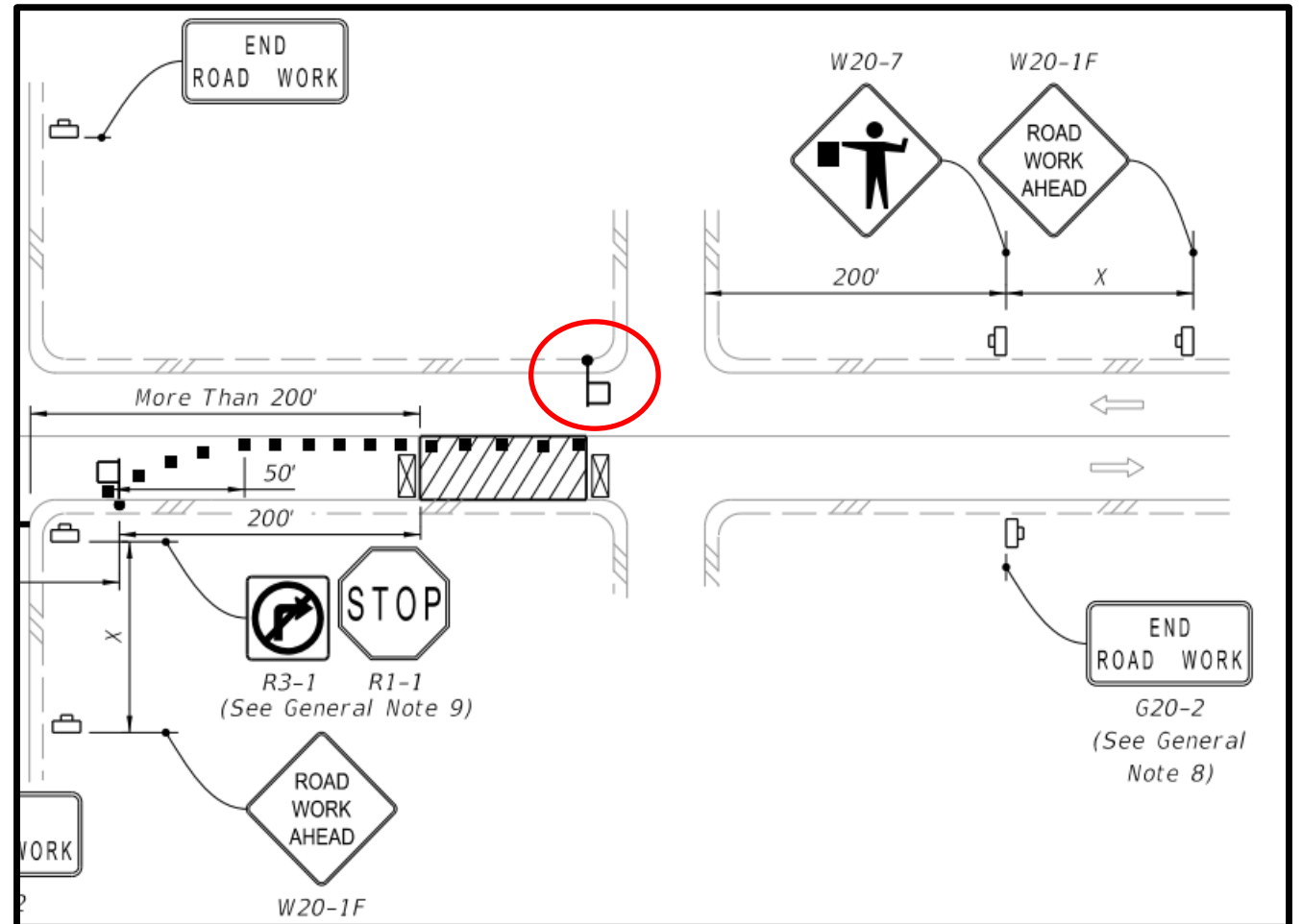
- New Note 9 was added to give the option of using a flagger for side street control instead of using a stop sign and restricting left turn movements.

9. As an option to the "STOP" sign (R1-1) and Restricted Left/Right Turning Movement sign (R3-1 or R3-2), the "SIDE ROAD INTERSECTING THE WORK ZONE" flagging operation from Index 102-600 may be used.

Two-Lane, Two-Way, Intersection Work:

Sheet 1

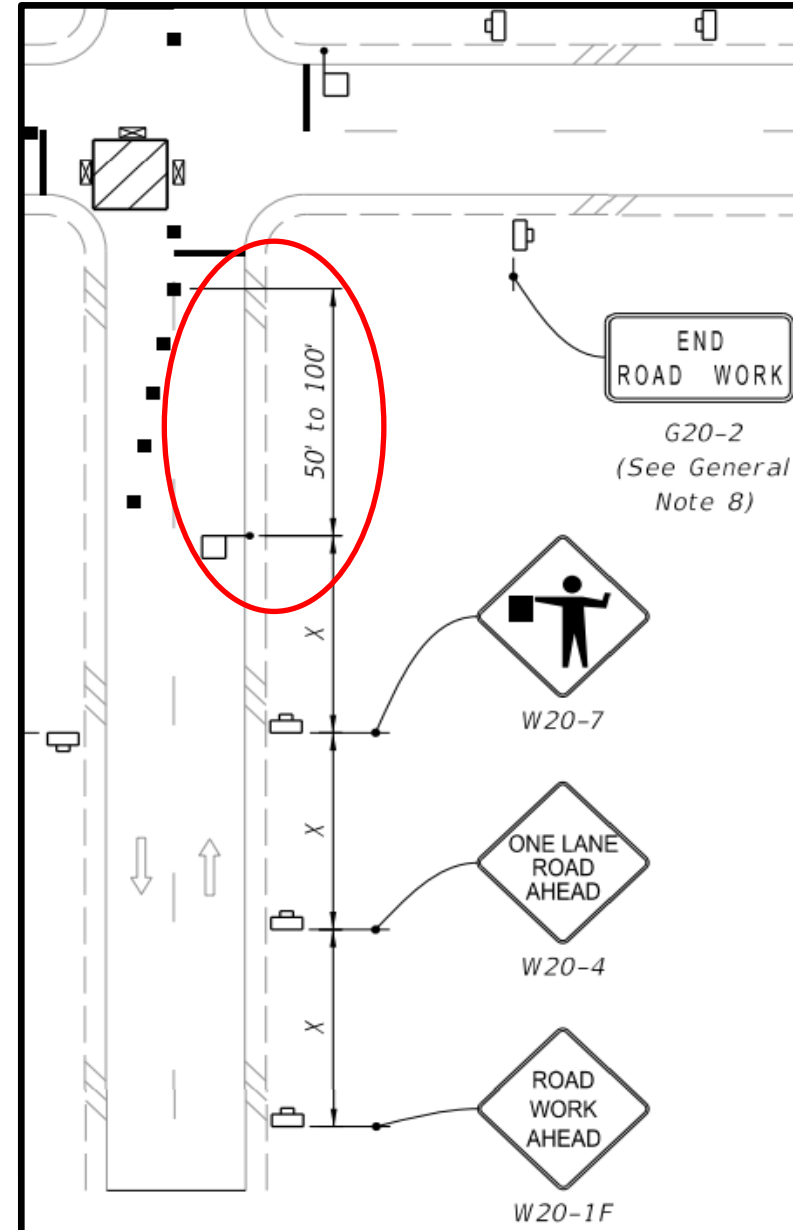
- New Note 9 was added to give the option of using a flagger for side street control instead of using a stop sign and restricting left turn movements.
- The flagger location in the “lane closure for work more than 200’ from the intersection” detail was moved from the centerline to the shoulder.



Two-Lane, Two-Way, Intersection Work:

Sheet 1

The flagger and taper dimension in southbound approach of the detail was moved from the left shoulder to the right shoulder.



Mobile Operations:

Sheet 1

Removed vehicle light requirement statement from Note 4. This is a requirement of all equipment and vehicles in the Work Zone per *Standard Specification 102*.

4. Where work activities within 2' of the edge of travel way are incidental (i.e., Mowing, Litter Removal), the Engineer may delete requirements for signs and the Shadow vehicle on the shoulder ~~provided vehicles in the work area have high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights operating.~~

Multilane Roadway, Lane Closures:

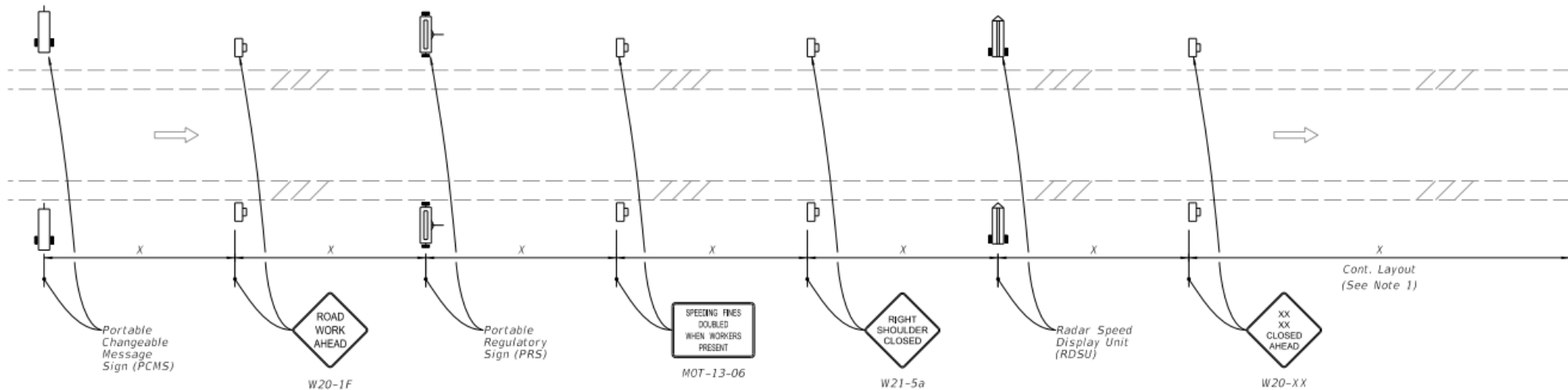
Sheet 5

Updated Note 1 to clarify usage of the Motorist Awareness System

i.e., “for lane closures of at least 5 days (consecutive or not) on multilane divided facilities with a posted speed of 55mph or greater.

NOTES:

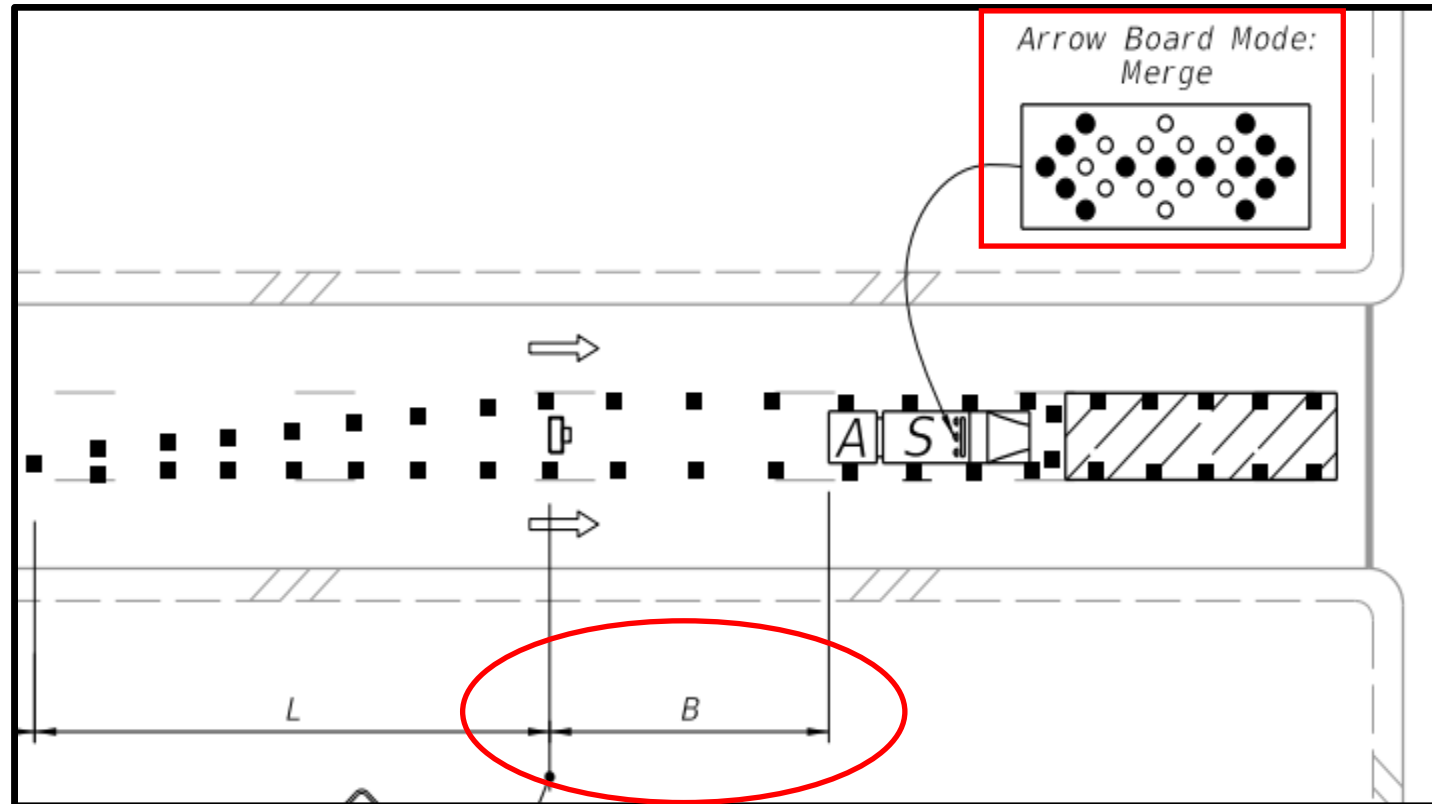
1. Use the Motorist Awareness System (MAS) for lane closures of at least 5 days (consecutive or not) on multilane divided facilities with a posted speed of 55 or greater when workers are present and not protected by a barrier.



Multilane Roadway, Intersection Work:

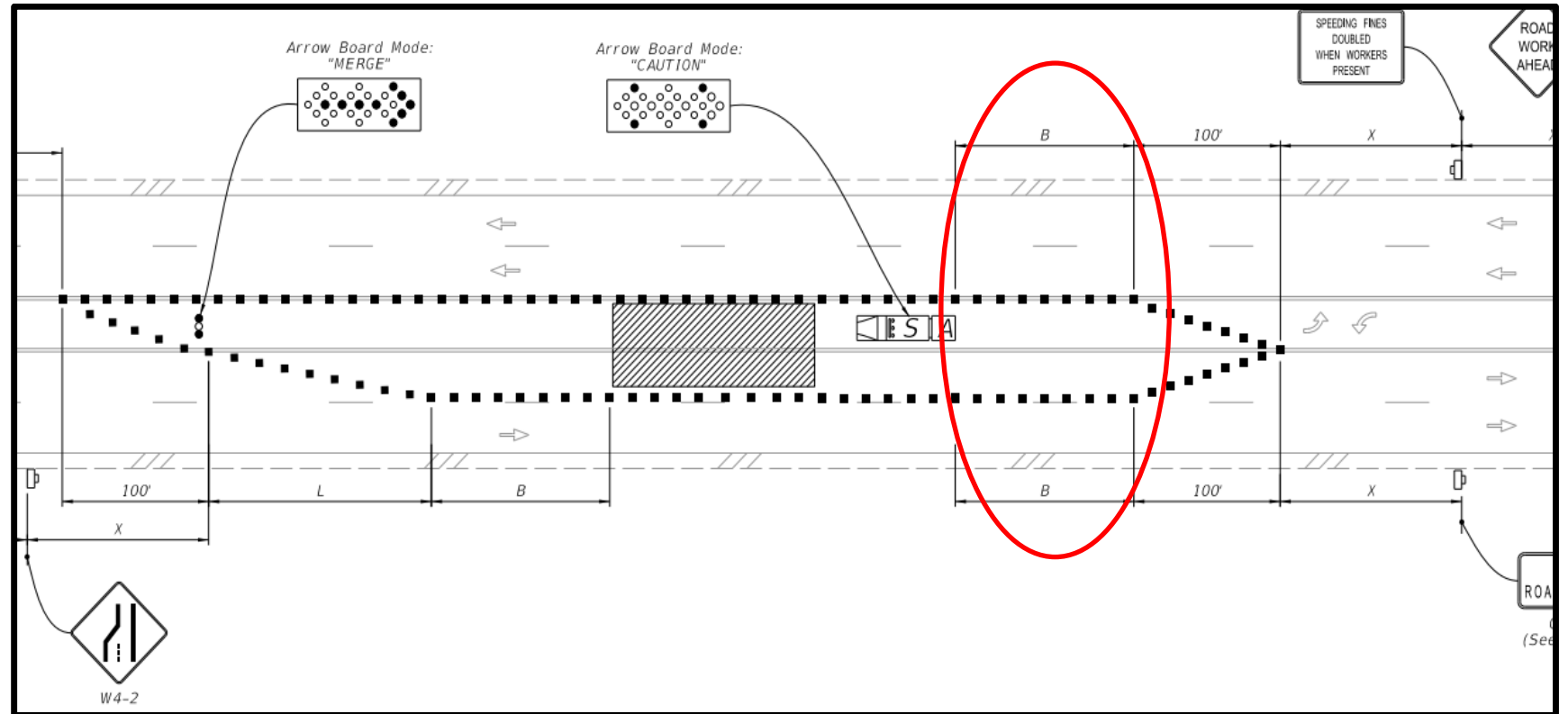
Sheet 4

- Updated Buffer Space location to upstream of the Shadow Vehicle.
- Added Arrow Board Mode.



Two-Way Left Turn Lanes: Sheet 1

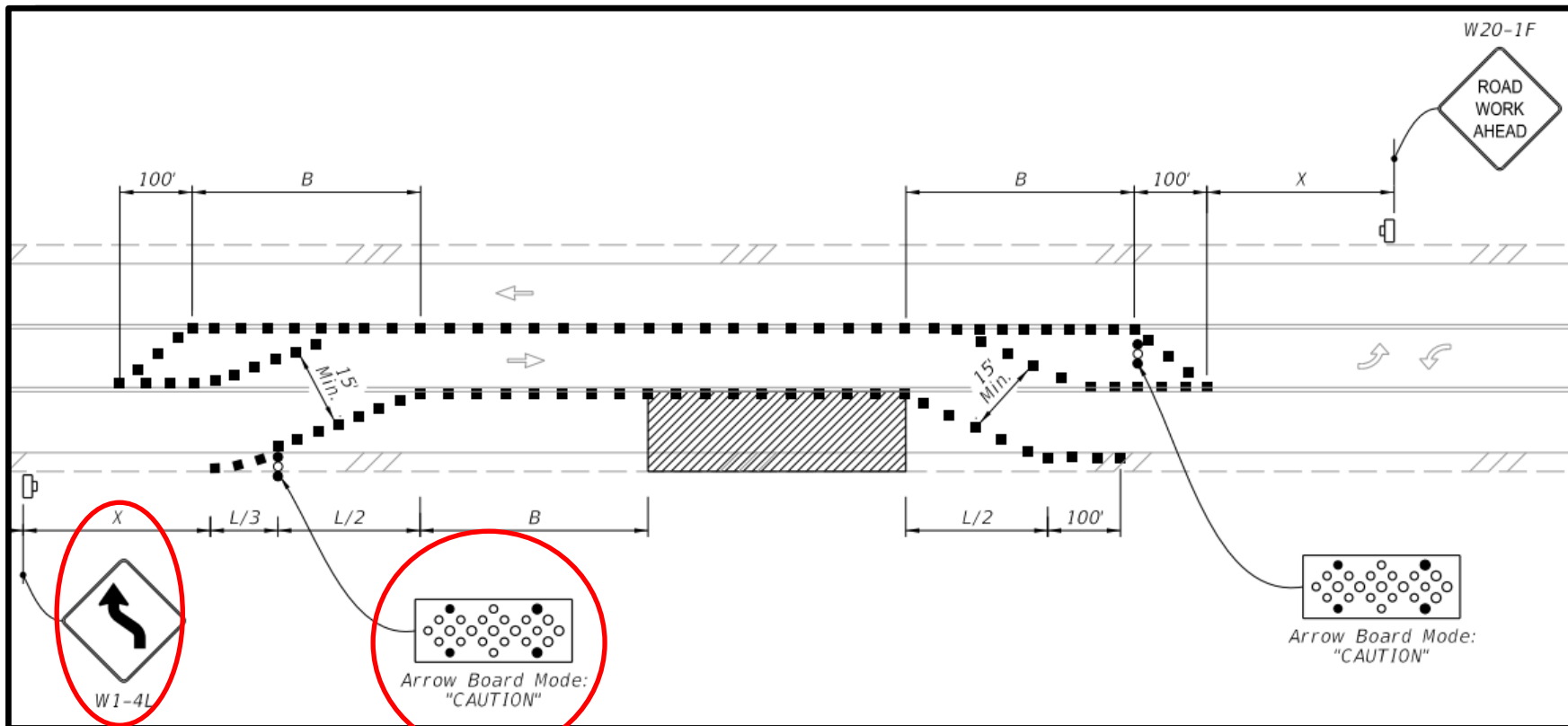
Updated Buffer Space location to upstream of the Shadow Vehicle.



Two-Way Left Turn Lanes:

Sheet 3

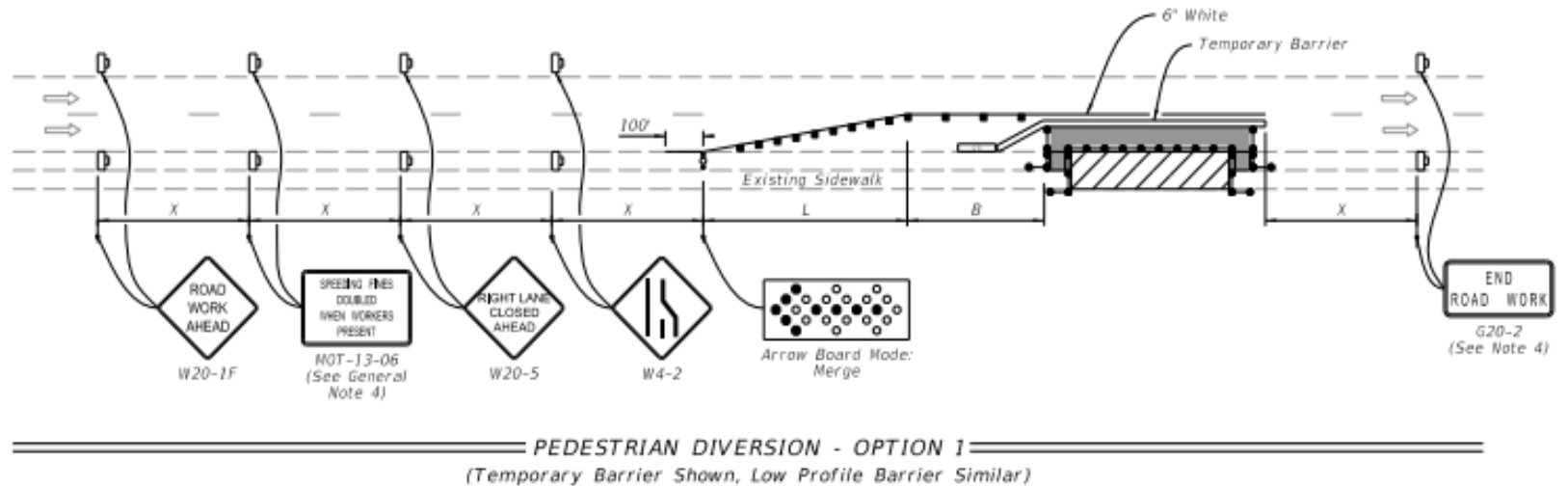
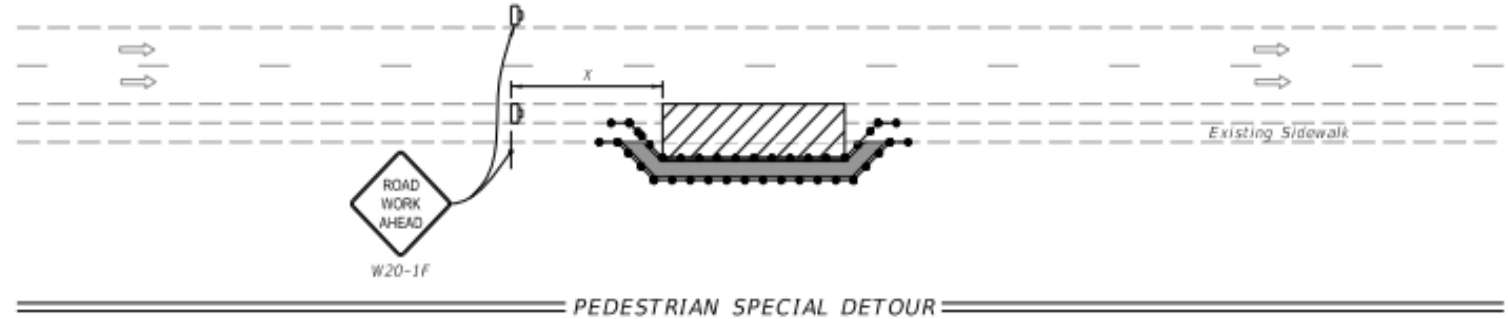
- Updated Arrow Board at Shifting Taper to “CAUTION” Mode instead of “MERGE” Mode.
- Changed “Right Lane Closed” (W20-5aR) sign to the W1-4L Lane Shift symbol sign.



Sidewalk Closure:

Sheet 2

- Changed “Temporary Pedestrian Way” detail title to “Pedestrian Special Detour”.
- Changed “Temporary Pedestrian Way Diverting Traffic Into the Traveled Way” detail title to “Pedestrian Diversion – Option 1”

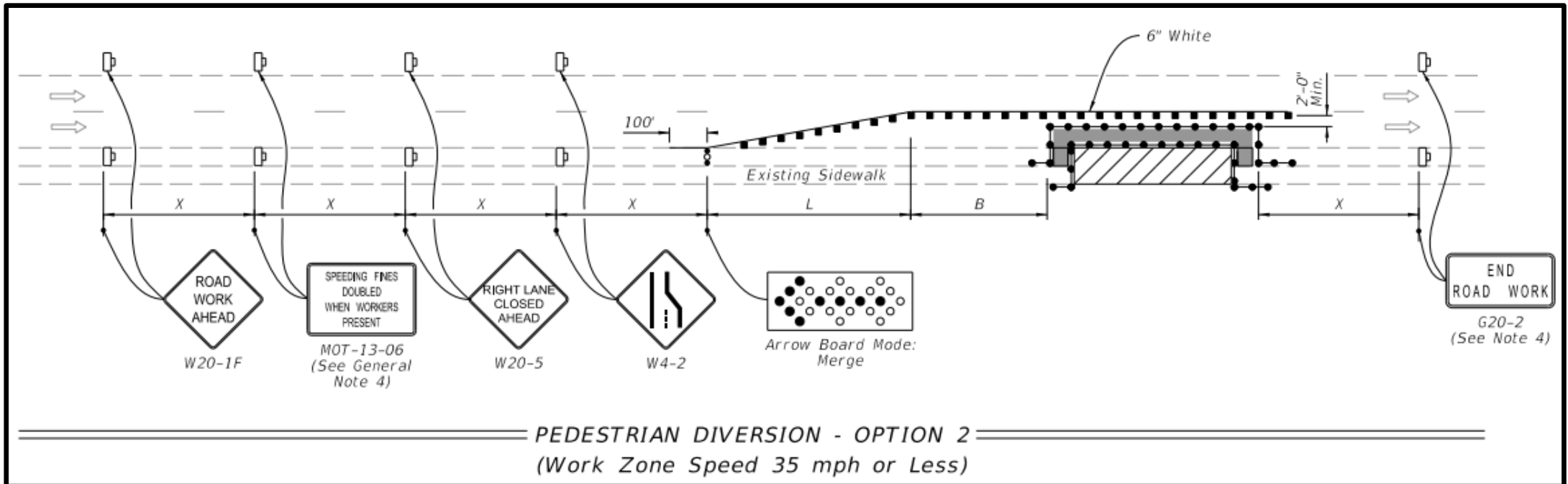


Sidewalk Closure:

Sheet 2 Cont'd

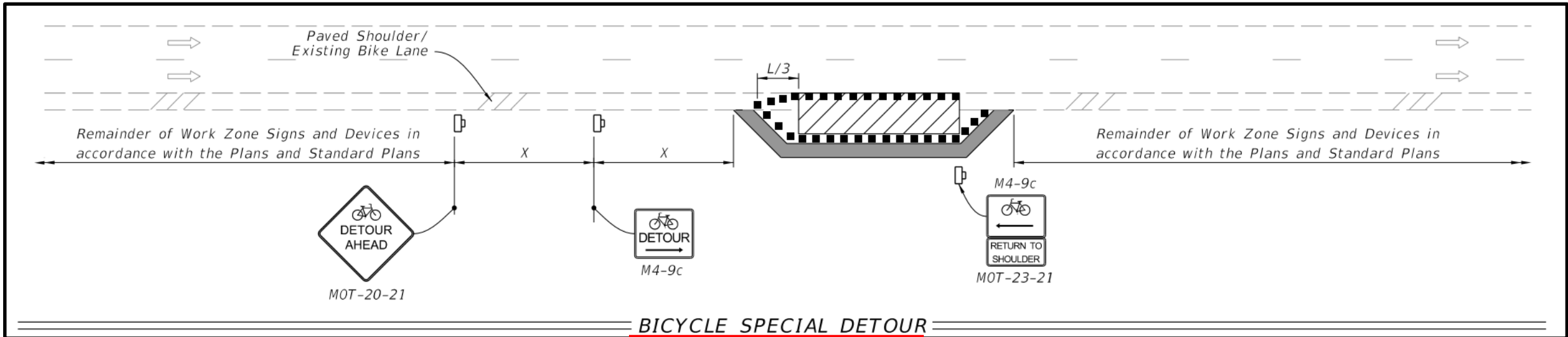
- Added "Pedestrian Diversion – Option 2".
- Added new Note 5.

5. Pedestrian Diversion Option 2 may only be used when called for in the Plans or as approved by an Engineer.



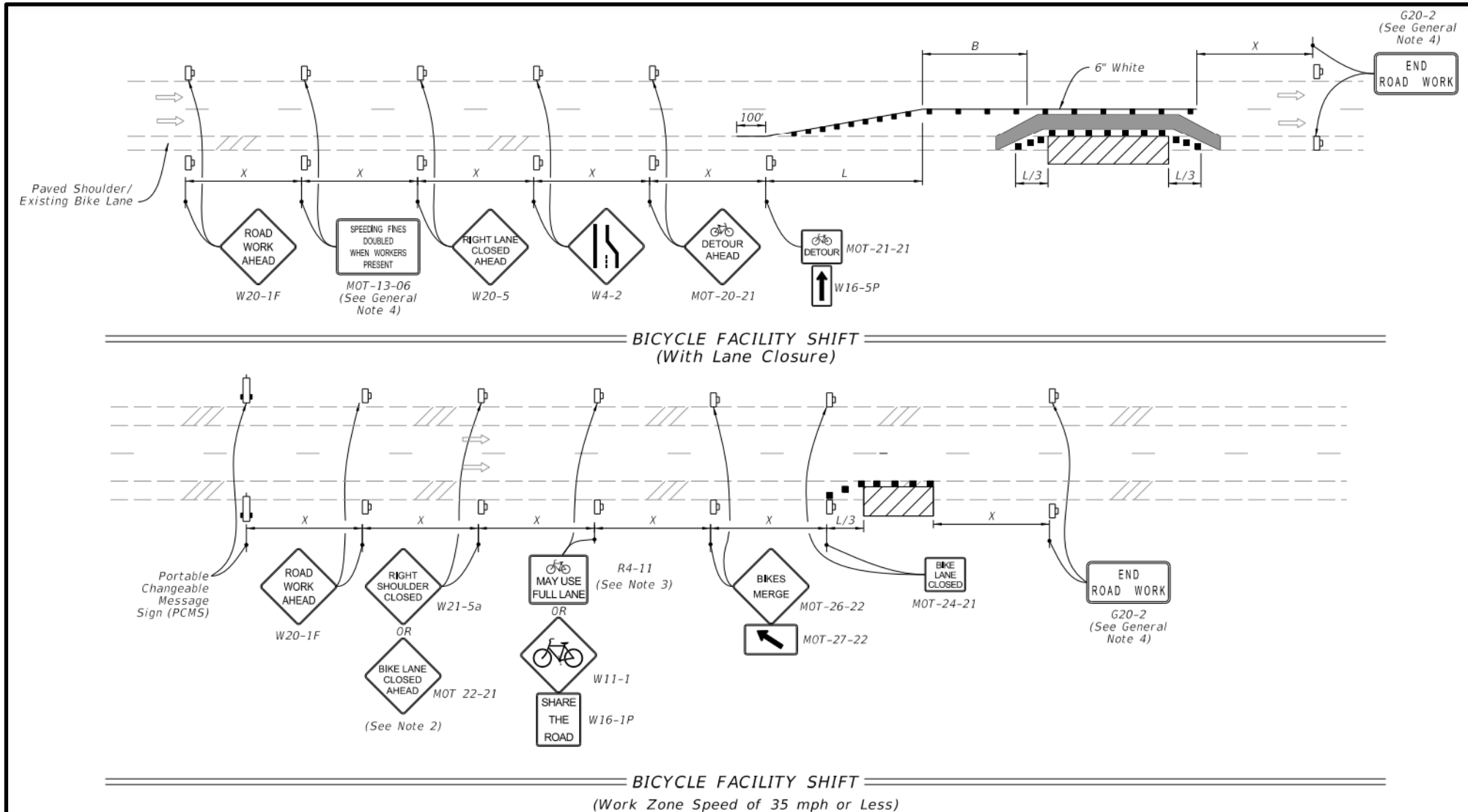
Bicycle Facility Closure:

- Renamed “Bicycle Facility Closures”
- Sheet 2
 Changed the title for the “Temporary Bicycle Diversion” detail to “Bicycle Special Detour”.



Bicycle Facility Closure:

Added new detail for "Bicycle Facility Shift (Work Zone Speed of 35 mph or Less)".



FY 2022-23 Standard Plans Update Training



Joshua Turley, P.E.
Structures Standard Plans Engineer
State Structures Design Office
(850) 414-4475
Joshua.Turley@dot.state.fl.us

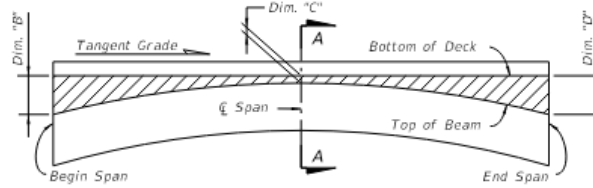
Standards

- 450-199
- 515-052
- 515-062
- 521-660
- 548-020
- 649-031
- 700-091

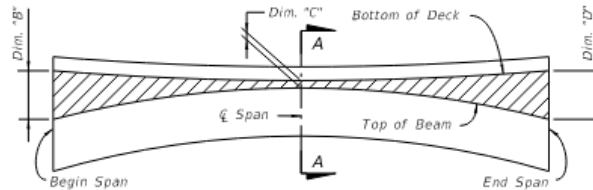
Standards

- 450-199 Prestressed I-Beams Build-Up & Deflection Data
- 515-052
- 515-062
- 521-660
- 548-020
- 649-031
- 700-091

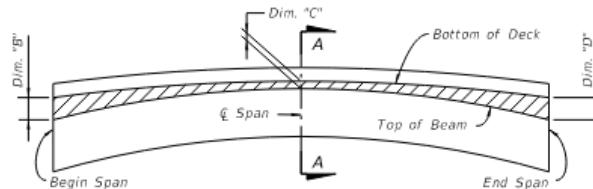
- Changed the camber tolerance to be inline with the specs



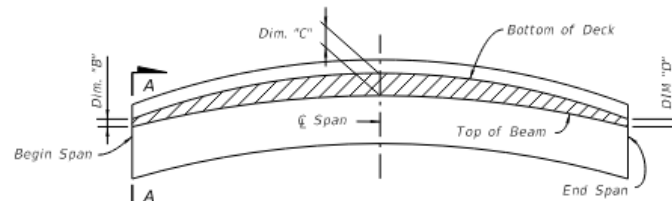
BUILD-UP DIAGRAM FOR TANGENT SPANS
(ALONG Q BEAM) (CASE 1)



BUILD-UP DIAGRAM FOR SAG VERTICAL CURVE & HORIZONTAL CURVE SPANS
(ALONG Q BEAM) (CASE 2)



BUILD-UP DIAGRAM FOR CREST VERTICAL CURVE SPANS
- CONTROL AT Q SPAN
(ALONG Q BEAM) (CASE 3)

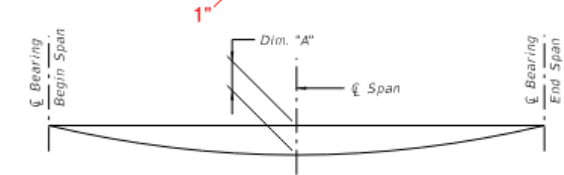


BUILD-UP DIAGRAM FOR CREST VERTICAL CURVE SPANS
- CONTROL AT BEGIN OR END SPAN
(ALONG Q BEAM) (CASE 4)

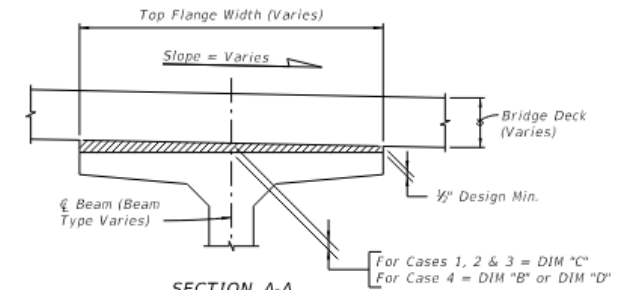
BEAM CAMBER AND BUILD-UP NOTES:

The build-up values given in the Data Table* are based on theoretical beam cambers. The Contractor shall monitor beam cambers for the purpose of predicting camber values at the time of the deck pour. If the predicted cambers based on field measurements differ more than $\pm 1/8"$ from the theoretical "Net Beam Camber @ 120 Days" shown in the Data Table, obtain approval from the Engineer to modify the build-up dimensions as required. When the measured beam cambers create a conflict with the bottom mat of deck steel, notify the Engineer a minimum of 21 days prior to casting.

Dim. "A" includes the weight of the Stay-In-Place Formwork.



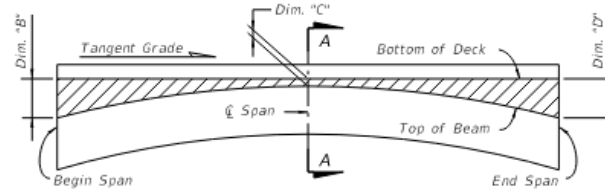
DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM



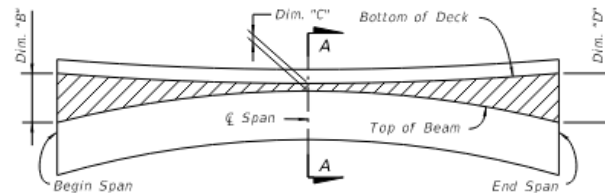
SECTION A-A
BUILD-UP OVER BEAMS
(Florida-I Beam Shown
AASHTO Type II Similar)

* NOTE:
Work this Index with the Build-up and Deflection Data Table for Florida-I and AASHTO Type II Beams in Structures Plans.

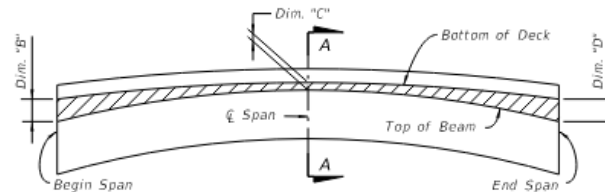
- Final sheet



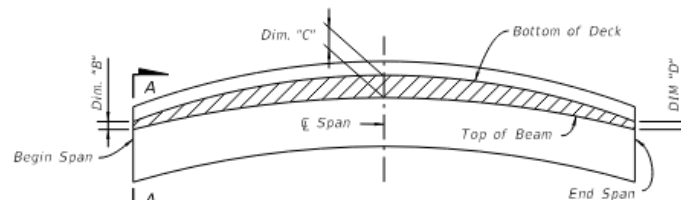
**BUILD-UP DIAGRAM FOR TANGENT SPANS
(ALONG \bar{C} BEAM) (CASE 1)**



**BUILD-UP DIAGRAM FOR SAG VERTICAL CURVE & HORIZONTAL CURVE SPANS
(ALONG \bar{C} BEAM) (CASE 2)**



**BUILD-UP DIAGRAM FOR CREST VERTICAL CURVE SPANS
- CONTROL AT \bar{C} SPAN
(ALONG \bar{C} BEAM) (CASE 3)**

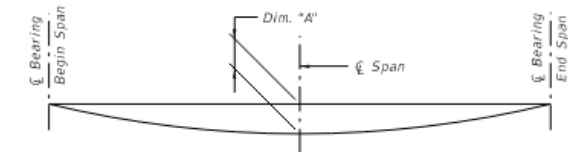


**BUILD-UP DIAGRAM FOR CREST VERTICAL CURVE SPANS
- CONTROL AT BEGIN OR END SPAN
(ALONG \bar{C} BEAM) (CASE 4)**

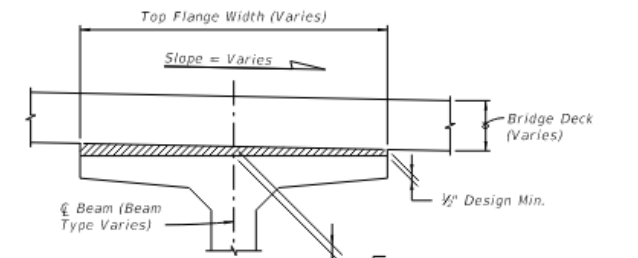
BEAM CAMBER AND BUILD-UP NOTES:

The build-up values given in the Data Table^a are based on theoretical beam cambers. The Contractor shall monitor beam cambers for the purpose of predicting camber values at the time of the deck pour. If the predicted cambers based on field measurements differ more than +/- 1" from the theoretical "Net Beam Camber @ 120 Days" shown in the Data Table, obtain approval from the Engineer to modify the build-up dimensions as required. When the measured beam cambers create a conflict with the bottom mat of deck steel, notify the Engineer a minimum of 21 days prior to casting.

Dim. "A" includes the weight of the Stay-In-Place Formwork.



DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM



**SECTION A-A
BUILD-UP OVER BEAMS
(Florida-I Beam Shown
AASHTO Type II Similar)**

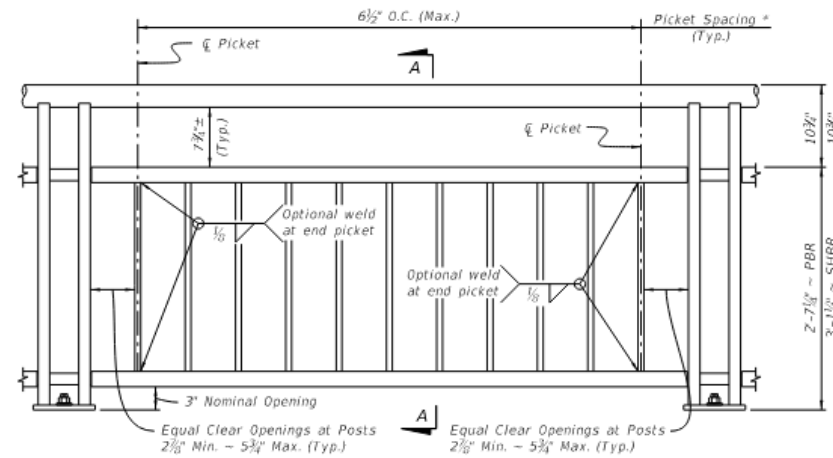
For Cases 1, 2 & 3 = DIM "C"
For Case 4 = DIM "B" or DIM "D"

^a NOTE:
Work this Index with the Build-up and Deflection Data Table for Florida-I and AASHTO Type II Beams in Structures Plans.

Standards

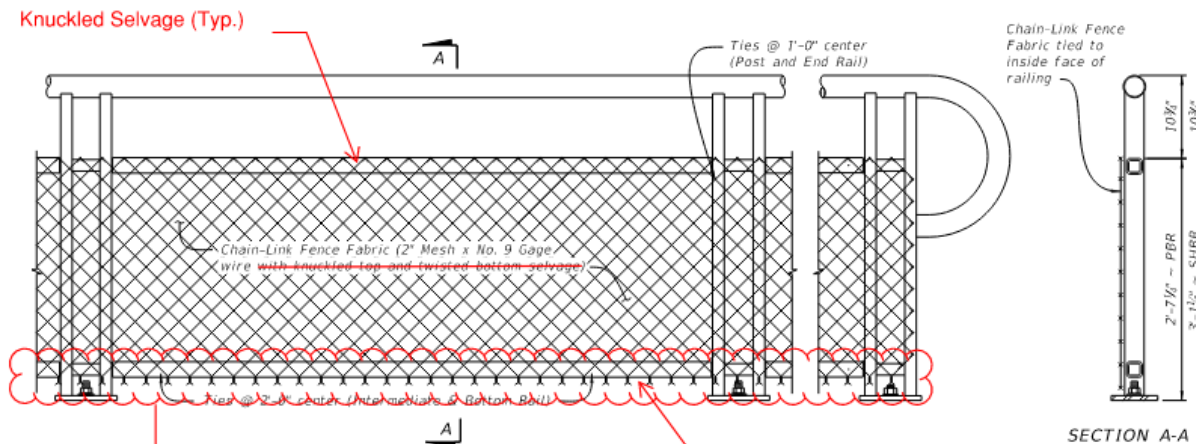
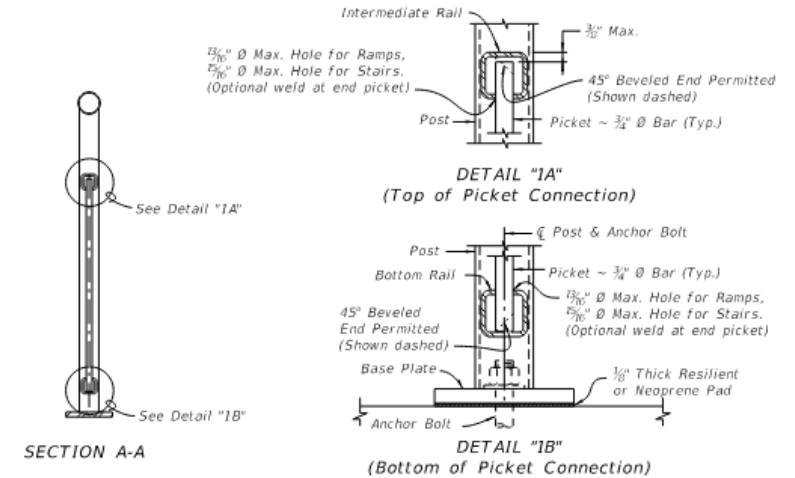
- 450-199 Prestressed I-Beams Build-Up & Deflection Data
- 515-052 Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing (Steel)
- 515-062 Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing (Aluminum)
- 521-660
- 548-020
- 649-031
- 700-091

- Changed the bottom of the fencing from twisted to a knuckled selvage. This was to prevent the fencing catching on pedestrians' feet and legs.
- This was done for both this standard and the aluminum version 515-062



TYPE 1 - PICKET INFILL PANEL

PICKET NOTES:
 * Picket Spacing of 6 1/2" centers is based on a 3/4" Ø Bar for standard applications. When shown in the Contract Plans a 4 1/2" picket spacing may be required. See Note 4 (Sheet 1).



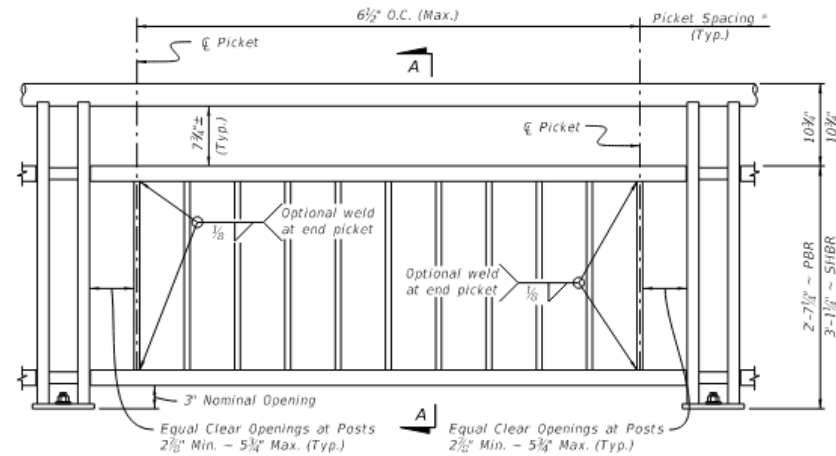
TYPE 2 - CHAIN-LINK (Continuous Infill Panel)

NOTES:
 1. See Plans for Infill Panel option required.

TABLE 2 - CHAIN-LINK PANEL COMPONENT MATERIALS		
COMPONENT	ASTM	COMPONENT INFORMATION
Chain-Link Fence Fabric (2" mesh with twisted-bottom and knuckled-top selvage)	A 392	Zinc-Coated Steel - No. 9 gage (coated wire diameter), Class 2 Coating
	A 491	Aluminum-Coated Steel - No. 9 gage (coated wire diameter)
Tie Wires	F 668	Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Coated Steel - No. 9 gage Zinc-Coated Wire (metallic-coated core wire diameter) ~ See Plans for specified color of PVC.
	F 626	Zinc-Coated Steel Wire - No. 9 gage with coating to match Chain-Link Fence Fabric.
Tension Bars	F 626	3/8" (Min. thickness) x 3/4" (Min. width) x 2'-3" (Min. height) Steel Bars
Miscellaneous Fence Components	F 626	Zinc-Coated Steel

CHAIN-LINK PANEL NOTE:
 Chain-Link Fence Fabric shall be continuous along limits of railing. Splicing of Chain-Link panels using Tension Bars at 20'-0" minimum increments is permitted.

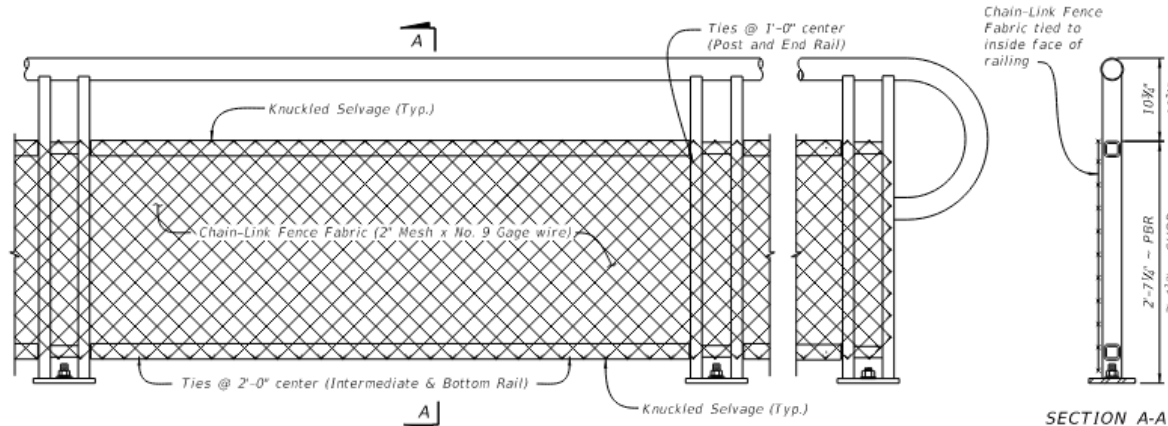
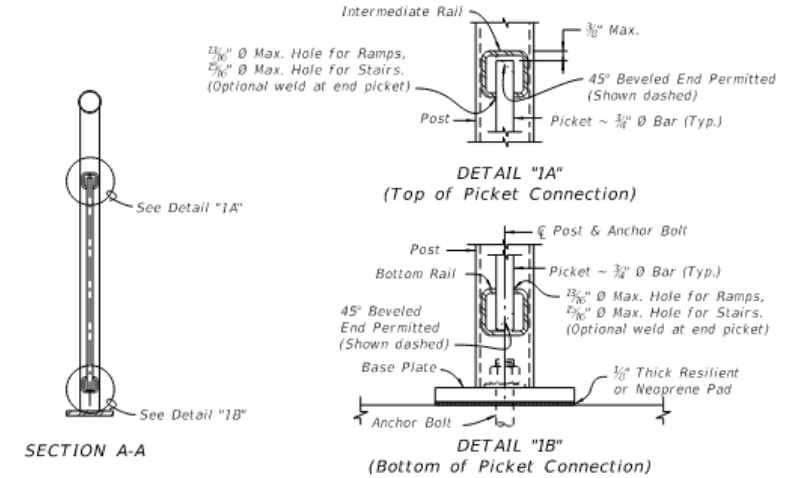
- Final sheet



TYPE 1 - PICKET INFILL PANEL

PICKET NOTES:

* Picket Spacing of 6 1/2\"/>



TYPE 2 - CHAIN-LINK (Continuous Infill Panel)

NOTES:

1. See Plans for Infill Panel option required.

TABLE 2 - CHAIN-LINK PANEL COMPONENT MATERIALS		
COMPONENT	ASTM	COMPONENT INFORMATION
Chain-Link Fence Fabric (2\"/>	A 392	Zinc-Coated Steel - No. 9 gage (coated wire diameter), Class 2 Coating
	A 491	Aluminum-Coated Steel - No. 9 gage (coated wire diameter)
	F 668	Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Coated Steel - No. 9 gage Zinc-Coated Wire (metallic-coated core wire diameter) - See Plans for specified color of PVC.
Tie Wires	F 626	Zinc-Coated Steel Wire - No. 9 gage with coating to match Chain-Link Fence Fabric.
Tension Bars	F 626	1/2\"/>
Miscellaneous Fence Components	F 626	Zinc-Coated Steel

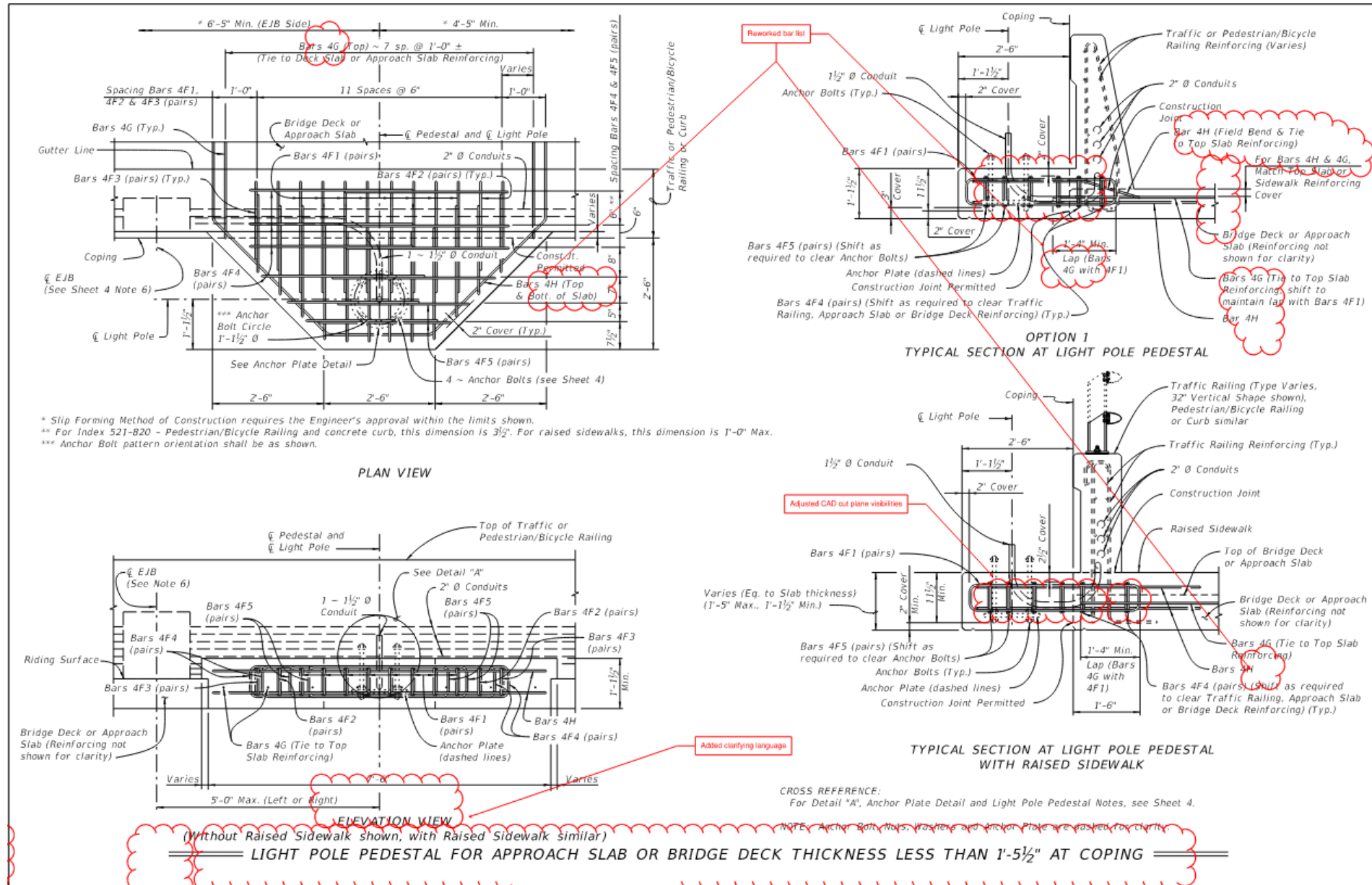
CHAIN-LINK PANEL NOTE:

Chain-Link Fence Fabric shall be continuous along limits of railing. Splicing of Chain-Link panels using Tension Bars at 20'-0\"/>

Standards

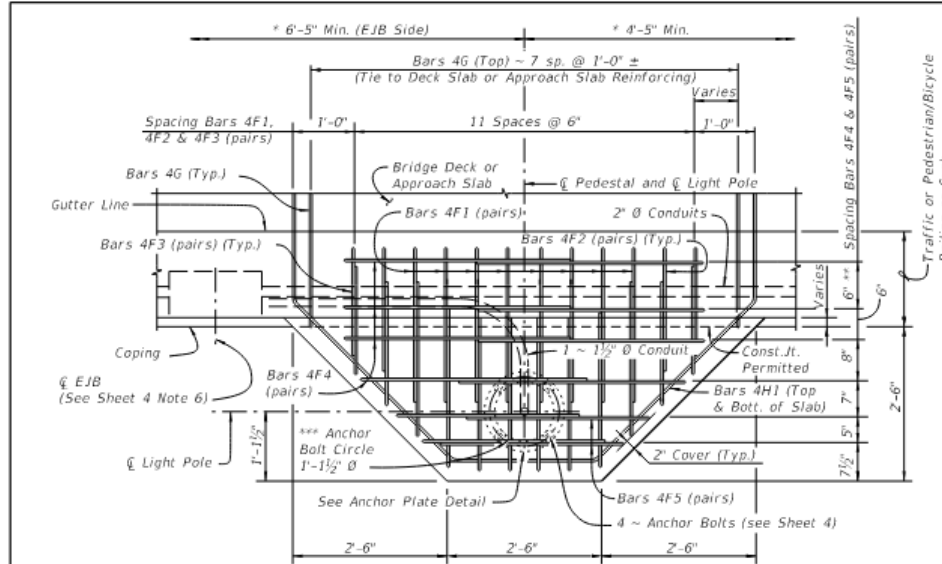
- 450-199 Prestressed I-Beams Build-Up & Deflection Data
- 515-052 Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing (Steel)
- 515-062 Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing (Aluminum)
- **521-660 Light Pole Pedestal - Bridge**
- 548-020
- 649-031
- 700-091

- We added an option to allow for slipforming past the pedestal.
- In doing so we reorganized the details and had to update the bill of reinforcing and labels



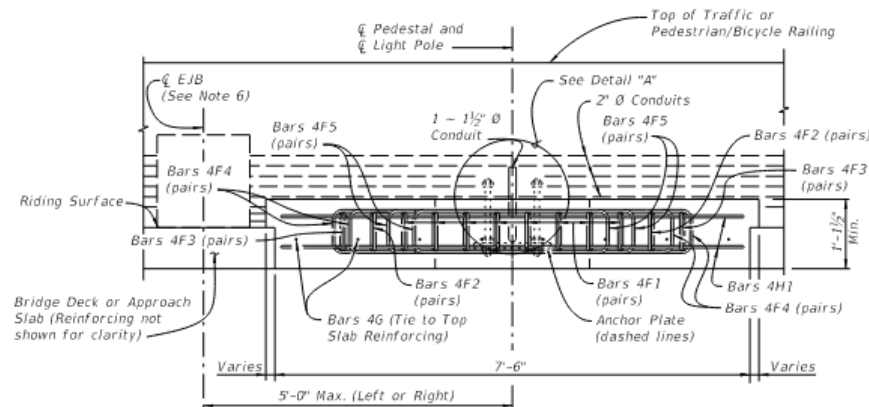
LAST REVISION 11/01/19	DESCRIPTION:	FDOT	FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL - BRIDGE	INDEX 521-660	SHEET 1 of 4
---------------------------	--------------	------	------------------------------	------------------------------	------------------	-----------------

- Final Sheet 1



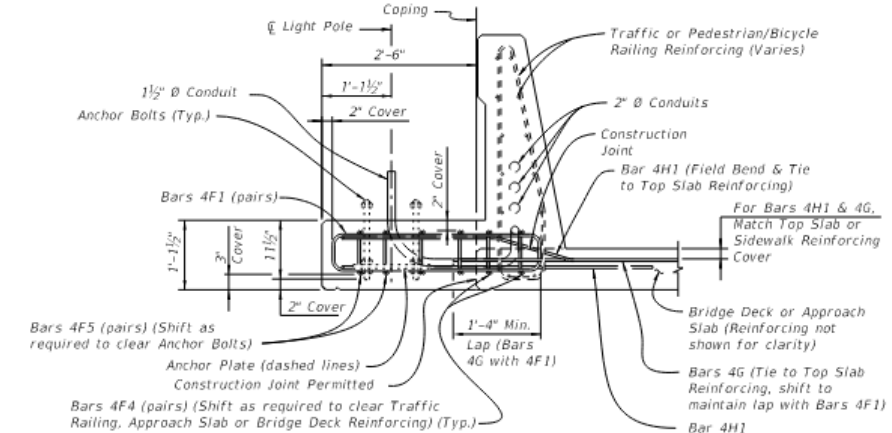
* Slip Forming Method of Construction requires the Engineer's approval within the limits shown.
 ** For Index 521-820 - Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing and concrete curb, this dimension is 3½". For raised sidewalks, this dimension is 1'-0" Max.
 *** Anchor Bolt pattern orientation shall be as shown.

OPTION 1 & 2
PLAN VIEW

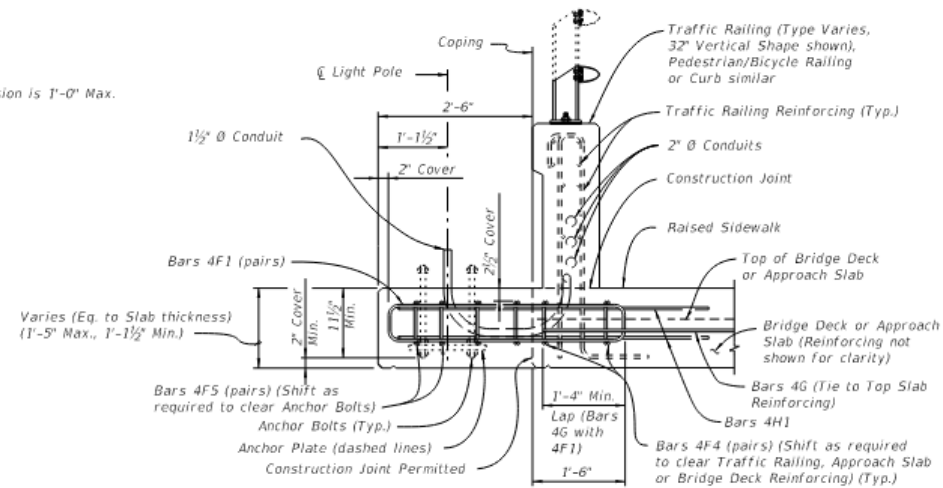


OPTION 1
ELEVATION VIEW
(Without Raised Sidewalk shown, with Raised Sidewalk similar)

CASE 1 LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL FOR APPROACH SLAB OR BRIDGE DECK THICKNESS LESS THAN 1'-5½" AT COPING



OPTION 1
TYPICAL SECTION AT LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL



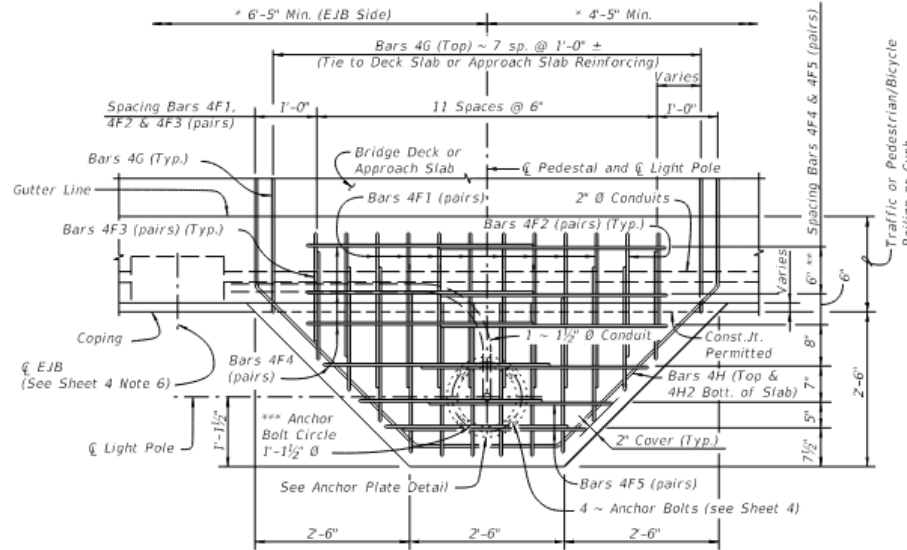
OPTION 1
TYPICAL SECTION AT LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL
WITH RAISED SIDEWALK

CROSS REFERENCE:
For Detail "A", Anchor Plate Detail and Light Pole Pedestal Notes, see Sheet 4.

NOTE: Anchor Bolt, Nuts, Washers and Anchor Plate are dashed for clarity.

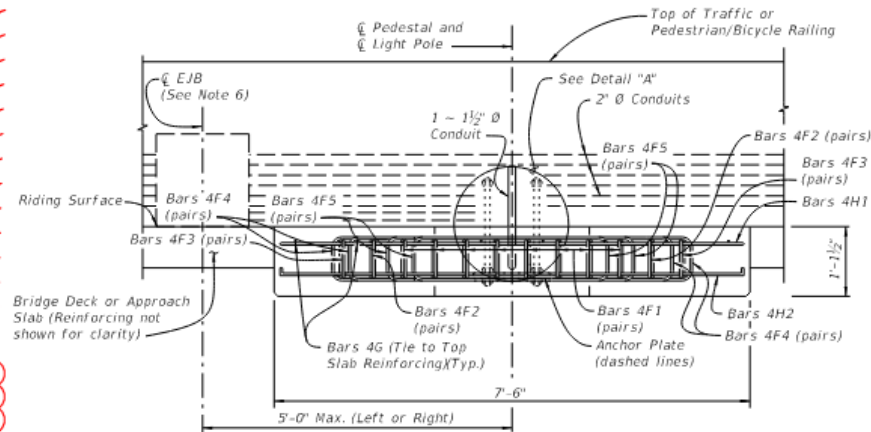
LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:		FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL - BRIDGE	INDEX 521-660	SHEET 1 of 4
---------------------------	--------------	--	------------------------------	------------------------------	------------------	-----------------

- Moved the details around to re-organize



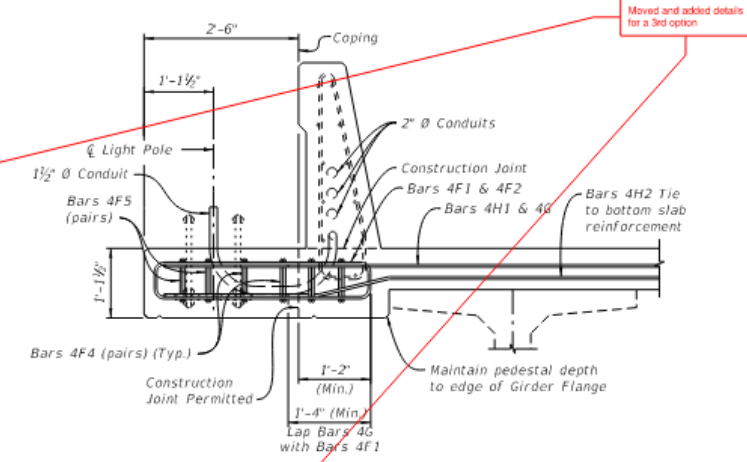
* Slip Forming Method of Construction requires the Engineer's approval within the limits shown.
 ** For Index 521-820 - Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing and concrete curb, this dimension is 3 1/2". For raised sidewalks, this dimension is 1'-0" Max.
 *** Anchor Bolt pattern orientation shall be as shown.

PLAN VIEW



OPTION 2 - ELEVATION VIEW

LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL FOR APPROACH SLAB OR BRIDGE DECK LESS THAN 1'-5 1/2" AT COPING OPTION 2

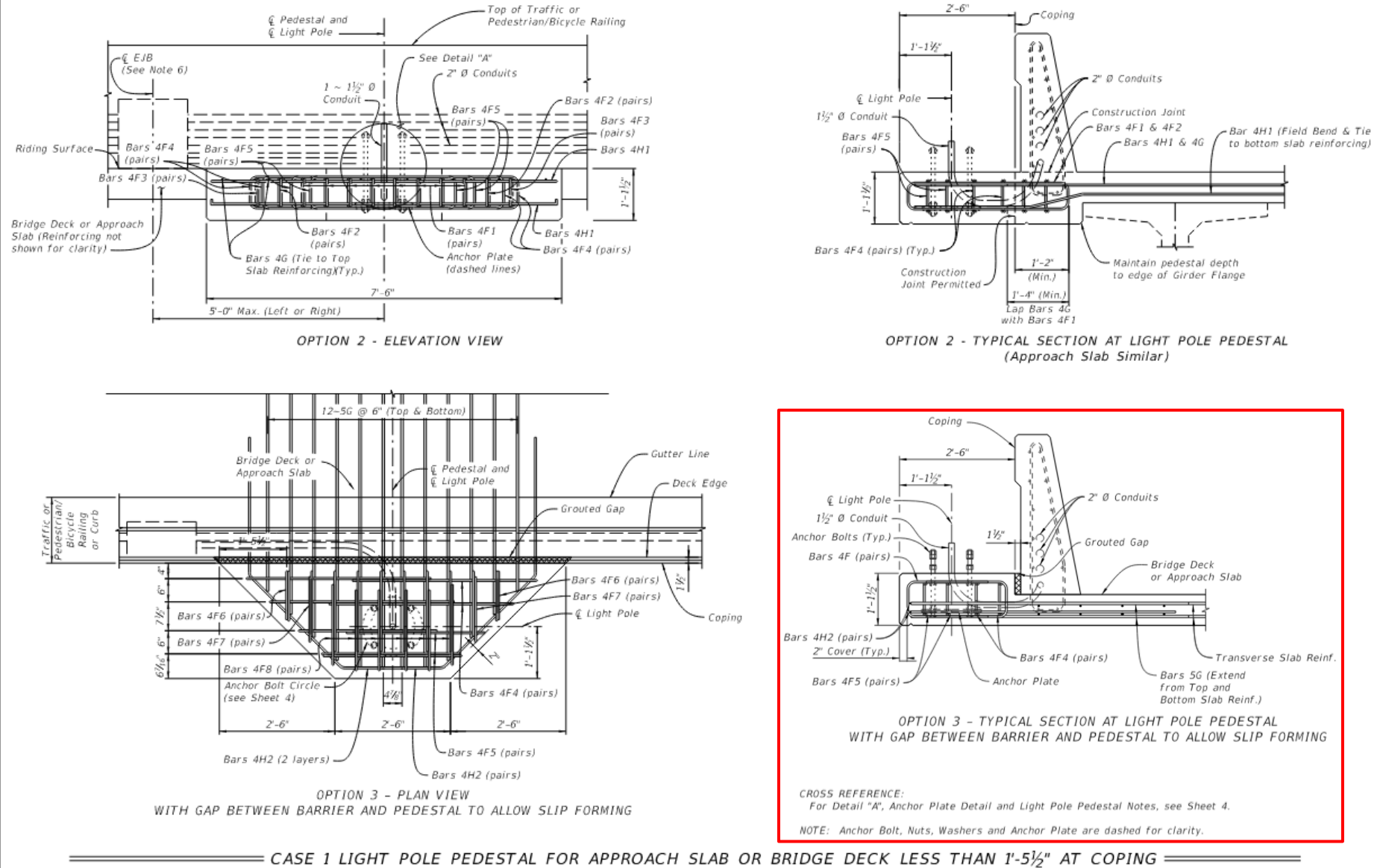


OPTION 2 - TYPICAL SECTION AT LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL (Approach Slab Similar)

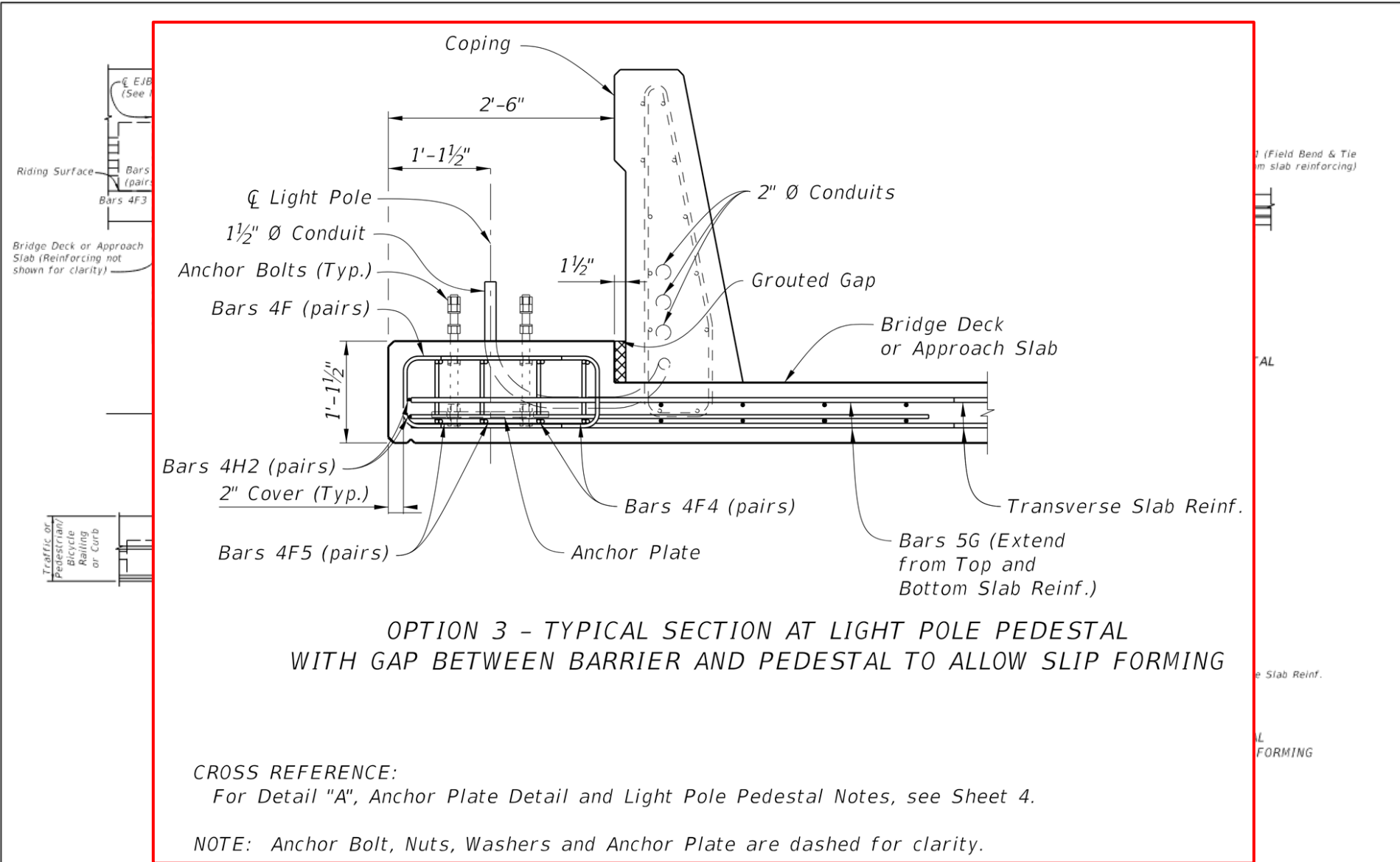
CROSS REFERENCE:
 For Detail "A", Anchor Plate Detail and Light Pole Pedestal Notes, see Sheet 4.
 NOTE: Anchor Bolt, Nuts, Washers and Anchor Plate are dashed for clarity.

LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION	FY 2021-22	STANDARD PLANS	LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL - BRIDGE	INDEX	SHEET
11/01/18					521-660	2 of 4

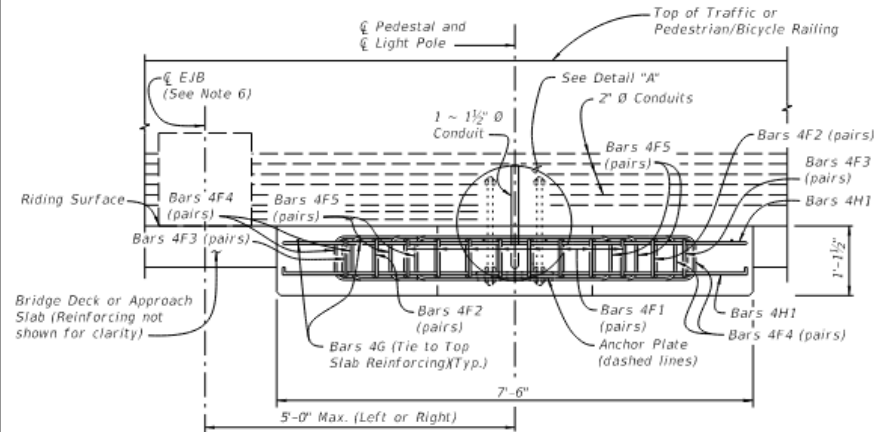
- Final Sheet
- Moved the details around to re-organize



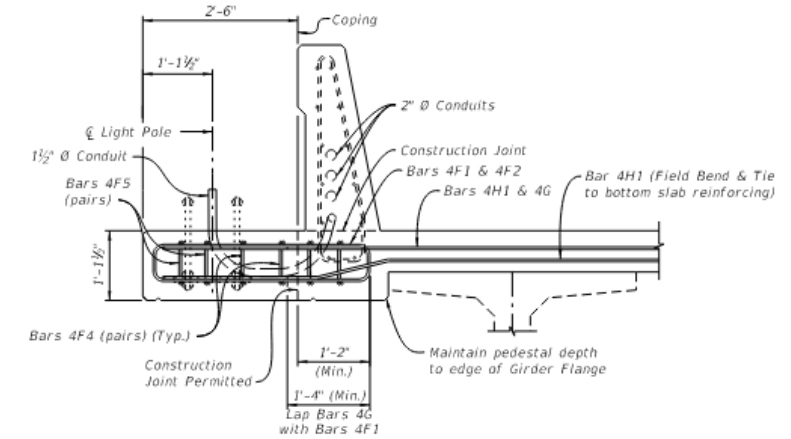
- New detail provides 1 ½” gap. The slab steel extends into the pedestal.
- The gap is grouted after slip forming



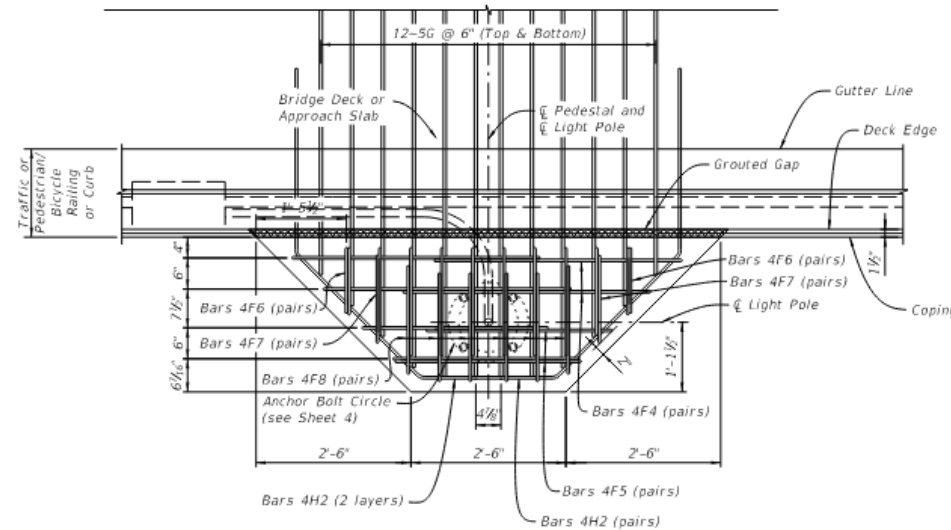
CASE 1 LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL FOR APPROACH SLAB OR BRIDGE DECK LESS THAN 1'-5 ½" AT COPING



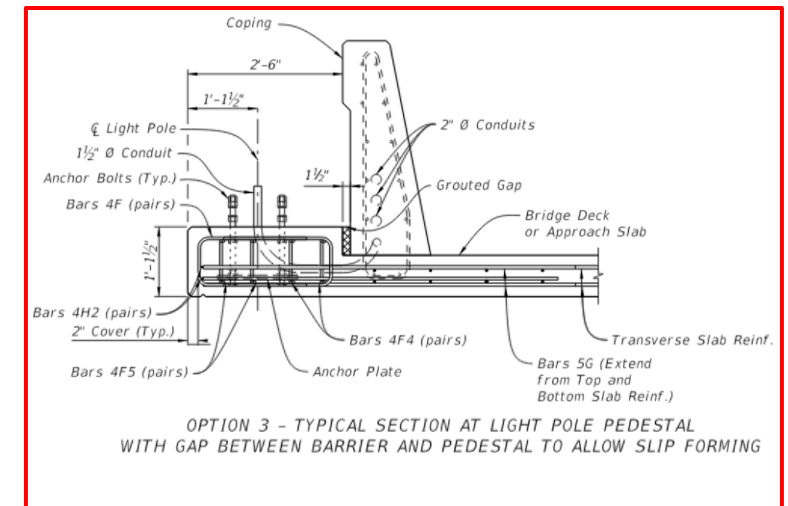
OPTION 2 - ELEVATION VIEW



OPTION 2 - TYPICAL SECTION AT LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL (Approach Slab Similar)



OPTION 3 - PLAN VIEW WITH GAP BETWEEN BARRIER AND PEDESTAL TO ALLOW SLIP FORMING



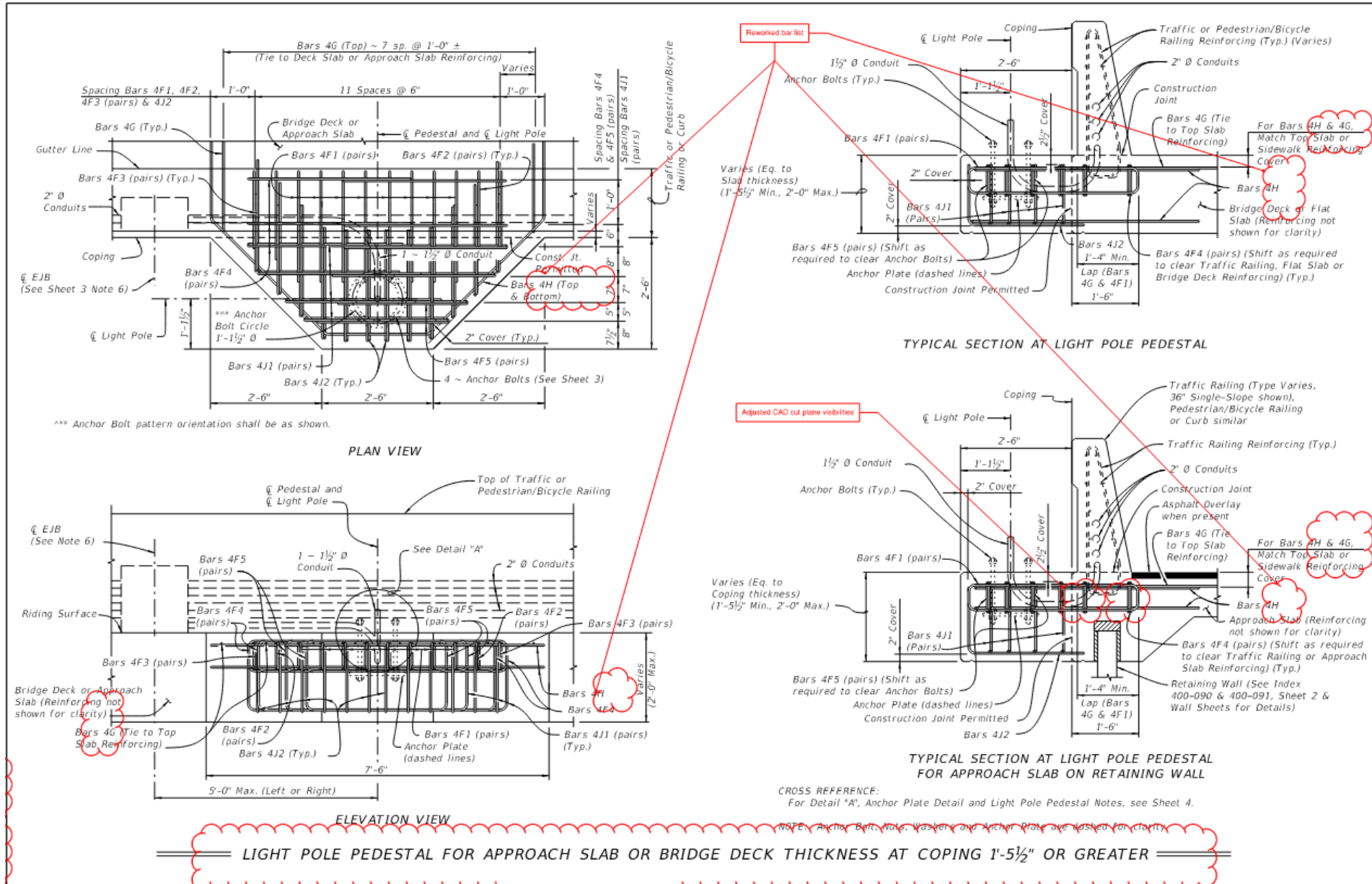
OPTION 3 - TYPICAL SECTION AT LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL WITH GAP BETWEEN BARRIER AND PEDESTAL TO ALLOW SLIP FORMING

CROSS REFERENCE:
For Detail "A", Anchor Plate Detail and Light Pole Pedestal Notes, see Sheet 4.

NOTE: Anchor Bolt, Nuts, Washers and Anchor Plate are dashed for clarity.

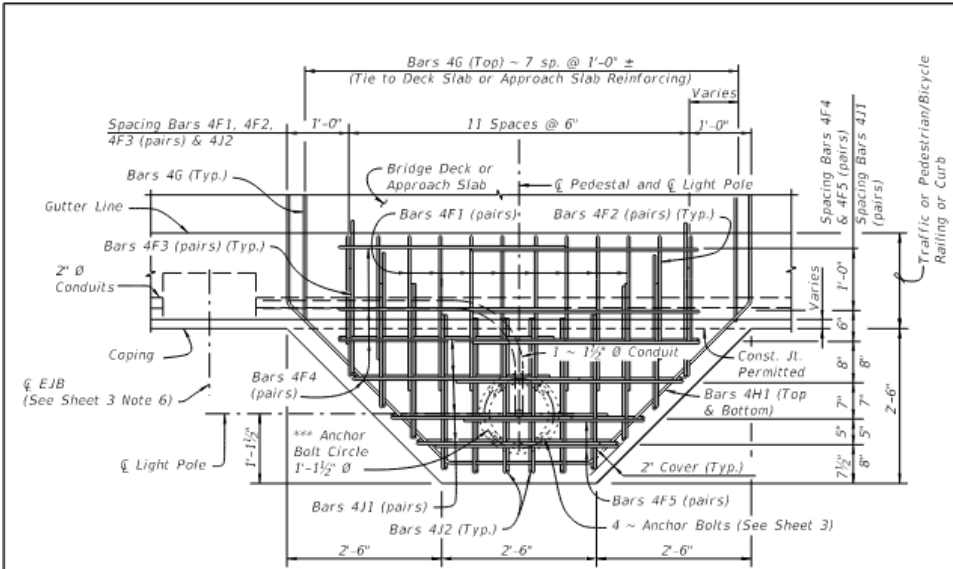
CASE 1 LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL FOR APPROACH SLAB OR BRIDGE DECK LESS THAN 1'-5 1/2" AT COPING

- Relabeled some of the bars due to reorganization



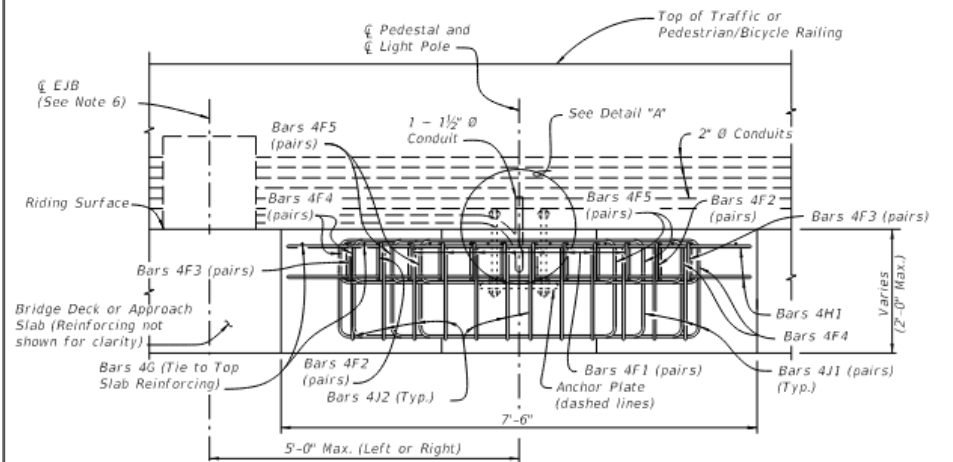
LAST REVISION 11/01/19	DESCRIPTION:	FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL - BRIDGE	INDEX 521-660	SHEET 3 of 4
---------------------------	--------------	------------------------------	------------------------------	------------------	-----------------

- Final sheet



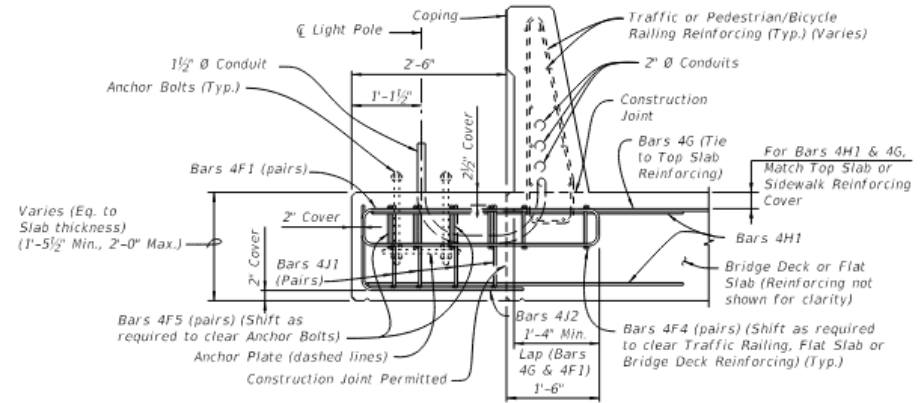
*** Anchor Bolt pattern orientation shall be as shown.

PLAN VIEW

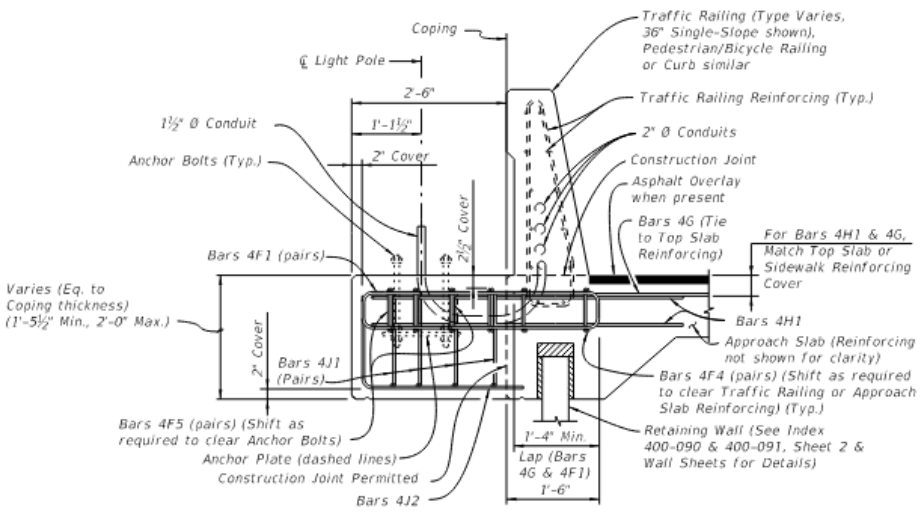


ELEVATION VIEW

===== CASE 2 LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL FOR APPROACH SLAB OR BRIDGE DECK THICKNESS AT COPING 1'-5 1/2" OR GREATER =====



TYPICAL SECTION AT LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL



TYPICAL SECTION AT LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL FOR APPROACH SLAB ON RETAINING WALL

CROSS REFERENCE: For Detail "A", Anchor Plate Detail and Light Pole Pedestal Notes, see Sheet 4.

NOTE: Anchor Bolt, Nuts, Washers and Anchor Plate are dashed for clarity.

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	REVISION	DESCRIPTION:		FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL - BRIDGE	INDEX	SHEET
						521-660	3 of 4

- Reworked the bill of reinforcing to account for the new option.
- Added a reference for conduit to the appropriate standard
- Added a nut to the anchor bolt for breakout for compressive force in the anchor.

CONVENTIONAL REINFORCING STEEL BENDING DIAGRAMS

REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

- When Pedestal is attached to Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing - Index 521-820 or an 8' wide concrete curb and the Bridge Deck or Approach Slab thickness is less than 1'-1 1/2", Bars 4F3 shall have leg length and bar length shown in parentheses.
- The number of bars shown in parentheses is for Bars 4F4 when Pedestal is attached to Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing - Index 521-820 or an 8' wide concrete curb, and the Bridge Deck or Approach Slab thickness is less than 1'-1 1/2".
- Lap Splices for Bars 4F1, 4F2 & 4F3 shall be a minimum of 1'-4". Lap Splices for Bars 4F4 & 4F5 shall be minimum of 1'-8".
- Bars 4J1 and 4J2 are not required when Pedestal thickness is less than 1'-5 1/2". Field trim height of bars to maintain cover when Pedestal thickness is less than 2'-0". Field trim length of Bars 4J2 on Retaining Wall coping to maintain cover.
- All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.

BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL				
MARK	SIZE	NO. REOD.	LENGTH	NOTES
F1	4	16	5'-8"	c
F2	4	4	4'-8"	c
F3	4	4	4'-2" (3'-6")	a, c
F4	4	8 (6)	8'-3"	b, c
F5	4	4	6'-7"	c
G	4	8	6'-0"	-
H	4	2	15'-8"	-
J1	4	8	4'-8"	d
J2	4	12	4'-0"	d

() See Reinforcing Steel Note a & b.

LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL NOTES

- Concrete and Reinforcing Steel required for the construction of the Pedestal shall meet the same requirements as the Traffic Railing or Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing the Pedestal is attached to.
- Light Pole Pedestal may be used with the following:
 Index 521-422 - Traffic Railing (42" Vertical Shape),
 Index 521-423 - Traffic Railing (32" Vertical Shape),
 Index 521-427 - Traffic Railing (36" Single-Slope),
 Index 521-428 - Traffic Railing (42" Single-Slope),
 Index 521-820 - Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing,
 Index 515-021 - Pedestrian/Bicycle Bullet Railing for Traffic Railing or
 Index 515-509 - Traffic Railing /Noise Wall - Bridge.
- Unless otherwise noted, Traffic Railing (36" Single-Slope) is shown in all Views and Sections. The Pedestal details for other Traffic Railings or Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing are similar.

ANCHOR BOLTS:
 Anchor Bolt design is based on the standard Roadway Aluminum Light Pole configurations shown on Index 715-002.

Anchor Bolt Diameter: See Table 1
 Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55.
 Nuts: ASTM A563 Grade A, Heavy-Hex.
 Washers: ASTM F436 Type 1.
 Anchor Plate: ASTM A709 (Grade 36) or ASTM A36.
 Coating: Galvanize all Nuts, Bolts Washers, in accordance with ASTM F2329.
 Galvanize plates in accordance with ASTM A123.

The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the anchor bolt configuration is compatible with the light pole base plate. Submit modifications of the anchor bolt design to the Engineer for approval.

4. Install Anchor Bolts plumb.

5. For Conduit, Embedded Junction Boxes (EJB), Expansion/Deflection Fitting and adjacent Reinforcing Steel Details, see Utility Conduit Detail Sheets and Index 630-010.

6. PAYMENT: The cost of Wire Screen, Anchor Bolts, Nuts, Washers and Anchor Plates shall be included in the Bid Price for Light Poles. The cost of all Labor, Concrete and Reinforcing Steel required for the Construction of the Pedestals, and Miscellaneous Hardware required for the completion of the Electrical System, shall be included in the Bid Price for the Traffic Railing or Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing the Pedestal is attached to.

ANCHOR PLATE DETAIL

DETAIL "A"

WIND SPEED (MPH)	ARM LENGTH (FT.)	BRIDGE DECK HEIGHT (FT.)*		
		40 FT.	45 FT.	50 FT.
130	≤ 15	75	75	75
150	≤ 15	75	75	75
170	8 & 10	75	75	45**
170	12 & 15	75	75	25**

* Above natural ground or MLW.
 ** Use 1 1/2" diameter Anchor Bolt for Bridge Deck Height greater than shown, in Table 1, up to 75'.

CROSS REFERENCE:
 For location of Detail "A" see Sheets 1,2 and 3.

- Final sheet

CONVENTIONAL REINFORCING STEEL BENDING DIAGRAMS

REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

- When Pedestal is attached to Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing - Index 521-820 or an 8" wide concrete curb and the Bridge Deck or Approach Slab thickness is less than 1'-1½", Bars 4F3 shall have leg length and bar length shown in parentheses.
- The number of bars shown in parentheses is for Bars 4F4 when Pedestal is attached to Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing - Index 521-820 or an 8" wide concrete curb, and the Bridge Deck or Approach Slab thickness is less than 1'-1½".
- Lap Splices for Bars 4F1, 4F2 & 4F3 shall be a minimum of 1'-4". Lap Splices for Bars 4F4 & 4F5 shall be minimum of 1'-8".
- Bars 4J1 and 4J2 are not required when Pedestal thickness is less than 1'-5½". Field trim height of bars to maintain cover when Pedestal thickness is less than 2'-0". Field trim length of Bars 4J2 on Retaining Wall Coping to maintain cover.
- All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.

BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL

MARK	SIZE	NO. REOD.	LENGTH	NOTES
F1	4	16	5'-8"	c
F2	4	4	4'-8"	c
F3	4	4	4'-2" (3'-6")	a, c
F4	4	8 (6) [4 for Option 3]	8'-9"	b, c
F5	4	4	6'-9"	c
F6	4	4	2'-11"	-
F7	4	4	3'-8"	-
F8	4	12	4'-4"	-
G	4	8 [5 for Option 3] [24 for Option 3]	6'-0"	-
H1	4	2	15'-8"	-
H2	4	2	13'-10"	-
J1	4	8	4'-8"	d
J2	4	12	4'-0"	d

() See Reinforcing Steel Note a & b.

LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL NOTES

- Concrete and Reinforcing Steel required for the construction of the Pedestal shall meet the same requirements as the Traffic Railing or Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing the Pedestal is attached to.
- Light Pole Pedestal may be used with the following:
 Index 521-422 - Traffic Railing (42" Vertical Shape),
 Index 521-423 - Traffic Railing (32" Vertical Shape),
 Index 521-427 - Traffic Railing (36" Single-Slope),
 Index 521-428 - Traffic Railing (42" Single-Slope),
 Index 521-820 - Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing,
 Index 515-021 - Pedestrian/Bicycle Bullet Railing for Traffic Railing or
 Index 515-509 - Traffic Railing /Noise Wall - Bridge.
- Unless otherwise noted, Traffic Railing (36" Single-Slope) is shown in all Views and Sections. The Pedestal details for other Traffic Railings or Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing are similar.

ANCHOR BOLTS:
 Anchor Bolt design is based on the standard Roadway Aluminum Light Pole configurations shown on Index 715-002.

Anchor Bolt Diameter: See Table 1
 Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55.
 Nuts: ASTM A563 Grade A, Heavy-Hex.
 Washers: ASTM F436 Type 1.
 Anchor Plate: ASTM A709 (Grade 36) or ASTM A36.
 Coating: Galvanize all Nuts, Bolts Washers, in accordance with ASTM F2329.
 Galvanize plates in accordance with ASTM A123.

The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the anchor bolt configuration is compatible with the light pole base plate. Submit modifications of the anchor bolt design to the Engineer for approval.

- Install Anchor Bolts plumb.
- For Conduit, Embedded Junction Boxes (EJB), Expansion/Deflection Fitting and adjacent Reinforcing Steel Details, see Utility Conduit Detail Sheets and Index 630-010.
- PAYMENT:** The cost of Wire Screen, Anchor Bolts, Nuts, Washers and Anchor Plates shall be included in the Bid Price for Light Poles. The cost of all Labor, Concrete and Reinforcing Steel required for the construction of the Pedestals, and Miscellaneous Hardware required for the completion of the Electrical System, shall be included in the Bid Price for the Traffic Railing or Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing the Pedestal is attached to.

TABLE 1 - DESIGN LIMITATIONS FOR ANCHOR BOLTS (1" Dia.)

WIND SPEED (MPH)	ARM LENGTH (Ft.)	BRIDGE DECK HEIGHT (Ft.)*		
		40 Ft.	45 Ft.	50 Ft.
130	≤ 15	75	75	75
150	≤ 15	75	75	75
170	8 & 10	75	75	45**
170	12 & 15	75	75	25**

* Above natural ground or MLW.
 ** Use 1½" diameter Anchor Bolt for Bridge Deck Height greater than shown, in Table 1, up to 75'.
 † Varies (9½" Minimum)

ESTIMATED LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL QUANTITIES PER LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL

ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY
Concrete Per Pedestal Thickness	CY/In.	0.040
Reinforcing Steel	LB	195 (182)

(The Reinforcing Steel quantity shown in parenthesis is for a Pedestal attached to Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing - Index 521-820 with Bridge Deck or Approach Slab thinner than 1'-1½". Add 59 Lbs. for Bars 4J1 & 4J2 when Pedestal Thickness is 1'-5½" or greater)

CROSS REFERENCE:
 For location of Detail "A" see Sheets 1, 2 and 3.

Standards

- 450-199 Prestressed I-Beams Build-Up & Deflection Data
- 515-052 Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing (Steel)
- 515-062 Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing (Aluminum)
- 521-660 Light Pole Pedestal - Bridge
- **548-020 MSE Retaining Wall Systems - Permanent**
- 649-031
- 700-091

- Removed the 2E alternative wall option as an alternative to the 2D wall because it was felt the option may not be able to accommodate the more aggressive environment condition 2D was designated for.

NOTES

DESIGN CRITERIA:

- Design is based on the assumption that the material contained within the reinforced soil volume, methods of construction and quality of prefabricated materials are in accordance with Specification Section 548 and Chapter 3 of the FDOT Structures Design Guidelines.

SOIL PARAMETERS:

- See Wall Control Drawings for soil characteristics of foundation material to be used in the design of the wall system.
- The Contractor will provide soil design parameters for backfill material based on the actual soil characteristics utilized at the site.

MATERIALS:

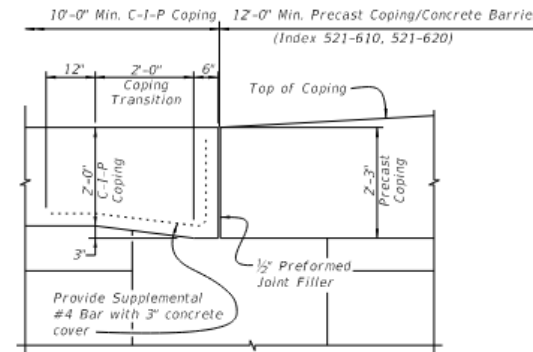
- See Specification Section 548 for material requirements.

CONSTRUCTION:

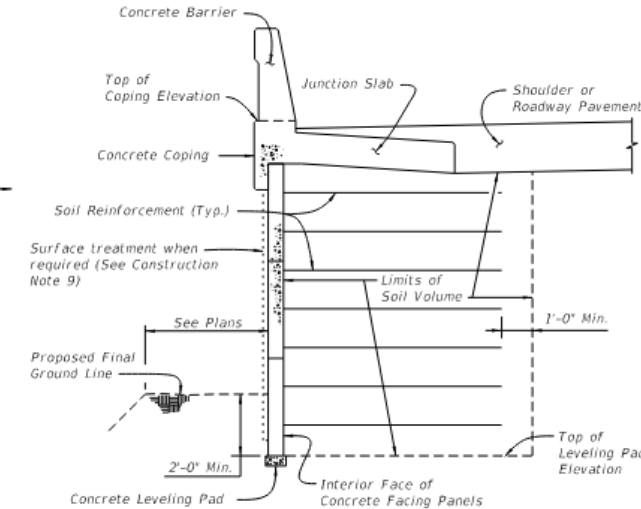
- Walls will be constructed in accordance with Specification Section 548 and the Wall Company's instructions.
- For location and alignment of retaining walls, see Wall Control Drawings.
- If required, locate manholes and drop inlets as shown on wall elevations.
- Refer to Wall Control Drawings of individual walls for minimum reinforcement strip/mesh length, factored bearing resistance's, minimum wall embedment and anticipated long term and differential settlements.
- The Contractor is responsible for controlling water during storm events as needed during construction.
- It is the Contractor's responsibility to determine the location of any guardrail posts behind retaining wall panels. Prior to placement of the top layer of soil reinforcement, individual reinforcing strips/mesh may be skewed (15° maximum) to avoid the post locations if authorized by the Engineer. No cutting of soil reinforcement is allowed unless shown on Shop Drawings and approved by the Engineer. Any damage done to the soil reinforcement due to installation of the guardrail will be repaired by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense. Repair method will be approved by the Engineer.
- If existing or future structures, pipes, foundations or guardrail posts within the reinforced soil volume interfere with the normal placement of soil reinforcement and specific directions have not been provided on the plans, the Contractor will notify the Engineer to determine what course of action shall be taken.
- The Contractor is responsible for gradually displacing upper layer(s) of soil reinforcement downward (15° maximum from horizontal) to avoid cutting soil reinforcement and conflicts with paving and subgrade preparation. The Contractor's attention is directed especially to situations where roadway super-elevation and/or soil mixing are anticipated.
- For concrete facing panel surface treatment, see Wall Control Drawings. Extend surface treatment a minimum of 6" below final ground line.
- Drive piles located within the soil volume prior to construction of the retaining wall, unless a method to protect the structure, acceptable to both the Engineer and Wall Company, is proposed and approved in writing. The portion of piles or drilled shafts extensions within the soil volume will be wrapped with polyethylene sheeting in accordance with Specification Section 459.
- A structural extension of the connection of the retaining wall panel to soil reinforcement will be used whenever necessary to avoid cutting or excessive skewing (greater than 15°) of the soil reinforcement around obstructions (i.e., piles, pipes, manholes, drop inlets, etc.).
- Steps in leveling pads will occur at MSE Wall panel interfaces. Panels will not cantilever more than 2" past the end of the upper tier leveling pad.
- The top of the leveling pad or footing will be 2'-0" minimum below final ground line.
- Top of leveling pad elevations shown in the Wall Control Drawings are maximum elevations. The constructed leveling pad elevations may be deeper based on the panel layout shown in the shop drawings.
- The height of panels in the bottom course of MSE Walls must not be less than half the height of a standard panel.
- Work this Index with Index 521-600 thru 521-650.

SHOP DRAWINGS:

See Specification Section 548 for shop drawing requirements.



ELEVATION VIEW OF COPING HEIGHT TRANSITION



TYPICAL MSE RETAINING WALL SECTION WITH A CONCRETE BARRIER (Showing Limits of the Reinforced Soil Volume)

Applicable FDOT Wall Type *	Durability Requirements						Soil Reinforcement Type	Other Allowable FDOT Wall Types					
	Durability Requirements (Carbon-Steel Reinforcing)			Durability Requirements (FRP Reinforcing)				2A	2B	2C	2D	2E	2F
	Concrete Cover (in.)	Concrete Class for Panels	Pozzolan Additions? **	Concrete Cover (in.)	Concrete Class for Panels	Pozzolan Additions? **							
Type 2A	2	II	No	1.5	II	No		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Type 2B	2	IV	No	1.5	IV	No			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Type 2C	3	IV	No	1.5	IV	No				✓	✓	✓	✓
Type 2D	3	IV	Yes	2	IV	No					✓	✓	✓
Type 2E	3	IV	No	2	IV	No	Plastic						✓
Type 2F	3	IV	Yes	2	IV	No	Plastic						✓

* See Data Table in Contract Plans.

** Highly Reactive Pozzolans.

Remove checkmark

- Final sheet

NOTES

DESIGN CRITERIA:

1. Design is based on the assumption that the material contained within the reinforced soil volume, methods of construction and quality of prefabricated materials are in accordance with Specification Section 548 and Chapter 3 of the FDOT Structures Design Guidelines.

SOIL PARAMETERS:

- See Wall Control Drawings for soil characteristics of foundation material to be used in the design of the wall system.
- The Contractor will provide soil design parameters for backfill material based on the actual soil characteristics utilized at the site.

MATERIALS:

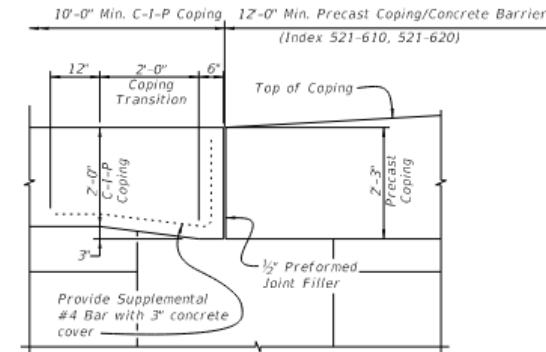
- See Specification Section 548 for material requirements.

CONSTRUCTION:

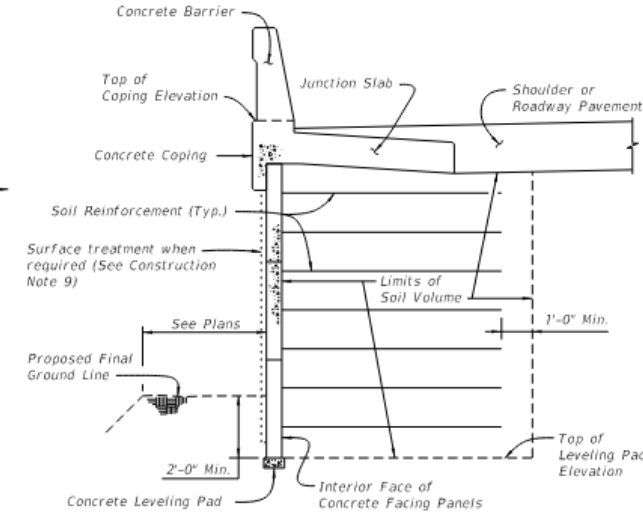
- Walls will be constructed in accordance with Specification Section 548 and the Wall Company's Instructions.
- For location and alignment of retaining walls, see Wall Control Drawings.
- If required, locate manholes and drop inlets as shown on wall elevations.
- Refer to Wall Control Drawings for minimum reinforcement strip/mesh length, factored bearing resistance's, minimum wall embedment and anticipated long term and differential settlements.
- The Contractor is responsible for controlling water during storm events as needed during construction.
- It is the Contractor's responsibility to determine the location of any guardrail posts behind retaining wall panels. Prior to placement of the top layer of soil reinforcement, individual reinforcing strips/mesh may be skewed (15° maximum) to avoid the post locations if authorized by the Engineer. No cutting of soil reinforcement is allowed unless shown on Shop Drawings and approved by the Engineer. Any damage done to the soil reinforcement due to installation of the guardrail will be repaired by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense. Repair method will be approved by the Engineer.
- If existing or future structures, pipes, foundations or guardrail posts within the reinforced soil volume interfere with the normal placement of soil reinforcement and specific directions have not been provided on the plans, the Contractor will notify the Engineer to determine what course of action shall be taken.
- The Contractor is responsible for gradually displacing upper layer(s) of soil reinforcement downward (15° maximum from horizontal) to avoid cutting soil reinforcement and conflicts with paving and subgrade preparation. The Contractor's attention is directed especially to situations where roadway superelevation and/or soil mixing are anticipated.
- For concrete facing panel surface treatment, see Wall Control Drawings. Extend surface treatment a minimum of 6" below final ground line.
- Drive piles located within the soil volume prior to construction of the retaining wall, unless a method to protect the structure, acceptable to both the Engineer and Wall Company, is proposed and approved in writing. The portion of piles or drilled shafts extensions within the soil volume will be wrapped with polyethylene sheeting in accordance with Specification Section 459.
- A structural extension of the connection of the retaining wall panel to soil reinforcement will be used whenever necessary to avoid cutting or excessive skewing (greater than 15°) of the soil reinforcement around obstructions (i.e., piles, pipes, manholes, drop inlets, etc.).
- Steps in leveling pads will occur at MSE Wall panel interfaces. Panels will not cantilever more than 2" past the end of the upper tier leveling pad.
- The top of the leveling pad or footing will be 2'-0" minimum below final ground line.
- Top of leveling pad elevations shown in the Wall Control Drawings are maximum elevations. The constructed leveling pad elevations may be deeper based on the panel layout shown in the shop drawings.
- The height of panels in the bottom course of MSE Walls must not be less than half the height of a standard panel.
- Work this Index with Index 521-600 thru 521-650.

SHOP DRAWINGS:

See Specification Section 548 for shop drawing requirements.



ELEVATION VIEW OF COPING HEIGHT TRANSITION



TYPICAL MSE RETAINING WALL SECTION WITH A CONCRETE BARRIER (Showing Limits of the Reinforced Soil Volume)

Applicable FDOT Wall Type *	FDOT MSE RETAINING WALL CLASSIFICATION TABLE						Soil Reinforcement Type	Other Allowable FDOT Wall Types					
	Durability Requirements (Carbon-Steel Reinforcing)			Durability Requirements (FRP Reinforcing)				2A	2B	2C	2D	2E	2F
	Concrete Cover (in.)	Concrete Class for Panels	Pozzolan Additions? **	Concrete Cover (in.)	Concrete Class for Panels	Pozzolan Additions? **							
Type 2A	2	II	No	1.5	II	No	Metal	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Type 2B	2	IV	No	1.5	IV	No	Metal			✓	✓	✓	✓
Type 2C	3	IV	No	1.5	IV	No	Metal				✓	✓	✓
Type 2D	3	IV	Yes	2	IV	No	Metal						✓
Type 2E	3	IV	No	2	IV	No	Plastic						✓
Type 2F	3	IV	Yes	2	IV	No	Plastic						✓

* See Data Table in Contract Plans.

** Highly Reactive Pozzolans.

GENERAL NOTES AND DETAILS

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:	FDOT	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	MSE RETAINING WALL SYSTEMS - PERMANENT	INDEX 548-020	SHEET 1 of 1
---------------------------	--------------	------	------------------------------	--	------------------	-----------------

Standards

- 450-199 Prestressed I-Beams Build-Up & Deflection Data
- 515-052 Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing (Steel)
- 515-062 Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing (Aluminum)
- 521-660 Light Pole Pedestal - Bridge
- 548-020 MSE Retaining Wall Systems - Permanent
- **649-031 Mast Arm Assemblies**
- 700-091

- Made modifications to this Standard based on requests from fabricators. Which repeatedly get addressed and approved in shops.
- In the first sheet we added some language about pole cap and nut cover materials.

GENERAL NOTES:

- Shop Drawings: This Index is considered fully detailed, only submit shop drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the Plans.
- Prior to Fabrication: Verify the installed foundation elevation will result in the required signal elevation and adjust the Pole height as needed.
- Details for Signal and Sign locations, Signal Head attachment, Sign attachment, Pedestrian Head attachment, and Foundation Conduit are not shown for simplicity.
- Materials:**
 - Poles, Mast Arms and Backing Rings:
 - Less than $\frac{3}{4}$ " ϕ : ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
 - Greater than or equal to $\frac{3}{4}$ " ϕ : ASTM A572 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
 - ASTM A595 Grade A (55 ksi yield) or Grade B (60 ksi yield)
 - Steel Plates: ASTM A36
 - Weld Metal: E70XX
 - Bolts, Nuts and Washers:
 - High Strength Hex Head Bolts: ASTM F3125, Grade A325, Type 1
 - Nuts: ASTM A563 DH Heavy-Hex
 - Washers: ASTM F436 Type 1, one under turned element
 - Anchor Bolts, Nuts and Washers:
 - Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55
 - Nuts: ASTM A563 Grade A Heavy-Hex (5 per anchor bolt)
 - Plate Washers: ASTM A36 (2 per bolt)
 - Threaded Bars/Studs: ASTM A36 or ASTM A307
 - Handhole Frame: ASTM A709 or ASTM A36, Grade 36
 - Handhole Cover: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
 - Aluminum Pole Caps and Nut Covers: ~~ASTM B26 (219-F)~~ Fabricate from cast aluminum or galvanized carbon steel
 - Stainless Steel Screws: AISI Type 316
 - Concrete: Class IV (Drilled Shaft) for all environmental classifications.
 - Reinforcing Steel: Specification 415
- Fabrication:**
 - Welding:
 - Specification 460-6.4 and
 - AASHTO LRFD Specification for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals Section 14.4.4
 - Poles and Mast Arms:
 - Round or 12-sided (Min.)
 - Taper pole diameter at 0.14 inches per foot
 - Upright poles must be a single section. For arms and upright poles, circumferential welds and laminated sections are not permitted.
 - Arms may be either one or two sections. See Sheet 4 for telescopic splice detail
 - Fabricate longitudinal seam welds with 60 percent minimum penetration or fusion welds except:
 - Use a full-penetration groove weld within 6 inches of the circumferential tube-to-plate connection.
 - Use full-penetration groove welds on the female end section of telescopic (i.e., slip type) field splices for a minimum length of one and one-half times the inside diameter of the female section plus 6 inches.
 - Locate longitudinal seams weld along the:
 - Lower quadrant of the arms.
 - Same side of the pole as the arm connections
 - Face handhole perpendicular from arm on single arm poles, perpendicular from the first arm of double arms poles facing away from traffic or see special instructions on the Mast Arm Tabulation Sheet.
 - Provide a 'J' or 'C' hook at the top of the pole for signal wiring support (See Sheet 6)
 - First and Second arm camber angle = 2
 - Bolt holes diameters as follows:
 - Bolts (except Anchor bolts): Bolt diameter plus $\frac{1}{16}$ " prior to galvanizing.
 - Anchor Bolts: Bolt diameter plus $\frac{1}{2}$ " (Max.).
 - Coatings:
 - All Nuts, Bolts, Washers and Threaded Bars/Studs: ASTM F2329
 - All other steel items including plate washers ASTM A123
 - Construction:
 - Foundation: Specification 455 Drilled Shaft, except that payment is included in the cost of the Mast Arm.
 - Install Pole vertically.
 - Place structural grout pad with drain between top of foundation and bottom of baseplate in accordance with Specification 649-7.
 - Attach Sign Panels and Signals centered on the elevation of the Mast Arm.
 - Wire Access holes are $1\frac{1}{2}$ " or less in diameter.

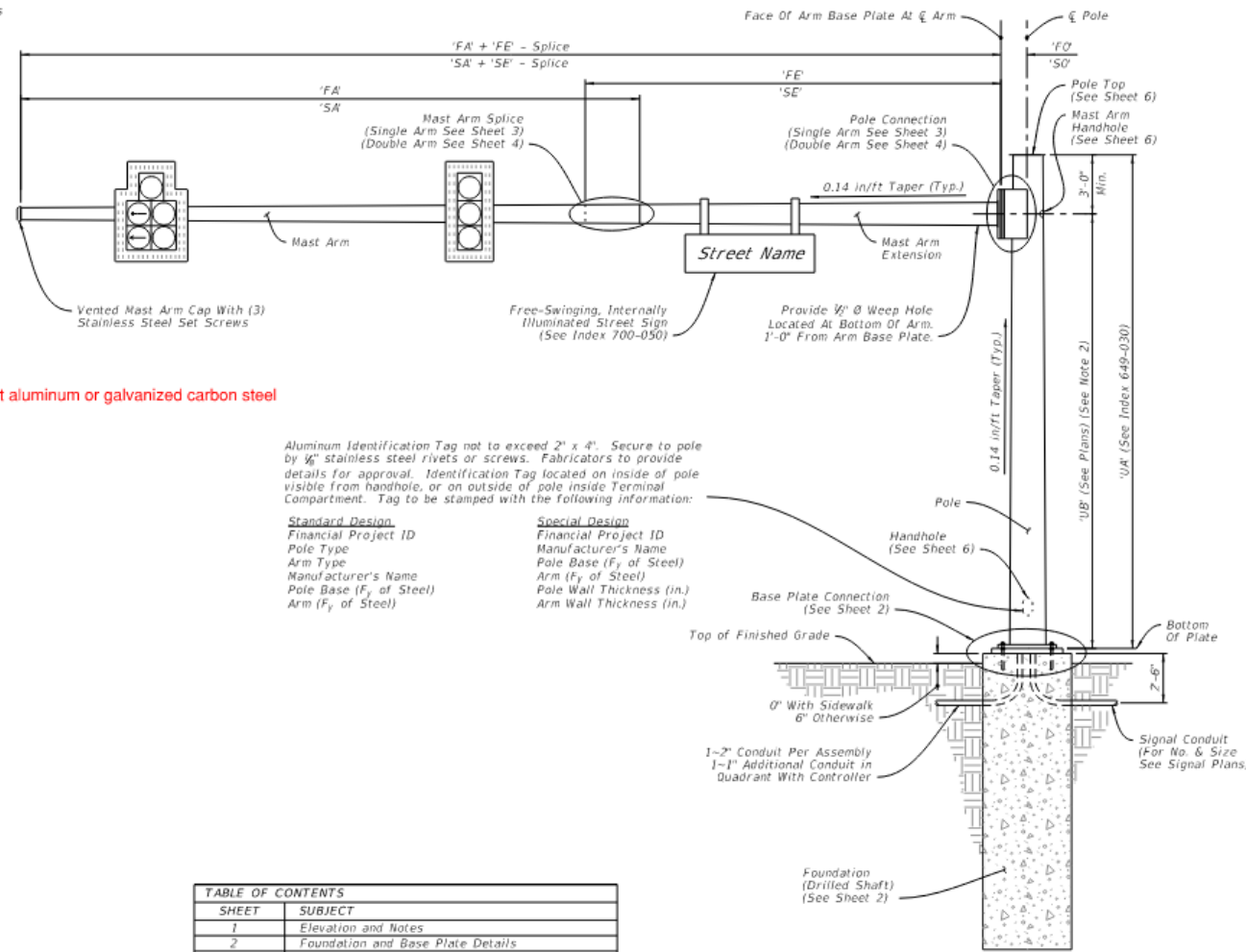


TABLE OF CONTENTS	
SHEET	SUBJECT
1	Elevation and Notes
2	Foundation and Base Plate Details
3	Single Arm Connection and Splice Details
4	Double Arm Connection and Splice Details
5	Luminaire Arm and Connection Details
6	Handhole and Pole Top Details

Single Arm Shown, Double Arm Similar (Luminaire Arm Not Shown)

MAST ARM ASSEMBLY

ELEVATION AND NOTES

LAST REVISION 11/01/18	REVISION	DESCRIPTION:	FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	MAST ARM ASSEMBLIES	INDEX 649-031	SHEET 1 of 6
		11/01/21				

- Final sheet

GENERAL NOTES:

- Shop Drawings: This Index is considered fully detailed, only submit shop drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the Plans.
- Prior to Fabrication: Verify the installed foundation elevation will result in the required signal elevation and adjust the Pole height as needed.
- Details for Signal and Sign locations, Signal Head attachment, Sign attachment, Pedestrian Head attachment, and Foundation Conduit are not shown for simplicity.
- Materials:
 - Poles, Mast Arms and Backing Rings:
 - Less than $\frac{3}{8}$ " ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
 - Greater than or equal to $\frac{3}{8}$ " ASTM A572 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
 - ASTM A595 Grade A (55 ksi yield) or Grade B (60 ksi yield)
 - Steel Plates: ASTM A36
 - Weld Metal: E70XX
 - Bolts, Nuts and Washers:
 - High Strength Hex Head Bolts: ASTM F3125, Grade A325, Type 1
 - Nuts: ASTM A563 DH Heavy-Hex
 - Washers: ASTM F436 Type 1, one under turned element
 - Anchor Bolts, Nuts and Washers:
 - Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55
 - Nuts: ASTM A563 Grade A Heavy-Hex (5 per anchor bolt)
 - Plate Washers: ASTM A36 (2 per bolt)
 - Threaded Bars/Studs: ASTM A36 or ASTM A307
 - Handhole Frame: ASTM A709 or ASTM A36, Grade 36
 - Handhole Cover: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
 - Pole Caps and Nut Covers: Fabricate from cast aluminum or galvanized carbon steel.
 - Stainless Steel Screws: AISI Type 316
 - Concrete: Class IV (Drilled Shaft) for all environmental classifications.
 - Reinforcing Steel: Specification 415
- Fabrication:
 - Welding:
 - Specification 460-6.4 and AASHTO LRFD Specification for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals Section 14.4.4
 - Poles and Mast Arms:
 - Round or 12-sided (Min.)
 - Taper pole diameter at 0.14 inches per foot
 - Upright poles must be a single section. For arms and upright poles, circumferential welds and laminated sections are not permitted.
 - Arms may be either one or two sections. See Sheet 4 for telescopic splice detail
 - Fabricate longitudinal seam welds with 60 percent minimum penetration or fusion welds except:
 - Use a full-penetration groove weld within 6 inches of the circumferential tube-to-plate connection.
 - Use full-penetration groove welds on the female end section of telescopic (i.e., slip type) field splices for a minimum length of one and one-half times the inside diameter of the female section plus 6 inches.
 - Locate longitudinal seams weld along the:
 - Lower quadrant of the arms.
 - Same side of the pole as the arm connections
 - Face handhole perpendicular from arm on single arm poles, perpendicular from the first arm of double arms poles facing away from traffic or see special instructions on the Mast Arm Tabulation Sheet.
 - Provide a 'J' or 'C' hook at the top of the pole for signal wiring support (See Sheet 6)
 - First and Second arm camber angle = Z
 - Bolt holes diameters as follows:
 - Bolts (except Anchor bolts): Bolt diameter plus $\frac{1}{16}$ " prior to galvanizing
 - Anchor Bolts: Bolt diameter plus $\frac{1}{2}$ " (Max.)
 - Coatings:
 - All Nuts, Bolts, Washers and Threaded Bars/Studs: ASTM F2329
 - All other steel items including plate washers ASTM A123
 - Construction:
 - Foundation: Specification 455 Drilled Shaft, except that payment is included in the cost of the Mast Arm.
 - Install Pole vertically.
 - Place structural grout pad with drain between top of foundation and bottom of baseplate in accordance with Specification 649-7.
 - Attach Sign Panels and Signals centered on the elevation of the Mast Arm.
 - Wire Access holes are $1\frac{1}{2}$ " or less in diameter.

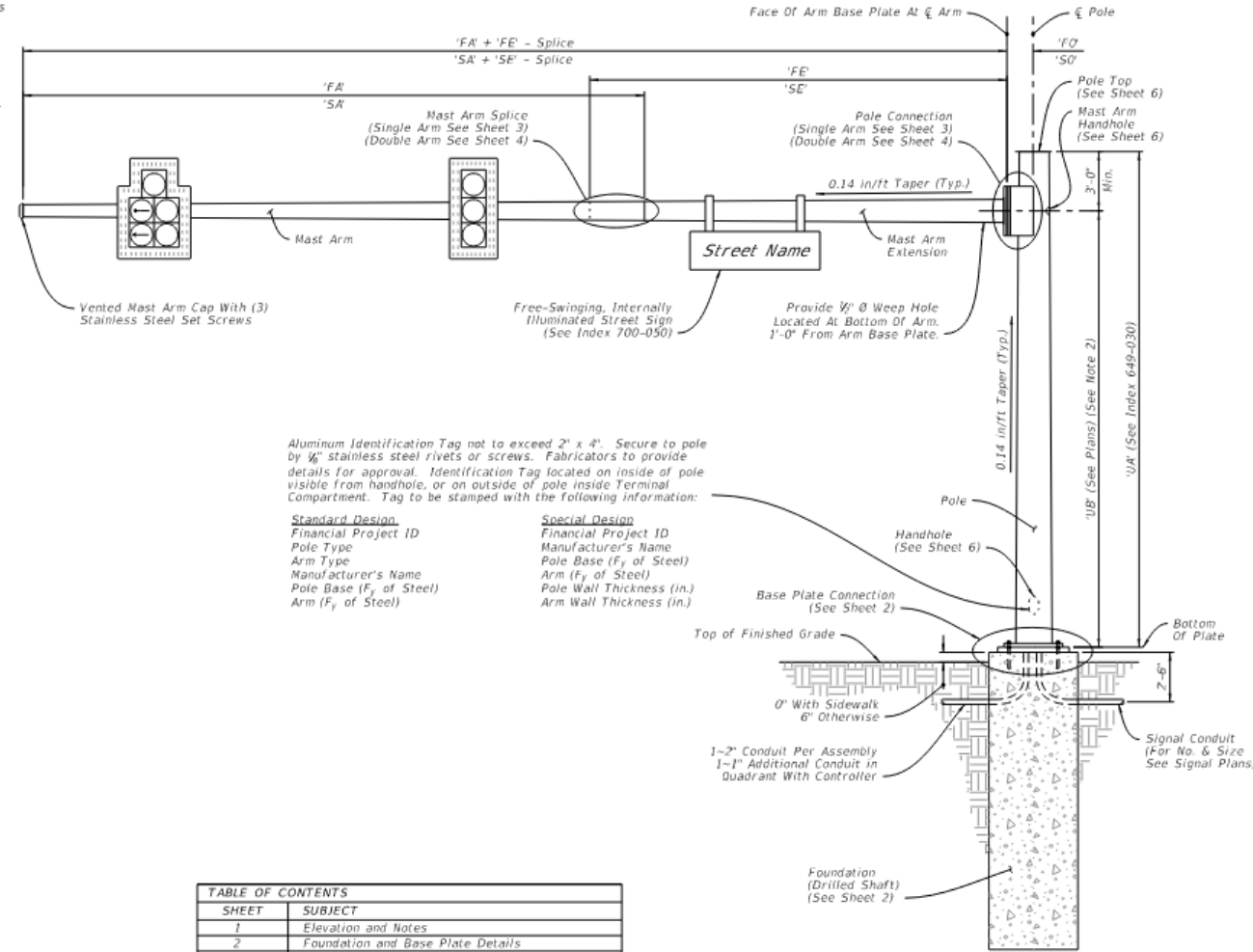


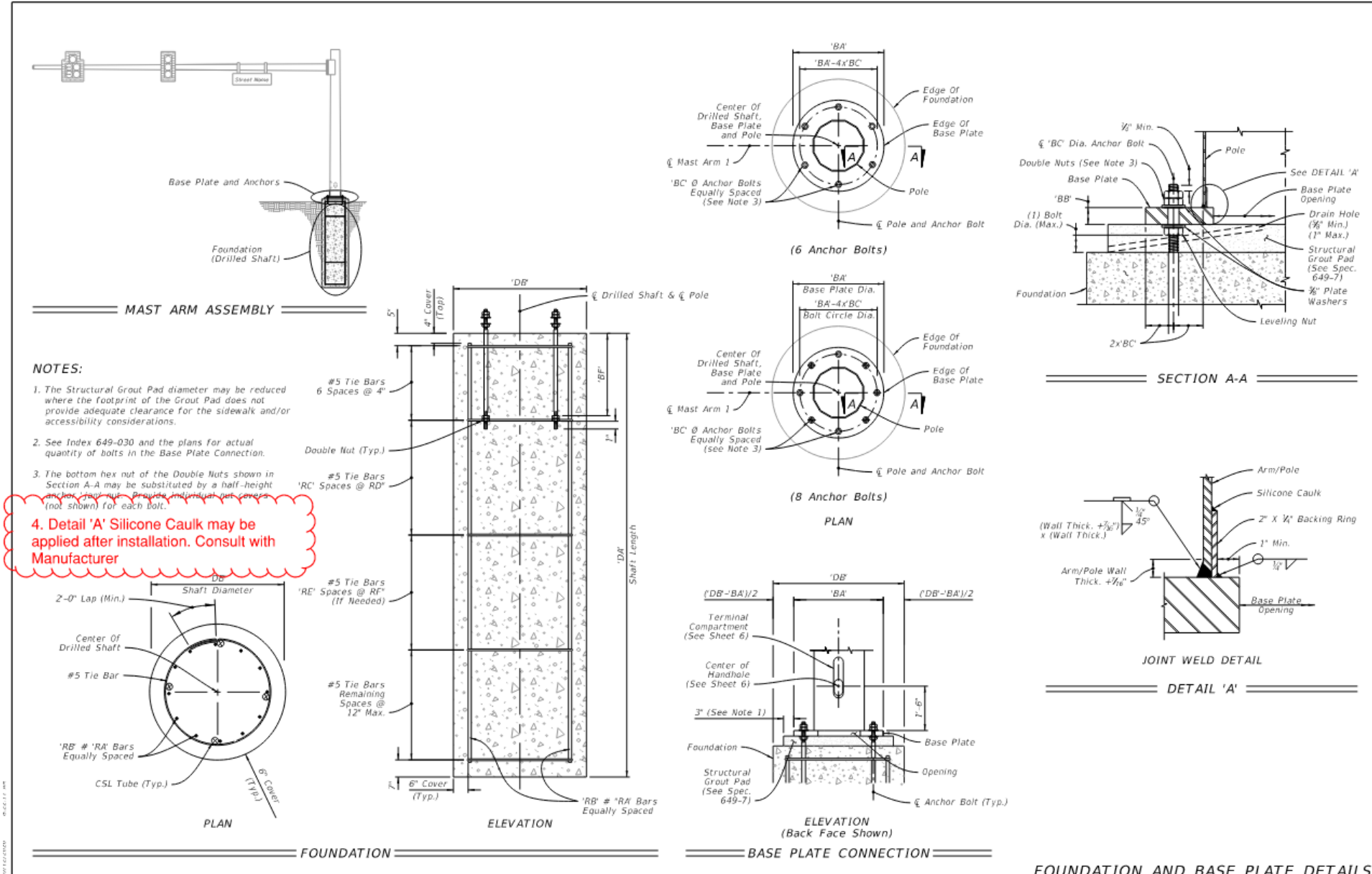
TABLE OF CONTENTS	
SHEET	SUBJECT
1	Elevation and Notes
2	Foundation and Base Plate Details
3	Single Arm Connection and Splice Details
4	Double Arm Connection and Splice Details
5	Luminaire Arm and Connection Details
6	Handhole and Pole Top Details

Single Arm Shown, Double Arm Similar (Luminaire Arm Not Shown)

MAST ARM ASSEMBLY

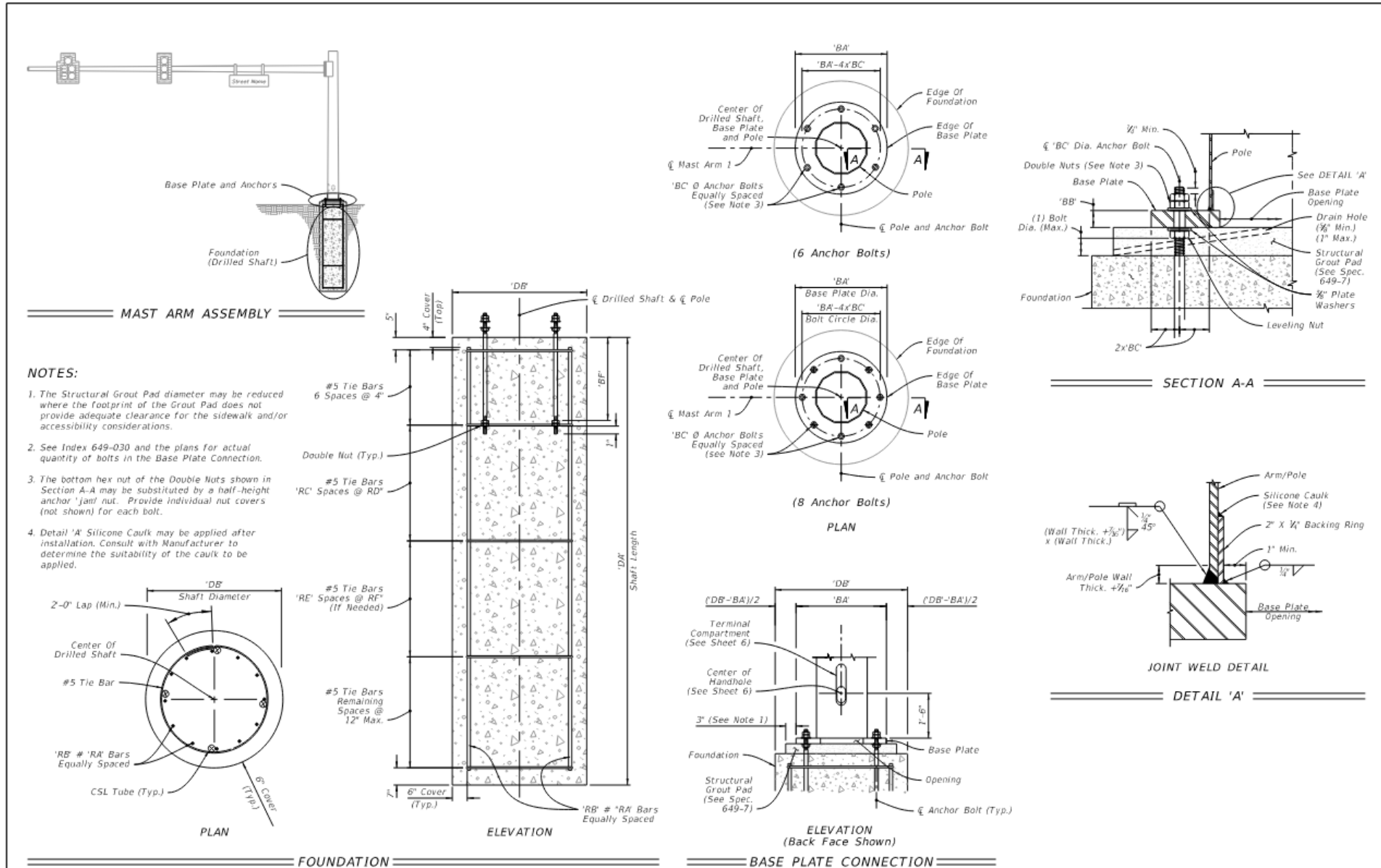
ELEVATION AND NOTES

- Added note about caulking



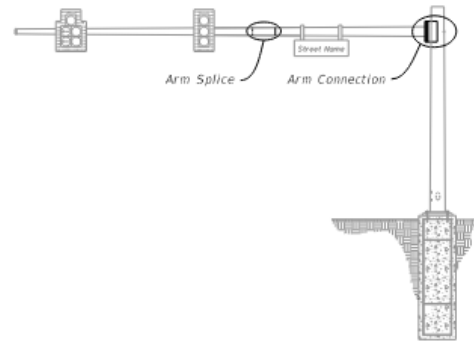
LAST REVISION	DESCRIPTION:	FY 2021-22	INDEX	SHEET
11/01/19	11/01/21	STANDARD PLANS	649-031	2 of 6

- Final sheet

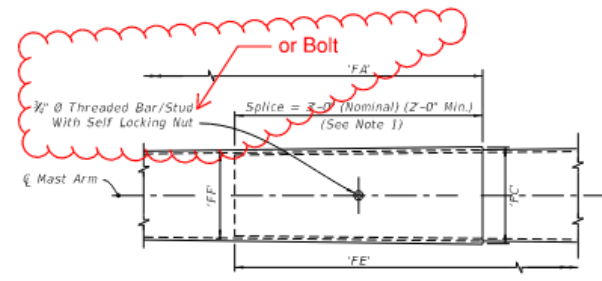


LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	MAST ARM ASSEMBLIES	INDEX 649-031	SHEET 2 of 6
---------------------------	--------------	------------------------------	---------------------	------------------	-----------------

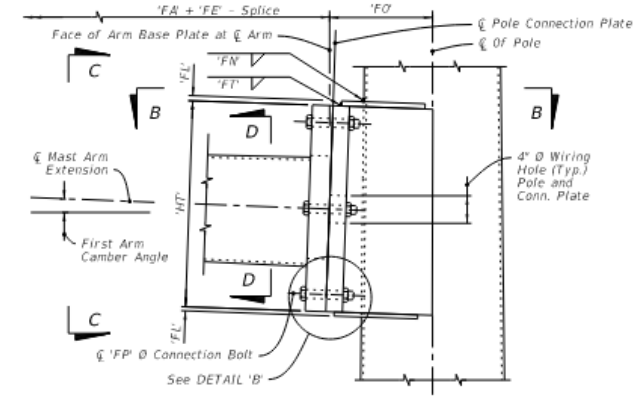
- Added option for a bolt at the arm splice
- Same for sheet 4 with the double arm



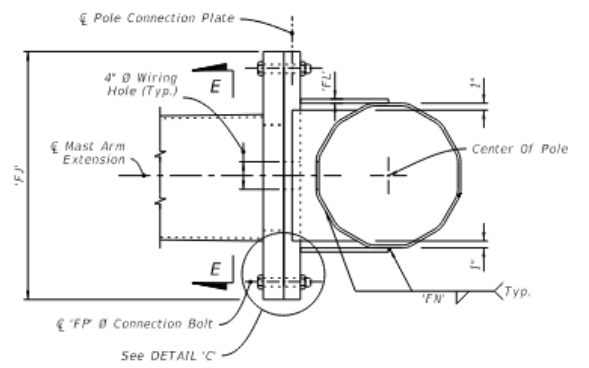
MAST ARM ASSEMBLY



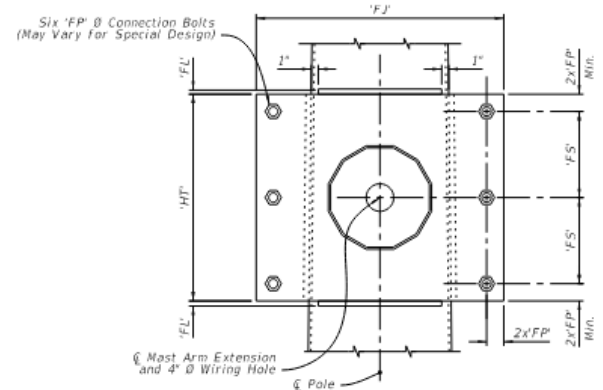
ARM SPLICE



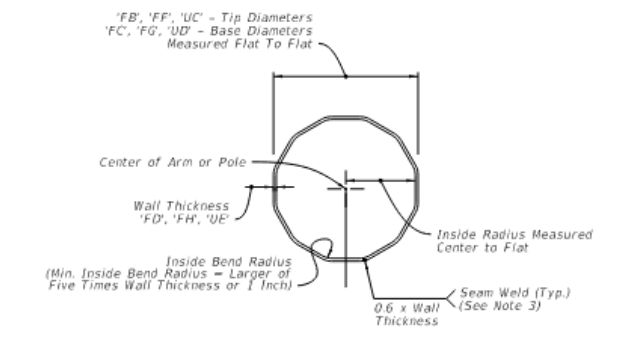
SINGLE ARM CONNECTION



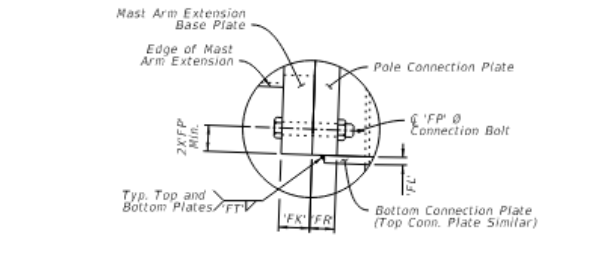
SECTION B-B



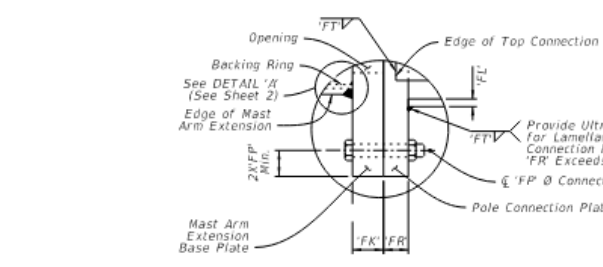
SECTION C-C



SECTION D-D



DETAIL B



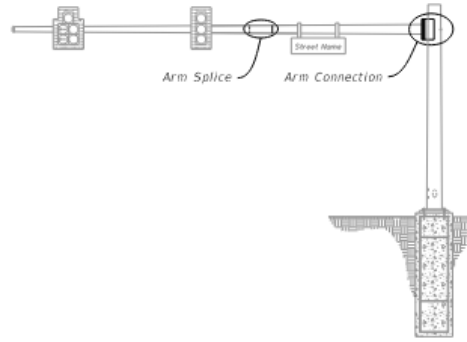
DETAIL C

- NOTE:**
1. Install the 'Slip Joint' splice with a tight fit and no change in the Mast Arm taper due to the splice.
 2. Details shown on this sheet are for 12 sided pole sections. However, sections with more than 12 sides and round sections are permitted provided outside diameter and wall thickness are not reduced.
 3. Match mark the Arm and Connection Plates to ensure proper assembly and the seam weld is in the proper location (seam located at the bottom side of the Arm).

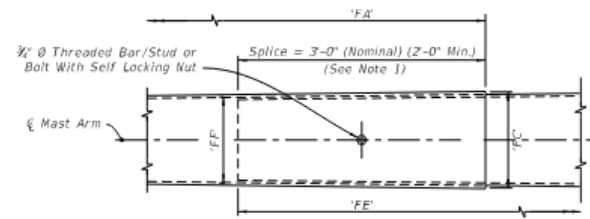
SINGLE ARM CONNECTIONS & SPLICE DETAILS

LAST REVISION 11/01/18	DESCRIPTION: 11/01/21	FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	MAST ARM ASSEMBLIES	INDEX 649-031	SHEET 3 of 6
---------------------------	--------------------------	------------------------------	---------------------	------------------	-----------------

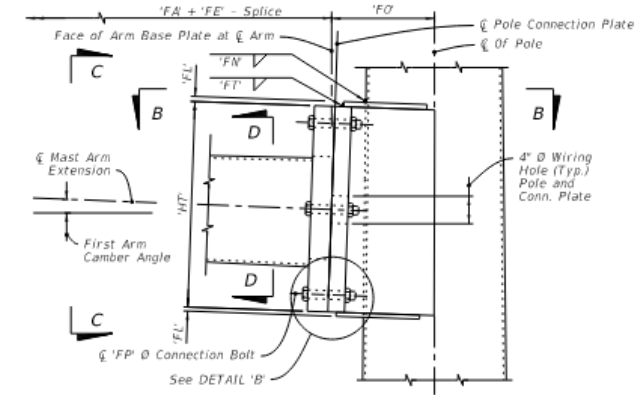
- Final sheet



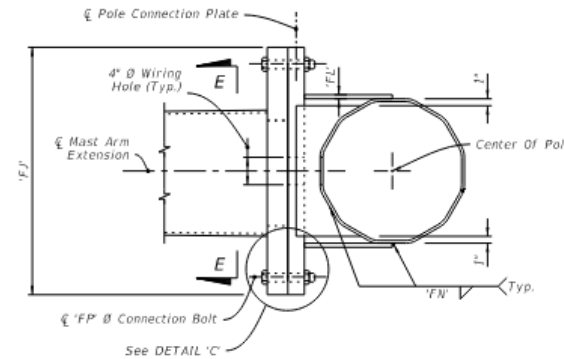
MAST ARM ASSEMBLY



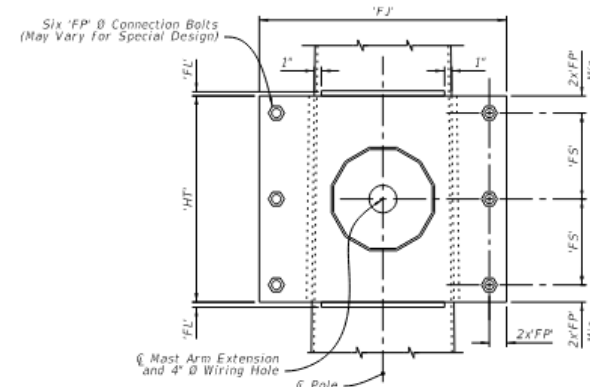
ARM SPLICE



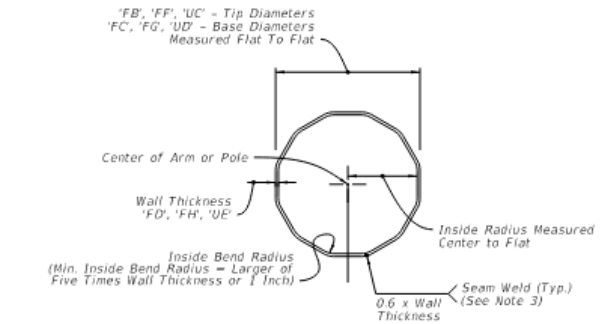
SINGLE ARM CONNECTION



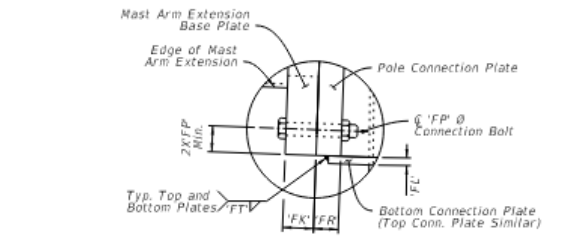
SECTION B-B



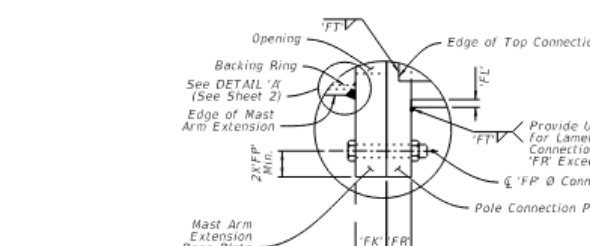
SECTION C-C



SECTION D-D



DETAIL B



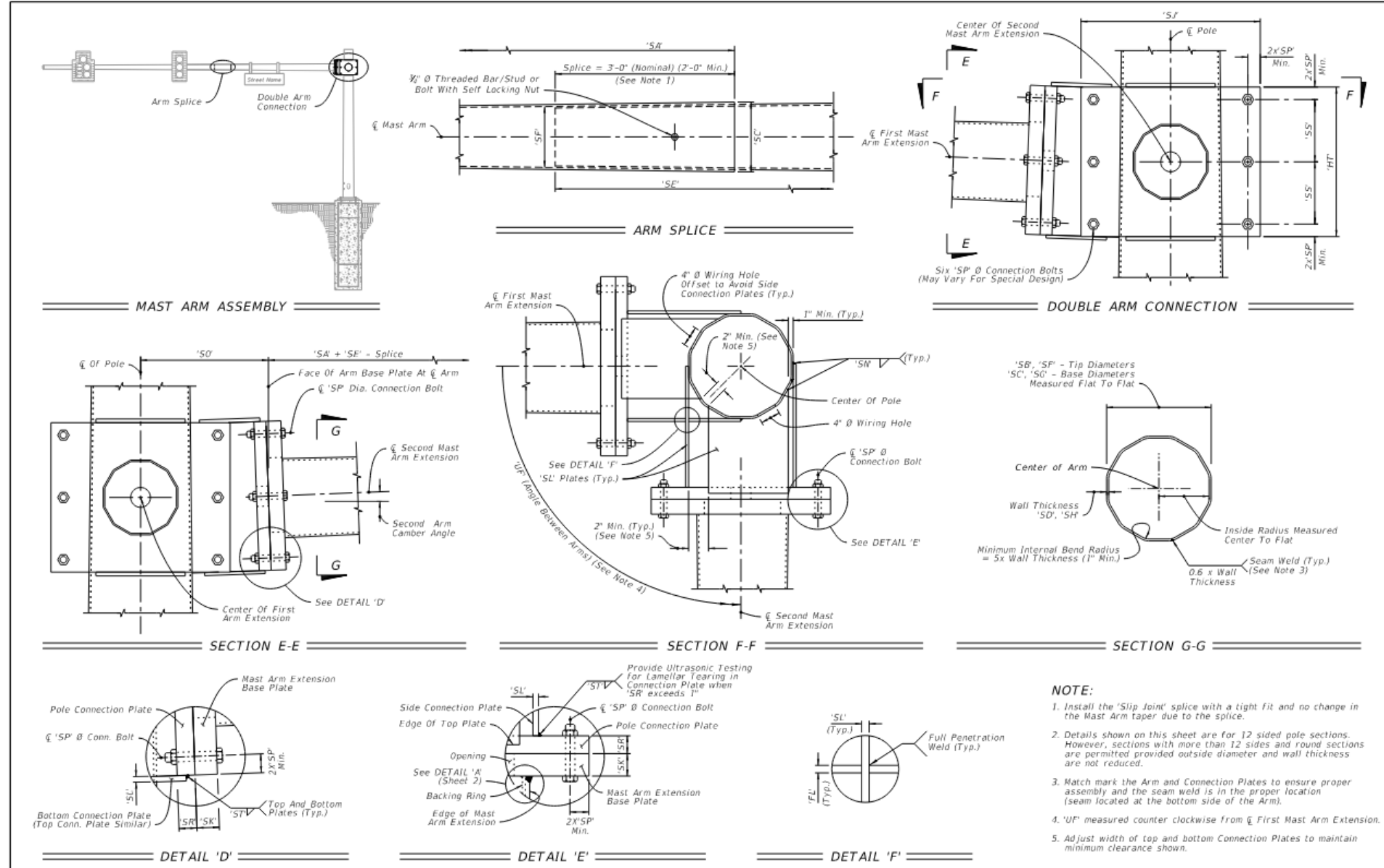
DETAIL C

- NOTE:**
1. Install the 'Slip Joint' splice with a tight fit and no change in the Mast Arm taper due to the splice.
 2. Details shown on this sheet are for 12 sided pole sections. However, sections with more than 12 sides and round sections are permitted provided outside diameter and wall thickness are not reduced.
 3. Match mark the Arm and Connection Plates to ensure proper assembly and the seam weld is in the proper location (seam located at the bottom side of the Arm).

SINGLE ARM CONNECTIONS & SPLICE DETAILS

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	MAST ARM ASSEMBLIES	INDEX 649-031	SHEET 3 of 6
---------------------------	--------------	------------------------------	---------------------	------------------	-----------------

- Final sheet

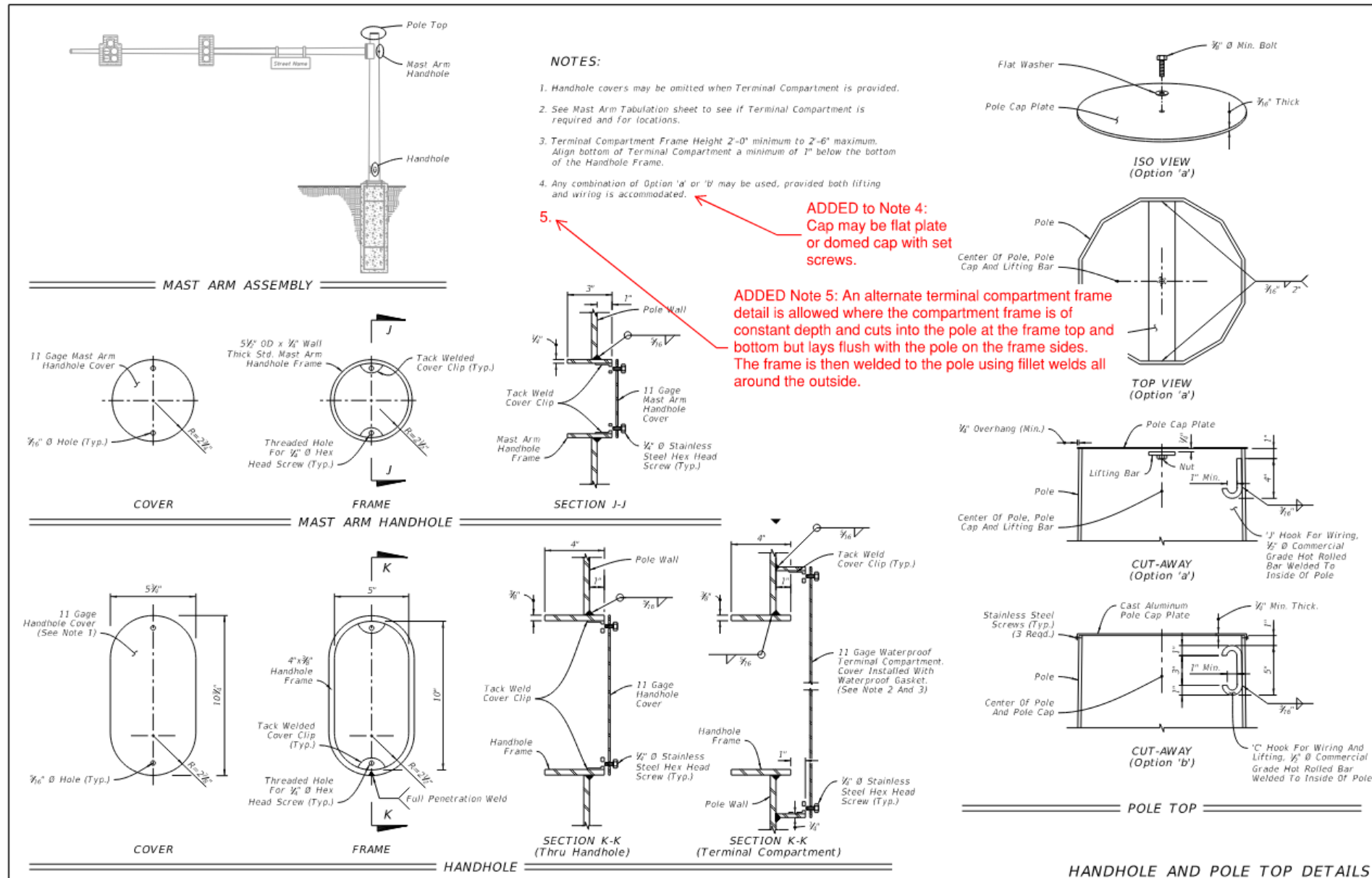


- NOTE:**
1. Install the 'Slip Joint' splice with a tight fit and no change in the Mast Arm taper due to the splice.
 2. Details shown on this sheet are for 12 sided pole sections. However, sections with more than 12 sides and round sections are permitted provided outside diameter and wall thickness are not reduced.
 3. Match mark the Arm and Connection Plates to ensure proper assembly and the seam weld is in the proper location (seam located at the bottom side of the Arm).
 4. 'UF' measured counter clockwise from \varnothing First Mast Arm Extension.
 5. Adjust width of top and bottom Connection Plates to maintain minimum clearance shown.

DOUBLE ARM CONNECTIONS & SPLICE DETAILS

LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:	FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	MAST ARM ASSEMBLIES	INDEX 649-031	SHEET 4 of 6
---------------------------	--------------	------------------------------	---------------------	------------------	-----------------

- Added notes for pole cap to allow for both dome and flat top
- Added a note to allow an option for fabricating the terminal compartment at a constant depth.



LAST REVISION 11/01/20	DESCRIPTION: 11/01/21	FDOT FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS	MAST ARM ASSEMBLIES	INDEX 649-031	SHEET 6 of 6
---------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------------------	---------------------	------------------	-----------------

Standards

- 450-199 Prestressed I-Beams Build-Up & Deflection Data
- 515-052 Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing (Steel)
- 515-062 Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing (Aluminum)
- 521-660 Light Pole Pedestal - Bridge
- 548-020 MSE Retaining Wall Systems - Permanent
- 649-031 Mast Arm Assemblies
- **700-091 Catwalk Details**

- Added language about the finish of the self closing gate.

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Work this Index with Specification 700.
2. Shop Drawings are required:
 - A. Provide length as shown in the Plans
 - B. Design in accordance with AISC, AASHTO, and OSHA requirements
 - B. Do not start fabrication until the shop drawings are approved
3. Catwalk hangers must be positioned to avoid conflicts with the sign structure truss and gusset plates. Place walkway close to the sign with a maximum open distance from walkway grate to DMS sign of 1/2".
4. Maximum spacing of Catwalk hanger supports is 5'-0". Cantilever ends of grating is 8".
5. Galvanized steel catwalk grating meeting the requirements of Specification 504-2.3. Must Support a 90 psf load and have a 3 1/2" minimum toe kick. Attach grating in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions using stainless steel or galvanized fasteners.
6. Supply and install an OSHA 1910 compliant, self closing, ~~corrosion resistant~~ safety gate.
7. Chain link fabric options (2" mesh with knuckled selvage top and bottom for all options):
 - A. AASHTO M181 Type I - Zinc Coated Steel, No. 9 gage (coated wire diameter), coated at the rate of 1.8 oz./ft². (M181 Class D 2.0 oz./ft², modified to 1.8 oz./ft²).
 - B. AASHTO M181 Type II - Aluminum Coated Steel, No. 9 gage (coated wire diameter), coated at the rate of 0.40 oz./ft².
8. Install 2" NPS (Sch. 40) guiderail and posts: ASTM A53 Grade B for standard weight pipe.
9. Welding:

E70XX
10. Materials:
 - A. Steel Plates ASTM A 36 or A709 Grade 36.
 - B. W- Sections: ASTM A572 Grade 36 or 50.
 - C. Steel Pipe Railings or Structural Tubing: Specification 962
 - D. High Strength Bolts, Nuts and Washers: Specification 962
 - E. U-Bolts, nuts and washers: Specification 962
11. Coatings/Galvanizing:

Hot dip galvanize support frame after fabrication and galvanize non-stainless steel fasteners in accordance with Specification 962.

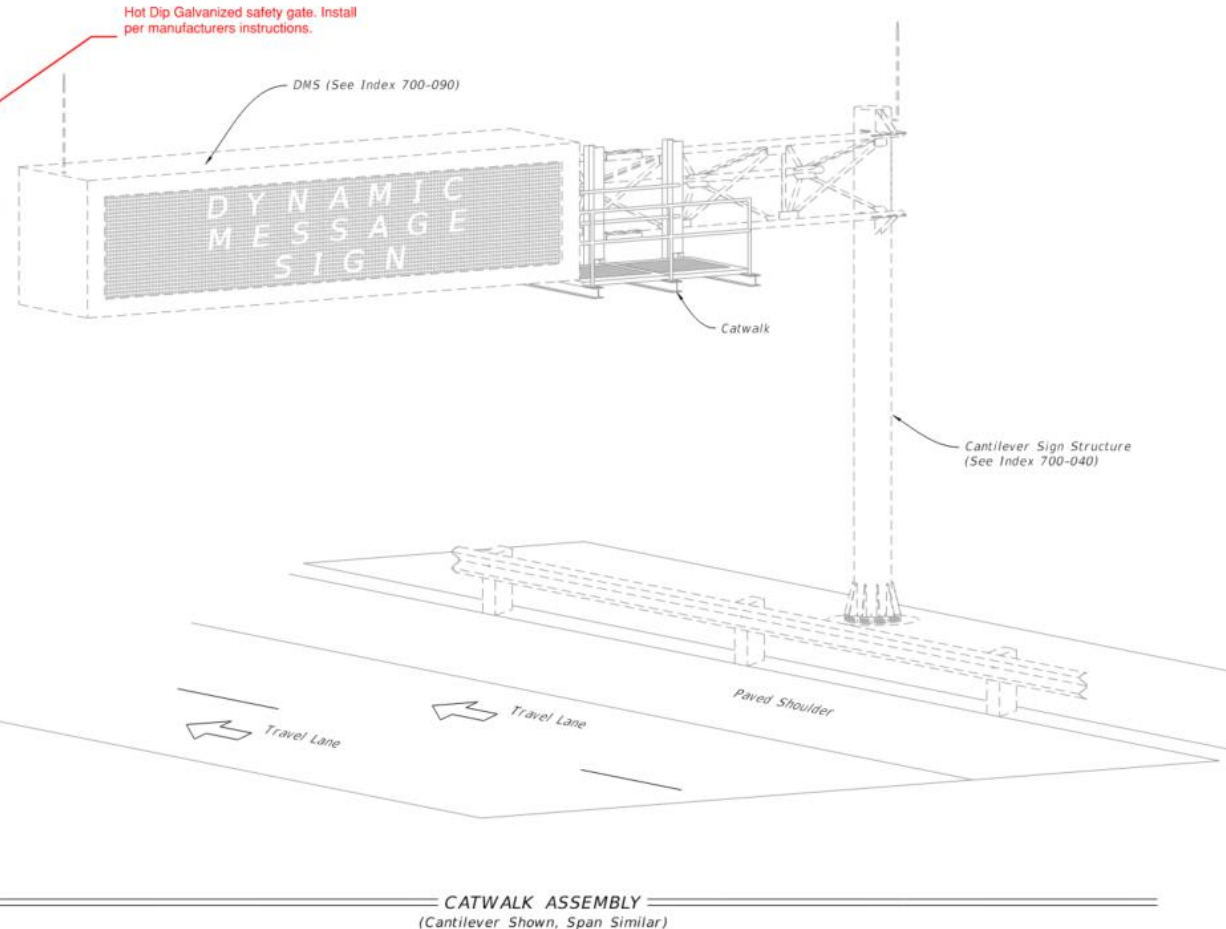


TABLE OF CONTENTS:	
Sheet	Description
1	General Notes and Content
2	General Assembly and Fixed Base Details
3	Walkway Support Details

- Final sheet

GENERAL NOTES:

- Work this Index with Specification 700.
- Shop Drawings are required:
 - Provide length as shown in the Plans
 - Design in accordance with AISC, AASHTO, and OSHA requirements
 - Do not start fabrication until the shop drawings are approved
- Catwalk hangers must be positioned to avoid conflicts with the sign structure truss and gusset plates. Place walkway close to the sign with a maximum open distance from walkway grate to DMS sign of $\frac{1}{2}$ ".
- Maximum spacing of Catwalk hanger supports is 5'-0". Cantilever ends of grating is 8".
- Galvanized steel catwalk grating meeting the requirements of Specification 504-2.3. Must support a 90 psf load and have a $\frac{3}{16}$ " minimum toe kick. Attach grating in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions using stainless steel or galvanized fasteners.
- Supply and install an OSHA 1910 compliant, self closing, hot dip galvanized safety gate. Install per manufactures instructions.
- Chain link fabric options (2" mesh with knuckled selvage top and bottom for all options):
 - AASHTO M181 Type I – Zinc Coated Steel, No. 9 gage (coated wire diameter), coated at the rate of 1.8 oz./ft². (M181 Class D 2.0 oz./ft², modified to 1.8 oz./ft².)
 - AASHTO M181 Type II -Aluminum Coated Steel, No. 9 gage (coated wire diameter), coated at the rate of 0.40 oz./ft².
- Install 2" NPS (Sch. 40) guiderail and posts: ASTM A53 Grade B for standard weight pipe.
- Welding:

E70XX
- Materials:
 - Steel Plates ASTM A 36 or A709 Grade 36.
 - W- Sections: ASTM A572 Grade 36 or 50.
 - Steel Pipe Railings or Structural Tubing: Specification 962
 - High Strength Bolts, Nuts and Washers: Specification 962
 - U-Bolts, nuts and washers: Specification 962
- Coatings/Galvanizing:

Hot dip galvanize support frame after fabrication and galvanize non-stainless steel fasteners in accordance with Specification 962.

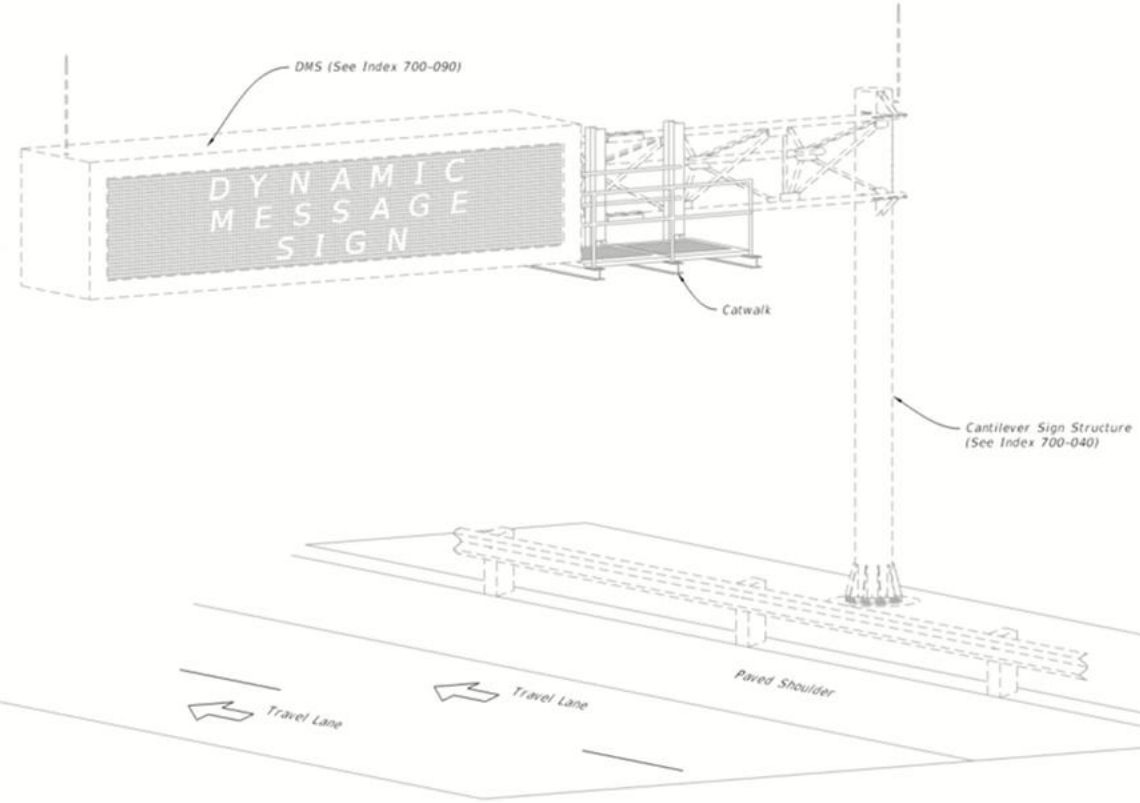


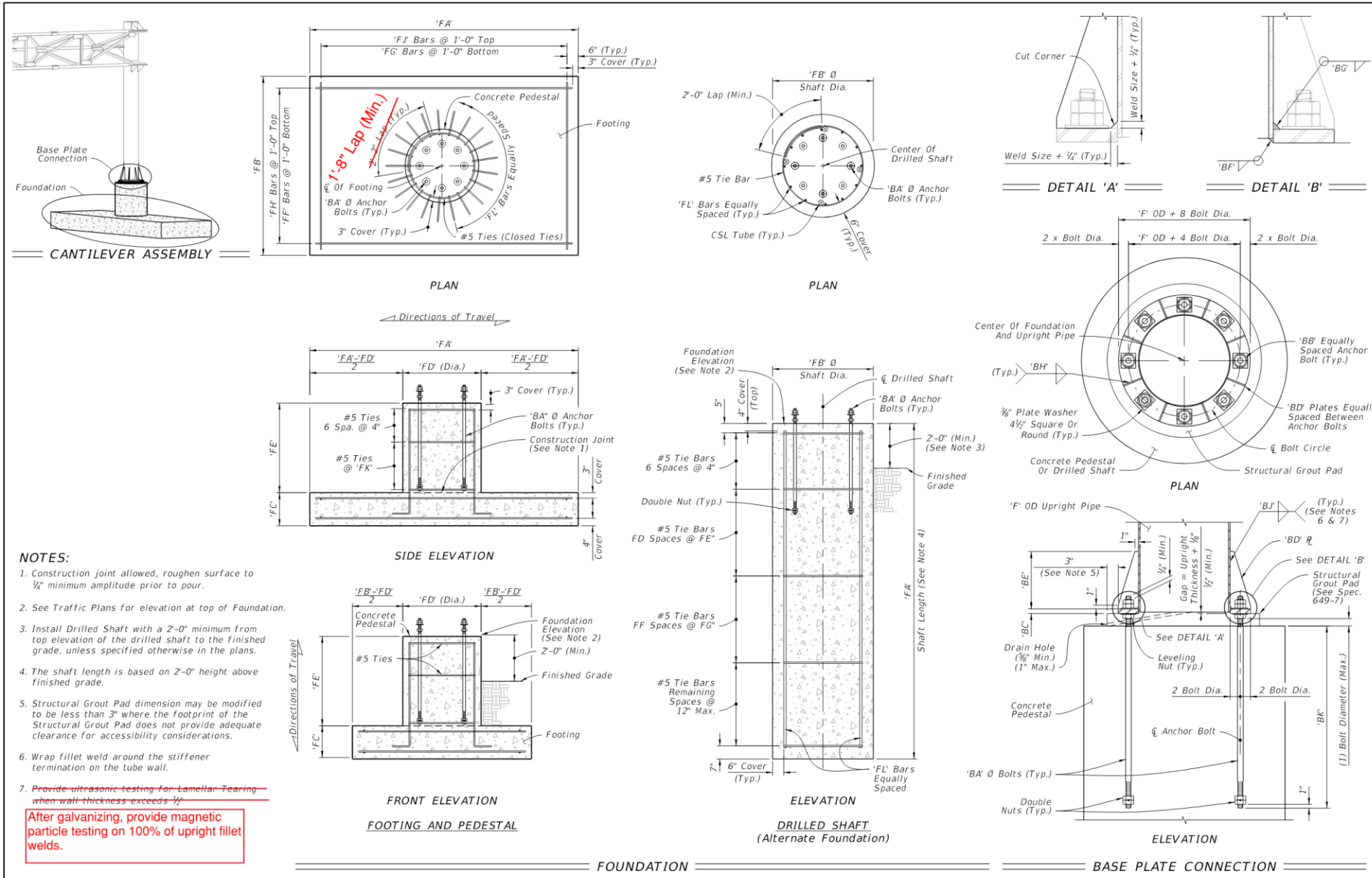
TABLE OF CONTENTS:	
Sheet	Description
1	General Notes and Content
2	General Assembly and Fixed Base Details
3	Walkway Support Details

CATWALK ASSEMBLY
(Cantilever Shown, Span Similar)

Standards

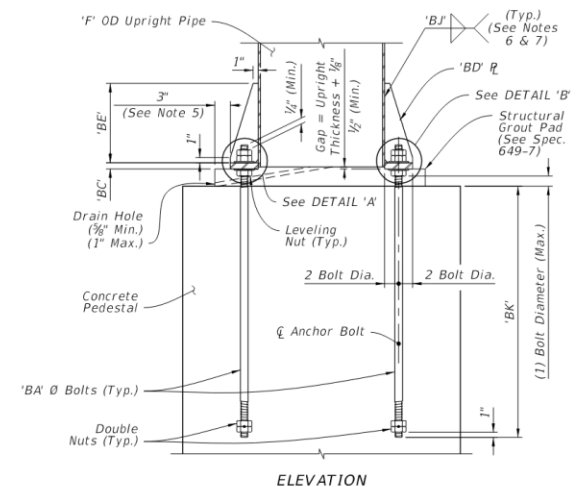
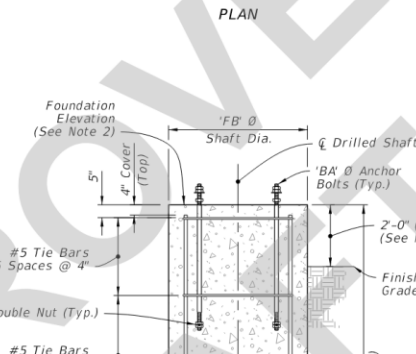
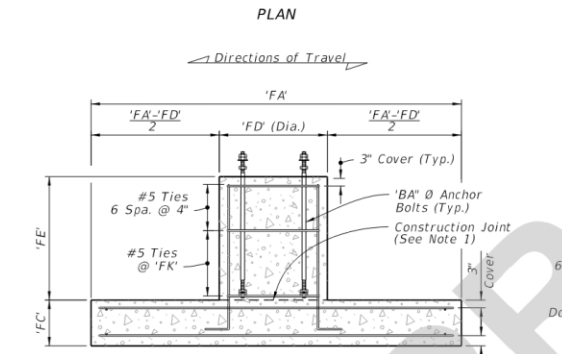
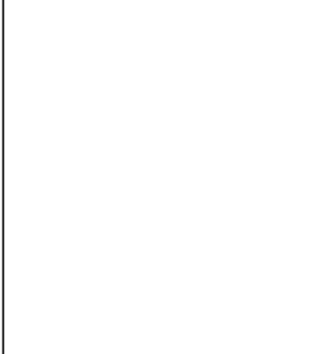
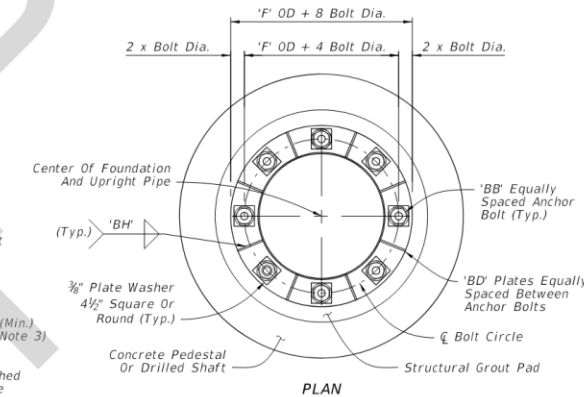
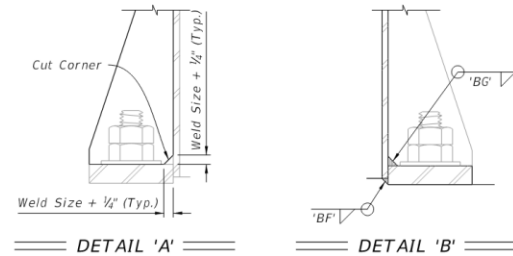
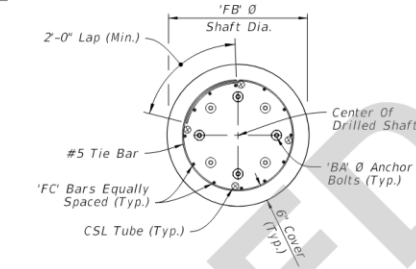
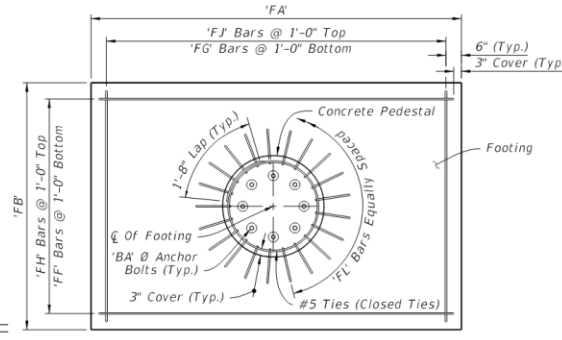
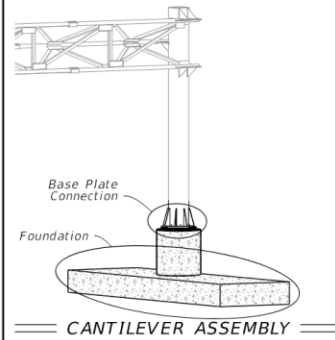
- 450-199 Prestressed I-Beams Build-Up & Deflection Data
- 515-052 Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing (Steel)
- 515-062 Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing (Aluminum)
- 521-660 Light Pole Pedestal - Bridge
- 548-020 MSE Retaining Wall Systems - Permanent
- 649-031 Mast Arm Assemblies
- 700-091 Catwalk Details
- 700-040 Cantilever Sign Structure
- 700-041 Span Sign Structure

- Corrected lap distance for the higher strength concrete used here
- In order to prevent cracking arising during fabrication from making its way to the field we instituted a 100% mag particle testing requirement



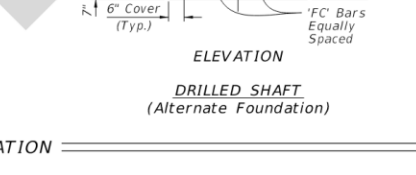
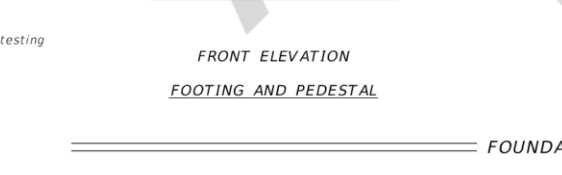
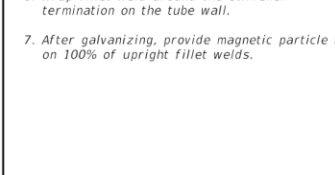
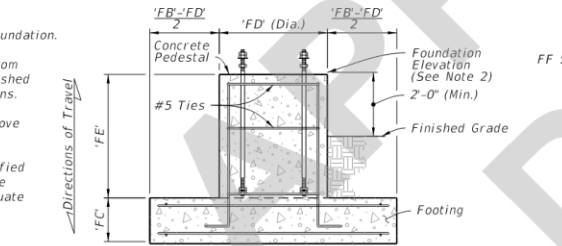
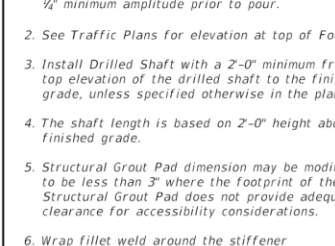
LAST REVISION 11/05/20 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION: 11/01/21	FDOT STANDARD PLANS	FY 2021-22 - 2022-23	CANTILEVER SIGN STRUCTURE	INDEX 700-040	SHEET 2 of 5
--	--------------------------	------------------------	----------------------	---------------------------	------------------	-----------------

- Final sheet 700-040

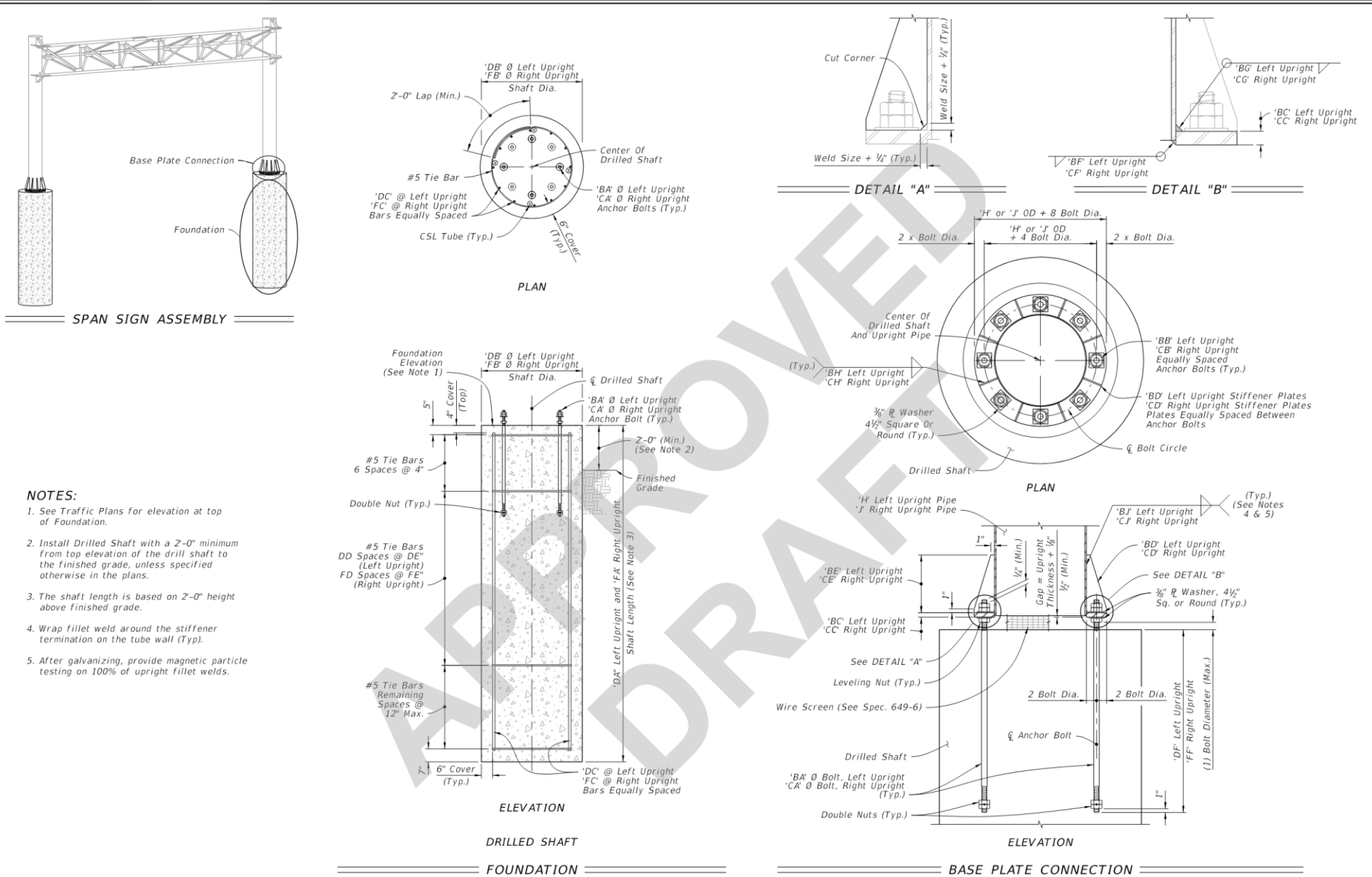


NOTES:

- Construction joint allowed, roughen surface to 1/4" minimum amplitude prior to pour.
- See Traffic Plans for elevation at top of Foundation.
- Install Drilled Shaft with a 2'-0" minimum from top elevation of the drilled shaft to the finished grade, unless specified otherwise in the plans.
- The shaft length is based on 2'-0" height above finished grade.
- Structural Grout Pad dimension may be modified to be less than 3" where the footprint of the Structural Grout Pad does not provide adequate clearance for accessibility considerations.
- Wrap fillet weld around the stiffener termination on the tube wall.
- After galvanizing, provide magnetic particle testing on 100% of upright fillet welds.



- Final sheet 700-041



LAST REVISION 11/01/21	DESCRIPTION:	FDOT FY 2022-23 STANDARD PLANS	SPAN SIGN STRUCTURE	INDEX 700-041	SHEET 2 of 5
---------------------------	--------------	--------------------------------------	---------------------	------------------	-----------------



Joshua Turley, P.E.
Structures Standard Plans Engineer
(850) 414-4475
Joshua.Turley@dot.state.fl.us