262 Retaining Walls

262.1 General

This chapter describes the procedure to be used in the development of retaining wall plans. This chapter should be used in conjunction with the Structures Design Guidelines (SDG), Structures Detailing Manual (SDM) and the applicable Standard Plans Instructions (SPI).

See FDM 215 for guidance on roadside barrier requirements and SDG, Chapter 6 for retaining wall mounted traffic railing requirements. See FDM 222 for pedestrian and bicycle rail requirements. See SDG, Section 1.4.5 for the policy on retaining wall surface finishes.

Precast walls other than Mechanically Stabilized Earth (MSE) walls should be considered as an alternate when sufficient room for soil reinforcement is not available.

Standard Plans, Index 400 Series, 455 Series, 548 Series, and Indexes 521-600 through 521-640, contain general notes and common details for retaining walls. See the applicable SPI for information on the use of these standards.

Using the site-specific geotechnical information, the structures Engineer of Record (EOR), in cooperation with the Geotechnical Engineer, will determine the appropriate wall type and its requirements. See the SDG, Section 3.12 for the Permanent Retaining Wall Selection Process.

The following sections refer to the structures plans submittal procedure. For projects where there are no bridges, the roadway EOR must adjust the procedure as required for the roadway project.

262.2 Retaining Wall Plans Submittal Procedures

On projects with retaining wall types not listed on the APL (C-I-P wall systems, permanent concrete and steel sheet pile walls, soldier pile walls, non-proprietary precast wall systems, complex wall systems, or project specific designs), the complete wall design and details are included in the plans by the EOR.

On projects with proprietary retaining wall systems listed on the APL, the EOR provides the Wall Control Drawings and the appropriate wall systems Data Tables in the plans. The EOR selects which FDOT Wall Type (see the SDG, Section 3.12) is appropriate for the project and places this information in the notes associated with the Data Tables. The
Contractor then selects the APL listed retaining wall system to build based on the allowable wall types shown in the notes associated with the Data Tables and on the Standard Plans. Proprietary retaining walls require shop drawings in accordance with FDM 267.

Proprietary retaining wall design plans are not required in the contract plans for normal uncomplicated wall projects (see FDM 262.3.2). If the proprietary walls are Two-phased, experimental, exceed 40 ft. in height, are subject to unusual geometric or topographic features, if spatial limitations require project specific details, or, by the geotechnical report, will be subjected to excessive settlement, or environmental conditions, they are required to have fully detailed design plans in the contract set (see FDM 262.3.3).

Prior to construction on projects utilizing proprietary wall systems, the contractor will submit, for approval by the EOR, shop drawings that are based on an APL listed wall system that is shown in the plans. Site-specific details for the wall construction will be included in these shop drawings.

The success of these methods for producing wall plans is highly dependent on complete, accurate and informative Control Plans. The importance of the Geotechnical Engineer's role in this scheme cannot be emphasized enough and is detailed in the Soils and Foundation Handbook, Chapters 3, 8, and 9.

The Geotechnical Engineer's wall type recommendation must be presented in a report together with the results of field and laboratory testing and the reasoning for the recommendation. For Proprietary Walls, also include the following: external stability analyses, minimum soil reinforcement length vs. wall height for external stability, recommended soil reinforcement type limitations if any (e.g., synthetic vs. steel), maximum bearing pressure for each wall height and soil reinforcement length for each different wall height (2-foot increments).

The normal failure modes to be investigated are shown in SDG, Chapter 3.

Procedures for developing retaining wall plans follow.

### 262.2.1 Non-Proprietary Retaining Walls

1. Bridge Development Report (BDR) / 30% Plans:
   The BDR must discuss and justify the use/non-use of non-proprietary retaining walls. If the use of these retaining walls is applicable to the site and economically justified, it may be the only design required or it may be an alternate to a proprietary design. Include Wall Control Drawings (as specified in the SDM, Chapter 19), cross sections, details and general notes in the 30% Plans submittal. Denote the location
of drainage inlets, utilities, sign structures, lights and barrier joints in the plans. See the *SDM, Chapter 19* for more information.

(2) 30% Plans:

The 30% Plans must be submitted for approval and development of the plans continued towards the 90% Plans submittal.

(3) 90% Plans:

The 90% Plans submittal must be further developed to include, in addition to the information required for the 30% Plans, information listed in the *SDM, Chapter 19*.

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**Modification for Non-Conventional Projects:**

Delete *FDM 262.2.1* and replace with the following:

**262.2.1 Non-Proprietary Retaining Walls**

See *SDG, Section 3.12* for wall selection requirements. Include Wall Control Drawings (as specified in the *SDM, Chapter 19*), cross sections, complete wall details and general notes in the Component Plans submittal. Denote the location of drainage inlets, utilities, sign structures, lights and barrier joints in the plans. See the *SDM, Chapter 19* for more information.

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**262.2.2 Proprietary Wall Systems Where Full Design Details Are Not Required In Contract Plans**

Preapproved Vendor Drawings for proprietary wall systems are listed on the *APL* and are categorized in accordance with the applicable FDOT Wall Type(s). Utilize these drawings with the applicable standard(s) and Data Tables. Do not include the Vendor Drawings in the plans.

Use the following procedure in preparing plans for wall projects.

(1) BDR/30% Plans:

Discuss and justify the use of proprietary retaining walls and FDOT Wall Types (see *SDG, Section 3.12*) in the BDR. Provide documentation of all the site-specific geotechnical information and wall system considerations in the Retaining Wall Justification portion of the BDR. Include the Retaining Wall System Data Tables and Preliminary Wall Control Drawings with the information shown in *SDM, Chapter 19* for the Plan and Elevation Sheets.
262-Retaining Walls

(2) 90% Plans:

Include the completed Control Plans and Data Tables in the 90% Plans submittal.

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<td>Using site-specific geotechnical information, the EOR, in cooperation with the geotechnical engineer, will determine all wall system requirements. See <strong>SDG 3.12</strong> to determine appropriate FDOT Wall Type. Include Wall Control Drawings and Data Tables in the Component Plans submittal, as specified in the <strong>SDM, Chapter 19</strong>. Denote the location of drainage inlets, utilities, sign structures, lights and barrier joints in the plans. See the <strong>SDM, Chapter 19</strong> for more information.</td>
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262.2.3 Proprietary Wall Systems Where Full Design Details Are Required In Contract Plans

The following procedure for plans preparation should be followed if the walls are required to be fully detailed in the contract plans.

(1) BDR/30% Plans:

The BDR must discuss and justify the use of proprietary retaining walls. Include Wall Control Drawings in the 30% Plans. It will not be necessary for these Plans to contain pay items; however, they must include, but not be limited to, the information listed in the **SDM, Chapter 19**.

(2) Control Plans/Invitation Package:

The Control Plans must be reviewed by the Department and, upon approval, sent to all the appropriate wall companies. Provide a set of control plans, roadway plans and foundation report to the wall companies no later than by the 60% Plans submittal. A copy of the transmittals to the wall companies must be sent to the DSDO or SDO as appropriate. The proprietary companies must acknowledge
receipt of the invitation package. If they choose to participate they must provide design plans for the retaining walls and submit the plans for review as prescribed in the invitation letter.

(3) 90% Plans:

Upon receipt of the proprietary design plans, the designer must review the design and incorporate the wall plans into the contract set. The plans from the wall companies, control plans and wall company standard drawings must constitute the 90% Plans.

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**262.2.3 Proprietary Wall Systems Where Full Design Details Are Required In Contract Plans**

Using site-specific geotechnical information, the EOR, in cooperation with the geotechnical engineer, will determine wall system requirements. See *SDG 3.12* to determine appropriate FDOT Wall Type. The Design-Build EOR must coordinate with one of the Preapproved Vendors to prepare fully detailed project specific proprietary drawings for inclusion into the Component Plans. Include Wall Control Drawings and Data Tables (in accordance with *SDM, Chapter 19*) in the Component Plans submittal. Denote the location of drainage inlets, utilities, sign structures, lights and barrier joints in the plans. See the *SDM, Chapter 19* for more information.

**262.2.4 Critical Temporary Walls**

A critical temporary wall is a temporary wall that is necessary to maintain the safety of the traveling public, or structural integrity of nearby structures or utilities during construction. Traffic lanes located either above or below a grade separation and within the limits shown in *SDM, Chapter 19*, will require the design of a critical temporary wall.

On bridge projects, discuss the use of, and selected type of, critical temporary walls in the BDR.

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Typically, critical temporary walls are either proprietary MSE walls or steel sheet pile walls. Concrete sheet piles, soldier pile walls and precast or cast-in-place concrete walls may also be used as critical temporary walls.

Critical temporary proprietary MSE walls must comply with *Standard Plans, Index 548-030* (and the applicable SPI) and require generic design details in the contract plans. The plans format must be in accordance with *FDM 262.2.2* and *FDM262.2.3*. Include control drawings and the completed Temporary Retaining Wall System Data Tables. Submit the final design details in the shop drawings.

If critical temporary steel sheet pile walls are used, complete the associated Data Table and include it in the plans. See the *Structures Detailing Manual* for more information including critical temporary wall definitions.

If other types of critical temporary walls are used, prepare the necessary details and include them in the plans.