

- 1. For location where pole foundation is lower than roadway, mount CCTV cabinet on pole.
- 2. Install CCTV Pole at locaton shown in Plans.

DESCRIPTION:

If included, install guardrail at location shown in Plans and in accordance with Design Standards Index 400.

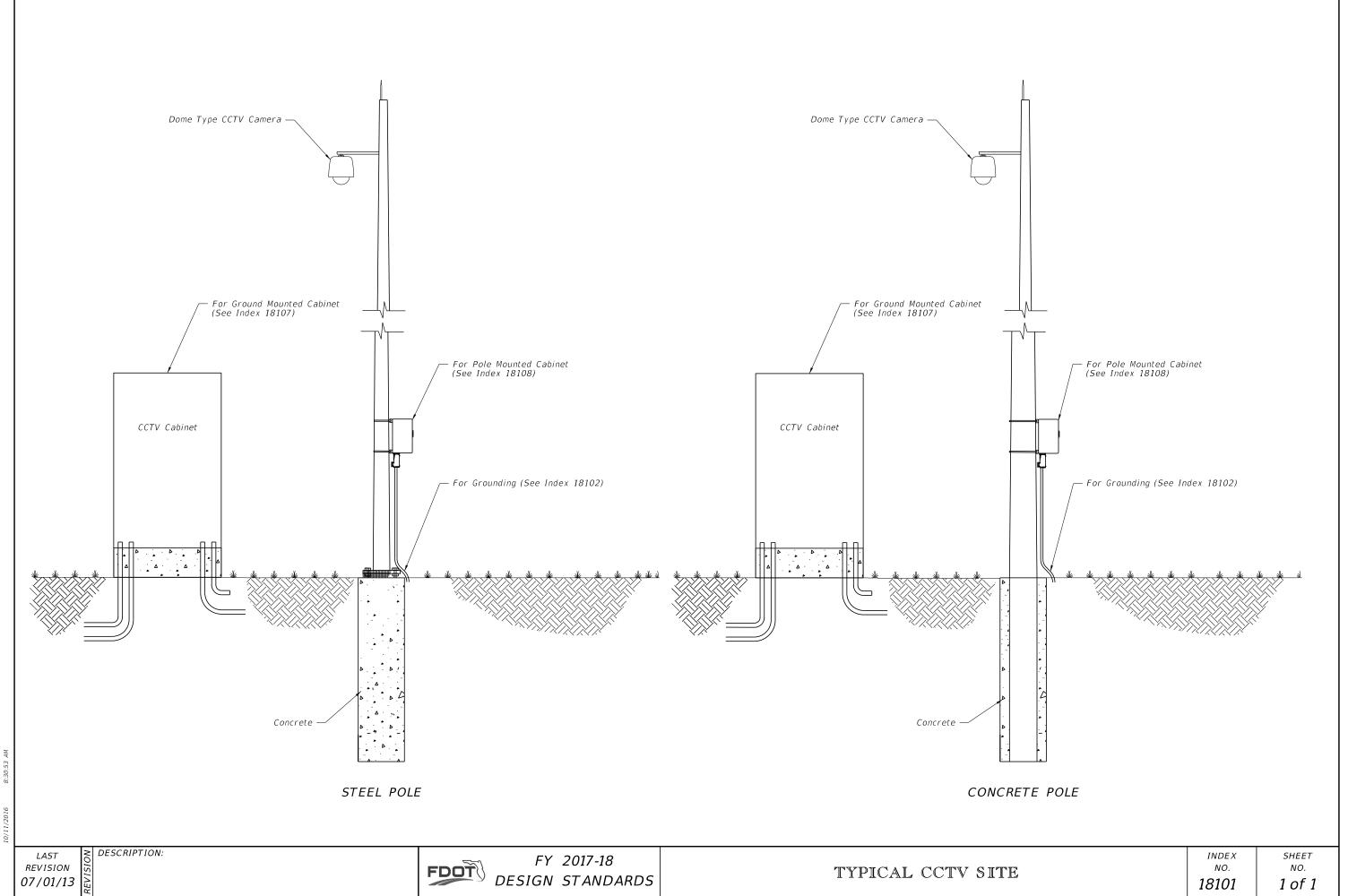
REVISION 07/01/15

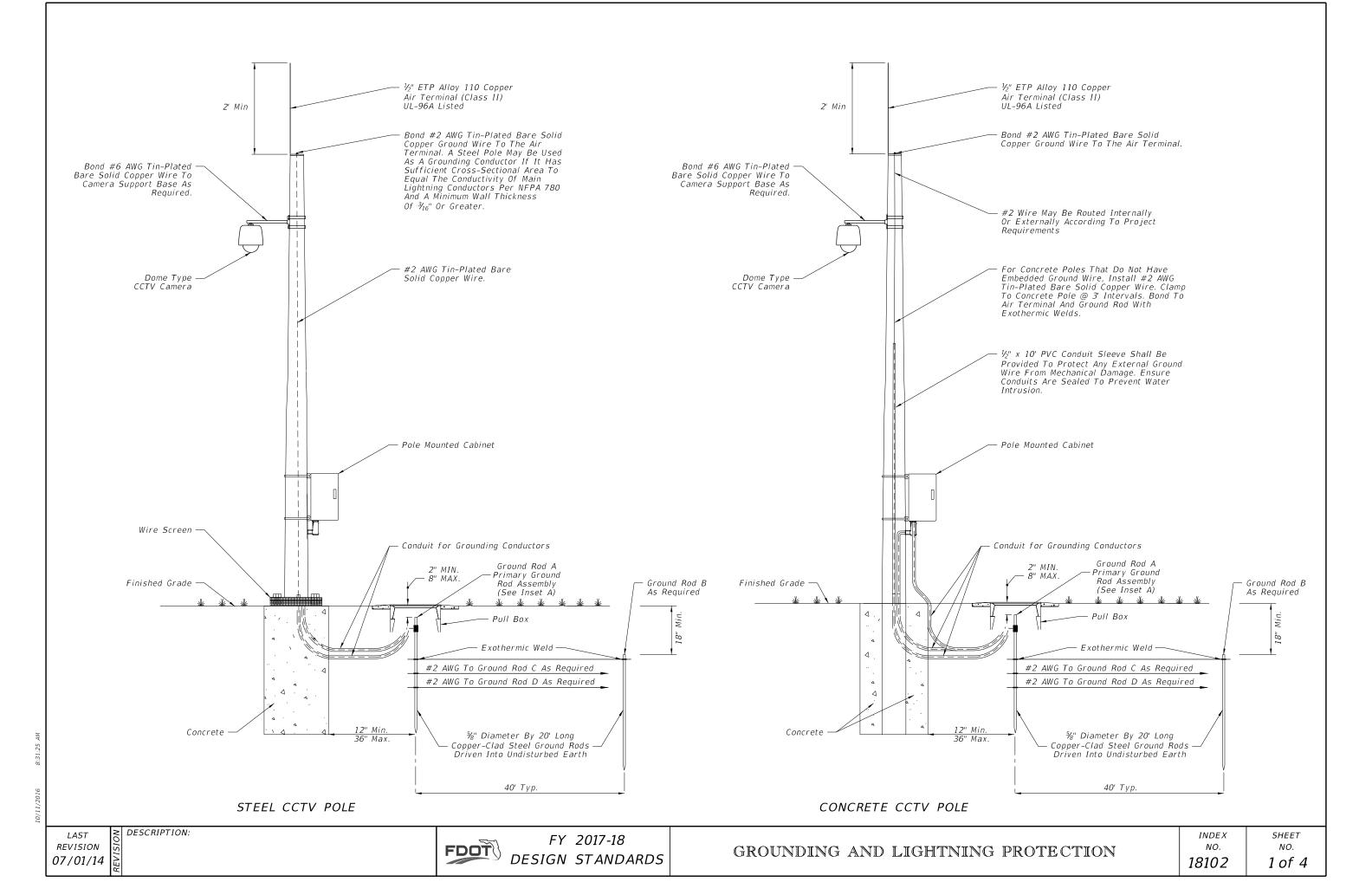
FY 2017-18 DESIGN STANDARDS

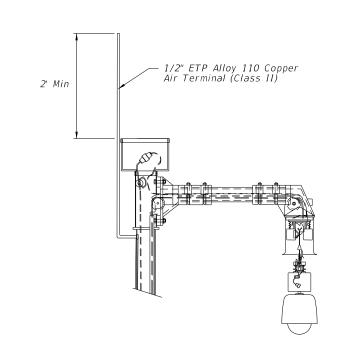
CCTV POLE PLACEMENT

INDEX NO. 18100

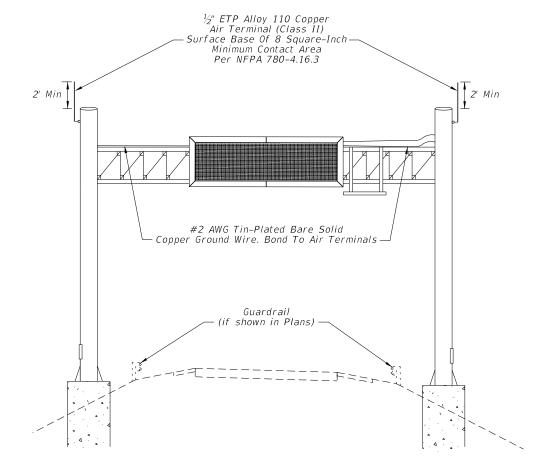
SHEET NO. 1 of 1



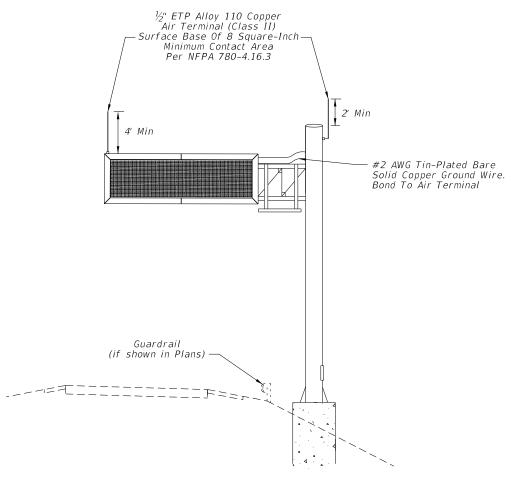




AIR TERMINAL PLACEMENT (Lowering Device Pole)



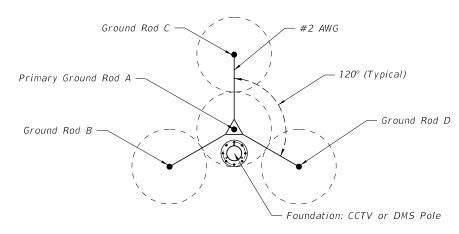
AIR TERMINAL PLACEMENT (Span DMS)



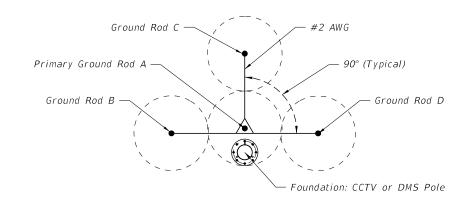
AIR TERMINAL PLACEMENT (Cantilever DMS)

REVISION 07/01/15

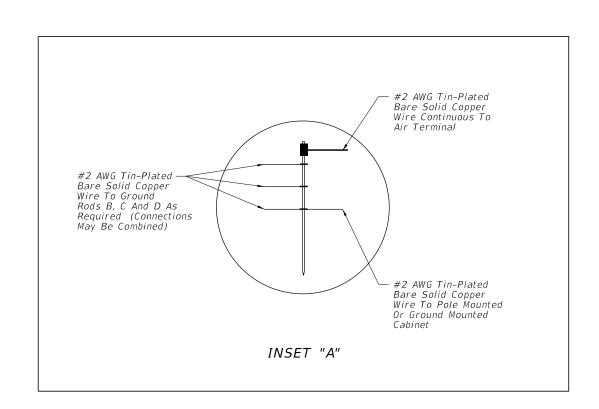
DESCRIPTION:

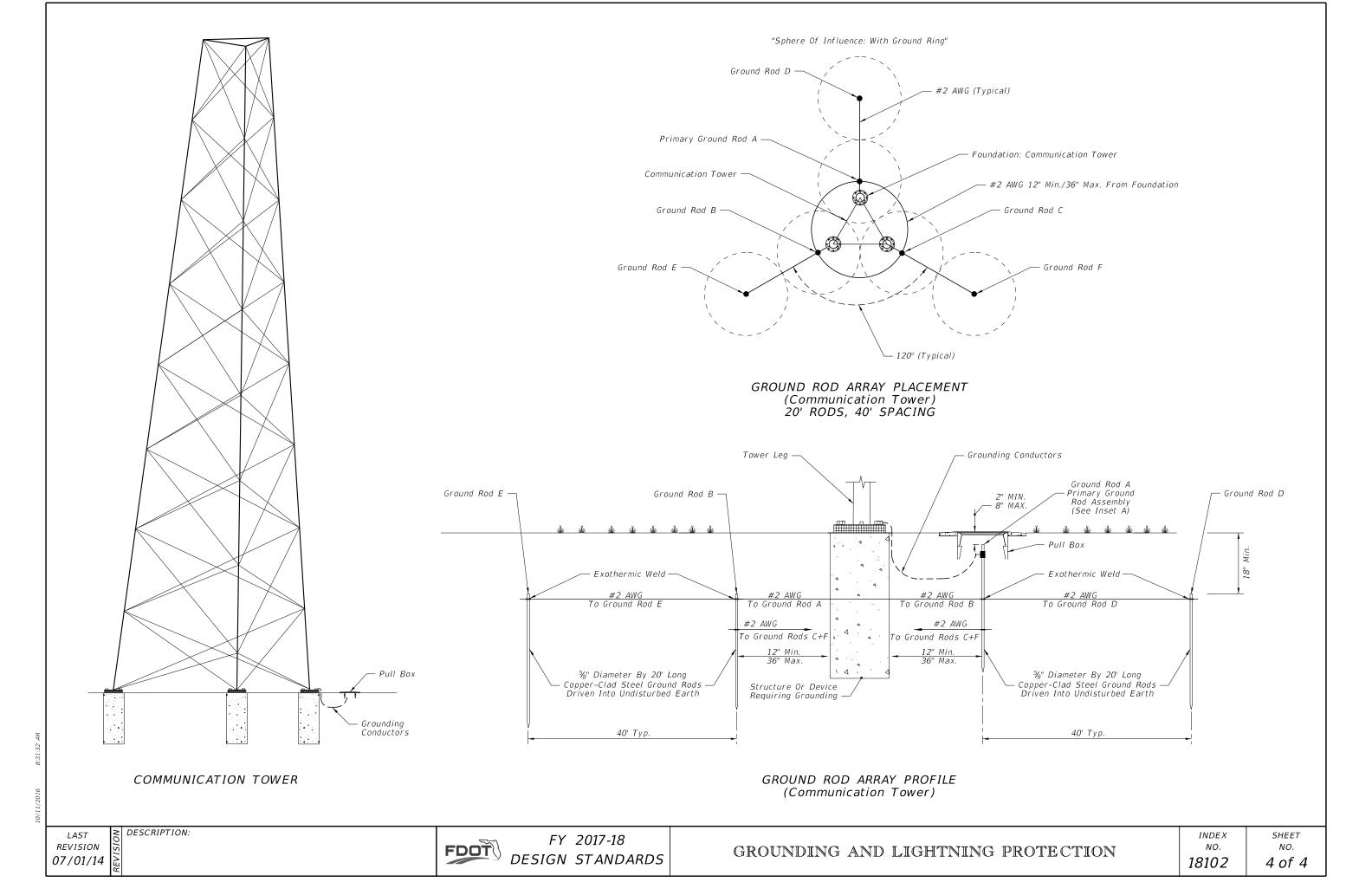


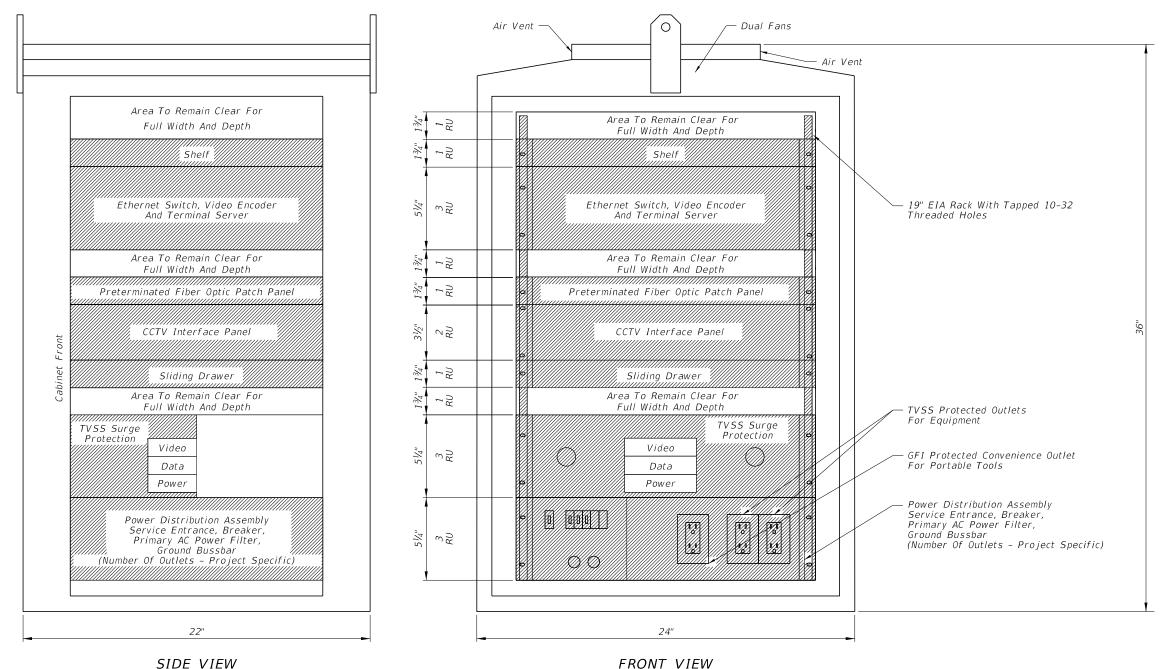
GROUND ROD ARRAY PLACEMENT (Typical) 20' RODS, 40' SPACING



GROUND ROD ARRAY PLACEMENT (Typical Modified) 20' RODS, 40' SPACING





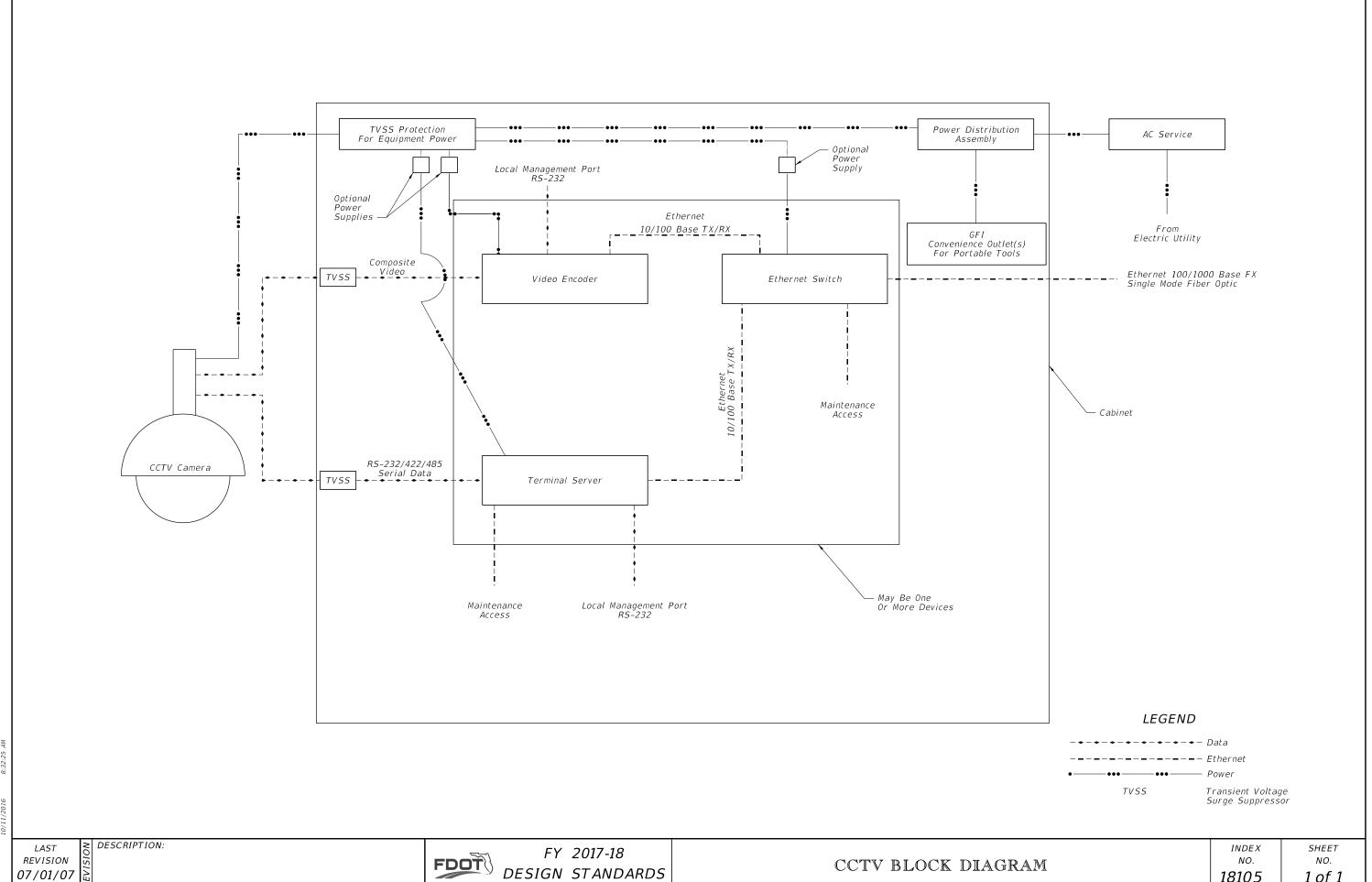


SIDE VIEW

### GENERAL NOTES:

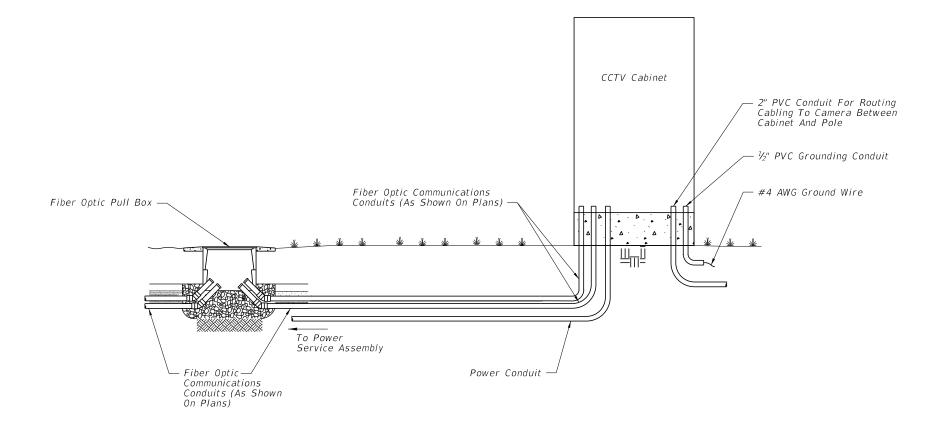
- 1. Cabinet layout is for pole or base mounted installations.
- 2. All dimensions and scale are approximate.
- 3. The minimum CCTV cabinet dimensions shall be 36"H X 24"W X 22"D.
- 4. Conduit entrances are in bottom of cabinet.
- There shall be front and rear doors. Both doors shall have the hinged side next to the pole when pole mounted.
- 6. Cabinet layout represents preferred placement of typical devices. Project-specific designs may not include all components illustrated here.

LAST **REVISION** 07/01/07



DESIGN STANDARDS

18105 1 of 1



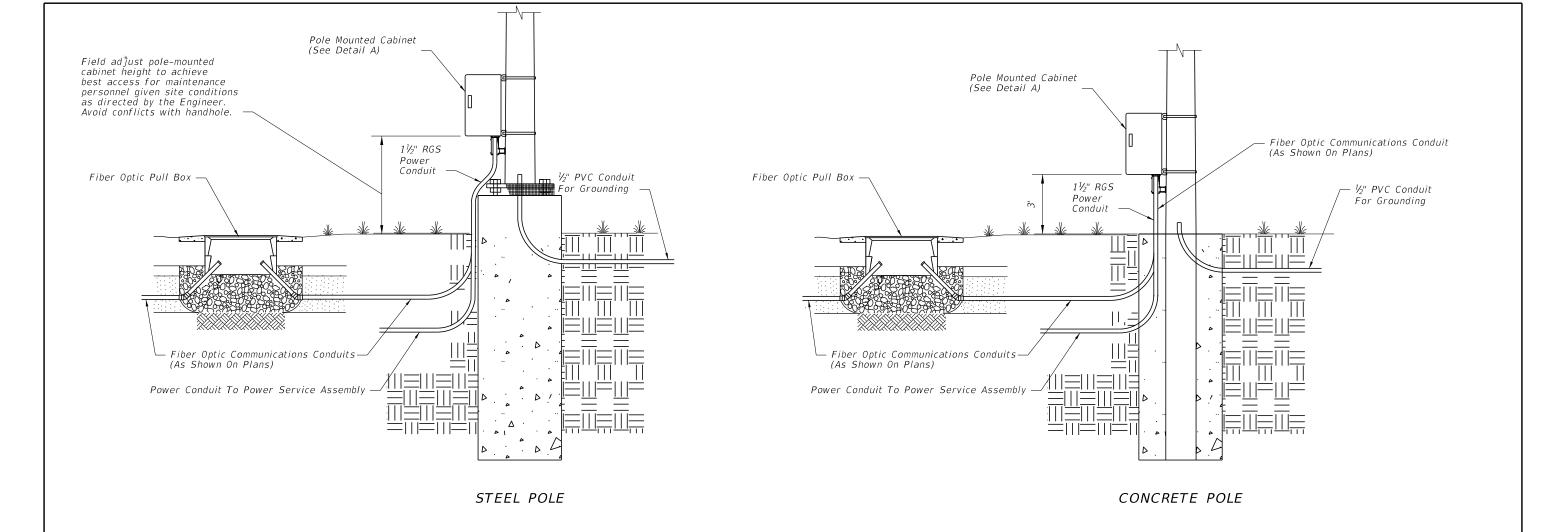
### GENERAL NOTES:

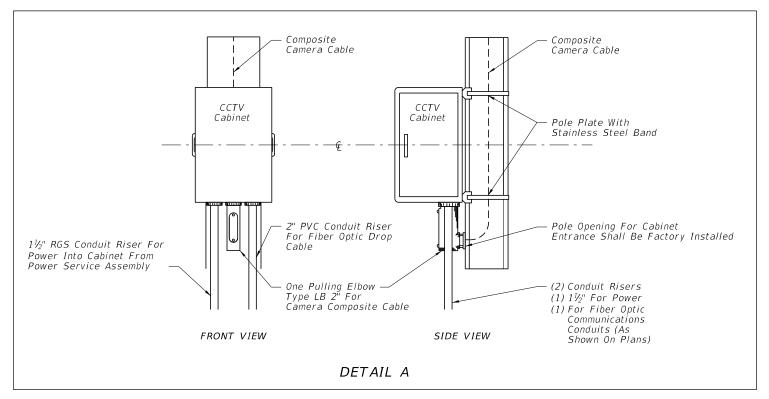
- 1. Contractor shall splice fiber optic cables in cabinet to preterminater patch panel.
- 2. Furnish and install TVSS protection on all video, data, and power cabling in cabinet.
- 3. Ensure that all electronic equipment power is protected and conditioned with TVSS
- 4. Sizes and types of conduits and innerducts for network communications between the pullbox and cabinet are stated in the contract documents.
- 5. See Index 18102 for grounding requirements.

DESCRIPTION:

6. All network communications conduits and ducts shall be sealed with approved waterproof duct plugs and seals.

REVISION 07/01/13





### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. Contractor shall splice fiber optic cables in cabinet to preterminated patch panel.
- 2. Furnish and install TVSS protection on all cabling in cabinet.
- 3. Furnish and install secondary TVSS protection on outlets for equipment in cabinet.
- 4. Sizes and types of conduits and innerducts for network communications between the pull box and cabinet are stated in the contract documents.
- 5. Ensure that equipment cabinet is bonded to CCTV pole grounding system.
- 6. All network communications conduits and ducts shall be sealed with approved waterproof duct plugs and seals.
- 7. Pole mounted cabinets shall be mounted with hinges next to the pole.

**REVISION** 07/01/07

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2017-18 **DESIGN STANDARDS** 

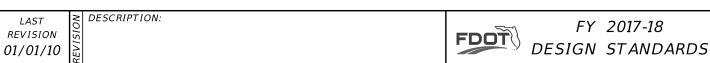
POLE MOUNTED CCTV CABINET

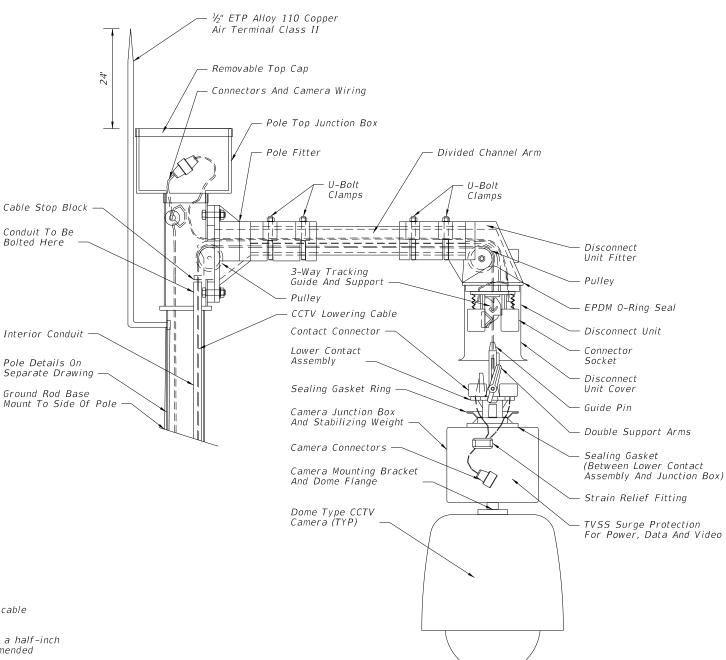
INDEX NO. 18108

SHEET NO. 1 of 1









## **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. Lowering device to be shipped ready for pole attachment to include 100 ft. of composite power and signal cable prewired to lowering device at the factory.
- 2. The lowering device manufacturer shall supply both a portable lowering tool with a manual hand crank and a half-inch chuck variable-speed reversible industrial-duty electric drill that matches the winch's manufacturer-recommended revolutions per minute. One lowering tool per every 10 lowering devices is required.
- The lowering device manufacturer shall provide an on-site installation inspection and operator instruction and certification. This ensures the product is assembled correctly and that all necessary persons are trained in the proper, safe operation of the system. Before erecting the first pole the contractor must contact the lowering device supplier and schedule a manufacturer's representative to be on-site.
- 4. Design camera mounting arm and connection to tenon according to FDOT Structures Manual (current edition).
- 5. Camera to be mounted to camera junction box and stabilizing weight via 1½" Standard NPT Pipe Thread.
- 6. Use air terminal extension when the pole top junction box is wider than top of pole.
- 7. The stainless steel device lowering cable shall be installed inside the pole within a 1 1/4" diameter PVC conduit.

FY 2017-18

- 8. All communication and power cables must be neatly bundled and secured.
- 9. Use a Camera Lowering Device listed on the Approved Product List (APL).
- 10. See Index 18113 for concrete pole details and Index 18111 for steel pole details.

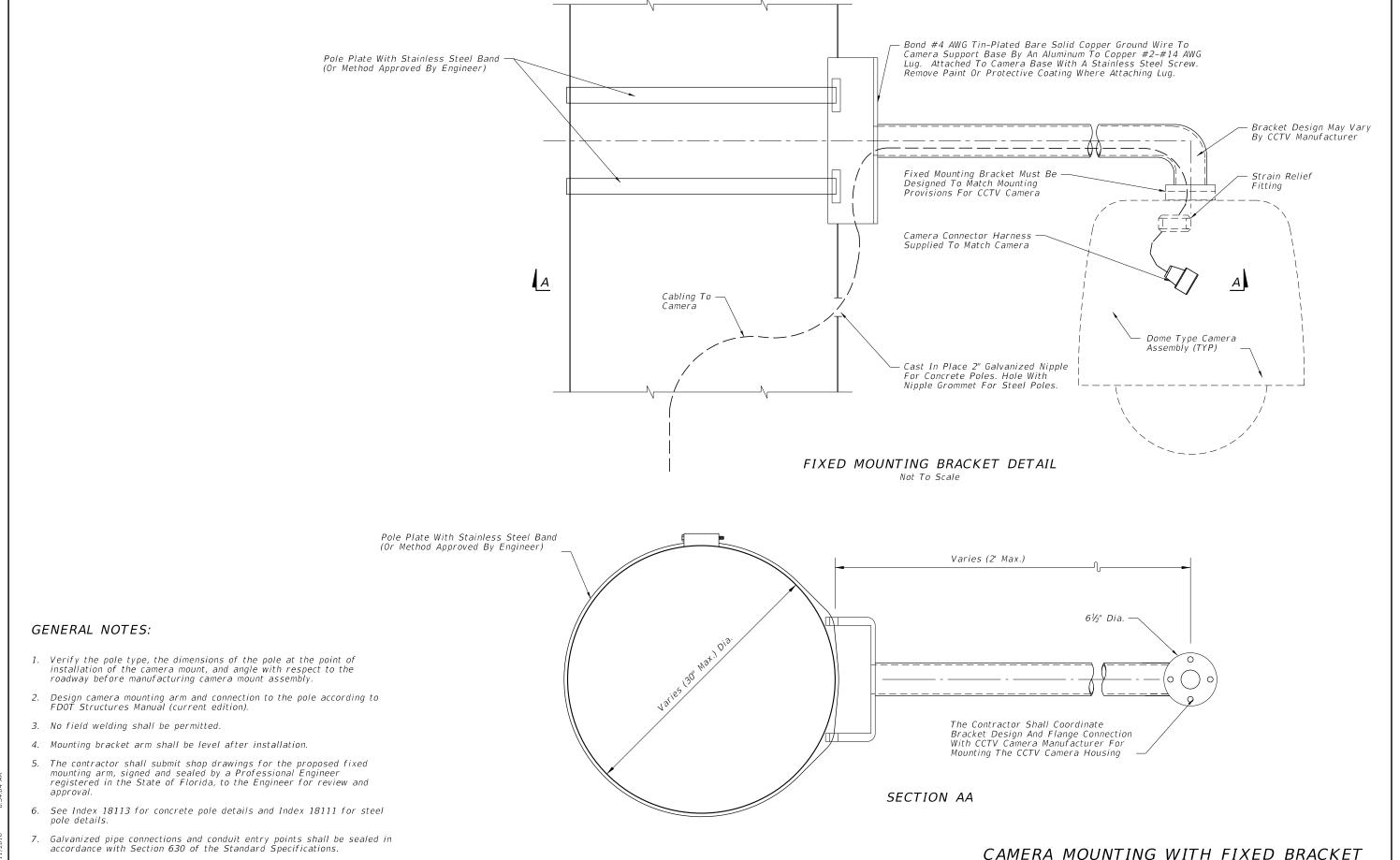
CAMERA LOWERING DEVICE DETAIL

## CAMERA MOUNTING WITH LOWERING DEVICE

CAMERA MOUNTING DETAILS

INDEX NO. 18110

SHEET NO. 1 of 2



**REVISION** 01/01/10

DESCRIPTION:

FY 2017-18 DESIGN STANDARDS

INDEX NO. 18110

SHEET NO. 2 of 2

### **FOUNDATION NOTES:**

- 1. Concrete: Class IV (Drilled Shaft) with a minimum 4,000 psi compressive strength at 28 days for all environment classifications.
- 2. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615 Grade 60.
- 3. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55 with ASTM A563 Grade A heavy-hex nuts and plate washers. ASTM F2329 galvanization.
- 4. Install Anchor Bolts in accordance with Section 649-5 of the Specifications.
- 5. Foundation applies to slopes 1:4 or flatter.
- The foundation for the CCTV structure shall be constructed in accordance with Section 455 of the Specifications except that no payment for the foundation shall be made under

### **INSTALLATION NOTES:**

- 1. Cable Supports: Electrical Cable Guides and Eyebolts.
  - a. Locate top and bottom cable guides within the pole aligned with each other.
  - b. Position one cable guide 2" below the handhole.
  - c. Position other cable guide 1" directly below the top of
  - d. Position Park Stands 2" below the top of the handhole.

#### 2. Lowering Device Installation Notes:

- a. Place the lowering cable that moves within the pole in an interior conduit to prevent it from tangling or interfering with any electrical wire that is in the pole. Ensure that any electrical wire within the pole is routed securely and free from slack.
- b. Mount lowering arm perpendicular to the roadway or as shown in the plans. Position CCTV pole so that the camera can be safely lowered without requiring lane
- c. Coordinate all lowering device hardware requirements (including Tenon, Tenon mounting plates, parking stands, etc.) with lowering device manufacturer

### 3. Pole Installation Notes:

- a. Install pole plumb.
- b. The pole shall not be erected until the foundation concrete has achieved 70% of the minimum specified 28 day compressive strength
- 4. Refer to Index No. 18108 for conduit and cabinet mounting details.

### **POLE NOTES:**

- 1. The pole shaft shall be round or 16 sided or more with a constant taper of 0.14
- 2. Pole shaft may be either One or Two sections (with telescopic field splice).
- 3. Use only circumferential welds at base.
- 4. Up to two longitudinal seam welds are permitted.
- 5. Longitudinal seam welds within 6" of circumferential welds shall be complete penetration welds. Longitudinal seam welds on female section of telescopic field splices shall be complete penetration welds for the splice length plus six inches. All other areas, size the partial penetration welds to at least 60% of the pole
- 6. Perform all welding in accordance with the American Welding Society Structural Welding Code (Steel) ANSI/AWS D1.1 (current edition). For additional welding requirements see AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, Section 5.15, Welded Connections.
- 7. Identification tag:

Furnish each pole with a 2"x4" (max.) aluminum identification tag, secured to pole with stainless steel screws. Locate inside pole and visible from handhole.

Provide Financial Project ID, pole height, manufacturer's name, yield strength (Fy of steel) and pole base wall thickness.

- 8. Except for Anchor Bolts, all bolt hole diameters shall be equal to the bolt diameter plus 1/16", prior to galvanizing. Hole diameters for anchor bolts shall not exceed the bolt diameter plus 1/2".
- 9. This Design Standard is considered fully detailed and no shop drawings are necessary. Submit Shop Drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the
- 10. Pole Material Specifications:

ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65 (less than 1/4") or ASTM A572 Grade 50, 60 or 65 (greater than or equal to 1/4") or ASTM A595 Grade A (55 ksi yield) or Grade B (60 ksi yield).

- b. Steel Plates and Pole Cap: ASTM A36 or ASTM A709 Grade 50.
- c. Weld Metal: E70XX.
- d. Bolts: ASTM F3125, Grade A325, Type 1. Nuts: ASTM A563. Washers: ASTM F-436.
- e. Handhole frame: ASTM A709 Grade 36 or ASTM A36.
- f. Handhole cover: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65.
- g. Stainless steel screws: AISI Type 316.
- Galvanization:

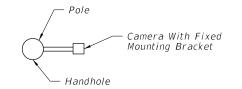
Nuts, bolts and washers: ASTM F2329. All other steel: ASTM A123.

- 11. Additional wire access holes not shown in this Design Standard shall not exceed  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " in diameter.
- 12. Verify CSL access tubes will not interfere with anchor bolt installation before excavating the shaft. When CSL access tube locations conflict with anchor bolt locations, move the CSL access tube location  $\pm$  two inches along the inner circumference of the reinforcing cage. Notify the Engineer before excavating the shaft if the CSL access tube locations cannot be moved out of conflict with anchor bolt locations.

GENERAL NOTES

**REVISION** 11/01/16

DESCRIPTION:



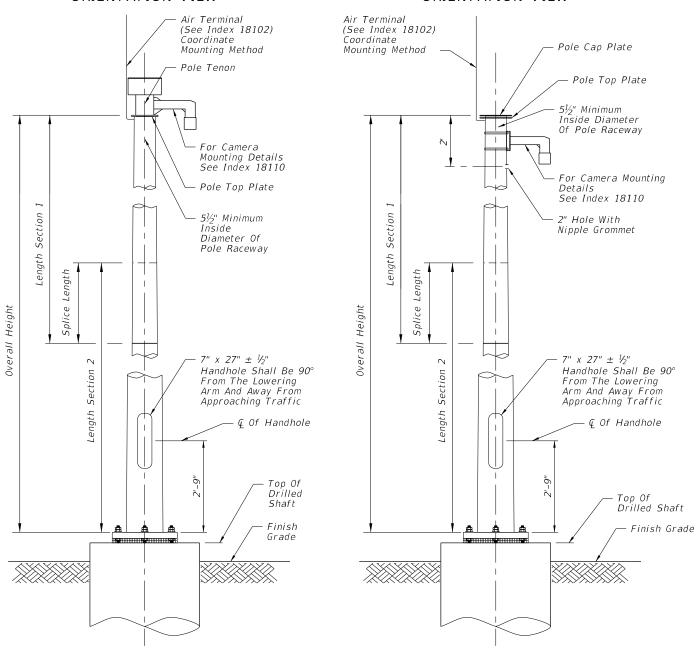
## ORIENTATION VIEW

**ELEVATION** 

WITH LOWERING DEVICE

DESCRIPTION:

## ORIENTATION VIEW



Pole Overall Height (ft)	Shaft Diameter	Shaft Length	Reinforcement
50	4'-0"	11'-0"	(14) #11
55	4'-0"	12'-0"	(14) #11
60	4'-6"	13'-0"	(16) #11
65	4'-6"	13'-0"	(16) #11
70	5'-0"	14'-0"	(18) #11

SHAFT DESIGN TABLE

BASE PLATE AND ANCHOR BOLT DESIGN TABLE										
Pole Overall Height (ft)	Base Plate Diameter (in.)	Base Plate Thickness (in.)	Anchor Bolt Circle (in.)	No. Bolts	Anchor Bolt Diameter (in.)	Anchor Bolt Embedment (in.)	Minimum Anchor Bolt Projection (in.)			
50	27	2.5	22	6	1.25	31	8.5			
55	28	2.5	23	6	1.25	33	8.5			
60	33	2.5	27	6	1.5	34	9.5			
65	35	2.5	29	6	1.5	35	9.5			
70	40	2.5	33	6	1.75	38	10.5			

POLE DESIGN TABLE*										
	S	ection 1 (Top	p)	Sec	tion 2 (Botto	om)	Joint			
Pole Overall Height (ft)			Base Dia. (in.)	Length	Wall Thickness (in.)	Base Dia. (in.)	Minimum Splice Length (in)			
50				50'-0"	0.25	17				
50	25'-0"	0.25	14	28'-0"	0.25	17	27			
55	30'-0"	0.25	15	28'-0"	0.3125	18	30			
60	35'-0"	0.25	18	29'-0"	0.3125	21	33			
65	33'-0"	0.25	19	36'-0"	0.3125	23	33			
70	38'-0"	0.25	22	36'-0"	0.3125	26	39			

<sup>\*</sup> Diameter Measured Flat to Flat

# POLE DESIGN TABLES

LAST REVISION 11/01/16

FDOT

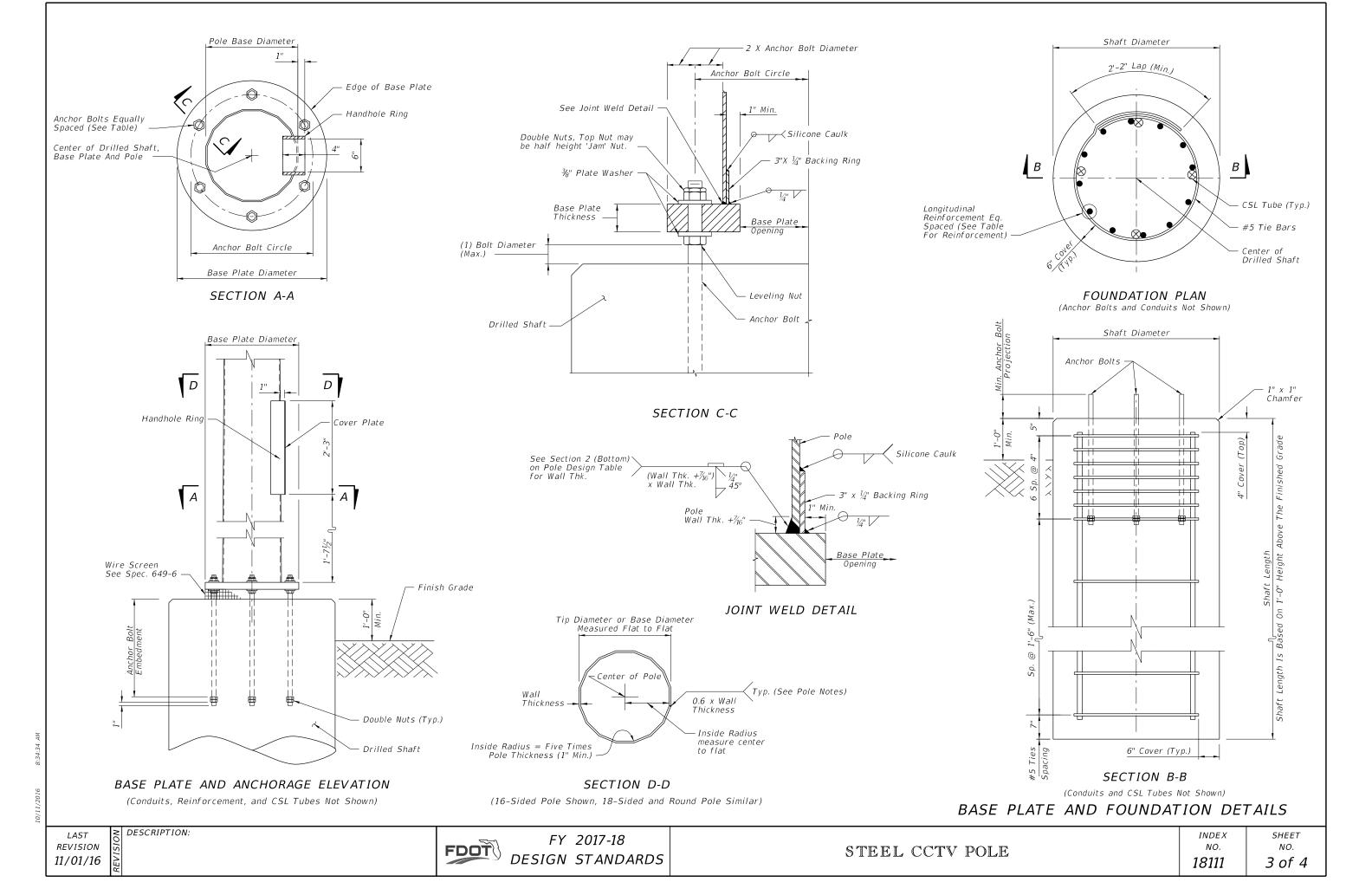
ELEVATION

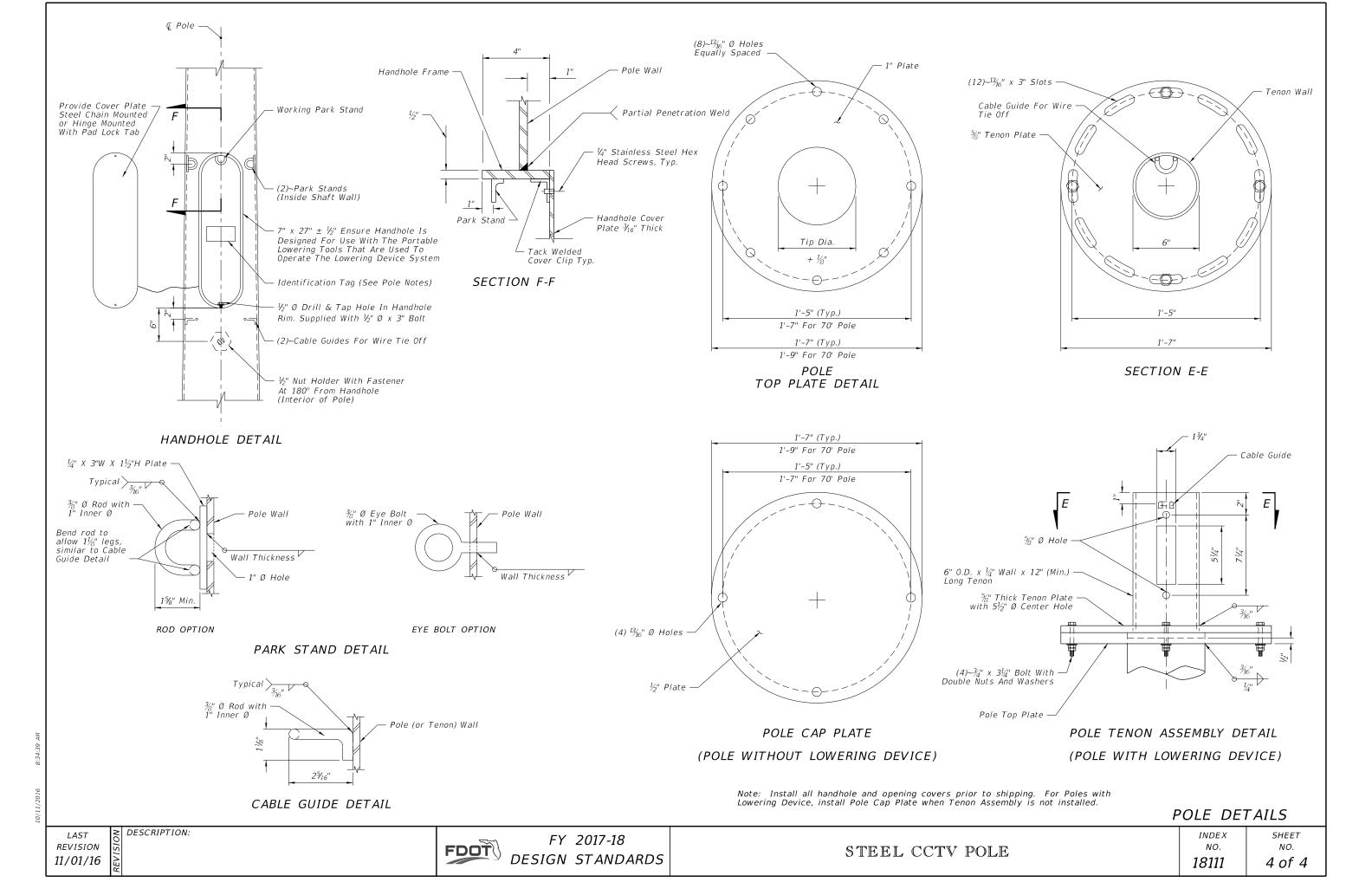
WITHOUT LOWERING DEVICE

FY 2017-18
DESIGN STANDARDS

STEEL CCTV POLE

INDEX SHEET NO. 18111 2 of 4





### LOWERING DEVICE INSTALLATION NOTES:

- Place the lowering cable that moves within the pole in an interior conduit to prevent it from tangling or interfering with any electrical wire that is in the pole. Ensure that any electrical wire within the pole is routed securely and free from slack.
- Mount lowering arm perpendicular to the roadway or as shown in the plans. Position CCTV pole so that the camera can be safely lowered without requiring lane closures.
- Coordinate all lowering device hardware requirements (including Tenon, Tenon mounting plates, parking stand, etc.) with lowering device manufacturer.

### POLE NOTES:

- 1. Pole Material Specifications:
  - a. Pole: Use Class VI Concrete with 6 ksi minimum strength at
  - b. Prestressing Strands: ASTM A416 Grade 270 low relaxation.
  - c. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615 Grade 60.
  - d. Spiral Reinforcing: ASTM A1064 Cold-Drawn.
  - e. Bolts: ASTM F1554, Grade 55. Nuts: ASTM A563, Grade A Heavy Hex.
  - f. Steel plates and Pole Cap: ASTM A36 or ASTM A709 Grade 50.
  - Bolts, nuts and washers: ASTM F2329 g. Galvanization: All other steel: ASTM A123
- The pole shall be round or 12-sided.
- Cut the tip end of the prestressed strand first or simultaneously with
- For spiral reinforcing, one turn is required for spiral splices and two turns are required at the top and bottom of poles.
- 5. For Reinforcing Steel, lap splice to consist of a 3'-0" lap length at each splice. No more than two opposing rebar to be spliced at the same cross section. Stagger lap splices as needed.

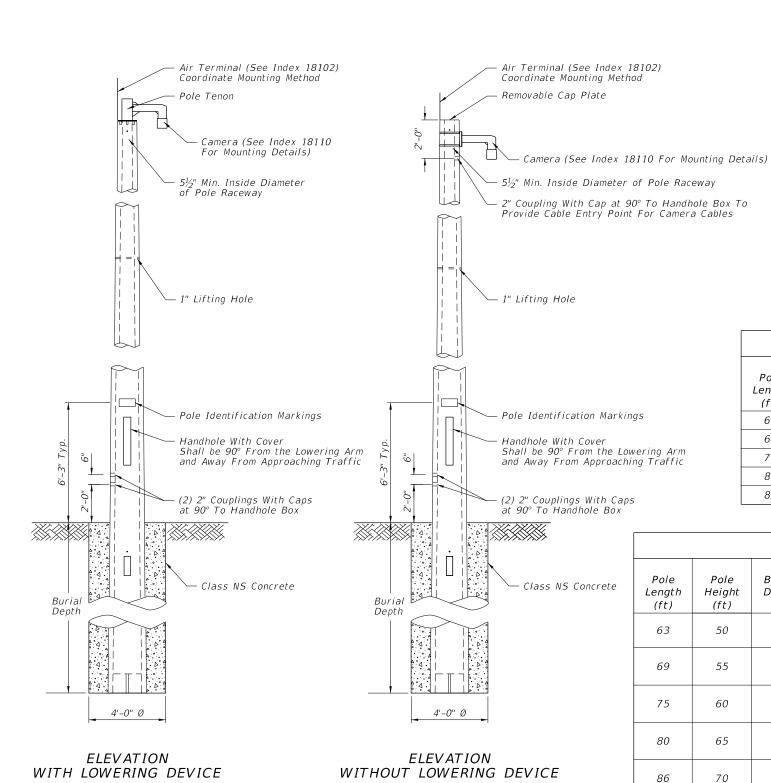
- Provided a Class 3 surface finish in accordance with Specification Section 400
- 7. Provide a 1" minimum cover.
- Provide handhole and coupler cover plates made of non-corrosive materials. Attach cover plates to poles using lead anchors or threaded inserts embedded in the poles in conjunction with round headed chrome plated screws.
- Provide Identification Markings on the poles where indicated on the following sheets. Include the following information using inset numerals with 1" height or as approved in the Producers' Quality Control Program: Financial Project ID

Pole Manufacturer Pole Length

- 10. Install pole plumb.
- 11. Tie ground wires to the interior of reinforcing steel as necessary to prevent displacement during concreting operations.
- 12. This Design Standard is considered fully detailed and no shop drawings are necessary. Submit Shop Drawings for minor modification's not detailed in the plans.
- 13. Storage, Handling and Erection locations shown may vary within  $\pm$  3".

07/01/14

DESCRIPTION: **REVISION** 



T" Lifting Hole
2" Couplings

A

I" Lifting Hole
2" Couplings For Pole
Without Lowering Device
Camera Plane

Interior Conduit for
Pole w/ Lowering Device

Conduit Entry Hole Ground Lug Handhole Box Pole Identification Markings

### POLE CONFIGURATION TOP VIEW

12-SIDED POLE DESIGN TABLE*										
Pole Length (ft)	Pole Height (ft)	Burial Depth (ft)	Total Taper** (in/ft)	Void Taper (in/ft)	Min. Wall Thickness Tip (in)	Min. Wall Thickness Butt End (in)	Tip Diameter (in)	Butt Diameter (in)	Strand Pattern	Strand Diameter***
63	50	13	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	23.34	1	0.6"
69	55	14	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	24.42	1	0.6"
75	60	15	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	25.5	2	0.6"
80	65	15	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	26.4	2	0.6"
86	70	16	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	27.48	2	0.6"

	ROUND POLE DESIGN TABLE											
Pole Length (ft)	Pole Height (ft)	Burial Depth (ft)	Design Option	Total Taper** (in/ft)	Void Taper (in/ft)	Min. Wall Thickness Tip (in)	Min. Wall Thickness Butt End (in)	Tip Diameter (in)	Butt Diameter (in)	Strand Pattern	Strand Diameter***	
6.2	63 50 13	1 7	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.76	12.15	25.76	3	0.5"	
03		13	Option 2	0.18	0.172	3	3.5	12.0	23.34	4	0.5"	
69	69 55	14	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.83	12.15	27.05	3	0.5"	
09	))		Option 2	0.18	0.173	3	3.5	12.0	24.42	4	0.5"	
75	75 60	15	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.9	12.15	28.35	3	0.5"	
/ / /			Option 2	0.18	0.173	3	3.5	12.0	25.5	4	0.5"	
80	00 65	65 15	15	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.96	12.15	29.43	3	0.5"
00	03	13		Option 2	0.18	0.174	3	3.5	12.0	26.4	4	0.5"
86	70	16	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	4.03	12.15	30.73	3	0.5"	
00	70		Option 2	0.18	0.174	3	3.5	13.0	28.48	4	0.5"	

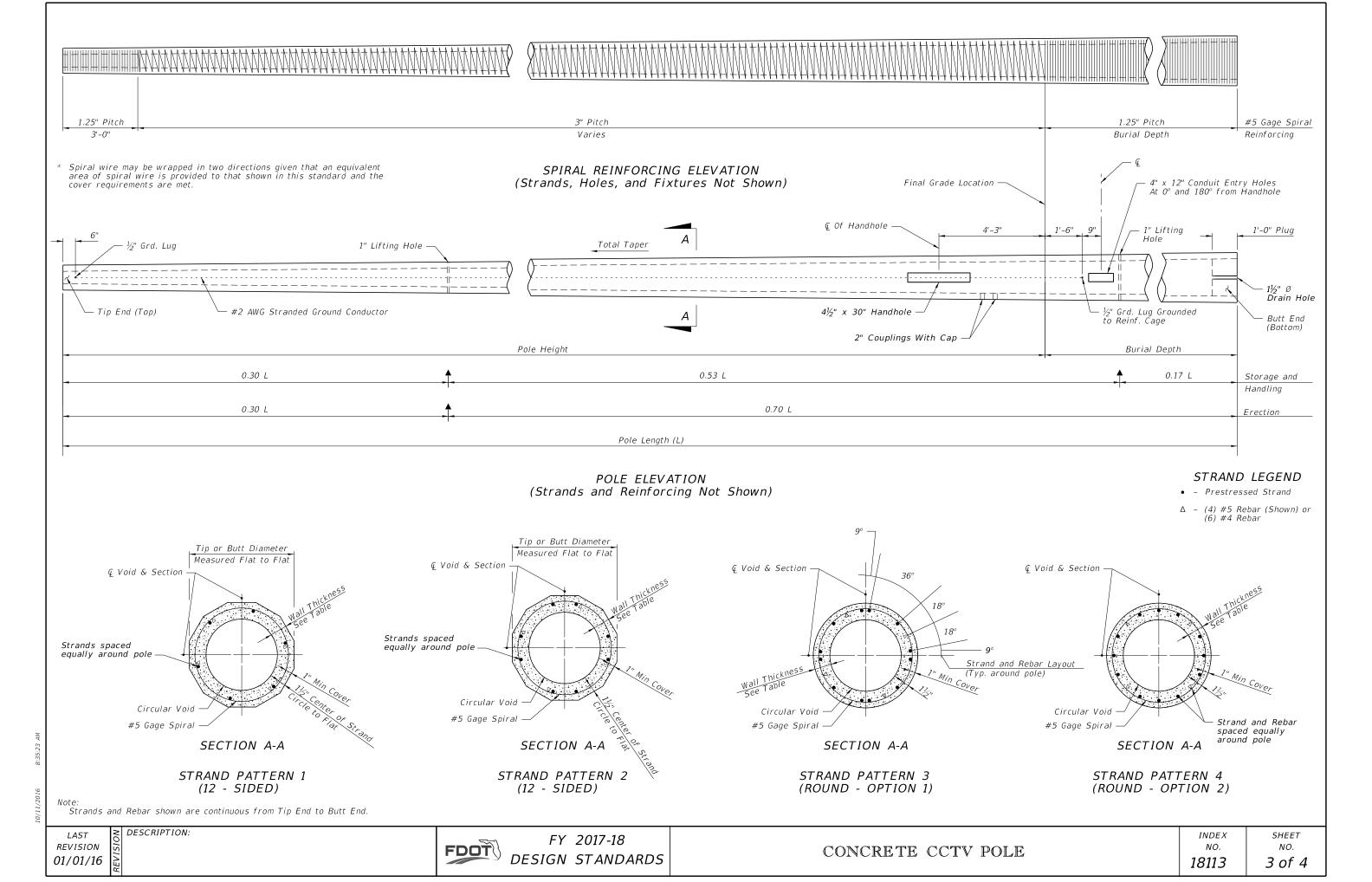
- \* Diameter Measured Flat to Flat
- \*\* Total taper applies to pole, strands, and reinforcing.
- \*\*\* For 12-Sided Pole and Round Pole Option 2 Stress prestressed strand to 70% of Ultimate before Transfer. For Round Pole, Option 1 Stress Prestressed strand to 60% of Ultimate before Transfer.

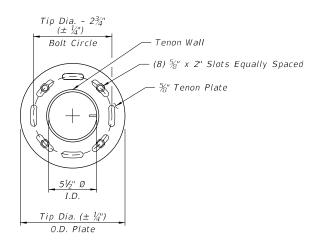
POLE DESIGN TABLES

LAST REVISION 07/01/13

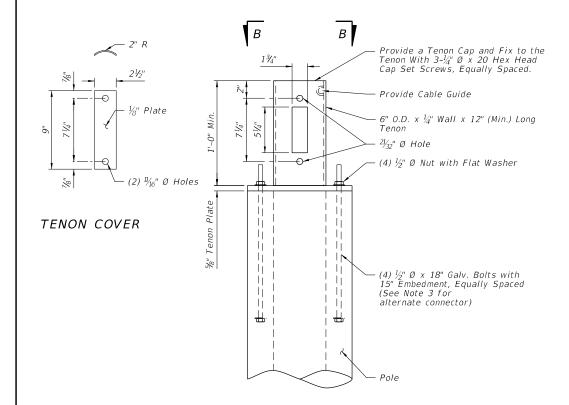
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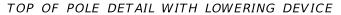
FDOT





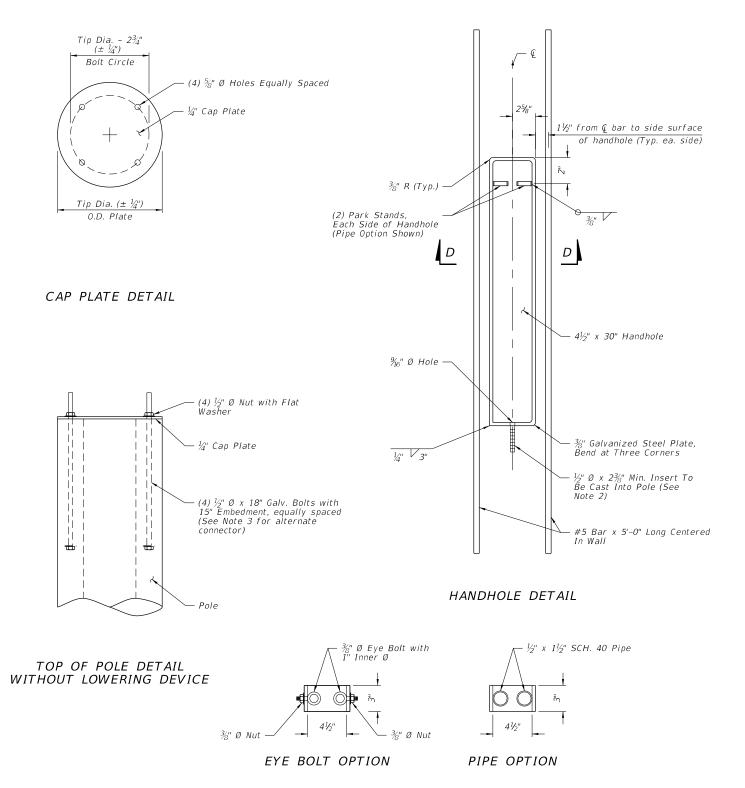
## SECTION B-B





- 1. Install all handhole and opening covers prior to shipping.
- 2. Install  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Ø x 5" long stud with hex nut in insert before shipment.
- 3. As an alternate, embed (4)  $\frac{1}{2}$ " ø x 18" stainless steel threaded rods with a threaded nut. At top of rod, thread a coupling nut to attach plate w/ (4)  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ " stainless steel bolts.
- 4. Handhole frame may be Cast Aluminum 356.2.

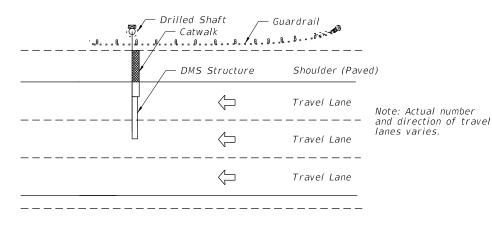
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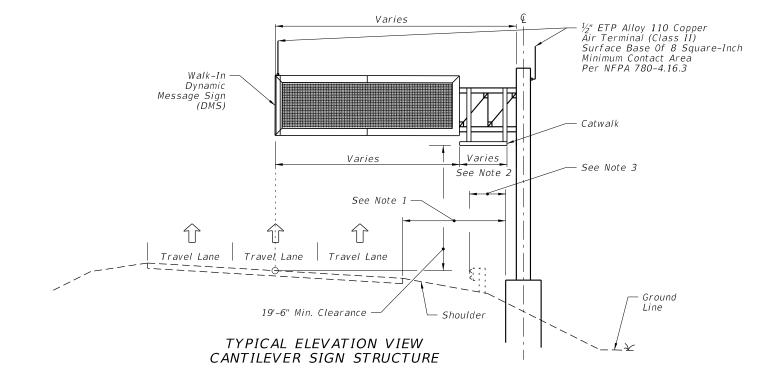


FY 2017-18 FDOT DESIGN STANDARDS SHEET

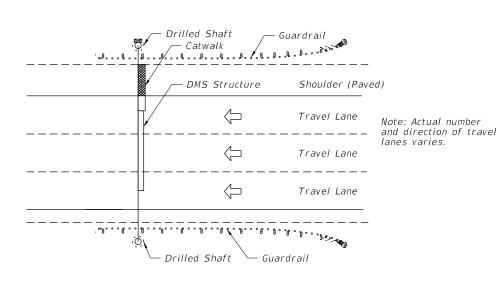
## NOTES:

- 1. Install DMS Foundation at location shown in Plans.
- 2. Extend Catwalk from DMS to outer edge of paved shoulder but not less than four feet in length.
- 3. If included, Install guardrail at location show in Plans and in accordance with Design Standards

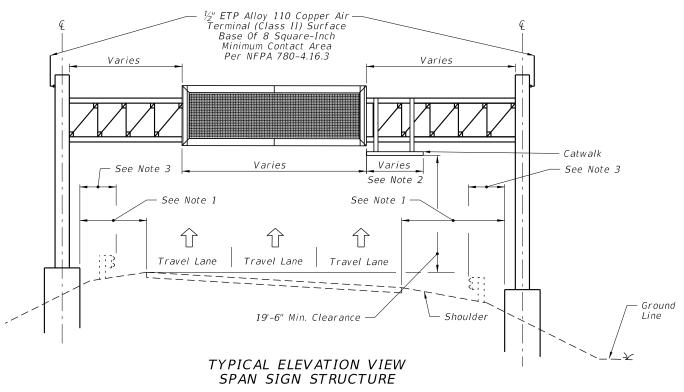




### TYPICAL PLAN VIEW DMS CANTILEVER SIGN STRUCTURE



TYPICAL PLAN VIEW DMS SPAN SIGN STRUCTURE

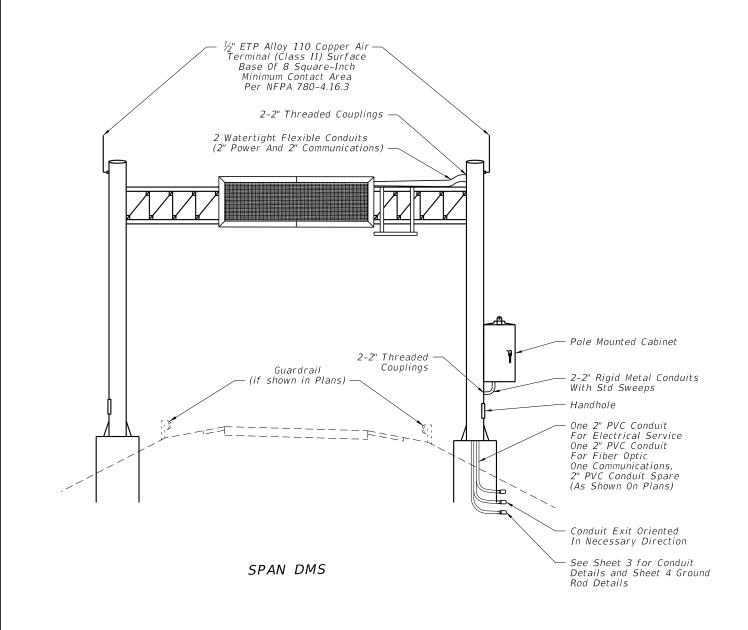


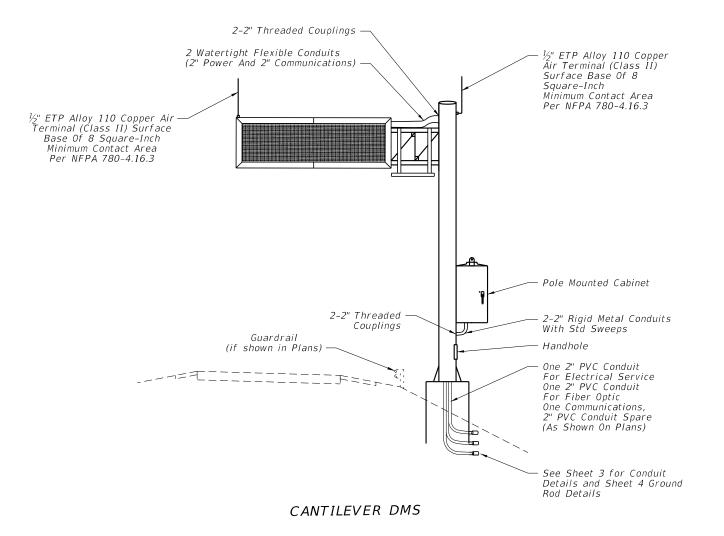
GENERAL LAYOUT

LAST **REVISION** 07/01/15

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT





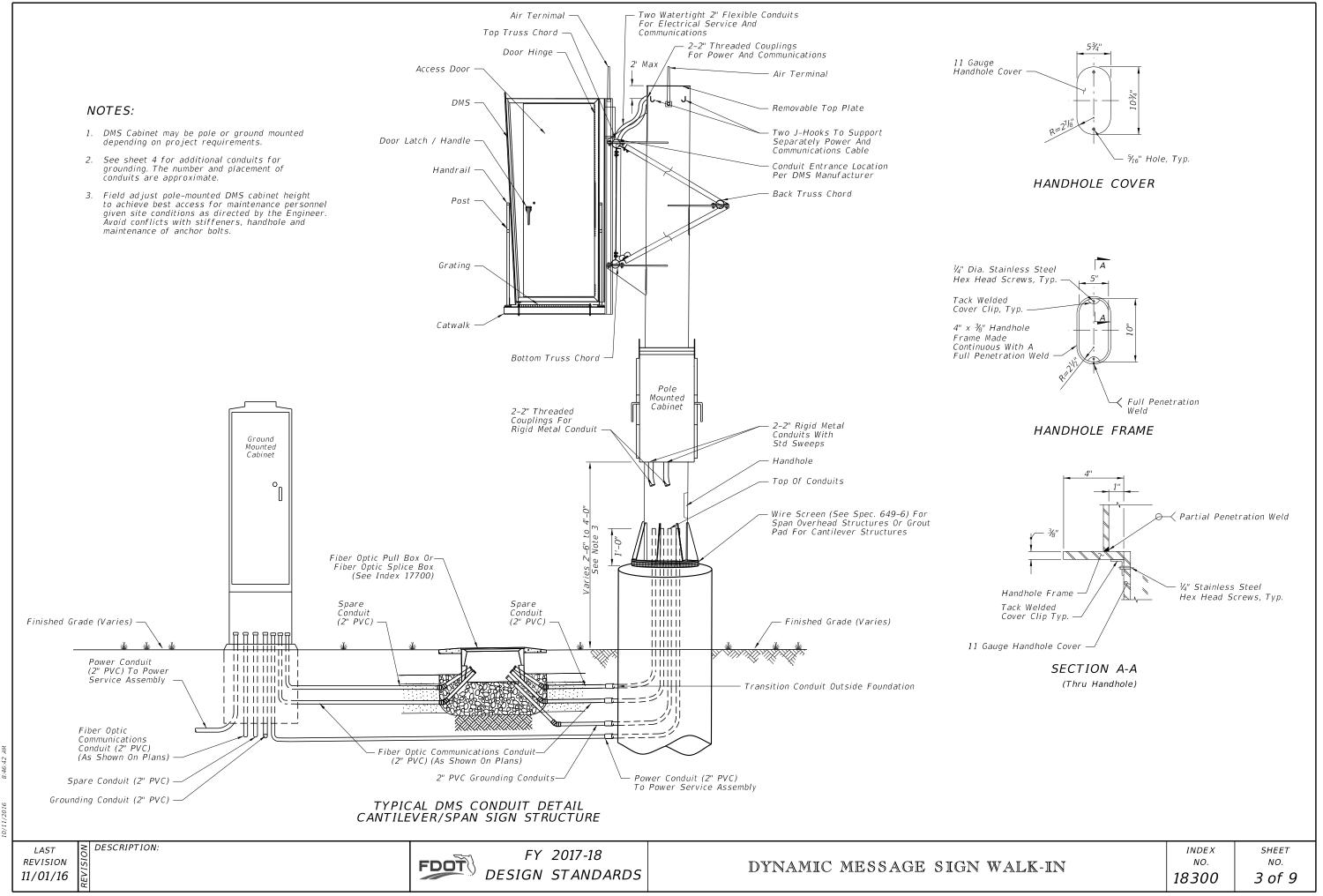
## NOTES:

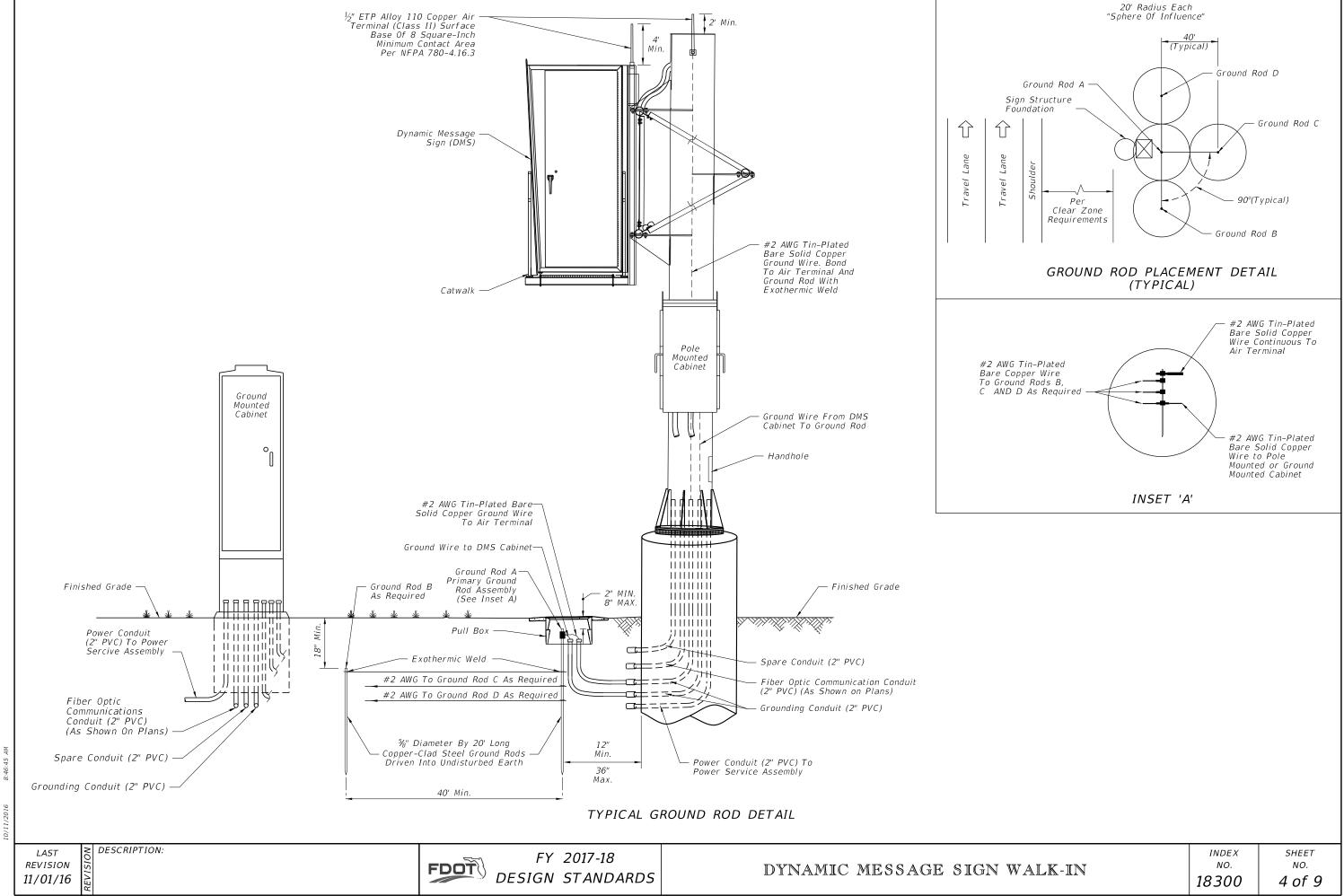
- 1. Conductors for grounding shall be connected to steel framework that has been cleaned to base metal by use of bonding plates having contact area of not less than 8 square inches or by welding or brazing. Drilling and tapping the steel structure to accept a threaded connector is also an acceptable method.
- 2. If steel framework is to be drilled and tapped to accept threaded connector, the threaded connector shall be galvanized and have at least 5 threads fully engaged and secured with a jam nut to the steel framework.
- 3. Bends in the conduit shall not be less than the minimum bending radius for the cable contained in the conduit.
- 4. Catwalk and handrail design and installation shall comply with AISC, AASHTO, and OSHA requirements as applicable.
- 5. All data, fiber optic and power cables for the DMS shall be completely encased within the sign structure or in conduit.
- 6. Permanently stamp/mark foundation to conduit locations.
- 7. Transition conduit in foundation to underground conduit with appropriate reducer outside the limits of the foundation.

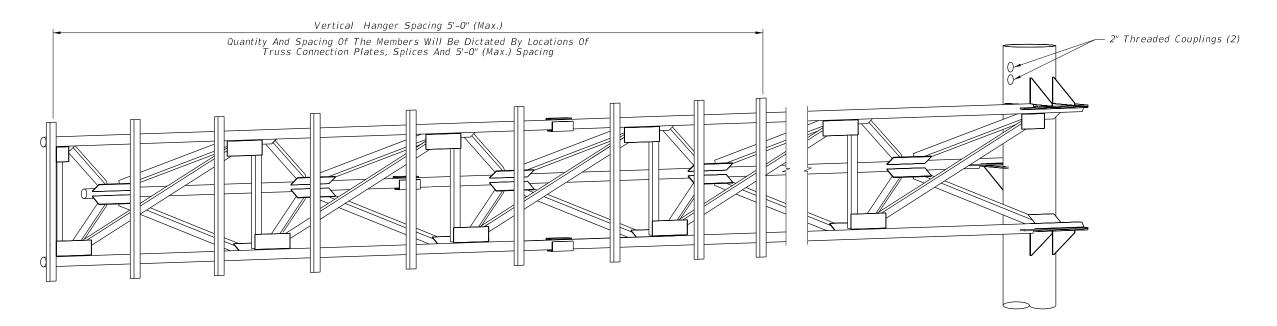
**REVISION** 07/01/15

DESCRIPTION:









### HANGER LOCATION DETAIL

(Cantilever Sign Structure Shown, Span Sign Structure Similar)

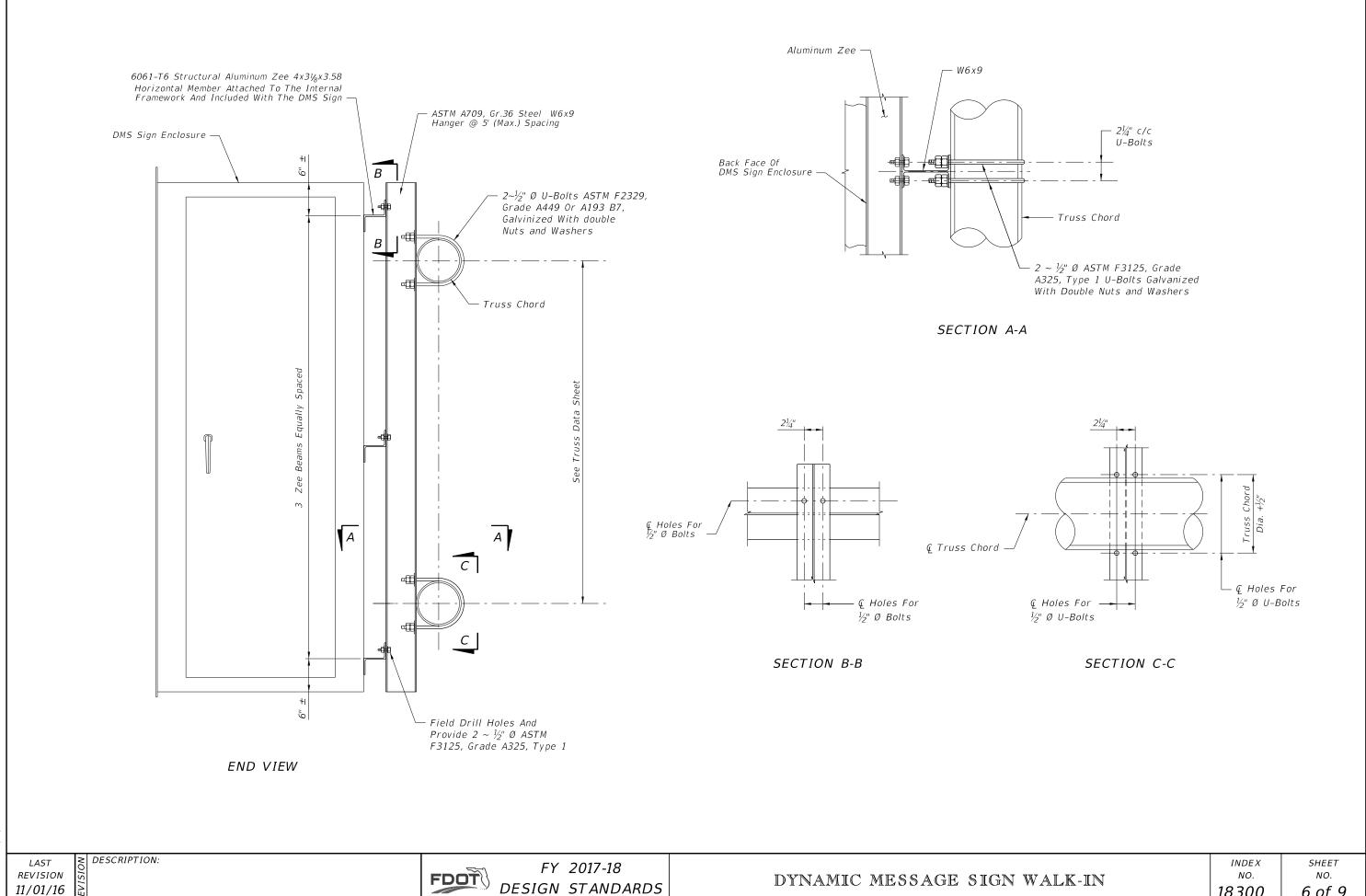
### NOTES

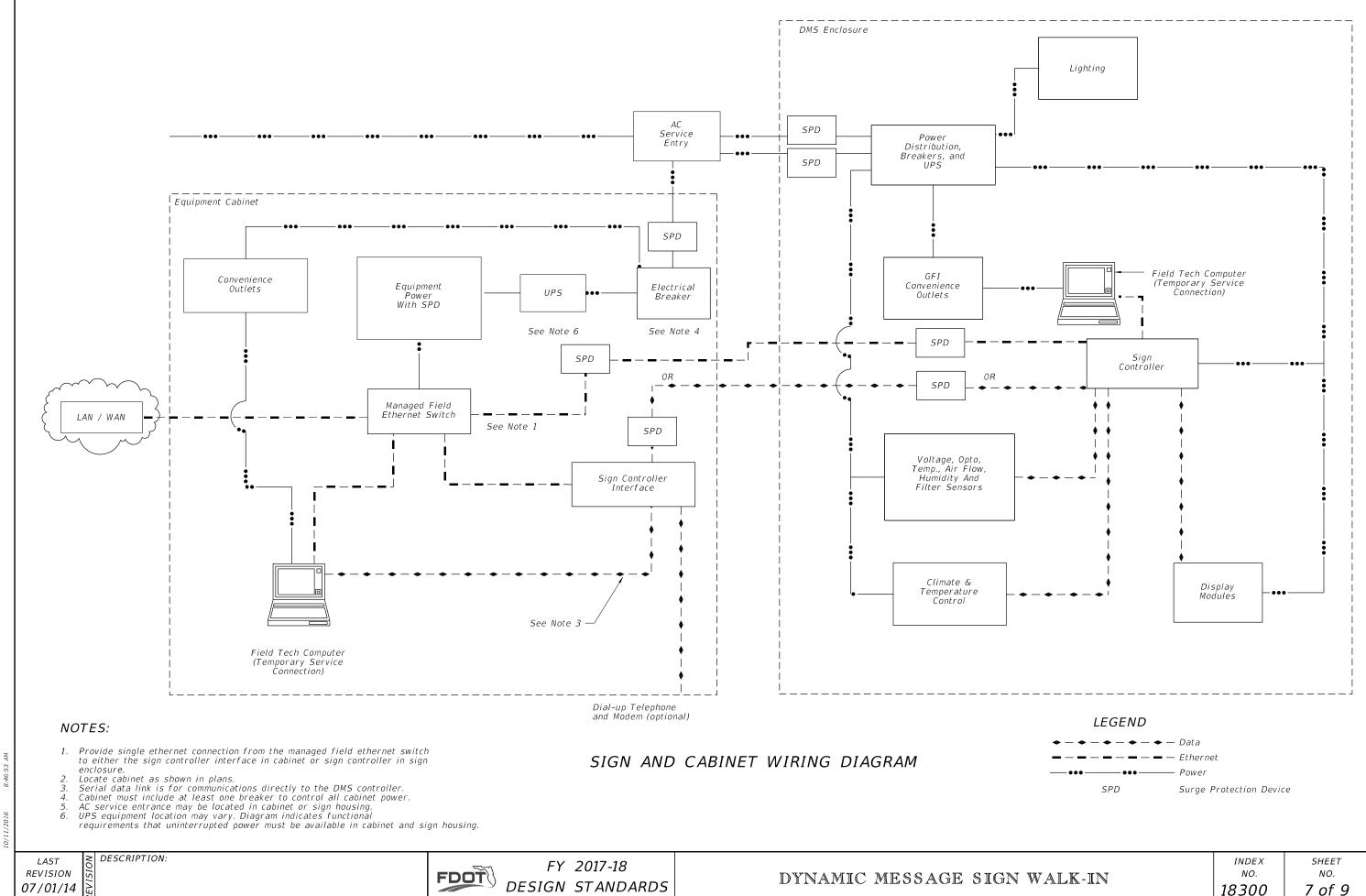
- 1. Design Specifications: FDOT Structures Manual (current edition) and AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals.
- 2. DMS and Hanger Design Wind Speed: 150 miles per hour. Maximum DMS weight for design: 4500 lb.
- 3. Support Structure Design Wind Speed: See Structures Manual.
- 4. Shop drawings including the DMS connection are required and fabrication shall not begin until these shop drawings are approved.
- 5. Locate the sign horizontal on the structure as shown in the plans. Vertically center the sign enclosure with the centerline of the truss.
- 6. Before erection, after both the delivery of the DMS and the steel truss, the contractor shall carefully measure the exact locations for field drilling the b" bolt holes in the vertical hangers and horizontal mounting member attached to the sign enclosure. Field locate holes to allow vertical hanger placement as shown on the plans with no conflicts with gusset or splice plates.
- 7. All steel items shall be galvanized as follows: All nuts, bolts and washers ASTM F2329 All other steel items ASTM A123
- 8. All bolt holes shall be equal to the bolt diameter plus  $\frac{1}{16}$ , prior to galvanizing.
- 9. Cost of the installation of the DMS on truss including the vertical hanger, associated members, and hardware shall be incidental to the cost of the sign structure.
- 10. Threaded couplings shall be located on sign side of column above the sign truss.

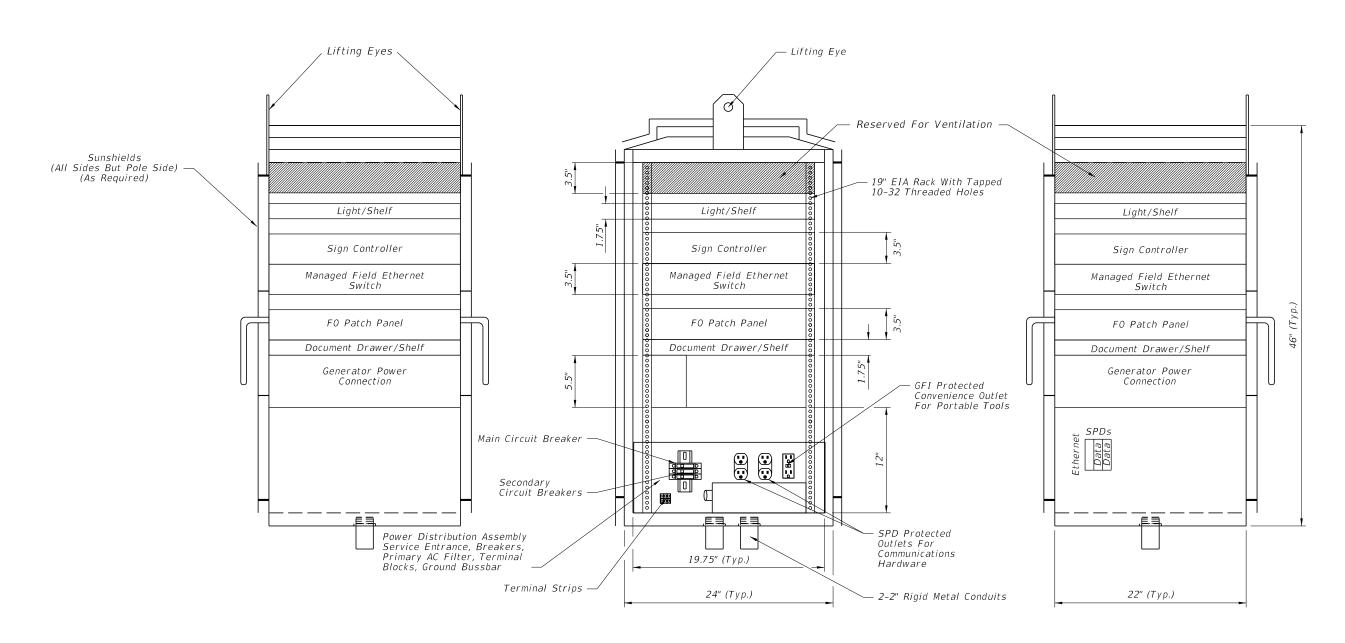
LAST **REVISION** 11/01/16

DESCRIPTION:









LEFT SIDE VIEW

FRONT VIEW POLE MOUNTED CABINET RIGHT SIDE VIEW

### NOTES:

- 1. Cabinet layout is for pole or ground mounted installations.
- 2. All dimensions and equipment locations are approximate.
- 3. Conduit entrances are at bottom of cabinet.

DESCRIPTION:

- 4. Minimum number of duplex outlets is three, (2) SPD protected and (1) GFI protected.
- 5. Either an access controller or local access panel shall be provided to provide full access to DMS for control, programming and troubleshooting.
- 6. Load center shall be sized for connected equipment and convenience outlets with at least one main disconnect and three circuit breakers.
- 7. Batteries and UPS may be located in sign housing or cabinet.
- 8. Power Distribution Assembly component layout, orientation and location may vary.

CABINET LAYOUT 1

**REVISION** 07/01/14

FY 2017-18 DESIGN STANDARDS

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SHEET

