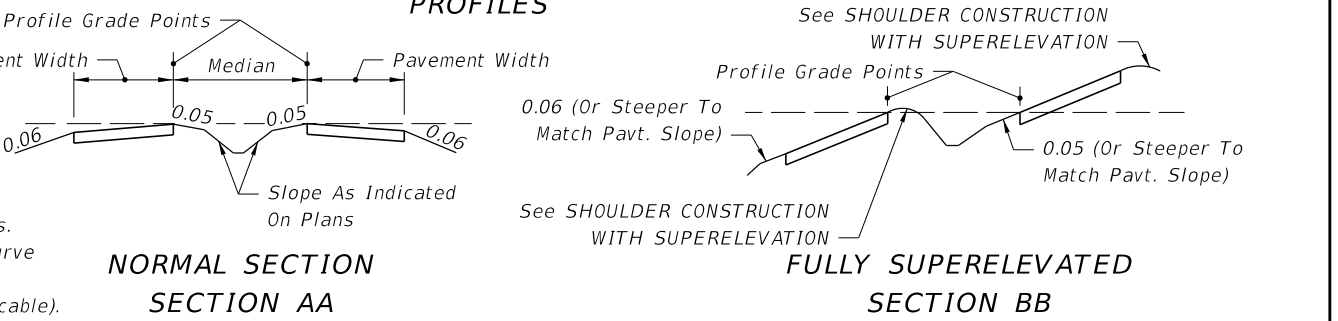
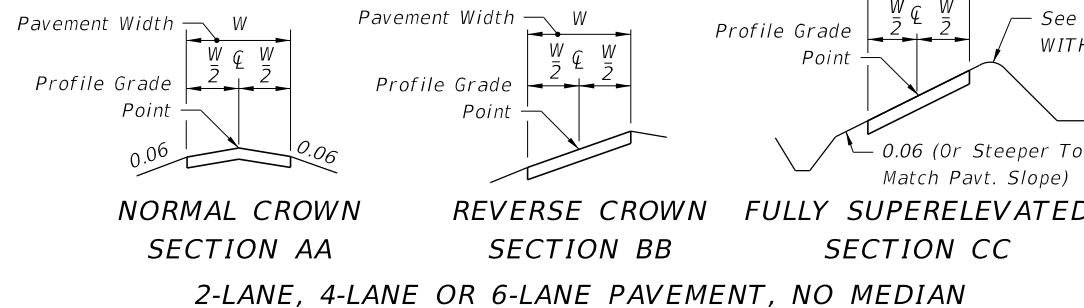
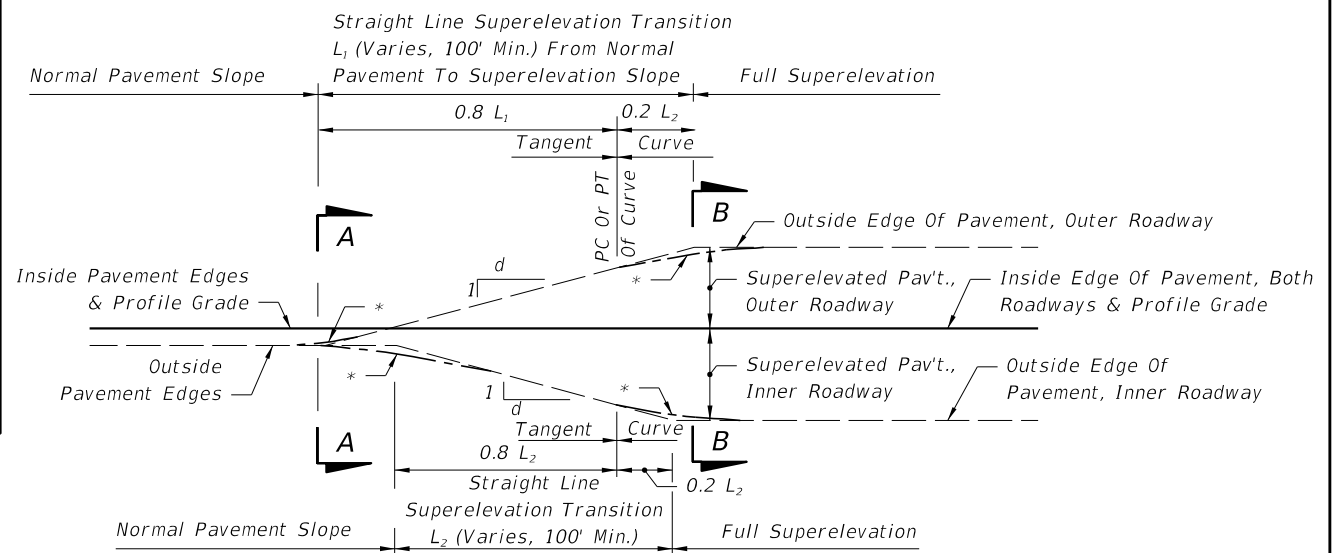


SLOPE RATIOS FOR SUPERELEVATION TRANSITIONS

SECTION	DESIGN SPEED, MPH		
	45-50	55-60	65-70
2 Lane & 4 Lane	1:200	1:225	1:250
6 Lane	1:160	1:180	1:200
8 Lane	1:150	1:170	1:190

The length of superelevation transition is to be determined by the relative slope between the travel way edge of pavement and the profile grade, except that the minimum length of transition shall be 100 ft.

* Short Vertical Curves Are To Be Used On Construction To Avoid Angular Breaks In Edge Profiles

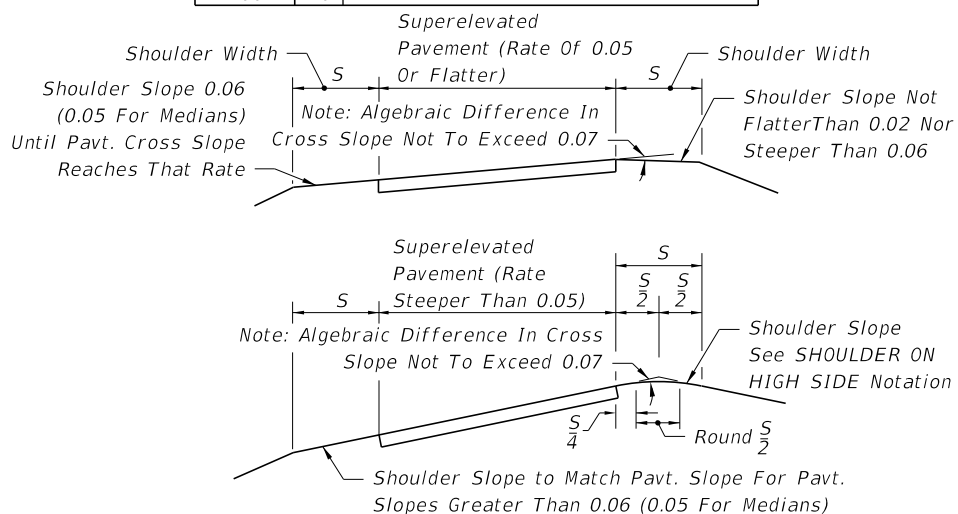


- THESE TRANSITION DETAILS ARE TO APPLY IN ALL CASES, EXCEPT UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:
1. Curves of insufficient length.
 2. Insufficient tangent length between curves.
 3. Deficient transition distance between a curve and other control point(s).
 4. At PCC's or PRC's (Runoff rates are applicable).

Transitions for these exceptions are to be as detailed in the plans. SUPERELEVATION TRANSITIONS

SHOULDER ON HIGH SIDE: A shoulder slope of 0.06 downward from the edge of travel way will be maintained until a 0.07 break in slope at the pavement edge is reached due to superelevation of the pavement. As the pavement superelevation increases, the 0.07 break in slope will be maintained and the shoulder flattened until the shoulder slope reaches the minimum of 0.02 downward from the edge of travel way. Any further increase in pavement superelevation will necessitate sloping the inside half of the shoulder toward the travel way and the outer half outward, both at 0.02 for superelevations 0.06-0.09 and both at 0.03 for superelevation 0.10. For shoulders with paved widths 5 feet or less see Special Shoulder Break Over Details on Sheet 2 of 2.

DEGREE OF CURVE (D)	DESIGN SPEED, V MPH						
	30	40	45/50	55	60	65	70
0°15'	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC
0°30'	NC	NC	NC	NC	RC	RC	RC
0°45'	NC	NC	RC	RC	0.023	0.025	0.028
1°00'	NC	NC	0.021	0.025	See Table To Right		
1°30'	NC	0.021					
2°00'	RC						



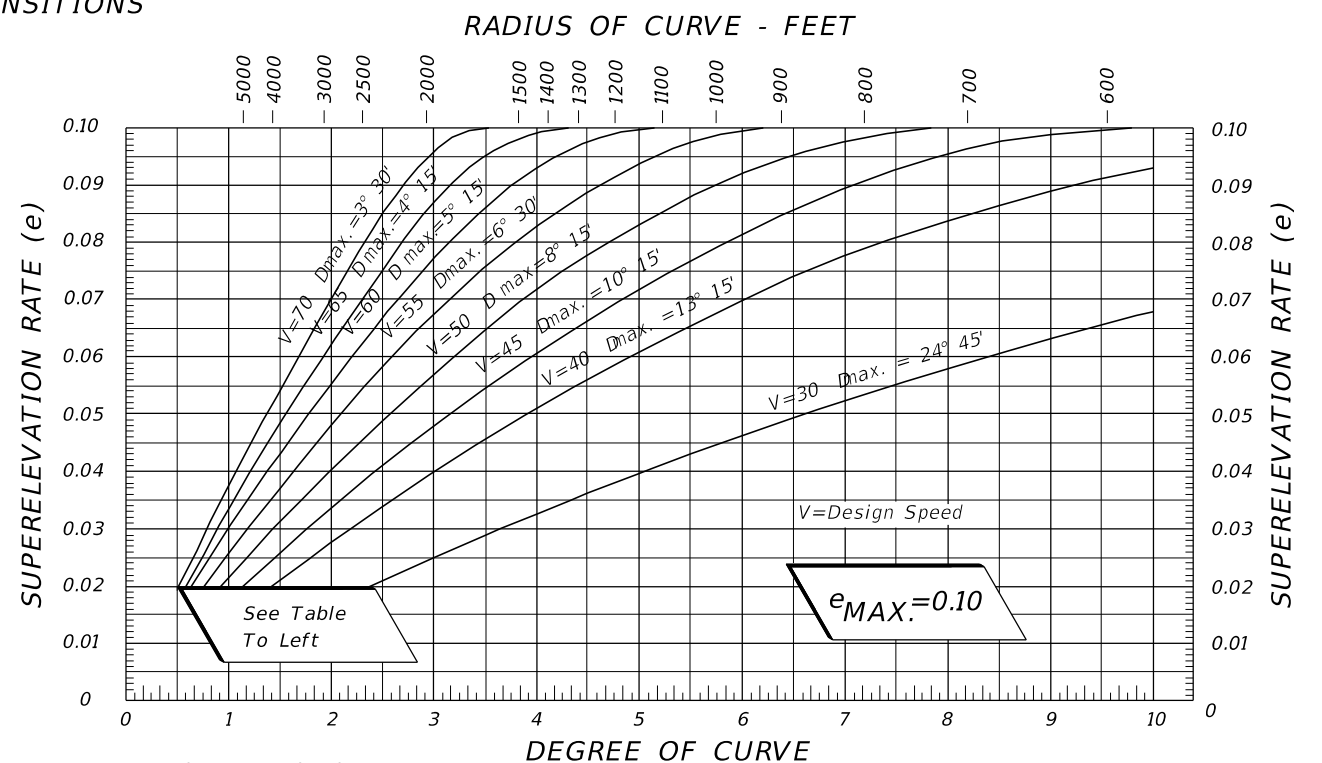
SHOULDER ON LOW SIDE: Maintain 0.06 drop across inside shoulder until pavement cross slope reaches 0.06. For pavement cross slopes greater than 0.06, shoulder to have same slope as pavement.

These slopes are the same as those shown pictorially on Sheet 2 of 2.

NOTE: These details apply to both paved and grassed shoulders. For median shoulders use 0.05 in lieu of 0.06.

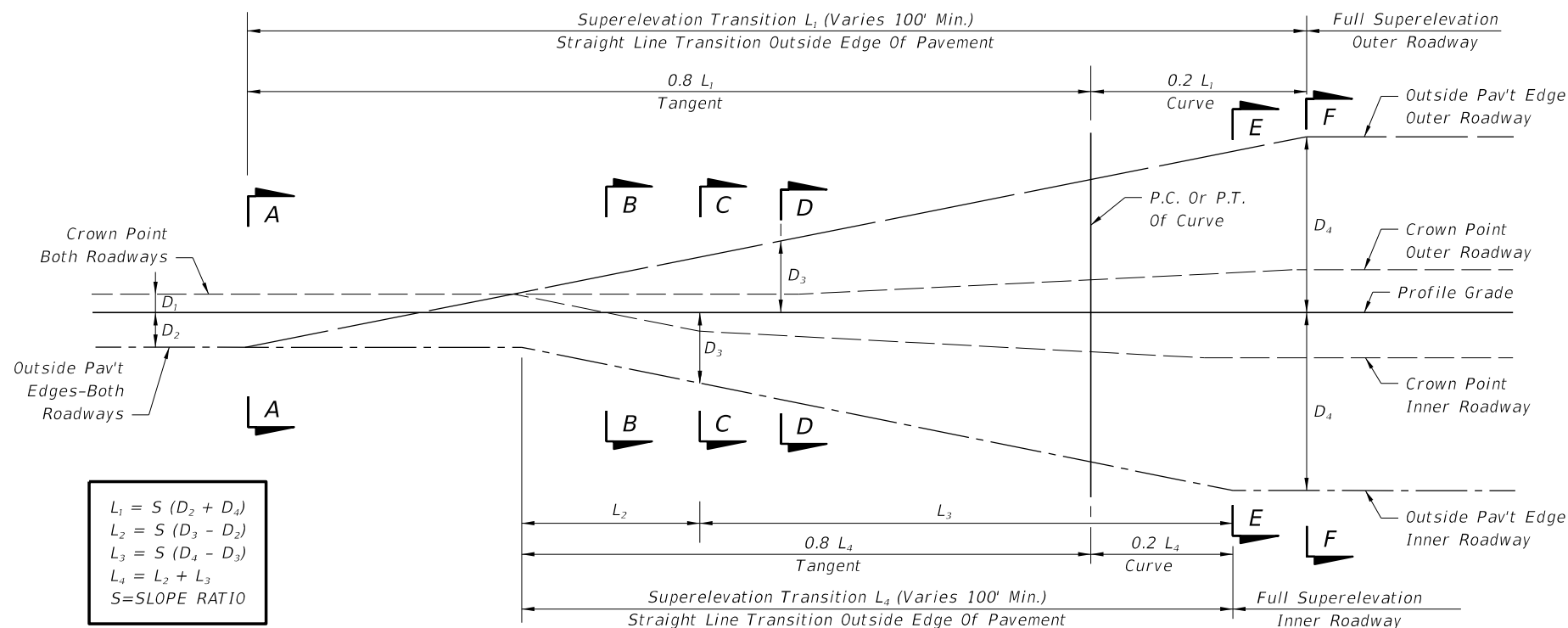
SHOULDER CONSTRUCTION WITH SUPERELEVATION

DESIGN SUPERELEVATION RATES FOR RURAL HIGHWAYS, URBAN FREEWAYS AND HIGH SPEED URBAN HIGHWAYS



GENERAL NOTES:
1. For curves in Urban Highways and high speed Urban Streets, see Index No. 511.

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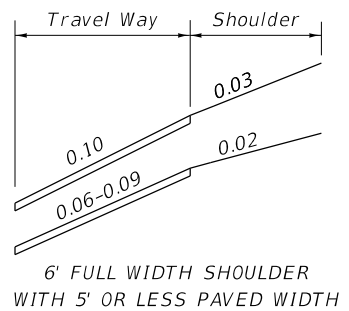
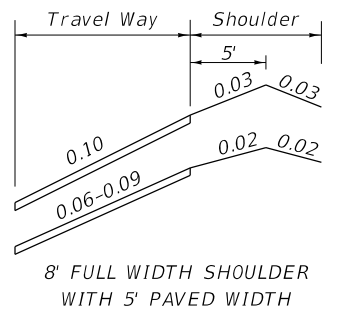
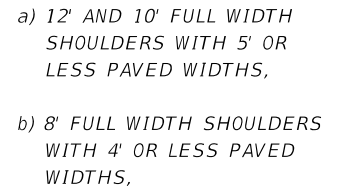
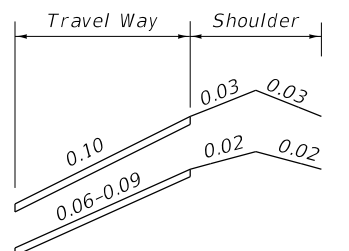
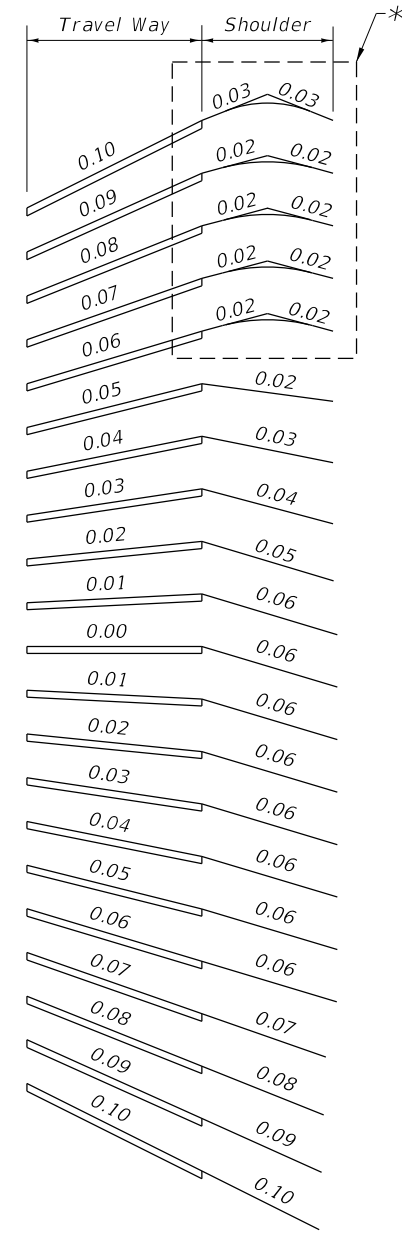
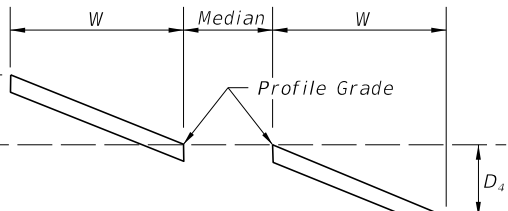
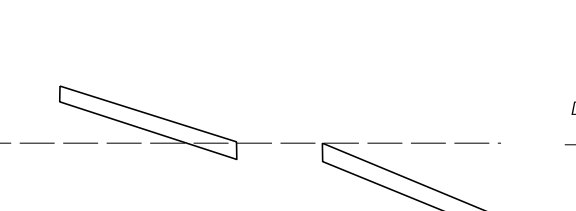
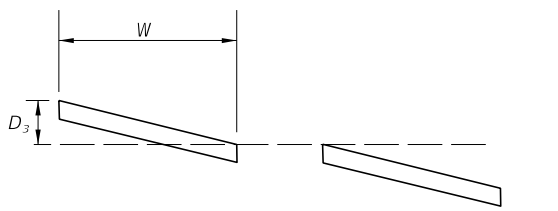
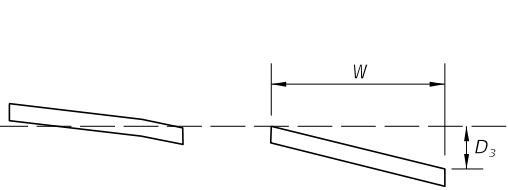
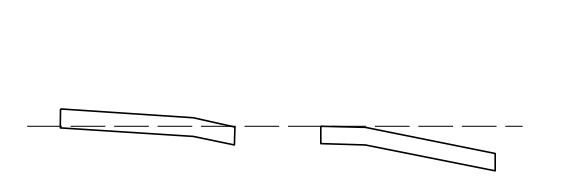
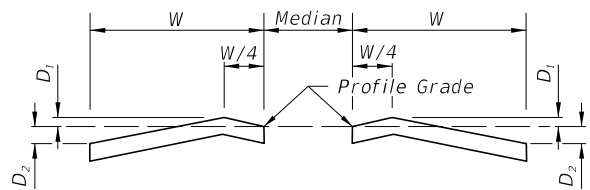
$$L_1 = S (D_2 + D_4)$$

$$L_2 = S (D_3 - D_2)$$

$$L_3 = S (D_4 - D_3)$$

$$L_4 = L_2 + L_3$$

$$S = \text{SLOPE RATIO}$$



SPECIAL SHOULDER BREAK OVER DETAILS

SLOPES OF TRAVELED WAY AND ABUTTING SHOULDERS
SHOULDER SLOPES ON SUPERELEVATION SECTIONS

* FOR SHOULDERS WITH PAVED WIDTHS 5 FEET OR LESS SEE SPECIAL SHOULDER BREAK OVER DETAILS

8-LANE PAVEMENT WITH ONE LANE SLOPED TO MEDIAN

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LAST REVISION 07/01/14	DESCRIPTION:		2016 DESIGN STANDARDS	SUPERELEVATION RURAL HIGHWAYS, URBAN FREEWAYS AND HIGH SPEED URBAN HIGHWAYS	INDEX NO. 510	SHEET NO. 2 of 2
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