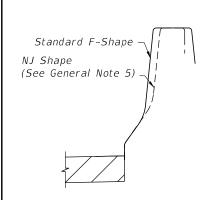


STANDARD BARRIER WALL SECTIONS DETAIL I



BARRIE	R DELIN	EATOR SPACING FOR CONCRETE BARRIER WALLS				
LOCA	TION	REMARKS				
0FFSET	SPACING	NEMANKS				
< 4'	40'	1. Install barrier delineators for use on Concrete Barrier Walls in accordance with Specification Section 993.				
4' to 8'	80'	2. Retroreflective sheeting shall be yellow or white and conform to the color of the near Edge of Travel Way, Lane Line.				
> 8'	None Required					

Note: Location Offset is measured from the Edge of Travel Way, Lane Line to the Concrete Barrier Wall, Gutter Line.

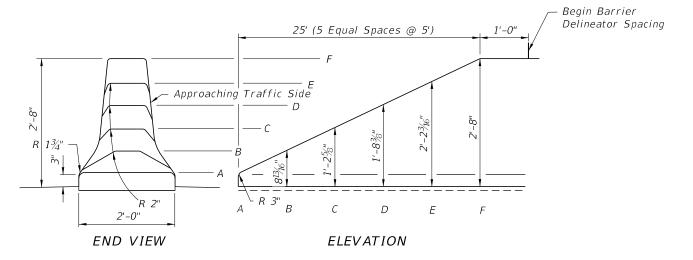
WALL FACE SAFETY SHAPES

GENERAL NOTES

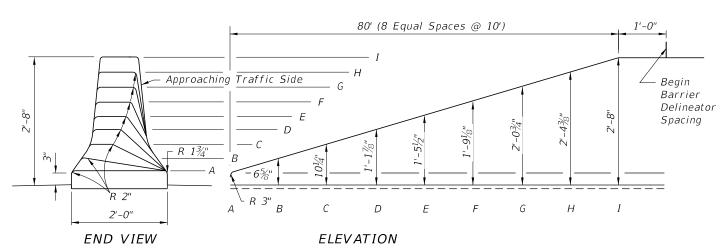
- 1. Class II concrete shall be used for the construction of Concrete Barrier Walls; except, in moderately and extremely aggressive environments, Class IV concrete shall be used. All nondesignated size reinforcing steel shall be No. 5 bars. Exposed concrete surfaces shall have a Class 3 surface finish in accordance with Specification Section 521 or as
- 2. Longitudinal reinforcement to be continuous or spliced No. 5 Bars. Lap splices a minimum of 2'-0".
- 3. Concrete barrier wall terminal notes for design speeds ≥=50 mph.
- a. Terminated outside clear zone of the approach traffic, use DETAIL II end treatment
- b. Terminated within a shielded location.

DESCRIPTION:

- c. Terminal protection by the use of a crash cushion system.
- d. Terminated in conjunction with a suitably designed transition to another barrier.
- 4. Expansion joints are required at bridge ends and/or at locations where the wall is an integral part of an existing or proposed concrete slab. Construct required joints to match existing or proposed expansion joints.
- 5. When the barrier is installed adjacent to the pavement, compact the top 12" of the subgrade to at least 98% of the maximum density determined by FM 1-T 180, Method D.
- 6. Where standard F-Shape walls abut existing New Jersey (NJ) Shape walls, face transitions of not less than 5' in length shall be constructed at the adjoining end of the F-Shape wall.



CONCRETE BARRIER WALL TERMINAL DETAIL II



DESIGN SPEED 45 MPH OR LESS CONCRETE BARRIER WALL TERMINAL FOR NARROW MEDIANS DETAIL III

- 7. Shoulder concrete barrier wall has been structurally evaluated to be equivalent or greater in strength to other safety shapes which have been crash tested to NCHRP Report 350, TL-4 requirements.
- 8. For wall segments constructed with the slip form method, score 3/8" deep crack control V-Grooves while the concrete is still plastic and mold them when walls are constructed with the stationary form method. V-Grooves shall be spaced at 20' intervals, the end of the side face grooves shall be in line with the ends of the top face groove and the long dimension of all grooves shall align at 90 degrees to the longitudinal axis of the wall. When wall segments are less than 40' in length, space the V-Groove equally between open joints. Dowel transverse construction joints for abutting segments less than 40' (See DETAIL B).
- 9. Minimum length of cast-in-place or precast segments is 20 feet.
- 10. Precast construction is allowed as an alternate to cast-in-place construction.
- a. Wall segments < 40' in length shall be joined by a transverse joint in accordance with DETAIL C. The minimum segment
- b. Bedding of the precast sections shall be facilitated by the use of sand-cement grout or equal method to assure uniform bearing.
- c. Reinforcement may be required for handling stresses.
- 11. On roadways designated for reverse laning, all downstream ends that are not shielded or outside the clear zone shall be marked by Type 3 Object Markers.
- 12. For BARRIER WALL INLET details see Index 218 and Index 219. For MEDIAN BARRIER INLETS see Index 217.
- 13. Concrete barrier wall with NJ Safety Shape may not be substituted for the Standard F Shape Barrier.

CONCRETE BARRIER WALL TERMINALS

REVISION 07/01/15

2016 DESIGN STANDARDS

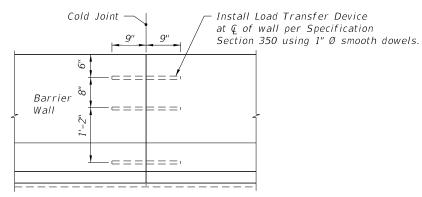
INDEX NO. 410

NO. 1 of 25

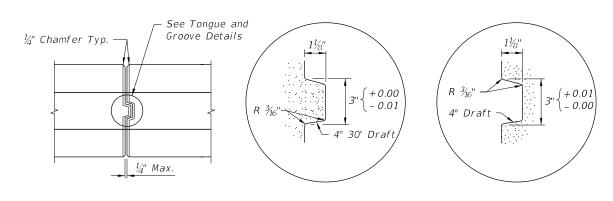
SHEET

SHOULDER TREATMENT WHEN CRASH CUSHIONS SHIELD CONCRETE BARRIER WALL ENDS LOCATED INSIDE APPROACH CLEAR ZONE OR LATERAL OFFSET

DETAIL A



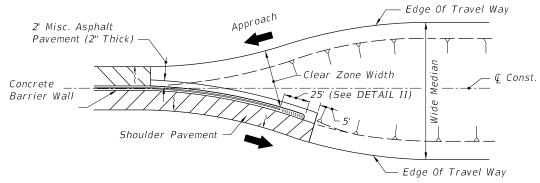
DOWELED TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT WHERE ABUTTING SEGMENT(S) LESS THAN 40' IN LENGTH (Required on abutting ends of Segments < 40' long) DETAIL B



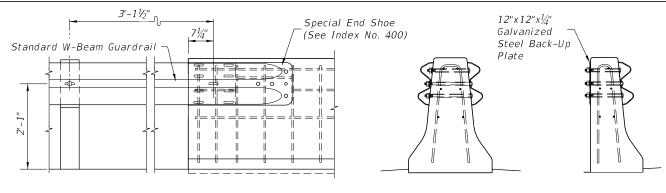
PRECAST TONGUE AND GROOVE TRANSVERSE JOINT (Required on abutting ends of Precast Segments ≥ 40' long) DETAIL C

TONGUE DETAIL

CONCRETE BARRIER WALL SPECIAL DETAILS



TRANSITION BETWEEN NARROW AND WIDE MEDIANS WHERE END OF BARRIER WALL IS LOCATED OUTSIDE THE APPROACH CLEAR ZONE OR LATERAL OFFSET



NOTES:

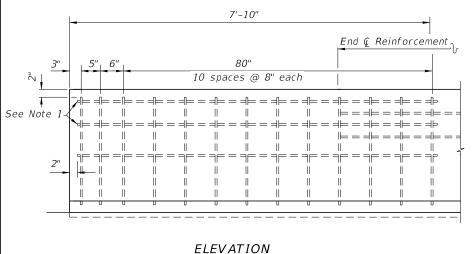
ELEVATION

END VIEW

END VIEW

- 1. End of wall flush mounted connections are not applicable to two-lane two-way facilities. For trailing end connections on two-lane two-way facilities, see SHOULDER BARRIER WALL AT ABOVE GROUND RIGID HAZARDS WHEN GUARDRAIL OFFSET FROM HAZARD < 3'.
- 2. Trailing guardrail connections to double face safety shaped walls will be under one of the following traffic conditions and mounting methods:
 - (a) One-way traffic trailing condition one side only flush mount with flat steel back-up plate on back side.
 - (b) One-way traffic trailing condition both sides flush mount both sides.
- (c) For trailing condition one side and approach traffic condition opposite side see MEDIAN BARRIER WALL.

W-BEAM GUARDRAIL CONNECTION TO CONCRETE BARRIER WALL TRAILING ENDS



No. 5 Hairpins No. 5 Bars Half Wall (3 Each Face) Hairpin Hairpin Front Face Bend Extended As Required By Other Indexes For Mounting Half Walls On Rigid END VIEW Concrete Surfaces

1. Free end reinforcement required for nonreinforced walls at the following locations: All exposed ends; abutting ends of precast segments ≥ 40'; ends with guardrail connections; ends with redirective crash cushion connections; and, ends connecting to bridge traffic rails or other rigid barriers.

FREE END REINFORCEMENT

REVISION 07/01/14 TOP VIEW

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

GROOVE DETAIL

2016 DESIGN STANDARDS

CONCRETE BARRIER WALL

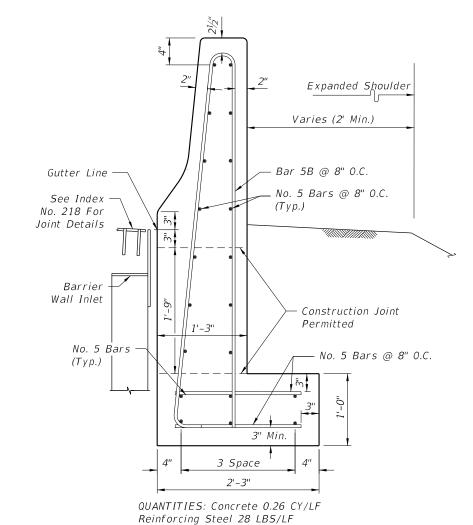
INDEX NO. 410

SHEET NO. 2 of 25

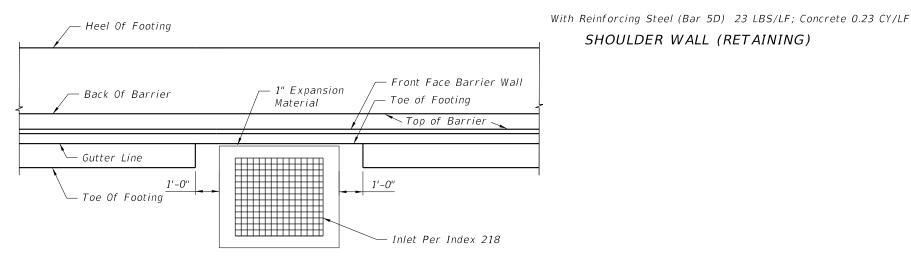
Reinforcing Steel 32 LBS/LF

SHOULDER WALL (TYPICAL)

- 1. Reduce the vertical steel spacing to 4 inches O.C. a distance of 4 feet for each side of all cold or expansion joints.
- 2. Unless otherwise noted, Minimum Segment Wall Length is 20 LF.
- 3. All walls may be made up of segments 20' or more in length provided the segments are joined by a transverse joint in accordance with the CONCRETE BARRIER WALL SPECIAL DETAILS, DETAIL B.
- 4. Quantities shown are for information only. Barrier wall inlets (Index 218) shall be isolated from the barrier wall stem and footing by 1" expansion material.
- 5. All longitudinal reinforcement to be continuous or spliced No. 5 bars. Lap splices a minimum of 2'-0".
- 6. For additional information on Bars 5A, 5B, 5C and 5D, see BAR BENDING DIAGRAMS.



SHOULDER WALL (MODIFIED)



PLAN VIEW SHOULDER WALL FOOTING TRANSITION AT INLETS

REINFORCED CONCRETE SHOULDER WALL

REVISION 07/01/15

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

2016 DESIGN STANDARDS Slope Varies (1: 2 Max.)

Bar 5C @ 8" O.C.

Bar 5D @ 8" O.C. (See NOTE Below)

Construction Joint

Permitted

4"

No. 5 Bars @ 8" O.C. (Typ.)

No. 5 Bars @ 8" O.C.

R 10"

3" Min.

NOTE: Bar 5D Shall Be Used In Lieu of Bar 5C In Areas Where

With Reinforcing Steel (Bar 5C) 27 LBS/LF; Concrete 0.27 CY/LF

4 Space

SHOULDER WALL (RETAINING)

Obstructions Require Localized Omission Of Toe

3'-3"

R 1¾"-

1'-0''

4"

QUANTITIES:

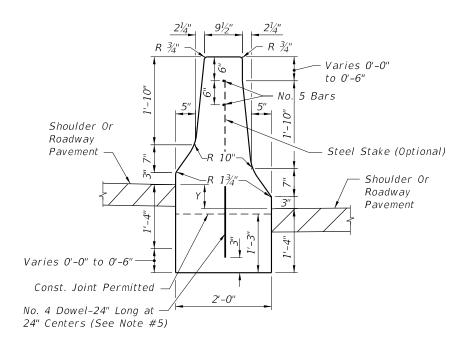
Gutter Line

Shoulder

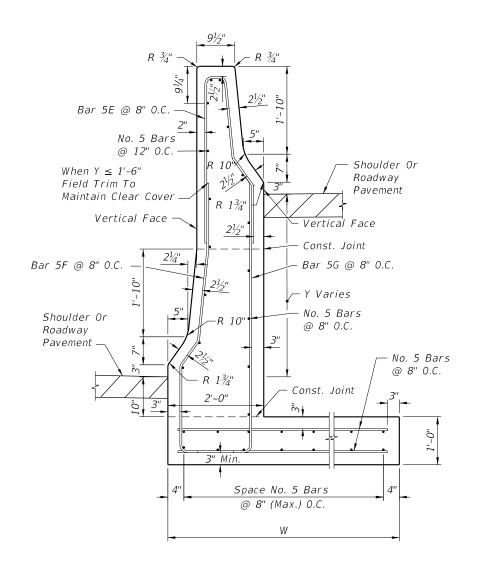
Pavement

No. 5 Bars

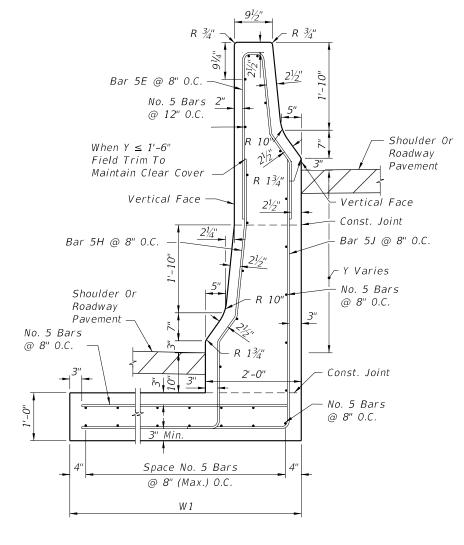
(Typ.)







CANTILEVER WALL SUPERELEVATED SECTION



L-WALL SUPERELEVATED SECTION

DIMENSIONS TABLE								
Cantilever	Height Y	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-0"	3'-6"	4'-0"
Wall	Width W	2'-6"	2'-9"	3'-0"	3'-3"	3'-3"	3'-6"	3'-6"
Min. Segment Wall Length		29'	27'	25'	23'	24'	22'	24'
L-Wall	Height Y	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-0"	3'-6"	4'-0"
L-Wall	Width W1	2'-6"	2'-9"	3'-0"	3'-3"	3'-3"	3'-6"	3'-6"
Min. Segment	26'	24'	22'	21'	22'	21'	24'	

NOTES:

- 1. Unless the plans stipulate a specific wall type, either the Cantilever Wall or the L-Wall may be constructed at the Contractor's option.
- 2. Reduce the vertical steel spacing to 4 inches O.C. a distance of 4 feet for each side of all cold or expansion joints.
- 3. All longitudinal reinforcement to be continuous or spliced No. 5 bars. Lap splices a minimum of 2'-0".
- 4. For additional information on Bars 5E, 5F, 5G, 5H and 5J, see BAR BENDING DIAGRAMS.
- 5. No. 4 dowel may be extended to provide steel stake. Omit dowel bars when construction joint is not used.

MEDIAN BARRIER WALL FOR SUPERELEVATED SECTIONS WITH VARIABLE ROADWAY PROFILE GRADE LINES

REVISION 07/01/15

DESCRIPTION:

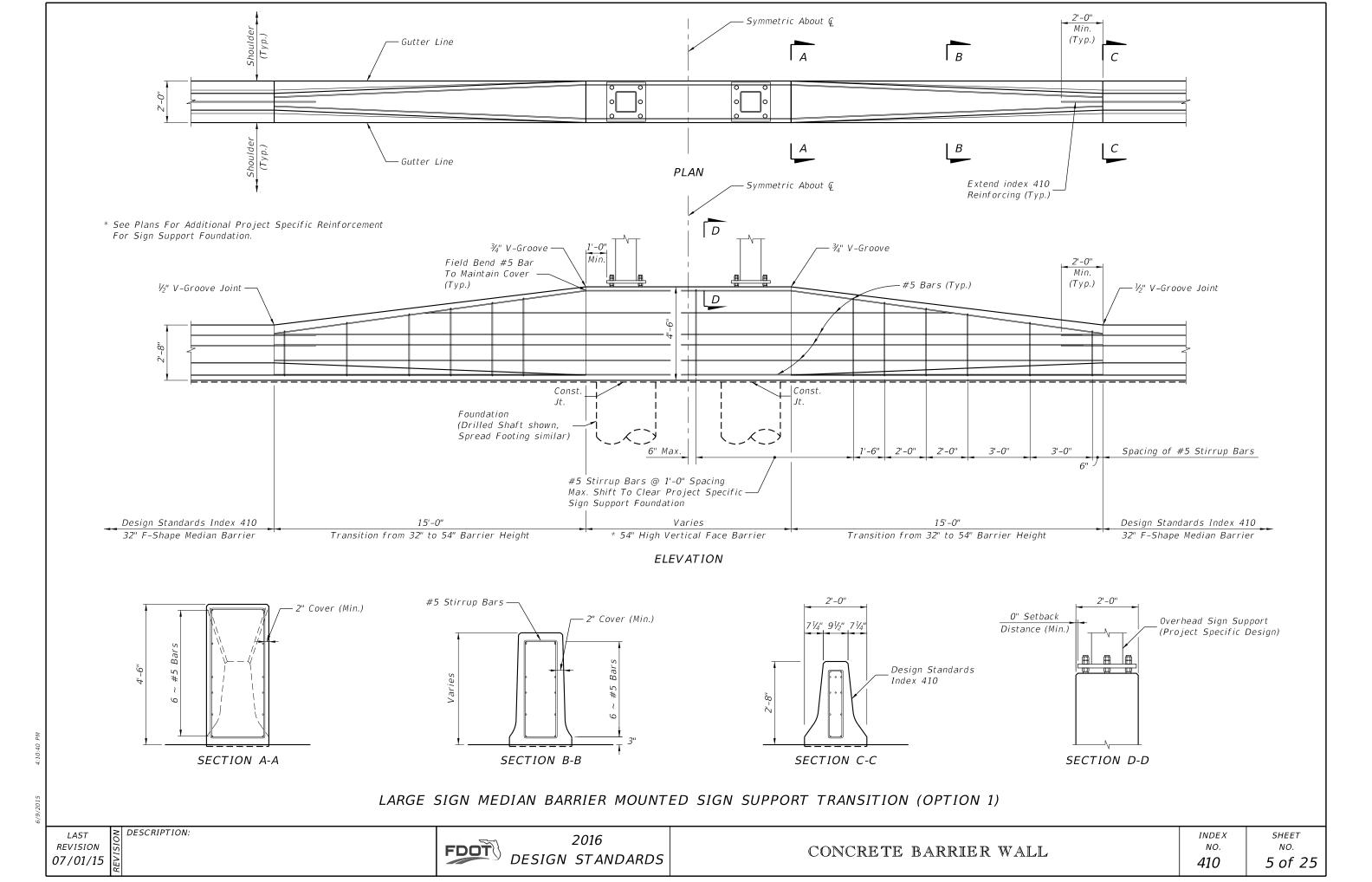
FDOT

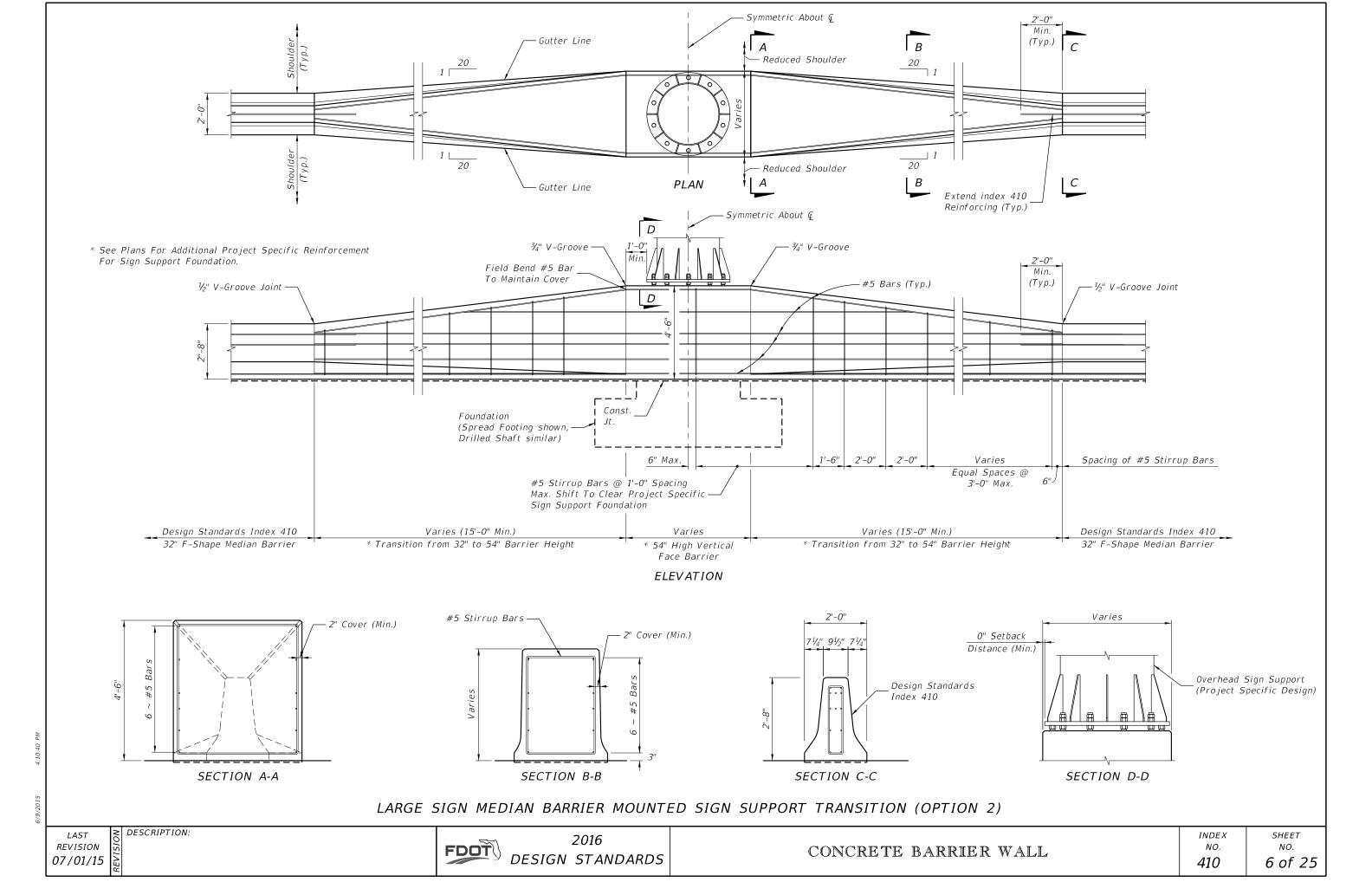
2016 DESIGN STANDARDS

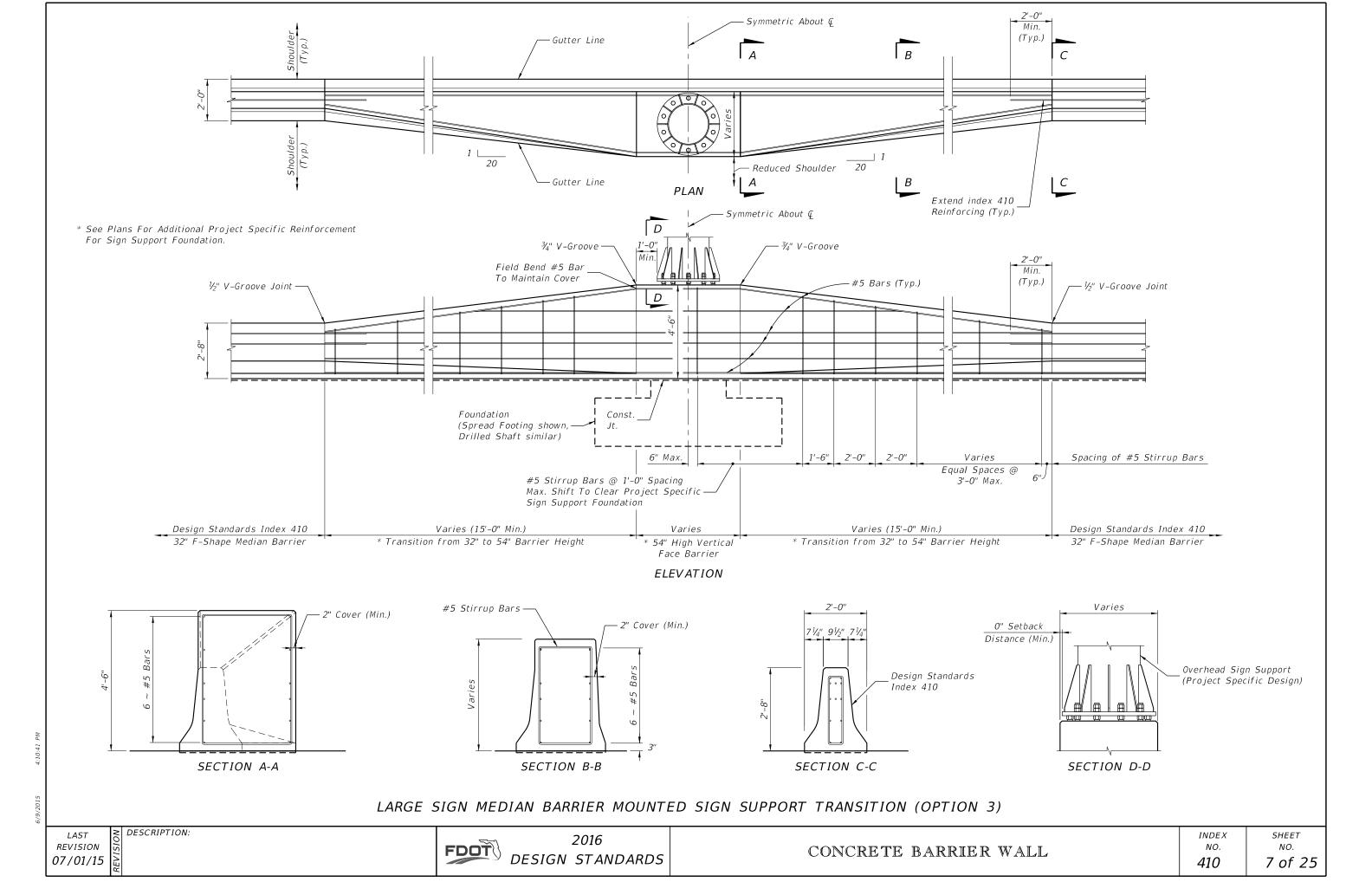
CONCRETE BARRIER WALL

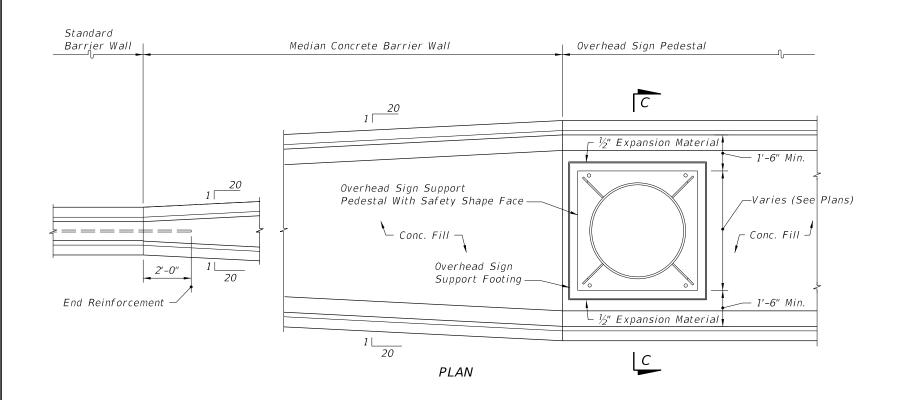
INDEX NO. 410

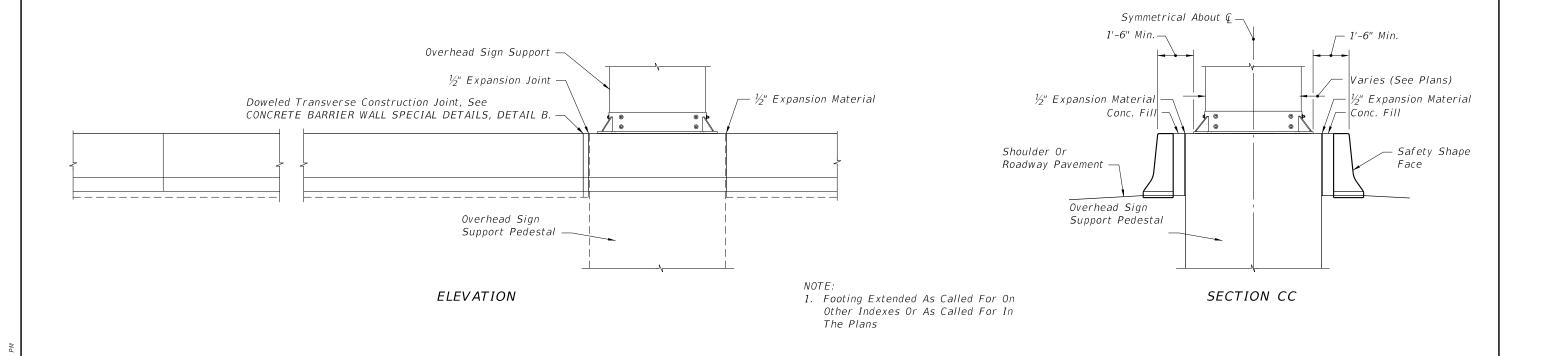
SHEET NO. 4 of 25







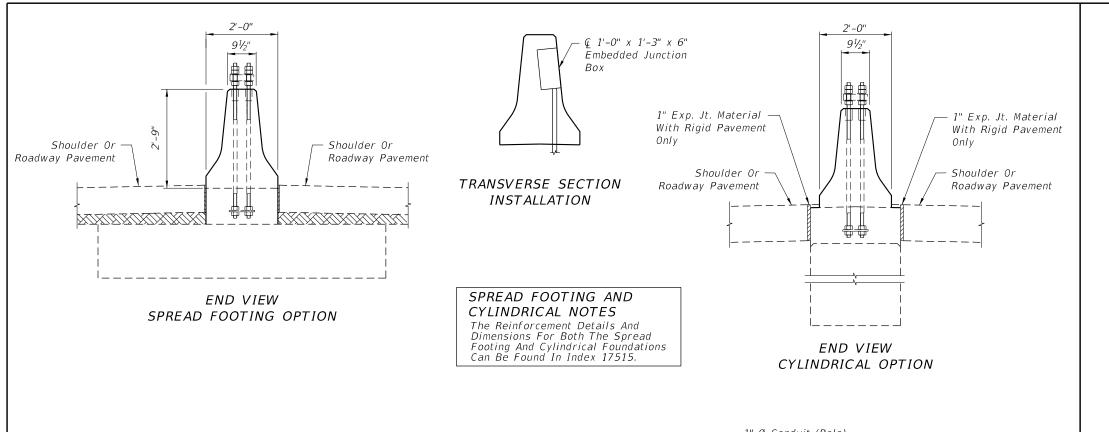


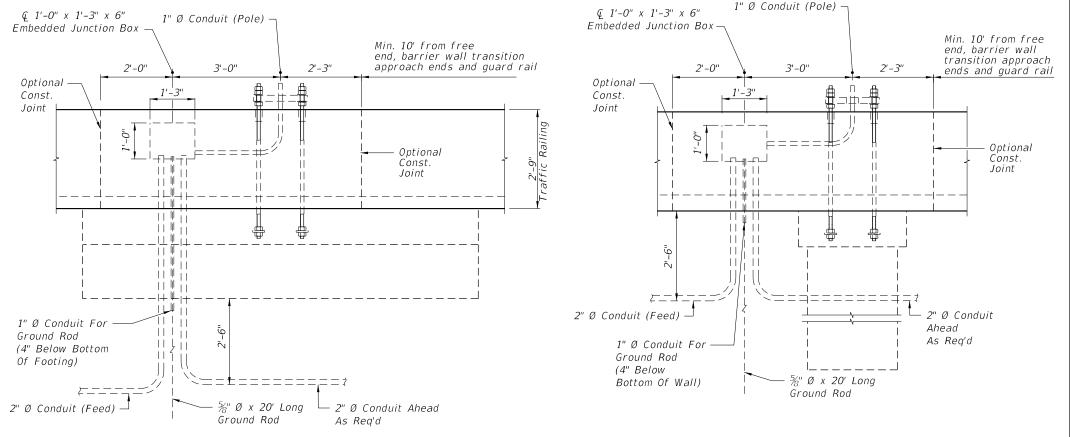


CONCRETE MEDIAN BARRIER WALL TRANSITIONS AT OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS

LAST DESCRIPTION:
REVISION 07/01/14

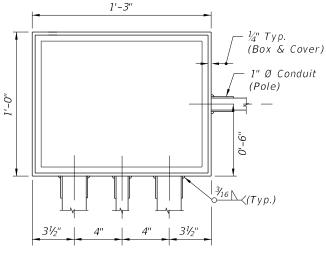
FDOT



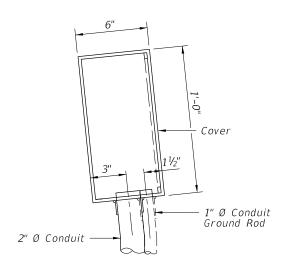


ELEVATION ELEVATION SPREAD FOOTING OPTION CYLINDRICAL OPTION

MEDIAN BARRIER MOUNTED LIGHT POLE DETAILS



FRONT VIEW EMBEDDED JUNCTION BOX



SIDE VIEW EMBEDDED JUNCTION BOX

NOTES:

- 1. Embedded junction boxes are to be fabricated from steel conforming to ASTM A36 and be hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. All seams shall be continuously welded and ground smooth. A neoprene gasket shall be attached to the box to provide a watertight cover. The cover screws shall be fully galvanized.
- 2. Remove excess concrete while green and hand form chamfers.
- 3. Embedded junction box complete and conduit risers are incidental to the construction and cost of the barrier wall; there is to be no separate compensation for the box, risers or installation unless specifically called for in the plans.

EMBEDDED JUNCTION BOX - ELECTRICAL

REVISION 07/01/14

DESCRIPTION:

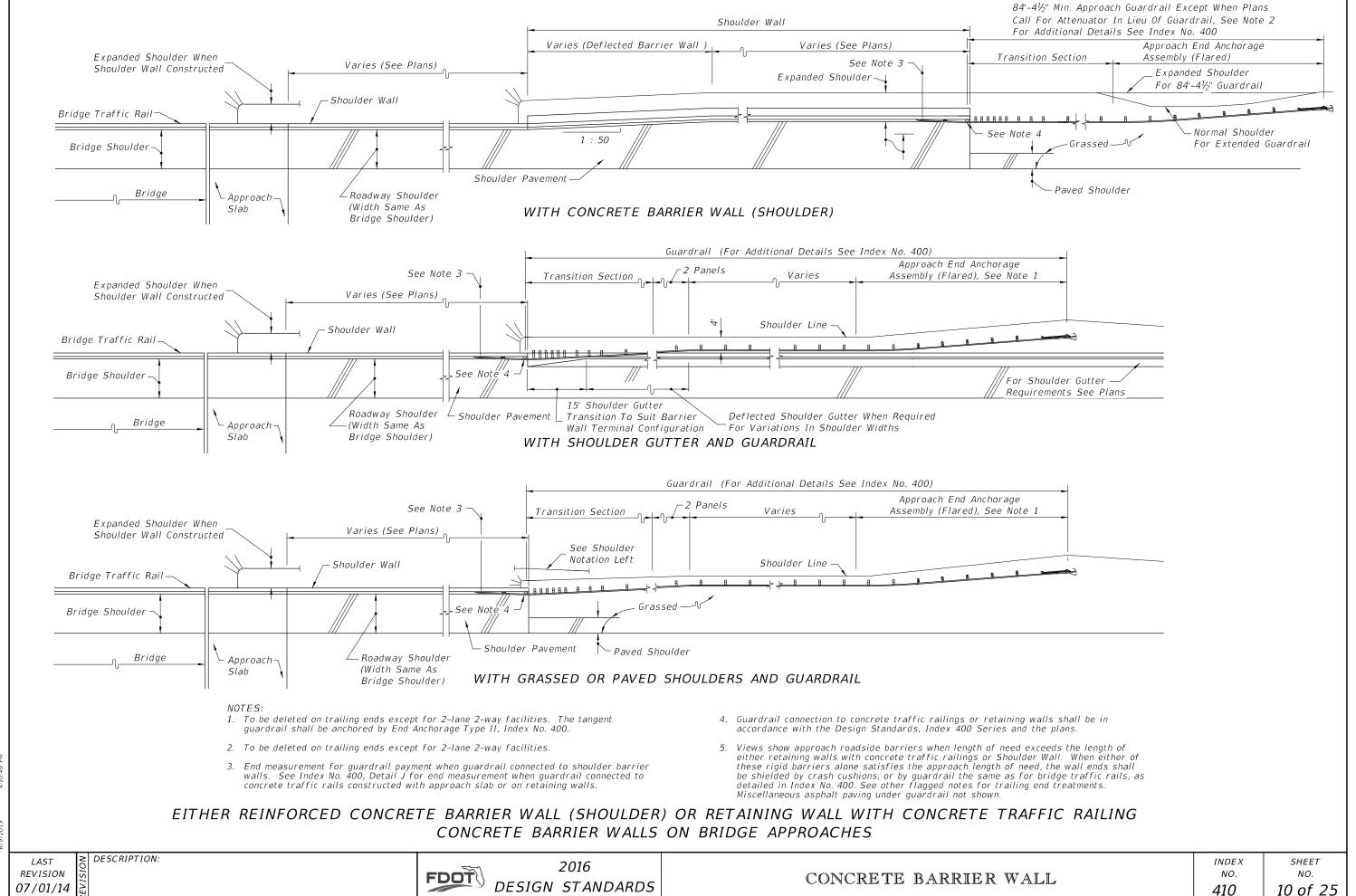
FDOT

2016 DESIGN STANDARDS

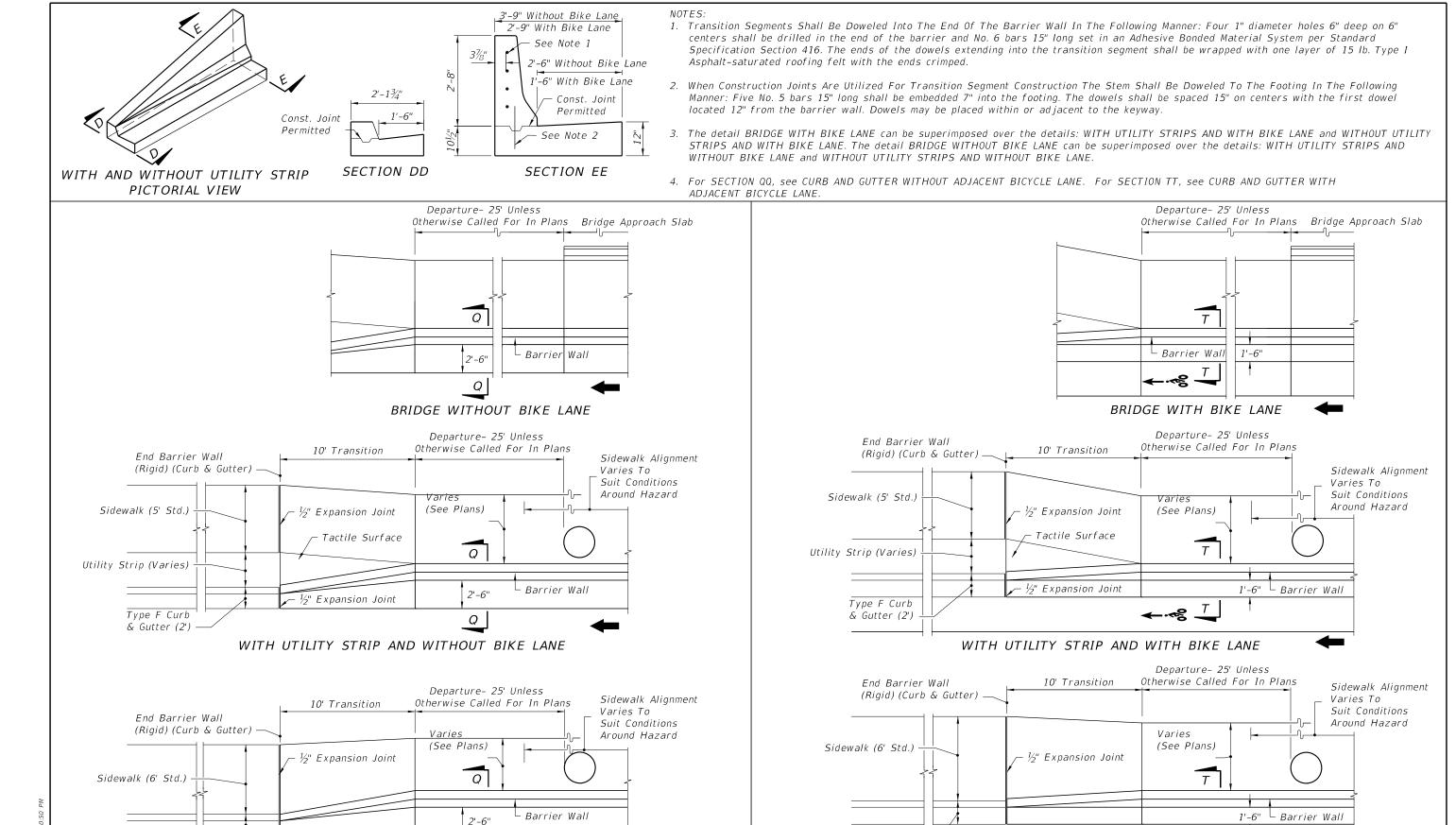
CONCRETE BARRIER WALL

INDEX NO. 410

SHEET NO.



2100,000



WITHOUT UTILITY STRIPS AND WITHOUT BIKE LANE HAZARD 4' OR LESS FROM FACE OF CURB WITHOUT UTILITY STRIP AND WITH BIKE LANE ONE-WAY CURB AND GUTTER DEPARTURES DESCRIPTION: 2016 **REVISION** FDOT

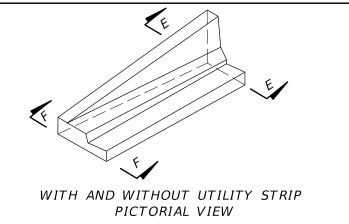
DESIGN STANDARDS

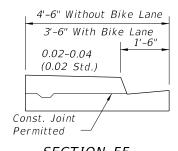
Type F Curb & Gutter (2')

07/01/14

Type F Curb & Gutter (2')

← ~8 T

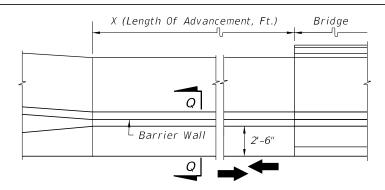




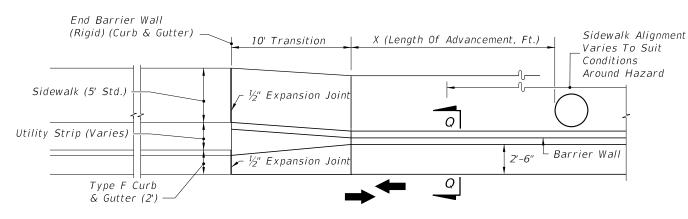
SECTION FF

NOTES:

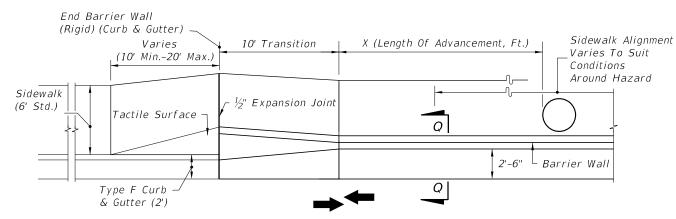
- 1. For X=Length of advancement in feet for near and opposing lanes and for sectional details see CURB AND GUTTER WITHOUT ADJACENT
- 2. The 1'-6" and 2'-6" offsets to toe of barrier wall cannot be reduced to accommodate hazards; however, hazards located in the stem of the wall may be accommodated by the details on HAZARD PENETRATION INTO STEM OF RIGID CONCRETE BARRIER WALLS; AND SHOULDER BARRIER WALL WHEN OFFSET FROM ABOVE GROUND HAZARD < 1'-6" AND THE DESIGN SPEED ≤ 45 MPH.
- 3. The detail BRIDGE WITH BIKE LANE can be superimposed over the details: WITH UTILITY STRIPS AND WITH BIKE LANE and WITHOUT UTILITY STRIPS AND WITH BIKE LANE. The detail BRIDGE WITHOUT BIKE LANE can be superimposed over the details: WITH UTILITY STRIPS AND WITHOUT BIKE LANE and WITHOUT UTILITY STRIPS AND WITHOUT BIKE LANE.
- 4. For SECTION EE, see ONE-WAY CURB AND GUTTER DEPARTURES
- 5. For SECTION QQ, see CURB AND GUTTER WITHOUT ADJACENT BICYCLE LANE. For Section TT, see CURB AND GUTTER WITH ADJACENT BICYCLE LANE.

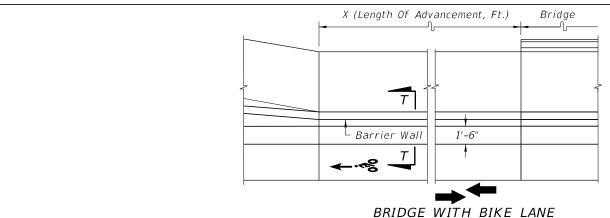


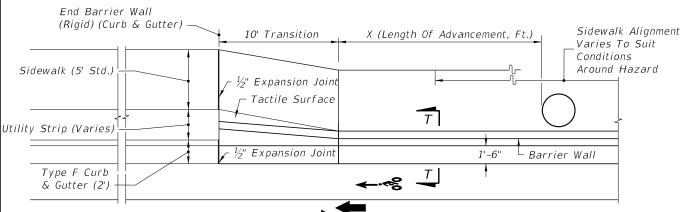
BRIDGE WITHOUT BIKE LANE

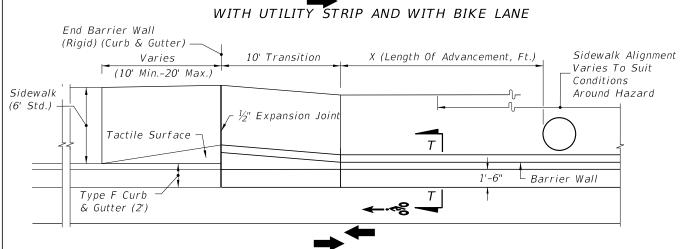


WITH UTILITY STRIP AND WITHOUT BIKE LANE









WITHOUT UTILITY STRIP AND WITHOUT BIKE LANE HAZARD 4' OR LESS FROM FACE OF CURB WITHOUT UTILITY STRIP AND WITH BIKE LANE TWO-WAY CURB AND GUTTER TRAFFIC DEPARTURE

REVISION 07/01/14

DESCRIPTION:

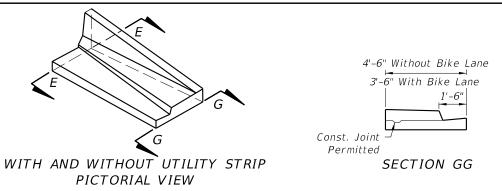
FDOT

2016 DESIGN STANDARDS

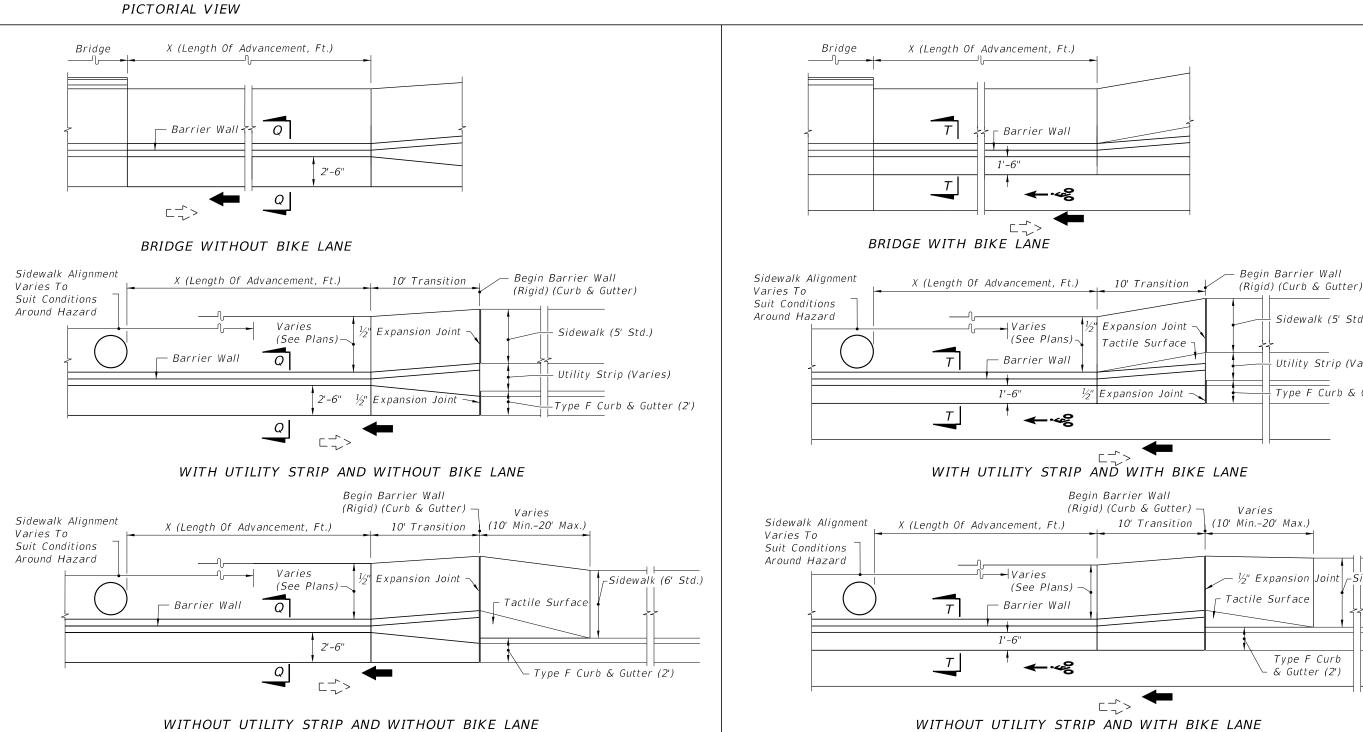
CONCRETE BARRIER WALL

INDEX NO. 410

SHEET NO. 12 of 25



- 1. For SECTION EE, see ONE-WAY CURB AND GUTTER DEPARTURES.
- 2. For SECTION QQ, see CURB AND GUTTER WITHOUT ADJACENT BICYCLE LANE. For SECTION TT, see CURB AND GUTTER WITH ADJACENT BICYCLE LANE.
- 3. The detail BRIDGE WITH BIKE LANE can be superimposed over the details: WITH UTILITY STRIPS AND WITH BIKE LANE and WITHOUT UTILITY STRIPS AND WITH BIKE LANE. The detail BRIDGE WITHOUT BIKE LANE can be superimposed over the details: WITH UTILITY STRIPS AND WITHOUT BIKE LANE and WITHOUT UTILITY STRIPS AND WITHOUT BIKE LANE.



DESCRIPTION: **REVISION** 07/01/14

2016 DESIGN STANDARDS

HAZARD 4' OR LESS FROM FACE OF CURB ONE-WAY AND TWO-WAY CURB AND GUTTER NEAR LANE APPROACHES TRAFFIC (UNDIVIDED)

CONCRETE BARRIER WALL

INDEX NO. 410

Type F Curb

& Gutter (2')

Sidewalk (5' Std.)

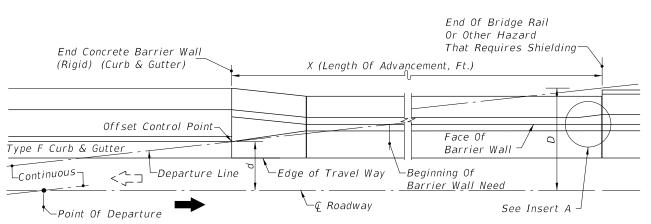
Utility Strip (Varies)

Type F Curb & Gutter (2')

SHEET NO. 13 of 25

-Sidewalk (6' Std.)

RIGHT SIDE APPROACH SHOWN - LEFT SIDE OPPOSITE HAND NEAR LANE APPROACH



OPPOSING LANE APPROACH

WITH OR WITHOUT UTILITY STRIP - UTILITY STRIP SHOWN For Applications, see CURB AND GUTTER (WITH AND WITHOUT) UTILITY STRIP AND WITHOUT ADJACENT BIKE LANE

Design Speed mph	Length Of Advancement, Ft. (X)				
<u>≤</u> 45	= 16 (D-d)				
Note: The minimum length of advancement for both near and opposing lane approaches is 40'.					

DESCRIPTION:

EQUATION VARIABLES:

- D= Distance in feet from near edge of the near approach traffic lane to back of hazard or clear zone width whichever is lesser. For left side hazards and clear zones on two-way undivided facilities D is measured from the inside edge of the near approach traffic lane.
- d= Distance in feet from near edge of the near approach traffic lane to the face of barrier (at offset control point). For left side hazards on two-way undivided facilities d is measured from the inside edge of the nearest opposing traffic lane.

LENGTH OF ADVANCEMENT

CURB AND GUTTER WITHOUT ADJACENT BICYCLE LANE

1:0.125

—Face Of Barrier

┌Toe Of Barrier

Index 410 | Index 420

INSERT A Transition Concrete Barrier Wall (Index 410)

to Mate With Back Side of F Shape Bridge

Traffic Railing (Index 420/425).

For Opposing Lane Approach

(Near Lane Approach Opposite Hand)

Α

2'-0"

3'-0"

В

10¾"

1'-01/4"

Index

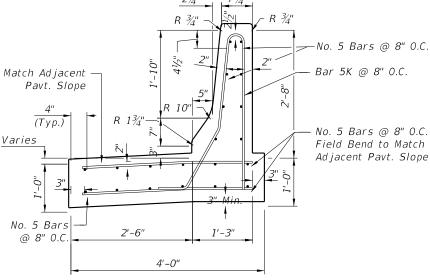
420

or 425

Wall

Wall

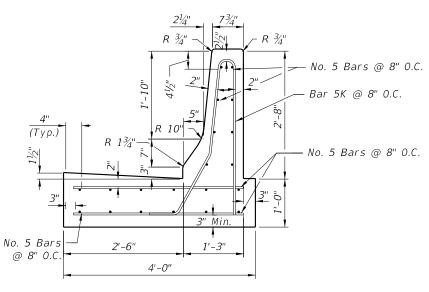
2016 FDOT



QUANTITIES:

Concrete: 0.24 CY/LF; Reinforcing Steel: 26 LBS/LF

SECTION QQ (FOR HIGH SIDE)



Concrete: 0.24 CY/LF; Reinforcing Steel: 26 LBS/LF

SECTION QQ (FOR LOW SIDE)

NOTES:

- 1. Reduce the vertical steel spacing to 4 inches O.C. a distance of 4 feet for each side of all cold or expansion joints.
- 2. All longitudinal reinforcement to be continuous or spliced No. 5 bars. Lap splices a minimum of 2'-0".
- 3. Transverse expansion joints are to be constructed at the juncture of wall transitions and curb and gutter, and at intervals so that
- 4. For Concrete Barrier Wall Inlet details with Rigid Curb and Gutter applications, see Index No. 219.
- 5. Minimum Segment Wall Length = 20 LF.
- 6. For additional information on Bar 5K, see BAR BENDING DIAGRAM.

REVISION

07/01/15

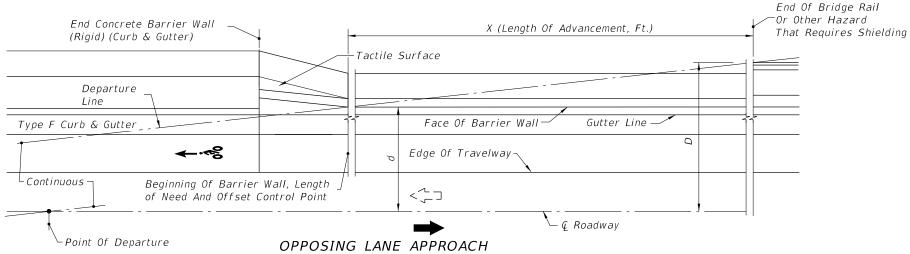
INDEX NO.

SHEET NO.

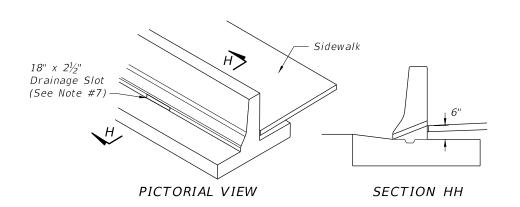
DESIGN STANDARDS

RIGHT SIDE APPROACH SHOWN - LEFT SIDE OPPOSITE HAND

NEAR LANE APPROACH



WITH OR WITHOUT UTILITY STRIP - UTILITY STRIP SHOWN For Applications, see CURB AND GUTTER (WITH AND WITHOUT UTILITY STRIP AND ADJACENT BIKE LANE FOR APPLICATIONS



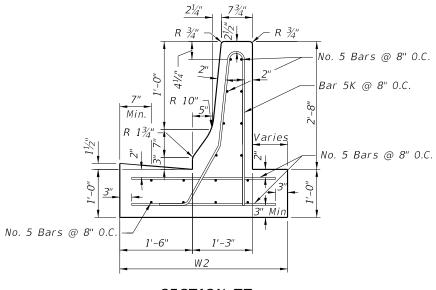
SIDEWALK DRAINAGE SLOT FOR BARRIER WALL (RIGID) (CURB & GUTTER)

- 1. Reduce the vertical steel spacing to 4 inches O.C. a distance of 4 feet for each side of all cold or expansion joints.
- 2. All longitudinal reinforcement to be continuous or spliced No. 5 bars. Lap splices a minimum of 2'-0".
- 3. Transverse expansion joints are to be constructed at the juncture of wall transitions and curb and gutter, and at intervals so that spacing will not exceed 100'.
- 4. For Concrete Barrier Wall Inlet details with Rigid Curb and Gutter applications, see Index No. 219.
- 5. Minimum Segment Wall Length = 20 LF.
- 6. For additional information on Bar 5K, see BAR BENDING DIAGRAM.
- 7. Drainage slots shall be located at all low points along the sidewalk and unless otherwise shown in the plans, slots shall be spaced at intervals not exceeding 50' in fill sections and 20' cut sections. Slots shall be located such that only two bars are cut away or deleted in front and back lines of vertical reinforcement. On each side of Drainage slots, vertical and horizontal bars shall be placed to provide 2" concrete cover.

No. 5 Bars @ 8" O.C. Bar 5K @ 8" 0.C. Match Adjacent Min. Pavement Slope No. 5 Bars @ 8" O.C. Varies Field Bend to Match Adjacent Pavt. Slope No. 5 Bars @ 8" O.C 1'-3" W2

SECTION TT (FOR HIGH SIDE)

QUANTITIES						
Length Of Barrier Wall (LF)	W2	Concrete CY/LF	Reinforcing Steel LBS/LF			
≥ 30′	3'-3"	0.21	24			
26' to 29'	3'-6"	0.22	24			



SECTION TT (FOR LOW SIDE)

CURB AND GUTTER WITH ADJACENT BICYCLE LANE

REVISION 07/01/15

DESCRIPTION:

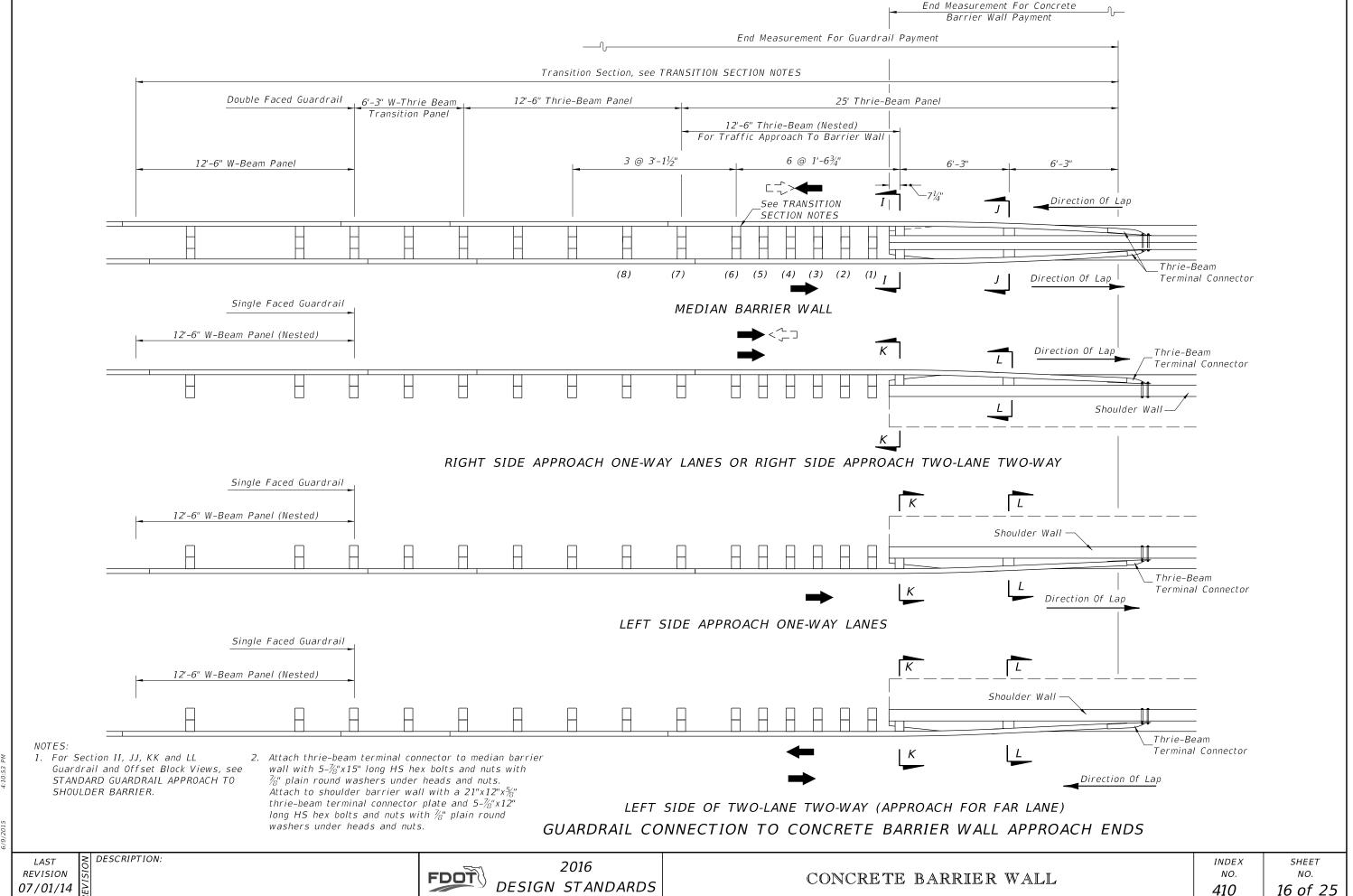
FDOT

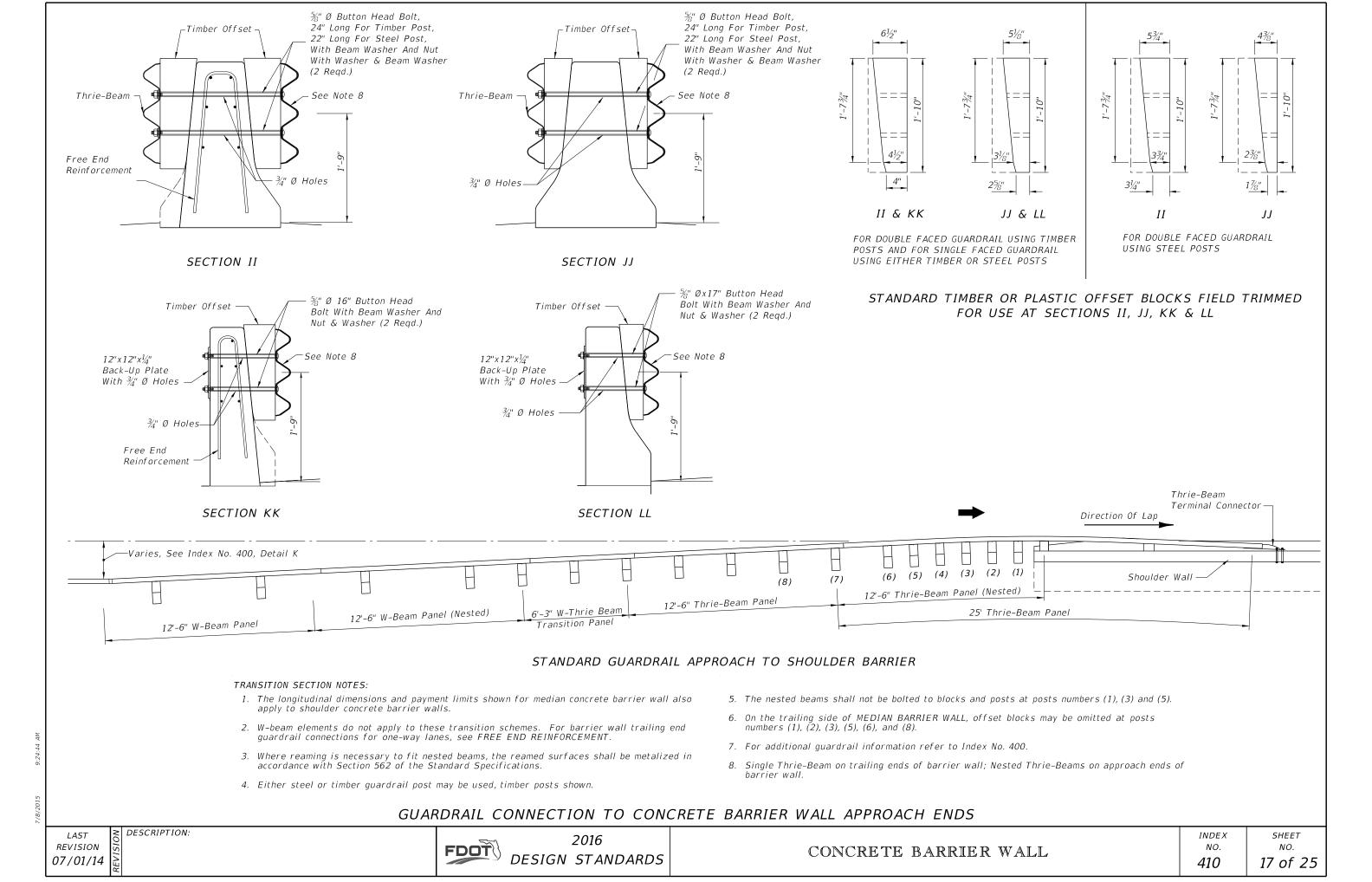
2016 DESIGN STANDARDS

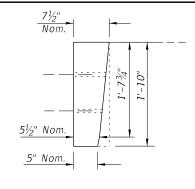
CONCRETE BARRIER WALL

INDEX NO. 410

SHEET NO. 15 of 25







FOR USE WITH EITHER 1: 10 OR 1: 15 GUARDRAIL TRANSITIONS

PLAN FOR DESIGN SPEED ≤ 45 MPH

STANDARD THRIE-BEAM OFFSET BLOCK (FIELD TRIMMED)

Standard Thrie-Beam Offset Block, See Note 6-Field Trimmed, See Detail, Right Round Pier Shown See Note 6 See Note 5 1: 15 Beam Washers Stacked Back Of Rail End Measurement For Concrete Barrier Wall Payment Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector — 7'-7" Thrie-beam Panel (Nested) Transition Section, See Note 9 End Measurement For Guardrail Payment

PLAN FOR DESIGN SPEED ≥ 50 MPH

ARC LENGTH (FT)	DISTANCE "X" (FT)	OFFSETS "Y" (FT)	R 125
4	4.00	0.06	
8	7.99	0.26	X Y
12	11.98	0.58	^
16	15.96	1.02	Note:
20	19.91	1.60	Wall may be constructed in chords having lengths
21	20.91	1.76	≤ 4 feet.
24	23.85	2.30	
25	24.83	2.49	

- 1. The affected segments between bent supports or pier columns shall be constructed in accordance with the detail for REINFORCED CONCRETE SHOULDER WALL, Section QQ, or Section TT. In cases where the barrier wall and slope pavement or other structure would occupy the same location, the wall and structure are to be modified as detailed in the plans.
- 2. The barrier wall radial segments are intended for use on approach and trailing ends of both one-way and two-way facilities. The guardrail connections shown on this sheet apply to one-way approaches and to the approaching and trailing ends of two-lane twoway facilities. For Details on trailing ends of two-way multilane and one-way facilities, the end connection on W-Beam guardrail connection to concrete barrier wall trailing ends may be used.

For walls with normal offsets from hazards and their guardrail connections, see GUARDRAIL CONNECTION TO CONCRETE BARRIER WALL APPROACH ENDS.

- 3. Refer to Index No. 400 for additional guardrail information.
- 4. Attach thrie-beam terminal connector to shoulder barrier wall with a 21"x12" $x\frac{5}{8}$ " thrie beam terminal connector plate and 5-\%"x12" long HS hex bolts and nuts with $\frac{7}{8}$ " plain round washers under heads and nuts.
- 5. $12"x12"x\frac{1}{4}"$ galvanized steel back-up plate with $\frac{5}{6}"$ post bolts (either 14" or 18" long) and nuts with $\frac{5}{8}$ " plain round washers under nuts.
- 6. For details at Rigid Hazard, see HAZARD PENETRATION INTO STEM OF RIGID CONCRETE BARRIER WALLS.
- 7. For additional information on PLAN FOR DESIGN SPEED ≤ 45 MPH, see SHOULDER BARRIER WHEN OFFSET FROM ABOVE GROUND HAZARD < 1'-6" AND THE DESIGN SPEED ≤ 45 MPH.
- 8. For additional information on PLAN FOR DESIGN SPEED \geq 50 MPH, see SHOULDER BARRIER WALL WHEN OFFSET FROM ABOVE GROUND HAZARD < 1'-6" AND THE DESIGN SPEED ≥ 50 MPH.
- 9. See GUARDRAIL CONNECTION TO CONCRETE BARRIER WALL APPROACH ENDS For Post Spacing And Bolt Connections, Steel Or Timber Posts

SHOULDER BARRIER WALL AT ABOVE GROUND RIGID HAZARDS WHEN OFFSET FROM HAZARD < 3'

REVISION 07/01/14

DESCRIPTION:

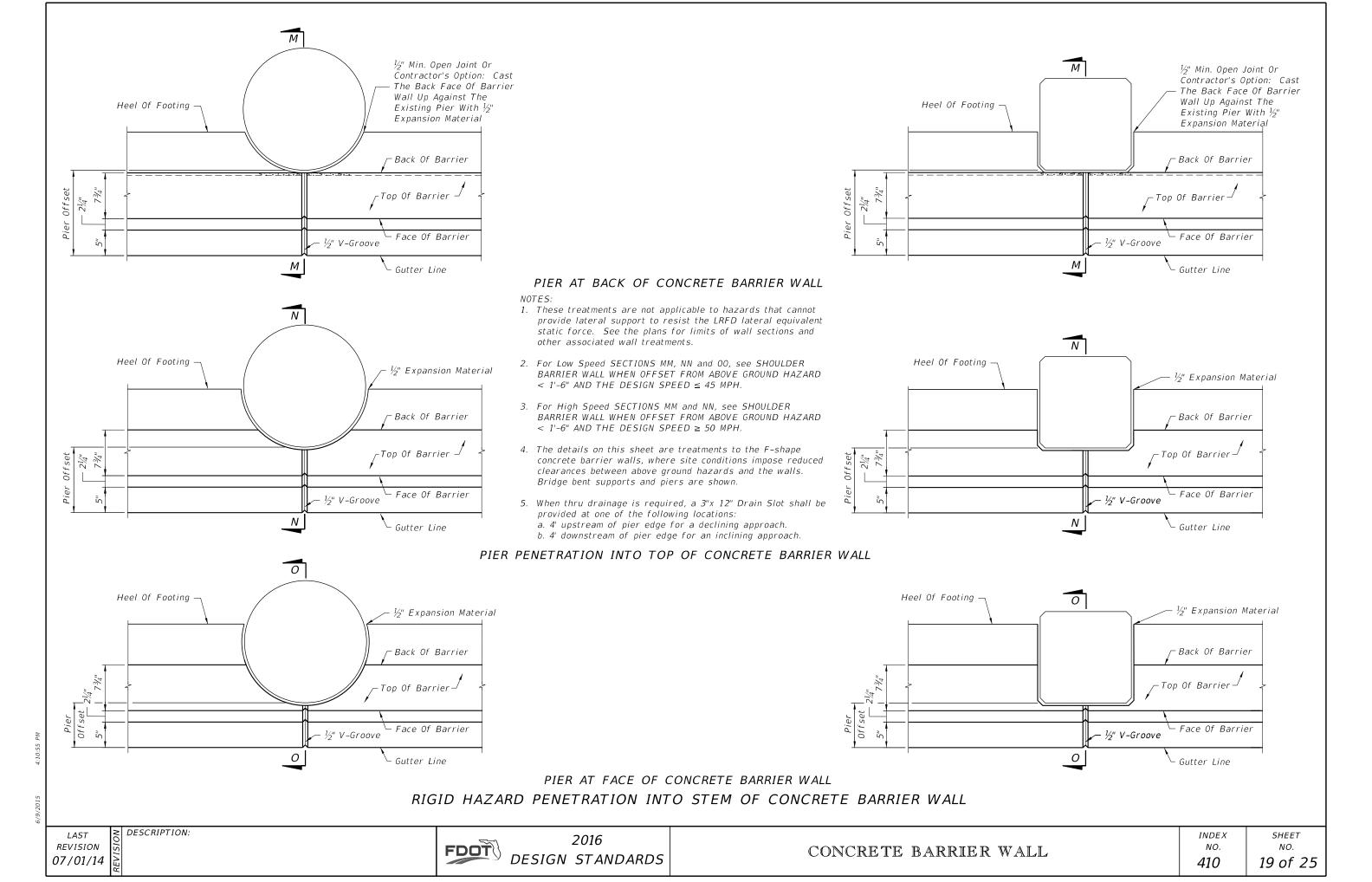
FDOT

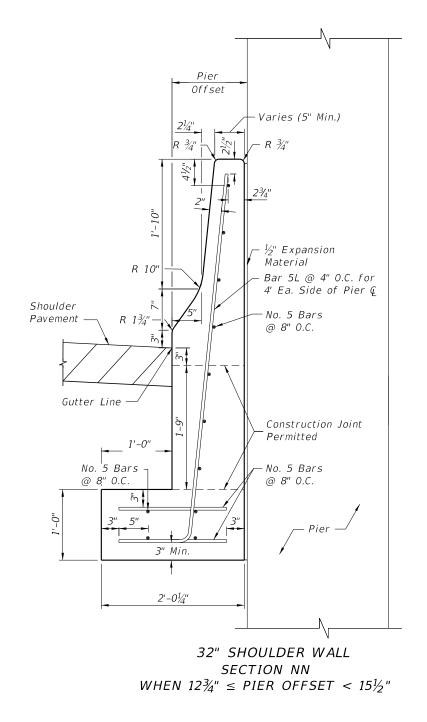
2016 DESIGN STANDARDS

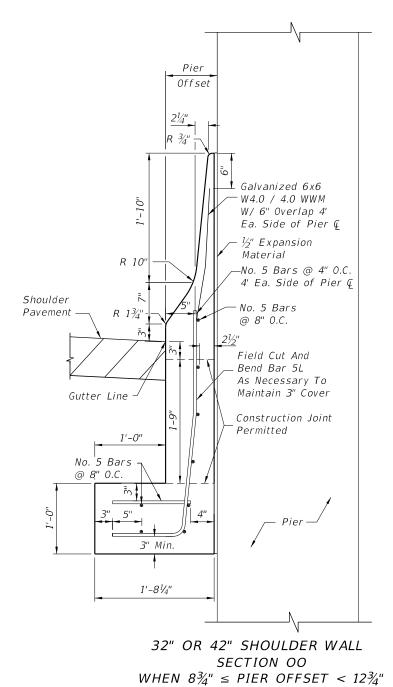
CONCRETE BARRIER WALL

INDEX NO.

SHEET NO. 18 of 25







- 1. Reduce the vertical steel spacing to 4 inches O.C. a distance of 4 feet for each side of all cold or expansion joints.
- 2. All longitudinal reinforcement to be continuous or spliced No. 5 bars. Lap splices a minimum of 2'-0".
- 3. For additional information on Bars 5A and 5L, see BAR BENDING DIAGRAMS.
- 4. $\frac{1}{2}$ " Min. Expansion Joint or at the contractor's option: Back face of barrier wall may be cast against Pier with $\frac{1}{2}$ " Expansion Material.

SHOULDER BARRIER WALL WHEN OFFSET FROM ABOVE GROUND HAZARD < 1'-6" AND THE DESIGN SPEED ≤ 45 MPH

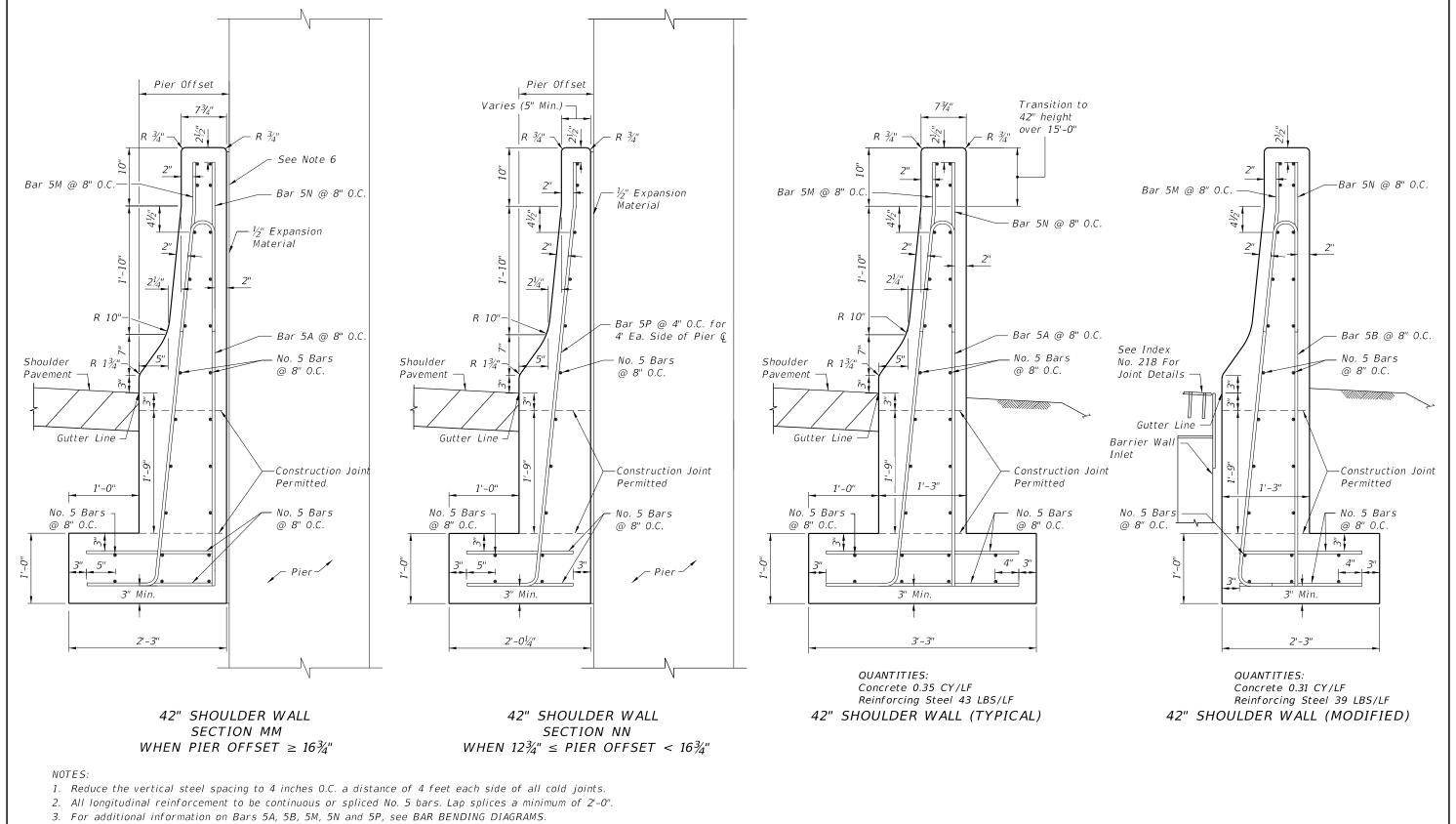
DESCRIPTION: **REVISION** 07/01/15

FDOT

2016 DESIGN STANDARDS INDEX NO. 410

NO. 20 of 25

SHEET



- 4. For Section 00, see SHOULDER BARRIER WALL WHEN OFFSET FROM ABOVE GROUND HAZARD < 1'-6" AND THE DESIGN SPEED ≤ 45 MPH.
- 5. Where the 42" SHOULDER WALL does not abut the pier, use the TYPICAL or MODIFIED sections.
- 6. ½" Min. Expansion Joint or at the contractor's option: Back face of barrier wall may be cast against Pier with ½" Expansion Material.

SHOULDER BARRIER WALL WHEN OFFSET FROM ABOVE GROUND HAZARD < 1'-6" AND DESIGN SPEED ≥ 50 MPH

DESCRIPTION: **REVISION** 07/01/15

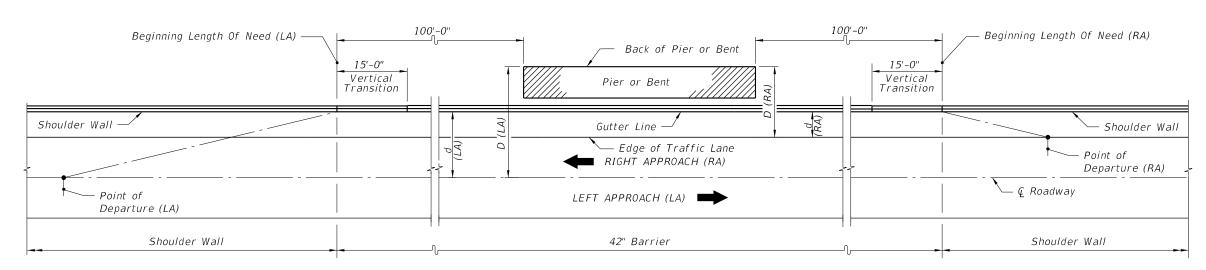
2016 DESIGN STANDARDS

CONCRETE BARRIER WALL

INDEX NO. 410

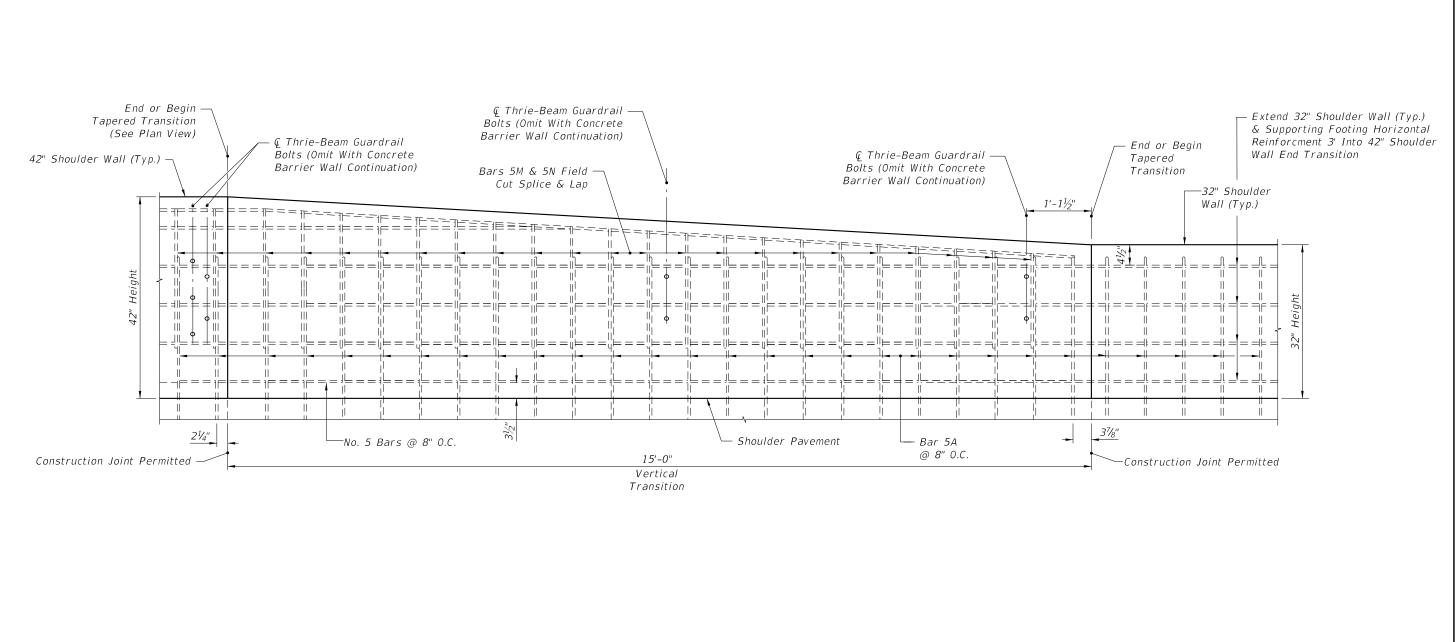
SHEET NO. 21 of 25

ONE-WAY TRAFFIC (LEFT SIDE OPPOSITE HAND)



TWO-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC

SHOULDER BARRIER WALL WHEN OFFSET FROM ABOVE GROUND HAZARD < 1'-6" AND DESIGN SPEED ≥ 50 MPH



ELEVATION VIEW 42" SHOULDER WALL END TRANSITION

For additional information on Bars 5A, 5M and 5N see BAR BENDING DIAGRAMS.

END TRANSITION DETAILS - 42" SHOULDER WALL WITH GUARDRAIL OR SHOULDER WALL CONTINUATION FOR DESIGN SPEED ≥ 50 MPH

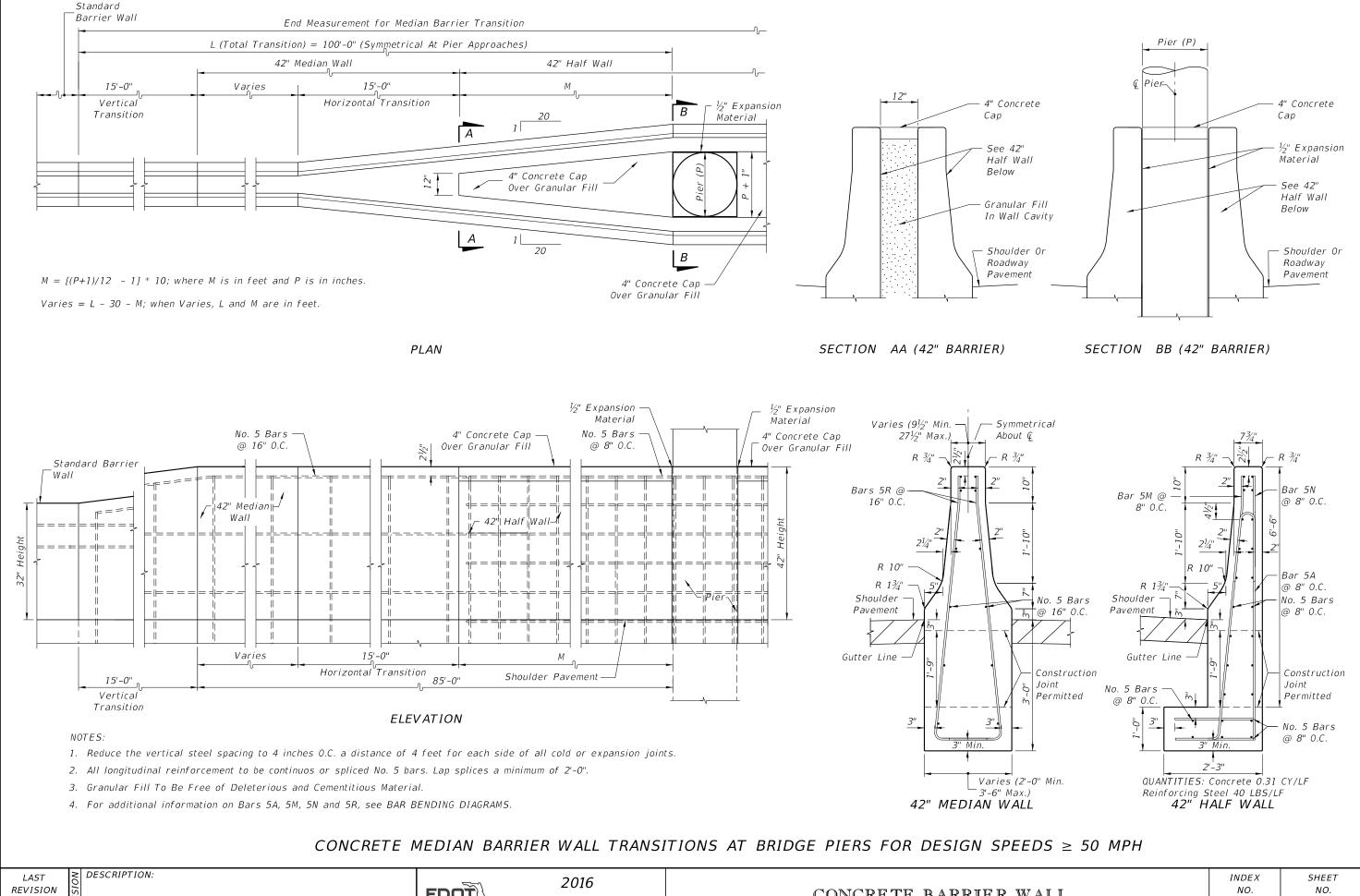
≥ DESCRIPTION: REVISION 07/01/14

2016 DESIGN STANDARDS

CONCRETE BARRIER WALL

INDEX NO. 410

SHEET NO. 23 of 25



07/01/15

FDOT

DESIGN STANDARDS

CONCRETE BARRIER WALL

410

24 of 25

