

RON DESANTIS GOVERNOR 605 Suwannee Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-0450 KEVIN J. THIBAULT, P.E. SECRETARY

January 12, 2022

Khoa Nguyen Director, Office of Technical Services Federal Highway Administration 3500 Financial Plaza, Suite 400 Tallahassee, Florida 32312

Re: State Specifications Office

Section: 430

Proposed Specification: 4300201 Pipe Culverts.

Dear Mr. Nguyen:

We are submitting, for your approval, two copies of the above referenced Supplemental Specification.

The changes are proposed by Melissa Hollis from the Product Evaluation Office to provide consistent formatting of PATH/APL requirements.

Please review and transmit your comments, if any, within two weeks. Comments should be sent via email to daniel.strickland@dot.state.fl.us.

If you have any questions relating to this specification change, please call me at (850) 414-4130.

Sincerely,

Signature on file

Daniel Strickland, P.E. State Specifications Engineer

DS/ra

Attachment

cc: Florida Transportation Builders' Assoc.

State Construction Engineer

PIPE CULVERTS (REV 11-10-21)

SUBARTICLE 430-2.1 is deleted and the following substituted:

430-2 Materials.

430-2.1 Pipe: Meet the following requirements:

Concrete Pipe	Section 449	
Steel Pipe	556-2.1	
Round Rubber Gaskets	Section 942	
Resilient Connectors*	Section 942	
Corrugated Steel Pipe and Pipe Arch	Section 943	
Corrugated Aluminum Pipe and Pipe Arch	Section 945	
Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe	Section 948	
Steel Reinforced Polyethylene Ribbed Pipe	Section 948	
Steel Reinforced Polyethylene Corrugated Pipe	Section 948	
Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe	Section 948	
Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe	Section 948	
Fiberglass Reinforced Polymer Pipe	Section 948	
Liner Repair Systems		
Metal Grates	Section 962	
*Use resilient connector products listed on the Department's Approved Product		
List (APL).		

- **430-2.2 Joint Materials:** Use joint materials specified in 430-7 through 430-9 according to type of pipe and conditions of usage.
- **430-2.3 Mortar:** Use mortar composed of one part Portland cement and two parts of clean, sharp sand, to which mixture the Contractor may add hydrated lime in an amount not to exceed 15% of the cement content. Use mortar within 30 minutes after its preparation.
- **430-2.4 End Treatments:** Meet the requirements of Section 425-3.1. For precast end treatments, meet the requirements in 449-1. Use the concrete Class designated in the Plans and Standard Plans, and as specified in Section 346 and 347.
 - **430-2.5 Grates:** Use metal gratings that meet the requirements of 962-8.
- 430-2.6 Filter Fabric: Use a Type D-3 filter fabric meeting the requirements specified in Section 985, and listed on the Department's Approved Product List (APL).

SUBARTICLE 430-4.1 is deleted and the following substituted:

430-4 Laying Pipe.

430-4.1 General: Lay all pipe, true to the lines and grades given, with bells upgrade and spigot end fully entered into the bell. When pipe with quadrant reinforcement or circular pipe with elliptical reinforcement is used, install the pipe in a position such that the manufacturer's marks designating "top" and "bottom" of the pipe are not more than five degrees from the vertical plane through the longitudinal axis of the pipe. Do not allow departure from and return to plan alignment and grade to exceed 1/16 inch per foot of nominal pipe length, with a total of not more than 1 inch departure from theoretical line and grade. Take up and relay any pipe that is

not in true alignment or which shows any settlement after laying at no additional expense to the Department.

Do not use concrete pipe with lift holes except round pipe which has an inside diameter in excess of 54 inches or any elliptical pipe.

Repair lift holes, if present, with hand-placed, stiff, non-shrink, 1-to-1 mortar of cement and fine sand, after first washing out the hole with water. Completely fill the void created by the lift hole with mortar. Cover the repaired area with a 24 inch by 24 inch piece of filter fabric secured to the pipe. Use a Type D-3 filter fabric meeting the requirements specified in Section 985.

Follow the manufacturer's instructions, to sSecure the filter fabric to the pipe, using a method that holds the fabric in place until the backfill is placed and compacted. Use grout mixtures, mastics, or strapping devices to secure the fabric to the pipe.

Do not cut or drill into or through the corrugations or ribs of plastic pipe except when necessary to meet the dimensional requirements shown in the Plans.

When installing pipes in structures, construct inlet and outlet pipes of the same size and kind as the connecting pipe shown in the Plans. Use the same pipe material within each continuous run of pipe. Extend the pipes through the walls for a distance beyond the outside surface sufficient for the intended connections, and construct the concrete around them neatly to prevent leakage along their outer surface as shown on Standard Plans, Index 425-001. Keep the inlet and outlet pipes flush with the inside of the wall. Resilient connectors as specified in 942-3 may be used in lieu of a masonry seal.

Furnish and install a filter fabric jacket around all pipe joints and the joint between the pipe and the structure in accordance with Standard Plans, Indexes 425-001 and 430-001. Use fabric meeting the physical requirements of Type D-3 specified in Section 985. Extend the fabric a minimum of 12 inches beyond each side of the joint or both edges of the coupling band, if a coupling band is used. The fabric must have a minimum width of 24 inches, and a length sufficient to provide a minimum overlap of 24 inches. Secure the filter fabric jacket against the outside of the pipe by metal or plastic strapping or by other methods approved by the Engineer.

Meet the following minimum joint standards:

Table 430-1	
Pipe Application	Minimum Standard
Storm and Cross Drains	Water-tight
Gutter Drain	Water-tight
Side Drains	Soil-tight Soil-tight

When rubber gaskets are to be installed in the pipe joint, the gasket must be the sole element relied on to maintain a tight joint. Soil tight joints must be watertight to 2 psi. Water-tight joints must be water-tight to 5 psi unless a higher pressure rating is required in the Plans.

When laying pipes that pass through mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) reinforced fill, connect the portion of the pipe within the wall to the external portion of the pipe run only after the full height of the wall supported embankment is in place.

When Wall Zone Pipes are shown in the Plans, meet the following requirements:

1. Use resilient connectors on pipes entering and leaving drainage

structures.

2. Provide a 2 to 4 inch pipe overhang beyond the drainage structure

internal walls.

3. For pipes without welded joints, meet the following additional

requirements:

a. Pipe joints must be watertight to 10.8 psi when pulled out

2 inches from the fully homed position in both straight alignment and 5% deflection.

b. Do not allow the gap between sections of pipe to exceed 5/8 inch for all pipe diameters.

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