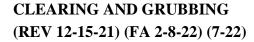
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SUBARTICLE 110-2.1 is deleted and the following substituted:

110-2.1 Work Included: Completely remove and dispose of all buildings, timber, brush, trees, stumps, roots, rubbish, debris, existing flexible pavement and base, drainage structures, culverts, and pipes. Remove all other obstructions resting on or protruding through the surface of the existing ground and the surface of excavated areas.

Perform standard clearing and grubbing within the following areas:

- 1. All areas where excavation is to be done, including borrow pits, lateral ditches, right-of-way ditches, etc.
- 2. If constructing over an existing road, remove existing asphalt pavement. If shown in the Contract Documents, remove existing pavement base.
 - 3. All areas where roadway embankments will be constructed.
- 4. All areas where structures will be constructed, including pipe culverts and other pipe lines.

SUBARTICLE 110-6.2 is deleted and the following substituted:

110-6.2 Method of Removal:

110-6.2.1 General: Remove the structures in such a way so as to leave no obstructions to any proposed new bridge or to any waterways. Pull, cut off, or break off pilings to the requirements of the permit or other Contract Documents, or if not specified, not less than 2 feet below the finished graded surface. In the event that the Plans indicate channel excavation to be done by others, consider the finished graded surface as the limits of such excavation. For materials which are to remain the property of the Department or are to be salvaged for use in temporary bridges, avoid damage to such materials, and entirely remove all bolts, nails, etc. from timbers to be so salvaged. Mark structural steel members for identification as directed.

SUBARTICLE 110-10.0 is deleted and the following substituted:

110-10 Miscellaneous Operations.

110-10.1 Water Wells Required to be Plugged: Fill or plug all water wells within the right-of-way, including areas of borrow pits and lateral ditches, that are not to remain in service, in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and Local Rules and Regulations.

Cut off the casing of cased wells at least 12 inches below the existing surface or 12 inches below the elevation of the finished graded surface, whichever is lower. Water wells, as referred to herein, are defined either as artesian or non-artesian, as follows:

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- 1. An artesian well is an artificial hole in the ground from which water supplies may be obtained and which penetrates any water-bearing rock, the water in which is raised to the surface by natural flow or which rises to an elevation above the top of the water-bearing bed. Artesian wells are further defined to include all holes drilled as a source of water that penetrate any water-bearing beds that are a part of the artesian water system of Florida, as determined by representatives of the applicable Water Management District.
- 2. A non-artesian (water-table) well is a well in which the source of water is an unconfined aquifer. The water in a non-artesian well does not rise above the source bed.