300 PRIME AND TACK COATS
(REV 5-3-21) (FA 7-14-21) (1-22)

SUBARTICLE 300-2.1 is deleted and the following substituted:

300-2 Materials.

300-2.1 Prime Coat: For prime coat, use a product listed on the Department’s Approved Product List (APL), meeting the requirements of 916-3, or other types and grades of bituminous material if specified in the Contract Documents. A copy of the Bill of Lading representing the material in the distributor tank must be in the truck and be always available.

Where prime coats are to be diluted, certify the dilution was done in accordance with the specific dilution requirements for each product and for each load of material used.

The Contractor may select any approved prime coat unless the Contract Documents indicate the use of a specific material. The Engineer may allow types and grades of bituminous material other than those specified above if the Contractor can show the alternate material will properly perform the function of prime coat material.

SUBARTICLE 300-2.3 is deleted and the following substituted:

300-2.3 Tack Coat: Unless the Contract Documents call for a specific type or grade of tack coat, use PG 52-28 meeting the requirements of 916-2, heated to a temperature from 250 to 300°F or use an undiluted emulsion listed on the APL, meeting the requirements of 916-3. Heat the emulsion to the temperature recommended by the tack coat manufacturer. A copy of the Bill of Lading representing the material in the distributor tank must be in the truck and be always available.

For night paving, use PG 52-28 tack coat. The Engineer may approve an emulsified tack coat for night paving if the Contractor demonstrates, at the time of use, the emulsion will break and not affect the progress of the paving operation.

SUBARTICLE 300-3.1 is delete and the following substituted:

300-3 Equipment.

300-3.1 Pressure Distributor: Provide a pressure distributor equipped with pneumatic tires having a sufficient width of rubber in contact with the road surface to avoid breaking the bond or forming a rut in the surface. Ensure the distance between the centers of openings of the outside nozzles of the spray bar is equal to the width of the application required, plus or minus two inches. Ensure the outside nozzle at each end of the spray bar has an area of opening not less than 25% or more than 75% in excess of the other nozzles. Ensure all other nozzles have uniform openings. When the application covers less than the full width, the Contractor may allow the normal opening of the end nozzle at the junction line to remain the same as the interior nozzles. A trailer-mounted pressure distributor can be used for non-mainline applications, if approved by the
Engineer. It shall have a self-contained heat system, clean out system, calibration chart, manhole, and shall meet the requirements herein.

Clean the distributor tank at a minimum of every twelve months and whenever the product type in the tank is changed. Remove all emulsion and asphalt material during cleaning. Additionally, clean the distributor tank if the quality of the tack or prime shot diminishes or buildup causes the calibration of the tank to be affected.

300-3.2 Sampling Device: Equip all pressure distributors and transport tanks with an approved spigot-type sampling device.

300-3.3 Temperature Sensing Device: Equip all pressure distributors and transport tanks with an approved dial type thermometer.

Use a thermometer with a temperature range from 50 to 500°F, no greater than 25°F increments, and a minimum dial diameter of two inches.

Locate the thermometer near the midpoint of the tank’s length and within the middle third of the tank’s height, or as specified by the manufacturer (if in a safe and easily accessible location). Enclose the thermometer in a well with a protective window or by other means as necessary to keep the instrument clean and in the proper working condition.