

ORINATION FORM

Proposed Revisions to the Specifications

(Please provide all information - incomplete forms will be returned)

Date:

Office:

Originator:

Specification Section:

Telephone:

Article/Subarticle:

email:

Will the proposed revision require changes to:

Publication	Yes	No	Office Staff Contacted
Standard Plans Index			
Traffic Engineering Manual			
FDOT Design Manual			
Construction Project Administration Manual			
Basis of Estimate/Pay Items			
Structures Design Guidelines			
Approved Product List			
Materials Manual			

Will this revision necessitate any of the following:

Design Bulletin

Construction Bulletin

Estimates Bulletin

Materials Bulletin

Are all references to external publications current?

Yes

No

If not, what references need to be updated? (Please include changes in the redline document.)

Why does the existing language need to be changed?

Summary of the changes:

Are these changes applicable to all Department jobs?

Yes

No

If not, what are the restrictions?

Contact the State Specifications Office for assistance in completing this form.

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KEVIN J. THIBAUT
SECRETARY

MEMORANDUM

DATE: June 6, 2019

TO: Specification Review Distribution List

FROM: Stefanie D. Maxwell, Manager, Program Management Office

SUBJECT: Proposed Specification: **6590201 Mast Arm, Span Wire, and Pole Mounting Assemblies.**

In accordance with Specification Development Procedures, we are sending you a copy of a proposed specification change.

This change was proposed by Jeff Morgan of the State Traffic Engineering Research Lab (TERL) to modify the language.

Please share this proposal with others within your responsibility. Review comments are due within four weeks and should be sent to Mail Station 75 or online at <http://www2.dot.state.fl.us/ProgramManagement/Development/IndustryReview.aspx> . Comments received after **July 4, 2019**, may not be considered. Your input is encouraged.

SM/dt
Attachment

**MAST ARM, SPAN WIRE, AND POLE MOUNTING ASSEMBLIES.
(REV 5-16-19)**

SUBARTICLE 659-2.1 is deleted and the following substituted:

659-2.1 General: Use mounting assemblies listed on the Department's Approved Product List (APL). Meet the requirements of Section 603.

Fastening hardware such as bolts, nuts, washers, set screws, studs, u-bolts, cable and cable swags, must be provided by the mounting assembly manufacturer, must be SAE Type 316 or 304 stainless steel. Hardware (studs, bolts and u-bolts) must be a minimum of 5/16 inch diameter unless otherwise specified in this Section. SAE Grade 8 bolts and nuts are also acceptable. Metallic mounting assemblies must meet ASTM B117 for corrosion resistance.

Connections that provide an entrance to the interior of a traffic device must be weather-resistant.

All assemblies must be constructed to support the weight of any combination of signal indications with all accessories such as back plates and visors.

Connections between signal, disconnect and disconnect hanging hardware must be of the tri-stud design unless otherwise specified in this Section. Tri-stud washers must be a minimum 0.090 inches thick unless otherwise specified in this Section.

Connections ~~that use a serrated edge for positioning and alignment must have a 72 tooth serration connection (two inch I.D.)~~ must be designed to mate with a standard traffic signal's two inch I.D. opening and must be capable of providing positive positioning and alignment of the ~~signal in 5 degree increments~~ traffic device. Connection type may be a 72 tooth serrated edge or other connection type as long as all other specifications are met. The serrated For 72 tooth serrated edge connections, the teeth must be clean, ~~and sharp,~~ and at least 1/8 inch wide and 3/64 inch deep. The All connection ~~between the teeth of the signal and the upper bracket~~ types must be weather resistant and incorporate a secondary fail-safe design that would prevent the attached traffic device from turning upon failure/slippage of the serrated edge or other connection type.

Design All mounting assemblies must be capable of providing adjustment in multiple directions for proper alignment of the attached traffic device and to prevent rotation around the vertical axis or misalignment after installation.

Use S studs ~~may be~~ that are either cast directly into the aluminum during the casting process or tapped and locked with a locking material. In each case, a pull-out force must be provided. Messenger wire clamps must be extruded aluminum six inches long or cast U-bolt type.

For all fastening hardware, provide T torque specifications ~~must be included~~ with all assembly installation instructions ~~if torque specifications are specified by the manufacturer.~~

SUBARTICLE 659-2.4 is deleted and the following substituted:

659-2.4 Mast Arm Mounting Assemblies: Mast arm mounting assemblies must include the following components: mast arm saddle, swivel, attachment cables (with cable clamp mechanism) or bands, support tube, and top and bottom support arms. ~~Mast arm mounting assemblies (clamps) must be aluminum or stainless steel and must have a minimum yield~~

~~strength of 16 ksi and a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 23 ksi in accordance with ASTM B26, ASTM B108, or ASTM A240.~~ Mast arm mounting assemblies must be designed to be attached to a mast arm by cables or bands. All connections must be designed to prevent movement when 250 pounds of downward force is applied to the completed vehicular traffic signal assembly.

659-2.4.1 Saddle: Saddles must be aluminum or stainless steel and must have a minimum yield strength of 16 ksi and a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 23 ksi in accordance with ASTM B26, ASTM B108, ASTM- B85 or ASTM A240. ~~The saddle must be designed to be secured to the mast arm with no movement when 250 pounds of downward force is applied to the completed vehicular traffic signal assembly.~~

659-2.4.2 Swivel: Swivels must be aluminum or stainless steel and must have a minimum yield strength of 16 ksi and a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 23 ksi in accordance with ASTM B26, ASTM B108, ASTM- B85 or ASTM A240. The swivel must provide at least two connection devices to secure the support tube to the swivel and be configured to permit the support tube to provide adjustment in multiple directions in a plane parallel to the mast arm. Any castings used to attach the support tube to the swivel must be manufactured from the same alloy as the swivel.

659-2.4.3 Saddle Attachment Cables and Bands: Mast arm saddle attachment cables must be 3/16 inch minimum diameter, Type 316 or 304 stainless steel aircraft type wire strand cable. The swage at the ends of the cable (used to tighten the cable against the saddle) must be Type 316 or 304 stainless steel with a minimum 3/8 inch diameter thread. The swage must permit use of a wrench to prevent rotation while tightening the nut at the end of the swage. If the attachment cable does not have swaged clamp screws at each end (double-ended), the unclamped end of the cable must be sintered, welded, or otherwise secured without adhesives to prevent unraveling of the cable. Banding must use two Type 304 or 201 series stainless steel 3/4 inch wide bands and Type 316 stainless steel buckles (clamp screws). De-burr the edges of the bands.

659-2.4.4 Cable Clamp Mechanism: Mast arm mount components used to secure the cable to the saddle must be aluminum or stainless steel and must have a minimum yield strength of 23 ksi and a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 30 ksi in accordance with ASTM B26, ASTM B221, ASTM- B85 or ASTM A240.

659-2.4.5 Support Tube: Support tubes used in mast arm mounting assemblies must be aluminum or stainless steel and must have a minimum yield strength of 25 ksi and a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 30 ksi in accordance with ASTM B221 or ASTM A240. A gusseted hollow design may be used to provide for the routing of necessary wiring. The tube cross-sectional area's principal moments of inertia must average; at a minimum, that of a 1-1/2 inch standard aluminum Schedule 40 pipe and the cross-sectional metal area must not be less than that of a 1-1/2 inch Schedule 40 pipe. The bottom portion of the tube that supports the vertical load of the hanging device must be threaded using National Pipe Thread Taper (NPT), National Pipe Thread Straight (NPS), non-threaded U-bolt secured, or a continuous arm support tube. Threaded support tubes that are fully slotted must have an aluminum insert in the 3/4 inch slot extending a minimum of 1/2 inch beyond the threaded section. To provide easy installation of wiring, the tube must have a minimum 0.562 inch wire entrance slot running the full length of the tube, or either stopping a minimum of 8 inches above the threaded or U-bolt secured end. Edges of slot must be supported with internal gusseting. The tube interior and slot must be free

of sharp edges that may damage wiring. Provide an easily installed and removable UV stabilized seal to completely fill the wire entrance slot after installation.

659-2.4.6 Top Support Arm: The top support arm of the mounting assembly must be of one-piece solid construction, or continuous arm with support tube, and capable of holding the signal head firmly in place. Top support arms must be aluminum with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 30 ksi and minimum yield strength of 18 ksi in accordance with ASTM B26, or be die cast with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 27 ksi and a minimum yield strength of 24 ksi.

A one or two piece top arm is acceptable. For a one piece top arm, use at least two 1/4 inch minimum diameter Type 316 or 304 stainless steel set screws to secure its position on the support tube. When a two-piece top arm is used, hardware required to connect components of the top arm must be 3/8 inch minimum diameter, Type 316 or 304 stainless steel.

The top support arm must have three 1/4 inch - 20 UNC-2B threaded holes to accept bolts for a tri-stud washer and gasket, or at least one imbedded or tapped and locked 5/16 inch - 18 threaded stud within the industry's standard 72 tooth serrated circular design that facilitates 5 degree increment positioning. Provide 0.090 inch thick (minimum) Type 316 or 304 stainless steel washers, nuts, and lock washers for attaching signal heads. A rubber washer, with dimensions similar to the large stainless steel washer, must be provided for traffic signals. When mast arm clamps are used to support illuminated signs with tri-stud arrangements, a rubber washer with dimensions similar to the steel washer must also be used.

659-2.4.7 Bottom Support Arm: The bottom support arm, when not continuous arm with support tube, must be hollow to allow the routing and enclosing of all signal wiring. Bottom support arms must be aluminum with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 30 ksi and minimum yield strength of 18 ksi in accordance with ASTM B26, or be die cast with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 27 ksi and a minimum yield strength of 24 ksi. Plastic bottom arm covers must be constructed of ABS with a UV inhibitor and be strong enough to contain the signal cable in the bottom arm cavity without bending during installation and warping over time.

The end of the bottom support arm that attaches to the support tube must have a 1-1/2 inch steel coupling imbedded and cast directly into the part during the solidification of the aluminum, or a 1-1/2 inch NPT or NPS pipe thread cut directly into the casting. For non-threaded versions, the arm must allow the support tube to sit a minimum of 2 inches into an arm pocket and be secured to the arm with minimum 5/16 -full U-shape U-bolt to distribute the load evenly to the lower arm casting.

The end of the bottom support arm that connects to the signal must have either three equally spaced and plumb imbedded 5/16 inch Type 316 or 304 stainless steel threaded studs located in the center of the 72 tooth serrated circular design, or three 1/4 inch - 20 UNC-2B tapped holes to accept bolts for a tri-stud washer.

659-2.4.7.1 Arms with Steel Coupling: If a threaded steel coupling is imbedded into the casting, the bottom arm must be aluminum alloy ~~319~~535.0-F in accordance with ASTM B26, with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 23 ksi, meeting all standards listed in ASTM B26, including chemical composition listed in Table 1 and material mechanical properties listed in Table 2. The end of the bottom support arm must have at least two 1/4 inch diameter Type 316 or 304 stainless steel set screws to secure its position on the support tube.

659-2.4.7.2 Threaded Arms: If threads are cut directly into the casting, the bottom arm must be aluminum alloy 535.0-F in accordance with ASTM B26, with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 35 ksi and elongation of 9.0% in a two inch section,

meeting all standards listed in ASTM B26, including chemical composition listed in Table 1 and material mechanical properties listed in Table 2. As an alternative, the arm can be die cast in aluminum with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 27 ksi and a minimum yield strength of 24 ksi. The end of the bottom arm must have at least two 1/4 inch minimum diameter Type 316 or 304 stainless steel set screws to secure its position on the support tube.

659-2.4.7.3 Non-threaded Arms: Lower arm must be aluminum 356 having a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 30 ksi and meeting all standards listed in ASTM B26, including chemical composition listed in Table 1 and material mechanical properties listed in Table 2. The arm must have a locator tab to receive the support tube and be secured by a U-bolt.

659-2.4.7.4 Continuous Arm Support Tube: The continuous arm support tube must be of single form construction to support the weight of any combination of signal indicators with all accessories such as backplates and visors. Continuous support tubes must be Type 316 or 304 stainless steel with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 75 ksi and a minimum yield strength of 30 ksi in accordance with ASTM A554, or aluminum with a minimum yield strength of 25 ksi and a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 30 ksi in accordance with ASTM B221.

The continuous arm support tube attachment to the signal head must have a minimum of two 5/16-18 Type 316 or 304 stainless steel bolts, nuts and washers. A rubber seal must be provided between the support tube and signal head.

SUBARTICLE 659-2.5 is deleted and the following substituted:

659-2.5 Span Wire Mounting Assemblies: Span wire mounting assemblies must include a span wire clamp, a hanging device such as a drop pipe, adjustable hanger, or adjustable pivotal hanger with extension bar, messenger clamp, disconnect hanger, and multi-brackets. All adjustable hangers must be designed to withstand 740-~~8~~pounds loading (flexure) and 7400 ~~8~~pounds loading (tension).

659-2.5.1 Span Wire Clamp: Span wire clamps must be aluminum or stainless steel and must have a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 32 ksi and minimum yield strength of 22 ksi in accordance with ASTM B28, ASTM B108, ~~ASTM- B85~~ or ASTM A240.

659-2.5.2 Drop Pipe: Drop pipe hangers must be galvanized 1-1/2 inch steel aluminum having a minimum yield strength of 35 ksi and a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 42 ksi in accordance with ASTM B221 and have NPT on each end for assembly.

659-2.5.3 Aluminum Adjustable Hanger: Aluminum adjustable hangers must be aluminum alloy 535.0-F in accordance with ASTM B26 with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 35 ksi and elongation of 9.0% in a two inch section, meeting the chemical composition listed in Table 1 and material mechanical properties listed in Table 2 in ASTM B26.

659-2.5.4 Stainless Steel Adjustable Hanger: Stainless steel adjustable hangers must be Type 316 or 304 stainless steel with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 75 ksi and a minimum yield strength of 30 ksi in accordance with ASTM A276.

659-2.5.5 Aluminum Adjustable Pivotal Hanger: Aluminum pivotal hangers must be aluminum alloy 535.0-F in accordance with ASTM B26 with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 35 ksi and elongation of 9.0% in a two inch section, meeting the chemical composition listed in Table 1 and material mechanical properties listed in Table 2 in ASTM B26.

659-2.5.6 Stainless Steel Adjustable Pivotal Hanger: Stainless steel pivotal hangers must be either Type 316 or 304 stainless steel with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 75 ksi and a minimum yield strength of 30 ksi in accordance with ASTM A276.

659-2.5.7 Aluminum Extension Bar: Extension bars used to extend the length of the adjustable hanger must be T6061-T6 extrusion aluminum having a minimum yield strength of 35 ksi and a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 42 ksi in accordance with ASTM B221.

659-2.5.8 Stainless Steel Extension Bar: Stainless steel extension bar used to extend the length of adjustable hangers must be Type 316 or 304 stainless steel with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 75 ksi and a minimum yield strength of 30 ksi in accordance with ASTM A276.

659-2.5.9 Disconnect Hanger: ~~Attach signal heads to the disconnect hanger in a manner that removal does not disconnect or disturb the wiring leads terminated inside the signal head assembly.~~ Disconnect hangers must be designed to withstand 740- lb pounds loading (flexure) and 7400- lb pounds loading (tension). The disconnect hanger must be supplied with the following as a minimum:

1. Wired screw type/compression terminal block and wiring rated at 600 V_{AC} Root Mean Square (rms) with 12 or 18 circuits. The terminal block must be easily accessible for connection of the field wiring. Attach the terminal block to the disconnect with Type 316 or 304 stainless steel or brass fastening hardware.

2. Weather resistant grommets in each signal cable entrance of the disconnect hanger to prevent insect and animal access and to protect the signal cable from chafing.

3. A two inch opening in the top of the disconnect hanger with an integral serrated area (or 1-1/2 inch NPT threaded top section) to interface with the hanger method employed above it.

4. A securable door that allows access to all areas of the interior. The door securing device must be Type 316 or 304 stainless steel and captive. Hinge or groove pins for the door must be Type 316, 304, 303, or 302 stainless steel.

659-2.5.10 Multi-Brackets: Top and bottom (multi) brackets used in the assembly of span wire mounted multi-directional signals must be constructed of aluminum having a minimum yield strength of 13 ksi and a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 23 ksi per ASTM B26.

Top brackets must be of one-piece hollow design, with a cross-sectional diameter of at least 1-1/2 inch I.D. for receiving signal wires. The wall thickness must be at least 3/16 inch. Each top bracket (2- way, 3-way, and 4-way) must have a two inch diameter hole (with integral serrated boss as specified above) in the top side of the bracket for receiving a 1-1/2 inch entrance fitting. The underside of the top bracket must have a covered hole of at least three inches in diameter for the installation of the signal wires.

Bottom brackets must be of one-piece solid construction and must hold the signal heads firmly in place.

For the five section cluster configuration, provide 3/8 inch thick Type 316 or 304 stainless steel tri-stud washers and nylock nuts with lock washers to secure the top and lower signal sections of the cluster to the top multi bracket. Washer distortion must not occur after assembly of the five section cluster. Multi-brackets must include all fastening hardware necessary to attach to the signal.

ARTICLE 659-3 is deleted and the following substituted:

659-3 Installation.

Install all mounting assemblies and torque all fastening hardware in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

When connecting the extension bar to the top and bottom parts of the adjustable hanger, use maximum overlap of the two pieces and use a minimum of two bolts to connect the top and bottom portion of the hanger to the extension bar, separated with one hole ~~in~~ between the top and bottom.