SECTION 985 GEOSYNTHETIC MATERIALS

985-1 Description.

Geosynthetic materials are used for nonstructural and structural applications and shall be either geotextiles (woven or non-woven) or geogrids (woven or extruded) that are used for drainage, erosion control, reinforcement, separation or stabilization.

985-2 Materials.

985-2.1 General Requirements: Unless restricted in the Plans or Specifications, the geosynthetic material shall be a woven, non woven or extruded material consisting of long-chain polymeric filaments or yarns such as polypropylene, polyethylene, polyester, polyamides or polyvinylidene chloride formed into a stable network such that the filaments or yarns retain their relative position to each other. The base plastic shall contain stabilizers and/or inhibitors to make the filaments resistant to deterioration due to ultra-violet light, heat exposure and potential chemically damaging environment. The edges of the material shall be selvaged or otherwise finished to prevent the outer yarn from pulling away from the material and shall be free of any treatment which may significantly alter its physical properties.

985-2.2 Physical Requirements: Each geosynthetic material shall be tested by an independent third party in accordance with the following methods as they apply to the specific application type. All testing and reported values, except apparent opening size (AOS), are to be minimum average roll values in the weakest principale direction unless indicated otherwise in this Section. Values for AOS are maximum average roll values.

Geotextile Selection			
In-situ Soil Type or Drainage Application	Class for Type D1, D2, D3 Materials (see Table 1.1)		
< 15% passing a No. 200 Sieve*	a		
15% to 50% passing a No. 200 Sieve*	b		
> 50% passing a No. 200 Sieve*	c		
> 50% passing a No. 200 Sieve* with Plastic Index >7	d		
MSE Joint Cover for Sand Backfill	e		
MSE Joint Cover for Coarse Aggregate or Limerock Backfill	f		
*as per AASHTO T88.			

Table 1.1					
Drainage Geotextiles					
Property/Test	Test Methods and Requirements for Types D-1, D-2 and D-3				
Method	D-1	D-2	D-3		
Minimum Permittivity (Sec - 1) per ASTM D4491	D-1a = 0.7 $D-1b = 0.2$ $D-1c = 0.1$ $D-1d = 0.1$ $D-1e = 0.7$ $D-1f = 1.5$	$\begin{aligned} & \text{D-2a} = 0.7 \\ & \text{D-2b} = 0.2 \\ & \text{D-2c} = 0.1 \\ & \text{D-2d} = 0.1 \\ & \text{D-2e} = 0.7 \\ & \text{D-2f} = 1.5 \end{aligned}$	D-3a = 0.5 $D-3b = 0.2$ $D-3c = 0.1$ $D-3d = 0.1$ $D-3e = 0.7$		
Maximum AOS (US Sieve No.*) per ASTM D4751	D-1a = 40 $D-1b = 60$ $D-1c = 70$ $D-1d = 50$ $D-1e = 70$ $D-1f = 30$	D-2a = 40 $D-2b = 60$ $D-2c = 70$ $D-2d = 50$ $D-2e = 70$ $D-2f = 30$	D-3a = 40 $D-3b = 60$ $D-3c = 70$ $D-3d = 50$ $D-3e = 70$		
Minimum Grab Tensile Strength (lbs) per ASTM D4632	315	Woven Monofilament = 248 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 315 Elongation >50% = 203	Elongation $<50\% = 248$ Elongation $\ge 50\% = 158$		
Mass per Unit Area (oz/sy) per ASTM D5261	Provide Test Result	Provide Test Result	Provide Test Result		
Minimum Puncture Strength (lbs) per ASTM D6241	618	Woven Monofilament = 495 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 618 Elongation ≥50% = 433	Elongation $<50\% = 495$ Elongation $\ge 50\% = 309$		
Minimum Trapezoidal Tear (lbs) per ASTM D4533	113	Woven Monofilament = 57 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 113 Elongation ≥50% = 79	Woven Monofilament = 57 Other Geotextiles: Elongation $<50\% = 90$ Elongation $\ge 50\% = 57$		
Minimum UV Resistance per ASTM D4355 (% Retained Strength)	50% @500 hours	50% @500 hours	50% @500 hours		
Limitations	Woven Monofilament Geotextiles only	Woven Geotextiles only. No Slit Film Geotextiles allowed.	No Slit Film Geotextiles allowed.		

		Table 1.1	
Drainage Geotextiles			
Test Methods and Requirements for Types D-1, D-2 and D-3			
Property/Test D-1 D-2 D-3			
*Equivalent opening sizes in millimaters per ASTM E11 are as follows: No. 30 sieve = 0.600. No. 40 sieve = 0.425			

*Equivalent opening sizes in millimeters per ASTM E11 are as follows: No. 30 sieve = 0.600, No. 40 sieve = 0.425, No. 50 sieve = 0.300, No. 60 sieve = 0.250, No. 70 sieve = 0.212

Table 1.2			
Test Methods and Requirements for Drainage Geotextiles			
Types D-4 and D-5			
Property/Test Method	D-4	D-5	
Minimum Permittivity (Sec ⁻¹) per ASTM D4491	0.5	0.5	
Maximum AOS (US Sieve No.) per ASTM D4751	40	70	
Minimum Grab Tensile Strength (lbs) per ASTM D4632	180	90	
Mass per Unit Area (oz/sy) per ASTM D5261	Provide Test	Provide Test	
Mass per Offit Area (02/sy) per ASTM D3201	Result	Result	
Minimum Puncture Strength (lbs) per ASTM D6241	223	223	
Minimum Trapezoidal Tear (lbs) per ASTM D4533	35	40	
Minimum UV Resistance per ASTM D4355	50% @500 hours	50% @ 500 hours	
(% Retained Strength)			

Table 2					
Test Methods and Requirements for Erosion Control Materials					
Property/Test Method	E-1	E-2	E-3	E-4	E-5
Permittivity (Sec ⁻¹)	0.05	0.05			
per ASTM D4491	0.03	0.03			
Grab Tensile Strength	90	90			
(lbs) per ASTM D4632	90	90			
Minimum UV Resistance	80%	80%	80% @500 hours		
per ASTM D4355	@500 hours	@150 hours			ırs
(% Retained Strength)	@ 500 flours	@ 150 Hours			
Wide Width Tensile					
Strength **(lbs/inft)			11.4 x	22.8 x	45.7 x
per ASTM D6818 <u>or</u>			5.7 <u>135x70</u>	11.4 275x135	22.8550x275
<u>D5035</u>					
Filtration Efficiency (%)	75% and min.				
per ASTM D5141	flow rate of				
per ASTM D3141	0.3 gal/sf/min				
Design Shear***			<u>≥</u> 2.1 psf	<u>≥</u> 3.6 psf	<u>≥</u> 5.0 psf

^{**} Wide Width Tensile Strength is expressed in units of measure of lbs/in, in machine direction and cross direction as MD x CD.

*** Design Shear limits for Erosion mats must be determined by 30 minutes sustained flow in an unvegetated state as determined by tests performed by Utah State University, Texas Transportation Institute or an independent testing laboratory approved by the State Drainage Engineer.

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Property/Test Method	Structural Application Type	or Structural Geosynthe Test Methods for Woven Geotextiles	Test Methods for Woven or Extruded Geogrids	
Permittivity (sec ⁻¹)	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	ASTM D4491		
UV Stability (Min Retained Strength @500 hr)	R - 3	ASTM D4355	ASTM D4355	
Puncture Strength (lbs)	R - 5	ASTM D6241		
Grab Strength (lbs)	R - 5	ASTM D4632		
Opening Size	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	AOS (US Sieve No.) ASTM D4751	Aperture Size (in x in)	
Tensile Strength (lbs/ft)				
Machine Direction Ultimate, (Tult)				
2% Strain	R - 1, 3			
5% Strain	R - 2, 3, 4, 5			
10% Strain	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5			
Cross Direction Ultimate		ASTM D4595	ASTM D6637	
2% Strain	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5			
5% Strain	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5			
10% Strain	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5			
Strain @ Ultimate Tensile Strength	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5			
Tear Strength (lbs)				
Machine Direction	R - 5	ASTM D4533		
Cross Direction	R - 5			
Soil-Geosynthetic Friction	R - 1, 2, 3	ASTM D6706	ASTM D6706	
Creep Resistance-T _{creep} (lbs/ft)	R - 2, 3,-4	ASTM D5262	ASTM D5262	
Creep Reduction Factor (T _{ult} /T _{creep})	R - 2, 3,-4			
Installation Damage (RF _{ID})				
Sand	R - 2, 3, 4	AASHTO R69	AASHTO R69	
Limestone	R - 2, 3, 4			
Durability (RF _D)				
Chemical	R - 2, 3, 4	AASHTO R69	AASHTO R69	
Biological	R - 2, 3, 4	AASHTO R69	AASHTO R69	
Joint Strength (RF	y ·	CDI CTT	CDI	
Mechanical	R - 2, 3	GRI: GT7	GRI:	

Table 3				
Test Methods an	d Requirements f	or Structural Geosynthe	tics	
	Structural	Test Methods for	Test Methods for	
Property/Test Method	Application	Woven Geotextiles	Woven or Extruded	
	Type		Geogrids	
			GG4(a) & GG4(b)	
Sewn	R - 2, 3	ASTM D4884		

985-2.3 Overlaps and Seams: Overlaps shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations unless specified otherwise in the Contract Documents for a particular application. To reduce overlaps, the geosynthetic material may be sewn together in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Sew the seams with thread meeting the chemical requirements and minimum seam strength requirements in Tables 1.1, 1.2 and 3.

985-2.4 Packaging and Labeling: Geosynthetics shall be packaged in a protective covering sufficient to protect the material from temperatures greater than 140 F, sunlight, dirt, and other debris during shipment and storage. The manufacturer's name, product name, style number, roll dimensions and LOT numbers must be clearly labeled on all packaging.

985-3 Product Acceptance and Certification.

985-3.1 Product Acceptance: All geosynthetic materials shall be one of the products listed on the Department's Approved Product List (APL). Manufacturers seeking evaluation of products must submit an application in accordance with Section 6 and include independently certified test reports that the material meets the physical requirements of this Section. Products will be listed on the APL according to geosynthetic application type. For products with limited APL approvals, installations and design alternatives must not rely on the limitation. Structural geosynthetics are listed with property values.

985-3.2 Certification: The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a <u>current</u> certification from the manufacturer confirming that the material meets the requirements of this Section and is appropriate for the intended use. The <u>manufacturerContractor</u> shall also provide two 8 inch by 10 inch samples of the geosynthetic material for product identification. The manufacturer's certification shall be attested to <u>within the past one year</u> by a person having legal authority to bind the manufacturing company.

The manufacturer shall maintain test records as required by this Specification and these records shall be made available to the Department upon request.

985-4 Applications.

985-4.1 Nonstructural:

985-4.1.1 Drainage: Select geotextile materials that meet the required permeability and AOS based on test results on the soil or fill adjacent to the geotextile for gradation. Materials for drainage applications must be tested in accordance with and meet the physical requirements in 985-2.2, Table 1.1.

	Drainage Applications	
Geotextile Type	Description	Design-Standard Plans Index-No.

Drainage Applications			
Geotextile Type	Description	Design-Standard Plans Index-No.	
	Revetment (Special)		
D-1	Rock, Rubble without bedding stone		
	Ditch Pavement (Rubble Riprap) without bedding stone	281 <u>524-001</u>	
	Revetment (Standard)		
	Articulating Block		
	Gabions	281 <u>524-001</u>	
D-2	Rock, Rubble, and Broken Concrete with bedding stone		
	Ditch Pavement (Rubble Riprap) with bedding stone	281 <u>524-001</u>	
	Joint Cover for Mechanically Stabilized Retaining Wall		
	Supporting Spread Footing Foundations		
	Underdrain	286 440-001	
	French Drain	285 443-001	
D-3	Sheet Piling Filter		
D-3	Filter Fabric Jacket (Culvert)	280 430-001	
	Concrete Pavement Subdrainage	287 446-001	
	Joint Cover for Mechanically Stabilized Retaining Wall		
D-4	Slope Pavement		
<i>D</i> -4	Ditch Pavement (Sand-Cement Riprap or Concrete)	281 <u>524-001</u>	
D-5	Separation Geotextile		
ט-ט	Cast-In-Place Retaining Wall		

985-4.1.2 Erosion Control: Materials used for erosion control applications must be tested in accordance with and meet the physical requirements in 985-2.2, Table 2.

Erosion Control Applications			
Type	Description		
E-1	Staked Silt Fence		
E-2	Wind Screen		
E-3	Plastic Erosion Mat (Turf Reinforcement Mat) (Type 1)		
E-4	Plastic Erosion Mat (Turf Reinforcement Mat) (Type 2)		
E-5	Plastic Erosion Mat (Turf Reinforcement Mat) (Type 3)		

985-4.2 Structural:

985-4.2.1 Reinforcement, Separation and Stabilization: Materials for reinforcement, separation and stabilization applications must be tested in accordance with and meet the physical requirements in 985-2.2, Table 3. <u>The ultimate tensile strength of all R-1 materials must be at least 4800 pounds per foot in both the machine and cross machine directions.</u>

(REV 1-8-18) (FA 1-9-18) (7-18) includes 9850202, DgnStds2StdPlans

Reinforcement, Separation and Stabilization Applications		
Type	Description	
R-1	Geosynthetic Reinforced Soil (GRS-IBS)	
R-2	Reinforcement of Foundations over Soft Soils	
R-3	Steepened Reinforced Soil Slopes	
R-4	Reinforced Embankment	
R-5	Construction Expedient	