

# **BED Two 28 977-01**

## **Using the PENCEL PMT to Evaluate Shallow Foundations at Florida's Fine Sand Sites**

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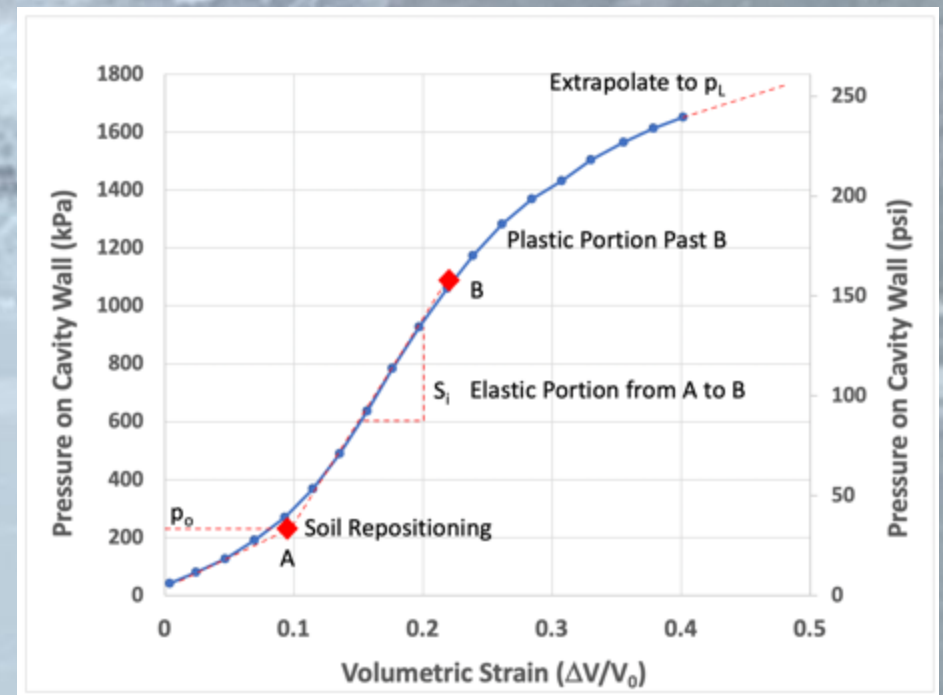
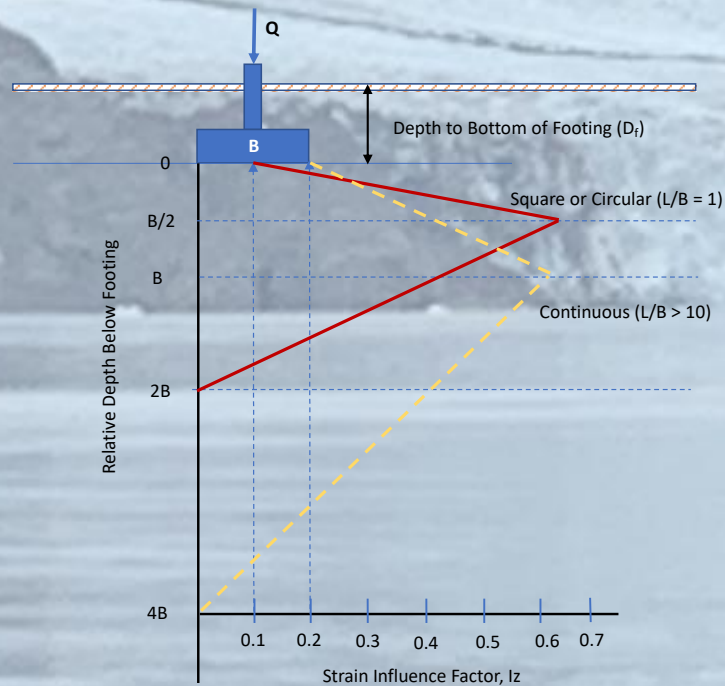
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# FDOT GRIP 2023 Meeting Outline

1. Introduction & Overview
2. Objective
3. Task Results to Date
  1. Literature- Completed
  2. SMO Testing – Completed
  3. *Site Selection, Site Visits, and Procurement of Site Data – In Progress*
  4. *PPMT, CPT, DMT, SPT, and Field Plate Load Testing – In Progress*
  5. *Analyzing the Modulus Effects on Foundation Settlement and Bearing Capacity – In Progress*
  6. Extrapolation of Design Procedure Data with Design Flow Chart using Florida Site Conditions
  7. Draft Final Report and Closeout Teleconference
  8. Final Report
4. Project Timeline
5. Closing Slide

# Introduction

- When Shallow Foundations are used, the zone of soil affected is typically within the top 25 to 25 feet.
- PENCEL PMT stress-strain curve components are easy to interpret and use in footing designs



# Introduction (Cont.)

- 🐼 FHWA reports a 50 to 65 % cost savings when shallow footings replace deep foundations.
- 🐼 Geotechnical Engineering Consultants using PENCEL Pressuremeter data saved clients hundreds of thousands of dollars.
- 🐼 \$4.5 million dollars saved during the construction of a 15-story hospital in Jacksonville, Florida.
- 🐼 The instrumentation and software developed from *BD-658 Standardizing the Pressuremeter Test for Determining p-y Curves for Laterally Loaded Piles* has resulted in the significant increase in its use and has resulted in an estimated ½ billion dollars in savings.
- 🐼 Results will be incorporated into FDOT's Soils and Foundations Handbook.

# Overview

- 🦖 Data from this work will be added to the existing data used in Briaud's 2007 Settlement of Sands prediction method.
- 🦖 New PPMT data will be compared to existing PMT data and determine its affect on the Briaud 2007 settlement prediction method.
- 🦖 Potential pile foundation sites will be re-evaluated using digital PENCEL PMT data to determine if they would enable shallow footings to be used.
- 🦖 The research report will contain specific guidelines/ recommendations for consulting engineers to follow when using PMT data to design shallow footings.

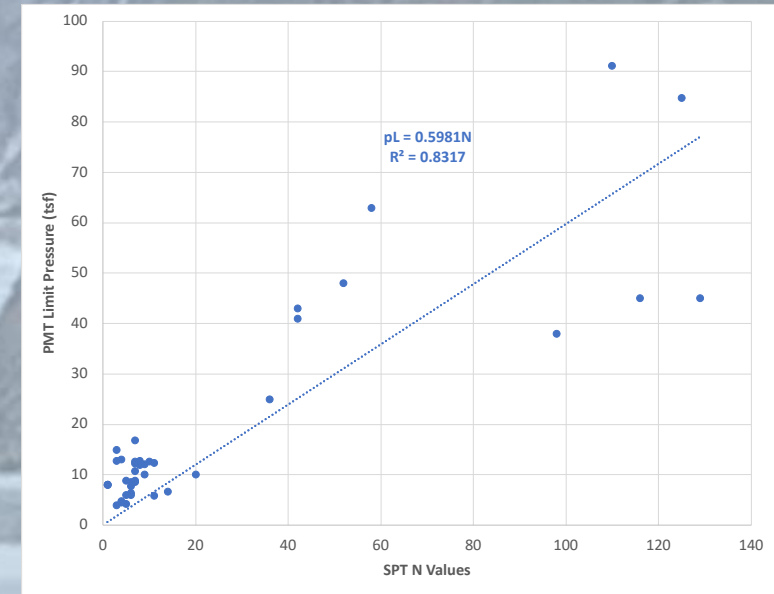
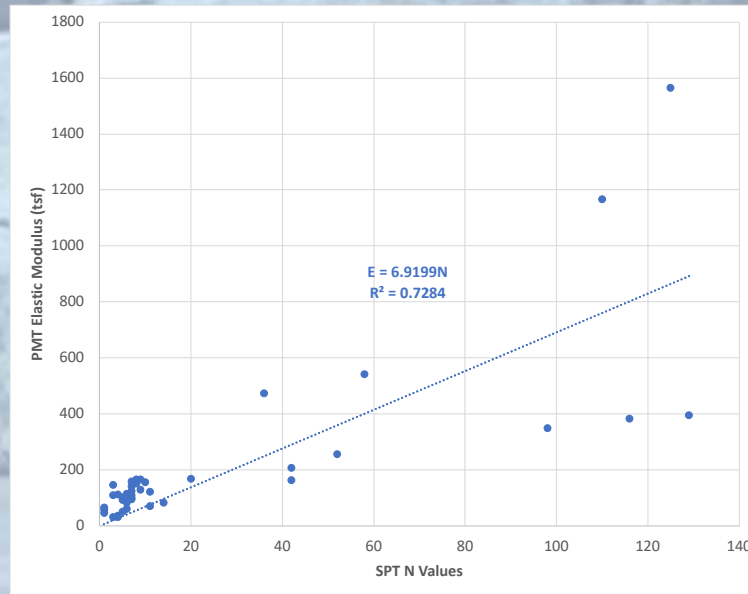
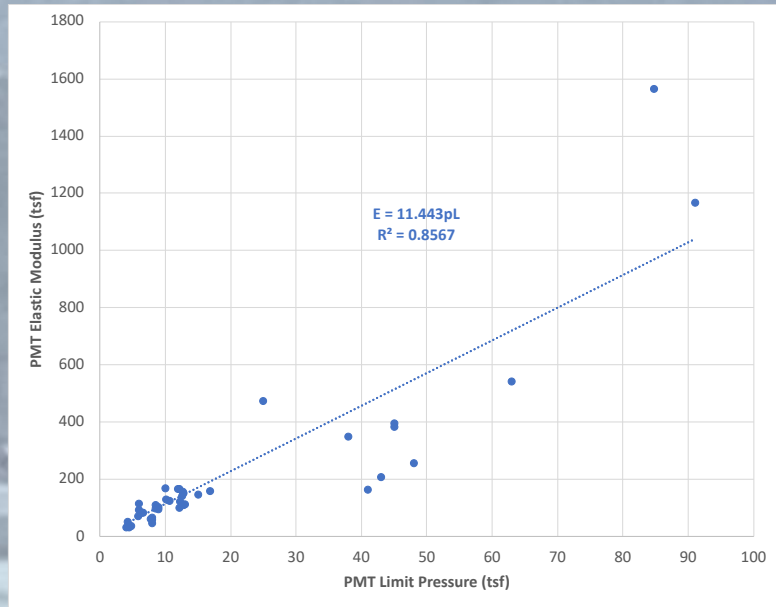
# Objective

 To improve the confidence that geotechnical engineers would have in using PENCEL PMT data to safely design shallow footings placed on Florida fine sands.

# Overview of Literature and Historical Review

- 🦜 Engineers now use pressuremeter testing for more applications
  - 🦜 Traditional uses were for lateral loads on structures
  - 🦜 High-quality PMT stress-strain data gives engineers confidence to use it in other areas especially for shallow footings
- 🦜 Methods to predict elastic moduli and settlement of sands were reviewed indicating
  - 🦜 Several PMT elastic moduli approaches are available
  - 🦜 DMT elastic moduli approaches to predict both bearing capacity and settlement are available
  - 🦜 CPT correlations between  $q_c$  and elastic moduli are used
  - 🦜 SPT Correlation to elastic moduli are available
- 🦜 Case Histories from Chicago, Virginia and Florida were reviewed
- 🦜 Several Correlations were reviewed

# Overview of Literature and Historical Review (cont.)



*Comparing PMT Elastic Moduli and Limit Pressures in Overconsolidated Residual Soils*

*Comparing N Values to PMT Elastic Moduli in Overconsolidated Residual Soils*

*Comparing N Values to PMT Limit Pressures in Overconsolidated Residual Soils*



# SMO Testing- In situ tests to determine E

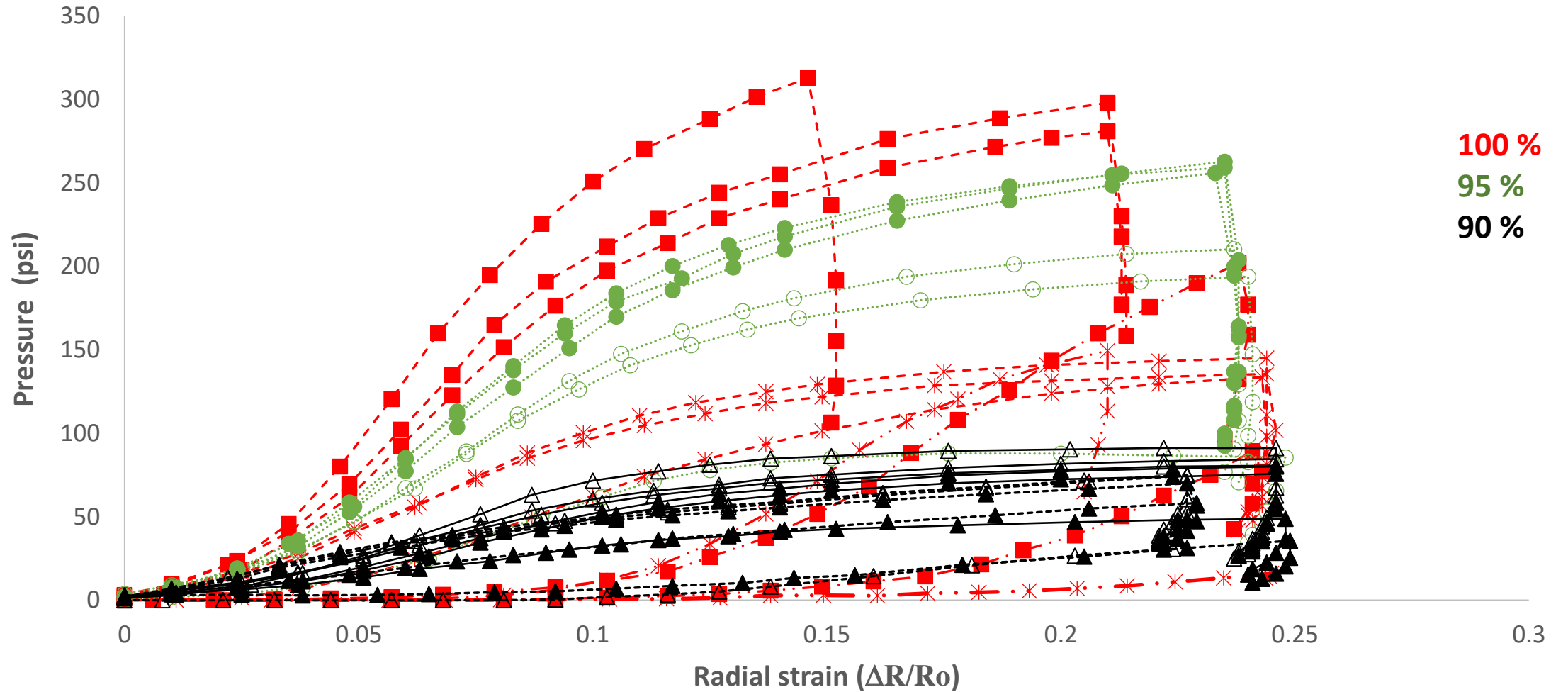
- Both Indoor SMO Pits used
  - Compacted to about 5 ½ feet
- Two SP sands
  - Starvation Hill Pit- LBR =32*
  - Osteen Pit- LBR= 20*
- NDG-to ensure uniform compaction
  - 90, 95, 100 % Modified Proctor Densities
- PPMT-mostly pushed
- CPT
- DMT
- Plate Loading



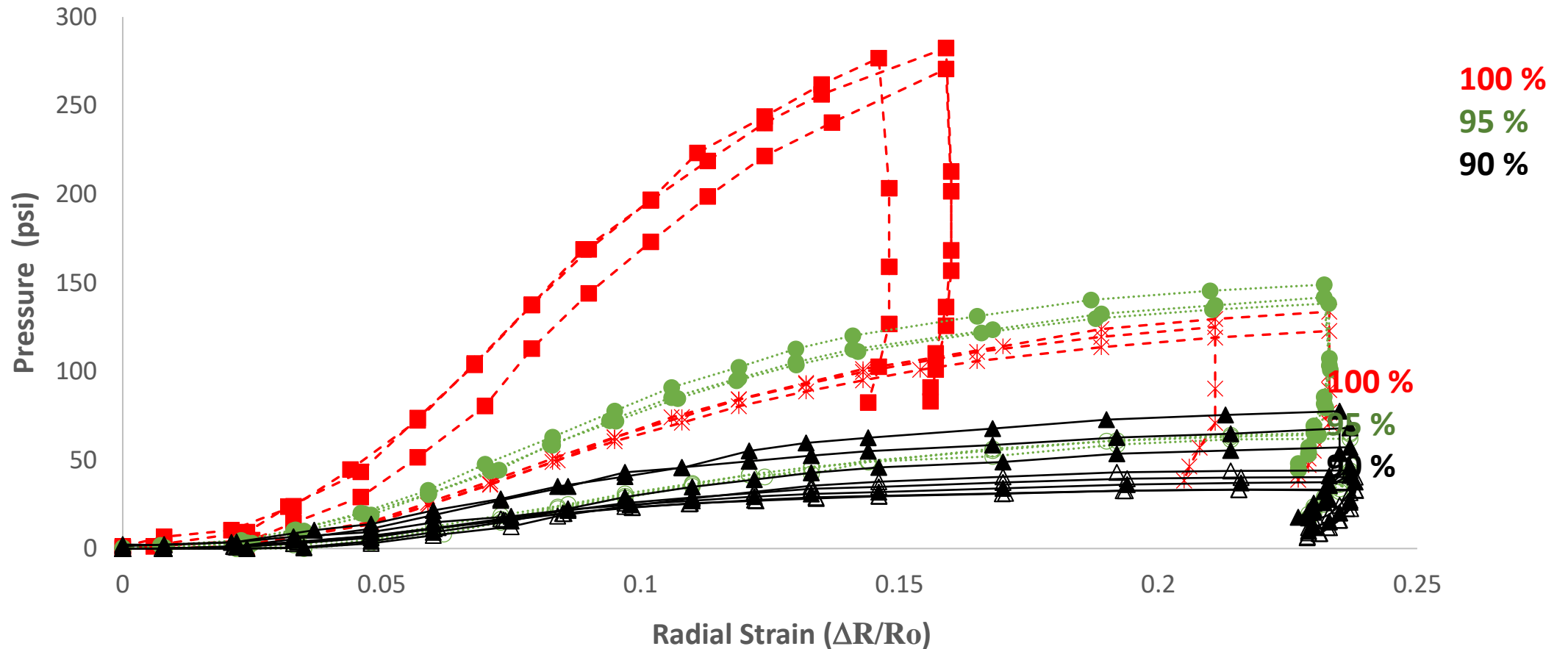
## Summary of SMO Test Pit Testing

Site	PPMT Tests	CPT Soundings	DMT Tests	Plate Tests
SMO Starvation Hill 90 %	18	3	12	3
SMO Starvation Hill 95 %	6	3	12	3
SMO Starvation Hill 100 %	10	3	12	3
<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>34</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>36</i>	<i>9</i>
SMO Osteen 90 %	8	3	9	4
SMO Osteen 95 %	6	3	9	5
SMO Osteen 100 %	6	3	9	3
<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>27</i>	<i>12</i>
<b>Total</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>21</b>

# Starvation Hill PPMT Results



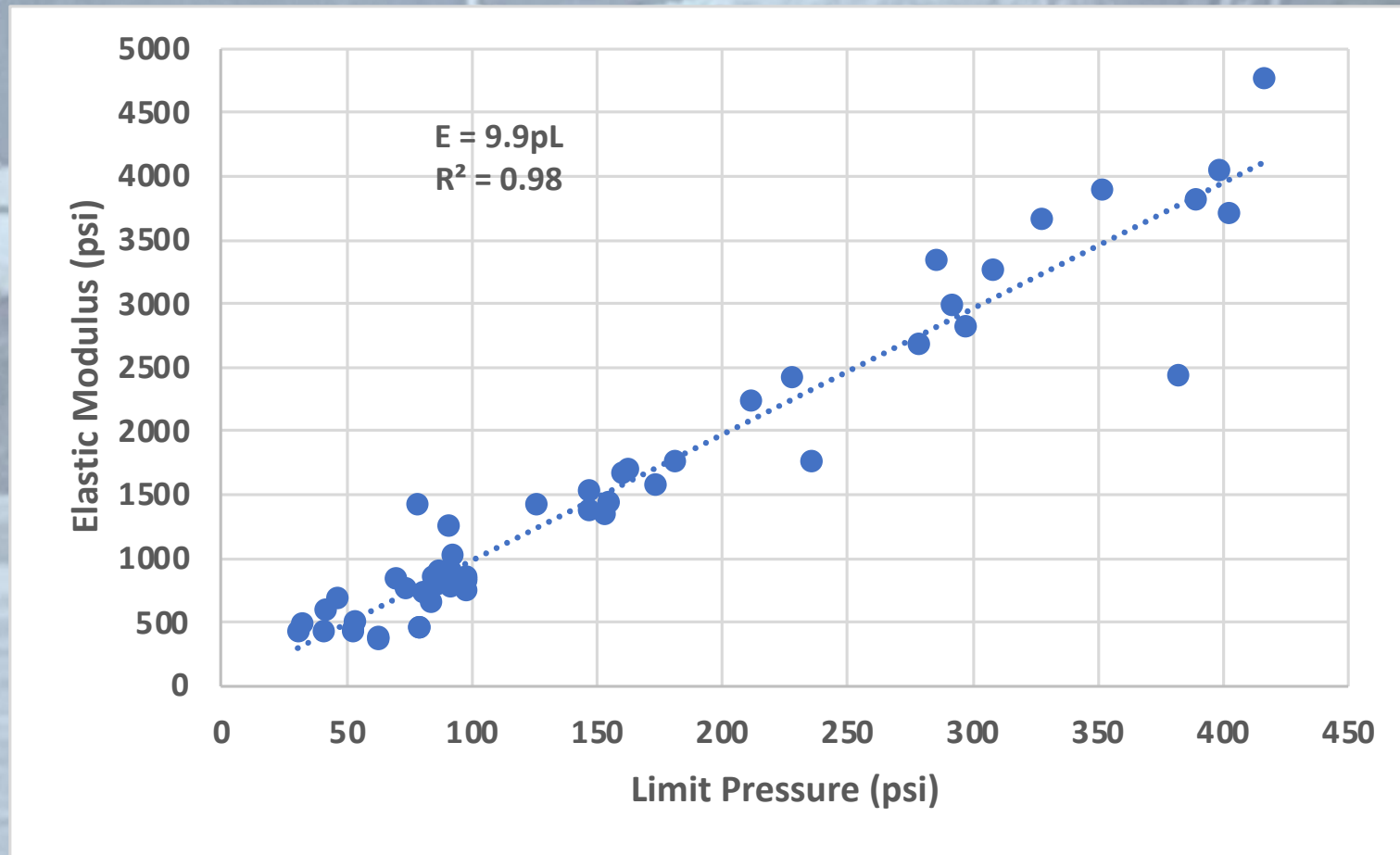
# Osteen PPMT Results



# Both Pits SMO PPMT Results

54 tests

SP Sands

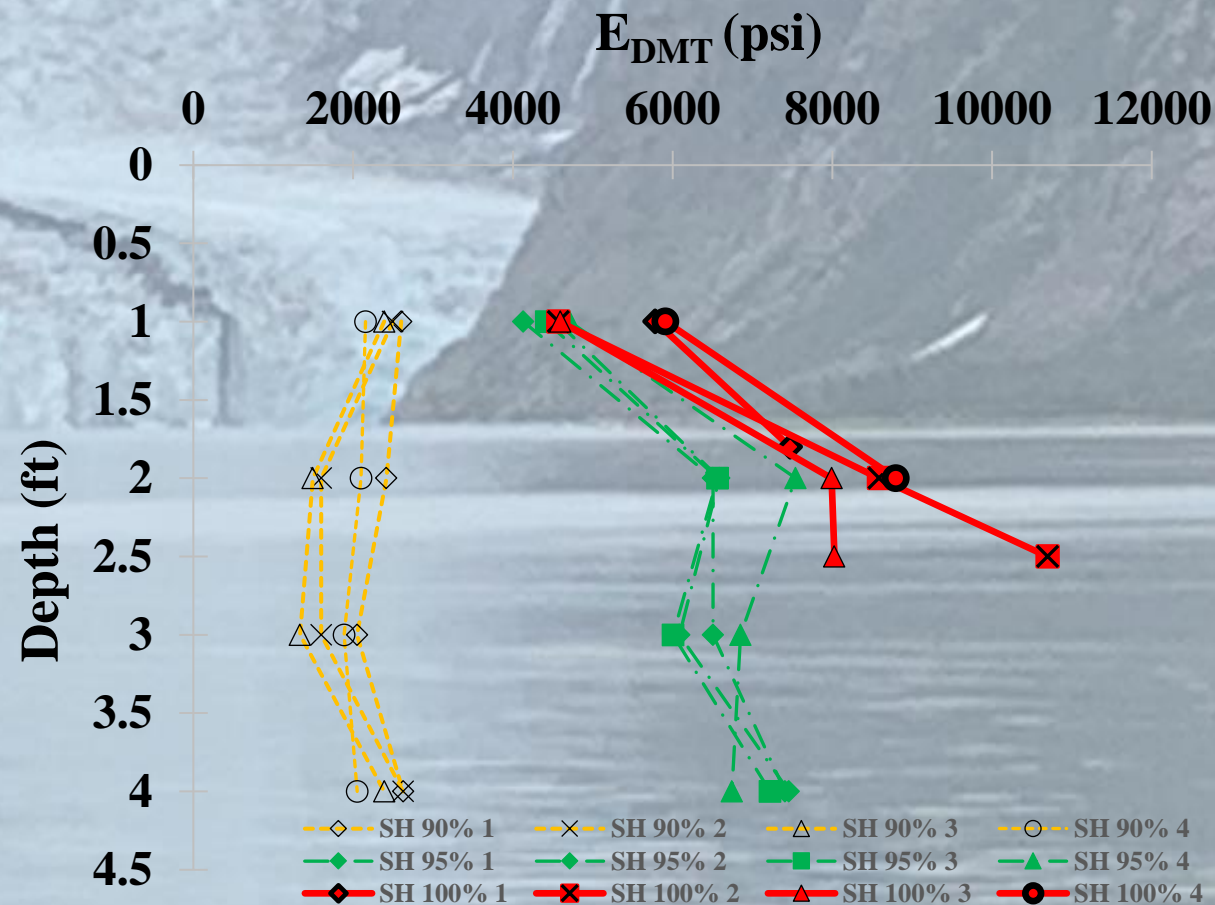
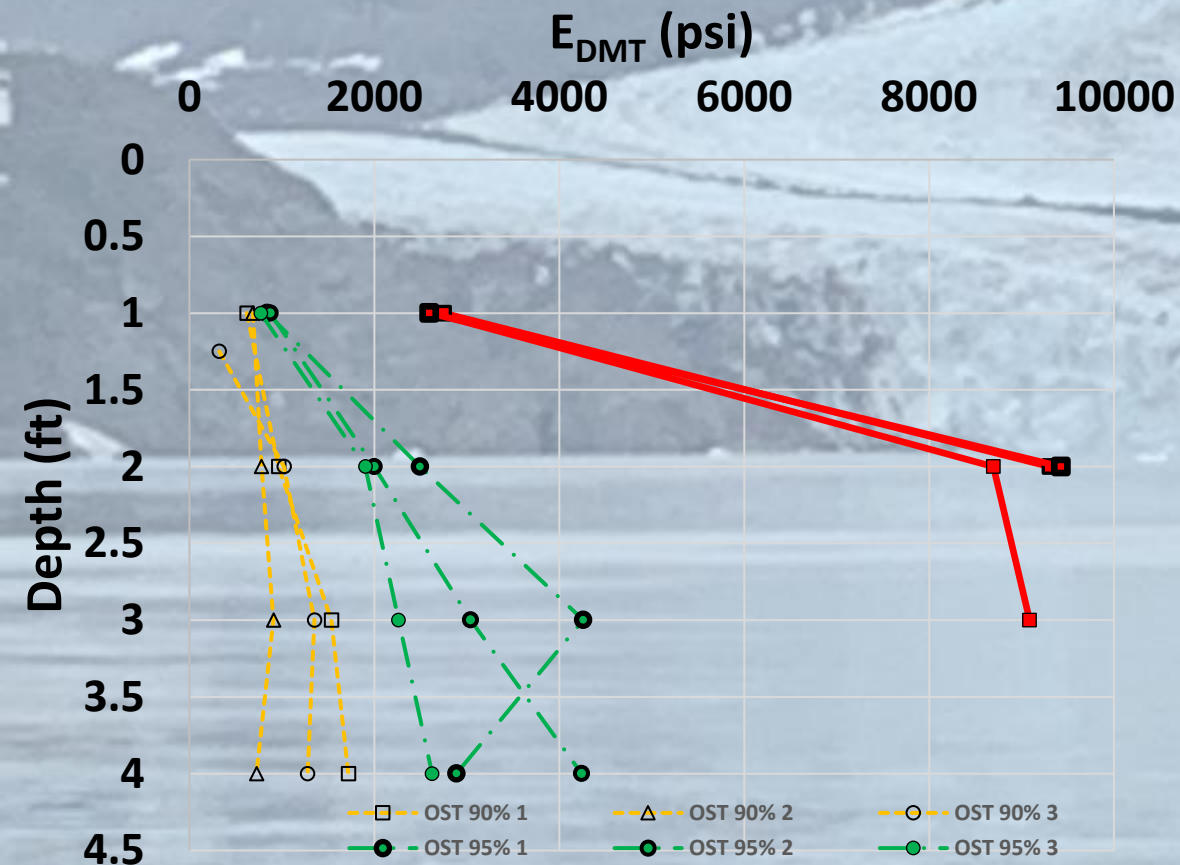


***Results indicate PPMT tests produce reliable data!***

# DMT Results

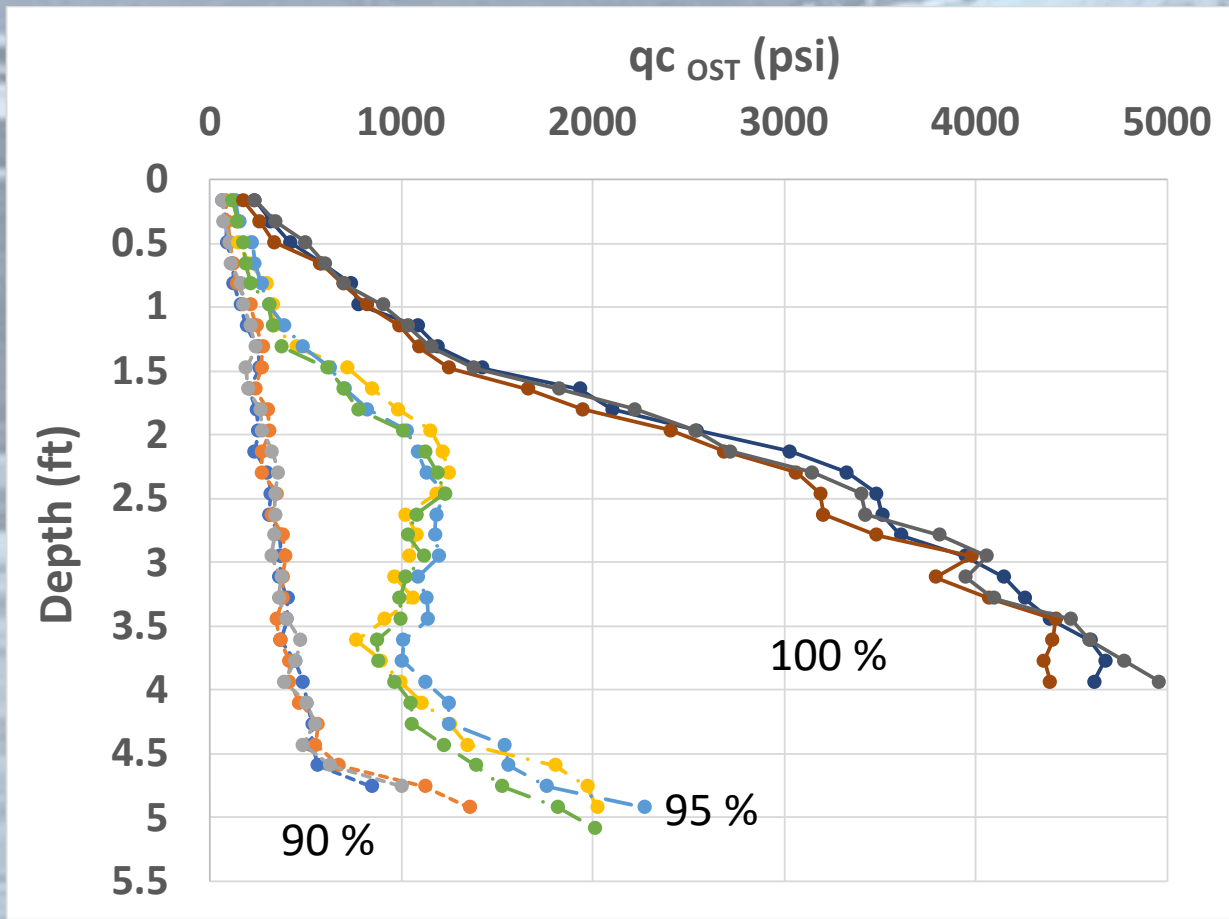
## Osteen Pit

## Starvation Hill Pit

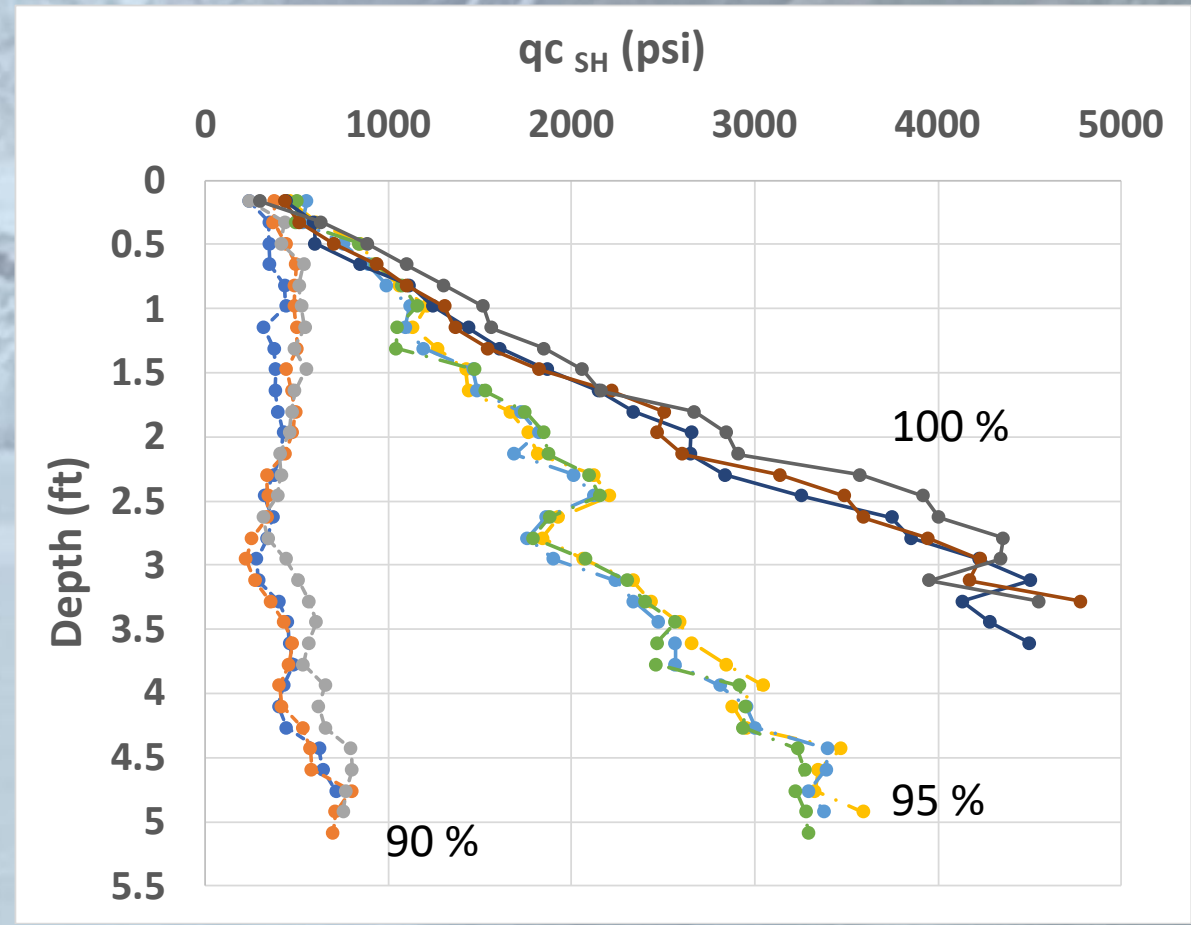


# CPT Results

## Osteen Pit



## Starvation Hill Pit







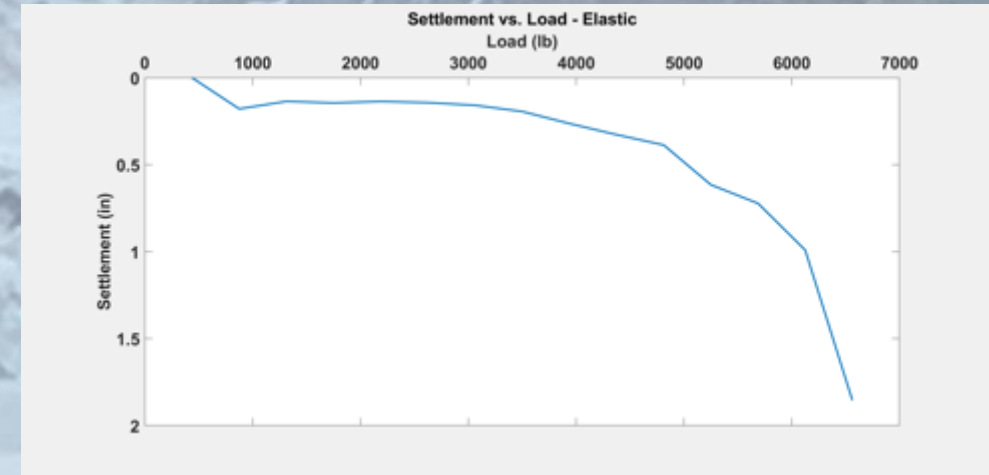
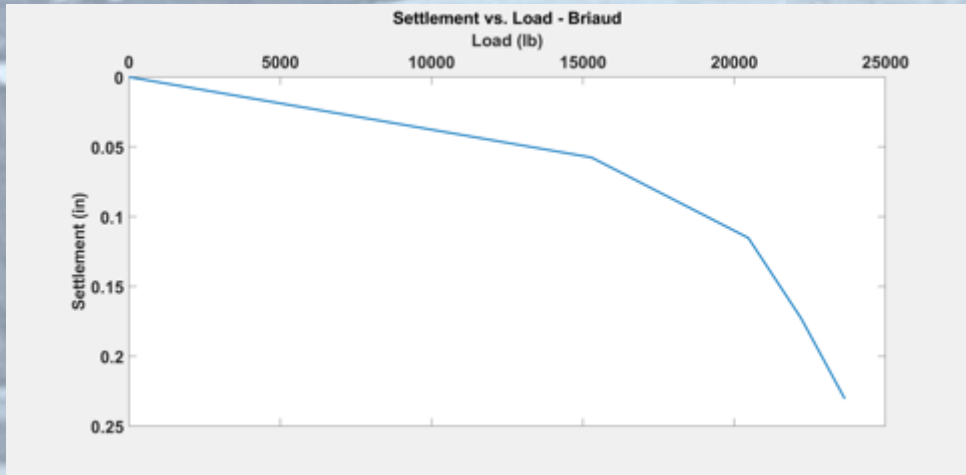
# Test Pits Correlations

Starvation Hill											
% Compaction	Ratios	Depth (ft)									
		0 - 0.5	0.5 - 1	1 - 1.5	1.5 - 2	2 - 2.5	2.5 - 3	3 - 3.5	3.5 - 4	4 - 4.5	4.5 - 5
90%	$E_{PMT}/qc$	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
	$E_{DMT}/qc$	6	5	4	5	5	6	5	4	4	3
	$qc/pL$	4	5	6	6	5	4	5	6	7	9
95%	$E_{PMT}/qc$	4	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
	$E_{DMT}/qc$	9	6	5	4	3	3	3	2	2	2
	$qc/pL$	3	5	6	8	10	10	11	13	15	16
100%	$E_{PMT}/qc$	5	3	2	1	1	1	1			
	$E_{DMT}/qc$	13	7	4	3	2	2	2			
	$qc/pL$	2	4	6	8	11	14	16			

Osteen											
% Compaction	Ratios	Depth (ft)									
		0 - 0.5	0.5 - 1	1 - 1.5	1.5 - 2	2 - 2.5	2.5 - 3	3 - 3.5	3.5 - 4	4 - 4.5	4.5 - 5
90%	$E_{PMT}/qc$	8	5	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1
	$E_{DMT}/qc$	12	7	5	4	3	3	3	2	2	1
	$qc/pL$	2	3	4	5	6	6	7	8	9	15
95%	$E_{PMT}/qc$	8	5	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	$E_{DMT}/qc$	16	10	5	3	2	2	2	2	2	1
	$qc/pL$	1	2	4	7	9	9	8	8	10	14
100%	$E_{PMT}/qc$	8	4	2	1	1	1	1			
	$E_{DMT}/qc$	20	10	6	3	2	2	2			
	$qc/pL$	1	2	4	7	11	13	16			

# Comparing Settlements based on plate loading tests

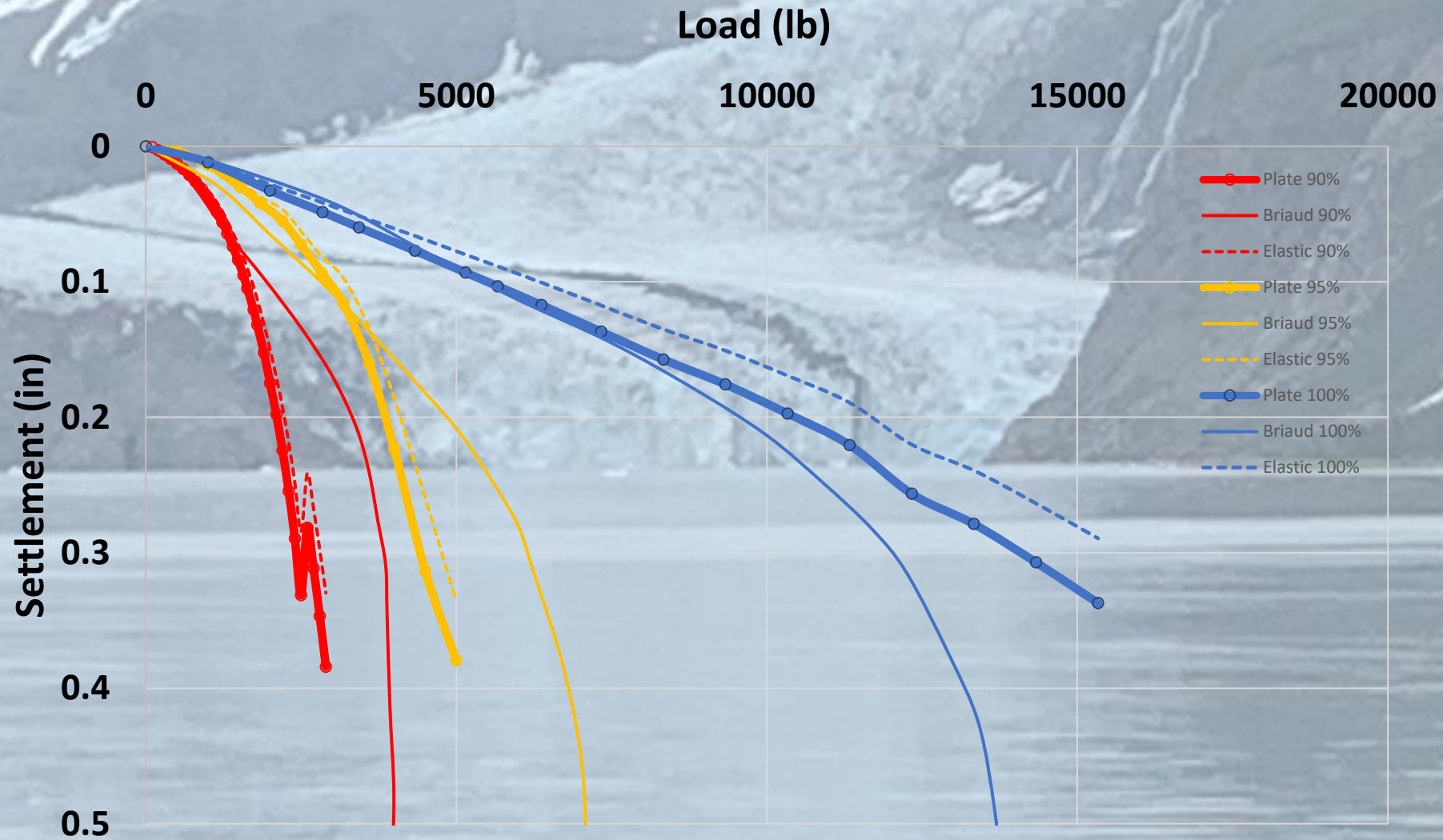
- Predicted settlements – Briaud 2007, Elastic settlement eq. using PMT data



- Actual settlement – plate data



# Osteen Settlement – Ave. Plate vs. PPMT



# Kingsley-Outdoor Testing

Type of Test		Depth (ft)	No of tests Conducted	Remark
PMT		3 to 21	21	Tests @ 3' intervals
SSMini PMT	12"	0.6	1	Additional tests to be conducted
	10"	0.52	1	Additional tests to be conducted
	8"	0.44	0	Tests will be conducted
	6"	0.35	0	Tests will be conducted
Plate Load		Surface	3	12-inch plates
DMT		1 to 21	63	Three Soundings with tests @ 1' interval
CPT		1 to 21	3	Three Soundings with Continuous Testing



# Schedule of Tasks

Task No	Description	Months																							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
N/A	Project Kick-off Meeting	4 2022																							
1	Literature Review and Historical Evaluations Concerning Settlement of Sands	4 2022	5 2022	6 2022	7 2022	8 2022	9 2022																		
2	PPMT and Plate Bearing Test Pit Evaluations of Fine Sands		5 2022	6 2022	7 2022	8 2022	9 2022	10 2022	11 2022	12 2022	1 2023	2 2023	3 2023	4 2023											
3	Site Selection, Site Visits, and Procurement of Site Data:		5 2022	6 2022	7 2022	8 2022	9 2022	10 2022																	
4	PPMT, CPT, DMT, SPT, and Field Plate Load Testing						9 2022	10 2022	11 2022	12 2022	1 2023	2 2023	3 2023	4 2023	5 2023	6 2023	7 2023	8 2023	9 2023						
5	Analyzing the Modulus Effects on Foundation Settlement and Bearing Capacity												3 2023	4 2023	5 2023	6 2023	7 2023	8 2023	9 2023	10 2023	11 2023	12 2023			
6	Extrapolation of Design Procedure Data with Design Flow Chart using Florida Site Conditions											2 2023	3 2023	4 2023	5 2023	6 2023	7 2023	8 2023	9 2023	10 2023	11 2023				
7	Draft Final Report and Closeout Teleconference														5 2023	6 2023	7 2023	8 2023	9 2023	10 2023	11 2023	12 2023			
8	Final Report																					12 2023	1 2024	2 2024	3 2024

# Summary

- 🐼 Both SP Sands were prepared to very high QC standards
- 🐼 PPMT, DMT, CPT and Plate Testing successfully completed
- 🐼 PPMT Moduli and Limit Pressures are related in SP sands
- 🐼 PPMT and DMT Moduli relate to CPT Tip Resistance
- 🐼 PPMT limit pressures relate to CPT Tip Resistance
- 🐼  $E_{PMT}$  and  $E_{DMT}$  to  $q_c$  ratios consistent with depth
- 🐼  $q_c$  to  $p_L$  ratios increased with depth

# Closing Time

*The lives we touch are our most important gift!*







**Questions?**