Sample Security Plan

XXXX Example Office

XXXX Example Application (DEA)

VERSION: 8.3 REVISION DATE: August 15, 2022

Instructions:

This is a SAMPLE template of the XXXX System Security Plan.

- To request a new System Security Plan to be initiated, please email the <u>Information Security</u> <u>Office</u>. Please include the following information in this initial request: System Name and Acronym; Technology Proposal Number and ROADS ID number (if applicable). Names of the System Owner, System Developer, Project Manager and Functional Application Coordinator.
- For vendor access to the System Security Plan, please contact either the Project Manager or the <u>Information Security Office</u>.Upon request, we are able provide a copy of the system security plan document via XXXX secure file transfer.

Approval of the Security Plan indicates an understanding of the purpose and content described in this document, based on my areas of responsibility as listed in Section 8: Roles and Responsibilities.

Approver Name	Title	Signature	Date
System Owner	System Owner		
Functional Coordinator	Functional Coordinator		
Project Manager	Project Manager		
System Security Coordinator	System Security Coordinator		
Information Security Manager	Information Security Manager		

Approval Type	Description	Date
Plan Accepted	The Information Security Management Office (ISMO) has reviewed the Security Plan and approves the planned Security Design. The Project Team may move forward with development, purchase or configuration efforts for the System. Should the Security Design of the system change, the Security Plan must be updated and submitted for re-review.	
Vulnerability Assessment	The ISMO has completed vulnerability scans of the information technology components involved in this project. All vulnerabilities have been (1) addressed within acceptable limits or (2) accepted and documented as a risk to the project.	
Final Approval	The System has been developed and is ready for production. If the System goes through a major	

updated and approved.	modification or update, then the Security Plan has to be updated and approved.
-----------------------	--

Table of Contents

Table of Contents	2
Section 1 Purpose and Handling of the Security Plan Document	4
Section 2 System Overview	5
Section 2.1 System Description	5
Section 2.2 System Technical Details	6
Section 2.3 System Scope	6
Section 2.4 System Operational Status	6
Section 2.5 System Type	7
Section 2.6 Web Presence	7
Section 2.7 System Automated Email	7
Section 2.8 Digital Certificates and Electronic Signatures [Link to definition]	8
Section 3 Authentication and Authorization Risk Analysis	8
Section 3.1 System Roles and System Access Requests	8
Section 3.2 Authentication Method	9
Section 3.3 Authentication Details	10
Section 3.4 Security Profile Diagram	11
Section 4 Configuration Risk Analysis	12
Section 4.1 Graphical User Interface	12
Section 4.2 Generic and/or Service Accounts	12
Section 4.3 Development Environment	12
Section 4.4 Application Programming Interfaces (API) - Consumption	13
Section 4.5 Application Programming Interfaces (API) – Hosted API	13
Section 4.6 System Dependencies	13
Section 4.7 Port Settings	14
Section 4.8 Specialty Hardware	14
Section 4.9 Patch Management, Software Updates and Firmware Upgrades	14
Section 4.10 Physical Security	15
Section 4.11 Cloud Environment	15
Section 4.12 Securing Vendor Provided Systems	16
Section 5 Data Risk Analysis	17
Section 5.1 Database Information	17
Section 5.2 External User Data Entry	17

Section 5.3 Specialized Reporting	17
Section 5.4 Data Encryption	17
Section 5.5 Electronic Document Storage	18
Section 5.6 Confidential or Sensitive Information and Personally Identifiable Information (PII)	18
Section 5.7 Credit Card Processing	19
Section 6 Critical Resources	20
Section 6.1 System Criticality Status	20
Section 6.2 Events, Logs, and/or Transaction History	20
Section 6.3 Backup and Recovery	21
Section 6.4 Record Retention	21
Section 7 Federal Information Processing Standards 199 Potential Impact Categorization	22
Section 7.1 Identifying Information Types	22
Section 7.2 Confidentiality Potential Impact	23
Section 7.3 Integrity Potential Impact	24
Section 7.4 Availability Potential Impact	25
Section 7.5 Potential Impact Table	25
Section 8 Roles and Responsibilities	26
Section 8.1 System Owner	26
Section 8.2 System Security Coordinator	26
Section 8.3 Functional Coordinator (FC)	27
Section 8.4 Enterprise Data Steward	27
Section 8.5 ISA System Administrator	28
Section 9 XXXX Policies and Procedures	28
Section 10 Document Revision History	29
Section 11 References	29
Section 12 Vulnerability Assessment	30
Section 13 Appendices	31
Appendix A: Definitions and Standards	31

Section 1 Purpose and Handling of the Security Plan Document

Note: For instructions on completing this template, please reference the XXX Security Plan Instructions.

This Security Plan outlines the security configuration of the system, identifies risks and vulnerabilities, and addresses how the risks will be mitigated. Use of this template ensures that the requirements from Chapter 60GG-2, F.A.C., are addressed. The objectives of the Security Plan are to:

- Ensure confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the system data
- Identify confidential or sensitive information in the system
- Define system security methods, requirements and procedures
- Promote consistency and uniformity in the system's security practices

The purpose of each section in this document is to address risk management and reduce exposure to the Department by identifying controls to offset threats and protect the Department's resources. All sections should be addressed, unless deemed inapplicable to your system. If a section is not applicable, please mark it accordingly in the security plan. Do not remove sections of the template.

It is expected that the Security Plan will be developed during the system development life cycle (e.g., the Security Plan may be revised after testing is complete, but before going into production). It is understood that Security Plans submitted in the early phases of development will not be able to address all questions. These questions can be addressed later as the system moves through the developmental life cycle. All questions must be answered, and the Security Plan shall have Final Approval status before the system moves to production. Information about the submission and review process for security plans can be accessed at the Instructions for Project Managers link on the Security Assessment and Authorization page.

The Security Plan is a living document that must be updated to incorporate new and/or modified security controls any time the system goes through a major modification. The plan will be maintained as changes occur to the system that could potentially impact the security of the system. Please reference the XXX Security Plan Instructions document for the conditions under which a system change will require an updated security plan to be submitted to the Information Security Management Office (ISMO) for approval.

Security Plans are considered confidential and exempt from Section 119.07(1), F.S., pursuant to Sections 282.318, F.S. System Security Plans shall only be made available to those individuals with a business need to view, process, or maintain the plan. The system Security Plan document must be stored in the Draft folder on the secured SharePoint site during the submission and review process. After approval, the Security Plan document will be moved to the Approved folder on the SharePoint site. Please contact the InfoSec team if access to a Security Plan needs to be granted for internal staff. In the situation where the Security Plan must be shared with external staff or placed on external locations, access must be limited to only those staff with a direct need to access the Security Plan. When Security Plans must be transmitted externally, use secured methods such as the Department's File Transfer Appliance (FTA).

Section 2 System Overview

Provide an overview of the system by completing sections below. The System Description (2.1) must include a 1-2 paragraph summary that describes the business use and key functionality of the system being developed, enhanced or purchased. Also, describe the types of users (internal, external, general public) that will utilize the system. If you will be referring to your system with an acronym, ensure that it is unique to the Department by checking the Application System List and/or the ROADS_Applications and Reporting Inventory under Configuration Items in the Cherwell Portal.

Section 2.1 System Description

 $C_{\mathcal{O}}$

System Name (Acronym): System URL:	XXXX Example Application (DEA) www.dea.com/dea
Description of the System Provide a general overview of the system including the business purpose, processes and data addressed by the system. Optional : If you have system documents that would assist the ISM Team in understanding the system (user manual, functional specifications, etc.), that can be attached separately.	
Description of System Data Describe at a high-level the data being used and/or collected. Also describe how the data will be used within the application.	
Technology Proposal link and/or Project Development website (if applicable)	
ROADS ID Number (All Systems must be entered into ROADS. Contact your Enterprise Data Steward for assistance.)	

Section 2.2 System Technical Details

		Server or Azure Resource Name	IP/IP Range		
System Server					
(Unit Test/Dev):	□ N/A				
(System Test):	□ N/A				
(Production):	□ N/A				
		Database Server			
(Unit Test/Dev):	□ N/A				
(System Test):	□ N/A				
(Production):	□ N/A				
Support Teams					
System Server Support Team:	□ N/A				
Database Server Support Team:	□ N/A				

Section 2.3 System Scope

	Statewide	
	District Specific	District(s):
	Office Specific	Office Name(s):
Expla	anation:	

Section 2.4 System Operational Status

	Operational	The system is operating and in production.		
	Under Development	The system is being designed, developed, acquired or implemented.		
	Major Modification	The system is undergoing a major change, development, or transition.		
	Technology Refresh	The system is undergoing a major change focusing on updating the underlying technology with only minor changes to the business functionality.		
	Other	Document details below.		
Explanation (include projected implementation date if applicable):				

Section 2.5 System Type

	XXXX Developed System	
	Vendor Developed System	
	Vendor/XXXX Joint Developed System	Version:
	Commercial off the Shelf (COTS) System	
	Managed by XXXX	
	Managed by Service Provider	
	Other:	
Expl	anation:	
i		

Section 2.6 Web Presence

Select all that apply:				
XXXX Intranet				🗌 No Web
				Presence
Managed by:		XXXX Non-OIT	U Vendor	Other:
			List Vendor Name Below	
This system supports the star	ndard XXXX brows	ers:	Google Chrome	Microsoft Edge
Explanation:				

Section 2.7 System Automated Email

Automated emails are sent to users t	□ No	☐ Yes			
Email recipients are: XXXX Email Accounts*		Non-XXXX Email Accounts			
The email is sent from: (List sender email address here)	Non-XXXX Ei (such as a vendor s	mail Account* ervice)			
*Note: If XXXX email accounts will receive automated system notifications from a non-XXXX email address, please coordinate with the Office 365 Messaging Team to ensure these emails will not be flagged as spam in Outlook. Approval for SMTP relay may also be needed and can be requested through the SMTP Relay Request Form.					
Comments:					

Section 2.8 Digital Certificates and Electronic Signatures [Link to definition]

This system uses Digital Certificates:	No 🗌	Yes 🗌	
This system uses DocuSign for electronic signatures:	No 🗌	Yes 🗌	
This system uses another digital certificate for electronic signatures:	No 🗌	Yes 🗌	
Is the digital certificate on the Department's standards list? [Link to approved authorities]	No 🗖	Yes	
Digital certificate vendor name: (list here)			
Explain how digital certificates and electronic signatures will be used in this system:			

Section 3 Authentication and Authorization Risk Analysis

Identify the risks associated with this system and document how those risks will be mitigated. Answer the questions below and provide any additional details that are pertinent. In areas where this system does not follow XXXX standards ensure to provide greater details.

Section 3.1 System Roles and System Access Requests

Complete the table below with the roles from your system. Include all roles, even those that are automatically granted broadly (example: Read Only access to anyone with an AD Account) (Sample)

All access to xxxx systems must be requested and approved through the Automated Access Request Form System. List the selections (Access Items) that are provided for each role in this system.

One or more access items should be established for a new application. Each system role listed below that can be assigned to XXXX users should be documente. If one access Item is used for more than one system role (e.g., system roles are listed in the addendum of a single entry item), please explain in the comments section below. Mark the Access Item Name as N/A if it is a read-only unauthenticated role or if the role is only assigned to external system users.

System Role	Description of System Role Capabilities, including Scope of Control	Names of AD Security Groups, RACF Profiles, ISA Roles, etc. used to grant system role.	Access Item Name
e.g., XXX System Role	Can create and edit requests	XX_SS_XX_Role	e.g. XXX System Role

System Role	Description of System Role Capabilities, including Scope of Control	Names of AD Security Groups, RACF Profiles, ISA Roles, etc. used to grant system role.	Access Item Name
Comments:			

Section 3.2 Authentication Method

Section 3.2 Authentication Method						
Authentication Method	Internal Users (XXXX Staff/ Staff Aug) [Definition]	External Users With an XXXX Account (i.e. RACF, ISA or Azure B2C) [Definition]	External Users with out XXXX Account	Not Used		
No Access Granted. (Select if the group in the listed column has NO access to this system).						
RACF (Resource Access Control Facility/Mainframe)						
AD (Active Directory)						
Microsoft Azure - AD						
Microsoft Azure – ADFS (If used, explain below why the standard Azure AD is not being used)						
ISA (Internet Subscriber Account)	Not Allowed					
Azure B2C	Not Allowed					
Security Token Service (STS) (If used, explain below)						
Other Method or No Authentication Method (<i>If</i> used, explain below)						
Explanation:						

Section 3.3 Authentication Details

Details Specific to This System	Internal Users (XXXX Staff/ Staff Aug)	External Users With an XXXX Account (I.E. RACF, ISA or Azure B2C) [Definition]	External Users with out XXXX Account	Not Used
Multi-Factor Authentication If Internal/External selected, explain how implemented below				
Passwords can be reset manually by an administrator of this system				
This system allows for self- service password recovery (Username or Password)				
The user is forced to reset their password in this system after being reset using self- service or by an administrator of this system				
This system sends out password expiration reminders				
This system can disable an account programmatically				
This system allows for inactivity or session timeouts		Þ		
This system follows XXXX's standard password requirements If Not Used/No selected, explain the standards that are followed below				
Explanation:				

Section 3.4 Security Profile Diagram

Provide a Security Profile Diagram for your system. The diagram should illustrate your authentication mechanism and authorization process, including what method of authentication is used as listed in Section 3.3 (i.e., AD, RACF, ISA).



DOT Example Application (DEA) System Security Profile

Section 4 Configuration Risk Analysis

Identify the risks associated with this system and document how those risks will be mitigated. Answer the questions below and provide any additional details that are pertinent. In areas where this system does not follow XXXX standards ensure to provide greater details.

Section 4.1 Graphical User Interface

Interface Type	Internal Users (XXXX Staff/ Staff Aug)	External Users With an XXXX Account (I.E. RACF, ISA or Azure B2C) [Definition]	External Users with out XXXX Account
This system is accessed via a web browser			
This system is accessed via a thick application client			
This system is accessed via a mobile app			
Comments: (Please list all mobile apps)			

Section 4.2 Generic and/or Service Accounts

This system uses generic and/or service accounts	No 🗆	Yes
Generic and/or Service Account Name Purpos	se	Documented in XXXX?
Comments:		

Section 4.3 Development Environment

This system will utilize XXXX's Development Environment Standards to establish a standard enterprise development environment. <u>Mark this section N/A if this is a vendor developed or COTS system, and also complete Section 4.12 Securing Vendor Provided Systems.</u>	🗆 N/A	☐ Yes	🗆 No
Provide a brief description about the development environment to incluent environments, production data replication, migration between environment describe below or provide a link to an existing document or uploa plan folder.	ude items su nents, stres d a docume	uch as test is testing, e nt to the se	tc. You curity

Section 4.4 Application Programming Interfaces (API) - Consumption

This system utilizes a systems. List the APIs Library (FEL) you may FEL/FEL Version Nur	system utilizes application programming interfaces (APIs) to access other ems. List the APIs used below. If you use APIs from the XXXX Enterprise ary (FEL) you may list them separately, or just reference that the system uses /FEL Version Number.				Yes 🗌
API Name	Purpose of API	Includes Confidential/PII?	Method of Securing API		
		🗆 No 🗆 Conf 🗆 PII			
		□ No □ Conf □ PII			
		🗆 No 🗆 Conf 🗆 PII			

Section 4.5 Application Programming Interfaces (API) – Hosted API

This system to other syst	utilizes applicatio ems. List the API	No 🗌	Yes 🗌			
API Name	Purpose of API	Includes Confidential/PII?	API Method	Data Format	Method of S	ecuring API
		□ No □ Conf □ PII	□ Restful □ SOAP □ Other	□ XML □ JSon □ Other		
		□ No □ Conf □ PII	Restful SOAP	□ XML □ JSon □ Other		
		No Conf PII	Restful SOAP Other	□ XML □ JSon □ Other		

Section 4.6 System Dependencies

This system is dependent on of the system(s) below. Add more security plan folder if additional <i>If you listed an API in Section 4.</i> <i>this section.</i>	No 🗌	Yes 🗌	
System Name	Summary of De	pendency	

Section 4.7 Port Settings

List all ports required by the system and provide a brief description:							
Port Number:	Service	Description	Inbound	Outbound	Local FW	XXXX FW	XXX FW
80	HTTP	Unsecure browsing in relation to app					
443	HTTPS	Secure browsing in relation to app					

Section 4.8 Specialty Hardware

Describe any specialty hardware that would need to be considered when reviewing the security risk of the system. Specialty hardware would be any hardware that is not XXXX standard hardware such as a custom desktop, IP cameras or a kiosk machine. Reference the manufacturer name, model or version numbers if known. Provide links to product specifications, diagrams and online manuals where possible or provide this information in an appendix.

This system contains specialty hardware		No 🗌	Yes 🗌
Manufacturer	Make/Model/Versio	n Descriptio	on of Hardware

Section 4.9 Patch Management, Software Updates and Firmware Upgrades

	Managed by				
Endpoints, network equipment, and IoT devices	xxx	XXXX Enterprise Patch Mgmt. Team	District/CO OIT	Vendor / Other (List in Comments)	Not Applicable to System
Firmware upgrades					Í
Operating System software updates and patches					
Application/System specific software					
3 rd party software updates and patches (e.g. Java, Flash Player)					
Specialty Hardware (As listed above)					
Comments:					

Section 4.10 Physical Security

This system resides at the XXXXX (XXX) Data Center and will be subjected to its physical security policies and procedures	
This system resides at an XXX Datacenter and will be subjected to its security policies and procedures	
This system resides in the XXXX Azure environment and XXXX staff/vendors will have no physical access to the system.	
This system resides in a location not hosted by XXXX. List the level of physical access allowed to XXXX staff/vendors. If there is physical access, explain how it is managed.	
Other:	
Explanation:	

Section 4.11 Cloud Environment

The infrastructure of this system is hosted in a cloud environment:				No 🗌	Yes 🗌	
Cloud Model (Help):	Software as a Service Platform as a Service			Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)		
Cloud Vendor used:	U Windows Azure	e 🗌 Am	nazon V	Veb Services	Other, s	pecify:
IP Restrictions:	None	Internal Ne	etwork	🗌 Oth	ner, specify:	
Select services that apply:	Web Apps 🗖	SQL Services		Storage	Virtual M	achines 🗌
Utilizes:	Azure Key Vault]	Si	ingle Sign-On		
	Transparent Data Er (Azure SQL Service	ncryption Only)	A	zure Disk Encr	yption 🗌	
	Azure Application Ga	ateway 🗌	A	pp Service ove	r HTTPS only	,
	Azure Access Contro	ol 🗌		Other, speci	fy:	
Document steps taken accordir	ng to "Azure Security	Best Practices	and Pa	itterns":		

Section 4.12 Securing Vendor Provided Systems

Explanation:		
All default passwords on vendor provided systems have been reset	Yes 🗌	No 🗌
This system is hosted/managed by a vendor:	No 🗌	Yes Complete below and 4.12 A-C

4.12(A) Incident Management Contacts. Any Security Incidents which involve XXXX data, equipment or systems must be reported to the Information Security Manager. For Hosted Solutions (those not hosted/managed by XXXX) provide below a contact name, email address and/or phone number for use by the Information Security Manager for reporting and information on security incidents.			
Contact Name and Title:			
Email Address:			
Phone Number:			
The vendor has been made aware that all security incidents must be reported to the XXXX Information Security Manager at xxx-xxx or Email@domain.com. If another method of reporting is used, please describe:	No 🗌	Yes 🗌	
When reporting via email, do not include sensitive or confidential information.			

4.12(B) System Hardening Guidelines. The vendor, or other entity, provides system hardening guidelines.	Yes* 🗌	No 🗌
*Please document in Section 11 References and upload copies to the Draft folder		
This system conforms to the guidelines that were provided by the vendor	Yes 🗌	No 🗌
Explanation:		

4.12(C) Certification or Attestation. List any certification or attestation for the system, if available.					
FedRAMP Certified (search FedRAMP)	SOC 2 Compliance	ISO 27000 Standards			
Other:					
Describe:					

Section 5 Data Risk Analysis

Identify the risks associated with this system and document how those risks will be mitigated. Answer the questions below and provide any additional details that are pertinent. In areas where this system does not follow XXXX standards ensure that you provide greater details.

Section 5.1 Database Information

This system utilizes c	latabase(s):	No 🗌		Yes
Oracle		DB2	Azure SQL	Other, specify database:
The database(s) v	vill be managed by OIT	The database(s) will be managed by non-OIT Managed by:		
If the data is stored in the provider has agreed at a offshore:	a cloud infrastructure, ed not to house XXXX	☐ Yes	No	Not Applicable

Section 5.2 External User Data Entry

External user roles will be entering data the Department or its constituents have a dependency on:	□ No	☐ Yes
Explain the types of data external users will enter:		

Section 5.3 Specialized Reporting

Does this system utilize specialized reporting tools or process batch jobs outside of the primary application?	No 🗌	Yes 🗌	
List the tool(s) used and the types of data sent in the report(s) and/or batch job(s):			

Section 5.4 Data Encryption

This system encrypts data in transit	Yes 🗌	No 🗌
This system encrypts data at rest	Yes	No 🗌
Methods used to protect the data's confidentiality:		

Section 5.5 Electronic Document Storage

This system requires the upload and attachment of electronic documents:		No 🗌	Ye	s 🗌
Attachments are uploaded by:	Internal Users (XXXX Staff/ Staff Aug)	External Users With an XXXX Account (I.E. RACF, ISA or Azure B2C) [Definition]	□ Externation Device D	ernal Users (XXX
This system uses the following for electronic document storage:				
Departr docum	partment's Enterprise Electronic Document Management System (EEDMS) - Describe the type of cuments stored:			
Other -	- Describe the type of documents stored:			
This system requi upload of docume may contain conf sensitive informa	ires the ents that idential or tion:	☐ Yes		🗌 No
If No is checked a users notified tha not upload docum confidential or se information?	above, are t they should nents with nsitive	Yes		🗆 No

Section 5.6 Confidential or Sensitive Information and Personally Identifiable Information (PII)

This system contains information that is classified as confidential or sensitive according to the Florida Public Records Act, Section 119.071, Florida Statutes, AND / OR This system contains information that is classified as personally identifiable information (PII) according to Security of Confidential Personal Information, Section 501.171, Florida Statutes. (Help)				No		Yes Complet	e below	
List Business Data Elements and Indicate Category: (explain below how data will be secured) Business Data Elemen To:			nt Available	**Busines in Ext	s Data Eleme ernal Transm (explain below)	nt Included ission:		
Business Data Element Name	Conf./ Sensitive	PII	Internal Users	External Users	*Unauth. Users (explain below)	Batch Jobs	Reports	Email or FTP

Explain the method(s) used to secure each type of confidential/sensitive information and/or PII inside the system:

*If any confidential/sensitive information or PII in the system is available to unauthenticated users (users without a system account), please explain:

**Describe method(s) to protect data exposed through batch jobs, reports intended for extract or printing, and/or electronic means such as email or FTP:

Section 5.7 Credit Card Processing

This system will process credit card information	No 🗌	Yes 🗌
Does this system allow XXXX Staff/System Users to input credit card information on behalf of someone else?	No 🗆	Yes 🗌
If Yes, Which System Role allows this?		
Does this system allow XXXX Staff/System Users to view credit card information submitted by someone else?	No 🗆	Yes 🗌
If Yes, what information is viewable?		
Viewable Information:		
If Yes, which System Role allows this?		
A Desk Procedure must be established to document how credit card information must be handled and protected. Include the Desk Procedure as an appendix to this plan.	Requ	uired
Who is your Credit Card Processing Vendor?		
Reminder: Credit Card Processing Surveys are required annually by the Florida to the System Owners for systems that process credit card transactions. These returned.	CFO. Surveys a must be complet	re sent directly ed and

Section 6 Critical Resources

State whether or not the system is considered a critical resource by the system's Functional Coordinator. Explain the system criticality status, requests, events, logs, and transactional history. Also, explain the backup and recovery procedures, and the records retention requirements.

Section 6.1 System Criticality Status

Is this a Critical System?	No 🗌	Yes 🗌
 Systems and assets, whether physical or virtual so vital to the U.S. that the incapacity or destruction of such systems and assets would have a debilitating impact on security, national economic security, national public health or safety, or any combination of those matters. 		
 Applies to Applications, XXX Resources and Other Agency Tools 		
Is this a Critical Process?	No 🗌	Yes 🗌
 A process that is susceptible to fraud, cyberattack, unauthorized activity, or seriously impacting an agency's mission. 		
 Applies to XXXX Business Intelligence Reports, Dashboards and Other Reporting Tools 		
This system requires essential personnel to be on call in emergency situations	No 🗌	Yes
Describe:		

Section 6.2 Events, Logs, and/or Transaction History

Does this system have business unit requirements (policy, statute, functional, etc.) for audit logs, event logs or transaction history?	No 🗌	Yes 🗌
Explain the requirement and how it is met:		

Section 6.3 Backup and Recovery

This system's equipment resides at the following:	
XXX Datacenter	
District Datacenter (District #)	
Azure	
Other. Specify location:	
Documented backup and recovery processes at the above location(s) are followed for this ystem's equipment:	No
Explanation:	_

Section 6.4 Record Retention

This system includes records according to the State of Florid Schedule GS1 or XXXX Speci	that must be retained da General Records fic Records Schedule	Ye	s 🗌	
Schedule Item Name and Number	Minimum Retention Period	System Meets Requirement?	System Exceeds Requirement?	
		Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Yes 🗌 No 🗌	
		Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Yes 🗌 No 🗌	
Do you have a documented manual or automated process that removes records when the have met their wanted retention If so, describe in Explanation section below.	Υe	es 🗌		
Explanation:				

Section 7 Federal Information Processing Standards 199 Potential Impact Categorization

The Federal Information Process Standards (FIPS), Publication 199 is the standard that determines the risk category of a system. FIPS 199 categorizes the risk of a system according to three measures: Confidentiality, Integrity and Availability. Within these three measures, a rating of Low, Medium or High is determined. The steps include:

- 1. Identifying the Information Types in the system.
- 2. Determine the potential impact of Confidentiality on all Information Types in the system.
- 3. Determine the potential impact of Integrity on all Information Types in the system.
- 4. Determine the potential impact of Availability on all Information Types in the system.
- 5. Identify the overall System category based on the information in steps 2-4.

Section 7.1 Identifying Information Types

Read the February 2004 Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Publication and identify the potential impact for each FIPS security objective for this system and the data it will contain. Consider the impact to XXXX and the impact to any possible external users and stakeholders when determining the impact for each security objective (Confidentiality, Integrity, and Availability).

An Information Type is a specific category of information (e.g., privacy, medical, proprietary, financial, investigative, contractor sensitive, security management) defined by an organization or, in some instances, by a specific law, Executive Order, directive, policy, or regulation. For example, a vehicle rental system could have information types such as **Vehicle Specifications, Customer Information,** and **Inventory Data**. It is understood that users could potentially enter information that is not expected. The Information Types listed here are the Information Types that **are expected** to be entered into the system by design and/or intent.

Identify all the Information Types in the system and place them in Table 1. List those information types in Tables 2, 3 and 4 to determine the overall rating for Confidentiality, Integrity and Availability. Use this information to determine the Potential Impact Summary (Table 5). Instructions and a sample of the completed tables can be referenced in the XXX Security Plan Instructions document.

Table 1: System Information Types			
DEA Information Types			
Information Type Description			

Section 7.2 Confidentiality Potential Impact

List each Information Type in Table 1 in Table 2 and determine the Potential Impact regarding Confidentiality.

Table 2: Confidentiality Potential Impact Table			
PO	TENTIAL IMPACT – C	onfidentiality	
Confidentiality - Preserving authorized restrictions on information access and disclosure, including means for protecting personal privacy and proprietary information. [44 U.S.C., SEC. 3542]			
Information Type	The unauthorized disclosure of information could be expected to have a limited adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.	The unauthorized disclosure of information could be expected to have a serious adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.	The unauthorized disclosure of information could be expected to have a severe or catastrophic adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.
Overall Confidentiality Select the highest level chosen in this table.		Moderate	High 🗌

Section 7.3 Integrity Potential Impact

List each Information type in Table 1 in Table 3 and determine the Potential Impact regarding Integrity.

Table 3: Integrity Potential Impact Table			
	POTENTIAL IMPACT	– Integrity	
Integrity - Guarding against improper information modification or destruction, and includes ensuring information non- repudiation and authenticity. [44 U.S.C., SEC. 3542]			
	The unauthorized modification or destruction of information could be expected to have a limited adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.	The unauthorized modification or destruction of information could be expected to have a serious adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.	The unauthorized modification or destruction of information could be expected to have a severe or catastrophic adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.
Information Type	LOW	MODERATE	HIGH
Overall Integrity Select the highest level chosen in this table.	Low 🗌	Moderate	High 🗌

Section 7.4 Availability Potential Impact

List each Information type in Table 1 in Table 4 and determine the Potential Impact regarding Availability.

Table 4: Availability Potential Impact Table					
F	POTENTIAL IMPACT - Availability				
Availability - Ensuring timely a	nd reliable access to and	use of information. [44 U.	S.C., SEC. 3542]		
	The disruption of access to or use of information or an information system could be expected to have a limited adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.	The disruption of access to or use of information or an information system could be expected to have a serious adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.	The disruption of access to or use of information or an information system could be expected to have a severe or catastrophic adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.		
Information Type	LOW	MODERATE	HIGH		
		П			
Overall Availability Select the highest level chosen in this table	Low 🗌	Moderate	High 🗌		

Section 7.5 Potential Impact Table

The potential impact for the entire system is based on the highest value (high-water mark) represented in the Confidentiality, Integrity and Availability Tables above. Use the highest ranked value from the information types identified.

Table 5: System Potential Impact Table

POTENTIAL IMPACT SUMMARY			
Low 🗌	Moderate	High 🗌	

Section 8 Roles and Responsibilities

Identify the system roles involved in maintaining the integrity and security of the system, and identify the individuals who will fulfill the responsibilities of those roles.

NOTE: If your system does not use ISA, that section should be marked Not Applicable.

This section identifies the positions within the Department responsible for the security of the system. The policies and procedures for the system security are formulated and directed by these positions.

Section 8.1 System Owner

The System Owner is the manager responsible for the business function the system supports.

The System Owner for this system is: **System Owner**— Office

The System Owner's responsibilities include:

- 1. Designating an individual to serve as the System Security Coordinator
- 2. Designating an individual to serve as the Functional Coordinator
- 3. Ensuring the system is developed to comply with the XXXX policies, procedures, and other statutory requirements which apply to the business function(s) covered by the system
- 4. Ensuring the Project Team is made aware of business requirements which may impact the security specifications of the system. This includes information about data risk (Section 5) and data classification (Section 7)
- 5. Annual recertification of all user access and permission levels (this task can be delegated no lower than the System Security Coordinator)
- 6. Reporting any security incidents immediately to Information Security. Security incidents include, but are not limited to, unauthorized access to the system, confidential data exposure, personally identifiable information (PII) exposure, and misuse of the application or its data.

Section 8.2 System Security Coordinator

The System Security Coordinator is a representative from the functional business area charged with monitoring and implementing security controls for the system.

The System Security Coordinator for this system is: System Security Coordinator - Office

The System Security Coordinator's responsibilities include:

- 1. Verifying that all system users possess a valid XXXX user ID
- 2. Managing user access to the system by approving the addition and removal of user system access in XXXX as listed in Section 3.1 System Roles and System Access Requests
- 3. Grants the appropriate access to the system by assigning users to a group for the system's user roles listed in Section 3.1 System Roles and System Access Requests
- 4. Reviewing the system's Security Plan and attending security training sessions to stay informed of changes in security policies and procedures

- Performing periodic audits of the authorized system users to ensure that only authorized personnel have access to the system and that each person has the appropriate authority for their function
- 6. Reporting any security incidents immediately to Information Security. Security incidents include, but are not limited to, unauthorized access to the system, confidential data exposure, personally identifiable information (PII) exposure, and misuse of the application or its data.

Section 8.3 Functional Coordinator (FC)

The Functional Coordinator serves as a liaison between the Office of Information Technology and the functional office.

The Functional Coordinator for this system is: Functional Coordinator - Office

The Functional Coordinator's responsibilities include:

- 1. Coordinating with the appropriate functional staff to clarify requests
- 2. Ensuring the Project Team is aware of the XXXX policies, procedures and other statutory requirements which apply to the business function(s) covered by the system
- 3. Establishing priorities when multiple requests exist
- 4. Coordinating timely and complete functional acceptance testing
- 5. Providing approval to progress any work from on phase to another, including final approval to move application modifications to the production environment.
- 6. Reporting any security incidents immediately to Information Security. Security incidents include, but are not limited to, unauthorized access to the system, confidential data exposure, personally identifiable information (PII) exposure, and misuse of the application or its data.

Section 8.4 Enterprise Data Steward

The Enterprise Data Steward (EDS) is a Data Steward who is responsible for managing the Data Steward Working Group for their assigned functional area. Data Stewards are business-focused individuals from both the District and Central Offices who serve as the business function experts for their functional area data. Enterprise Data Stewards work closely with the Data Stewards within their functional area to establish appropriate data governance policies, processes, and procedures.

Review the list of Enterprise Data Stewards or email the list xxxx-xxx Leadership for assistance in identifying the Enterprise Data Steward.

The Enterprise Data Steward for this system is: **Name – Office**

The Enterprise Data Steward's responsibilities include:

- 1. Lead the Data Steward Working Group
- 2. Ensures Data Governance Compliance
- 3. Works with Data Stewards and Custodians

Section 8.5 ISA System Administrator

The ISA System Administrator is responsible for assisting their system users with ISA-related issues.

The ISA System Administrator for this system is: **Name** — Office (mark this item N/A if the system does not use ISA.)

The ISA System Administrator's responsibilities include:

- 1. Maintaining ISA user access to the system by activating or inactivating ISA users as necessary
- 2. Granting the appropriate access to the system by placing them in a group for the system's user roles
- 3. Supporting the system's ISA users with login-related issues
- 4. Resetting ISA passwords for external users
- 5. Reporting any security incidents immediately to Information Security. Security incidents include, but are not limited to, unauthorized access to the system, confidential data exposure, personally identifiable information (PII) exposure, and misuse of the application or its data.

Section 9 XXXX Policies and Procedures

The XXXX Policies and Procedures listed below are applicable to all systems. Add any additional policies and procedures not listed below that are applicable to your system.

Department of XXXXXXXX Policies, Procedures and Governing Statutes

The Department's policies and procedures relating to access of computers and data are governed by statutes, codes and procedures. The policies and procedures identified are included in their entirety by reference and are only repeated selectively.

- Chapter 119, Florida Statutes: Public Records Law
- Chapter 282, Florida Statutes: Communications and Data Processing
- Chapter 815, Florida Statutes: Computer Related Crimes
- XXXXXXX Technology Manual, Chapter 2, Access to the Department's XXXXXX Technology Resources, effective July 1, 2019
- XXXXXXX Technology Manual, Chapter 5, *Electronic Security for Public Records Exemptions*, effective July 1, 2020
- Procedure 325-060-020 Security and Use of Information Technology Resources
- Florida Administrative Code 60GG-1: Project Management and Oversight
- Florida Administrative Code 60GG-2: Florida Cybersecurity Standards (FCS)
- Florida Administrative Code 60GG-5: Identity Management

Section 10 Document Revision History

Identify revisions to the document starting with initial creation. This section should be updated when an approval is required (i.e., initial creation, change request, new mandated change, etc.).

Version	Date	Name	Description
Version 1.0	Month Day, 20xx	Jim Bob	Initial creation

Section 11 References

Identify any other documents referenced in this Security Plan and provide links if they are available. This can include documents such as user manuals and functional specifications.

Document No.	Document Title	Date	Author

Section 12 Vulnerability Assessment

Information Security will conduct a vulnerability scan on the system and then analyze the results and provide any recommendations. Allow 5-7 business days for the scan, analysis, and recommendations to be complete.

NOTE: This section will be completed by the Information Security team after the Security Plan is submitted.

	The resources are located in Azure.				
	The resources are located in a different cloud service. Vulnerability management is handled by the company providing the service.				
	Other:				
	Vulnerability scans performed are listed below:				
Date Scanned	Host Name or IP Address	Scanning Tool Used	Person or Team performing scan	Summary of Scan Results	



Section 13 Appendices

Include any relevant appendices.

Appendix A: Definitions and Standards

Enterprise Business Glossary

Application Owner (System Owner)

The business unit that requested the application be developed and/or purchased; the individual (usually a manager) from the business unit(s) for which an application is acquired who has responsibility and authority to make decisions related to the application, such as requirements, deliverable approvals, access, etc.

Application Programming Interface (API)

A set of routines, protocols, and tools for building software applications.

Automated Access Request Form (XXXX)

XXXX is XXXX's system to request access to applications and systems statewide. XXXX is used to request the creation of Active Directory and RACF accounts, and to request access to individual systems. XXXX presents a list of Access Items that can be requested. Some systems have multiple access items to represent the varying levels of access (referred to as roles or entitlements) that can be granted. Access requests must be approved by appropriate staff before system access is granted. The XXXX system notifies the teams that can grant access once approval is received. The XXXXXXX Technology Manual (Chapter 2, Section 2.2.1) requires that all system access is requested through XXXX (Instructions for including your system in XXXX).

Digital Certificates and Electronic Signatures

- A certified digital certificate "means a computer-based record which: identifies the certificate authority, identifies the subscriber, contains the subscriber's public key, [and] is digitally signed by the certification authority," section 668.003(1)(a)-(d), F.S.
- An electronic signature "means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record," section 668.50(2)(h), F.S.

Please see Chapter 21 of the XXXXXX Technology Manual for XXXX's minimum requirements and standards for acquiring, managing, and using digital certificates.

Cloud Model

Describes the type of cloud service (Section 4.11 Cloud Environment).

- Software as a Service (SaaS) Software made available by a third-party provider that hosts the application and makes it available to customers over the Internet; these are often called Web Services. Microsoft Office 365 is a SaaS offering for productivity software and email services.
- Platform as a Service (PaaS) Hosted development tools provided on the infrastructure of a third-party provider. Users access these tools over the Internet using APIs, Web portals or gateway software. Examples of PaaS providers include Salesforce.com, Windows Azure and Google App Engine.
- Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) Hosted form of cloud computing that provides virtualized computing resources over the Internet.



Custom Off the Shelf (COTS)

Software or hardware products that are ready made and available for purchase by the general public.

Data Steward

Data Stewards are business-focused individuals from both the District and Central Offices who serve as the business function experts for their functional area data. They work closely with their functional area Enterprise Data Stewards to establish appropriate data governance policies, processes, and procedures.

Database

An organized collection of data including tables, schemas, views, reports, and other objects.

Encryption

The reversible process of transforming readable text into unreadable text (cipher text).

Enterprise Data Steward

The Enterprise Data Steward (EDS) is a Data Steward who is responsible for managing the Data Steward Working Group for their assigned functional area. A job role that involves planning, implementing and managing the sourcing, use and maintenance of data assets in an organization. Data stewards enable an organization to take control and govern all the types and forms of data and their associated libraries or repositories.

External Users

XXXX has two types of External Users.

 System users such as external consultants, business partners that have been assigned access to XXXX Systems using XXXX's primary authentication method (Active Directory or RACF).

System users such as citizens and business partners that have been assigned access to XXXX Systems using secondary accounts such as ISA or Azure B2C. This can, at times, include unauthenticated access

XXXX Developed System

Custom-developed by XXXX staff or staff under contract by XXXX.

XXXX's Password Requirements

For password requirements, please reach out to the Information Security office.

XXXX's Web Browser Standards (updated 08/08/2022)

- 1. Microsoft Edge
- 2. Google Chrome

Functional Coordinator (FC)

Also known as Functional Application Coordinator (FAC). A dedicated resource from the functional office assigned to serve as liaison between the Office of Information Technology and the functional office. The Functional Coordinator may act as an agent for the application owner and is responsible and accountable for: (1) coordinating with the appropriate functional staff to clarify requests, (2) establishing priorities when multiple requests exist, (3) coordinating the timely and complete functional acceptance testing, and (4) providing approvals to progress any work from one phase to another, including final approval to move application modifications to the production environment. In cases where there are three or more closely related, interdependent applications that process together as a suite. A FC must be appointed to act as the overall coordinator for the applications within the suite. The suite FC is responsible for coordinating and communicating with the individual FCs and the Application Services Bureau on issues that affect the overall suite of applications. This includes coordination and prioritization of service requests among the functional application, and system integration testing coordination.

Generic Account

An approved account used for such purposes as a training room and testing computer applications that have restricted access controls in place to prevent unauthorized use.

High Availability

Refers to a system or component that is continuously operational for a desirably long length of time. Availability can be measured relative to "100% operational" or "never failing."

Information Type

A specific category of information (e.g., privacy, medical, proprietary, financial, investigative, contractor sensitive, security management) defined by an organization or, in some instances, by a specific law, Executive Order, directive, policy, or regulation.

Internal Users

System users who are XXXX staff, including staff augmentation and internal consultants.

Multi-Factor Authentication

The requirement to provide at least two methods of authentication from the following categories: knowledge (something the know, ex. password), possession (something they have, ex. debit card), inherence (something they are, ex. biometrics).

Network Port

An endpoint of communication in an operating system. A logical construct that identifies a specific process or a type of service.

Personally Identifiable Information (PII) (501.171, F.S.)

(g)1. "Personal information" means either of the following:

a. An individual's first name or first initial and last name in combination with any one or more of the following data elements for that individual:

(I) A social security number;

(II) A driver license or identification card number, passport number, military identification

number, or other similar number issued on a government document used to verify identity;

(III) A financial account number or credit or debit card number, in combination with any required security code, access code, or password that is necessary to permit access to an individual's financial account;

(IV) Any information regarding an individual's medical history, mental or physical condition, or medical treatment or diagnosis by a health care professional; or

(V) An individual's health insurance policy number or subscriber identification number and any unique identifier used by a health insurer to identify the individual.

b. A username or e-mail address, in combination with a password or security question and answer that would permit access to an online account.

2. The term does not include information about an individual that has been made publicly available by a federal, state, or local governmental entity. The term also does not include information that is encrypted, secured, or modified by any other method or technology that removes elements that personally identify an individual or that otherwise renders the information unusable.

Project Manager

A Department employee who ensures that project scope, cost, and schedule are maintained in accordance with the baselines established in the Project Management Plan. The Project Manager is responsible to lead the project team by planning, assigning, and overseeing the deliverables of the project towards achieving the project's objectives.

Production

The Production environment is used for production work only. The System Administrators grant access to this environment for update and create authority. Developers do not have access to production or production data.

Production Migration Procedures

Upon approval by the System Owner or Functional Coordinator, the Project Manager submits an email to their Program Manager identifying the application components being requested to move to Production. The Program Manager reviews and approves the production move and emails the appropriate support group. If there are any database issues, an Electronic Florida DOT Database Administration Form is submitted by the Program Manager to the DBA group for processing.

Service Account

An account used by a computer process and not by a human (e.g., an account used by the backup process for file access). Normally service accounts may not log on to a system.

System (Application)

A discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information. Information resources include components such as database servers, web servers, application servers, custom-written applications, custom off the shelf (COTS) systems and hosted arrangements such as Software as a Service (SaaS). Information systems also include specialized systems such as industrial/process controls systems, telephone switching and private branch exchange (PBX) systems, and environmental control systems.

System Administrator

A person who manages the technical aspects of a system. Individual responsible for the installation and maintenance of an information system, providing effective information system utilization, adequate security parameters, and sound implementation of established Information Assurance policy and procedures.

System Hardening

Reducing the attack surface or surface of vulnerability by following a process or by configuring a system in a particular manner.

System Owner (Application Owner)

The business unit that requested the application be developed and/or purchased; the individual (usually a manager) from the business unit(s) for which an application is acquired who has responsibility and authority to make decisions related to the application, such as requirements, deliverable approvals, access, etc.

System Security Coordinator (Application Security Coordinator)

The role assigned to individuals that are responsible for monitoring and implementing security controls and ensuring compliance with procedures for applications or information technology environments. A Traditional Select Exempt Service (SES) or Senior Management Service (SMS) manager selects computer security coordinators.

System Test

The System Test environment is the second level testing environment. This is where the Users will perform their User Acceptance testing and is the staging environment for Production migrations. The system test environment is also used for production problem resolution and debugging. This environment and the production environment should be identical in terms of system versions and programs.

Thick Client Application (Fat Client Application, Rich Client Application)

An application that resides on a computing workstation that has most resources (Hard Drives, Memory, applications, etc.) installed locally.

Unit Test

The Unit Test environment is used to perform testing of new system releases, patches and programs. It is the first level testing environment where developers can perform integration testing to ensure that the application works correctly in XXXX's server environment and with the other enterprise systems it might be interacting with.