The environmental review, consultation, and other actions required by applicable Federal environmental laws for this project are being, or have been, carried out by FDOT pursuant to 23 U.S.C. § 327 and a Memorandum of Understanding dated December 14, 2016 and executed by FHWA and FDOT.

CONTAMINATION SCREENING EVALUATION REPORT

SR 9/I-95 Project Development and Environment Study From South of Woolbright Road to North of Woolbright Road Boynton Beach, Palm Beach County, Florida (From Mile Post 13.560 to Mile Post 13.995)

> FPID: 437279-1-22-02 ETDM #: 14341

> > Prepared for:



Florida Department of Transportation District Four 3400 West Commercial Boulevard Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309

DECEMBER 2020

Table of Contents

1.	SUMMARY OF PROJECT	2
1.1	Project Description	2
1.2	Background	5
1.3	Purpose and Need	5
2.	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVES	8
3	EXISTING LAND USE	13
4	HYDROLOGIC FEATURES	16
5	METHODOLOGY	18
6	PROJECT IMPACTS AND REGULATORY STATUS OF SITES	20
7	HISTORICAL INFORMATION	24
8	BRIDGES	26
9	CONCLUSIONS	27

List of Figures

FIGURE 1- 1. PROJECT LOCATION MAP	3
FIGURE 2- 1. ALTERNATIVE 1: TDI	10
FIGURE 2- 2:. ALTERNATIVE 2: DDI	11
FIGURE 2- 3:. ALTERNATIVE 3: SPUI	12
FIGURE 3- 1 AERIAL MAP	14
FIGURE 3- 2 – LAND USE MAP	15
FIGURE 6 - 1-POTENTIAL CONTAMINATED SITE LOCATION MAP	

List of Tables

TABLE 1: PRELIMINARY CONTAMINATION SCREENING EVALUATION PER BUILD ALTERNATIVE	_20
TABLE 2: SUMMARY OF PRELIMINARY CONTAMINATION SCREENING EVALUATION	_21
TABLE 3: HISTORICAL AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH REVIEW	_24

Appendices

APPENDIX A – ENVIRONMENTAL DATABASE SEARCH DOCUMENTATION APPENDIX B – PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION LOG APPENDIX C – HISTORICAL AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS APPENDIX D – ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORTS FOR BRIDGE NO. 930301 AND 930300

1. SUMMARY OF PROJECT

1.1 Project Description

This report contains information regarding the SR 9/I-95 (I-95) from South of Woolbright Road to North of Woolbright Road Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study (Mile Post 13.560 to Mile Post 13.995). This project has been developed in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and other related federal and state nondiscrimination authorities. Neither the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) nor this project will deny the benefits of, exclude from participation in, or subject to discrimination anyone on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, sex, disability, or family status.

The FDOT, District Four is conducting a PD&E Study to identify long-term needs of I-95 and develop design concepts to address traffic spillback onto I-95, reduce congestion at the I-95 and Woolbright Road interchange, improve interchange operations, and improve safety at the study interchange through the 2045 design year horizon. This study will also consider Strategic Intermodal System (SIS) connector improvements needed within the project area and is consistent with plans for the I-95 mainline, including the potential extension of I-95 Managed Lanes through Palm Beach County. This proposed study is investigating alternatives to improve the overall operating conditions and enhance safety within the interchange.

The improvements to the I-95 Interchange at Woolbright Road will provide additional capacity for vehicles travelling east-west as well as operational improvements north-south through the interchange. Local and network connectivity for the City of Boynton Beach will be improved.

The Interchange of I-95 at Woolbright Road is located in Palm Beach County in the City of Boynton Beach. The project limits along I-95 extend from just south of Woolbright Road at SW 23rd Avenue to just north of Woolbright Road about 2,000-feet north of the interchange. The project limits along Woolbright Road extend from the SW 18th Street on the west to just east of I-95 at SW 2nd Street. The project area includes the signalized intersections at SW 8th Street, and the I-95 southbound and northbound ramps. The South Florida Rail Corridor (SFRC)/CSX Railroad is adjacent to the project corridor and runs parallel along the west side of I-95. Tri-Rail operates along this rail corridor, with the nearest station; Boynton Beach Tri-Rail Station located 2.68 miles to the north of Woolbright Road, just north of the Gateway Boulevard interchange. (Figure 1 -1 – Project Location Map).

CONTAMINATION SCREENING EVALUATION REPORT

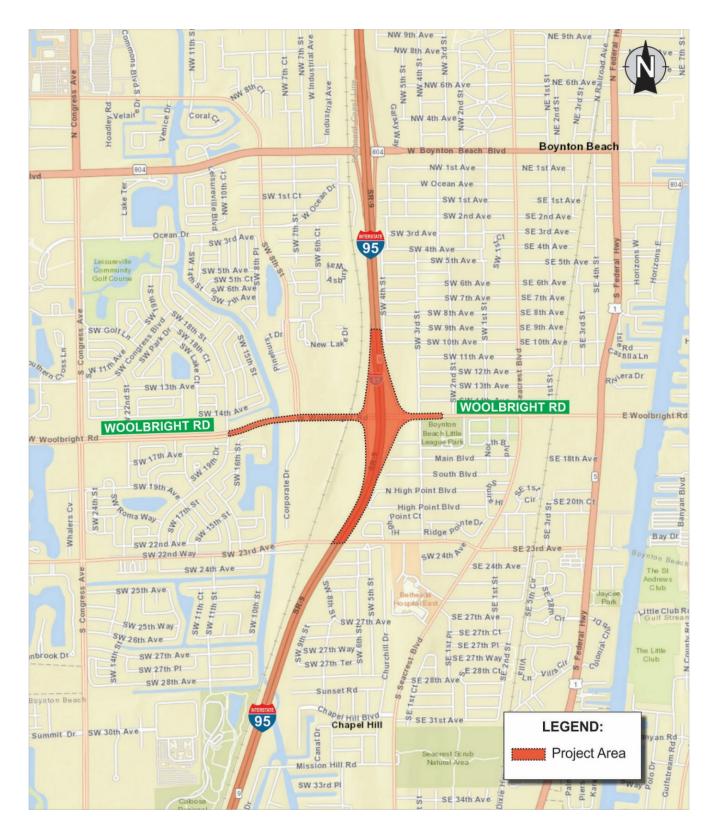


Figure 1-1. Project Location Map

Within the project limits, I-95 is a ten-lane divided interstate freeway providing four general purpose lanes and one high occupancy vehicle (HOV) lane in each direction. The project will be designed to complement the I-95 interim interchange design-build project recently completed, which constructed one additional left-turn lane onto I-95 in both the eastbound and westbound directions; a free-flow right-turn lane from the southbound off-ramp; and designated bicycle lanes along Woolbright Road within the limits of the interchange.

Woolbright Road is currently a six-lane urban divided minor arterial to the west of I-95 and a four-lane urban divided minor arterial to the east of I-95. There is a raised median from SW 18th Street west of I-95 to just west of SW 2nd Street east of I-95. At SW 2nd Street, Woolbright Road transitions to a five-lane roadway section with a two-way left-turn lane in the middle. There are sidewalks on both sides of Woolbright Road throughout the project area and designated bicycle lanes within the limits of the interchange.

The land use adjacent to the interchange is zoned as Public Usage, Single Family, Duplex, Neighborhood Commercial, and Light Industrial. The area southeast of the interchange is zoned Recreation, Multi Family, Public Usage, and Planned Unit Development. Zoning northwest of the interchange consists of Planned Commercial Development, Planned Unit Development, Light Industrial, Office Professional, Neighborhood Commercial, and Single Family, and southwest of the interchange is zoned Community Commercial, Office Professional, Planned Industrial Planned Single Family.

Improvement to the I-95 interchange at Woolbright Boulevard is consistent with the Cost Feasible Plan of the Palm Beach County Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO)'s 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP). "The purpose is to improve interchange operations and reduce congestion, reduce potential for traffic spillback onto I-95, and increase safety. The improvements are needed to ensure that the I-95 interchange will meet FDOT Level-of-Service standards through year 2045."

This project has been screened through the Efficient Transportation Decision Making (ETDM) process. The Advance Notification (AN) was distributed during the programing screening event, which occurred on October 23, 2017. The Programming Screen Summary Report was re-published on May 3, 2018 and can be viewed under the ETDM # 14341.

1.2 Background

The FDOT made improvements to the I-95 mainline in Palm Beach County in the 1990s and 2000s, adding High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) lanes and auxiliary lanes from south of Linton Boulevard to north of PGA Boulevard. Minor interchange improvements were also made to eight of the existing 18 interchanges along this section of the corridor. At the time of the project, FDOT committed to re-examine the need for long-term improvements at those interchanges that were not improved during the I-95 mainline project. FDOT District Four also identified the need to re-examine the 2003 I-95 Master Plan Study for Palm Beach County to develop new improvements to interchanges based on changes in traffic volumes and updated design standards since the Master Plan was developed.

A Concept Development Report (CDR) was prepared by the FDOT District Four Office of Planning and Environmental Management in August of 2014. The following are the recommendations identified for short-term improvements that have been recently completed as part of the Design-Build project:

- One additional left-turn lane onto I-95 in both the eastbound and westbound directions;
- A free-flow right-turn lane from the southbound off-ramp; and
- Designated bicycle lanes along Woolbright Road within the limits of the interchange.

1.3 Purpose and Need

The purpose of this study is to identify long-term needs of I-95 and develop concepts to address traffic spillback onto I-95, reduce congestion on I-95 and Woolbright Road, improve interchange operations, and improve safety at the I-95 and Woolbright Road interchange through the 2045 design year horizon. This project will also consider SIS connector improvements needed within the project area and will be consistent with plans for the I-95 mainline, including the potential extension of I-95 Express lanes through Palm Beach County.

Additional considerations for the purpose and need for this project are further described in the following sections that include System Linkage, Capacity, Transportation Demand, Social Demands/Economic Development, Modal Interrelationships, and Safety.

<u>System Linkage:</u> I-95 is a part of the state's Strategic Intermodal System (SIS) and the National Highway System (NHS). A need exists to ensure that I-95 continues to meet the minimum requirements as a component of those two systems. The project is not proposing to change system linkage; however, the interchange modifications would improve movements within the existing systems. The proposed project at I-95 and Woolbright Road will

help improve connectivity and capacity within the roadway network by addressing traffic spillback onto I-95 and improving interchange connections.

<u>Capacity:</u> Using field review data collected in 2018, A.M. and P.M. peak conditions were observed at all intersections in the study area. At the Corporate Drive/SW 8th Street intersection, during the P.M. peak hour, all approaches experienced minimal queues, except for the westbound and eastbound directions. The westbound left-turn queue experienced spillback into the through lanes and the eastbound direction experienced long queues. During the P.M. peak hour on the I-95 southbound ramp intersection, the eastbound approach experienced long queues, but all queues cleared the intersection during each signal cycle. The southbound approach experienced significant queues, with the queue not clearing during one signal cycle. During the P.M. peak hour at the I-95 northbound ramps intersection, the eastbound approach experienced minimal queue buildup and the northbound and westbound approaches experienced long queues; however, all queues cleared the intersection in one signal cycle for all approaches.

<u>Transportation Demand</u>: Interchange improvements to I-95 at Woolbright Road is included in the Palm Beach County TPA's 2045 LRTP under projects funded with SIS revenues, which includes federal funds. The project is consistent with the plans for the I-95 mainline, including the extension of express lanes into Palm Beach County.

<u>Social Demands/Economic Development:</u> Social and economic demands on the I-95 corridor will continue to increase as population and employment increase. The Palm Beach County TPA 2040 LRTP states that the population would grow 27 percent from 1.32 million in 2010 to 1.68 million in 2040. The employment was also forecasted to grow from 571,000 to 820,000 employees in the same 30 year period for an increase of nearly 44 percent. The predicted increase in population and employment will increase congestion in the study area.

<u>Modal Interrelationships:</u> Currently, sidewalks and crosswalks are provided on both sides of Woolbright Road. Palm Tran Route 70 services Seacrest Boulevard both north and south of Woolbright Road east of the interchange, as well as the Boynton Beach Tri-Rail station 2.68 miles north of Woolbright Road. The project proposes to provide undesignated bicycle lanes on both sides of Woolbright Road. Capacity improvements at the interchange will enhance the mobility of people and goods by alleviating current and future congestion at the interchange and the surrounding freight and transit networks. Reduced congestion will serve to maintain and improve viable access to the major transportation facilities and businesses in the area. <u>Safety:</u> The crash data for the latest available five-year period (2012 to 2016) along Woolbright Road (93220000) from SW 8 Street to S. Seacrest Boulevard was retrieved from FDOT's Crash Analysis Reporting System (CARS) on-line database and from Signal 4 Analytics database. The study corridor encompasses the I-95 Interchange. The crash data from both databases were summarized separately for the entire corridor and for the I-95 interchange.

Overall, there was a total of 680 crashes during the 5-year period. Based on crash severity, of the 680 crashes reported, 240 (35.5%) were injury type crashes, 437 (64.3%) were property damage only crashes, and three fatal crashes were reported. Two of the fatal crashes occurred in 2012 and were classified as overturn and collision with parked vehicle type and the third fatal crash occurred in 2016 and it was classified as angle collision. There were 150 wet pavement crashes (22.1%) reported. The frequency of wet pavement crashes was constant through the 5-year analysis period. This may indicate a crash pattern of wet pavement crashes. There were 171 nighttime/dusk/dawn/dark crashes (25.1%) reported. The leading crash type was rear-end with a total of 338 crashes (49.7%) followed by sideswipe with a total of 94 crashes (13.8%). Careless driving or negligent manner was the most predominate contributing causes of these crashes. Most of the crashes (178) occurred during the morning hours (6 AM to 9 AM), which correspond to the typical morning rush period.

2. PROPOSED ALTERNATIVES

The following describes the alternatives considered for this project.

No Build Alternative

- This alternative would keep the existing interchange roadway network into the future without improvements.
- The No Build Alternative has a number of positive aspects, since it would not require expenditure of public funds for design, right-of-way acquisition, construction, or utility relocation. Traffic would not be disrupted due to construction, therefore, avoiding inconveniences to local residents and businesses. Also, there would be no direct or secondary impacts to the environment, the socio-economic characteristics, or community cohesion of the area.
- The No Build Alternative fails to fulfill the purpose and need of the project. Operational and safety conditions within the interchange area will become progressively worse as traffic volumes continue to increase, thereby increasing the number of crashes and deteriorating access of this interchange.

Alternative 1 – Tight Diamond Interchange (TDI) – <u>Recommended Alternative</u>

- Modify the existing Diamond Interchange by widening the existing Woolbright Road bridge over I-95 and the bridge over the South Florida Rail Corridor to accommodate one additional through lane in each direction through the interchange
- Add one additional left-turn lane (triple lefts) at the northbound and southbound I-95 off-ramp intersections
- Add one additional westbound through lane at the Corporate Drive/SW 8th Street intersection
- Add one additional left-turn lane in the eastbound and westbound direction at the Corporate Drive/SW 8th Street intersection
- Widen the existing bridge over the E-4 Canal to accommodate the additional westbound through lane and bicycle lanes
- Extend the bicycle lanes from the interchange to SW 18th Street
- Refer to Figure 2-1.

Alternative 2 – Diverging Diamond Interchange (DDI)

- Reconstruct the existing Diamond Interchange to a Diverging Diamond Interchange (DDI) configuration, which provides three continuous through lanes through the interchange with two free flow left-turn lanes into the I-95 on-ramps
- Add one additional westbound through lane at the Corporate Drive/SW 8th Street intersection

- Add one additional left-turn lane in the eastbound and westbound direction at the Corporate Drive/SW 8th Street intersection
- Widen the existing bridge over the E-4 Canal to accommodate the additional westbound through lane and bicycle lanes
- Extend the bicycle lanes from the interchange to SW 18th Street
- Refer to Figure 2-2.

Alternative 3 – Single Point Urban Interchange (SPUI)

- Reconstruct the existing Diamond Interchange to a Single Point Urban Interchange (SPUI) configuration, which provides two continuous through lanes through the interchange
- Add one additional left-turn lane (triple lefts) at the southbound I-95 off-ramp intersection
- Add one additional westbound through lane at the Corporate Drive/SW 8th Street intersection
- Add one additional left-turn lane in the eastbound and westbound direction at the Corporate Drive/SW 8th Street intersection
- Widen the existing bridge over the E-4 Canal to accommodate the additional westbound through lane and bicycle lanes
- Extend the bicycle lanes from the interchange to SW 18th Street
- Refer to Figure 2-3.

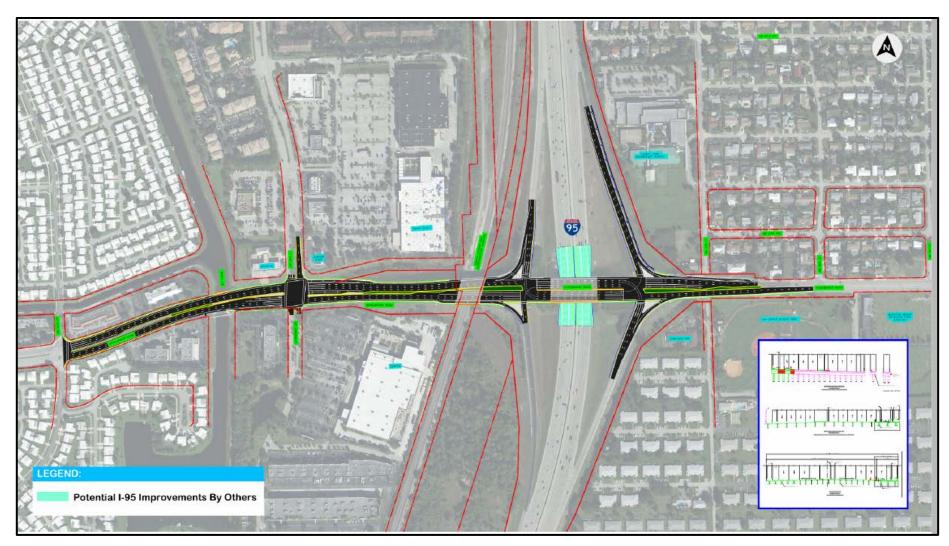


Figure 2-1. Alternative 1: TDI

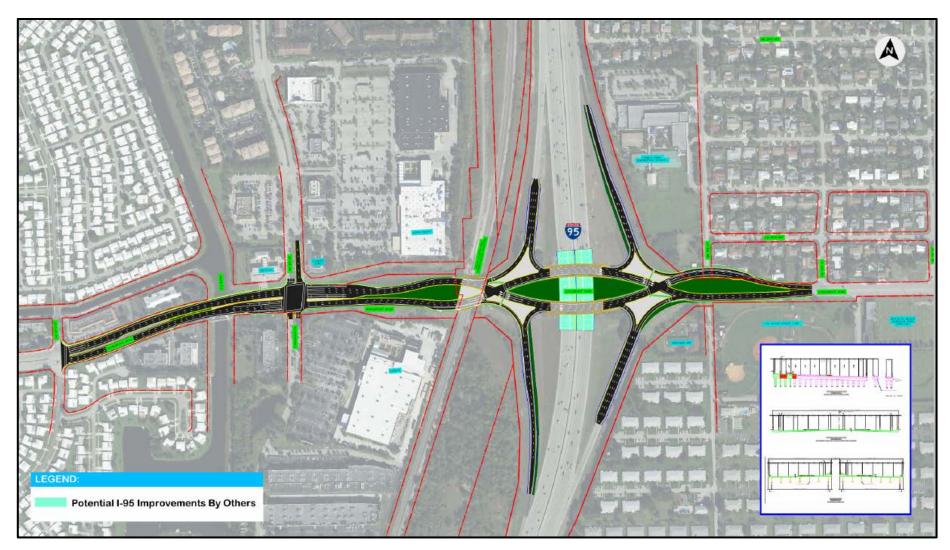


Figure 3- 2:. Alternative 2: DDI



Figure 4-3:. Alternative 3: SPUI

3 EXISTING LAND USE

Existing land use within the project area was determined through the interpretation of aerial photography (Figure 3-1 – Aerial Map) and a field reconnaissance of the project corridor conducted on May 27, 2020. Existing land use within a 500-foot buffer of the project limits was based on the Florida Land Use, Cover and Forms Classification System (FLUCCS) (FDOT, 1999) using the South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD) 2014-2016 land use/land cover layer (Figure 3-2 – Existing Land Use Map).

The existing land use within 500 feet of the project corridor is predominantly roads and highways (FLUCCS Code 8140), consisting of I-95. Fixed single-family units (FLUCCS Code 1210) is second most dominant land use in the 500-foot buffer. Followed by shopping centers (FLUCCS Code 1411) as the third most dominant land use. Other land uses in the project corridor, in order of percent areal coverage within the buffer, include other multiple dwelling units, upland mixed coniferous/ hardwood, pine flatwoods, parks and zoos, educational facilities, commercial and services, open land, channelized waterways, canals, other light industries and cemeteries.

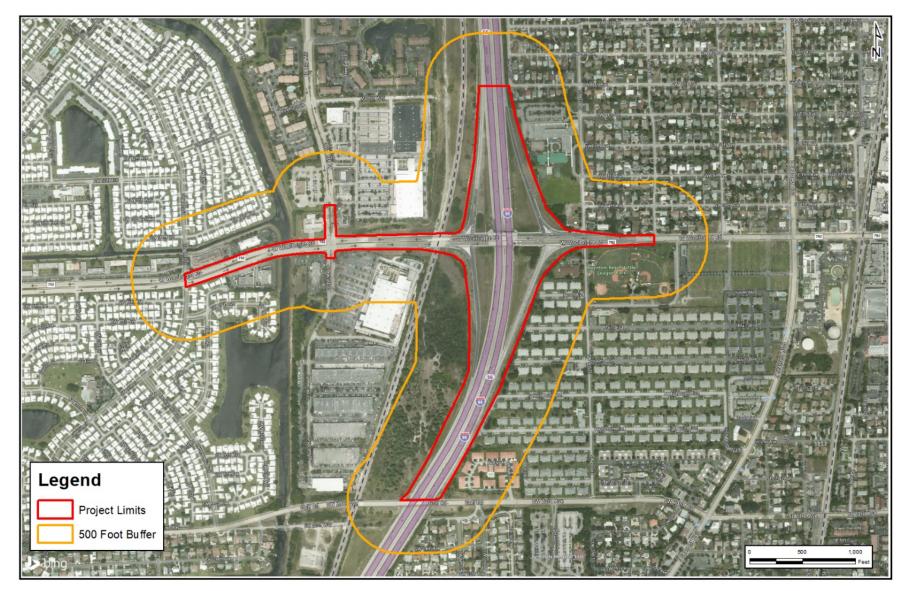


Figure 3-1 -. Aerial Map

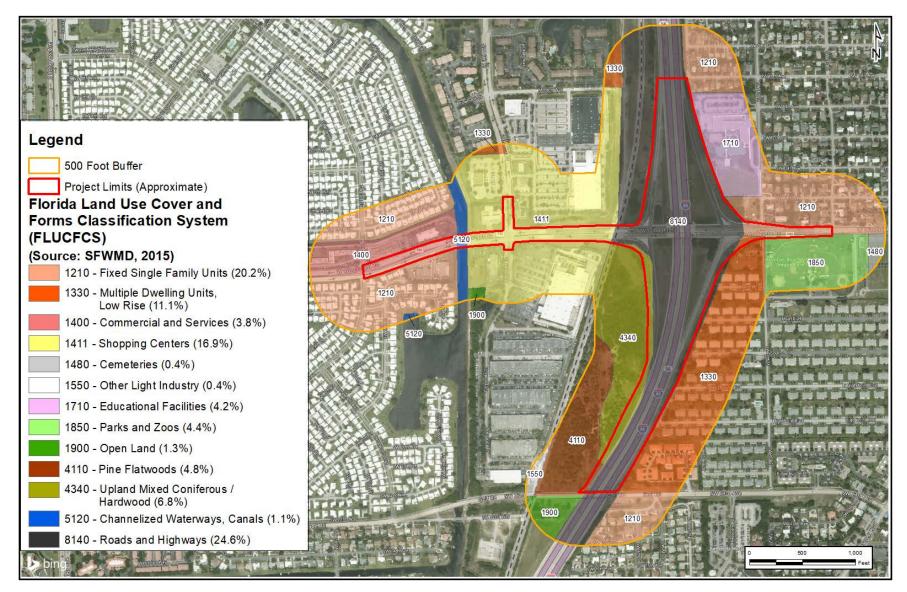


Figure 3-2 – Land Use Map

4 HYDROLOGIC FEATURES

According to the USGS Ground Water Atlas of the United States (Miller, 2000), the County is generally underlain by the Surficial Aquifer System. The surficial aquifer is mainly used for domestic, commercial, or small municipal supplies. The surficial aquifer system is generally under unconfined conditions and is comprised of mostly unconsolidated sand, shelly sand, and shell. The aquifer thickness is less than 50 feet in some areas but can range up to 400 feet in Indian River and St. Lucie Counties. The surficial aquifer is separated from the Florida aquifer by a thick clayey confining unit.

Groundwater in the surficial aquifer generally flows from areas of higher elevation towards the coast or streams where it can discharge as baseflow. Water enters the aquifer from rainfall and exits as baseflow to streams, discharge to the coast, evapotranspiration, and downward recharge to deeper aquifers. The C-4 canal is located within the immediate project area. Existing surface drainage is generally flat, relying primarily on infiltration and retention features for removal. Groundwater is typically encountered at a depth of five to fifteen feet below land surface and the project is located within Zone 2, Zone 3 and Zone 4 of the Palm Beach County Wellfield.

According to the USDA Soil Survey data (<u>https://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/WebSoilSurvey.aspx</u>), soils within the project area are primarily classified as urban land complexes consisting largely of Pomello fine sand and St. Lucie-Paola-Urban land complex units consisting of low slope and well drained fine sand composition. Other soil complexes less prevalent in the project area include Basinger sand type (Figure 4-1 – Soil Map)

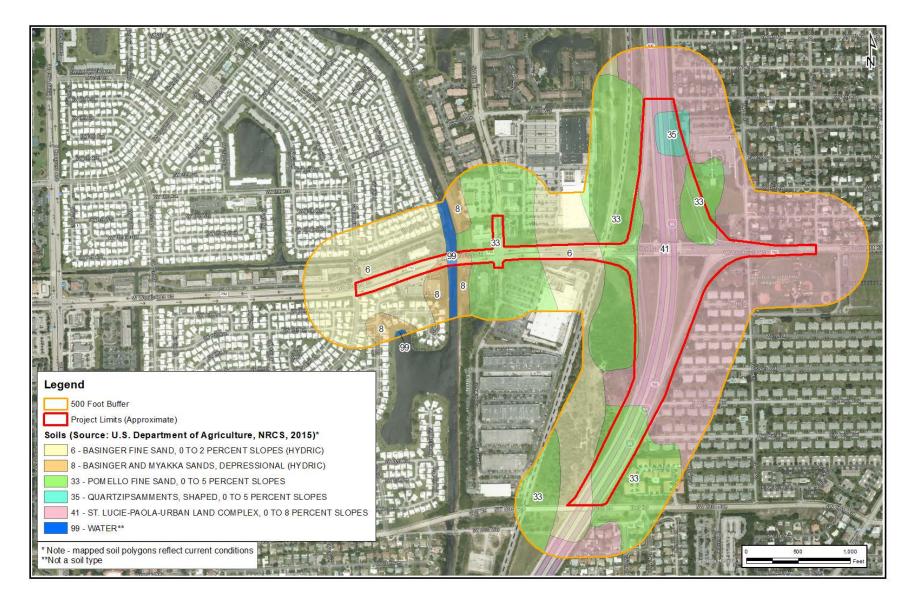


Figure 4-1 – Soils Map

5 METHODOLOGY

This evaluation was performed using procedures generally conforming to, and as specified in, FDOT Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Manual guidelines (Part 2, Chapter 20, effective June 14, 2019).

A search of known and potentially contaminated sites was conducted using state and federal databases. Sources included in our review included the FDOT Efficient Transportation Decision Making (ETDM) Environmental Screening Tool (EST), the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) Contamination Locator Map and FDEP Map Direct tool. Copies of the output from the EST and FDEP Map Direct Tool are included in Appendix A.

A search for existing and potential contaminated sites was conducted to include the following: a) petroleum, drycleaners, and non-petroleum sites within 500 feet of the ROW line; b) non-solid waste landfill within 1000 feet of the corridor; c) known landfills within 1,000 feet of the corridor; d) National Priority Lists (NPL) and EPA Superfund sites, landfill sites within 0.5 mile of the ROW line.

A regulatory file review of selected sites identified within the search buffers was conducted using the FDEP OCULUS Database. Interviews with public officials were not conducted as regulatory information was readily available from public sources.

A review of historical information was conducted. Aerial photographs were obtained from a variety of sources, including the University of Florida and FDOT to evaluate historical land use patterns and indications of activities that could result in contamination along the project corridor.

A field reconnaissance was conducted on June 11, 2020 to verify information reviewed and to identify other potential contamination concerns within the vicinity of the project based upon visual observations. No additional sites to those identified during the database search were identified during the site visit. A photolog compiled during the site visit is included in Appendix B.

Risk ratings were assigned in accordance with FDOT PD&E Manual guidelines. The rating system is divided into four risk rating categories: High, Medium, Low and No Concern. The known presence of contamination may not necessarily represent a high cause for concern if the regulatory agencies are aware of the situation and corrective actions, where necessary, are either complete or are underway, and these actions will not have an adverse impact on the proposed project. The following risk ratings were assigned:

- "No": A review of available information on the property and a review of the conceptual or design plans indicates there is no potential for contamination to impact the project. It is possible that contaminants had been handled on the property. However, findings from the contamination screening evaluation indicate that contamination impacts are not expected.
- "Low": A review of available information indicates that former or current activities on the property have an ongoing contamination issue, have a hazardous waste generator identification (ID) number, or the site stores, handles or manufactures hazardous materials. However, based on the review of conceptual or design plans and/or findings from the contamination screening evaluation, it is not likely that there would be any contamination impacts to the project.
- "Medium": After a review of conceptual or design plans and findings from a contamination screening evaluation, a potential contamination impact to the project has been identified. If there is insufficient information (such as regulatory records or site historical documents) to make a determination as to the potential for contamination impact, and there is reasonable suspicion that contamination may exist, the property should be rated at least as a "Medium." Properties used historically as gasoline stations and which have not been evaluated or assessed by regulatory agencies, sites with abandoned in place underground petroleum storage tanks or currently operating gasoline stations should receive this rating.
- "High": After a review of all available information and conceptual or design plans, there is appropriate analytical data that shows contamination will substantially impact construction activities, have implications to ROW acquisition or have other potential transfer of contamination related liability to the FDOT.

6 PROJECT IMPACTS AND REGULATORY STATUS OF SITES

After a review of available data, including the ETDM EST and FDEP records, several sites of potential contamination concern were identified for the alternatives considered. Table 1 presents the number of potentially contaminated sites identified for each of the alternatives considered.

Alternative	Risk Ratings								
, accinative	No	Low	Medium	High	Total				
Alternative 1 (TDI) – Recommended Alternative	3	4	3	0	10				
Alternative 2 (DDI)	3	4	3	0	10				
Alternative 3 (SPUI)	3	4	3	0	10				

Table 1: Preliminary Contamination Screening Evaluation per Build Alternative

All sites identified are common to all the alternatives. The location and ratings for each site, as well as the project limits for the recommended alternative, Alternative 1-TDI, and associated drainage ponds are depicted on Figure 6-1: Site Location Map.

Based on an evaluation of the data and information collected and the site reconnaissance conducted on June 11, 2020 a summary of information compiled for each site is provided in Table 2. No non-landfills solid waste sites were identified within 1,000 feet of the corridor, or Superfund CERCLA or landfill sites within 0.5 miles of the corridor. A photographic documentation log is included in Appendix B.

CONTAMINATION SCREENING EVALUATION REPORT

Table 2: Summary of Preliminary Contamination Screening Evaluation										
Site ID	Name	Name Facility ID		Distance to and Direction From Corridor (Feet)	Storage Tanks Present	Contamination of Concern	Site Information	Risk Rating		
1	BETHESDA COPY CENTER 3800 S CONGRESS AVE STE #15	CHAZ ID: FLD981932551	CHAZ RCRA	300 Northeast	None	None	The main function of the facility is to print forms used by Bethesda Health Systems. Rollers are cleaned with press wash using rags. Used rags are stored in a labeled and closed container. Film screens are created on site using a film developer. Developer and fixer wastes are removed from site about once a year. This facility was not identified on regulatory databases as being contaminated. No records of outstanding violations or discharges were identified during our review of regulatory records. This facility is registered as a conditionally exempt small quantity hazardous waste generator. Based on the facility information reviewed, contamination impacts are not expected.	No		
2	BETTY SEINFELD CENTER 1501 CORPORATE DR	CHAZ ID: FLR000065573	CHAZ RCRA	90 South	None	None	This facility was occupied by the Betty Seinfeld Breast Center and was registered as a small quantity generator of silver in 2000. The facility was reportedly closed around 2003. This facility was not identified on regulatory databases as being contaminated. No records of outstanding violations or discharges were identified during our review of regulatory records. Based on the facility information reviewed, contamination impacts are not expected.	No		
3	BOCA RATON ASSOCIATES 1501 CORPORATE DRIVE	SQG ID: 79738	SQG RCRA	90 South	None	None	This facility was not identified in regulatory databases as being contaminated. Based on the site location within a medical office, it is expected that the facility is associated with medical services. No records of outstanding violations or discharges were identified during our review of regulatory records. This facility is registered as a small quantity hazardous waste generator. Based on the facility information reviewed, contamination impacts are not expected.	No		
4	LOWES OF BOYNTON BEACH FL #1111 1500 CORPORATE DR	CHAZ/CESQG ID: FLR000151035	CHAZ CESQG RCRA	110 South	1,500 – Gal Diesel AST	None	This facility was not identified in regulatory databases as being contaminated. This facility stores a 1500-gallon diesel AST associated with an emergency generator No records of outstanding violations or discharges were identified during our review of regulatory records. This facility is registered as a conditionally exempt small quantity hazardous waste generator. Based on the facility information reviewed, it is not likely that there would be any contamination impacts to the project.	Low		
5	HOME DEPOT #6309 1500-1520 SW 8TH ST	CHAZ ID: FLR000111914 STCM ID: 9810769	CHAZ STCM RCRA	165 North	1,320- Gal Diesel AST	None	This facility was not identified in regulatory databases as being contaminated. This facility stores a 1,320-gallon diesel AST associated with a generator. No records of outstanding violations or discharges were identified during our review of regulatory records. Based on the facility information reviewed, it is not likely that there would be any contamination impacts to the project.	Low		
6	FOREST PARK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL 1201 SW 3RD ST	CHAZ ID: FLD982158115	CHAZ RCRA	75 East	AST	None	This facility was not identified in regulatory databases as being contaminated. This facility is registered as a conditionally exempt small quantity hazardous waste generator. Based on the site visit conducted as part of this evaluation, the school houses a generator and associated AST. The specifications of the AST were not available based on review of regulatory records. No records of outstanding violations or discharges were identified during our review of	Low		

CONTAMINATION SCREENING EVALUATION REPORT

			Table	2: Summary of P	Preliminary Contamin	ation Screening Ev	valuation	
Site ID	Name	Facility ID	Regulatory Database	Distance to and Direction From Corridor (Feet)	Storage Tanks Present	Contamination of Concern	Site Information	Risk Rating
							regulatory records. Based on the facility information reviewed, it is not likely that there would be any contamination impacts to the project.	
7	DIRECT TRANSPORT-DELRAY SPILL ATLANTIC AVENUE & WOOLBRIGHT RD.	STCM ID: 9202780	SCTM	10 South	None	Petroleum	A discharge resulted from an accidental release of approximately 7,500 gallons of diesel fuel onto the unpaved median of I-95 between Atlantic Avenue and Woolbright Road in November 1990. Upon completion of source removal and subsequent groundwater monitoring, the discharge was granted no further action from FDEP in 1994. Based on the facility information reviewed, t is not likely that there would be any contamination impacts to the project.	Low
8	SAVE ON DRY CLEANERS 1859 W WOOLBRIGHT RD	CHAZ/SQG ID: FLR000103671 STCM ID: 9809009	CHAZ STCM SQG RCRA	75 North	None – Historical Tanks Removed	Solvents	This facility operated a drycleaner between 2002 and 2011. This facility was not identified on regulatory databases as being contaminated and was identified as a vacant commercial space during the June 11, 2020 site visit. No records of outstanding violations or discharges were identified during our review of regulatory records. This facility is no longer present at this location. A former AST storing tetrachloroethylene installed circa 2007 has been removed from this facility. Former activities on the property included storage and handling of hazardous materials in some capacity. Based on insufficient regulatory information and lack of assessment data for this site, it is likely that contamination associated with the former activities may have gone undetected.	Medium
9	BLESSED WOOLBRIGHT CLEANERS RDS OF BOYNTON INC 1869 SW 15TH AVE	CHAZ ID: FLR000050401	CHAZ RCRA	75 North	None	Solvents	This drycleaner facility was registered as a conditionally exempt small quantity hazardous waste generator in 1998. This facility was not identified on regulatory databases as being contaminated and was identified as a vacant commercial space during the June 11, 2020 site visit. No records of outstanding violations or discharges were identified during our review of regulatory records. This facility is registered as a conditionally exempt small hazardous waste quantity generator. Former and current activities on the property included storage and handling of hazardous materials in some capacity. Based on insufficient regulatory information and lack of assessment data for this site, it is likely that contamination associated with the former activities may have gone undetected.	Medium
10	RACETRAC #459 905 W WOOLBRIGHT RD	STCM ID: 9600708	SCTM	35 West	12,000-Gal Unleaded Gas UST 12,000-Gal Diesel UST 12,000-Unleaded Gas UST	Petroleum	This facility is an active gas station housing three USTs installed in 1995. No records of outstanding violations or discharges were identified during our review of regulatory records. This facility has been assigned a Medium risk rating based on the current operation of the gasoline station. This site is was observed to be under construction during the site visit conducted on June 11, 2020.	Medium
CHAZ STCM	 Florida Department of Environme FDEP Compliance & Enforcement Storage Tank Contamination Mor Aboveground Storage Tank 	Tracking for Hazardous Waste Fac	ilities RCRA = SQG = H	US EPA Resource	ronmental Protection s Conservation and R Small Quantity Gener ge Tank	ecovery Action		

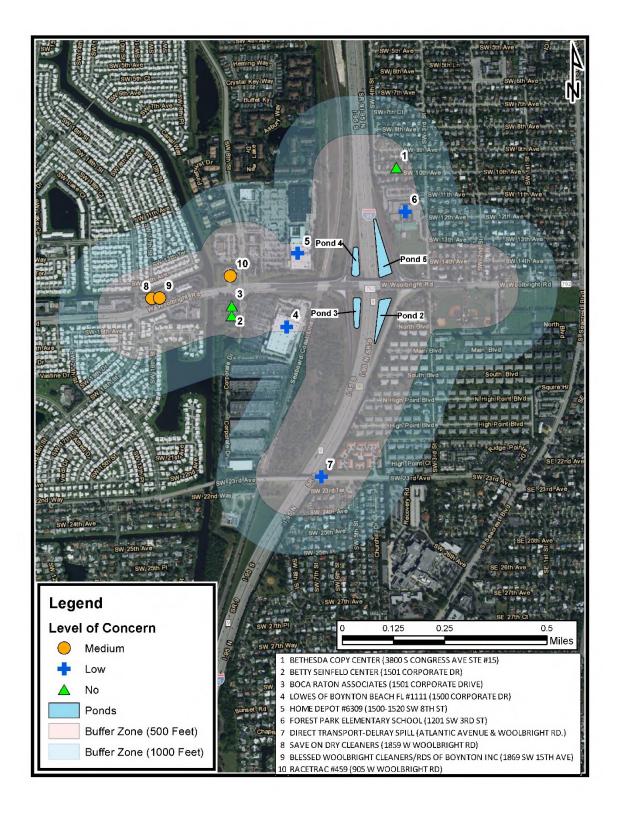


Figure 6 - 1–Potential Contaminated Site Location Map

7 HISTORICAL INFORMATION

Evaluation of historical aerial photography can assist with the identification of sources of potential contamination associated with historical land use such as landfills, lagoons, industrial areas, or agricultural activities. Although generally flown at medium to high altitudes, aerial photographs may be useful in visually comparing historic and current conditions. They may be helpful in evaluating conditions of apparent environmental concern on or near the project corridor at the time the photographs were taken. Evaluation of these aerial photographs may be limited by the quality and scale of the photographs.

Aerial photographs between 1964 and 2015 were obtained from FDOT, University of Florida databases and Google Earth. Copies of select aerial photographs reviewed are included in Appendix C. A summary of the relevant observations is presented in Table 3 below.

	Table 3: Historical Aerial Photograph Review							
Year	Observations							
1964	The project area is mainly undeveloped. The railroad corridor is present with							
	residential properties present to the east and undeveloped land to the west. C-							
	4 canal is present at this time. Little League Park located on the south side of							
	Woolbright Road appears to be under construction. Agricultural activities a							
	observed on the northeast quadrant of the I-95 interchange.							
1969	The roadway for I-95 is observed on this aerial photograph. The areas adjacent							
	to the corridor are undeveloped with development apparent farther to the east							
	and south. Agricultural activities continue to be present on the northeast							
	quadrant of the I-95 interchange. The areas west of I-95 remain mostly							
	undeveloped.							
1975	Additional roadway improvements at the I-95 interchange are observed.							
	Increased development is observed in the area. Residential development has							
	expanded to areas abutting east to I-95 and along Woolbright Road. The areas							
	along Woolbright Road between the C-4 canal and I-95 remain undeveloped							
	with the exception of the railroad.							

	Table 3: Historical Aerial Photograph Review
1986	Signs of development are apparent on the areas along Woolbright Road
	between the C-4 canal and I-95 are observed.
1991	No significant changes with the exception of the development of the Home
	Depot shopping plaza located on the north side of Woolbright Road west of I-
	95.
1995	No significant changes apparent within the project corridor and immediate
	vicinity are observed.
2002	No significant changes with the exception of the development of the Lowe's
	shopping plaza located on the south side of Woolbright Road west of I-95 and
	the presence of the Racetrac station (Site 13) on the northern side of Woolbright
	Road
2006-2015	No significant changes within the project corridor and immediate vicinity
	observed between 2006 and 2015.
2016	The southwest portion of the infield area between I-95 and the northbound
	onramp have been cleared and appear to be utilized for storage. The nature of
	the materials or equipment stored cannot be ascertain from the aerial
	photographs.
2017	Construction activities between I-95 and the northbound onramp are observed.
	Equipment staging continues on the south portion of the infield as observed in
	2016. Clearing is also observed in the infield area between I-95 and the
	southbound offramp.
2019	Construction activities between I-95 and the on/offramps is completed and the
	areas and equipment have been removed.

Agricultural land use was observed on the northeast quadrant of the I-95 interchange in the 1964 and 1969 aerial photographs. These areas have been redeveloped and are currently partly occupied by the Forest Park Elementary School campus and right of way infields along the north onramps to I-95. Potential soil impacts associated with the former application of agricultural chemicals would likely have been removed during the redevelopment and alteration of the area. Therefore, this historical land use is not considered likely to impact the project.

8 BRIDGES

Bridge 930301 located eastbound/westbound on Woolbright Road over the I-95 and Bridge 930300 located eastbound/westbound on Woolbright Road over the railroad are located within the proposed construction of the project. Bridges 930301 and 930300 are concrete bridges and have been tested for the presence of asbestos-containing materials (ACM). Bridge 934461 is located over the E-4 canal within the proposed construction project and has not been tested at the time of this report.

The Asbestos Survey Reports (ASR) for Bridge 930301 and 930300 did not document the presence of ACM in the material tested in those bridges. Copies of the ASRs are included in **Appendix D**. Bridge 934461 has not been tested and will required testing during design.

9 CONCLUSIONS

This CSER has revealed the presence of three sites of no risk (Site 1 to Site 3), four sites of low risk (Site 4 to Site 7) and three medium risk rating sites (Site 8 through Site 10). No additional assessment (Level II or Level III) is recommended for no risk sites based on the absence of contamination expected for those sites based on current or historic operations and regulatory information reviewed during this evaluation.

Site 10 (Racetrack Station located at 905 W Woolbright Rd.) has been assigned a medium risk rating based on the current operation of a gasoline station housing three USTs. However, no records of discharges or outstanding violations were identified for this facility. Therefore, based on the absence of contamination records associated with this facility, no additional assessment (Level II or Level III) is deemed necessary. The proposed work in the vicinity of Site 10 is limited to lane widening and the facility is at a lower elevation than the adjacent project corridor. The elevation gradient would be expected to promote groundwater flow away from the corridor; additionally, the presence of the C-4 canal ma influence the groundwater to flow to the east. Due to fact that actual contamination has not been documented at this site, the distance between the USTs and the ROW, the elevation difference and the minimally invasive work anticipated for this portion of the project, additional assessment is not recommended. If invasive work that requires dewatering is proposed, then groundwater assessment would be recommended. If groundwater testing is conducted, laboratory analysis should include petroleum contaminants including polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons using EPA Test Method 8270 (or equivalent), volatile organic aromatics using EPA Test Method 8260 (or equivalent) and total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons using the Florida Residual Petroleum Organics Method.

Site 8 (Save On Dry Cleaners located at 1859 W Woolbright Rd) and Site 9 (Blessed Woolbright Cleaners located at 1869 SW 15th Avenue) have been assigned a medium risk rating based on the former operation of drycleaner facilities at each of these locations. However, no records of discharges or outstanding violations were identified for these facilities. The proposed work in the vicinity of Site 8 and Site 9 is limited to lane widening. Therefore, based on the absence of contamination records associated with these sites, no additional assessment (Level II or Level III) is deemed necessary. If invasive work that requires dewatering is proposed, then groundwater assessment would be recommended. If groundwater testing is conducted, laboratory analysis should include volatile organic hydrocarbons (VOHs) using EPA Test Method 8260 (or equivalent).

Regulatory file review should be updated prior to construction to ascertain if new releases are documented.

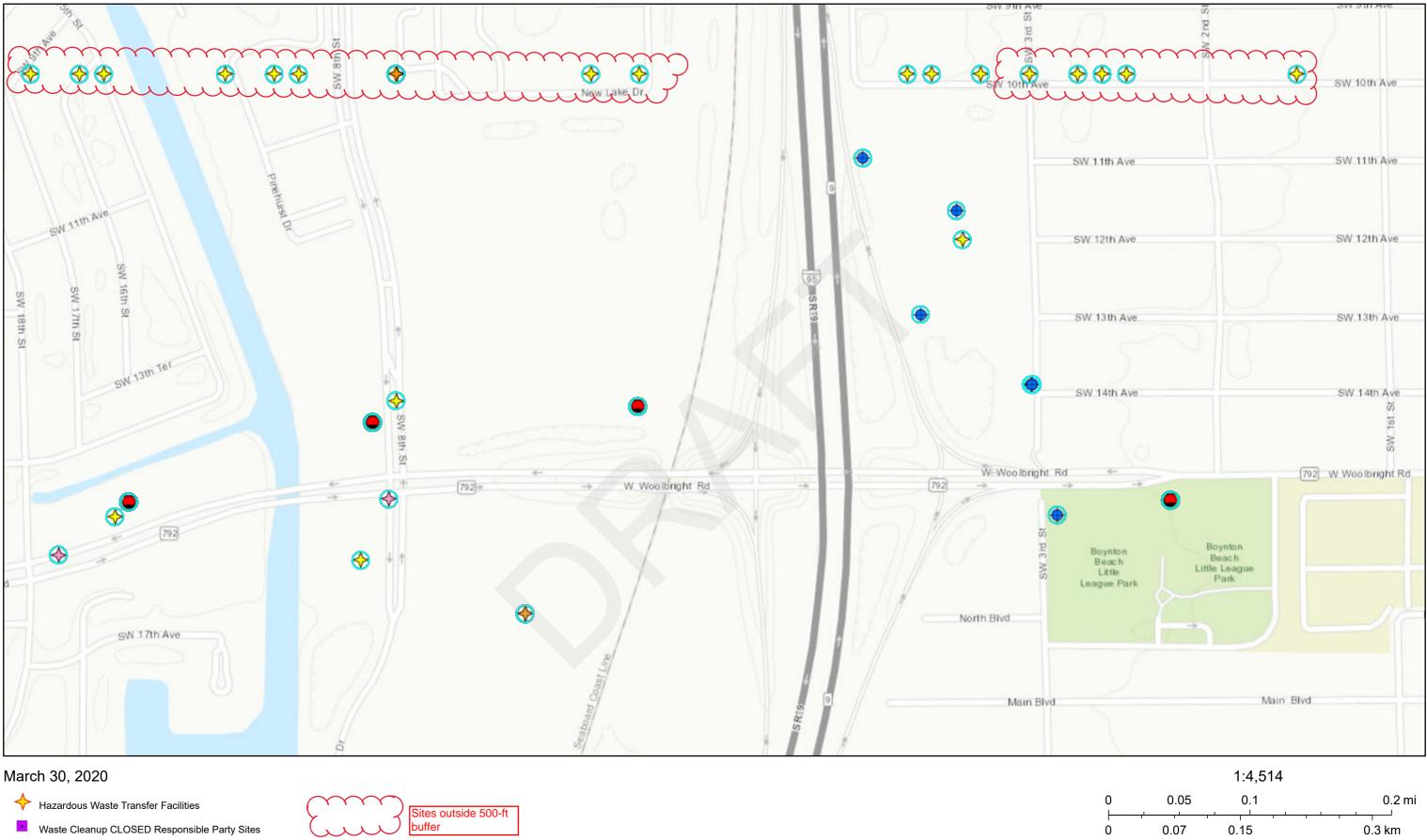
Agricultural land use was observed on the northeast quadrant of the I-95 interchange in the 1964 and 1969 aerial photographs. These areas have been redeveloped and are currently partly occupied by the Forest Park Elementary School campus and right of way infields along the north onramps to I-95. Potential soil impacts associated with the former application of agricultural chemicals would likely have been removed during the redevelopment and alteration of the area. Therefore, this historical land use is not considered likely to impact the project.

Bridge 934461 has not been tested for the presence of ACM and will required testing during design.

Appendix A

Environmental Database Documentation

Standard Map



- State Funded Cleanup Sites
- Solid Waste Facilities
- Facility
- leneral Disposal Area

FDEP, DWM, FDEP,DWM, Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community, FGS Staff, FDEP/DWM/BWC

Map created by Map Direct, powered by ESRI.

DEP Cleanup Sites

- BROWNFIELD SITES
- A PETROLEUM
- ▲ SUPERFUND
- ▲ OTHER WASTE CLEANUP

Petroleum Contamination Monitoring (PCTS) Discharges

- ELIGIBLE DISCHARGES OPEN
- INELIGIBLE DISCHARGES OPEN
- ELIGIBLE DISCHARGES COMPLETED
- INELIGIBLE DISCHARGES COMPETED

Storage Tank Contamination Monitoring (STCM)

Florida Geological Survey (FGS) Wells

State-Owned Lands Cleanup Program (SOLCP) Sites

•

Storage Tank Contamination Monitoring (STCM)

- Petroleum Contamination Monitoring (PCTS) Discharges
- ELIGIBLE DISCHARGES OPEN
- INELIGIBLE DISCHARGES OPEN
- ELIGIBLE DISCHARGES COMPLETED
- INELIGIBLE DISCHARGES COMPETED

Registered Tanks from Storage Tank Contamination Monitoring (STCM)

 $\overline{}$

DEP Cleanup Sites

- ▲ BROWNFIELD SITES
- ▲ PETROLEUM

🔺 SUPERFUND

▲ OTHER WASTE CLEANUP

Florida Opportunity Zones

Brownfield Areas

Brownfield Sites

Florida Institutional Controls Registry

Drycleaning Solvent Program Cleanup Sites

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Waste Cleanup OPEN Responsible Party Sites

• Waste Cleanup INACTIVE Responsible Party Sites ٠ **Active Fuel Facilities** County Small Quantity Generators (SQG) ∻ Large Quantity Hazardous Waste Generators (LQGs) Small Quantity Hazardous Waste Generators (SQGs) Hazardous Waste Treaters Storers and Disposers (TSDs) Hazardous Waste Transporter Facilities Compliance and Enforcement Tracking for HAZardous (CHAZ) Facilities ∻ Hazardous Waste Treaters Storers and Disposers (TSDs) Solid Waste Disaster Debris Management Sites Solid Waste Facilities Facility General Disposal Area Waste Processing Area \odot Solid Waste Test Sites Gas Condensate Sample Point Û Leachate Collection Sample Point Û Monitor Well O Ū Private Supply Well Public Supply Well Û Soil/Ash/ Sediment Sample Solid Waste Effluent Monitoring Point O Solid Waste Influent Monitoring Point Surface Water Sample Point Û Florida Superfund Waste Cleanup Sites NPL \odot Superfund \odot

- Solid Waste Facilities
- Facility
- 📥 General Disposal Area
- 🙆 Waste Processing Area

3/30/2020

Florida State Funded Cleanup Sites

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Waste Cleanup CLOSED Responsible Party Sites

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Hazardous Waste Transfer Facilities

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HANDLER_ID	EPA_ASSIGN	USERNAME	TIME_STAMF ME_	ID	OFFICE	ME_NAME	PHYS_ADDRESS_1
FLD984167288	6/15/1988	HERRING_\	12/30/1997	38200	SED	Geosyntec Inc	3050 SW 14th Pl Ste 18
FLD982167470	5/15/1988	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	45746	SED	TNT Auto Body Inc	1420 SW 30th Ave
FLD982155756	1/15/1988	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	46046	SED	Mr D Auto Body & Painting	400 W Industrial Ave
FLD981932551	11/15/1987	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	60488	SED	Bethesda Copy Center	3800 S Congress Ave Ste #15
FLD982091167	6/15/1987	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	33096	SED	J White Aluminum Products Inc	215 SE 8th Ave
FLD982100729	4/15/1987	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	43811	SED	Village Square Dry Cleaners II	11098 S Military Trl
FLD981868631	12/15/1986	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	54958	SED	Palm Beach County School District - South T	1302 SW 30th Ave
FLD981868516	12/15/1986	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	45178	SED	Palm Beach County Schools - South Maintee	505 S Congress Ave
FLD981868573	12/15/1986	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	40351	SED	South Tech Academy	1300 SW 30th Ave # A
FLD984194209	3/15/1991	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	44584	SED	Ideal Painting & Body Inc	625 Industrial Ave
FLR000151035	11/26/2008	WILSON_J	11/26/2008	26159	SED	Lowes of Boynton Beach FL #1111	1500 Corporate Dr
FLR000065573	5/16/2000	HERRING_\	5/16/2000	34585	SED	Betty Seinfeld Center	1501 Corporate Dr
FLR000103671*	11/24/2003	LAW_T	11/24/2003	62280	SED	Save On Dry Cleaners	1859 W Woolbright Rd
FLR000050401	11/17/1998	HERRING_\	11/17/1998	63142	SED	Blessed Woolbright Cleaners	1869 Sw 15th Ave
FLR000111914	8/19/2004	LAW_T	8/20/2004	40051	SED	Home Depot #6309	1520 SW 8th St
FLD982158115	3/15/1988	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	49132	SED	Forest Park Elementary School	1201 SW 3rd St
FLD984191320	12/15/1990	HERRING_\	12/1/1998	44728	SED	Star Enterprise	9094 S Military Trl
FLD980709778	3/15/1991	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	50799	SED	F H Foster Oil	319 Industrial Ave
FLD984173013	7/15/1990	HERRING_\	12/1/1998	40702	SED	Star Enterprise	433 Nw 2nd Ave
FLD984173021	7/15/1990	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	55550	SED	Texaco #240211315	2921 S Federal Hwy
FLD982129595	1/15/1990	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	38264	SED	Dubois Farms Inc	5450 Flavor Pict Rd
FLD984171199	10/15/1989	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	40795	SED	Polydex Pharmaceuticals Ltd	1401 Neptune Dr
FLD981924830	2/15/1987	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	46115	SED	Eli Lilly	Jog Road And Military Trail
FLD982122871	6/15/1989	CHAZ_LOA	10/18/1996	48425	SED	Nu Look 1 Hour Cleaners	1313 W Boynton Blvd

*within 500 ft of project limits but it is not shown on the map output.
Sites confirmed within 500 feet of the site. Remaining facilities are located outside the 500-ft buffer.

FAC	ILITY_I REGULAT	TE CC_COU	JN				FACILITY_	FACILITY_T	Y	FACILITY_CLEANU	ΡF
D	D	TY_ID	COUNTY	FACILITY_NAME	ADDRESS1	CITY	STATUS	PE_CODE	FACILITY_TYPE	_STATUS_CODE	A
98	309009 N		50 PALM BEA	SAV-ON CLEANERS	1869 WOOLBRIGHT RD	BOYNTON	CLOSED		1 Drycleaner	null	n
96	500708 Y		50 PALM BEA	(RACETRAC #459	905 W WOOLBRIGHT RD	BOYNTON	OPEN	А	Retail Station	null	n
98	310769 Y		50 PALM BEA	(HOME DEPOT #0224	1500 SW 8TH ST	BOYNTON	OPEN	С	Fuel user/Non-retail	null	n
98	309153 N		50 PALM BEA	BOYNTON BEACH CITY UTIL	124 E WOOLBRIGHT RD	BOYNTON	CLOSED	Н	Local Government	null	n

FACILITY_CLEANUP_ST ATUS null null

null

null

LOC_ID	FAC_ID	STATUS	CONTAM	NAME	FAC_TYPE	SITE_TYPE	FAC_STAT	CONTAM_	ADDRESS1	CITY
62451	9809009	REVIEWED	null	SAV-ON CLEANERS	1	Drycleaner	CLOSED	null	1869 WOOLBRIGHT RD	BOYNTON BEACH
62595	9809153	REVIEWED	null	BOYNTON BEACH CITY UTIL	Н	Local Government	CLOSED	null	124 E WOOLBRIGHT RD	BOYNTON BEACH
49915	9600708	REVIEWED	null	RACETRAC #459	А	Retail Station	OPEN	null	905 W WOOLBRIGHT RD	BOYNTON BEACH
64153	9810769	REVIEWED	null	HOME DEPOT #0224	С	Fuel user/Non-retail	OPEN	null	1500 SW 8TH ST	BOYNTON BEACH

SQG_FACIL OFFICE_M	NA DISTRICT	CC_COUNTCOUNTY_NGENERATOR_STATUS	EPA_ID	OTHER_ID	BUSINESS_NAME	FACILITY_STREET_
130935 RPC10	null	50 PALM BEAINOT A HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATOR	null	73-03439	SAV ON DRY CLEANERS	186
79738 RPC10	null	50 PALM BEA(NOT A HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATOR	null	73-02725	BOCA RATON ASSOCIATES	150

Sites confirmed within 500 feet of the site.

ET_N FACILITY_STREET_NAME FACILITY_CITY 1869 WOOLBRIGHT ROAD 1501 CORPORATE DR

BOYNTON BEACH BOYNTON BEACH

HANDLER_ SI	TE_ID NAME	CITY Z	ZIP5 ZIP4	COUNTY_N OFFICE	NOTIFIED FAC_INS_T	LAST_INSP_EOBJECTID	ADDRESS
FLR000151	26159 Lowes of Boynton Beach FL #1111	Boynton Be	33426	6648 Palm Beacl SED	11/26/2008 CESQG-CA	£ 11/20/2008	3507 1500 Corporate Dr
FLD982122	48425 Nu Look 1 Hour Cleaners	Boynton Be	33426 null	Palm Beacl SED	6/15/1989 null	null	421 1313 W Boynton Blvd

Sites confirmed within 500 feet of the site.

Woolbright and 195 Contamination

FM: 437279-1-22-02

A 🖾 Legend

Waste

FDEP Point Layers

FDEP Dry Cleaning Program Sites

杰 FDEP Hazardous Waste Facilitities

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FDEP Institutional Control Registry

FDEP Large Quantity Generators of Hazardous Waste ٠

FDEP Off Site Contamination Notices

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FDEP Petroleum Contamination Monitoring Sites

- ELIGIBLE DISCHARGES OPEN
- INELIGIBLE DISCHARGES OPEN
- ELIGIBLE DISCHARGES COMPLETED
- 25 INELIGIBLE DISCHARGES COMPETED

FDEP Storage Tank Contamination Monitoring

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FDEP Treaters, Storers, and Disposers of Hazardous Waste *

FDEP Wastewater Facilities NPDES Surface Water Discharge

Im Non-Surface Water Discharge

FDEP Solid Waste Facilities

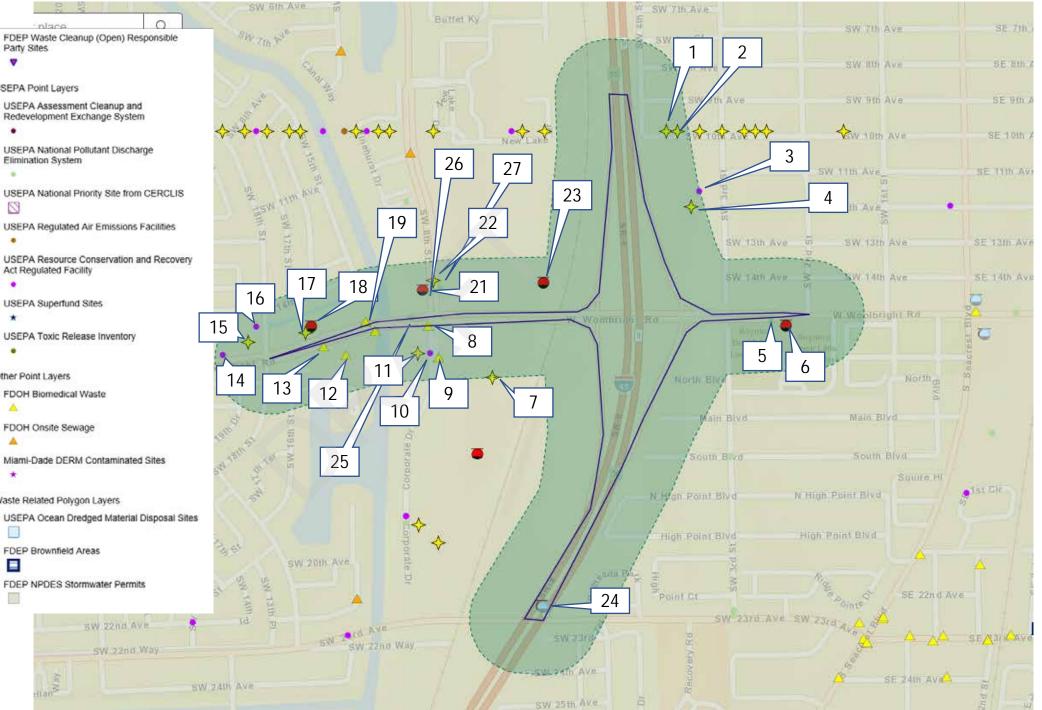
- FDEP State funded Hazardous Waste Cleanup Sites .

FDEP Waste Cleanup (Closed) Responsible Party Sites *

> Medical waste and NPDES sites not subject to further evaluation.

Man

12 0 nlace FDEP Waste Cleanup (Open) Responsible Party Sites . **USEPA Point Layers** USEPA Assessment Cleanup and Redevelopment Exchange System . USEPA National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System . USEPA National Priority Site from CERCLIS 3 USEPA Regulated Air Emissions Facilities . USEPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Regulated Facility USEPA Superfund Sites * USEPA Toxic Release Inventory ٠ Other Point Layers FDOH Biomedical Waste A FDOH Onsite Sewage . Miami-Dade DERM Contaminated Sites + Waste Related Polygon Layers USEPA Ocean Dredged Material Disposal Sites FDEP Brownfield Areas



Number	Listing	Name	Address	ID	Notes
1	FDEP Hazardous Waste Facility	MR D AUTO BODY & PAINTING	400 W INDUSTRIAL AVE, BOYNTON BEACH	FLD982155756	
2	FDEP Hazardous Waste Facilities	BETHESDA COPY CENTER	3800 S CONGRESS AVE STE #15	FLD981932551	
3	USEPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Regulated Facility	PALM BEACH COUNTY FOREST PARK ELEM	1201 SW 3RD ST	Fips Code: 12099	
4	FDEP Hazardous Waste Facilities	FOREST PARK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	1201 SW 3RD ST	FLD982158115	
5	USEPA National Polluant Discharge Elimination System*	REGIONAL FORCEMAIN JACK & BORE	Unknown	Fips Code: FL099	
6	FDEP Storage Tank Contamination Monitoring	BOYNTON BEACH CITY UTIL	124 E WOOLBRIGHT RD	N/A	
7	FDEP Hazardous Waste Facilities & USEPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Regulated Facility	LOWES OF BOYNTON BEACH FL #1111	1500 CORPORATE DR	FLR000151035 & Fips Code: 12099	
8	FDOH Biomedical Waste*	RIVERWALK DENTAL GROUP	1501 CORPORATE DRIVE, SUITE 140	Entity number: 1584763	
9	FDOH Biomedical Waste*	APPLETON HOME HEALTH SERVICE LLC	1708 B CORPORATE DRIVE	Entity number: 1264439	
10	USEPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Regulated Facility	BETTY SEINFELD CENTER	1501 CORPORATE DR	Fips code: 12099	
11	FDEP Hazardous Waste Facilities	BETTY SEINFELD CENTER	1501 CORPORATE DR	FLR000065573	
12	FDOH Biomedical Waste*	INFINITY HOME CARE OF DISTRICT 9 LLC	1700 W WOOLBRIGHT ROAD, SUITE 7	Entity Number: 1660608	
13	FDOH Biomedical Waste*	EAR, NOSE AND THROAT ASSOCIATES OF SOUTH FLORIDA	1800 W WOOLBRIGHT ROAD, UNIT 201	Entity Number: 1495212	

*Biomedical Waste and NPDES facilities omitted from further assessment.

Number	Listing	Name	Address	ID	Notes
14	USEPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Regulated Facility	RDS OF BOYNTON INC	1869 SW 15TH AVE	FLR000050401	
15	FDEP Hazardous Waste Facilities	SAVE ON DRY CLEANERS	1859 W WOOLBRIGHT RD	FLR000103671	
16	USEPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Regulated Facility	SAVE ON DRY CLEANERS	1859 W WOOLBRIGHT RD	FLR000103671	
17	FDEP Hazardous Waste Facilities	BLESSED WOOLBRIGHT CLEANERS	1869 SW 15TH AVE	FLR000050401	
18	FDEP Storage Tank Contamination Monitoring	SAV-ON CLEANERS	1869 WOOLBRIGHT RD	N/A	
19	FDOH Biomedical Waste*	FLORIDA EYE MICROSURGICAL INST	1717 WOOLBRIGHT ROAD	Entity Number: 1260364	
20	FDOH Biomedical Waste*	SIPERSTEIN DERMATOLOGY	9897 HAGEN RANCH ROAD	Entity Number: 1287518	
21	FDEP Storage Tank Contamination Monitoring	RACETRAC #459	905 W WOOLBRIGHT RD	N/A	
22	FDEP Hazardous Waste Facilities	HOME DEPOT #6309	1520 SW 8TH ST	FLR000111914	
23	FDEP Storage Tank Contamination Monitoring	HOME DEPOT #0224	1500 SW 8TH ST	N/A	
24	FDEP Petroleum Contamination Monitoring Sites & FDEP Storage Tank Contamination Monitoring	DIRECT TRANSPORT-DELRAY SPILL	ATLANTIC AVE & WOOLBRIGHT RD	N/A	
25	USEPA National Polluant Discharge Elimination System*	RACE TRAC NO.459	905 WEST WOOLBRIGHT ROAD	FLG072273	
26	USEPA National Polluant Discharge Elimination System*	ALTA CHASE	NA	Fips Code: FL099	
27	USEPA National Polluant Discharge Elimination System*	STAPLES- BOYNTON BEACH	1540 8TH STREET	Fips Code: 12099	

Appendix B

Photograph Documentation Log

PHOTODOCUMENTATION LOG



Photo 1 – View of Lowes of Boynton Beach, FL #1111, 1500 Corporate Dr., facing east.



Photo 2 – View of Home Depot #6309, 1500-1520 SW 8th St., facing northeast.

December 2020 Page 2 of 4

PHOTODOCUMENTATION LOG



Photo 3 – View of building associated with Betty Seinfeld Center and Boca Raton Associates sites, 1501 Corporate Dr., facing northwest.



Photo 4 – View of Forest Park Elementary School, 1201 SW 3rd St., facing northwest.

PHOTODOCUMENTATION LOG



Photo 5 – View of generator and associated tank located in the rear of Forest Park school building.



Photo 6 – View of Direct Transport-Delray Spill Atlantic Avenue & Woolbright Rd. site, facing west, showing SW 23rd Street overpass over SR 9/I-95.

PHOTODOCUMENTATION LOG



Photo 7 – View of former location of Save On Dry Cleaners (1859 W. Woolbright Rd.) and Blessed Woolbright Cleaners/RDS of Boynton, Inc. (1869 SW 15th Ave.), facing north, showing vacant commercial space (on left) and My Choice Rx pharmacy (on right) within the Leisureville Shopping Center.



Photo 8 – View of Racetrac #459 site, 905 W. Woolbright Rd., facing north, showing ongoing construction activities.

Appendix C

Historical Aerial Photographs

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Appendix D

ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORTS FOR BRIDGE NO. 930301 AND 930300

ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

Eastbound/Westbound Woolbright Road Over CSX Railroad Bridge No. 930300 (MP 0.992) Palm Beach County, Florida

GLE Project No.: 11000-11072

Financial Project No.: 416525-2

Prepared for:

Florida Department of Transportation District IV 3400 West Commercial Boulevard Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309-3421

February 2011



1000 NW 65th Street Suite 100 Ft. Lauderdale, Florida 33309 954-968-6414 • Fax 954-968-6090

ASBESTOS SURVEY TITLE SHEET

Bridge Number:	930300
	0.992
Location:	Eastbound/Westbound Woolbright Road over CSX Railroad
County:	Palm Beach
FPN Number:	416525-2
Owner Agency:	Florida Department of Transportation, District IV
Date of Survey:	January 31, 2011
Consultant:	GLE Associates, Inc.
Consultant Address:	<u>1000 NW 65th Street, Suite 100</u>
City, State, Zip:	Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33309
Phone:	(954) 968-6414

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Emory D. Dare Environmental Scientist

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Robert B. Greene, PE, PG, CIH Licensed Asbestos Consultant, EA 0000009



February 28, 2011

Mr. Kaled Essraowi HCR, LLC 430 South Congress Ave., Suite 1D Delray Beach, Florida 33445

RE: Asbestos Survey – Final Report Eastbound/Westbound Woolbright Road over CSX Railroad Bridge No. 930300 (MP 0.992) Palm Beach County, Florida

Financial Project No.: 416525-2 GLE Project No.: 11000-11072

Dear Mr. Essraowi:

GLE Associates, Inc. (GLE) performed a survey for asbestos-containing materials (ACM) on January 31, 2011, at the eastbound/westbound Woolbright Road Bridge (No. 930300) (MP 0.992) over the CSX Railroad in Palm Beach County, Florida. The survey was performed by Mr. Emory Dare and Mr. Brandon Christensen of GLE. This report outlines the sampling and testing procedures, and presents the results along with our conclusions and recommendations.

GLE appreciates the opportunity to serve as your consultant on this project. If you should have any questions or if we can be of further service, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely, GLE Associates, Inc.

Emory D. Dare Environmental Scientist

Xant Break

Robert B. Greene, PE, PG, CIH Asbestos Consultant, EA-0000009

EDD/MBC/RBG/hjg

D:\Work\ASB\11000\11072 Handex ACM-LBP 11 FDOT Bridges\930300\REPORT\Bridge 930300 Report.doc

GLE Associates, Inc. 954-968-6414 • Fax: 954-968-6090 • Toll Free: 888-251-5907 1000 NW 65th Street • Suite 100 • Ft. Lauderdale, Florida 33309 Architecture AA 0002369 • Engineer EB 0005483 • Asbestos ZA 0000034 • Geology GB 0000297

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	EXE	ECUTIVE SUMMARY	
		Introduction	
	1.2		
2.0	PRO)CEDURES	
	2.1		1
3.0	RES	SULTS	2
	3.1	Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials	2
4.0	CON	NCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	3
	4.1	General	
5.0	LIM	IITATIONS AND CONDITIONS	

APPENDICES

Appendix A – Personnel and Laboratory Certifications	
Appendix B – Bridge Inspection Report File Review	
Appendix C – Analytical Results and Chain of Custody	
Appendix D – Photographic Documentation	
Appendix E – Sample Location Diagram	

1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this survey was to identify accessible asbestos-containing materials (ACM) and their locations associated with the eastbound/westbound Woolbright Road Bridge No. 930300 (MP 0.992) over the CSX Railroad in Palm Beach County, Florida. The survey was conducted pursuant to NESHAP (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants) requirements associated with the scheduled renovation plans. The survey was performed on January 31, 2011, by Mr. Emory Dare and Mr. Brandon Christensen of GLE, EPA/AHERA (Environmental Protection Agency/Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act) accredited asbestos inspectors. Personnel Certifications are provided in **Appendix A**. The scope of this survey did not include evaluation of architectural plans, the quantification of materials for abatement purposes, or removal cost estimating.

1.2 STRUCTURAL DESCRIPTION

The bridge is constructed of poured-in-place reinforced concrete and multi-beam structures with two supporting slope abutments. Substructure is provided by two pre-stressed concrete intermediate bent frames. According to the Bridge Inspection Report File Review provided by Handex following a review of the FDOT files for the subject bridge, bridge components include neoprene bearing assemblies, associated with the end and intermediate bent caps. The bridge overlies/intersects the CSX Railroad and accommodates lanes of traffic traveling in the eastbound/westbound direction of Woolbright Road in Palm Beach County, Florida.

2.0 PROCEDURES

2.1 ASBESTOS SURVEY PROCEDURES

The survey was performed by visually observing accessible areas of the bridge. EPA/AHERA accredited asbestos inspectors performed the visual observations.

After the overall visual survey was completed, representative sampling areas were determined. The surveyors delineated homogeneous areas of suspect materials and samples of each material were obtained in general compliance with OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Act) and NESHAP regulations. The field surveyors determined sample locations based on previous experience. Both friable and non-friable materials were sampled. A friable material is one that can be crushed when dry by normal hand pressure. This survey did not include the demolition of bridge components.

After completion of the fieldwork, the samples were delivered to GLE's in-house laboratory, a National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) accredited laboratory, for analysis. Laboratory Certifications are included in **Appendix A**. The samples were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) coupled with dispersion staining in general accordance with

February 2011

EPA 600/R-93/116. Utilizing this procedure, the various asbestos minerals (chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, actinolite, tremolite, and anthophyllite) can be determined. The percentages of asbestos minerals in the samples were visually determined by the microscopist. Please note that the EPA designates all materials containing greater than 1% asbestos as an "asbestos-containing material".

The information provided is derived from file review of the FDOT's Bridge Inspection Reports, and review of available proposed and historical bridge construction and renovation plans. Bridge inspections are performed by the FDOT on an annual or biannual basis, and define the existing conditions of each individual bridge and bridge components and indicate any maintenance or renovation performed on the bridge structure. A copy of the bridge inspection report file review is provided in **Appendix B**.

3.0 **RESULTS**

3.1 SUSPECT ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS

A total of 54 samples of suspect asbestos-containing materials were collected from the bridge during the survey representing 12 different homogeneous areas. Those suspect asbestos-containing materials that were present and accessible for sampling are listed in the following table:

Homogeneous Area Number	Homogeneous Area Description – Location		
M-01 Black Neoprene Bearing Pad – End Bent Backwall			
M-02	Class 5 Finish – End Bent Backwall		
M-03	Rip Rap Bag – Slope		
M-04	Rip Rap Mortar – Slope		
M-05	Class 5 Finish – Beam Span		
M-06	Class 5 Finish – Parapet Wall		
M-07	Black Particle Board – Backwall		
M-08	Tan Reflector Adhesive – Guardrail		
M-09	Gray Expansion Joint Sealant – Deck and Sidewalk		
M-10	Concrete – Deck		
M-11	Black Bitumen Reflector Adhesive – Deck		
M-12	Black Bitumen Sealant – Sidewalk at Parapet Wall		

The results of the laboratory analysis and chain of custody are included in **Appendix C**. For further documentation, photographs of the various materials sampled are included in **Appendix D**. The sample locations are indicated on the enclosed Sample Location Diagram in **Appendix E**.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1 GENERAL

None of the materials sampled by GLE during the survey were defined as "asbestoscontaining materials" (ACM).

United States Code, Title 15 Commerce and Trade, Chapter 53 Toxic Substances Control, Section 2642 Definitions and 40 CFR 763 define an "asbestos-containing material" as any material containing greater than 1% asbestos.

Additionally, in accordance with U.S. EPA regulation 40 CFR 61, Asbestos NESHAP, if an analysis by PLM indicates that no asbestos is detected in any samples that are representative of the material being evaluated; or analysis by "point counting" indicates that 1% or less asbestos is detected in all of the representative samples, then the material being evaluated is **not** classified as an "asbestos-containing material". **Note, results obtained by "point counting" are considered the definitive analytical result.**

5.0 LIMITATIONS AND CONDITIONS

Because of the hidden nature of many bridge components it may be impossible to determine if all of the suspect bridge materials have been located and subsequently tested. Destructive testing in some instances is not a viable option. We cannot, therefore, guarantee that all potential ACM has been located. For the same reasons, estimates of quantities and/or conditions are subject to readily apparent situations, and our findings reflect this condition. We do warrant, however, that the investigations and methodology reflect the prevailing standard of care in the environmental industry.

The intermediate bents (which include various bearing materials and assemblies) were inaccessible due to their height. GLE was unable to access the underside of the bridge with a boom lift due to the configuration of the slope adjacent to the bridge and the configuration of the railroad, see cover photo **Appendix D-1**. Information provided by the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) indicates that end bents/intermediate bents on the bridge are manufactured using the same construction methods and from like materials and constitute a homogeneous group. According to the Bridge Inspection Report File Review provided by Handex following a review of the FDOT files for the subject bridge, approximately 76 neoprene bearing pads are present, associated with the end and intermediate bent caps.

Any materials found during construction activities not addressed in this survey report should be assumed to be ACM until sampling and analysis documents otherwise.

The information contained in this report was prepared based upon specific parameters and regulations in force at the time of this report. The information herein is only for the specific use of Florida Department of Transportation and GLE. GLE accepts no responsibility for the use, interpretation, or reliance by other parties on the information contained herein, unless prior written authorization has been obtained from GLE.

February 2011

APPENDIX A Personnel and Laboratory Certifications







certifies that

John Simmons

ASBESTOS MANAGEMENT PLANNER REFRESHER accreditation under TSCA Title II Course No.: FL 49-0002825 has completed the requisite training for

conducted on

October 2, 2010

at

TAMPA, FLORIDA

Certificate Number

4770

88% Passed Exam: 10/2/2011

Instructor

Robert B. Greene

GLE Associates, Inc.

EPA Accreditation Expires:

STATE OF FLORIDA

DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL REGULATION



ASBESTOS LICENSING UNIT 1940 NORTH MONROE STREET TALLAHASSEE FL 32399-0783 (850) 487-1395

GREENE, ROBERT BLAIR GLE ASSOCIATES INC 4300 W CYPRESS STREET SUITE 400 TAMPA FL 33607

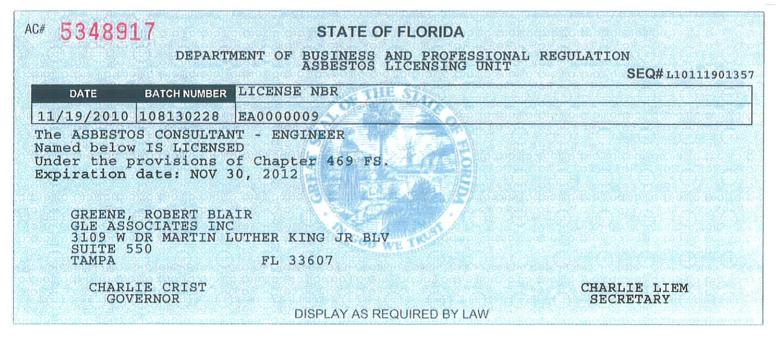
Congratulations! With this license you become one of the nearly one million Floridians licensed by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation. Our professionals and businesses range from architects to yacht brokers, from boxers to barbeque restaurants, and they keep Florida's economy strong.

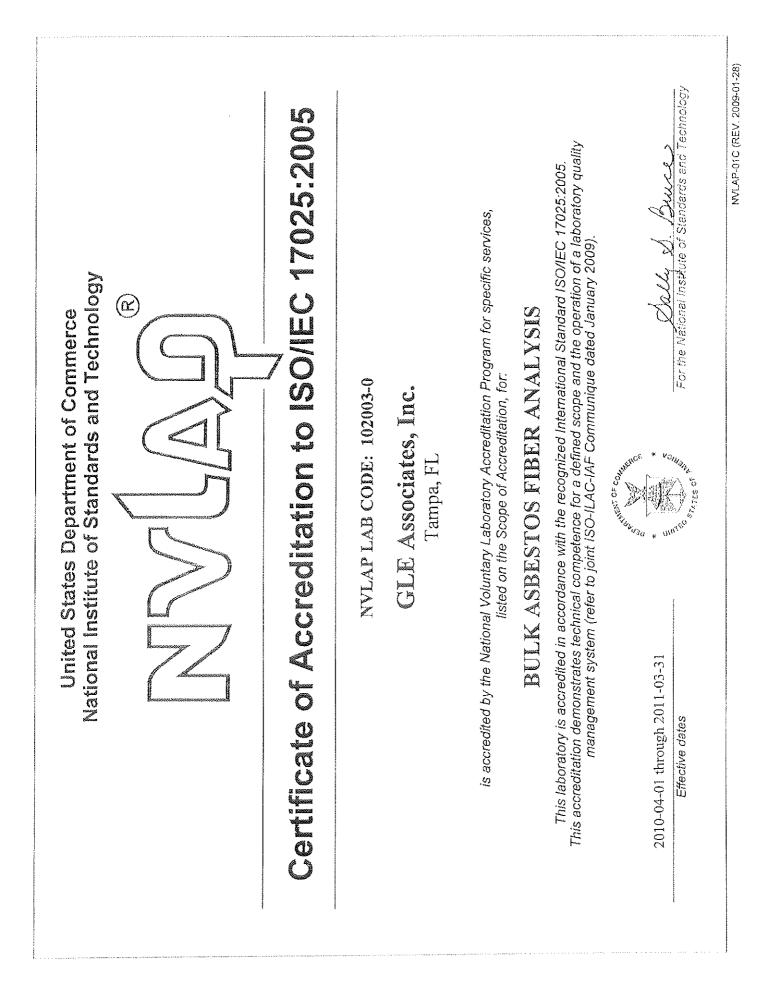
Every day we work to improve the way we do business in order to serve you better. For information about our services, please log onto www.myfloridalicense.com. There you can find more information about our divisions and the regulations that impact you, subscribe to department newsletters and learn more about the Department's initiatives.

Our mission at the Department is: License Efficiently, Regulate Fairly. We constantly strive to serve you better so that you can serve your customers. Thank you for doing business in Florida, and congratulations on your new license!



DETACH HERE





APPENDIX B Bridge Inspection Report File Review

BRIDGE INSPECTION REPORT FILE REVIEW

~

Project FID/FM: 416525 - 2 Production Date: Date: 4-13-11	B
Project Manager: <u>Letting</u> <u>Letting</u> <u>Date:</u> <u>1-13-11</u>	
County: Palm beach State Road:	12
FACILITY CARRIED: Wolbright Rond	
FACILITY INTERSECTED: C.S.X.R/R	
BRIDGE NUMBER 930300 MILE POINT 992 YEAR BUILT 1975	
END BENT DESCRIPTION Poured-in-place reinforced concrete.	miltip
PILE TYPE/CONSTRUCTION: 18" Prestressed concrede.	
PILE TYPE / CONSTRUCTION: 18" Prestressed concrede. CAP / COLUMN DESCRIPTION: 1 & 4 each w/20 piles	
INTERMEDIATE BENT DESCRIPTION	
PILE TYPE / CONSTRUCTION: 2 and 3 each w/ (16) piles	X
CAP COLUMN DESCRIPTION: (4) poured-in-place reinforced	
BEARING PADS DESCRIPTION	
MATERIALS/CONSTRUCTION: Neoprense bearing assemblics.	
ADDITIONAL: 76 beprings	
ADDITIONAL NOTES:	
38 beams -	
Conducted By: Melina Cinan Date: 1/28/4	
Representing:	

APPENDIX C Analytical Results and Chain of Custody

Handex; Bridge 930300

11000-11072

Sample	Sample Type		Fiber Type
M-01A	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100%	Polymer
M-01B	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100%	Polymer
M-01C-QC	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100%	Polymer
M-01D	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100%	Polymer
M-01E	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100%	Polymer
M-01F	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100%	Polymer
M-02A	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-02B	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-02C	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-02D	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-02E	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-02F	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-03A-QC	Rip Rap Bag	100%	Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-03B	Rip Rap Bag	100%	Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-03C	Rip Rap Bag	100%	Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica

Analyst / Approved Signatory:

Darryl Neldner

* Polarized Light Microscopy coupled with dispersion is the technique used for identification in accordance with EPA-600 and EPA 40 CFR 763.

** The percentage of each component is visually estimated. The result of this analysis relate only to the material tested. The report shall not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. (>1% greater than one percent, <1% less than one percent) QC - Sample reanalyzed for QA/QC.

*** This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory. GLE Report # 13720

Analysis performed by GLE Associates, Inc. NVLAP #102003-0, CO AL-17485, TX 30-0337

Handex; Bridge 930300

11000-11072

Sample Type	Fiber Type
Rip Rap Bag	100% Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Rip Rap Bag	100% Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Rip Rap Bag	100% Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Rip Rap Mortar	100% Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Rip Rap Mortar	100% Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Rip Rap Mortar	100% Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Rip Rap Mortar	100% Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Rip Rap Mortar	100% Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Rip Rap Mortar	100% Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
	Rip Rap BagRip Rap BagRip Rap BagRip Rap BagRip Rap MortarRip Rap MortarRip Rap MortarRip Rap MortarRip Rap MortarRip Rap MortarClass 5 FinishClass 5 Finish

Analyst / Approved Signatory:

Darryl Neldner

* Polarized Light Microscopy coupled with dispersion is the technique used for identification in accordance with EPA-600 and EPA 40 CFR 763.

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Analysis performed by GLE Associates, Inc. NVLAP #102003-0, CO AL-17485, TX 30-0337

Handex; Bridge 930300

11000-11072

Sample Type		Fiber Type
Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Black Particle Board	90% 10%	Cellulose/paper Bitumen
Black Particle Board	90% 10%	Cellulose/paper Bitumen
Black Particle Board	90% 10%	Cellulose/paper Bitumen
Tan Reflector Adhesive	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Tan Reflector Adhesive	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Tan Reflector Adhesive	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
Grey Expansion Joint Sealant	100%	Polymer
Grey Expansion Joint Sealant	100%	Polymer
Grey Expansion Joint Sealant	100%	Polymer
Concrete	100%	Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
	Class 5 Finish Class 5 Finish Class 5 Finish Class 5 Finish Class 5 Finish Black Particle Board Black Particle Board Black Particle Board Black Particle Board Tan Reflector Adhesive Tan Reflector Adhesive Grey Expansion Joint Sealant Grey Expansion Joint Sealant	Class 5 Finish100%Class 5 Finish100%Class 5 Finish100%Class 5 Finish100%Black Particle Board90%10%Black Particle BoardBlack Particle Board90%10%Black Particle BoardBlack Particle Board90%10%10%Tan Reflector Adhesive100%Tan Reflector Adhesive100%Grey Expansion Joint100%Grey Expansion Joint100%Sealant100%Crey Expansion Joint100%Sealant100%

Analyst / Approved Signatory:

Darryl Neldner

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** The percentage of each component is visually estimated. The result of this analysis relate only to the material tested. The report shall not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. (>1% greater than one percent, <1% less than one percent) QC - Sample reanalyzed for QA/QC.

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Analysis performed by GLE Associates, Inc. NVLAP #102003-0, CO AL-17485, TX 30-0337

Handex; Bridge 930300

11000-11072

Sample	Sample Type		Fiber Type
M-10B	Concrete	100%	Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-10C	Concrete	100%	Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-11A	Black Bitumen Reflector Adhesive	100%	Bitumen
M-11B	Black Bitumen Reflector Adhesive	100%	Bitumen
M-11C	Black Bitumen Reflector Adhesive	100%	Bitumen
M-12A	Black Bitumen Sealant	100%	Bitumen
M-12B-QC	Black Bitumen Sealant	100%	Bitumen
M-12C	Black Bitumen Sealant	100%	Bitumen

Analyst / Approved Signatory:

Darryl Neldner

* Polarized Light Microscopy coupled with dispersion is the technique used for identification in accordance with EPA-600 and EPA 40 CFR 763.

** The percentage of each component is visually estimated. The result of this analysis relate only to the material tested. The report shall not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. (>1% greater than one percent, <1% less than one percent) QC - Sample reanalyzed for QA/QC.

*** This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory. GLE Report # 13720

Analysis performed by GLE Associates, Inc. NVLAP #102003-0, CO AL-17485, TX 30-0337

CHAIN OF CUSTODY/SAMPLE TRANSMITTAL FORM



GLE Associates, Inc. 3109 W. Martin Luther King Jr. Blvd, Suite 550 Tampa, FL 33607 Tel. (813) 241-8350 FAX (813) 241-8737
 CLIENT:
 Handex

 PROJECT #:
 11000-11072

 PROJECT:
 Bridge 930300

072

LABORATORY SENT TO: GLE

DATE: 01/31/2011

	SAMPLE INFO	ORMATION	
SAMPLE #	DESCRIPTION/ LOCATION	SAMPLE #	DESCRIPTION/ LOCATION
M-01 A-F	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad – End Bent Backwall	M-10 A-C	Concrete – Deck
M-02 A-F	Class 5 Finish – End Bent Backwall	M-11 A-C	Black Bitumen Reflector Adhesive Deck
M-03 A-F	Rip Rap Bag – Slope	M-12 A-C	Black Bitumen Sealant – Sidewalk at Parapet Wall
M-04 A-F	Rip Rap Mortar – Slope		
M-05 A-F	Class 5 Finish – Beam Span		
M-06 A-F	Class 5 Finish – Parapet Wall		
M-07 A-C	Black Particle Board – Backwall		
M-08 A-C	Tan Reflector Adhesive – Guardrail		
M-09 A-C	Grey Expansion Joint Sealant – Deck and Sidewalk		
IMPORTAN	T TOTAL NUMBER OF SAMPLES SU	BMITTED:	54
IMPORTAN	NT POSITIVE STOP ANALYSIS:		No
	NT CODE TYPE (PLM; PLM1; PLM 2; E	TC.):	PLM9
	NT E-MAIL RESULTS TO:		Rafe Padgett/Emory Dare
	SAMPLE INST	RUCTIONS	

TO BE ANALYZED FOR ASBESTOS CONTENT BY POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY WITH DISPERSION STAINING

TURNAROUND TIME DEADLINE

 $\rightarrow \rightarrow$ RETUR

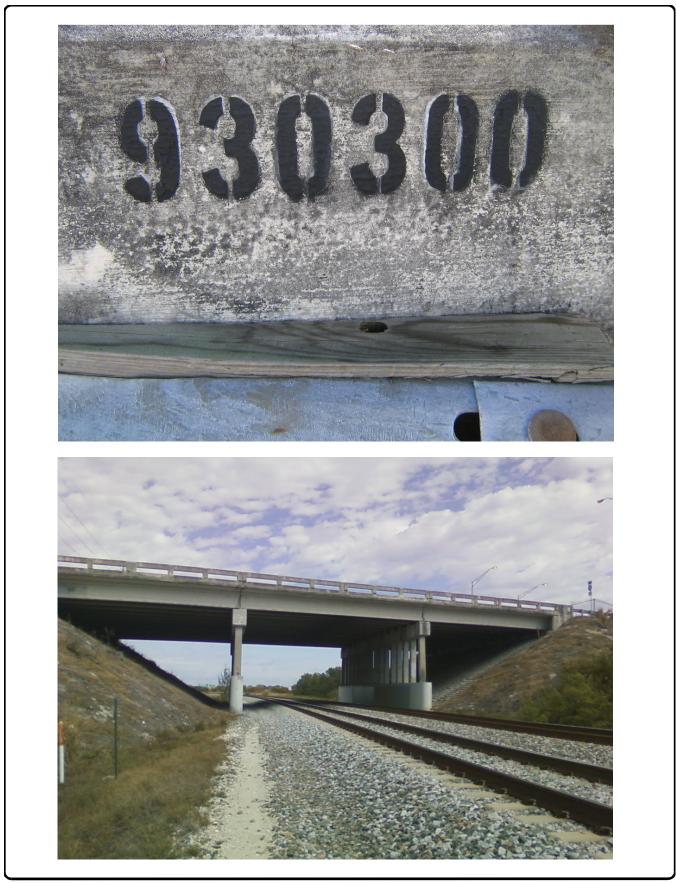
RETURN SAMPLES TO GLE ASSOCIATES USE TRANSMITTAL

<u>02/04/11 / 12:00pm</u> SAMPLE ANALYSIS DEADLINE date / time

REPORT RESULTS TO THE	ADDRESS ABOVE
CHAIN OF CUSTODY: GLE ASSOCIATES, INC.	CHAIN OF CUSTODY: LABORATORY
PACKAGED BY: E. Dare	SAMPLES RECEIVED BY:
DATE PACKAGED: 01/31/2011	DATE:
METHOD OF TRANSMITTAL: FedEx	TIME:
TRANSMITTED BY: L. Strachan	CONDITION OF PACKAGED SAMPLES
CHAIN OF CUSTODY: RETURNED TO	GLE ASSOCIATES, INC.
RECEIVED BY:	DATE:
INVENTORIED BY:	DATE:
REPACKAGED AND SEALED BY:	DATE:
PAGE: 1 OF 1	

D:\Work\ASB\11000\11072 Handex ACM-LBP 11 FDOT Bridges\860431\COC 860431 doc

APPENDIX D Photographic Documentation

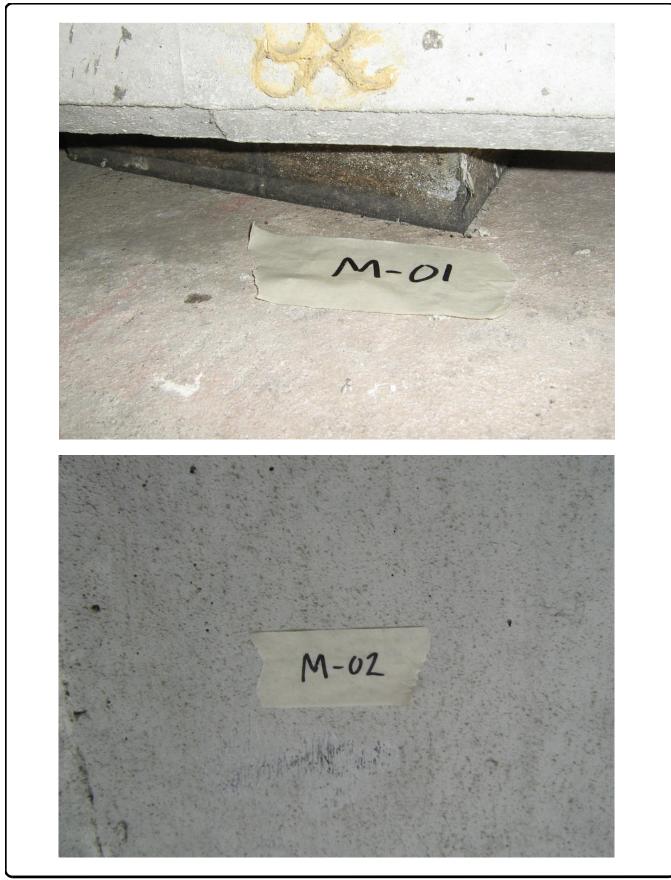


Upper Photo: Bridge No. 930300

Lower Photo: Bridge No. 930300 Side View Photograph Date: January 31, 2011



Builder No. 070700		
Bridge No. 930300 Palm Beach County. Florida		
Drawn Job #		
Checked Figure		
LS Date	D-1	
2/1/2011		

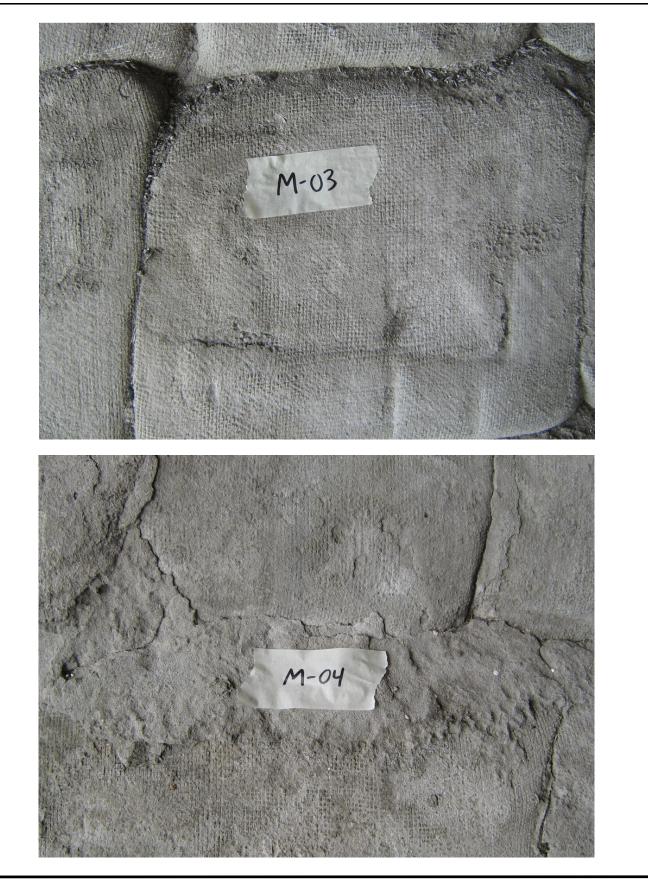


Upper Photo: Black Neoprene Bearing Pad- End Bent Backwall

Lower Photo: Class 5 Finish- End Bent Backwall Photograph Date: January 31, 2010



Bridge No. 930300	
	h Count <u>y</u> , Florida
Drawn Job # DPB 11000-11072	
Checked LS	Figure
Date 2/1/2011	D-2

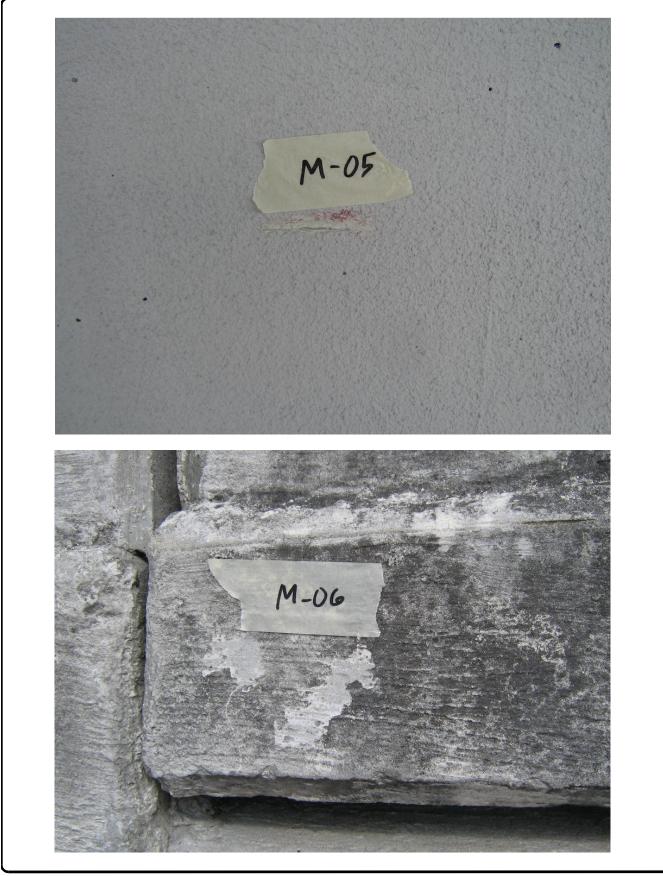


<u>Upper Photo:</u> Rip Rap Bag – Slope

<u>Lower Photo:</u> Rip Rap Mortar – Slope Photograph Date: January 31, 2011



4		
Bridge No. 930300		
Palm Beac	h County, Florida	
Drawn	Job #	
DPB 11000-11072		
Checked Figure		
LS		
Date	D-3	
2/1/2011		

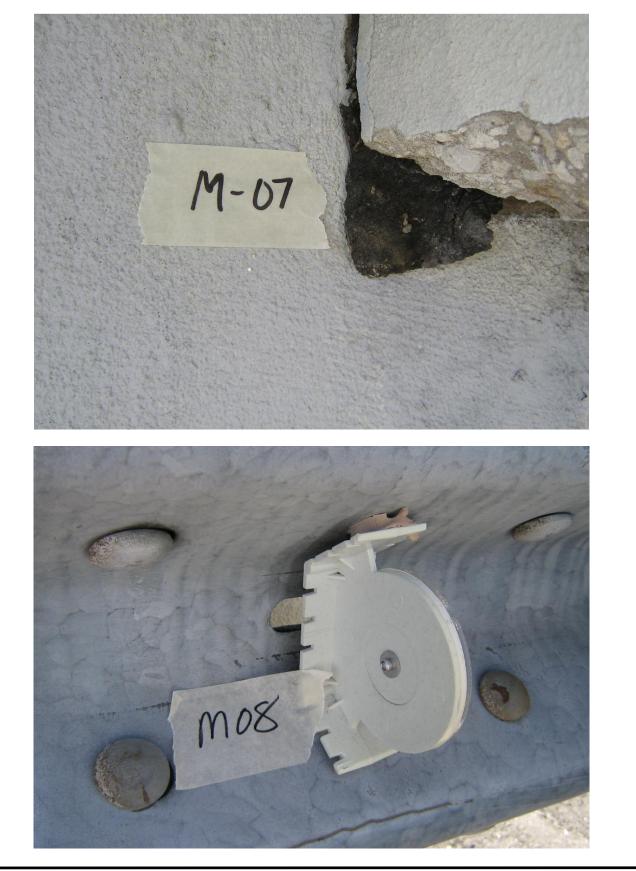


Upper Photo: Class 5 Finish - Beam Span

<u>Lower Photo:</u> Class 5 Finish - Parapet Wall Photograph Date: January 31, 2011



Bridge No. 930300	
Palm Beac	h Count <u>y</u> , Florida
Drawn Job # DPB 11000-11072	
Checked LS	Figure
Date 2/1/2011	D-4



Upper Photo: Black Particle Board - Backwall

<u>Lower Photo:</u> Tan Reflector Adhesive - Guardrail Photograph Date: January 31, 2011



Bridge No. 930300	
Palm Beac	h County, Florida
Drawn Job # DPB 11000-11072	
Checked LS	Figure
Date D-5	



Upper Photo: Grey Expansion Joint Sealant - Deck and Sidewalk

Lower Photo: Concrete - Deck Photograph Date: January 31, 2011



Bridge No. 930300		
Palm Beach County, Florida		
Drawn DPB	Job # 11000-11072	
Checked LS	Figure	
Date 2/1/2011	D-6	



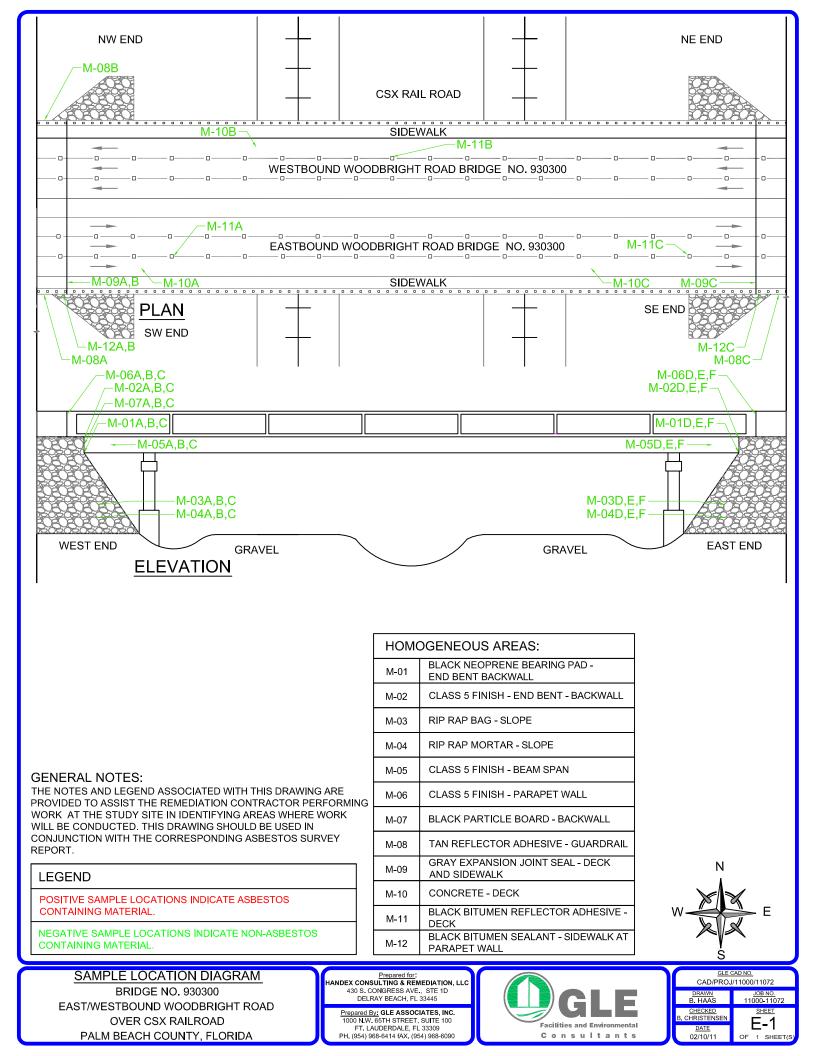
Upper Photo: Black Bitumen Reflector Adhesive - Deck

Lower Photo: Black Bitumen Sealant - Sidewalk at Parapet Wall Photograph Date: January 31, 2011



Bridge No. 930300		
Palm Beach County, Florida		
Job #		
11000-11072		
Figure		
D-7		

APPENDIX E Sample Location Diagram



ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

Eastbound/Westbound Woolbright Road Over Interstate 95/State Road 9 Bridge No. 930301 (MP 1.096) Palm Beach County, Florida

GLE Project No.: 11000-11072

Financial Project No.: 416525-2

Prepared for:

Florida Department of Transportation District IV 3400 West Commercial Boulevard Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309-3421

February 2011



1000 NW 65th Street Suite 100 Ft. Lauderdale, Florida 33309 954-968-6414 • Fax 954-968-6090

ASBESTOS SURVEY TITLE SHEET

Bridge Number:	930301
MP:	1.096
Location:	Eastbound/Westbound Woolbright Road over Interstate 95/State Road 9
County:	Palm Beach
FPN Number:	416525-2
Owner Agency:	Florida Department of Transportation, District IV
Date of Survey:	February 1, 2011
Consultant:	GLE Associates, Inc.
Consultant Address:	1000 NW 65 th Street, Suite 100
City, State, Zip:	Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33309
Phone:	(954) 968-6414

2

Emory D. Dare Environmental Scientist

Bhe (an)

Robert B. Greene, PE, PG, CIH Licensed Asbestos Consultant, EA 0000009



February 28, 2011

Mr. Kaled Essraowi HCR, LLC 430 South Congress Ave., Suite 1D Delray Beach, Florida 33445

RE: Asbestos Survey – Final Report Eastbound/Westbound Woolbright Road over Interstate 95/State Road 9 Bridge No. 930301 (MP 1.096) Palm Beach County, Florida

Financial Project No.: 416525-2 GLE Project No.: 11000-11072

Dear Mr. Essraowi:

GLE Associates, Inc. (GLE) performed a survey for asbestos-containing materials (ACM) on February 1, 2011, at the eastbound/westbound Woolbright Road Bridge No. 930301 (MP 1.096) over I-95/SR9 in Palm Beach County, Florida. The survey was performed by Mr. Emory Dare and Mr. Brandon Christensen of GLE. This report outlines the sampling and testing procedures, and presents the results along with our conclusions and recommendations.

GLE appreciates the opportunity to serve as your consultant on this project. If you should have any questions or if we can be of further service, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely, GLE Associates, Inc.

Emory D. Dare Environmental Scientist

Xant Bhene

Robert B. Greene, PE, PG, CIH Asbestos Consultant, EA-0000009

EDD/MBC/RBG/hjg

D:\Work\ASB\11000\11072 Handex ACM-LBP 11 FDOT Bridges\930301\REPORT\Bridge 930301 Report.doc

GLE Associates, Inc. 954-968-6414 • Fax: 954-968-6090 • Toll Free: 888-251-5907 1000 NW 65th Street • Suite 100 • Ft. Lauderdale, Florida 33309 Architecture AA 0002369 • Engineer EB 0005483 • Asbestos ZA 0000034 • Geology GB 0000297

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	EXE	ECUTIVE SUMMARY	
		Introduction	
	1.2	Structural Description	1
2.0	PRC)CEDURES	
	2.1	Asbestos Survey Procedures	1
3.0	RES	SULTS	2
	3.1	Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials	2
4.0	CON	NCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	3
	4.1	General	
5.0	LIM	IITATIONS AND CONDITIONS	

APPENDICES

Appendix A – Personnel and Laboratory Certifications
Appendix B – Bridge Inspection Report File Review
Appendix C – Analytical Results and Chain of Custody
Appendix D – Photographic Documentation
Appendix E – Sample Location Diagram

1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this survey was to identify accessible asbestos-containing materials (ACM) and their locations associated with the eastbound/westbound Woolbright Road Bridge No. 930301 (MP 1.096) over I-95/SR9 in Palm Beach County, Florida. The survey was conducted pursuant to NESHAP (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants) requirements associated with the scheduled renovation plans. The survey was performed on February 1, 2011, by Mr. Emory Dare and Mr. Brandon Christensen of GLE, EPA/AHERA (Environmental Protection Agency/Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act) accredited asbestos inspectors. Personnel Certifications are provided in **Appendix A**. The scope of this survey did not include evaluation of architectural plans, the quantification of materials for abatement purposes, or removal cost estimating.

1.2 STRUCTURAL DESCRIPTION

The bridge is constructed of pre-stressed concrete and beam structures with two supporting slope abutments. Substructure is provided by three pre-stressed concrete intermediate bent frames. According to the Bridge Inspection Report File Review provided by Handex following a review of the FDOT files for the subject bridge, bridge components include composite neoprene bearing pads and steel plates, associated with the end and intermediate bent caps. The bridge overlies/intersects I-95/SR9 and accommodates lanes of traffic traveling in the eastbound/westbound direction of Woolbright Road in Palm Beach County, Florida.

2.0 PROCEDURES

2.1 ASBESTOS SURVEY PROCEDURES

The survey was performed by visually observing accessible areas of the bridge. EPA/AHERA accredited asbestos inspectors performed the visual observations.

After the overall visual survey was completed, representative sampling areas were determined. The surveyors delineated homogeneous areas of suspect materials and samples of each material were obtained in general compliance with OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Act) and NESHAP regulations. The field surveyors determined sample locations based on previous experience. Both friable and non-friable materials were sampled. A friable material is one that can be crushed when dry by normal hand pressure. This survey did not include the demolition of bridge components.

After completion of the fieldwork, the samples were delivered to GLE's in-house laboratory, a National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) accredited laboratory, for analysis. Laboratory Certifications are included in **Appendix A**. The samples were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) coupled with dispersion staining in general accordance with

February 2011

EPA 600/R-93/116. Utilizing this procedure, the various asbestos minerals (chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, actinolite, tremolite, and anthophyllite) can be determined. The percentages of asbestos minerals in the samples were visually determined by the microscopist. Please note that the EPA designates all materials containing greater than 1% asbestos as an "asbestos-containing material".

The information provided is derived from file review of the FDOT's Bridge Inspection Reports, and review of available proposed and historical bridge construction and renovation plans. Bridge inspections are performed by the FDOT on an annual or biannual basis, and define the existing conditions of each individual bridge and bridge components and indicate any maintenance or renovation performed on the bridge structure. A copy of the bridge inspection report file review is provided in **Appendix B**.

3.0 **RESULTS**

3.1 SUSPECT ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS

A total of 69 samples of suspect asbestos-containing materials were collected from the bridge during the survey representing 17 different homogeneous areas. Those suspect asbestos-containing materials that were present and accessible for sampling are listed in the following table:

Homogeneous Area Number	Homogeneous Area Description – Location	
M-01	Class 5 Finish – End Bent Backwall	
M-02	Class 5 Finish – Beam Span	
M-03	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad – End Bent Backwall	
M-04	Class 5 Finish – Column	
M-05	Black Particle Board – End Bent Backwall	
M-06	Black Bitumen Sealant – Slope	
M-07	Class 5 Finish – Intermediate Cap	
M-08	Black Particle Board – Intermediate Cap	
M-09	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad – Intermediate Cap	
M-10	Class 5 Finish – Parapet Wall	
M-11	Beige Reflector Adhesive – Metal Guardrail	
M-12	Gray Reflector Adhesive – Metal Guardrail	
M-13	Concrete – Deck	
M-14	Gray Expansion Joint Seal – Deck	
M-15	Black Bitumen Sealant – Deck	
M-16	Black Bitumen Reflector Adhesive – Deck	
M-17	Gray Reflector Adhesive – Deck	

The results of the laboratory analysis and chain of custody are included in **Appendix C**. For further documentation, photographs of the various materials sampled are included in **Appendix D**. The sample locations are indicated on the enclosed Sample Location Diagram in **Appendix E**.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1 GENERAL

None of the materials sampled by GLE during the survey were defined as "asbestoscontaining materials" (ACM).

United States Code, Title 15 Commerce and Trade, Chapter 53 Toxic Substances Control, Section 2642 Definitions and 40 CFR 763 define an "asbestos-containing material" as any material containing greater than 1% asbestos.

Additionally, in accordance with U.S. EPA regulation 40 CFR 61, Asbestos NESHAP, if an analysis by PLM indicates that no asbestos is detected in any samples that are representative of the material being evaluated; or analysis by "point counting" indicates that 1% or less asbestos is detected in all of the representative samples, then the material being evaluated is **not** classified as an "asbestos-containing material". **Note, results obtained by "point counting" are considered the definitive analytical result.**

5.0 LIMITATIONS AND CONDITIONS

Because of the hidden nature of many bridge components it may be impossible to determine if all of the suspect bridge materials have been located and subsequently tested. Destructive testing in some instances is not a viable option. We cannot, therefore, guarantee that all potential ACM has been located. For the same reasons, estimates of quantities and/or conditions are subject to readily apparent situations, and our findings reflect this condition. We do warrant, however, that the investigations and methodology reflect the prevailing standard of care in the environmental industry.

Information provided by the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) indicates that end bents/intermediate bents on the bridge are manufactured using the same construction methods and from like materials and constitute a homogeneous group.

Any materials found during construction activities not addressed in this survey report should be assumed to be ACM until sampling and analysis documents otherwise.

The information contained in this report was prepared based upon specific parameters and regulations in force at the time of this report. The information herein is only for the specific use of Florida Department of Transportation and GLE. GLE accepts no responsibility for the use, interpretation, or reliance by other parties on the information contained herein, unless prior written authorization has been obtained from GLE.

February 2011

APPENDIX A Personnel and Laboratory Certifications







certifies that

John Simmons

ASBESTOS MANAGEMENT PLANNER REFRESHER accreditation under TSCA Title II Course No.: FL 49-0002825 has completed the requisite training for

conducted on

October 2, 2010

at

TAMPA, FLORIDA

Certificate Number

4770

88% Passed Exam:

10/2/2011 EPA Accreditation Expires:

Instructor

GLE Associates, Inc.

Robert B. Greene

STATE OF FLORIDA

DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL REGULATION



ASBESTOS LICENSING UNIT 1940 NORTH MONROE STREET TALLAHASSEE FL 32399-0783 (850) 487-1395

GREENE, ROBERT BLAIR GLE ASSOCIATES INC 4300 W CYPRESS STREET SUITE 400 TAMPA FL 33607

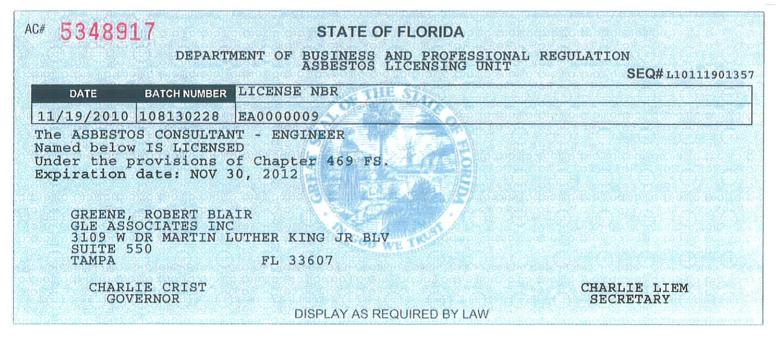
Congratulations! With this license you become one of the nearly one million Floridians licensed by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation. Our professionals and businesses range from architects to yacht brokers, from boxers to barbeque restaurants, and they keep Florida's economy strong.

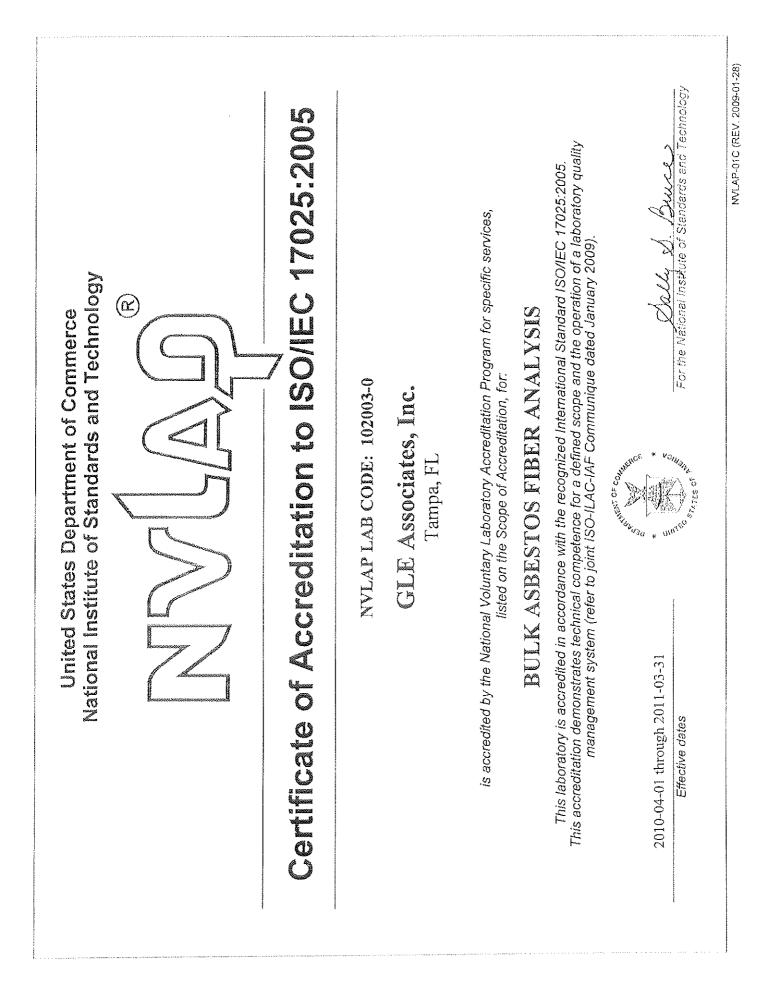
Every day we work to improve the way we do business in order to serve you better. For information about our services, please log onto www.myfloridalicense.com. There you can find more information about our divisions and the regulations that impact you, subscribe to department newsletters and learn more about the Department's initiatives.

Our mission at the Department is: License Efficiently, Regulate Fairly. We constantly strive to serve you better so that you can serve your customers. Thank you for doing business in Florida, and congratulations on your new license!



DETACH HERE





APPENDIX B Bridge Inspection Report File Review

BRIDGE INSPECTION REPORT FILE REVIEW

Project FID/FM: 416525-2 Production Date: Desis Build	f
Project Manager: <u>Vanique Hookins</u> Letting Date: <u>4-13-11 LAP</u>	4
County: Palo Beach State Road: Various Brd	ning
FACILITY CARRIED: Woolbright Rd.	J.
FACILITY INTERSECTED:	
BRIDGE NUMBER: 13030 MILE POINT 1.09% YEAR BUILT 1975	
END BENT DESCRIPTION Prestiessed piles & beams. PILE TYPE / CONSTRUCTION: 18" prestiessed	
PILE TYPE / CONSTRUCTION: 18" pressed	
CAP/COLUMN DESCRIPTION: 124 piles. 18 piles each	
INTERMEDIATE BENT DESCRIPTION	
PILE TYPE / CONSTRUCTION: Piers 22 4 e (28) piles epch Piu 3 8 32p	siles
CAP/COLUMN DESCRIPTION: All One 3' in diameter & various heisuts BEARING PADS DESCRIPTION	
BEARING PADS DESCRIPTION (2) end bent CAPS.	Kir.
MATERIALS/CONSTRUCTION: Composide Neoprense & Strelplates.	
ADDITIONAL: 80 bearings.	
ADDITIONAL NOTES: 3 piers type mult: - column open	
40 beams, Type ToTV. prestressed Concrete.	
Conducted By: Melenia Eicoan Date: 1/28/11	
Representing:	

APPENDIX C Analytical Results and Chain of Custody

Handex; Bridge 930301

11000-11072

Sample	Sample Type	Fiber Type
M-01A	Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-01B	Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-01C-QC	Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-01D	Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-01E	Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-01F	Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-02A	Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-02B	Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-02C	Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-02D	Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-02E	Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-02F	Class 5 Finish	100% Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-03A-QC	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100% Polymer
M-03B	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100% Polymer
M-03C	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100% Polymer

Analyst / Approved Signatory:

Darryl Neldner

* Polarized Light Microscopy coupled with dispersion is the technique used for identification in accordance with EPA-600 and EPA 40 CFR 763.

** The percentage of each component is visually estimated. The result of this analysis relate only to the material tested. The report shall not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. (>1% greater than one percent, <1% less than one percent) QC - Sample reanalyzed for QA/QC.

*** This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory. GLE Report # 13722

Analysis performed by GLE Associates, Inc. NVLAP #102003-0, CO AL-17485, TX 30-0337

Handex; Bridge 930301

11000-11072

Sample	Sample Type		Fiber Type
M-03D	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100%	Polymer
M-03E	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100%	Polymer
M-03F	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100%	Polymer
M-04A	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-04B	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-04C	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-05A	Black Particle Board	90% 10%	Cellulose/paper Bitumen
M-05B-QC	Black Particle Board	90% 10%	Cellulose/paper Bitumen
M-05C	Black Particle Board	90% 10%	Cellulose/paper Bitumen
M-05D	Black Particle Board	90% 10%	Cellulose/paper Bitumen
M-05E	Black Particle Board	90% 10%	Cellulose/paper Bitumen
M-05F	Black Particle Board	90% 10%	Cellulose/paper Bitumen

Analyst / Approved Signatory:

Darryl Neldner

* Polarized Light Microscopy coupled with dispersion is the technique used for identification in accordance with EPA-600 and EPA 40 CFR 763.

** The percentage of each component is visually estimated. The result of this analysis relate only to the material tested. The report shall not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. (>1% greater than one percent, <1% less than one percent) QC - Sample reanalyzed for QA/QC.

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Analysis performed by GLE Associates, Inc. NVLAP #102003-0, CO AL-17485, TX 30-0337

SUMMARY OF BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Handex; Bridge 930301

11000-11072

Sample	Sample Type		Fiber Type
M-06A	Black Bitumen Sealant	100%	Bitumen
M-06B	Black Bitumen Sealant	100%	Bitumen
M-06C	Black Bitumen Sealant	100%	Bitumen
M-06D	Black Bitumen Sealant	100%	Bitumen
M-06E	Black Bitumen Sealant	100%	Bitumen
M-06F-QC	Black Bitumen Sealant	100%	Bitumen
M-07A	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-07B	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-07C	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-08A	Black Particle Board	90% 10%	Cellulose/paper Bitumen
M-08B	Black Particle Board	90% 10%	Cellulose/paper Bitumen
M-08C	Black Particle Board	90% 10%	Cellulose/paper Bitumen
M-09A	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100%	Polymer
M-09B	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100%	Polymer

Analyst / Approved Signatory:

Darryl Neldner

* Polarized Light Microscopy coupled with dispersion is the technique used for identification in accordance with EPA-600 and EPA 40 CFR 763.

** The percentage of each component is visually estimated. The result of this analysis relate only to the material tested. The report shall not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. (>1% greater than one percent, <1% less than one percent) QC - Sample reanalyzed for QA/QC.

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Analysis performed by GLE Associates, Inc. NVLAP #102003-0, CO AL-17485, TX 30-0337

Feedback regarding laboratory performance should be addressed to lab@gleassociates.com.

SUMMARY OF BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Handex; Bridge 930301

11000-11072

Sample	Sample Type		Fiber Type
M-09C	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad	100%	Polymer
M-10A-QC	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-10B	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-10C	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-10D	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-10E	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-10F	Class 5 Finish	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-11A	Beige Reflector Adhesive	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-11B	Beige Reflector Adhesive	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-11C	Beige Reflector Adhesive	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-12A	Gray Reflector Adhesive	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-12B-QC	Gray Reflector Adhesive	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-12C	Gray Reflector Adhesive	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-13A	Concrete	100%	Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-13B	Concrete	100%	Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-13C	Concrete	100%	Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica

Analyst / Approved Signatory:

Darryl Neldner

* Polarized Light Microscopy coupled with dispersion is the technique used for identification in accordance with EPA-600 and EPA 40 CFR 763.

** The percentage of each component is visually estimated. The result of this analysis relate only to the material tested. The report shall not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. (>1% greater than one percent, <1% less than one percent) QC - Sample reanalyzed for QA/QC.

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Analysis performed by GLE Associates, Inc. NVLAP #102003-0, CO AL-17485, TX 30-0337

Feedback regarding laboratory performance should be addressed to lab@gleassociates.com.

SUMMARY OF BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Handex; Bridge 930301

11000-11072

Sample	Sample Type		Fiber Type
M-14A	Gray Expansion Joint Seal	100%	Polymer
M-14B	Gray Expansion Joint Seal	100%	Polymer
M-14C	Gray Expansion Joint Seal	100%	Polymer
M-15A	Black Bitumen Sealant	100%	Bitumen
M-15B	Black Bitumen Sealant	100%	Bitumen
M-15C-QC	Black Bitumen Sealant	100%	Bitumen
M-16A	Black Bitumen Reflector Adhesive	100%	Bitumen
M-16B	Black Bitumen Reflector Adhesive	100%	Bitumen
M-16C	Black Bitumen Reflector Adhesive	100%	Bitumen
M-17A	Gray Reflector Adhesive	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-17B	Gray Reflector Adhesive	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica
M-17C	Gray Reflector Adhesive	100%	Polymer, Quartz, Calcite, Clay, Mica

Analyst / Approved Signatory:

Darryl Neldner

* Polarized Light Microscopy coupled with dispersion is the technique used for identification in accordance with EPA-600 and EPA 40 CFR 763.

** The percentage of each component is visually estimated. The result of this analysis relate only to the material tested. The report shall not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. (>1% greater than one percent, <1% less than one percent) QC - Sample reanalyzed for QA/QC.

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Analysis performed by GLE Associates, Inc. NVLAP #102003-0, CO AL-17485, TX 30-0337

Feedback regarding laboratory performance should be addressed to lab@gleassociates.com.

CHAIN OF CUSTODY/SAMPLE TRANSMITTAL FORM



GLE Associates, Inc. 3109 W. Martin Luther King Jr. Blvd, Suite 550 Tampa, FL 33607 Tel. (813) 241-8350 FAX (813) 241-8737

 PROJECT #:
 11000-11072
 LAP

 PROJECT:
 Bridge 930301
 LABORATORY SENT TO:
 GLE

 DATE:
 02/01/2011
 GLE

Handex

CLIENT:

	SAMPLE INFO	ORMATION	
SAMPLE #	DESCRIPTION/ LOCATION	SAMPLE #	DESCRIPTION/ LOCATION
M-01 A-F	Class 5 Finish – End Bent Back Wall	M-10 A-F	Class 5 Finish – Parapet Wall
M-02 A-F	Class 5 Finish – Beam Span	M-11 A-C	Beige Reflector Adhesive- Guardrail
M-03 A-F	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad – End Bent Backwall	M-12 A-C	Gray Reflector Adhesive - Guardrail
M-04 A-C	Class 5 Finish - Column	M-13 A-C	Concrete - Deck
M-05 A-F	Black Particle Board – End Bent Back Wall	M-14 A-C	Gray Expansion Joint Seal - Deck
M-06 A-F	Black Bitumen sealant - Slope	M-15 A-C	Black Bitumen Sealant – Deck
M-07 A-C	Class 5 Finish – Intermediate Cap	M-16 A-C	Black Bitumen Reflector Adhesive - Deck
M-08 A-C	Black Particle Board – Intermediate Cap	M-17 A-C	Gray Reflector Adhesive - Deck
M-09 A-C	Black Neoprene Bearing Pad – Int. Cap		
IMPORTAN	T TOTAL NUMBER OF SAMPLES SU	BMITTED:	69
IMPORTAN	T POSITIVE STOP ANALYSIS:		No
IMPORTAN	T CODE TYPE (PLM; PLM1; PLM 2; F	ZTC.):	PLM9
IMPORTAN	NT E-MAIL RESULTS TO:		Rafe Padgett/Emory Dare
	SAMPLE INST	RUCTIONS	

TO BE ANALYZED FOR ASBESTOS CONTENT BY POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY WITH DISPERSION STAINING

TURNAROUND TIME DEADLINE

 \rightarrow \rightarrow RETURN SAMPLES TO GLE ASSOCIATES USE TRANSMITTAL <u>02/07/11 / 12:00pm</u> SAMPLE ANALYSIS DEADLINE date / time

REPORT RESULTS TO THE ADDRESS ABOVE		
CHAIN OF CUSTODY: GLE ASSOCIATES, INC.	CHAIN OF CUSTODY: LARGRATORY	
PACKAGED BY: B Christensen	SAMPLES RECEIVED BY:	
DATE PACKAGED: 02/01/2011	DATE:	
METHOD OF TRANSMITTAL: FedEx	TIME:	
TRANSMITTED BY: L. Strachan	CONDITION OF PACKAGED SAMPLAS	
CHAIN OF CUSTODY: RETURNED TO	GLE ASSOCIATES, INC.	
RECEIVED BY:	DATE:	
INVENTORIED BY:	DATE:	
REPACKAGED AND SEALED BY:	DATE:	
PAGE: 1 OF 1		

D\Work\ASB\11000\11072 Handex ACM-LBP 11 FDOT Bridges\860431\COC 860431.doc

APPENDIX D Photographic Documentation

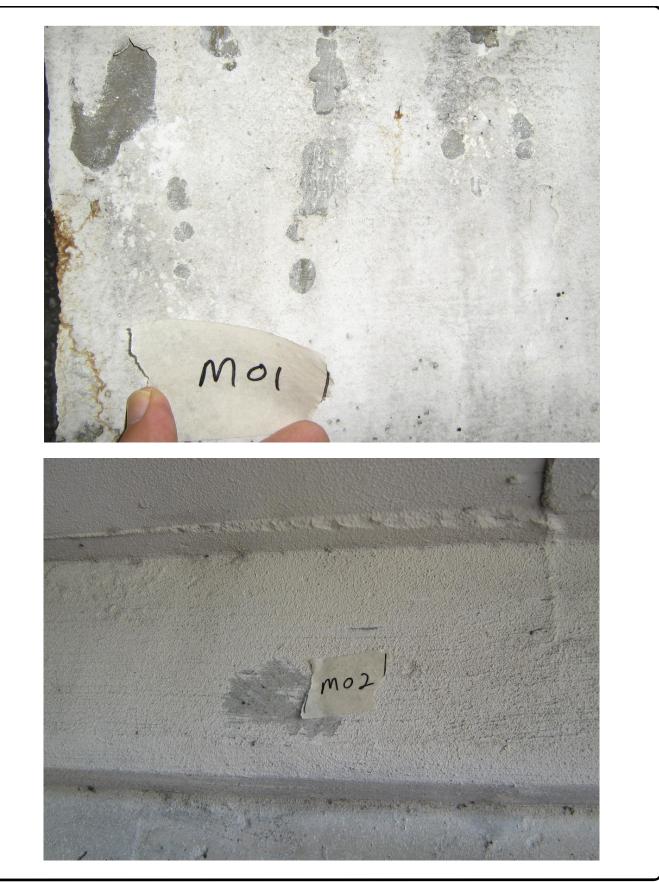


Upper Photo: Bridge No. 930301

Lower Photo: Bridge No. 930301 Side View Photograph Date: February 1, 2011



Bridge No. 930301	
	h Count <u>y</u> , Florida
Drawn DPB	Job # 11000-11072
Checked LS	Figure
Date 2/1/2011	D-1



Upper Photo: Class 5 Finish - End Bent Backwall

<u>Lower Photo</u>: Class 5 Finish - Beam Span Photograph Date: February 1, 2011



Bridge	Bridge No. 930301		
Palm Beac	h County, Florida		
Drawn DPB	Job # 11000-11072		
Checked LS	Figure		
Date 2/1/2011	D-2		

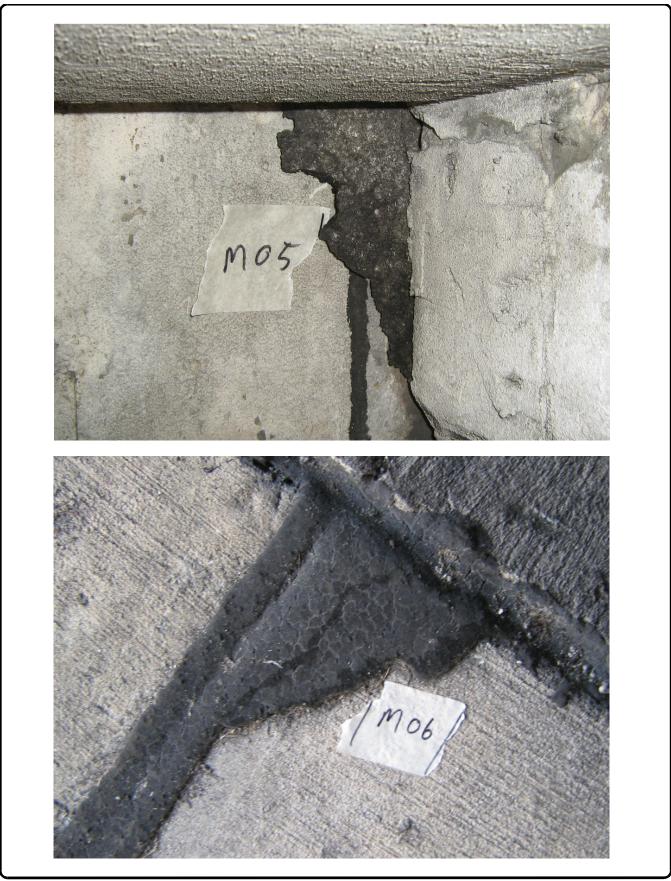


Upper Photo: Black Neoprene Bearing Pad - End Bent Backwall

<u>Lower Photo</u>: Class 5 Finish - Column Photograph Date: February 1, 2011



Bridge No. 930301		
	h County, Florida	
Drawn	Job #	
DPB	11000-11072	
Checked	Figure	
LS		
Date	D-3	
2/1/2011		



Upper Photo: Black Particle Board - End Bent Backwall

<u>Lower Photo:</u> Black Bitumen Sealant - Slope Photograph Date: February 1, 2011



Bridge No. 930301		
Palm Beacl	h County, Florida	
Drawn DPB	Job # 11000-11072	
Checked LS	Figure	
Date 2/1/2011	D-4	
-		



Upper Photo: Class 5 Finish- Intermediate Cap

<u>Lower Photo:</u> Black Particle Board- Intermediate Cap Photograph Date: February 1, 2011



Bridge No. 930301		
Palm Beach County, Florida		
Drawn DPB	Job # 11000-11072	
Checked LS	Figure	
Date 2/1/2011	D-5	

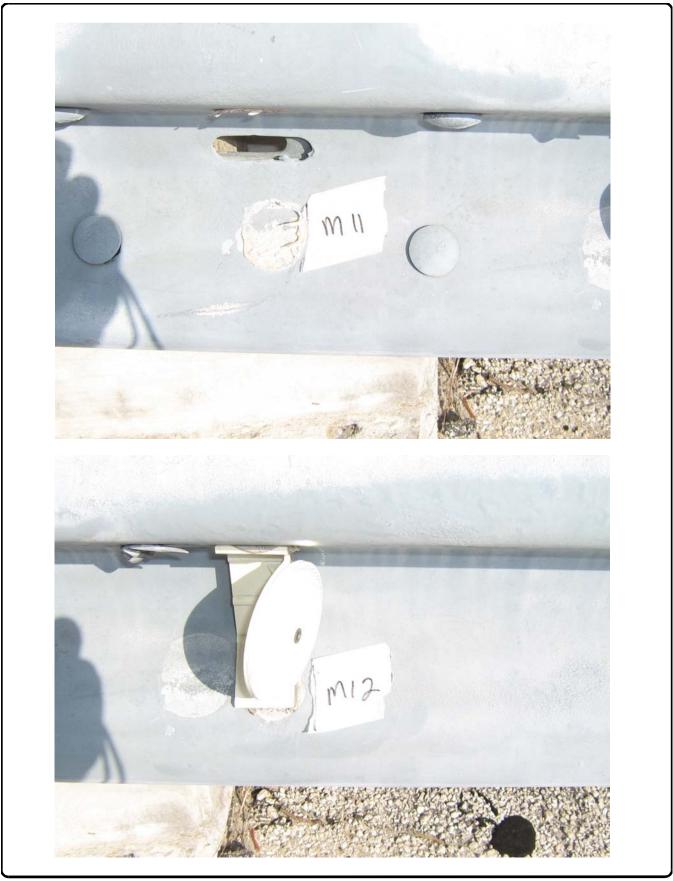


Upper Photo: Black Neoprene Bearing Pad - Intermediate Cap

<u>Lower Photo</u>: Class 5 Finish - Parapet Wall Photograph Date: February 1, 2011



Bridge No. 930301		
Palm Beacl	h County, Florida	
Drawn	Job #	
DPB	11000-11072	
Checked	Figure	
LS		
Date	D-6	
2/1/2011		



Upper Photo: Beige Reflector Adhesive - Metal Guardrail

Lower Photo: Grey Reflector Adhesive - Metal Guardrail Photograph Date: February 1, 2011



Bridge Na 030301		
Bridge No. 930301		
	h County, Florida	
Drawn	Job #	
DPB	11000-11072	
Checked	Figure	
LS	-	
Date	D_7	
2/1/2011		



<u>Upper Photo:</u> Concrete - Deck

<u>Lower Photo</u>: Gray Expansion Joint Seal - Deck Photograph Date: February 1, 2011



4		
Bridge No. 930301		
Palm Beach County, Florida		
Drawn	Job #	
DPB	11000-11072	
Checked	Figure	
LS		
Date	D-8	
2/1/2011		



Upper Photo: Black Bitumen Sealant - Deck

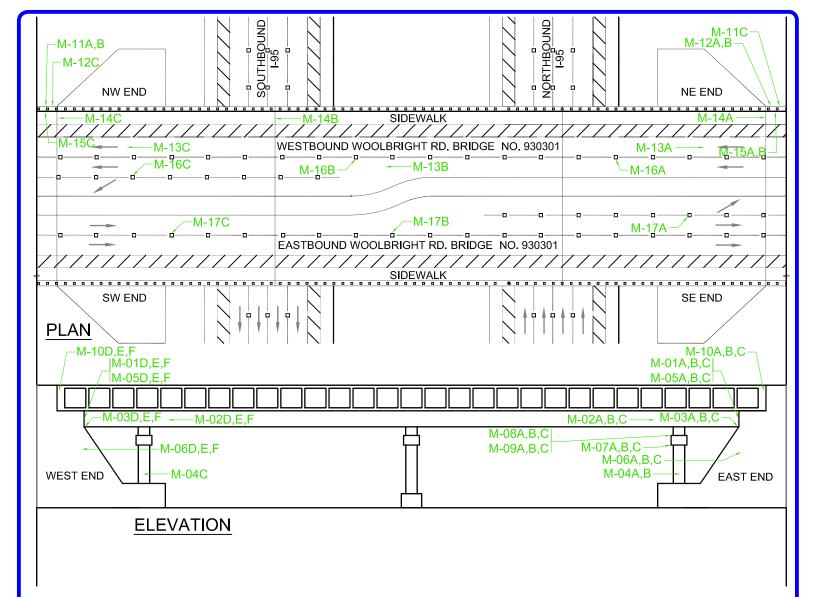
Lower Photo: Black Bitumen Reflector Adhesive - Deck Photograph Date: February 1, 2011



Bridge	No. 930301
Palm Beach County, Florida	
Drawn DPB	Job # 11000-11072
Checked LS	Figure
Date 2/1/2011	D-9



APPENDIX E Sample Location Diagram



GENERAL NOTES:

THE NOTES AND LEGEND ASSOCIATED WITH THIS DRAWING ARE PROVIDED TO ASSIST THE REMEDIATION CONTRACTOR PERFORMING WORK AT THE STUDY SITE IN IDENTIFYING AREAS WHERE WORK WILL BE CONDUCTED. THIS DRAWING SHOULD BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE CORRESPONDING ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT.

LEGEND	
POSITIVE SAMPLE LOCATIONS INDICATE ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIAL.	
NEGATIVE SAMPLE LOCATIONS INDICATE NON-ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIAL.	
HOMOGENEOUS AREAS:	
M-01	CLASS 5 FINISH - END BENT BACKWALL
M-02	CLASS 5 FINISH - BEAM SPAN
M-03	BLACK NEOPRENE BEARING PAD - END BENT BACKWALL
M-04	CLASS 5 FINISH - COLUMN
M-05	BLACK PARTICLE BOARD - END BENT BACKWALL

M-06	BLACK BITUMEN SEALANT - SLOPE
M-07	CLASS 5 FINISH - INTERMEDIATE CAP
M-08	BLACK PARTICLE BOARD - INTERMEDIATE CAP
M-09	BLACK NEOPRENE BEARING PAD - INTERMEDIATE CAP
M-10	CLASS 5 FINISH - PARAPET WALL
M-11	BEIGE REFLECTOR ADHESIVE - METAL GUARDRAIL
M-12	GRAY REFLECTOR ADHESIVE - METAL GUARDRAIL
M-13	CONCRETTE - DECK
M-14	GRAY EXPANSION JOINT SEAL - DECK
M-15	BLACK BITUMEN SEALANT - DECK
M-16	BLACK BITUMEN REFLECTOR ADHESIVE - DECK
M-17	GRAY REFLECTOR ADHESIVE - DECK



SAMPLE LOCATION DIAGRAM

BRIDGE NO. 930301 EASTBOUND/WESTBOUND WOOLBRIGHT ROAD OVER NORTH/SOUTHBOUND I-95 PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA Prepared for: IANDEX CONSULTING & REMEDIATION, LLC 430 S. CONGRESS AVE., STE 1D DELRAY BEACH, FL 33445 Prepared By: GLE ASSOCIATES, INC. 1000 N.W. 65TH STREET, SUITE 100 FT. LAUDERDALE, FL 33309 PH. (954) 968-6414 fAX. (954) 968-6090



