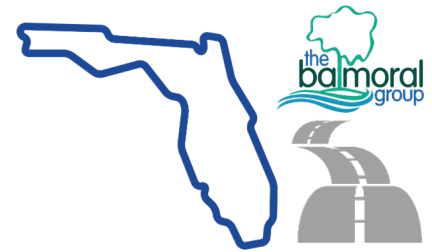


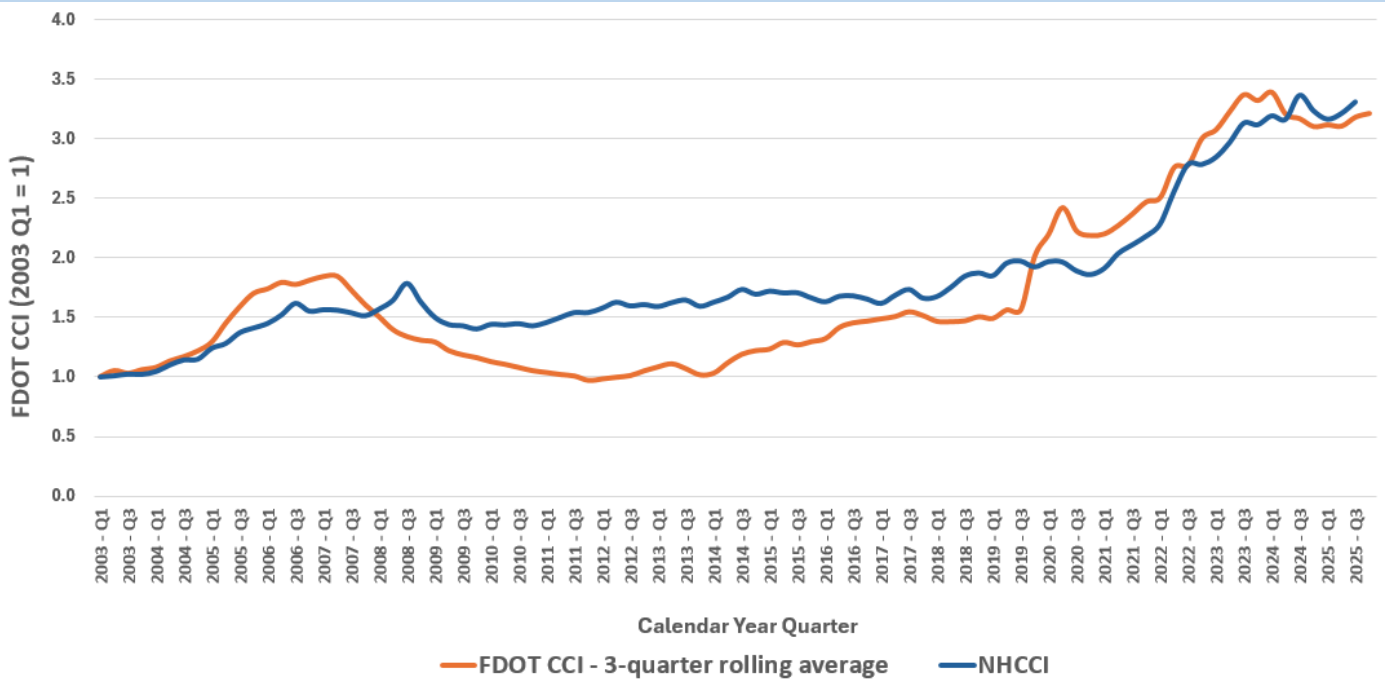
# March 2026: FDOT CCI Up in 2025 Q4



Updating the FDOT CCI with complete bid data through December 2025, the FDOT index increased slightly from 3.18 in 2025 Q3 (July – September 2025) to 3.21 in 2025 Q4 (October – December 2025).

Updated bid data in the fourth quarter of calendar year 2025 (FY 2026 Q2) shows a slight uptick in pricing. However, the 2025 Q4 value is still lower than the 2024 Q1 peak of 3.39. An additional quarter of data from NHCCI shows an uptick in pricing nationally as well. This update also refreshed previous quarters of 2025 data, in line with NHCCI methodology.

Figure 1. Quarterly FDOT CCI, Updated to Calendar Year 2025 Q4 (FY 2026 Q2)



Source: TBG calculated from data provided by FDOT Office of Forecasting and Project Cost.

Table 1. Summary of Filter Application and Bid Counts

Number of Bids	Unfiltered Count	LS Removed	<1% Share Removed	Outliers Removed	Final Count
FDOT CCI February 2026	510,376	33,710	121,493	6,532	348,641
FDOT CCI March 2026	511,279	33,736	121,849	6,538	349,156
Difference	903	26	356	6	515

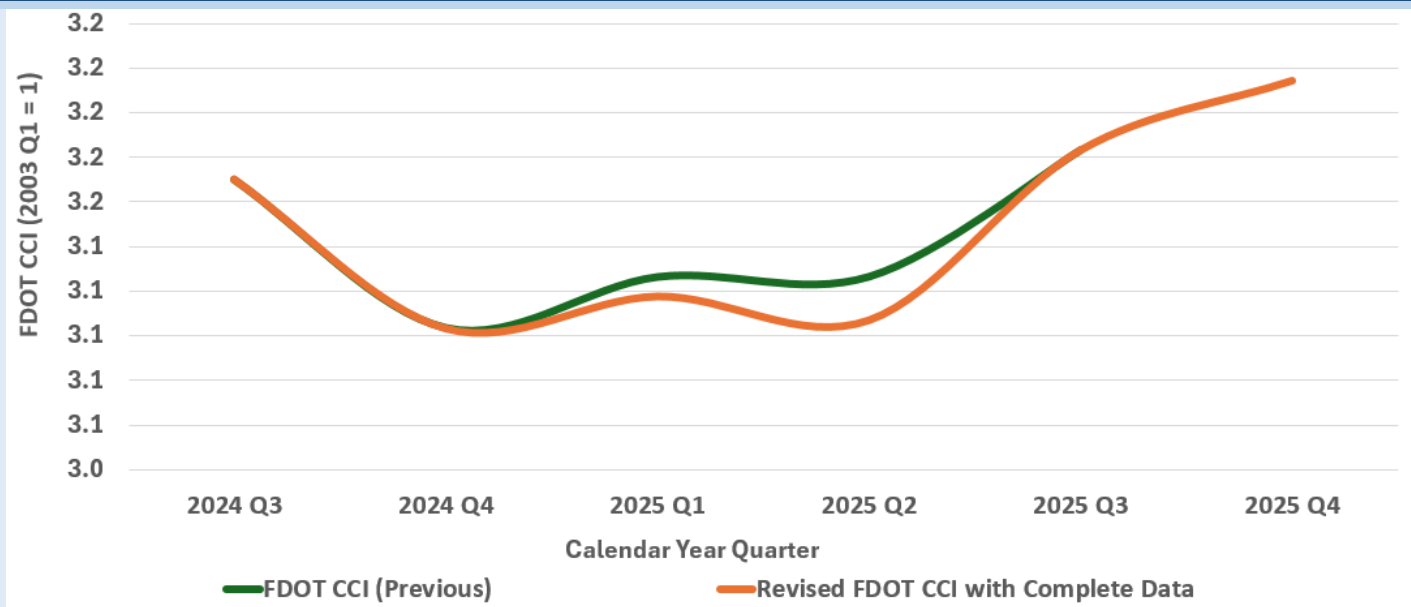
Source: TBG calculated from data provided by FDOT Office of Forecasting and Project Cost. This includes data through December 2025.

Table 2. Summary of Revisions to FDOT CCI with Complete Calendar Year 2025 Data

	2025 Q1	2025 Q2	2025 Q3	2025 Q4
<b>FDOT CCI (Previous)</b>	3.13	3.13	3.18	N/A
<b>Revised FDOT CCI with Complete Data</b>	3.12	3.11	3.18	3.21

Source: TBG calculated from data provided by FDOT Office of Forecasting and Project Cost.

Figure 2. Comparison of Previous Reporting and Revisions with Complete Calendar Year 2025 Data



Source: TBG calculated from data provided by FDOT Office of Forecasting and Project Cost.

This update refreshed the 2025 dataset from January through December and added 515 bids to the overall dataset, completing the 2025 calendar year. Many of the FDOT CCI rules for removing outliers are based on counts or average prices by pay item and by calendar year. As more data are added to the dataset throughout the year, the thresholds for these rules change.

#### Implications by Rule:

- Frequency Rule:** The frequency rule removes pay items that appear too rarely in the dataset for that calendar year. As more data are added to the dataset throughout the year the number of bids for a certain pay item changes. As the number of bids changes, pay items that were considered rare earlier in the year may be kept later in the year. The opposite could also be true, pay items that were not considered rare earlier in the year may be considered rare as more data is added.
- 3 Standard Deviation Rule:** This rule removes bids that have a weighted average price outside of the normal range for that pay item for that year. As more data is added to the dataset throughout the year, the average price for each pay item changes. As a result, the range in price for a bid to be kept in the dataset changes.

Once the year is complete, TBG re-runs the CCI with the finalized thresholds and revises data for that calendar year. For calendar year 2025, these revisions brought down the 2025 Q1 and 2025 Q2 index values slightly. The 2025 Q3 index was unchanged to the second decimal.