





20TRANSPORTATION 24SYMPOSIUM

Evolutions in Safety Engineering

Central Office: Brenda Young, P.E.

District 4: Tracey Xie, P.E.

District 5: Naziru Isaac, P.E.

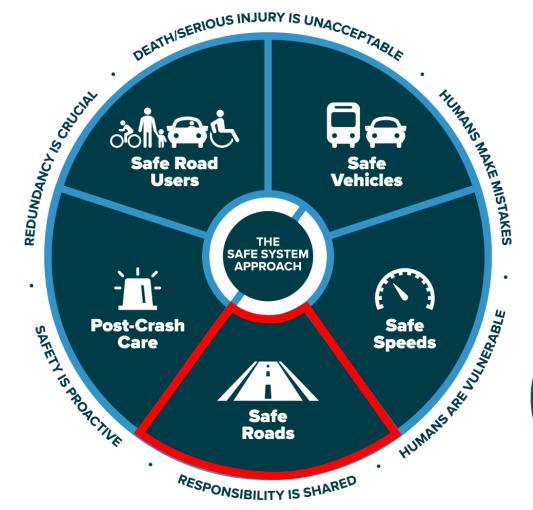
District 6: Misleidys Leon, P.E.

Florida Department of Transportation



Safe System Approach

Engineering for Human Factors



Safety Infrastructure Focus: Anticipating Human Error

Proven Effective Countermeasures

Provide Safe Recovery Reduce Crash Severity









INTERSECTIONS

PEDESTRIANS AND BICYCLISTS





Current Effective Safety Improvements



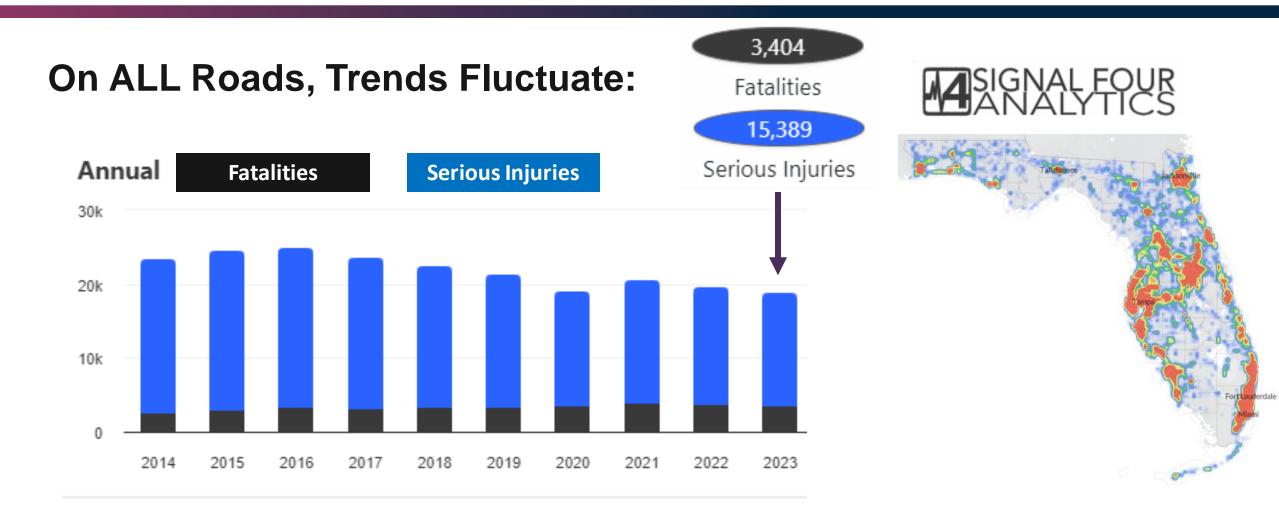
✓ Positive gains in safety performance on Highway Safety Improvement Program projects

However, there are not projects on all roadways every year...





Need to Impact Long-Term Statewide Trends



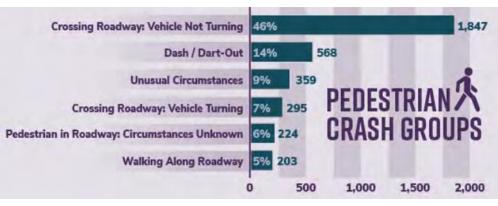




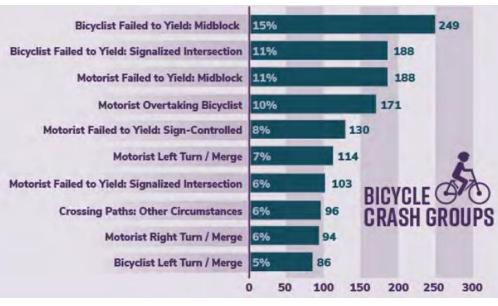


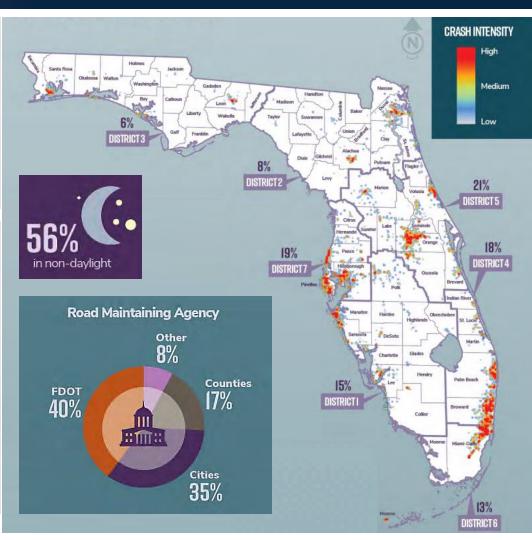
4% of Crashes but 27% of Fatalities







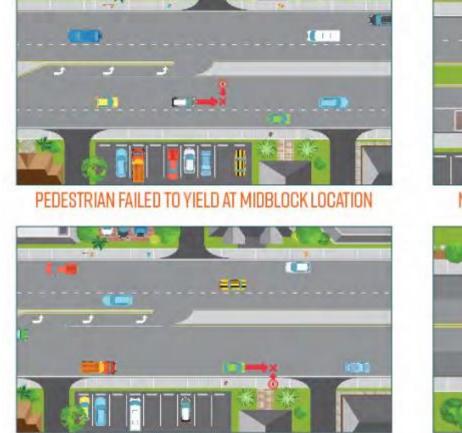




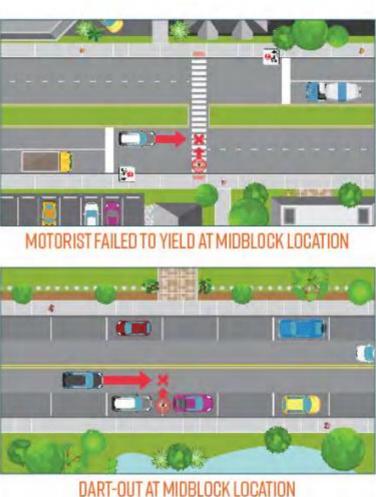


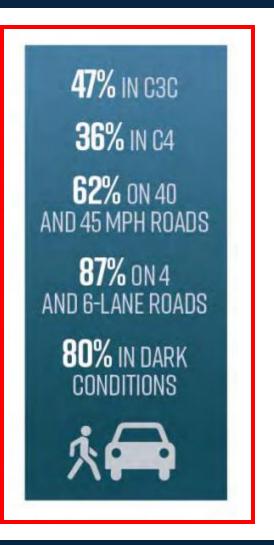


Pedestrian Fatalities and Serious Injuries at Midblock Locations – Most Common Conflicts



DASH AT MIDBLOCK LOCATION









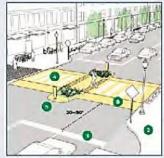
Proven Effective Midblock Countermeasures



High-visibility crosswalks can help make pedestrians on the crosswalk more visible and reduce pedestrian injury crashes up to 40%. Data and Image Source: FHWA



Pedestrian refuge islands can reduce pedestrian crashes by 32%. Data and Image Source: FHWA



Raised crossings make the pedestrian more prominent in the driver's field of vision. Approach ramps may reduce vehicle speeds and improve motorist yielding and reduce pedestrian crashes by 45%. Data Source: FHWA; Image Source: NACTO



Advance stop or yield markings improve visibility of pedestrians; prevent multiple-threat crashes and reduce pedestrian crashes up to 25%. Data Source: FHWA; Image Source: SR A1A in Brevard County



Pedestrian Hybrid Beacons are ideal for multilane roadways and can reduce pedestrian crashes by 55%. Image Source: PHB on US 441 in Orange County



In-pavement flashing lights reinforced by well maintained retro reflective markings can enhance crosswalk visibility at night. Image Source: SR A1A in Brevard County



Pedestrian scale lighting increases visibility of pedestrians in the crosswalk and provides a feeling of safety and security to pedestrians crossing the road. Image Source: US 441 rendering in Orange County



Rapid Rectangular Flashing Beacons can reduce crashes up to 47% and increase motorist yielding rates up to 98%. Data Source: FHWA Image Source: RRFB on SR A1A in Brevard County



Curb extensions improve the ability of pedestrians and motorists to see each other and reduces crossing distance. Photo Source: NACTO Urban Street Design Guide





Project Highlights

'New' Tools for Pedestrian Safety

- √ Channelization
- ✓ Raised Crosswalks
- ✓ Speed Management

District Experiences:

Tracey Xie, P.E.

District 4 Traffic Safety Program Engineer

Misleidys Leon, P.E.

District 6 Traffic Safety Program Engineer

Naziru Isaac, P.E.
District 5 Roadway Design Engineer







Pedestrian Channelization Barrier Before/After Study – District 4







Guidelines to identify/prioritize locations

Two Tier Process:

▶ Demand Based Screening – Identify locations with potential for high pedestrian/bicycle traffic

✓ Identify generators such as Bus Stops, Park, Schools, Libraries. Convenience Stores, etc.

✓ Account for socioeconomic factors such as population density, auto ownership, age, low-income areas, etc.

► Facility Based Screening - Based on Risk Factors/Potential for crashes

✓ Median width, speed limit, & number of lanes, ADT

✓ Lack of facilities (bike lanes, sidewalks, crosswalks, lighting, etc.)







SR 816 (Oakland Park Blvd.) between NW 55th Ave and NW 56th Ave



Installed between February 2017 and July 2017

Location Characteristics:

- Six-lane divided w/ raised median (18 to 20' median; 4 to 5' traffic separator); 45 mph speed limit
- Two signalized intersections (apprx. 900' apart);
- Seven bus stops in the vicinity; (2 along OPB, EB 400' E. of 56th Ave; and WB 100' W. of 55th Ave);
- Surround land uses
 (Shopping Plazas,
 Restaurants, City Hall);
 Residential areas
 north/south of OPB





Pedestrian Channelization Barrier









Before/After Study - Approach

- Simple Before/After Study (no control site)
- Data Collection (before and after periods)
 - Data collection by zone (total of 5 zones)
 - Pedestrian/bicycle crossing counts collected on weekday and weekend
 - 13-hour video recording (by Caltrans)
 - · Summarize number of crossings by zone
- Field Reviews (before and after periods)
 - Observe pedestrian/bicycle crossing behavior/path during peak periods
- Measures of Effectiveness
 - Number of pedestrian/bicycle crossings
 - Percentage of pedestrian/bicycle crossings by zone
- Before/After Comparison
- Statistical Analysis
 - Z-test



















Pedestrian Crossing (August 2017)

"Before" Condition

"After" Condition







Pedestrian Crossing (May 28, 2024; 5.30-6.30 PM)

Pedestrians
Crossing from WB
Bus Stop in Zones 4
and 5 ("After"
Condition)

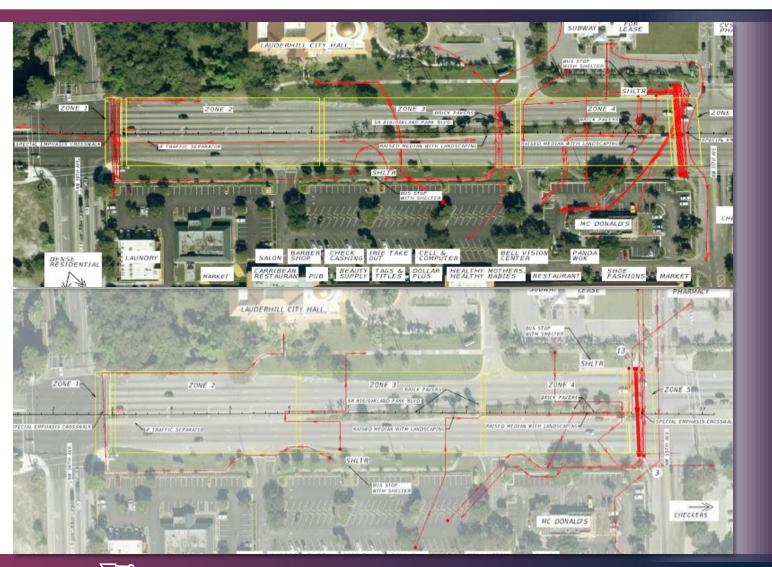
Pedestrian
Crossing in the
crosswalk
("After" Condition)







Pedestrian/Bicycle Crossing Paths - AM



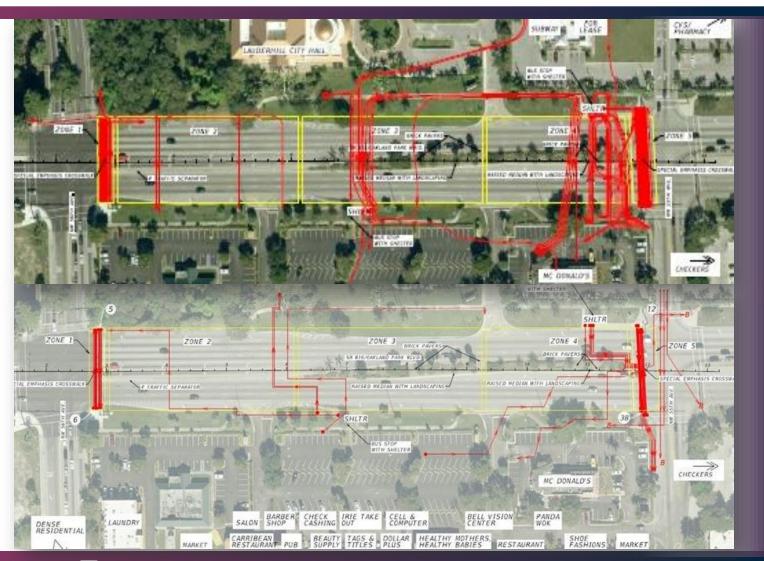
Before (50%Crosswalk; 50% Midblock)

After (83%Crosswalk; 17% Midblock)





Pedestrian/Bicycle Crossing Paths - PM



Before (61% Crosswalk; 39% Midblock)

After (86%Crosswalk; 14% Midblock)





Pedestrian Crossing Paths (May 28, 2024; 5.30-6.30 PM)







Statistical Analysis Results

Day of Week	Crossing Location	Pedestria	rtion of ns/Bicycles ssing	Z-Value	Significant at 95% Confidence	
	2.3	Before After			Level	
	Crosswalks (Zones 1 & 5)	70%	87%	7.2050	Yes	
	Midblock Locations (Zones 3 & 4)	25%	5%	9.7063	Yes	
Wednesday	Midblock Location (Zone 2 - barrier on the south side of roadway; no barrier in median)	5%	8%	2.1220	Yes	
Saturday	Crosswalks (Zones 1 & 5)	66%	84%	6.6816	Yes	
	Midblock Locations (Zones 3 & 4)	27%	11%	6.6426	Yes	
	Midblock Location (Zone 2 - barrier on the south side of roadway; no barrier in median)	7%	5%	1.1922	No	
	Crosswalks (Zones 1 & 5)	68%	85.6%	9.9228	Yes	
Wadparday	Midblock Locations (Zones 3 & 4)	26%	7.53%	11.6435	Yes	
Wednesday + Saturday	Midblock Location (Zone 2 - barrier on the south side of roadway; no barrier in median)	6%	6.87%	0.7580	No	

No. of Peds/Bikes: 1216 1063





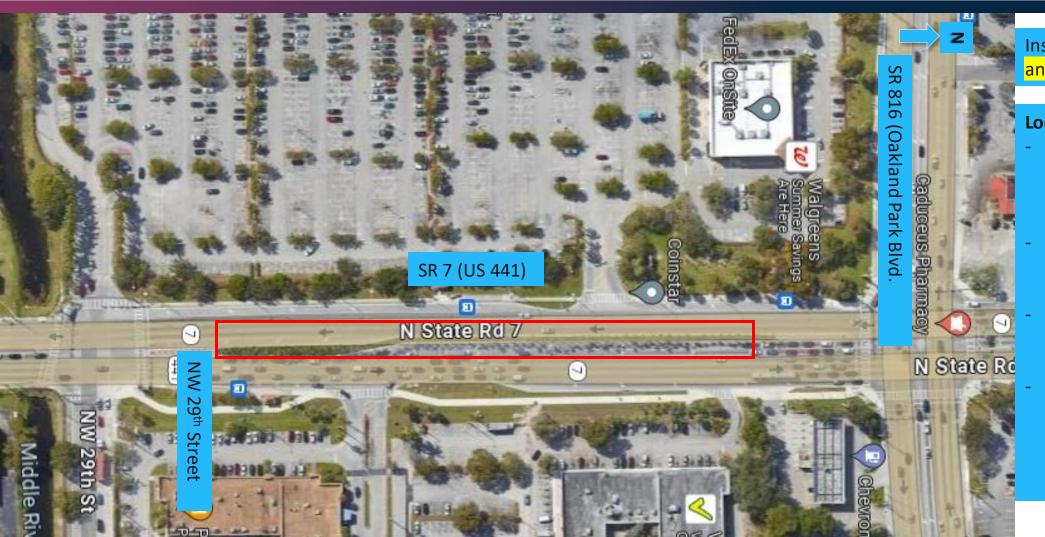
Conclusions

- Median barrier (in Zones 3 and 4)
 - Pedestrian/bicycle crossings at midblock locations reduced from 32% to 14%
 - Pedestrian/bicycle crossings at adjacent crosswalks increased from 68% to 86%.
 - Results indicate that most pedestrians/bicyclists who were crossing at midblock locations before are now using the crosswalks
 - Separate comparisons of data collected on weekday/weekend indicated similar results
- Roadside barrier (south side of the roadway in Zone 2)
 - Overall, no significant difference between before/after periods (6% vs. 6.87%)
 - Midblock crossings in Zone 2 increased from 5% to 8% based on data collected on Wednesday; Reduced from 7% to 5% based on data collected on Saturday
 - Number of crossings in Zone 2 were relatively low (49 before vs. 61 after)





SR 7 (US 441) between Oakland Park Blvd. and NW 29th Street



Installed between July 2019 and May 2020

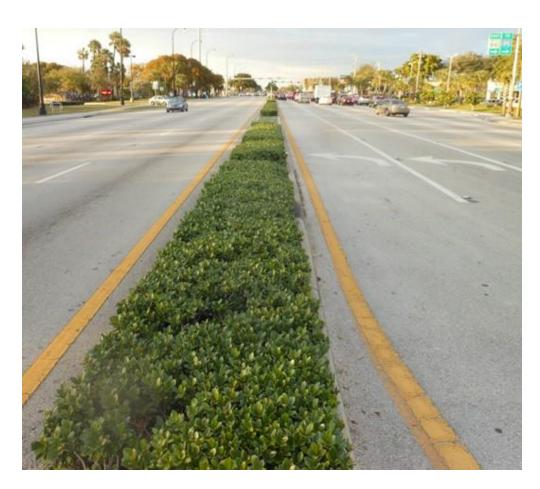
Location Characteristics:

- Six-lane divided w/ raised median (12 to 16' median;
 9 to 12' traffic separator);
 40 mph speed limit
- Two signalized intersections (apprx. 1,150' apart);
- Three bus stops along OPB (2 SB, 1 NB) within the study area;
- Surround land uses
 (Shopping Plazas,
 Restaurants, Gas Station,
 Pharmacy, Government
 Offices)





Pedestrian Channelization Barrier – Before/After

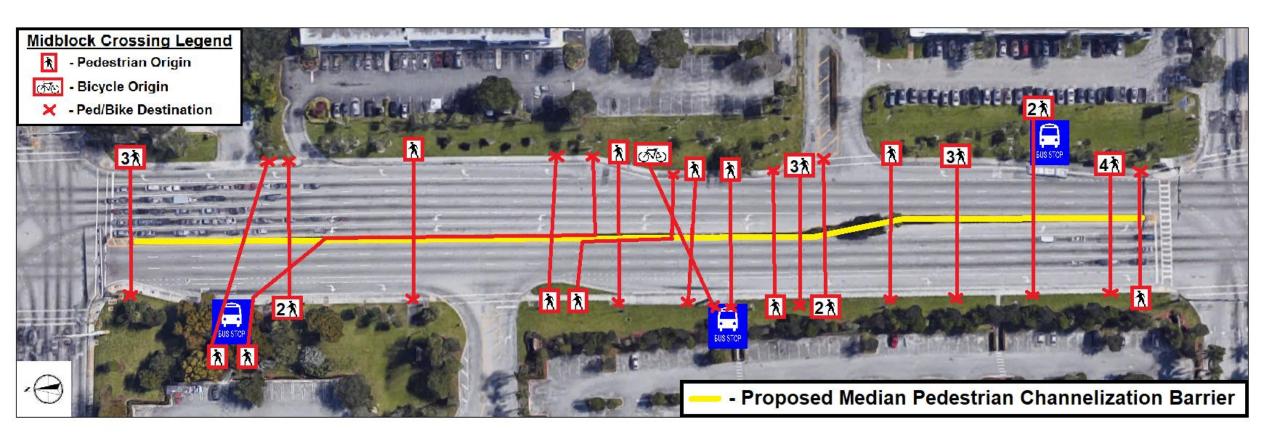








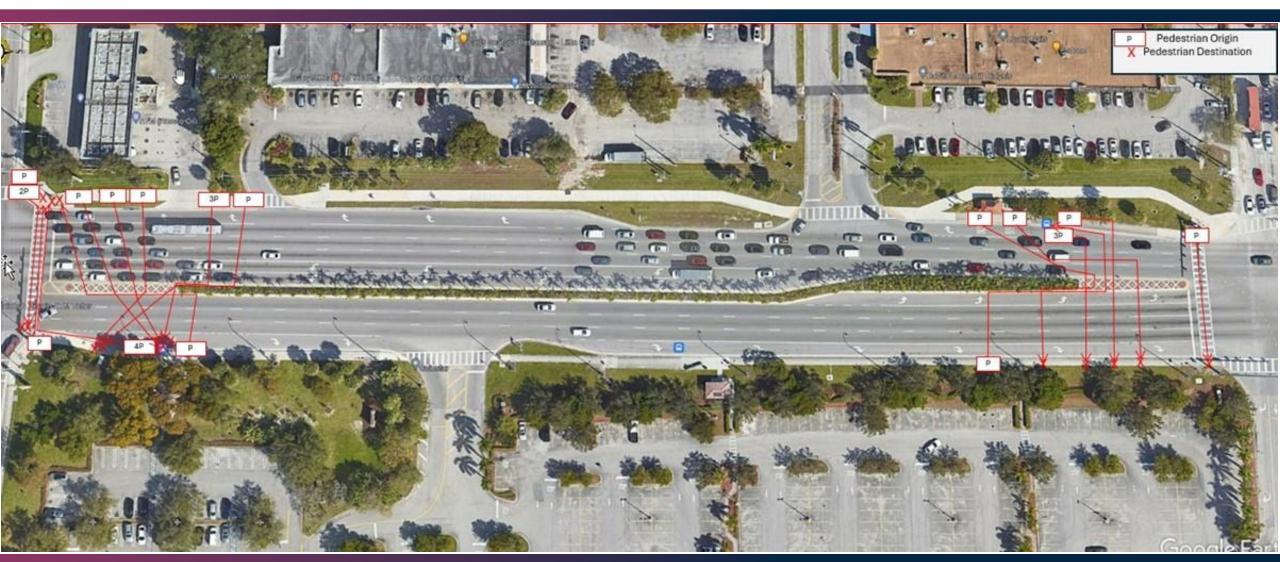
Pedestrian Crossing Paths - Before







Pedestrian Crossing Paths - After

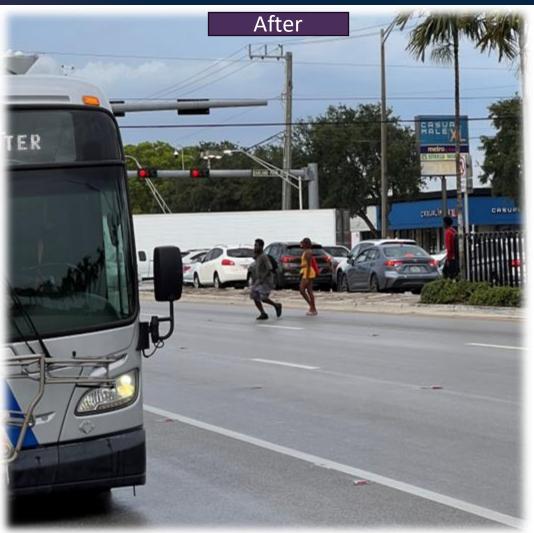






Pedestrian Crossing – Before/After









Pedestrian Behavior Observations (May 28, 2024; 4:45-6 PM)

- Total Pedestrians Observed crossing SR 7 = 24 pedestrians
- Pedestrians crossing at crosswalks= 9 (38%)
- Pedestrians crossing at the traffic separator= 15 (62%)
 - ➤ Pedestrians walking along the median barrier = 7
 - Pedestrians crossing at the transit bus stop (between OPB & NW 29th Street) = 0
- Pedestrians crossing within the segment with median barrier= 0





SR 7 (US 441) between Broward Blvd. and NW 3rd Street



Installation from January 2024 to April 2024

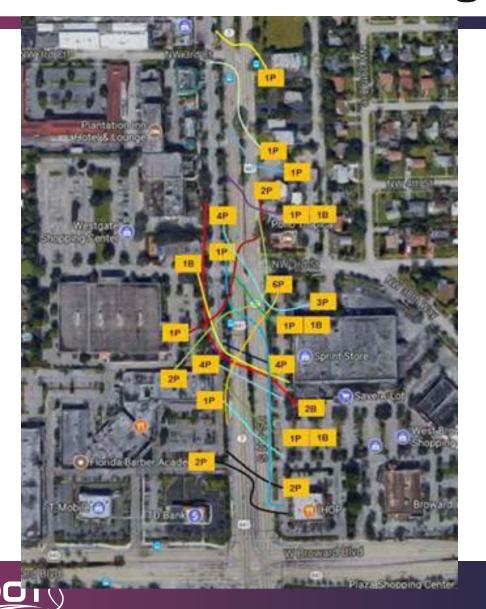
Location Characteristics:

- Six-lane divided w/ raised median (10 to 20' median;
 8 to 9' traffic separator);
 40-45 mph speed limit
- One signalized intersection and one directional median opening (apprx.
 950' apart);
- One bus stop along OPB in NB direction within the study area;
- Surround land uses
 (Shopping Plazas,
 Restaurants, Pharmacy,
 Banks)





Pedestrian Crossing Paths – Before/After





Gaps in Pedestrian Channelization Barrier







Field Observations

- Multiple pedestrians crossing at traffic separator where no median fences (45-50 feet from crosswalks)
- Multiple pedestrians crossing at a gap for landscape in the pedestrian channelization barrier
- One pedestrian crossing in crosswalk then walking diagonally to the bus stop.





Lessons Learned/Conclusions

- Extend the pedestrian channelization barrier up to the crosswalk. If not feasible, install Do Not Cross and Use Crosswalk signs whenever a gap exists.
- Do not leave any gaps within the pedestrian channelization barrier.
- Relocate bus stops as close to the crosswalks as possible.
- Install landscaping to the entire width of the median to reduce the potential for pedestrians to walk parallel to the median.





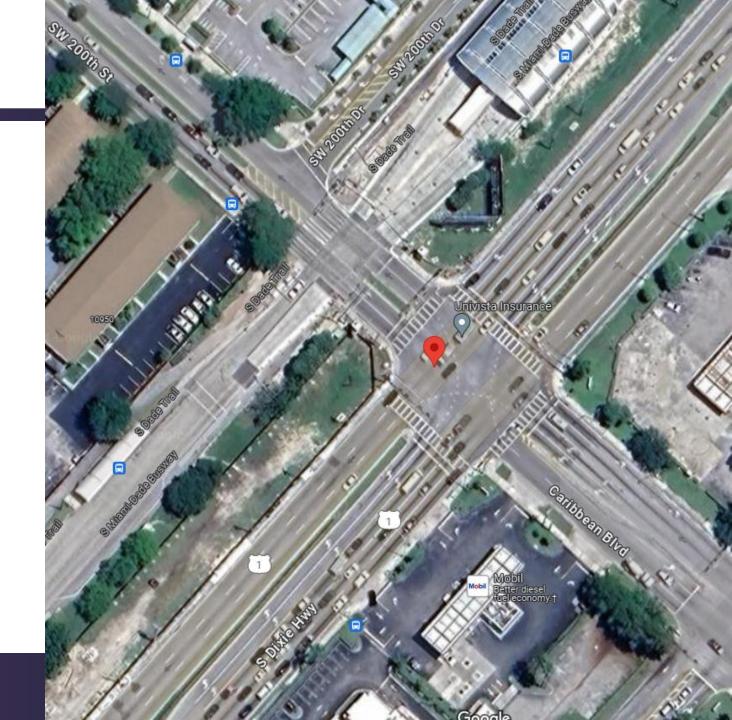


DISTRICT 6 PEDESTRIAN COUNTERMEASURES

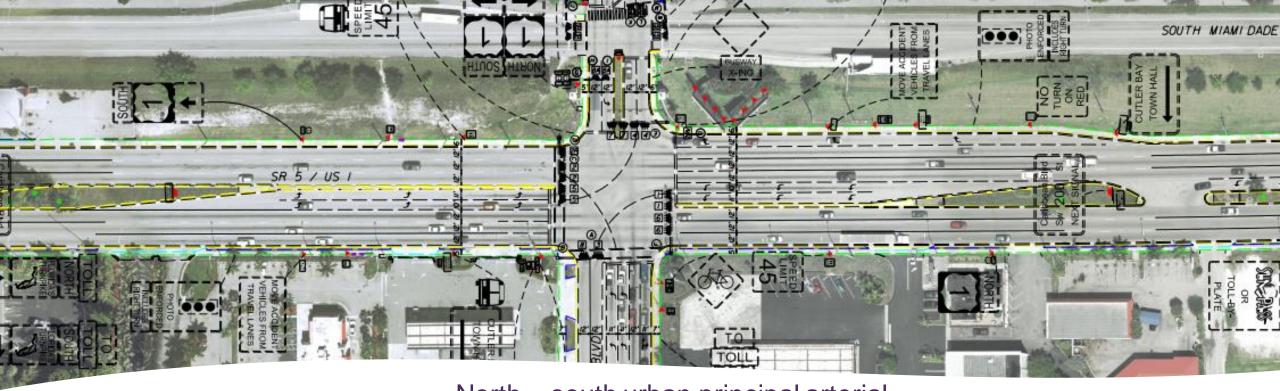
- 1. PEDESTRIAN CHANNELIZATION
- 2. RAISED CROSSWALKS

PEDESTRIAN CHANNELIZATION

SR 5/US-1 and SW 200 St







PEDESTRIAN CHANNELIZATION US-1 AND SW 200 St

- North south urban principal arterial
- Six lanes divided by 4 ft traffic separators
- Posted speed is 45 mph
- 12 ft lanes
- No crosswalks on the north and west legs
- Pedestrian activity is generated by bus stops and residential buildings





PEDESTRIAN CHANNELIZATION

Crash Analysis

- 9 Pedestrian crashes
- 1 Bicycle crash
- 50% occurred midday
- 50% occurred at night

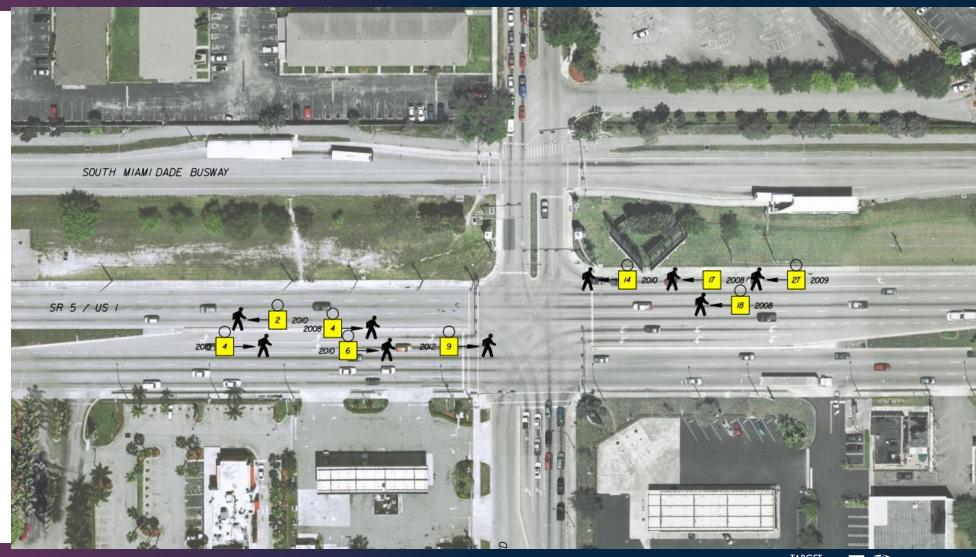
US 1 at Caribbean Blvd 6 Lane x 4 Lane, Signalized, with Turn Lanes, 4 Leg Intersection		Number of Crashes Year				5 Year Total Crashes	Mean Crashes Per	Crashes %	Expected Annual Crash Value Abnormally High Crashes per year		Abnormal 90th Percentile	Abnormal 95th Percentile	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012		Year		90th percentile	95th percentile		
CRASH TYPE	Rear End	11	11	13	14	10	59	11.80	47.6%	17.26	18.90		
	Head On	0	0	1	1	1	3	0.60	2.4%	1.64	1.84		
	Angle	2	0	1	4	2	9	1.80	7.3%	9.19	9.92		
	Left Turn	1	4	1	0	0	6	1.20	4.8%	6.13	6.73		
	Right Turn	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.20	0.8%	1.36	1.53		
	Sideswipe	4	4	2	0	0	10	2.00	8.1%	4.92	5.37		
	Backed Into	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.0%	0.84	0.94		
	Coll. w/ Parked Car	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.20	0.8%	0.57	0.65		
	Coll. w/ Pedestrian	4	1	4	0	0	9	1.80	7.3%	1.80	2.00	Х	
	Coll. w/ Bicycle	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.20	0.8%	0.49	0.55		
	Fixed Object	0	3	0	0	1	4	0.80	3.2%	2.01	2.24		
	Ran Off Road	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.0%	0.11	0.13		
	Overturned	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.0%	0.28	0.33		
	Other	0	3	3	6	9	21	4.20	16.9%	21.05	23.42		
	Total Crashes	22	28	25	25	24	124	24.80	100.0%	54.94	59.43		

 Review of the police reports revealed most of the crashes involved pedestrians crossing at undesignated locations





Collision Diagram







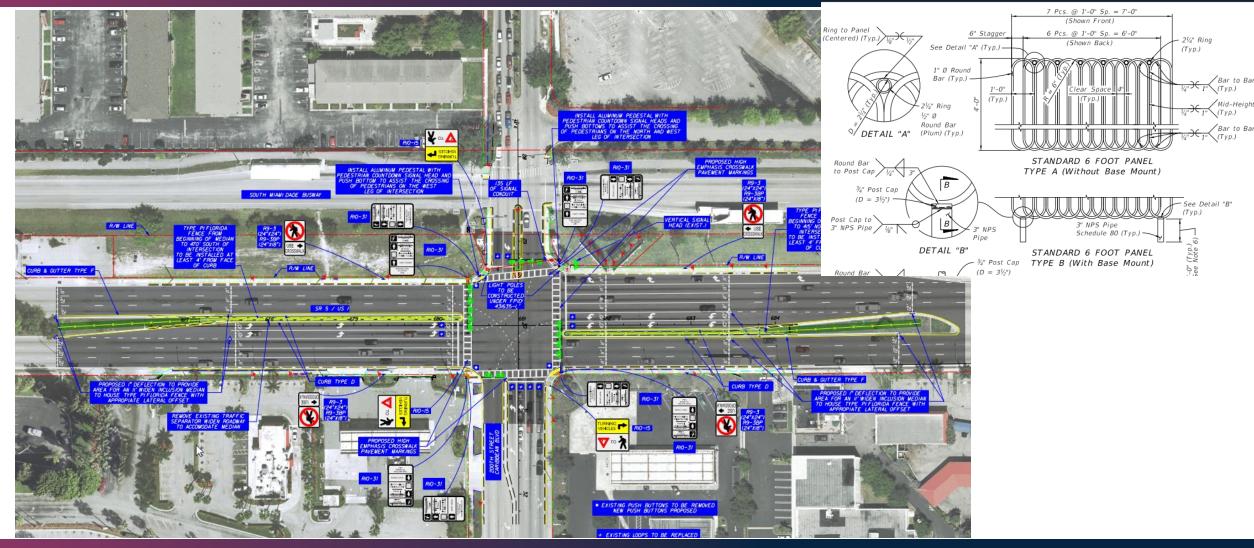
Proposed Improvements

- Provide new crosswalks on the north and west legs
- Install pedestrian push buttons on all legs
- Reduce the lane widths to 11 ft to widen median to accommodate a steel loop fence and landscaping
- Install roadway lighting
- Install signage directing pedestrians to use crosswalks





Proposed Improvements







Before

- 9 pedestrian crashes
- 1 bicycle crash
- 0 fatalities
- 10 injury crashes
- 70% reduction in crash frequency
- Severity increased
- Fatality involved pedestrian walking into the vehicle's path making a U turn
- Recommended to coordinate education

After

- 3 pedestrian crashes
- 0 bicycle crashes
- 1 fatality
- 2 injury crashes











SR A1A/ Collins Ave from Harbour Way to Bal Cross Drive

Study was initiated from a review of a bicycle fatality

Bicyclist was crossing at the crosswalk from east to west and was struck by a vehicle traveling northbound on the frontage road

Bal Cross Dr

Bal Harbour Blvd Southbound Frontage Rd

Southbound Midblock Crossing

Bridge connecting to Haulover Park

SR A1A/Collins Ave

Bal Harbour Blvd Northbound Frontage Rd

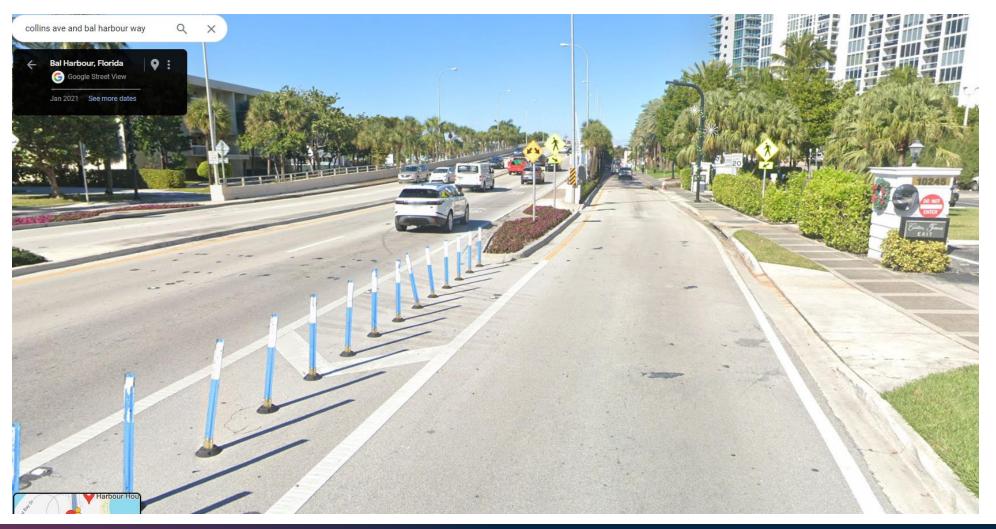
Northbound Midblock Crossing

Study Area



Harbour Way W Signal

SR A1A/ Collins Ave from Harbour Way to Bal Cross Drive







SR A1A/ Collins Ave from Harbour Way to Bal Cross Drive

- Collins Ave is a six-lane divided roadway. Posted speed is 30 mph
- Outside through lane becomes a frontage road.
- Frontage Road posted speed is 20 mph
- Context Class is C4 Urban General Mix
- Sharrows





Crash Analysis

- 7 bicycle crashes reported in 5 years
- 3 bicycle crashes occurred on northbound approach
- Bicycle fatality occurred on northbound approach

SR A1A/C	ollins Avenue Study		Numb	er of C	rashes			Mean	es %
	Segment			Year			5 Year Total	Crashes	
	oot with No Expected ues Available	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Crashes	Year	
CRASH TYPE	Rear End	4	4	5	4	5	22	4.40	44.0%
	Head On	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.0%
	Angle	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.20	2.0%
	Left Turn	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.20	2.0%
	Right Turn	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.20	2.0%
	Sideswipe	1	3	2	4	3	13	2.60	26.0%
	Backed Into	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.0%
	Pedestrian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.0%
	Bicycle	0	2	2	1	2	7	1.40	14.0%
	Fixed Object	0	1	1	1	2	5	1.00	10.0%
	Other Non-Collisions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.0%
	Overturn/Rollover	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.0%
	Others	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.0%
	Total Crashes	5	10	11	10	14	50	10.00	100.0%
SEVERITY	PDO Crashes	3	8	9	7	11	38	7.60	76.0%
	Fatal Crashes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.0%
	Injury Crashes	2	2	2	3	3	12	2.40	24.0%





Collision Diagram







Speed Study

 Study confirmed speeding along mainline on Collins Ave and along frontage roads

Pedestrians and Bicyclists Activity

- 214, 178, and 281 bicyclists crossed at the midblock crossing
- 90 senior pedestrians used the midblock crossing

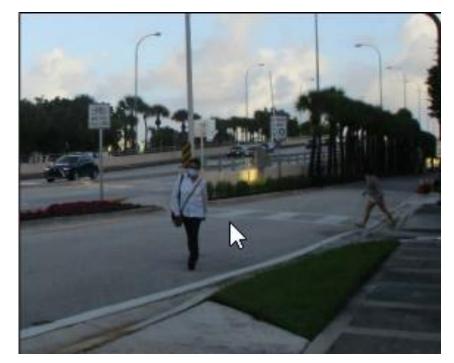




Field Reviews

 Motorist did not slow down or stopped for pedestrians at midblock crossings











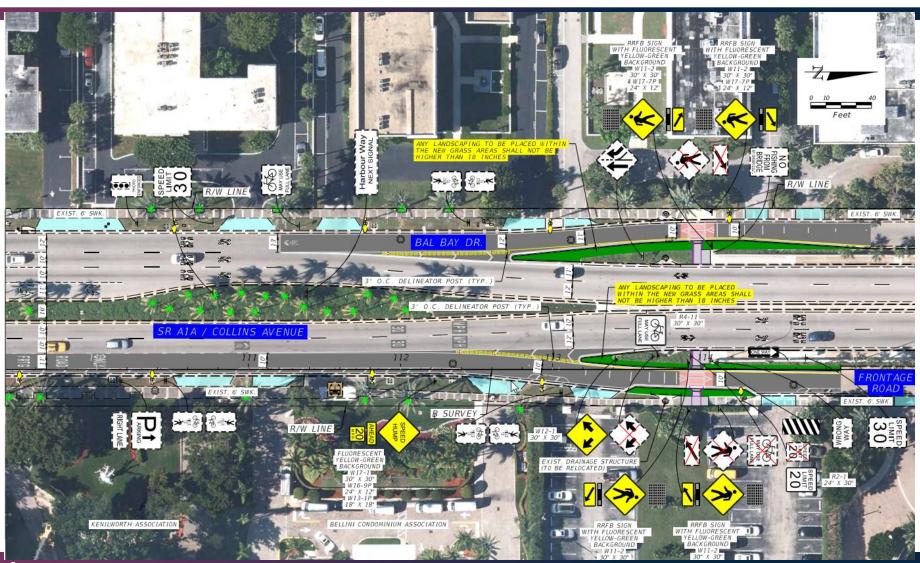
Proposed Improvements

- Reduce the lane widths for northbound and southbound frontage roads
- Extend gore area of the frontage road
- Install additional delineators in the gore area
- Provide a raised crosswalk controlled with a rectangular rapid flashing beacon (RRFB)
- Provide 20 mph and 30 mph pavement markings
- Provide transverse speed lines pavement markings across frontage roads approaching midblock crossings





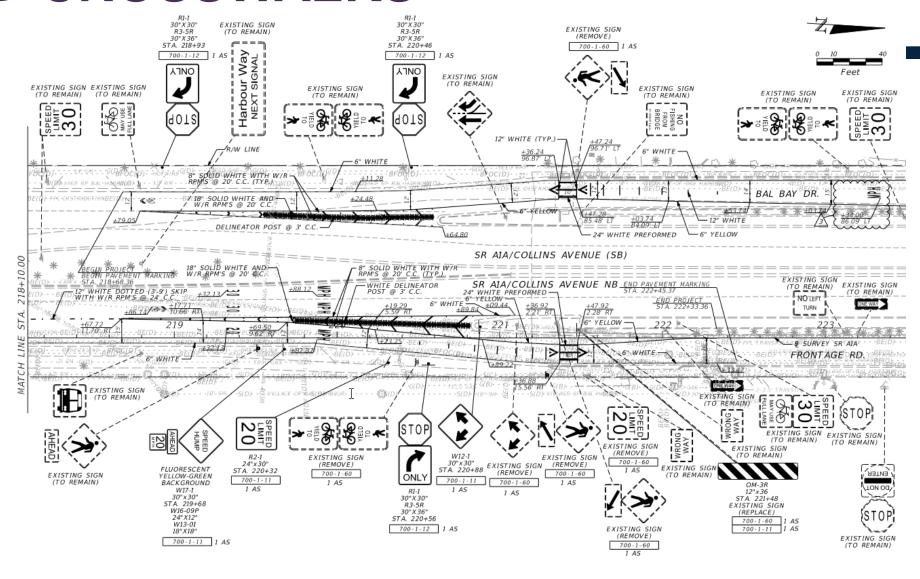
Proposed Improvements







Project Number 448906-1-52-01_ Plans

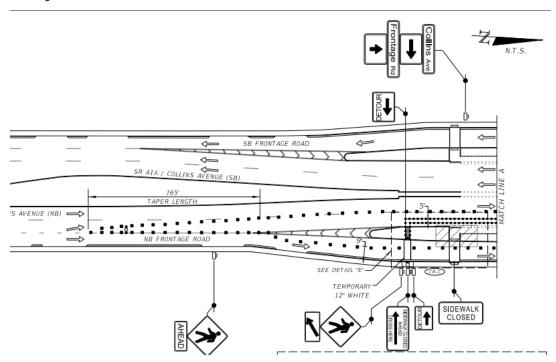




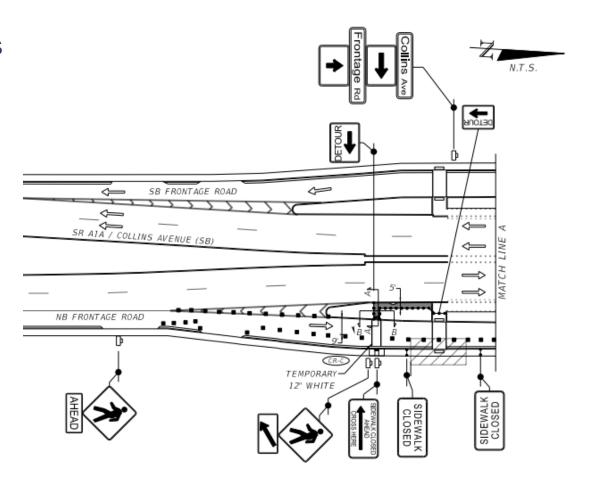


Challenges

• Project Number 448906-1-52-01_ MOT Plans



- Bus transit
- Emergency vehicles route







Thank You!

Safety Through Speed Management

Naziru Isaac, P.E.
District Roadway Design Engineer
FDOT District 5

Safety Through Speed Management

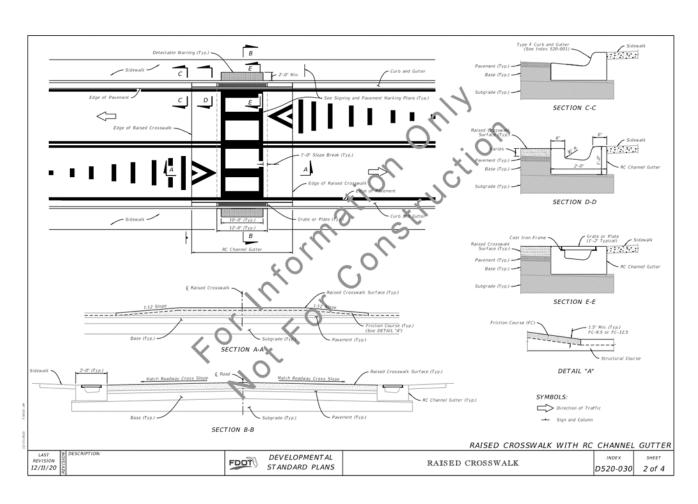
- FDM 202: Speed Management
 - Engagement Enclosure Deflection
 - 18 Strategies
 - Varying Levels of Implementation

- Project-Specific Justification
 - Design Speed
 - Corridor Context
 - Corridor Needs

Roundabouts On-Street Parking Chicanes Lane Narrowing Raised Crosswalks Speed Feedback Sign Pedestrian Refuge Islands Bulb-Outs
Chicanes Pedestrian Refuge Islands
Lane Narrowing Bulb-Outs
Horizontal Deflections RRFBs
Street Trees PHBs
Short Blocks Terminated Vistas
Speed Tables Islands in Curved Section

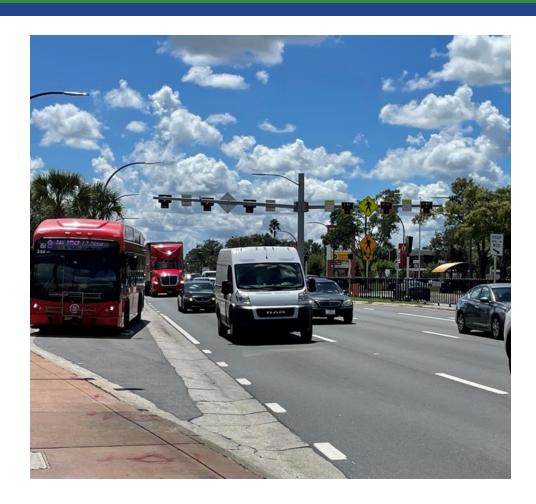
Raised Crosswalks

- Developmental Standard
- Very Low Speed
- Stand-alone or Supplemented Installations



Design Advantages and Challenges

- Challenges
 - Drainage
 - Design Vehicle (e.g. Freight, Transit)
 - Public Engagement and Support
 - Constructability
 - Future Maintenance



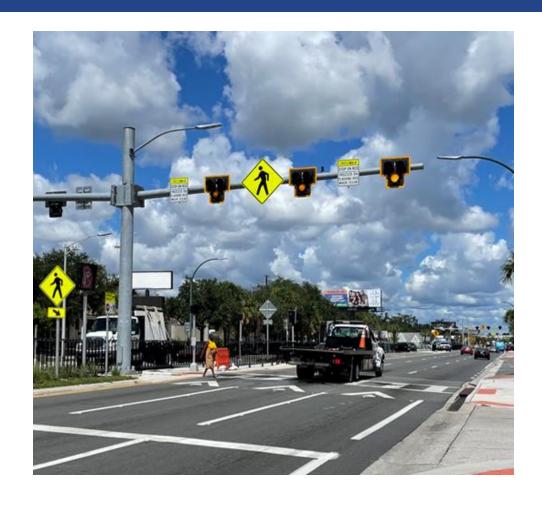
Design Advantages and Challenges

Challenges

- Drainage
- Design Vehicle (e.g. Freight, Transit)
- Public Engagement and Support
- Constructability
- Future Maintenance

Advantages

- Increased Pedestrian Mobility
- Enhanced Pedestrian Visibility
- Reduced Vehicle Speeds
- Increased Conspicuity to the Crosswalk

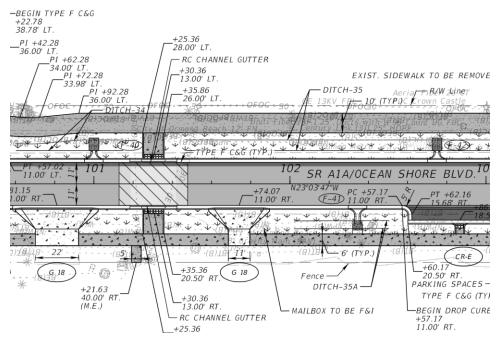


District 5 Implementation

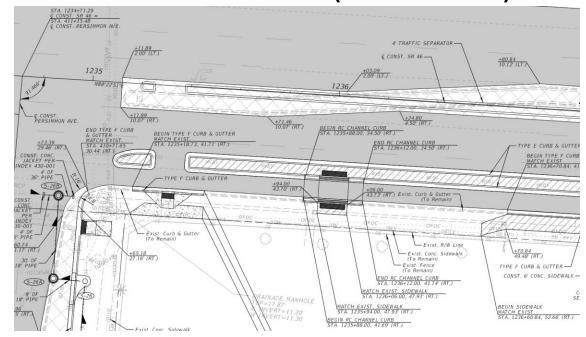
Raised Crosswalks by the Numbers

10 FDOT District 5 Projects

31 Raised Crosswalks



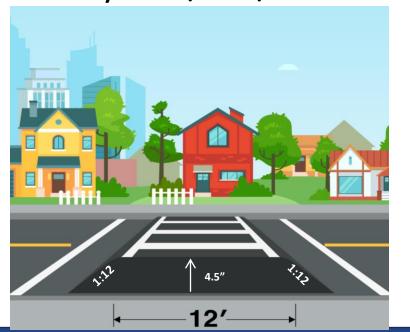
4 Raised Bike Lanes (B&A Areas)



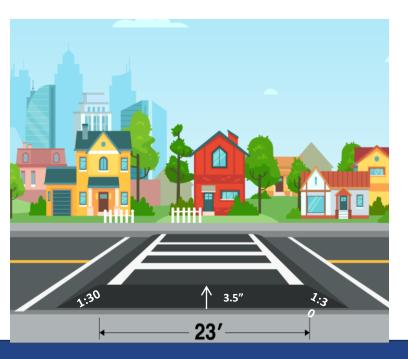


SR 500 / US 441 - Orlando

- C4 Context Class
- 6-lane Divided
- 30 mph Target Speed
- Heavy Bike/Ped/Transit Corridor







Raised Crosswalks

PHBs

Pedestrian Refuge Islands

Lane Narrowing

Speed Feedback Sign

In-Road Lighting

Pedestrian Channelization Barrier

SR 500 / US 441 - Orlando



Raised Crosswalks

PHBs

Pedestrian Refuge Islands

Lane Narrowing

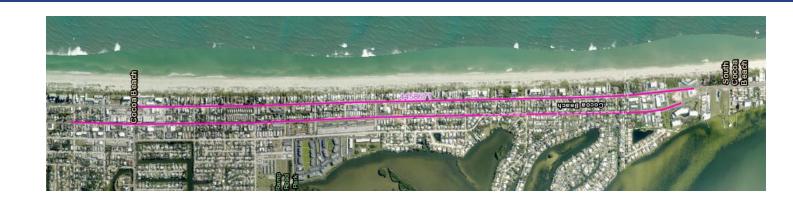
Speed Feedback Sign

In-Road Lighting

Pedestrian Channelization Barrier

SR A1A – Cocoa Beach

- C4 Context Class
- Bifurcated 4-lane
- 35 mph Target Speed







Raised Crosswalks

Lane Narrowing

In-Road Lighting

District 5 Lessons Learned

- TTCP Phasing
 - Initial Opening to Traffic
 - Operating Speeds
 - Signing and Marking Installations
 - Public Engagement Informing the Public
 - Pavement Drop-Offs



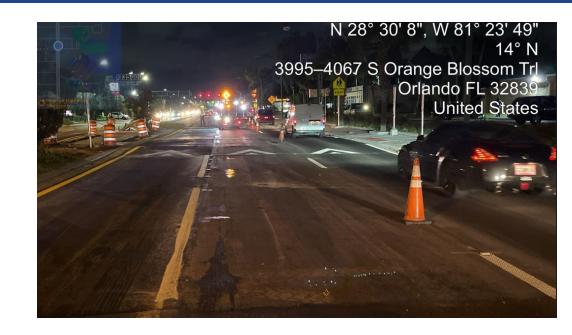
District 5 Lessons Learned

TTCP Phasing

- Initial Opening to Traffic
 - Operating Speeds
 - Signing and Marking Installations
 - Public Engagement Informing the Public
- Pavement Drop-Offs

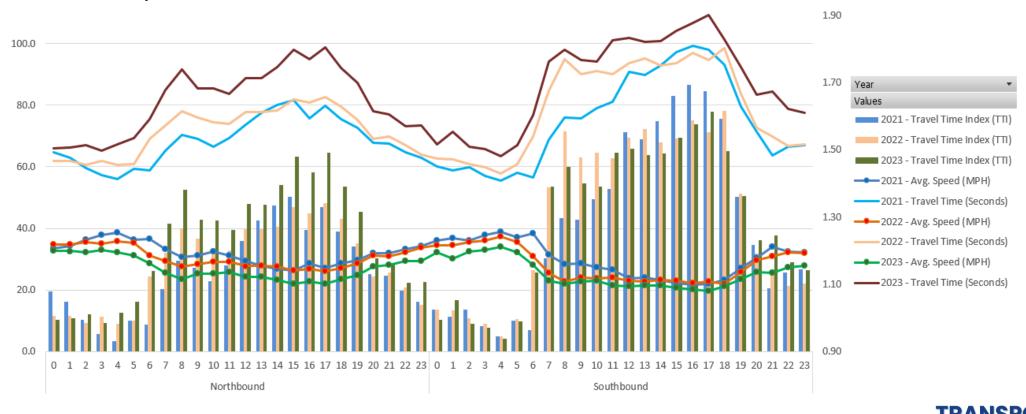


- Asphalt Paving Operations Hand Work
- RC Channel Gutter Grates Procurement & Securement
- Material Selection



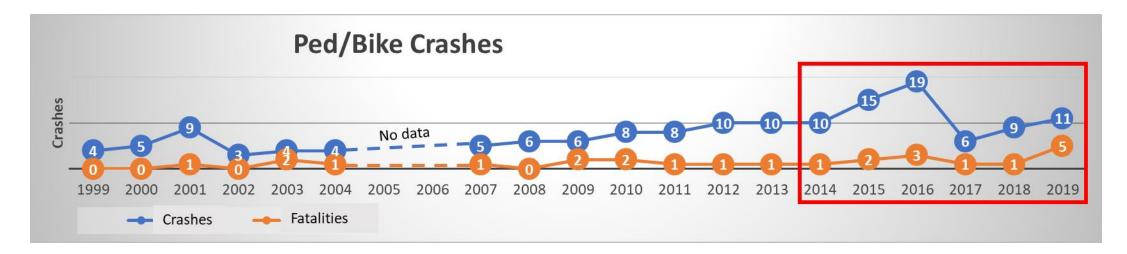
Results of Implementation

- SR 500 / US 441 Orlando
 - Corridor Speed Reductions



Results of Implementation

- SR 500 / US 441 Orlando
 - Corridor Speed Reductions
 - Post-Construction Crash Data Collection On-Going

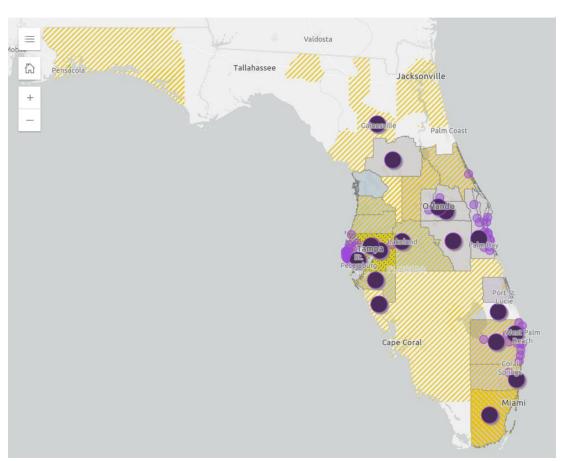


Orange Blossom Trail Drone Video



Together Toward ZERO







Top Counties for Lane Departure,
Intersection, Pedestrian and Bicyclist
Fatalities and Serious Injuries

Partner Agencies with 'Zero'
Resolutions and/or Action Plans

Partners Awarded with 'Safe Streets for All' Federal Grants





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