ORIGINATION FORM -

Proposed Revisions to a Standard Plans Index

(Please provide all information — Incomplete forms will be returned)

Contact Information:	Standard Plans:
Date: May 26, 2020	Index Number: 102-655
Originator: Derwood Sheppard	Sheet Number (s): 3
Phone: (850) 414-4334	Index Title: Traffic Pacing

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Summary of the changes:

Sheet 1: Deleted 'Traffic Pacing Guide' and 'Notice' narratives; Revised 'Traffic Pacing General Notes' and 'Traffic Control Plans or Technical Specification' Notes; Updated Symbols; Deleted 'One Week Prior to Pacing Operation' Message Detail; Revised and Consolidated Detailwith Sheet 3 Detail.

Sheet 2: Deleted Sheet.

Sheet 3: Deleted Sheet; Revised 'Traffic Pacing Distances' Table and Formula and Moved to Sheet 1; Consolidated Detail with Sheet 1.

Commentary / Background:

Other Affected Offices / Documents: (Provide name of person contacted)

Yes	No		
		Other Standard Plans –	
		FDOT Design Manual –	
		Basis of Estimates Manual –	
\checkmark		Standard Specifications – Daniel Strickland	
		Approved Product List –	
		Construction –	
		Maintenance –	
<u>Origi</u>	inatic	on Package Includes:	Implementation:
(Emai	l or ha	nd deliver package to Rick Jenkins)	🔲 Design Bulletin (II
Yes	N/A		DCE Memo
\checkmark		Redline Mark-ups	Program Mgmt.

Program Mgmt. Bulletin

FY-Standard Plans (Next Release)

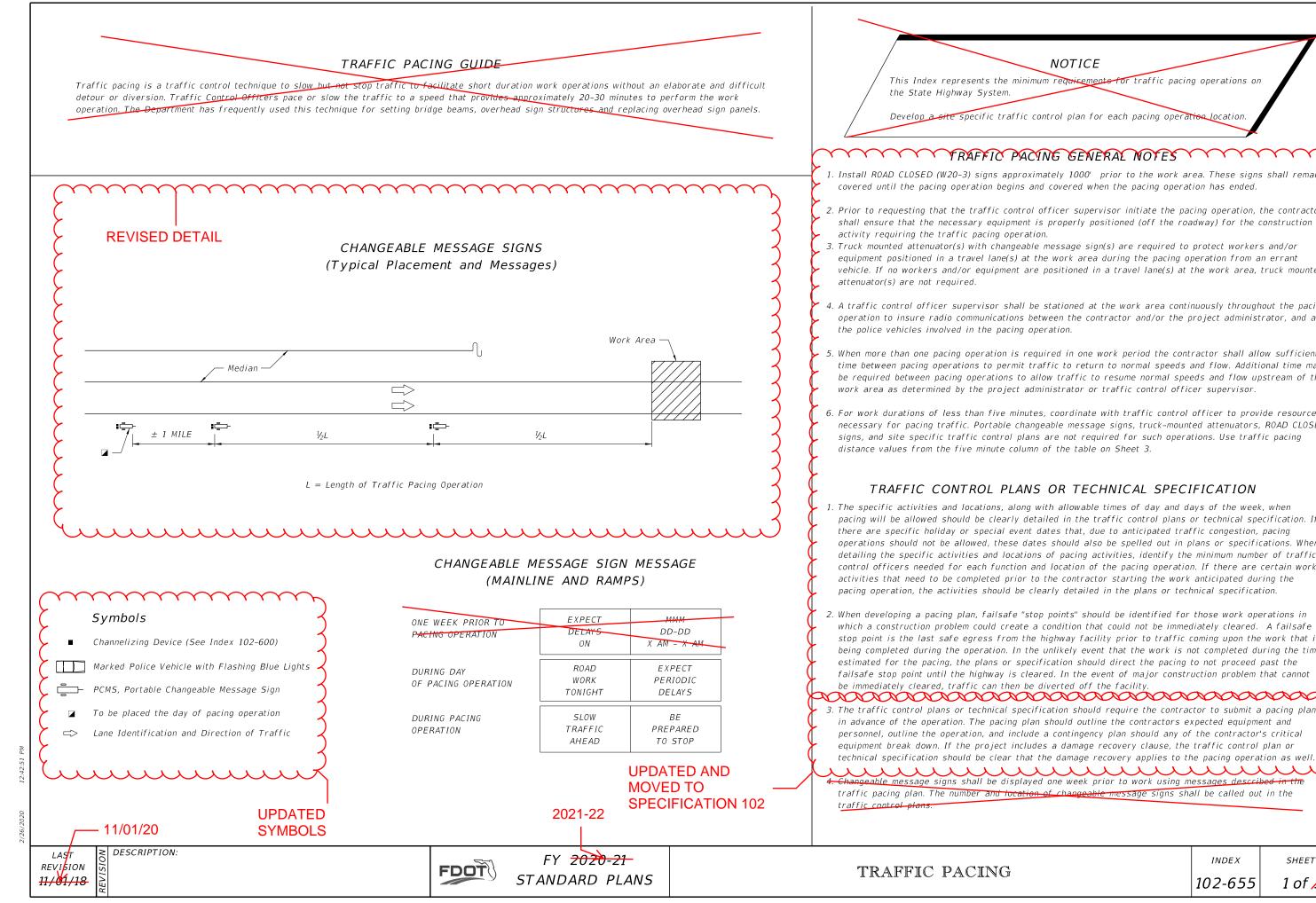
(Interim)

Proposed Standard Plan Instruction (SPI)

Revised SPI

Other Support Documents

Contact the Roadway Design Office for assistance in completing this form -



NOTES REVISED

NOTICE

This Index represents the minimum requirements for traffic pacing operations on

Develop a site specific traffic control plan for each pacing operation location.

Y Y Y Y RAFFIC PACING GENERAL NOTES Y Y Y Y Y Y Y

1. Install ROAD CLOSED (W20-3) signs approximately 1000' prior to the work area. These signs shall remain

2. Prior to requesting that the traffic control officer supervisor initiate the pacing operation, the contractor shall ensure that the necessary equipment is properly positioned (off the roadway) for the construction

3. Truck mounted attenuator(s) with changeable message sign(s) are required to protect workers and/or equipment positioned in a travel lane(s) at the work area during the pacing operation from an errant vehicle. If no workers and/or equipment are positioned in a travel lane(s) at the work area, truck mounted

4. A traffic control officer supervisor shall be stationed at the work area continuously throughout the pacing operation to insure radio communications between the contractor and/or the project administrator, and all

5. When more than one pacing operation is required in one work period the contractor shall allow sufficient time between pacing operations to permit traffic to return to normal speeds and flow. Additional time may be required between pacing operations to allow traffic to resume normal speeds and flow upstream of the

6. For work durations of less than five minutes, coordinate with traffic control officer to provide resources necessary for pacing traffic. Portable changeable message signs, truck-mounted attenuators, ROAD CLOSED signs, and site specific traffic control plans are not required for such operations. Use traffic pacing

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS OR TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

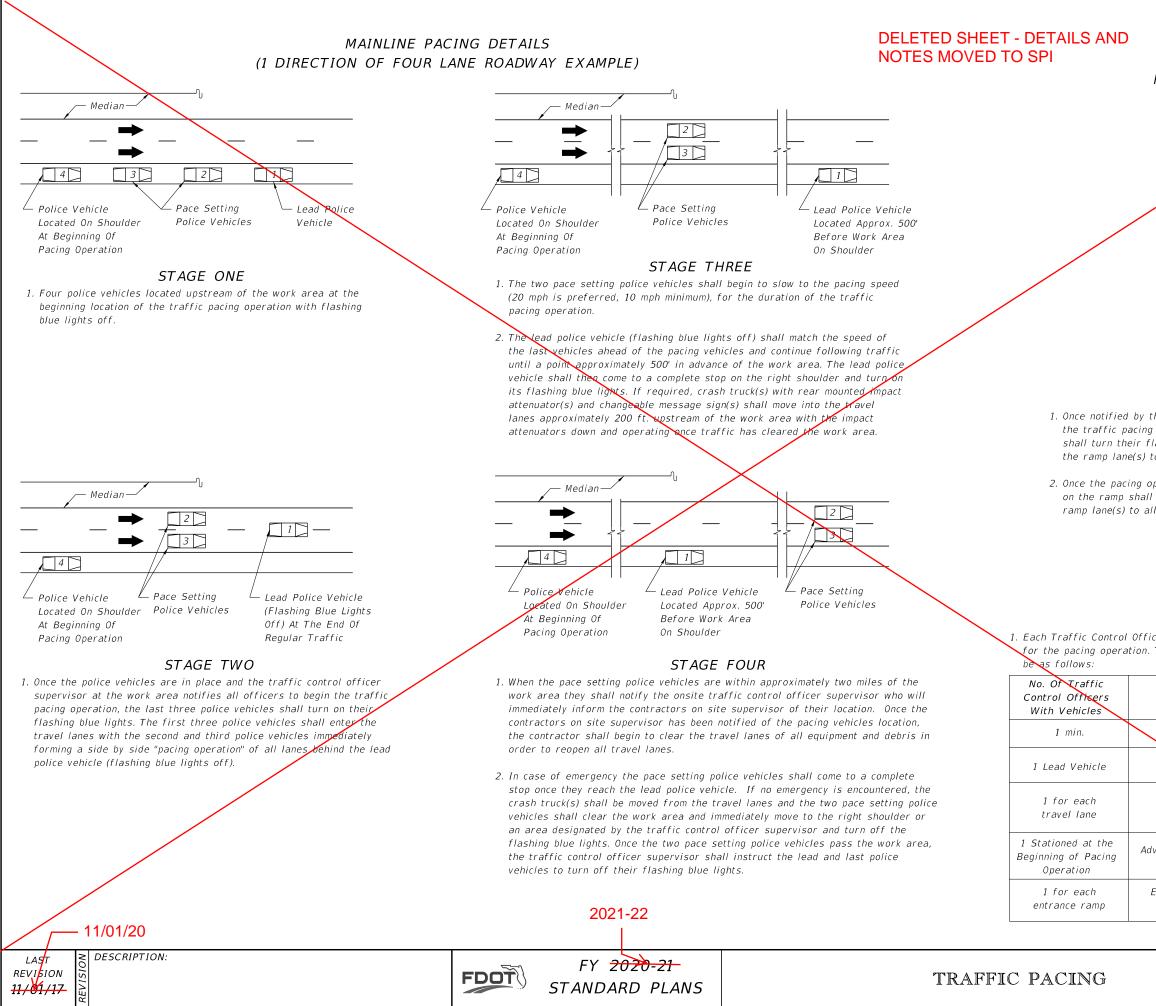
pacing will be allowed should be clearly detailed in the traffic control plans or technical specification. If there are specific holiday or special event dates that, due to anticipated traffic congestion, pacing operations should not be allowed, these dates should also be spelled out in plans or specifications. When detailing the specific activities and locations of pacing activities, identify the minimum number of traffic control officers needed for each function and location of the pacing operation. If there are certain work activities that need to be completed prior to the contractor starting the work anticipated during the pacing operation, the activities should be clearly detailed in the plans or technical specification.

2. When developing a pacing plan, failsafe "stop points" should be identified for those work operations in which a construction problem could create a condition that could not be immediately cleared. A failsafe stop point is the last safe egress from the highway facility prior to traffic coming upon the work that is being completed during the operation. In the unlikely event that the work is not completed during the time estimated for the pacing, the plans or specification should direct the pacing to not proceed past the failsafe stop point until the highway is cleared. In the event of major construction problem that cannot

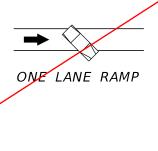
3. The traffic control plans or technical specification should require the contractor to submit a pacing plan in advance of the operation. The pacing plan should outline the contractors expected equipment and personnel, outline the operation, and include a contingency plan should any of the contractor's critical equipment break down. If the project includes a damage recovery clause, the traffic control plan or technical specification should be clear that the damage recovery applies to the pacing operation as well.

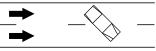
traffic pacing plan. The number and location of changeable message signs shall be called out in the

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RAMP PACING DETAILS





TWO LANE RAMP

RAMP CLOSURE DETAIL

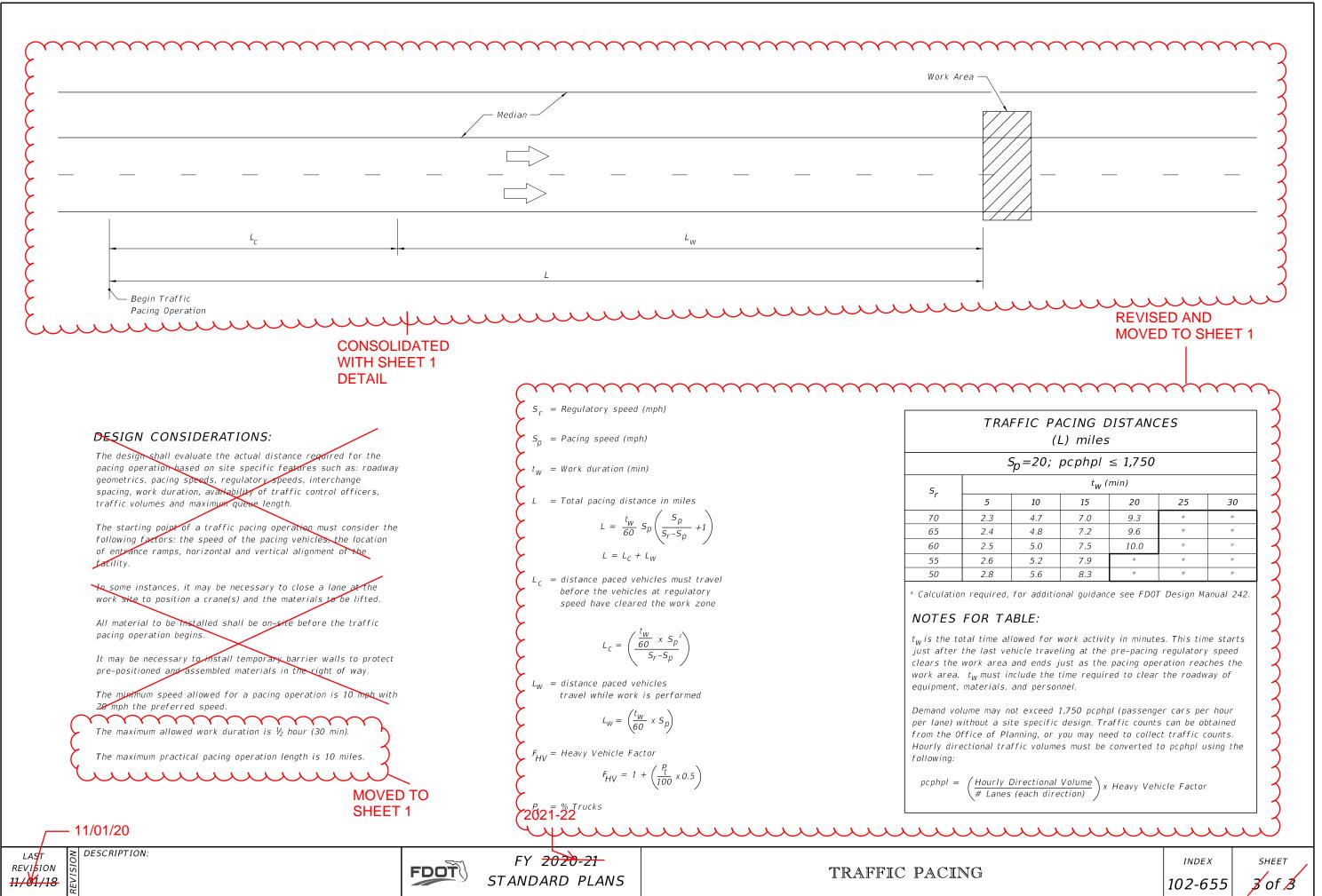
1. Once notified by the on site traffic control officer supervisor to begin the traffic pacing operation each police vehicle at the indicated ramp shall turn their flashing blue lights on and position the vehicle across the ramp lane(s) to close ramp access.

2. Once the pacing operation passes the closed on ramp the police vehicle on the ramp shall turn off the flashing blue lights and move from the ramp lane(s) to allow traffic to enter the mainline pacing operation.

GENERAL NOTES

Each Traffic Control Officer shall have a marked vehicle with flashing blue lights, for the pacing operation. The location and number of officers at each location will

Function	Location		
Supervisor	Work Area		
Varies	Mobile operation		
Pacing Operation	Mobile operation beginning x miles Upstream and terminating at the work area		
Advanced Warning to Motorist	Stationed at the Beginning of Pacing Operation		
Entrance Ramp Roadblocks	One at each of the entrance ramps upstream of the work area		
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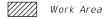




TYPICAL PCMS DISPLAY:

- During day of pacing operation: Message 1: ROAD WORK TONIGHT Message 2: EXPECT PERIODIC DELAYS
- During pacing operation: Message 1: SLOW TRAFFIC AHEAD Message 2: BE PREPARED TO STOP
- One week prior to pacing operation (Optional): Message 1: EXPECT DELAYS ON Message 2: (Month Day Time)

SYMBOLS:



- └──> Lane Identification and Direction of Traffic
- **_**__ Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
- Jor Traffic Control Officer

NOTES:

1. P = Traffic Pacing LengthFor "P" value, see Traffic Pacing Length table or calculate using Formulas.

- 2. See the Plans for traffic pacing restrictions.
- 3. Do not exceed work duration of 30 minutes or traffic pacing length of 10 miles.
- 4. Coordinate with the traffic control officer supervisor to provide the correct number of traffic control officers for each traffic pacing operation. Ensure traffic control officers are located at roadway access points in accordance with the pacing plan.
- 5. Ensure that the necessary equipment is properly positioned for the work before requesting that the traffic control officer supervisor initiate the traffic pacing operation,
- 6. If workers or equipment are within the traveled way during the traffic pacing operation, use a truck- or trailer-mounted attenuator with portable changeable message sign to protect the work.
- 7. For work durations of less than five minutes (e.g, moving large vehicles across the roadway), portable changeable message signs and truck-mounted attenuators are not required. Use traffic pacing length values from the five minute column of the table.
- 8. Where feasible, do not pace traffic past the last available existing egress until the work has been completed.
- 9. When more than one traffic pacing operation is required in a calendar day, allow sufficient time between pacing operations to permit traffic to return to normal speed and flow.
- 10. Maintain communications with all police vehicles throughout the traffic pacing.

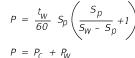
FY 2021-22

STANDARD PLANS

TRAFFIC PACING LENGTH "P"						
Pacing Speed = 20 mph						
Work Zone	Work Duration (minutes)					
Speed (mph)	5	10	15	20	25	30
70	2.3	4.7	7.0	9.3	-	-
65	2.4	4.8	7.2	9.6	-	-
60	2.5	5.0	7.5	10.0	-	-
55	2.6	5.2	7.9	-	-	-
50	2.8	5.6	8.3	-	-	-
Notes: (1) All lengths in the above table are in miles. (2) For work durations with no values shown above, calculate length using a reduced pacing speed, but not less than 10 mph.						

FORMULAS:

- $S_w = Work Zone Speed (mph)$
- $S_p = Pacing Speed (mph)$
- t_w = Work Duration (minutes)
- P = Traffic Pacing Length (miles)







 $P_c =$ distance paced vehicles must travel before the vehicles at regulatory speed have cleared the work zone

$$P_{C} = \left(\frac{\frac{t_{W}}{60} \times S_{p}^{2}}{S_{W} - S_{p}}\right)$$

 P_{W} = distance paced vehicles travel while work is performed

$$P_W = \left(\frac{t_W}{60} \times S_p\right)$$

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