

#### NOTES:

- 1. A bypass switch shall be installed to override each timing interval in case of a malfunction.
- 2. "STOP HERE ON RED" is omitted in Type I operation and "TRAFFIC SIGNALS" are omitted in Type II operation.
- 3. The time between beginning of flashing yellow on "Drawbridge Ahead" sign and the clearance of traffic signal to red, or beginning of flashing red should not be less than the travel time of a passenger car, from the sign location to the stop line, traveling at the 85 percentile approach speed.
- 4. Beginning of operation of drawbridge gates shall not be less than 15 seconds after steady red or 20 seconds after flashing red (Actual time may be determined by the bridge tender.)
- 5. Time of gate lowering and raising is dependent upon gate type.
- 6. Time of bridge opening is determined by the bridge tender.
- 7. Each gate shall be operated by a separate switch.
- 8. On each approach (Type II ), all four red signals shall be on the same two circuit flashers, with the two top signals on one circuit, and the two bottom signals on the alternately flashing
- 9. A Drawbridge Ahead sign is required for both types of signal operation, However a flashing beacon shall be added to the sign when physical conditions prevent a driver traveling at the 85% approach speed from having continuous view of at least one signal indication for approximately 10 seconds.
- 10. Requirements on gate installation are contained in the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Section 4J.
- 11. "In accordance with Traffic Engineering Manual (Topic Number 750-000-005) Section 2.1, SLIPPERY WHEN WET SIGNS shall be placed in advance of all MOVABLE and NONMOVABLE STEEL DECK BRIDGES."

#### LEGEND:

① TRAFFIC SIGNALS Mast Arm Mounted (Off Bridge)

② DRAWBRIDGE SIGN . Monotube Support Mounted (On Bridge)

3 DRAWBRIDGE AHEAD SIGN WITH YELLOW FLASHING BEACON

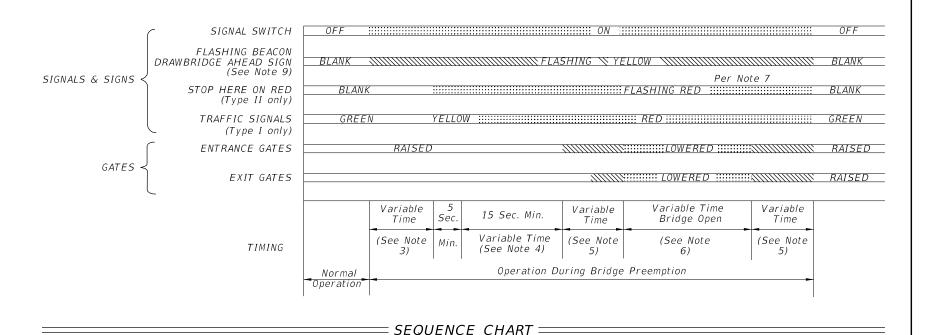
Ground Mounted 4 STOP HERE ON RED SIGN WITH RED FLASHING BEACONS

⑤ ENTRANCE GATE

6 EXIT GATE

② 24" THERMOPLASTIC STOP BAR DESCRIPTION:





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STANDARD PLANS

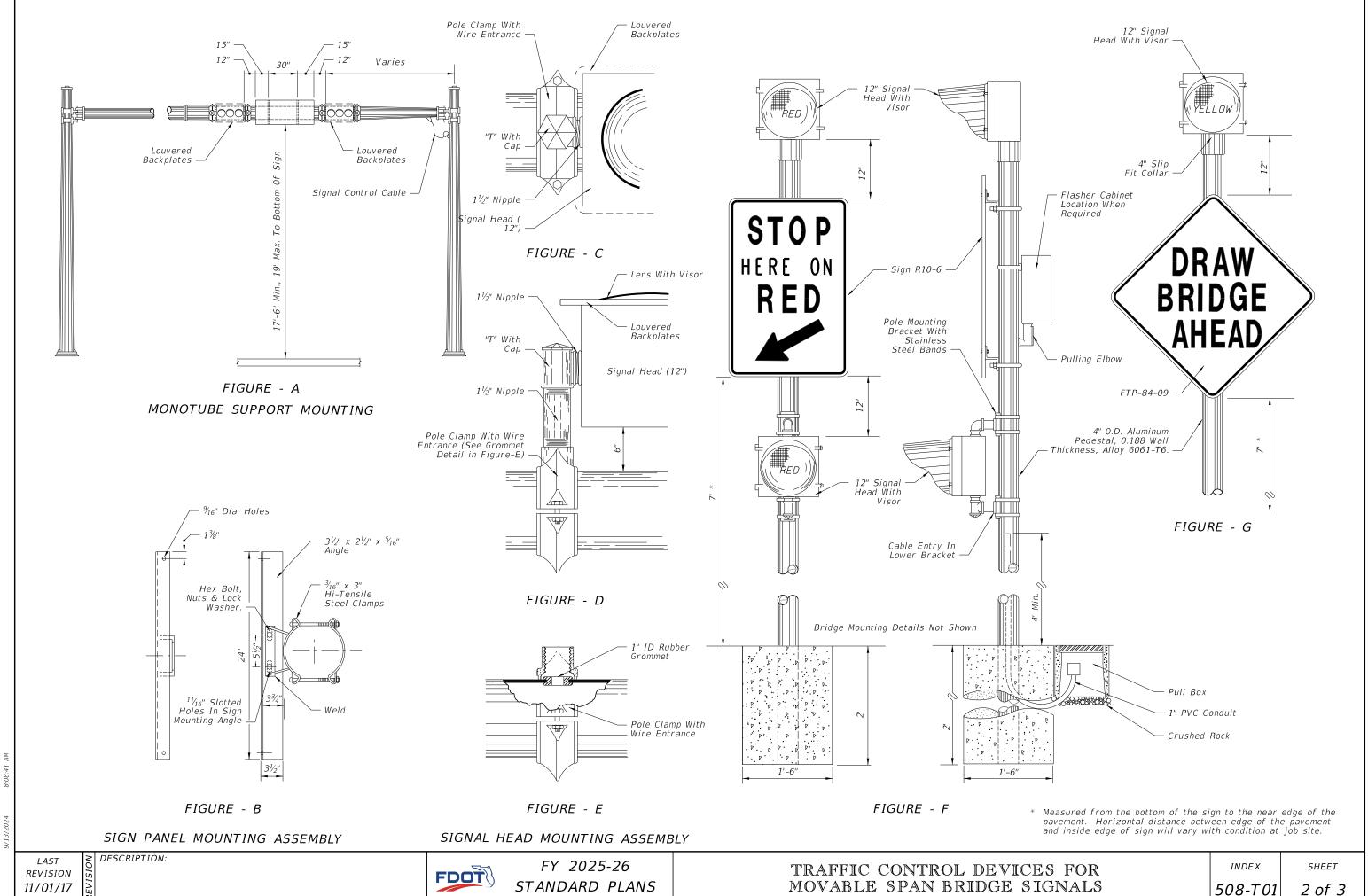
TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR MOVABLE SPAN BRIDGE SIGNALS INDEX

SLIPPERY WHEN WET SIGN

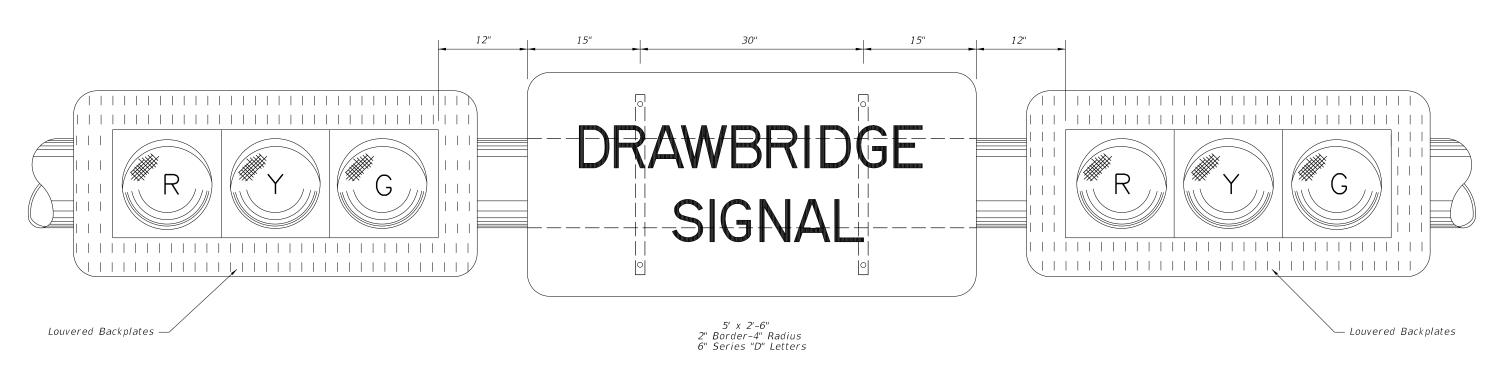
See Note 11

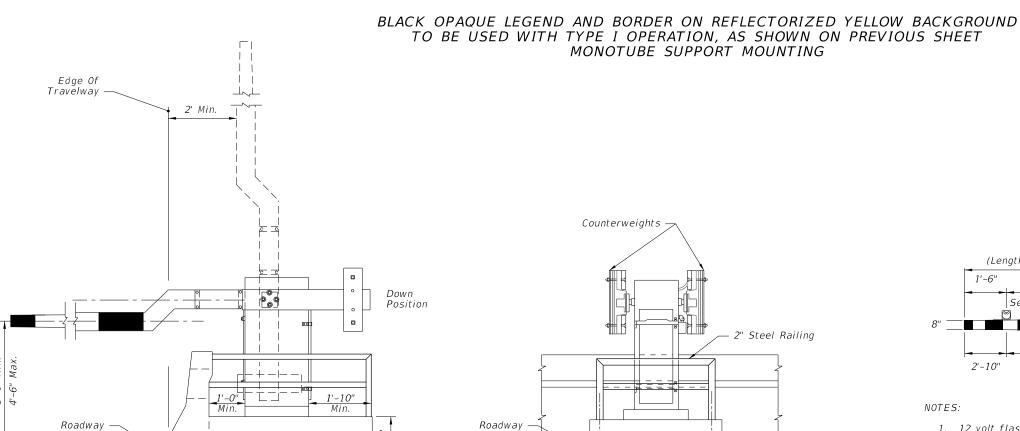
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MOVABLE SPAN BRIDGE SIGNALS





Class I Or II
(Length Shall Be Shown On Plan Sheets)

1'-6"
Center
5'-6"
RR & Drawbridge
Arms 18' to 20'

Center Line Mast

2'-10"
Center
6'-0"
RR & Drawbridge
Arms 32' And Over

- 12 volt flashing red lights shall be mounted on gate arm and shall operate in the flashing mode only when gate arm is in the lower position or in the process of being lowered. The number of lights shall vary accordingly to length of the gate arm.
- 2. Alternating 16" pattern of fully reflectorized red and white stripes.

GATE & ARM DETAIL

TYPICAL LAMP PLACEMENT

LAST REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

5'-0" Min.

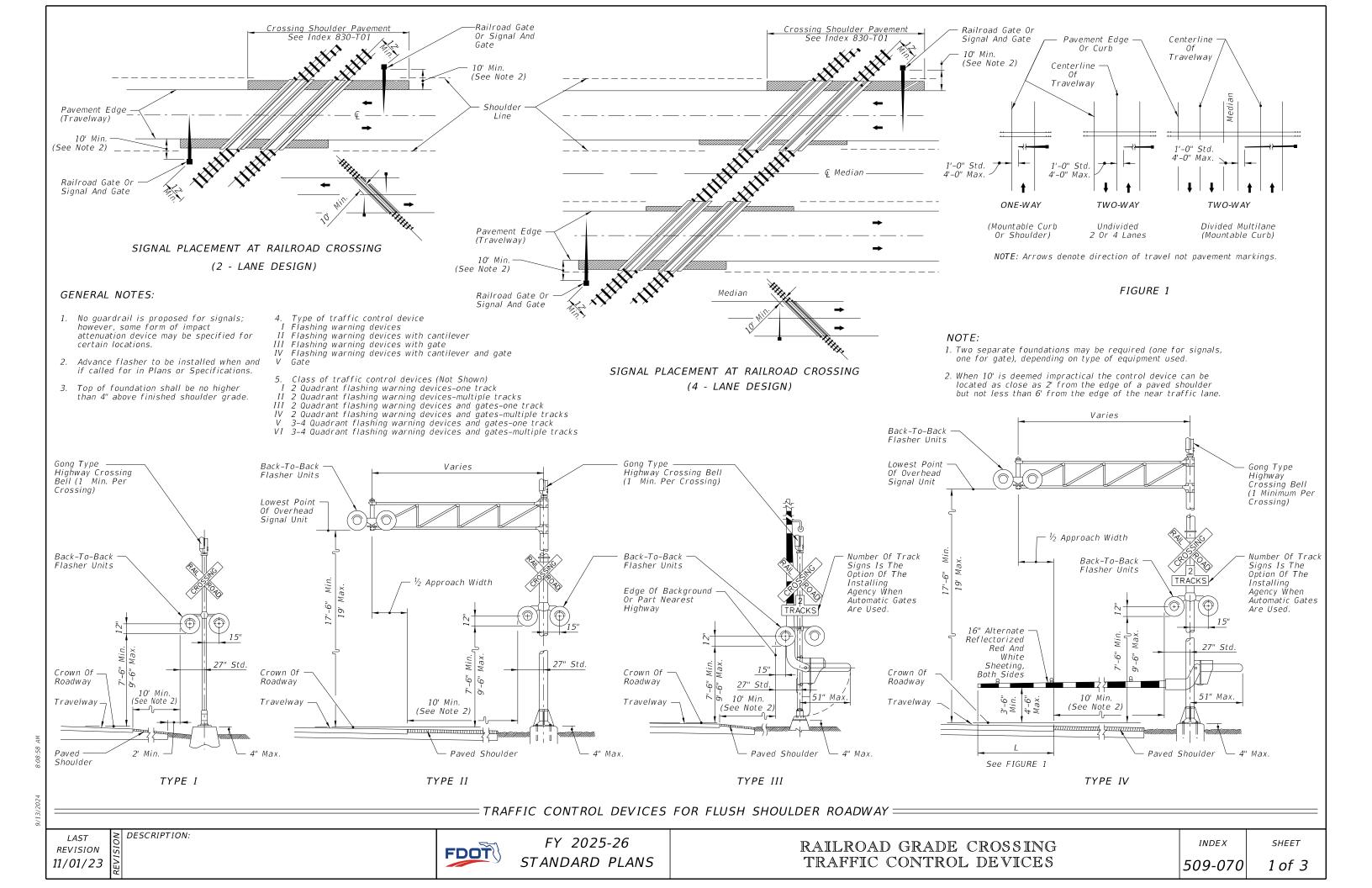
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR MOVABLE SPAN BRIDGE SIGNALS

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## Railroad Gate Or Signal And Gate Railroad Gate Or Signal And Gate Sidewalk ACUTE ANGLE (AND RIGHT ANGLE)

SIGNAL PLACEMENT AT RAILROAD CROSSING (2 LANES, CURB & GUTTER)

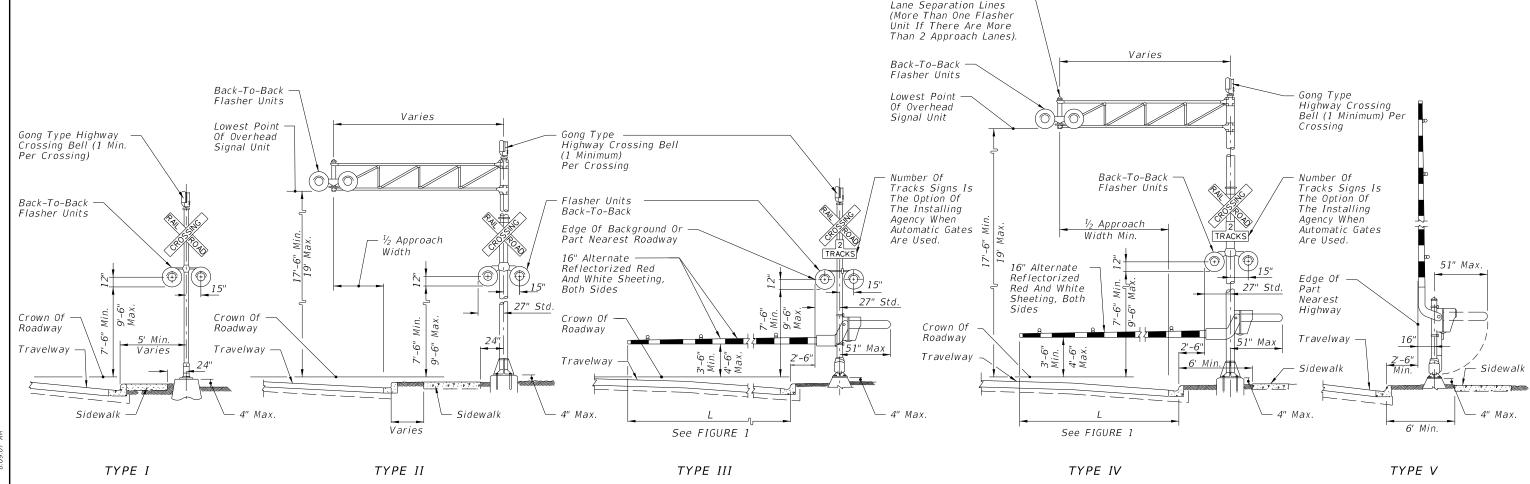
# Railroad Gate Or Signal And Gate Sidewalk Railroad Gate Or Signal And Gate OBTUSE ANGLE

SIGNAL PLACEMENT AT RAILROAD CROSSING (2 LANES, CURB & GUTTER)

As A Minimum, Position One Flasher Unit Over

#### NOTES:

- 1. The location of flashing warning devices and stop lines shall be established based on future (or present) installation of gate with appropriate track clearances.
- Where plans call for railroad traffic control devices to be installed in curbed medians, the minimum median width shall be
- 3. Location of railroad traffic control device is based on the distance available between face of curb & sidewalk. O' to 6' -Locate device outside sidewalk. Over 6' - Locate device between face of curb and sidewalk.
- 4. Stop line to be perpendicular to edge of roadway, approx. 15' from nearest rail; or 8' from and parallel to gate when present.
- When a cantilevered-arm flashing warning device is used, the minimum vertical clearance shall be 17'-6" from above the Crown of Roadway to the Lowest Point of the Overhead Signal Unit.



=TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR CURBED ROADWAY=

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

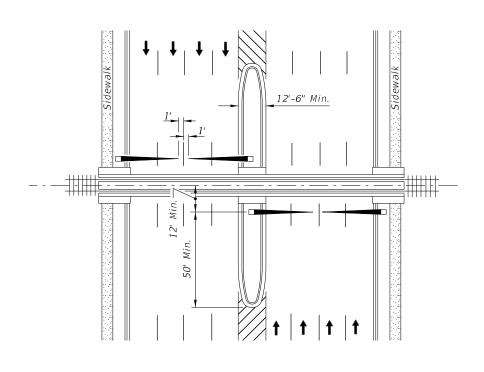
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

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SHEET 2 of 3

509-070



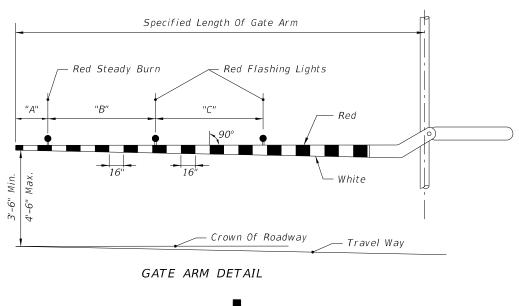
RAILROAD GATE ARM LIGHT SPACING				
Specified Length Of Gate Arm	Dimension "A"	Dimension "B"	Dimension "C"	
14 Ft.	6"	36"	5'	
15 Ft.	18"	36"	5'	
16-17 Ft.	24"	36"	5'	
18-19 Ft.	28"	41"	5'	
20-23 Ft.	28"	4'	5'	
24-28 Ft.	28"	5'	5'	
29-31 Ft.	36"	6'	6'	
32-34 Ft.	36"	7'	7'	
35-37 Ft.	36"	9'	9'	
38 And Over	36"	10'	10'	

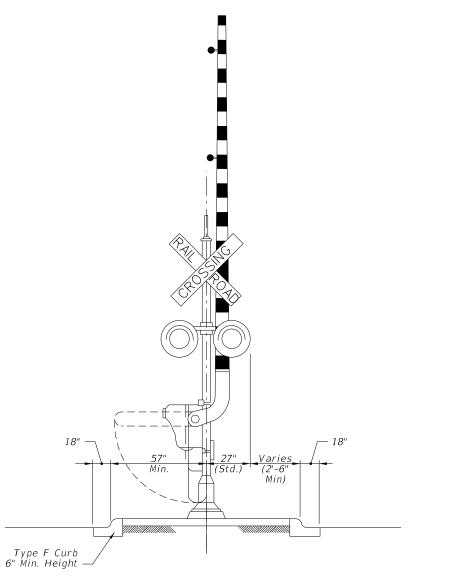
PLAN

#### NOTE:

DESCRIPTION:

For additional information see the "Manual On Uniform Traffic Control Devices", Part 8; The "Traffic Control Handbook" , Part VIII; and AASHTO "A Policy On Geometric Design Of Streets And Highways".





MEDIAN SECTION AT SIGNAL GATES

RELATIVE LOCATION OF CROSSING TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

6" White —

= MEDIAN SIGNAL GATES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED URBAN SECTIONS ==(Three or More Driving Lanes in one Direction, 45 mph or less)

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RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

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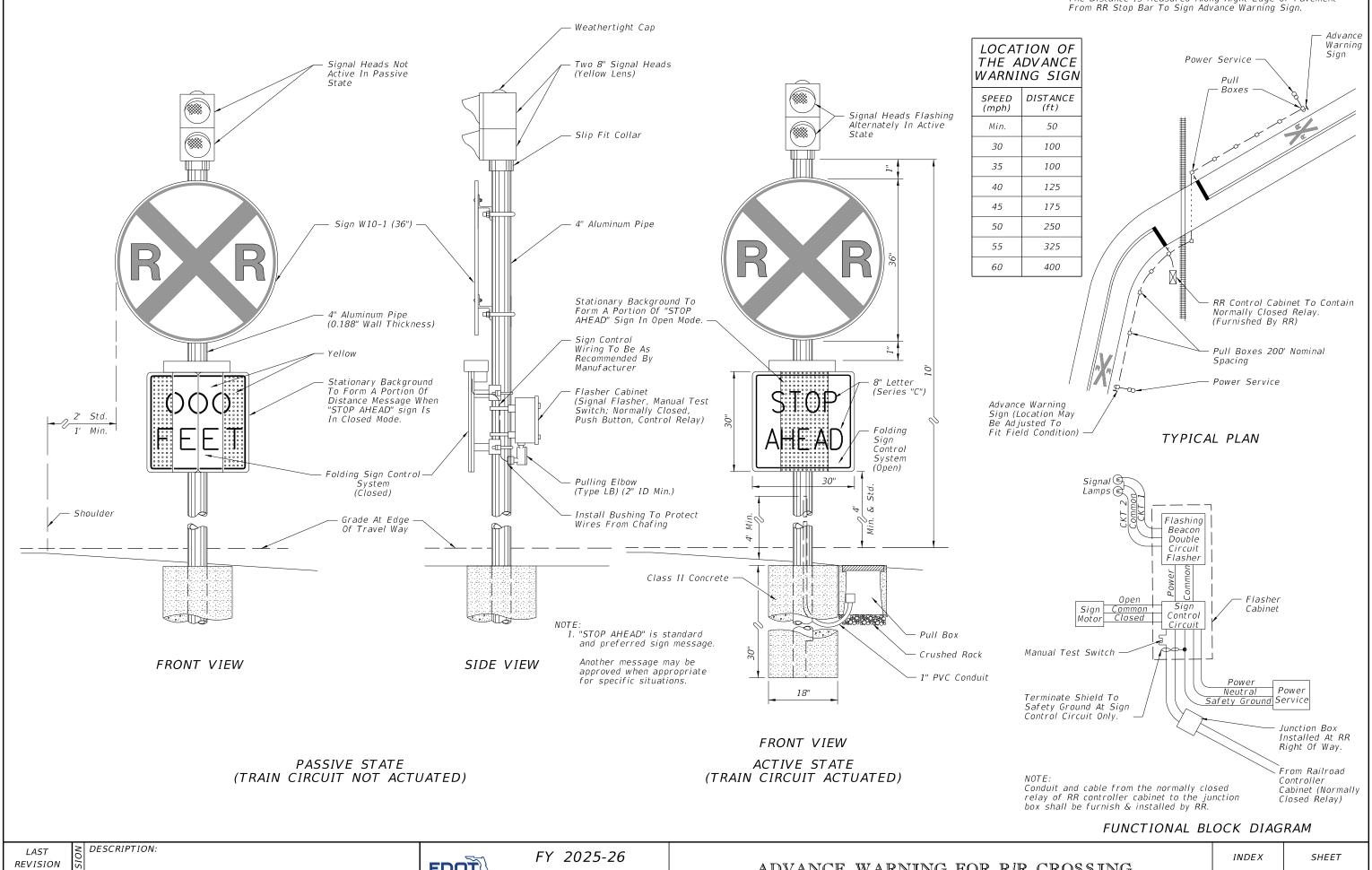
Gate or Flashing Signal With Gates

Flashing Signal (If Not with Gate)

As Required

Edge of Traveled Way

SHEET



11/01/21

FDOT

STANDARD PLANS



### 3D VIEW OF RAILING WITH TYPE 1 - PICKET INFILL PANEL (42" Height shown, 48" Height Similar)

TABLE 1 - RAILING MEMBERS				
MEMBER	DESIGNATION	OUTSIDE DIMENSION	WALL THICKNESS	
Post "A"	HSS 2½ x 1½ x½	2.50" x 1.50"	0.125"	
Post "B"	HSS 2½ x 1½ x¾ <sub>6</sub>	2.50" x 1.50"	0.188"	
Tan Bail	2½" NPS (Sch. 10)	2.875"	0.120"	
Top Rail	HSS 3.000 x 0.120	3.000"	0.120"	
End Hoops	2½" NPS (Sch. 10)	2.875"	0.120"	
	HSS 3.000 x 0.120	3.000"	0.120"	
Top Rail Joint/Splice Sleeves	HSS 2.500 x 0.125	2.500"	0.125"	
Intermediate & Bottom Rail	HSS 2 x 2 x 3/16	2.00" x 2.00"	0.188" <sup>(1)</sup>	
Int. & Bottom Rail Post Connection Sleeve	HSS 1.500 x 0.125	1.500"	0.125" <sup>(1)</sup>	
Handrail Joint/Chlise Classes	1" NPS (Sch. 40)	1.315"	0.133"	
Handrail Joint/Splice Sleeves	HSS 1.500 x 0.125	1.500"	0.125"	
Handrails	1½" NPS (Sch. 40)	1.900"	0.145"	
Handrail Support Bar	¾" Ø Round Bar	0.750"	N/A	
Pickets (Type 1 Infill Panel)	¾" Ø Round Bar	0.750"	N/A	
Infill Panel Members (Types 2 - 5)	Varies (See Details)	Varies	Varies	

#### TABLE 1 NOTES:

(1) 0.125" wall thickness permitted for rails with post spacings less than 5'-8", except that Post Connection Sleeve must be 1\frac{1}{4}" NPS (Sch. 40).

#### NOTES =

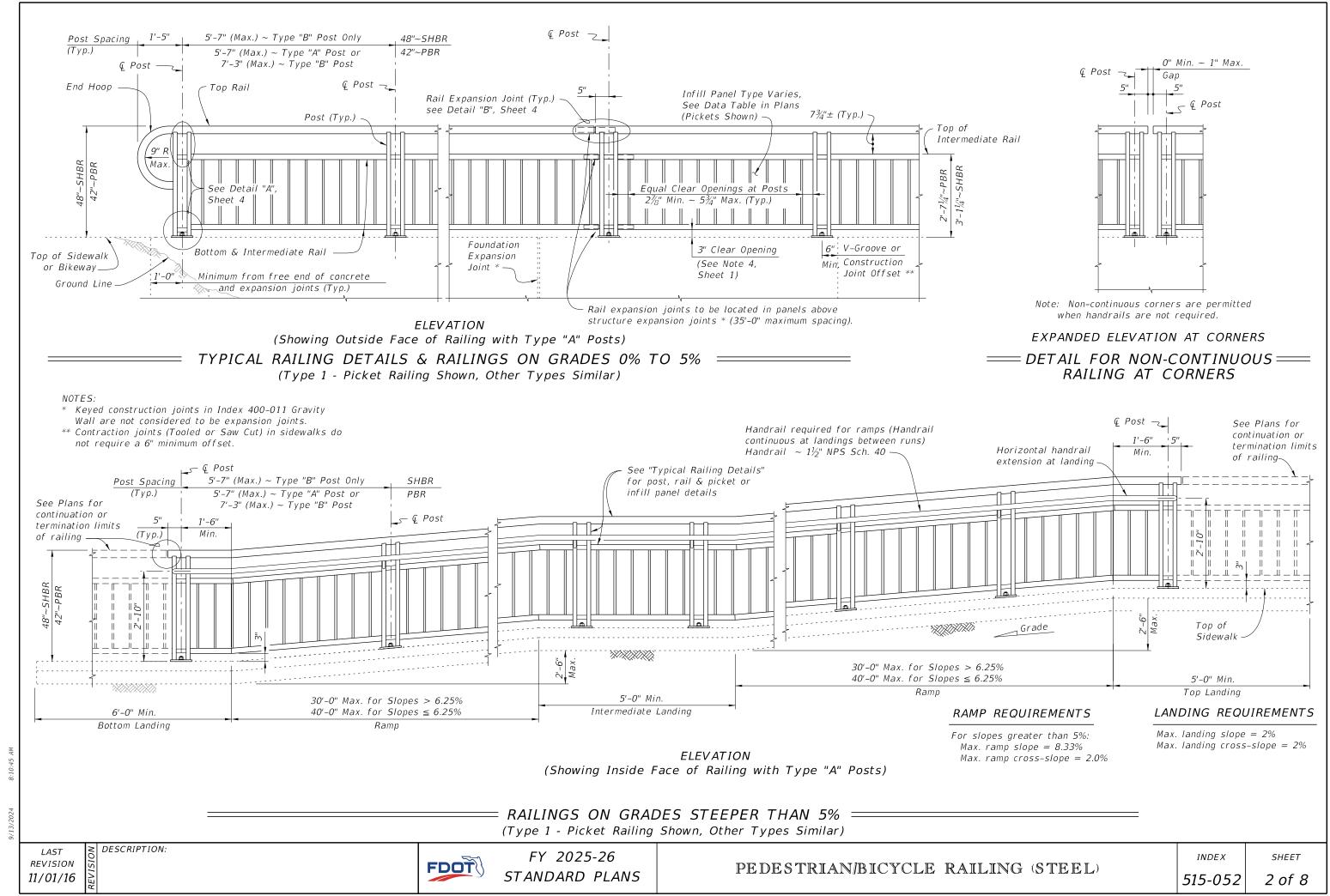
#### Notes:

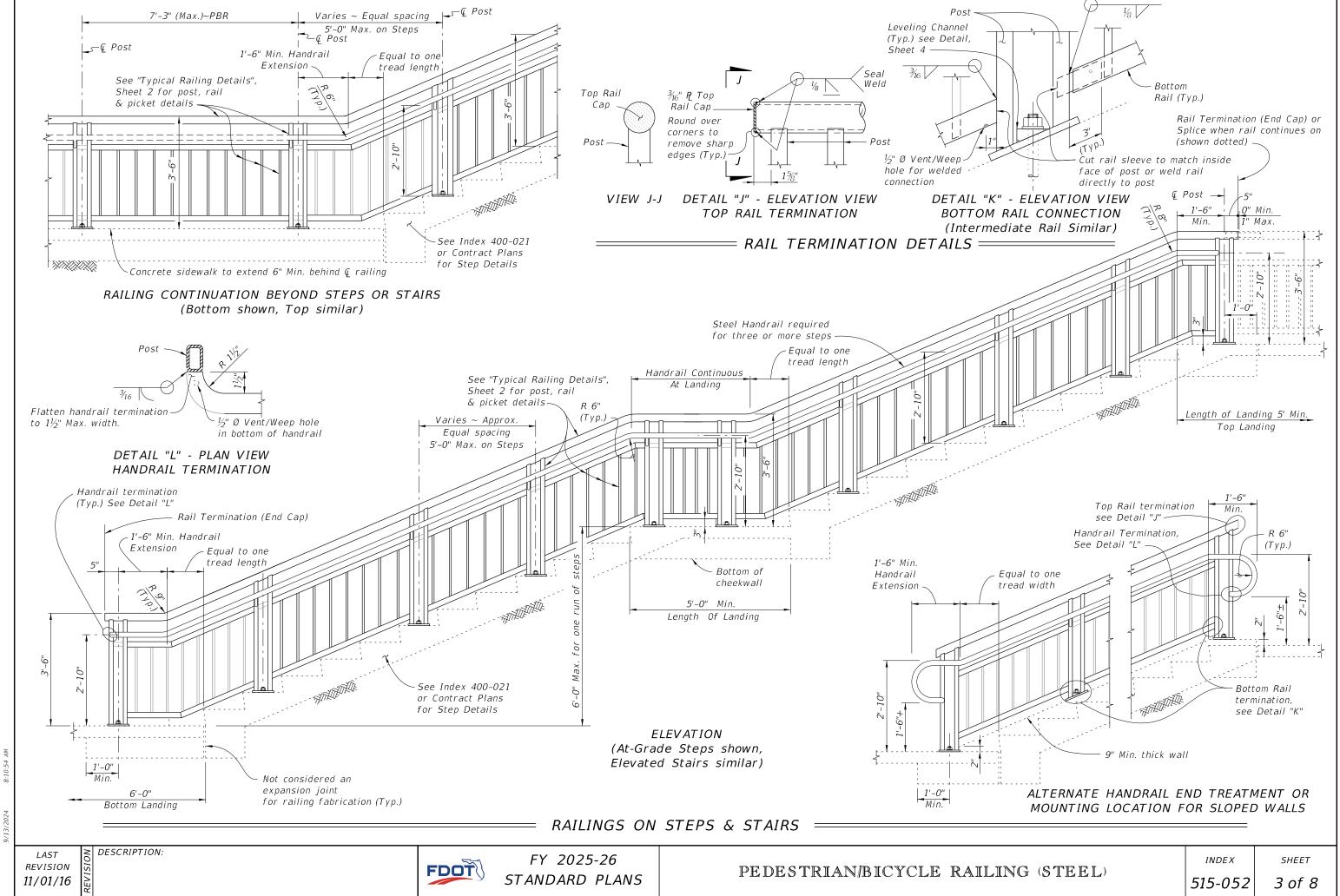
- 1. Shop Drawings are required; see Specification Section 515
- 2. For bridge mounted railings work this Index with Index 515-051 Bridge Bicycle/Pedestrian Railing
- 3. Materials:
  - A. Pipe Rails and Pickets: ASTM A500 Grade B, C or D, or ASTM A53 Grade B for standard weight pipe (Schedule 40) and ASTM A36 for bars.
  - B. Structural Tube: ASTM A500 Grade A, B, C, or D or ASTM A501
  - C. Steel Plate: ASTM A36 or ASTM A709 Grade 36
  - D. U-Channels and filler plates: ASTM A36 or ASTM A1011 (Grade 36).
  - E. Stainless steel (SS) screws: Type 316 or 18-8 Alloy
  - F. Galvanized Steel Fasteners: coated in accordance with Specification Section 962.
    - a. Hex Head Bolts: ASTM A 307
      - 1.  $\frac{1}{8}$ " diameter single bolt option, Grade 36
      - 2.  $\frac{7}{16}$ " four bolt option, Grade 55
    - b. Adhesive Anchors: ASTM F1554 fully threaded rods, Grade 55
    - c. Hex Nuts: ASTM A563
    - d. Flat Washers: ASTM F436
    - e. Plate Washers: ASTM A36 or ASTM A706 Grade 36.
  - G. Shims: ASTM B209 Alloy 6061
  - H. Bearing Pads: 1/8" Plain, Fabric Reinforced or Fabric Laminated pads that meet the
  - requirements of Specification Section 932 for Ancillary Structures.
- 4. Fabricate pickets and vertical panel elements parallel to the posts; except Type 2, 3 and 5 panel infills may be fabricated parallel to the longitudinal grade. Maintain a maximum clear opening of 5% for standard installations and 3% when a 4" sphere requirement is indicated in the Data Tables.
- 5. Maximum spacing between expansion joints is 40'-0". Locate an Expansion Joint between the posts on either side of the Deck Expansion Joint.
- 6. Field splices are similar to the Expansion Joint Detail and may be approved by the Engineer to facilitate handling; but the top rail must be continuous across a minimum of two posts.
- 7. For intermediate and bottom horizontal rails, the screwed joints shown may be substituted with alternate joints shown in detail "K".
- 8. Make corners and changes in tangential longitudinal alignment with a 9" bend radius or terminate adjoining sections with mitered end sections when handrails are not required.
- 9. For changes in tangential longitudinal alignment greater than 45°, position posts a maximum of 2'-0" each side of the corner but not at the corner apex.
- 10. For curved longitudinal alignments, shop bend the top and bottom rails and handrails to match the alignment radius.
- 11. Handrails are required and must be continuous at landings for:
  - A. Grades Steeper than 5%,
  - B. Three or more steps
- 12. Installation: Cutting of reinforcing steel is permitted for post installed anchors.

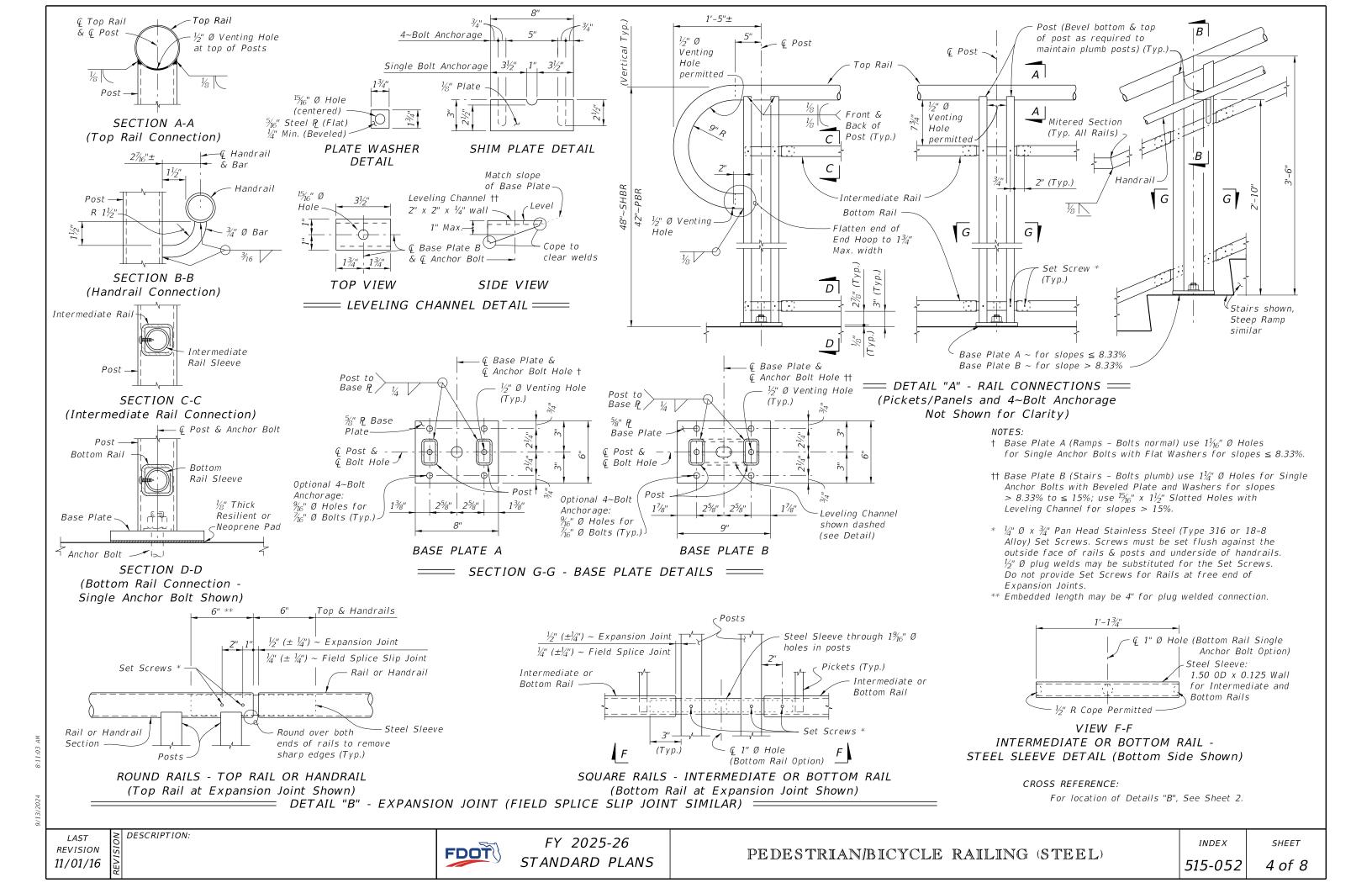
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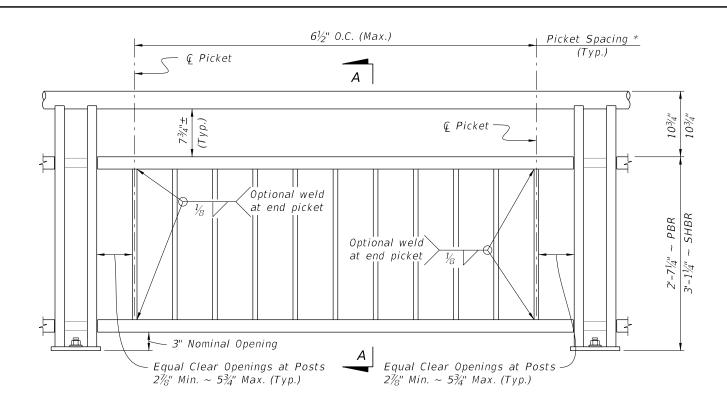
DESCRIPTION:







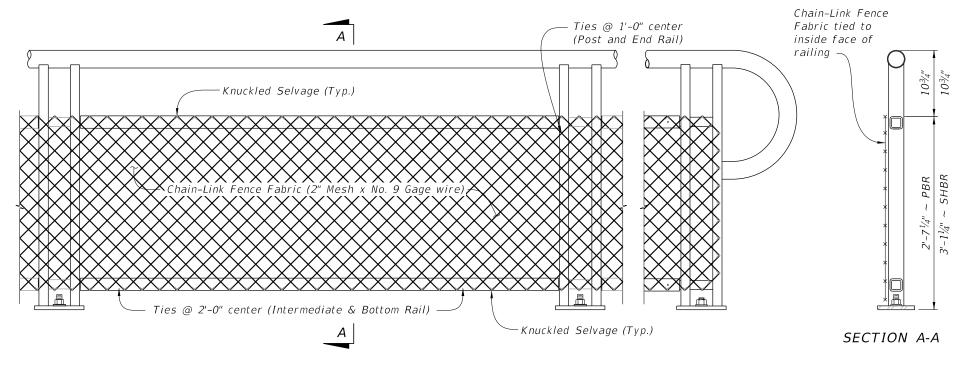




TYPE 1 - PICKET INFILL PANEL

PICKET NOTES:

\* Picket Spacing of  $6\frac{1}{2}$ " centers is based on a  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Ø Bar for standard applications. When shown in the Contract Plans a  $4\frac{1}{2}$ " picket spacing may be required. See Note 4 (Sheet 1).



TYPE 2 - CHAIN-LINK (Continuous Infill Panel)

DESCRIPTION:

1. See Plans for Infill Panel option required.

TABLE 2 - CHAIN-LINK PANEL COMPONENT MATERIALS				
COMPONENT	ASTM	COMPONENT INFORMATION		
Chain-Link Fence Fabric (2" mesh with	A 392	Zinc-Coated Steel - No. 9 gage (coated wire diameter), Class 2 Coating		
knuckled top and bottom selvage)	A 491	Aluminum-Coated Steel - No. 9 gage (coated wire diameter)		
	F 668	Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Coated Steel - No. 9 gage Zinc-Coated Wire (metallic-coated core wire diameter) ~ See Plans for specified color of PVC.		
Tie Wires	F 626	Zinc-Coated Steel Wire - No. 9 gage with coating to match Chain-Link Fence Fabric.		
Tension Bars	F 626	$\frac{3}{16}$ " (Min. thickness) x $\frac{3}{4}$ " (Min. width) x 2'-3' (Min. height) Steel Bars		
Miscellaneous Fence Components	F 626	Zinc-Coated Steel		

- ¾" Max.

DETAIL "1A" (Top of Picket Connection)

DETAIL "1B"

(Bottom of Picket Connection)

(Shown dashed) Picket  $\sim \frac{3}{4}$ " Ø Bar (Typ.)

Picket ~ ¾" Ø Bar (Typ.)

¹¾″ Ø Max. Hole for Ramps,

15/16" Ø Max. Hole for Stairs.

(Optional weld at end picket)

1/8" Thick Resilient or Neoprene Pad

45° Beveled End Permitted

#### CHAIN-LINK PANEL NOTE:

Intermediate Rail

Bottom Rail

45° Beveled

End Permitted

(Shown dashed) Base Plate

√ Anchor Bolt

¹¾6" Ø Max. Hole for Ramps, 15/16" Ø Max. Hole for Stairs.

(Optional weld at end picket)

See Detail "1A"

See Detail "1B"

SECTION A-A

Chain-Link Fence Fabric shall be continuous along limits of railing. Splicing of Chain-Link panels using Tension Bars at 20'-0" minimum increments is permitted.

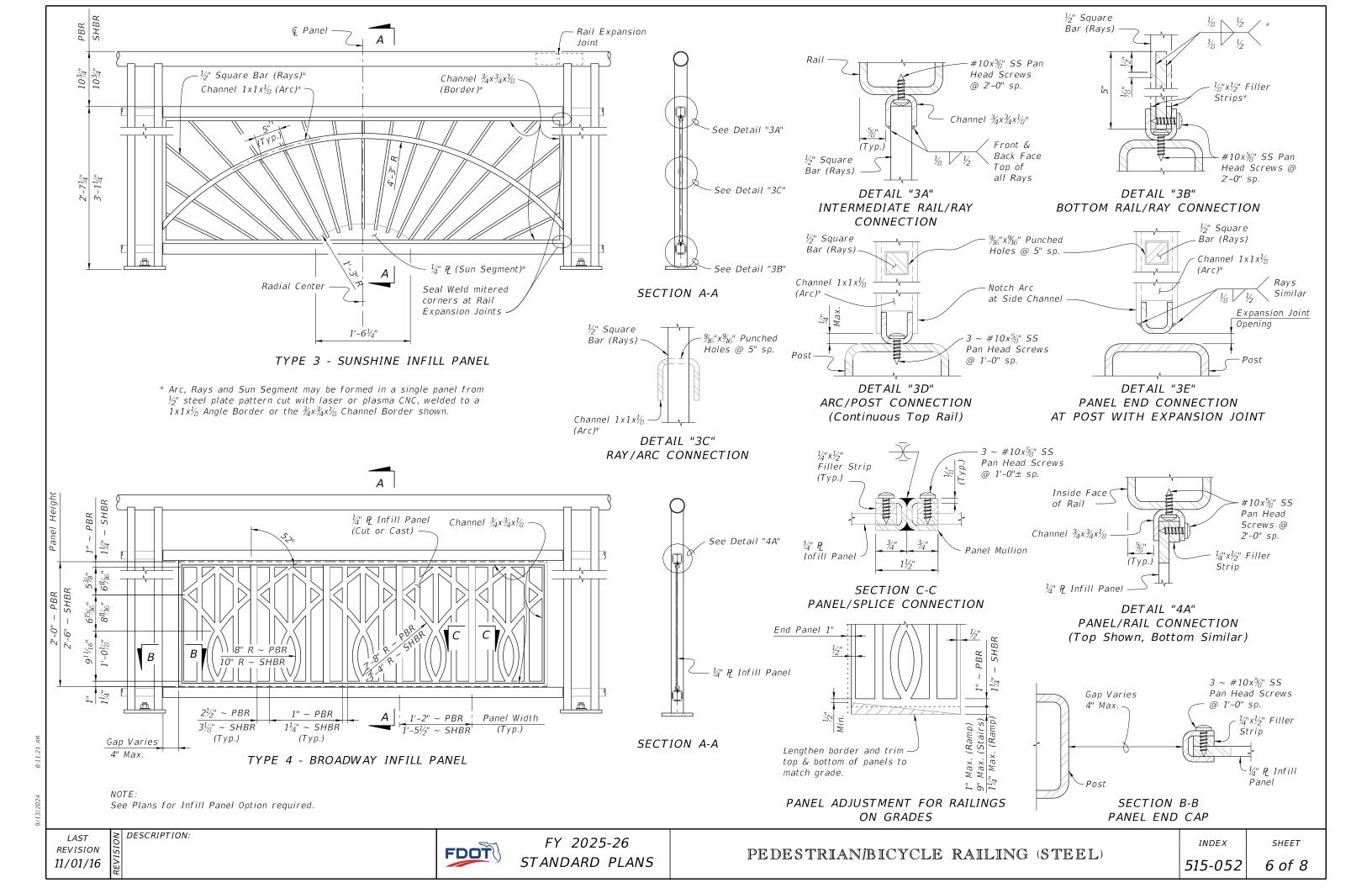
REVISION 11/01/21

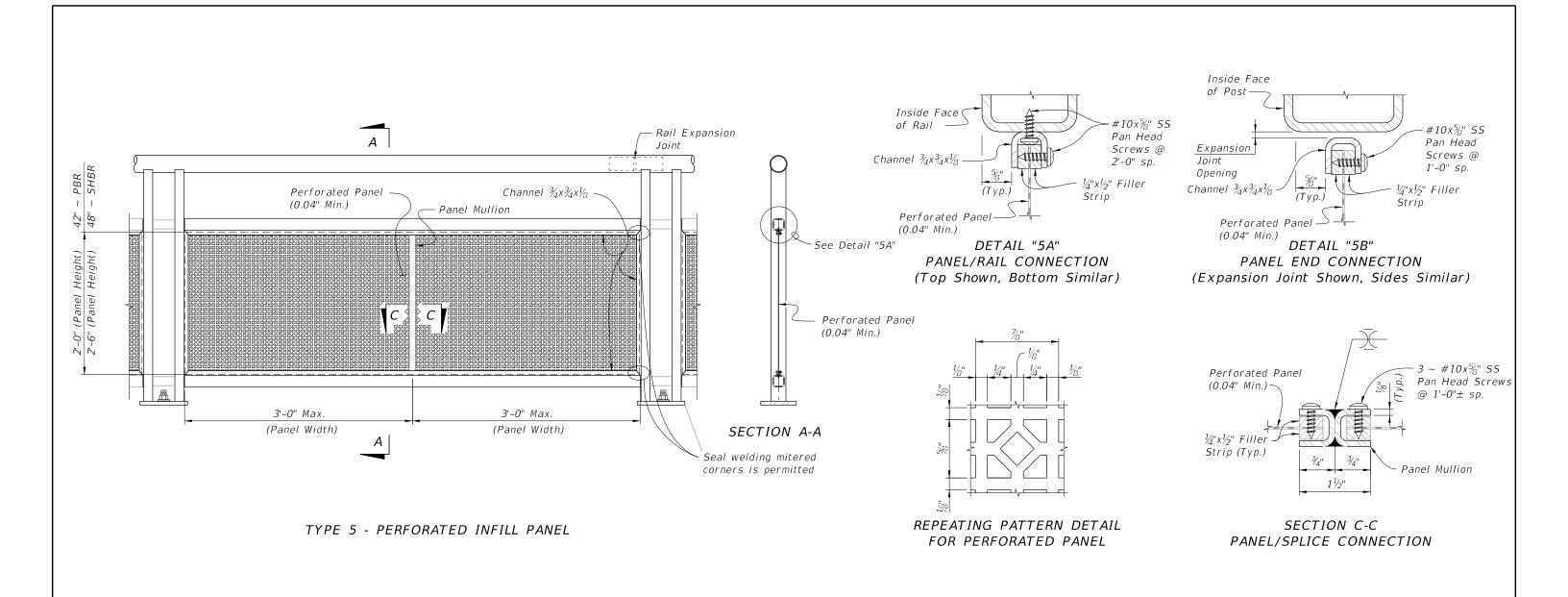
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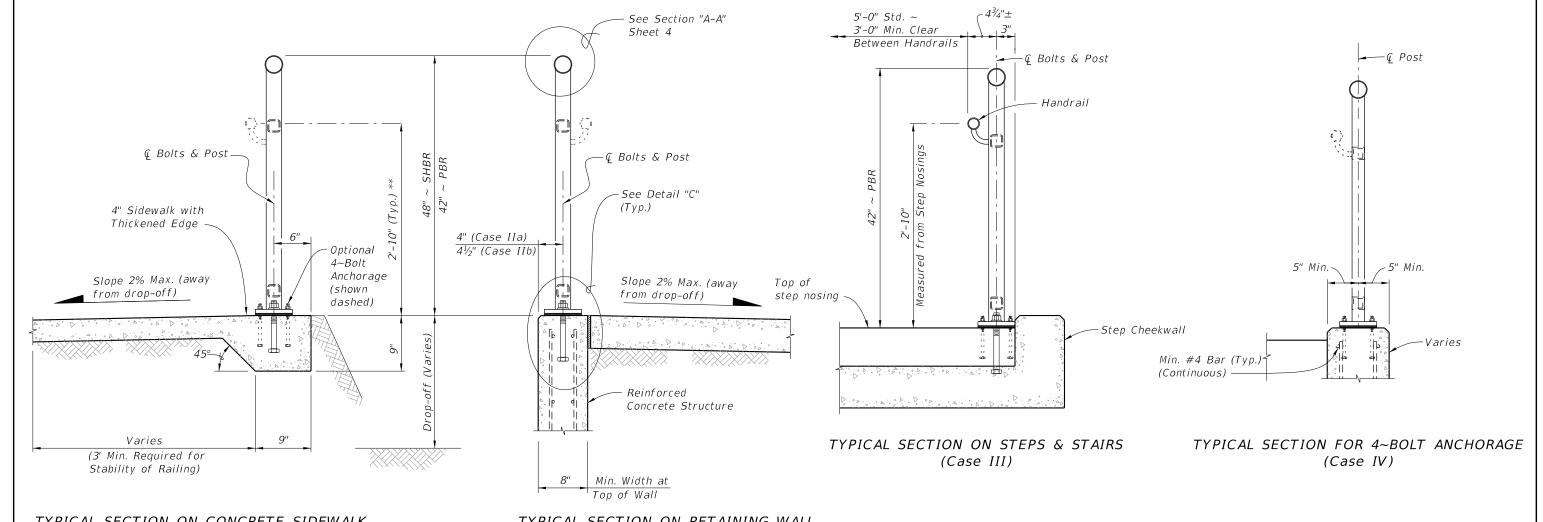
NOTES:

DESCRIPTION:

1. See Plans for Infill Panel Type required.

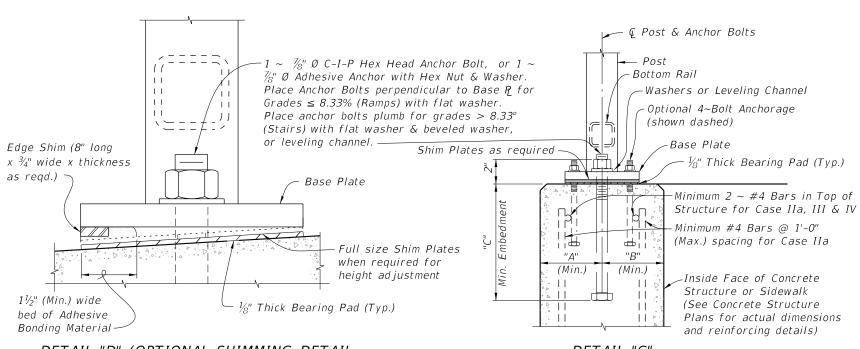
REVISION 11/01/16

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### TYPICAL SECTION ON CONCRETE SIDEWALK (Case I)

#### TYPICAL SECTION ON RETAINING WALL (Case II)



	ANCHOR BOLT TABLE						
0.105		DIMENSIONS		ANCHOR LENGTH		41101101	
CASE	STRUCTURE TYPE	A Edge Dist.	B Edge Dist.	C Embedment	C-I-P Hex Head Bolt	Adhesive Anchor	ANCHOR SIZE
I	Unreinforced Concrete	6"	1'-2"	6"	7½"	8"	%" Ø
IIa	Reinforced Concrete	4"	4"	9"	10 <sup>1</sup> /2"	1 1"	%" Ø
IIb	Gravity Wall Index 400-011	41/2"	3½" @ top	9"	10½"	1 1"	7⁄8" Ø
III	Step Cheekwall	4 <sup>1</sup> /2"	4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	9"	10 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	1 1"	%" Ø
IV	Varies	5"	5"	5"	6½"	7"	7∕16" Ø

\*\* When required; measured from top of sidewalk.

DETAIL "D" (OPTIONAL SHIMMING DETAIL FOR CROSS SLOPE CORRECTION) (Used in lieu of Beveled Shim Plates)

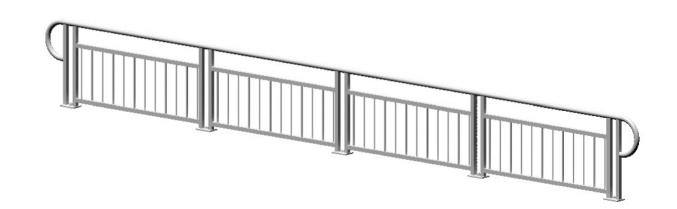
DESCRIPTION:

DETAIL "C" (Cast-In-Place Anchor Bolts shown, Adhesive Anchors similar)

REVISION 11/01/20

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#### 3D VIEW OF RAILING WITH TYPE 1 - PICKET INFILL PANEL (42" Height shown, 48" Height Similar)

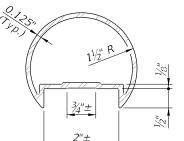
TABLE 1 - RAILING MEMBERS				
MEMBER	ALLOY <sup>(1)</sup>	DESIGNATION	OUTSIDE DIMENSION	WALL THICKNESS
Posts (Type "A" & "B")	6061-T6	RT 2x2x0.250	2.00" x 2.00"	0.250"
Posts (Type "C")	6061-T6	Extrusion $1\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 0.125$	1.50" x 2.50"	0.125"
Top Plate (Type "C")	6061-T6	Extrusion (See Details)	2¾" x 7"	Varies
T D. 'I	6061 T6	2½" NPS (Sch. 10)	2.875"	0.120"
Top Rail	6061-T6	3" Round Top Cap Rail	3.000"	0.125"
5.1.11	6063.75	2½" NPS (Sch. 10)	2.875"	0.120"
End Hoops	6063-T5	3.00 OD x 0.125 Wall	3.000"	0.125"
Tan Bail Jaint/Calina Classes	6062.75	2.50 OD x 0.125 Wall	2.500"	0.125"
Top Rail Joint/Splice Sleeves	6063-T5 Top Cap Rail Inner Sleeve		2.800"	0.090"
Intermediate & Bottom Rail	6061-T6	RT 2x2x0.250	2.00" x 2.00"	0.250" (2)
Int. & Bottom Rail Post Connection Sleeve	6063-T5	1.50 OD x 0.125 Wall <sup>(3)</sup>	1.500"	0.125"
	6063-T5	1" NPS (Sch. 40)	1.315"	0.133"
Handrail Joint/Splice Sleeves	6063-T5	1.50 OD x 0.125 Wall	1.500"	0.125"
Handrails	6061-T6	1½" NPS (Sch. 40)	1.900"	0.145"
Handrail Support Bar	6061-T6	¾" Ø Round Bar	0.750"	N/A
Pickets (Type 1 Infill Panel)	6061-T6	¾" Ø Round Bar	0.750"	N/A
Infill Panel Members (Types 2 - 5)	6063-T5	Varies (See Details)	Varies	Varies

#### TABLE 1 NOTES:

- (1) Alloy 6061-T6 or 6063-T52 & T6 may be substituted for Alloy 6063-T5.
- (2) 0.188" wall thickness permitted for rails with post spacings less than 5'-9".

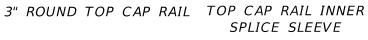
1"±

(3) 1" NPS (Sch. 40) non-slit rail sleeves may be substituted when welded connection Detail "K" is utilized.

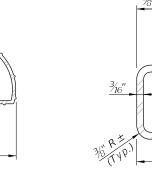


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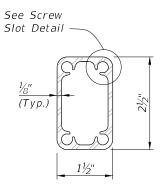
2%"±



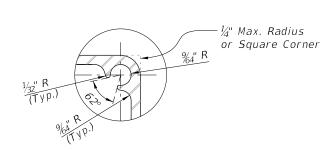
ALTERNATE TOP RAIL SECTION =



ALTERNATIVE BOTTOM & INTERMEDIATE RAIL SECTION FOR TYPE 3, 4 & 5 RAILINGS



POST TYPE "C" SCREW SLOT SECTION



SCREW SLOT DETAIL

#### $\equiv$ NOTES $\equiv$

- 1. Shop Drawings are required, see Specification Section 515.
- 2. For bridge mounted railings, work this Index with Index 515-061 Bridge Bicycle/Pedestrian Railing (Aluminum)
- - A. Structural Extrusions, Tube, Pipe and Bars: Table 1 and ASTM B221 or ASTM B429
    - a. Top, bottom and intermediate rail corner bends with maximum 4'-0" post spacing may be Alloy 6063-T6
  - B. Base Plates and Rail Caps: ASTM B209 Alloy 6061-T6
  - C. Perforated panels (Type 5) Alloy 3003-H14
  - D. Stainless steel (SS) screws: Type 316 or 18-8 Alloy
  - E. Aluminum screws: Alloy 2024-T4 or 7075-T73
  - F. Galvanized Steel Fasteners: coated in accordance with Specification Section 962.
    - a. Hex Head Bolts: ASTM A 307
      - 1. %" diameter single bolt option, Grade 36
      - 2.  $\frac{7}{16}$ " diameter four bolt option, Grade 55
    - b. Adhesive Anchors: ASTM F1554 fully threaded rods, Grade 55
    - c. Hex Nuts: ASTM A563
    - d. Flat Washers: ASTM F436
    - e. Plate Washers: ASTM A36 or ASTM A706 Grade 36.
  - G. Shims: ASTM B209 Alloy 6061 or 6063
  - H. Bearing Pads: Provide 1/8" thick Plain, Fabric Reinforced or Fabric Laminated Bearing Pads meeting the requirements of Specification Section 932 for Ancillary Structures.
- 4. Fabricate pickets and vertical panel elements parallel to the posts; except Type 2, 3 and 5 panel infills may be fabricated parallel to the longitudinal grade. Maintain a maximum clear opening of 5% for standard installations and 3% when a 4" sphere requirement is indicated in the Data Tables.
- 5. Locate railing expansion Joints between the posts on either side of
- the deck expansion joint. Maximum spacing between expansion joints is 35'-0".
- 6. Field splices are similar to the Expansion Joint Detail and may be approved by the Engineer to facilitate handling; but the top rail must be continuous across a minimum of two posts.
- 7. For intermediate and bottom horizontal rails, the screwed joints shown may be substituted with alternate joints shown in detail "K" for Post Type "A" & "B".
- 8. Make corners and changes in tangential longitudinal alignment with a 9" bend radius or terminate adjoining sections with mitered end sections when handrails are not required.
- 9. For changes in tangential longitudinal alignment greater than 45', position posts a maximum of 2'-0" each side of the corner but not at the corner apex.
- 10. For curved longitudinal alignments, shop bend the top and bottom rails and handrails to match the alignment radius.
- 11. Handrails are required and must be continuous at landings for:
  - A. Grades Steeper than 5%,
  - B. Three or more steps
- 12. Installation: Cutting of reinforcing steel is permitted for post installed anchors.

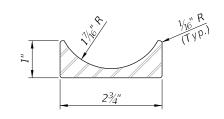
PEDESTRIAN/BICYCLE RAILING (ALUMINUM)

#### CROSS REFERENCES:

Detail "A", Sheet 4

Detail "B", Sheet 4

Detail "K", Sheet 3



OPTIONAL TOP PLATE EXTRUSION SECTION (POST TYPE "C")

REVISION 11/01/18

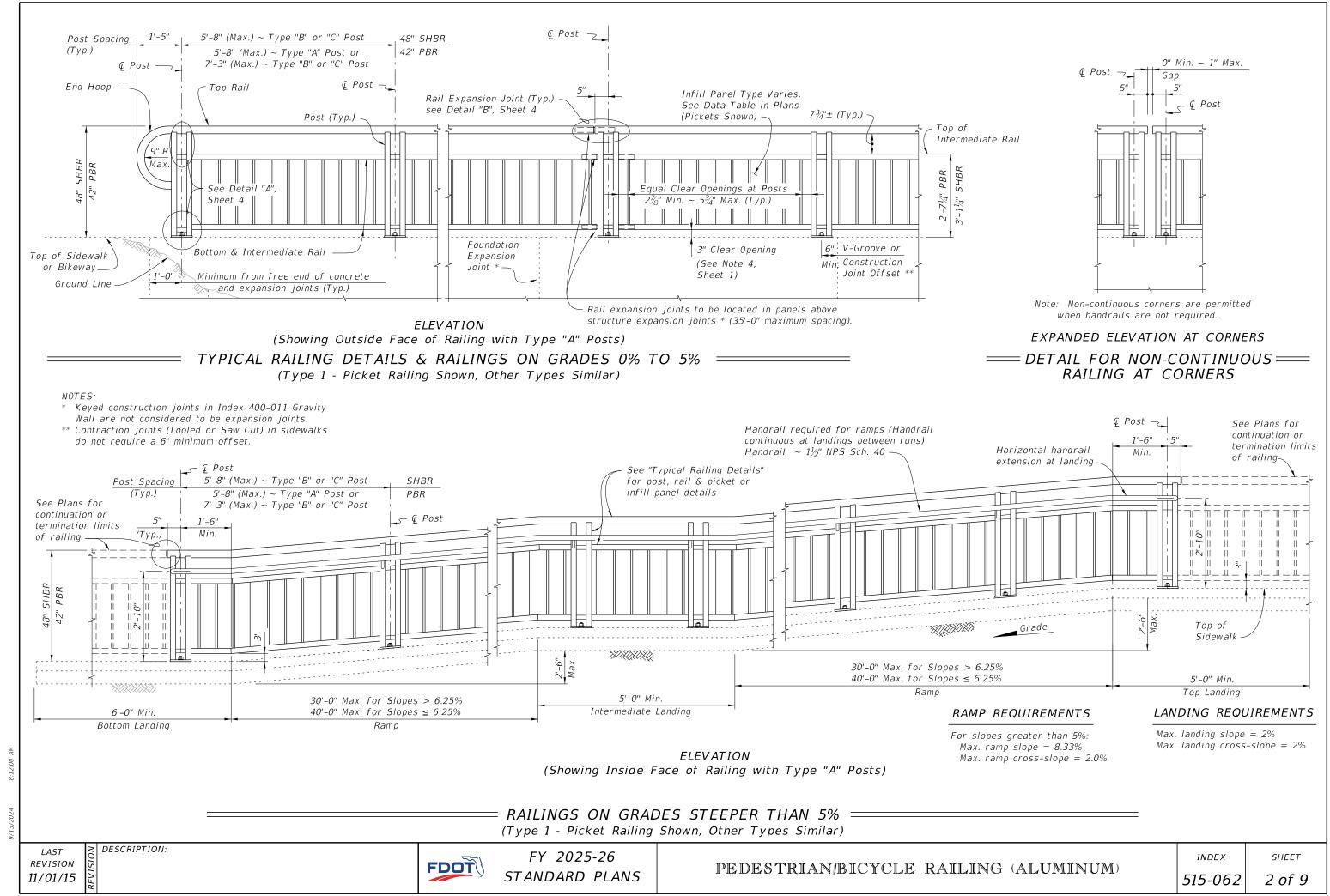
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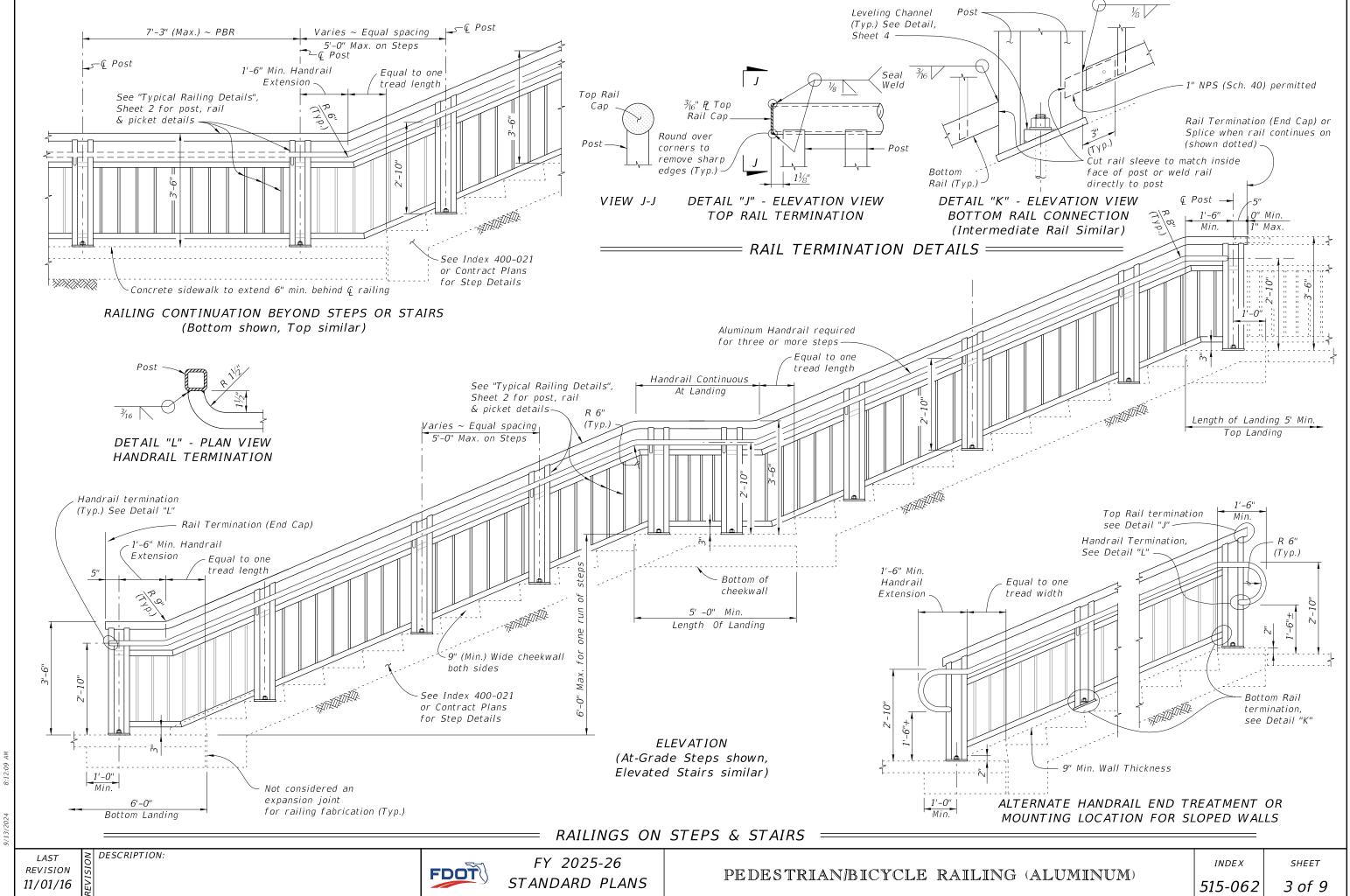
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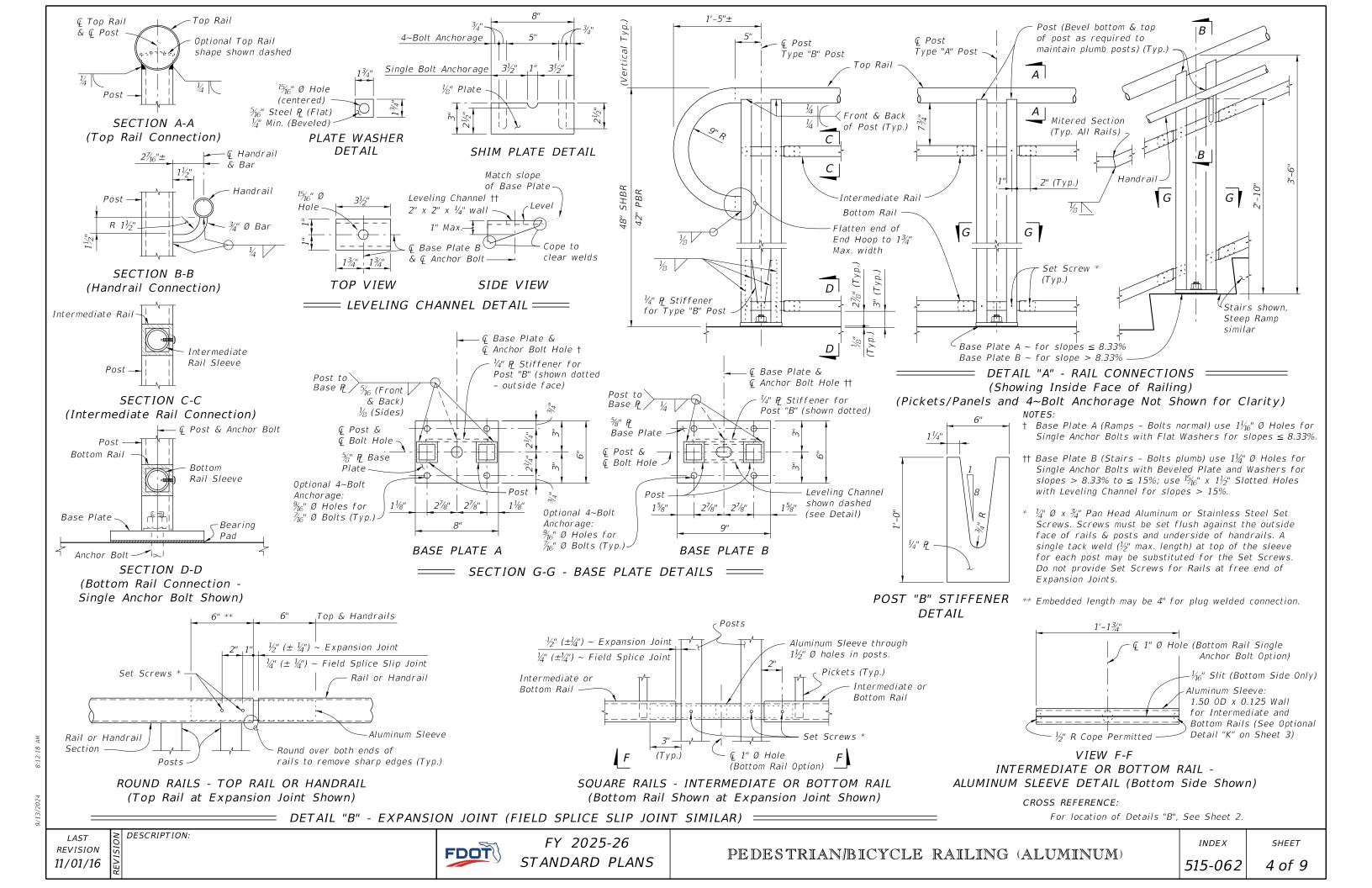
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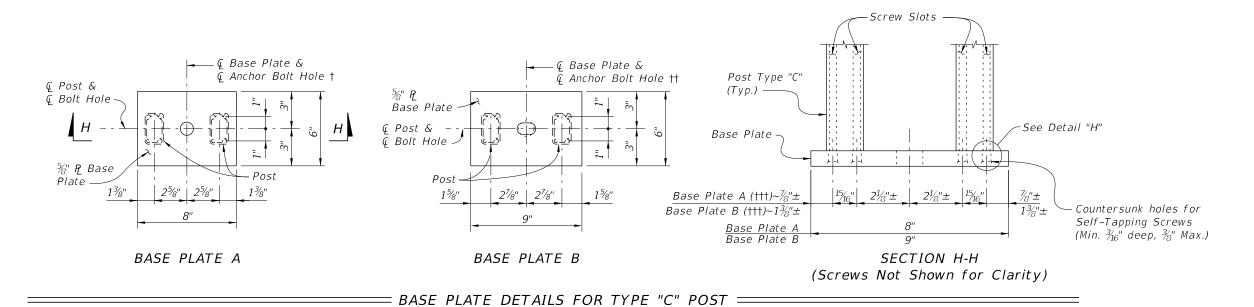
SHEET

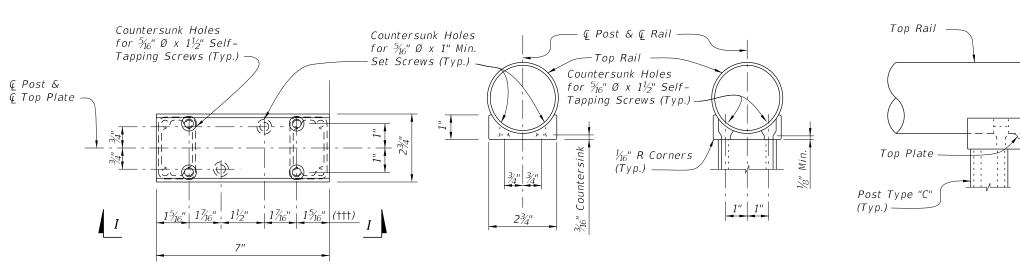
515-062

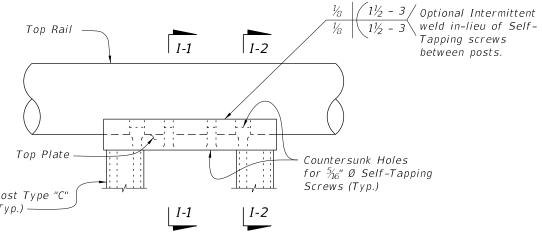












VIEW "I"

PLAN SECTION "I-1" SECTION "I-2"

> = TOP PLATE DETAILS FOR TYPE "C" POST = (Screws Not Shown For Clarity)

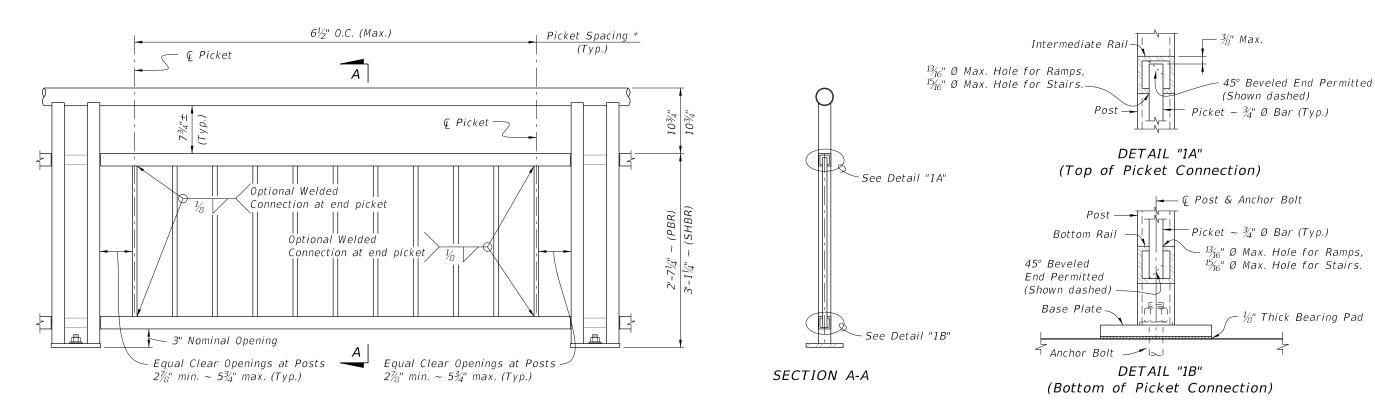
#### Notes:

See Sheet 4 for Notes.

See Sheet 4 for Notes.

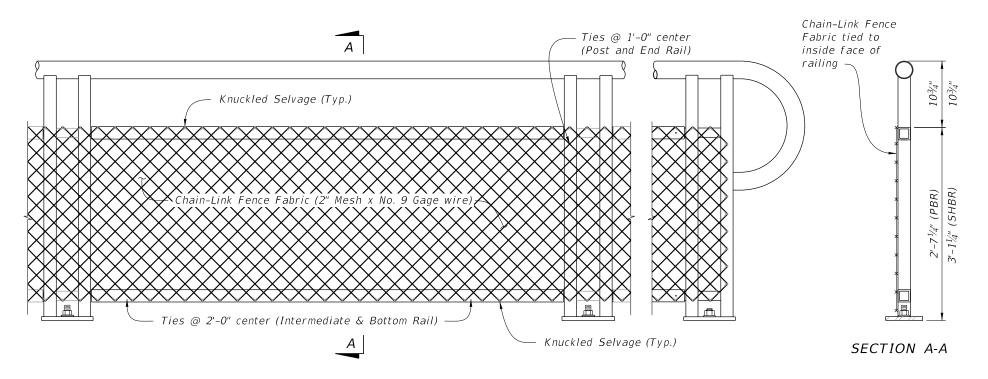
Length varies for beveled posts on grades. Holes must be drilled plumb to align with screw slot.

DESCRIPTION: REVISION 11/01/16



#### TYPE 1 - PICKET INFILL PANEL PICKET NOTES:

\* Picket Spacing of  $6\frac{1}{2}$ " centers is based on a  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Ø Bar for standard applications. When shown in the Contract Plans a  $4\frac{1}{2}$ " picket spacing may be required. See Note 4 (Sheet 1).



Miscellaneous Fence Components			F62
CHAIN-I INK	PANFI	NO	TF.

COMPONENT

Chain-Link Fence

knuckled top and

bottom selvage)

Tie Wires

Tension Bars

Fabric (2" mesh with

Chain-Link Fence Fabric shall be continuous along limits of railing. Splicing of Chain-Link panels using Tension Bars at 20'-0" minimum increments is permitted.

TABLE 2 - CHAIN-LINK PANEL COMPONENT MATERIALS

**ASTM** 

A392

A491

#### TYPE 2 - CHAIN-LINK (Continuous Infill Panel)

See Plans for Infill Panel option required.

DESCRIPTION: REVISION 11/01/21

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS COMPONENT INFORMATION

Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Coated Steel - No.

9 gage Zinc-Coated Wire (metallic-coated core wire diameter) ~ See Plans for

Zinc-Coated Steel Wire - No. 9 gage with

coating to match Chain-Link Fence Fabric.  $\frac{3}{16}$ " (min. thickness) x  $\frac{3}{4}$ " (min. width)

Zinc-Coated Steel - No. 9 gage (coated

Aluminum-Coated Steel - No. 9 gage

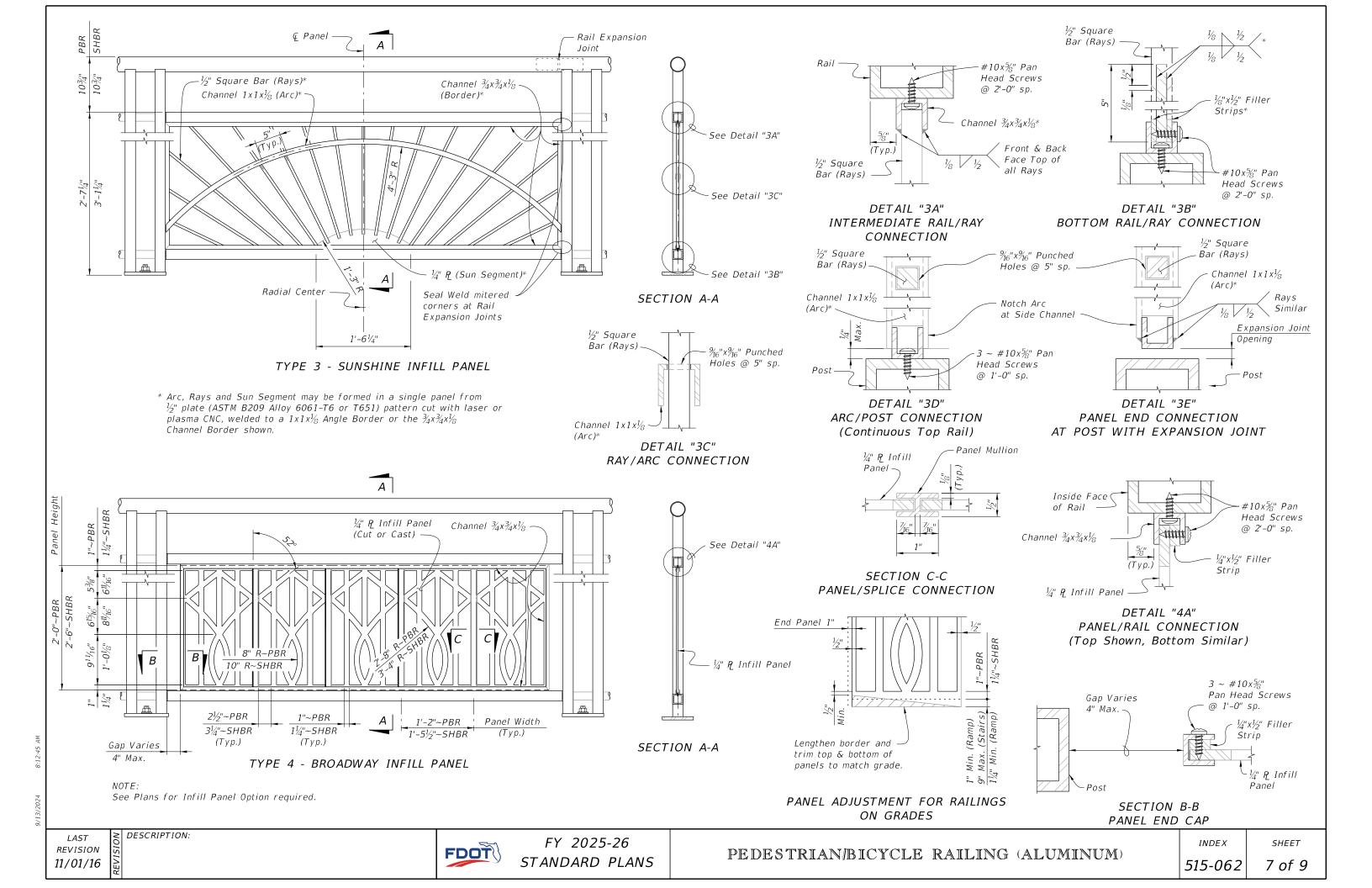
wire diameter), Class 2 Coating

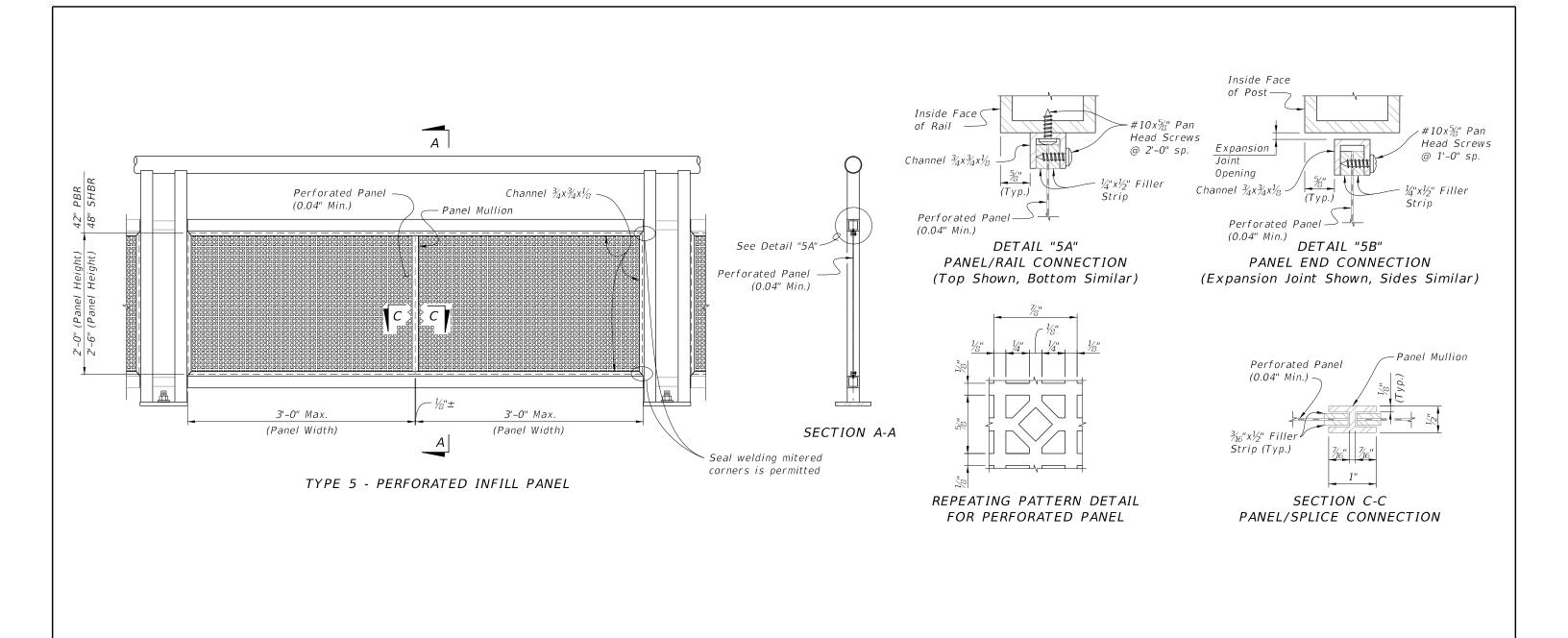
x 2'-3' (min. height) Steel Bars

(coated wire diameter)

specified color of PVC.

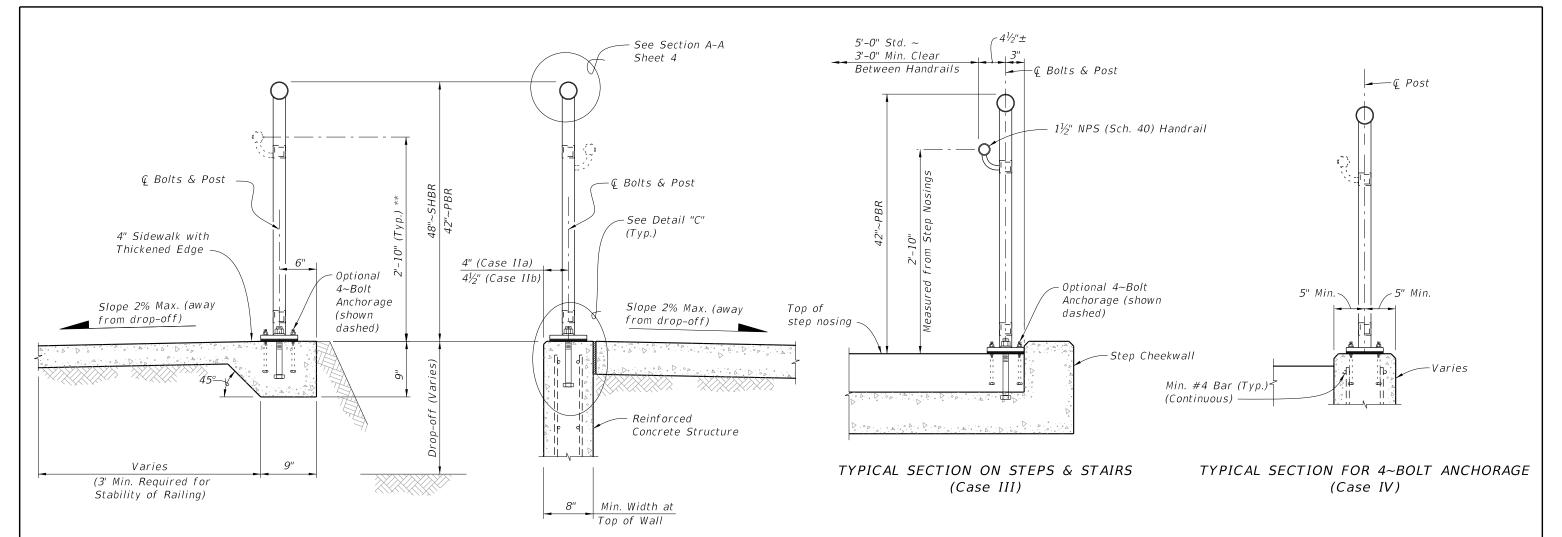
Zinc-Coated Steel





DESCRIPTION: REVISION 11/01/16

FDOT

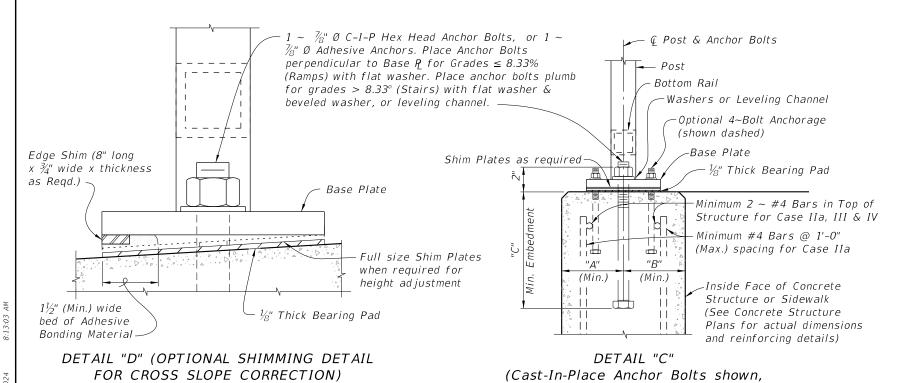


TYPICAL SECTION ON CONCRETE SIDEWALK (Case I)

(Used in lieu of Beveled Shim Plates)

DESCRIPTION:

TYPICAL SECTION ON RETAINING WALL (Case II)



	ANCHOR BOLT TABLE						
CACE	DIMENSIONS		ANCHOR LENGTH				
CASE	STRUCTURE TYPE	"A" Edge Dist.	"B" Edge Dist.	"C" Embedment	C.I.P Hex Head Bolt	Adhesive Anchor	ANCHOR SIZE
I	Unreinforced Concrete	6"	1'-2"	6"	7½"	8"	%" Ø
IIa	Reinforced Concrete	4"	4"	9"	10½"	11"	%" Ø
IIb	Gravity Wall Index 400-011	4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	3½" @ top	9"	10½"	11"	7⁄8" Ø
III	Step Cheekwall	4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	4½"	9"	10½"	11"	%" Ø
IV	Varies	5"	5"	5"	6½"	7"	7₁6" Ø

\*\* When required; measured from top of sidewalk (Typ.)

LAST REVISION 11/01/20

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

Adhesive Anchors similar)

PEDESTRIAN/BICYCLE RAILING (ALUMINUM)

INDEX 515-062

SHEET

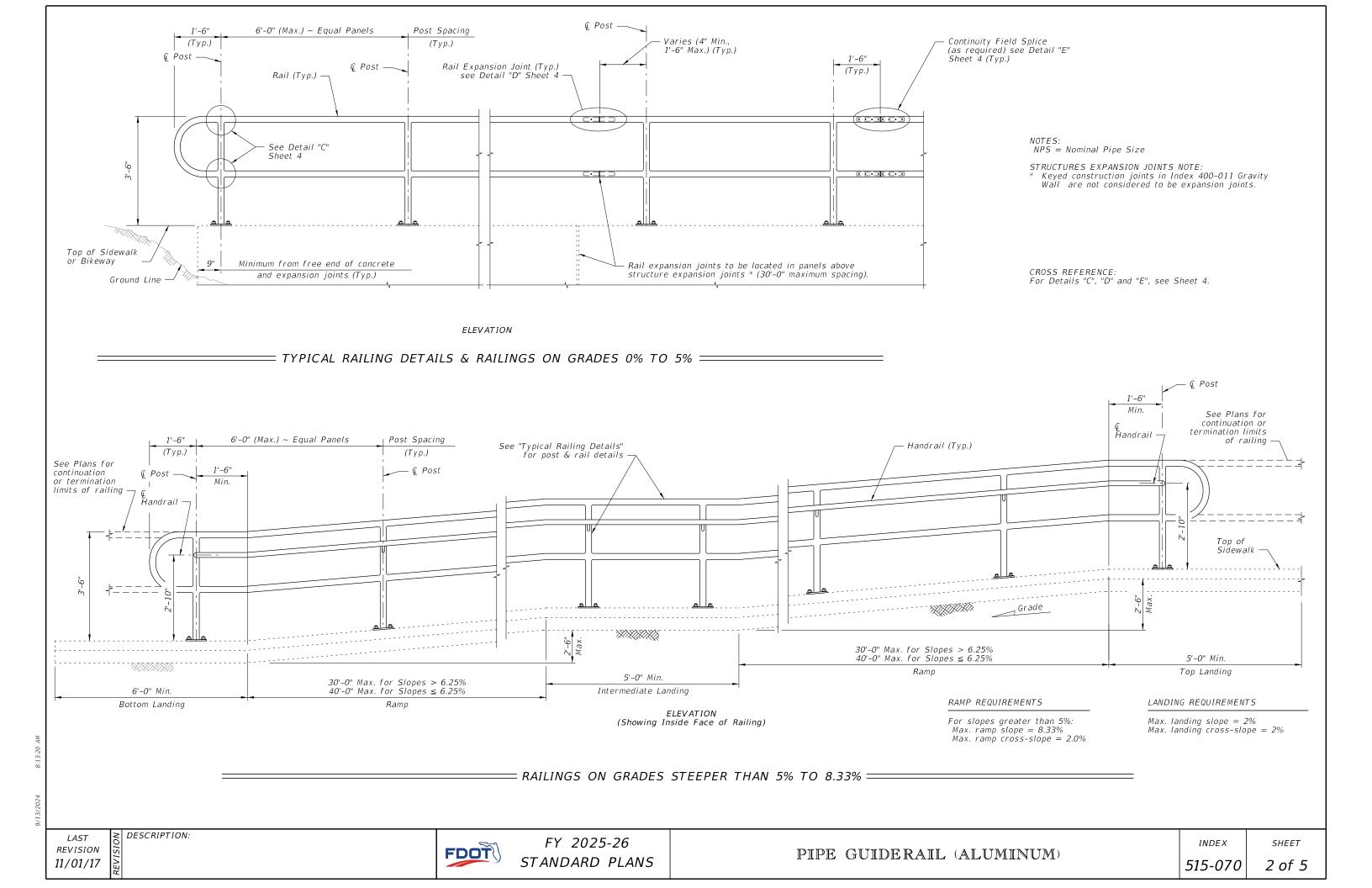
#### **NOTES:**

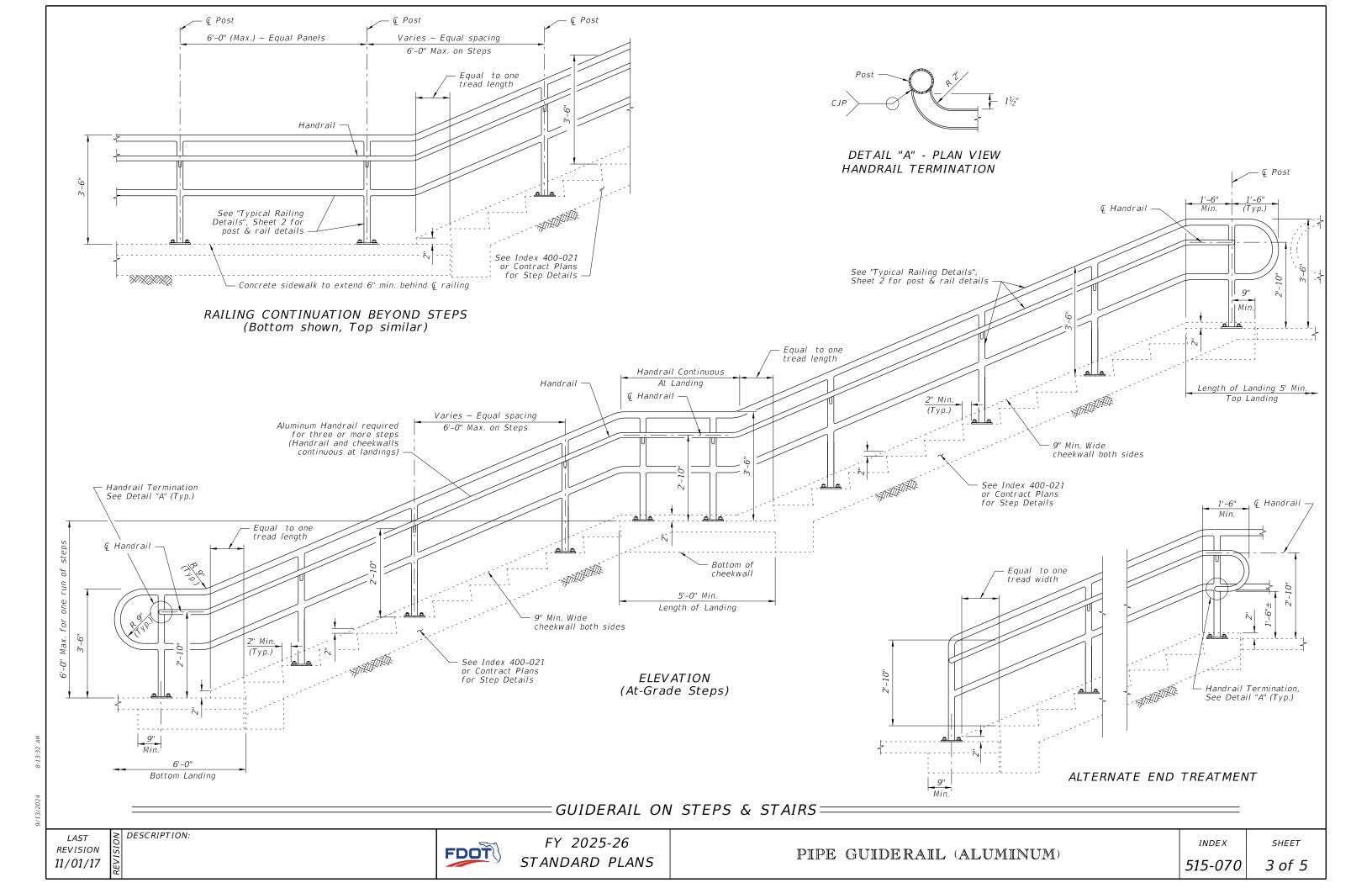
- 1. Shop Drawings are required.
- 2. Work with Specification 515.
- 3. Materials:
- A. Pan Head Set Screws: Aluminum Alloy 2024-74 or 7075-T73 or Stainless Steel (SS) Type 316 or 18-8 Alloy.
- B. Base Plates and Cap Plates: ASTM B209, Alloy 6061-T6
- C. Structural Pipe Tube and Bars: ASTM B221 or ASTM B429, Alloy 6061-T6
- D. End Rails 90° bends and corner bends with a maximum 4 foot spacing: Alloy 6063-T5 is permitted.

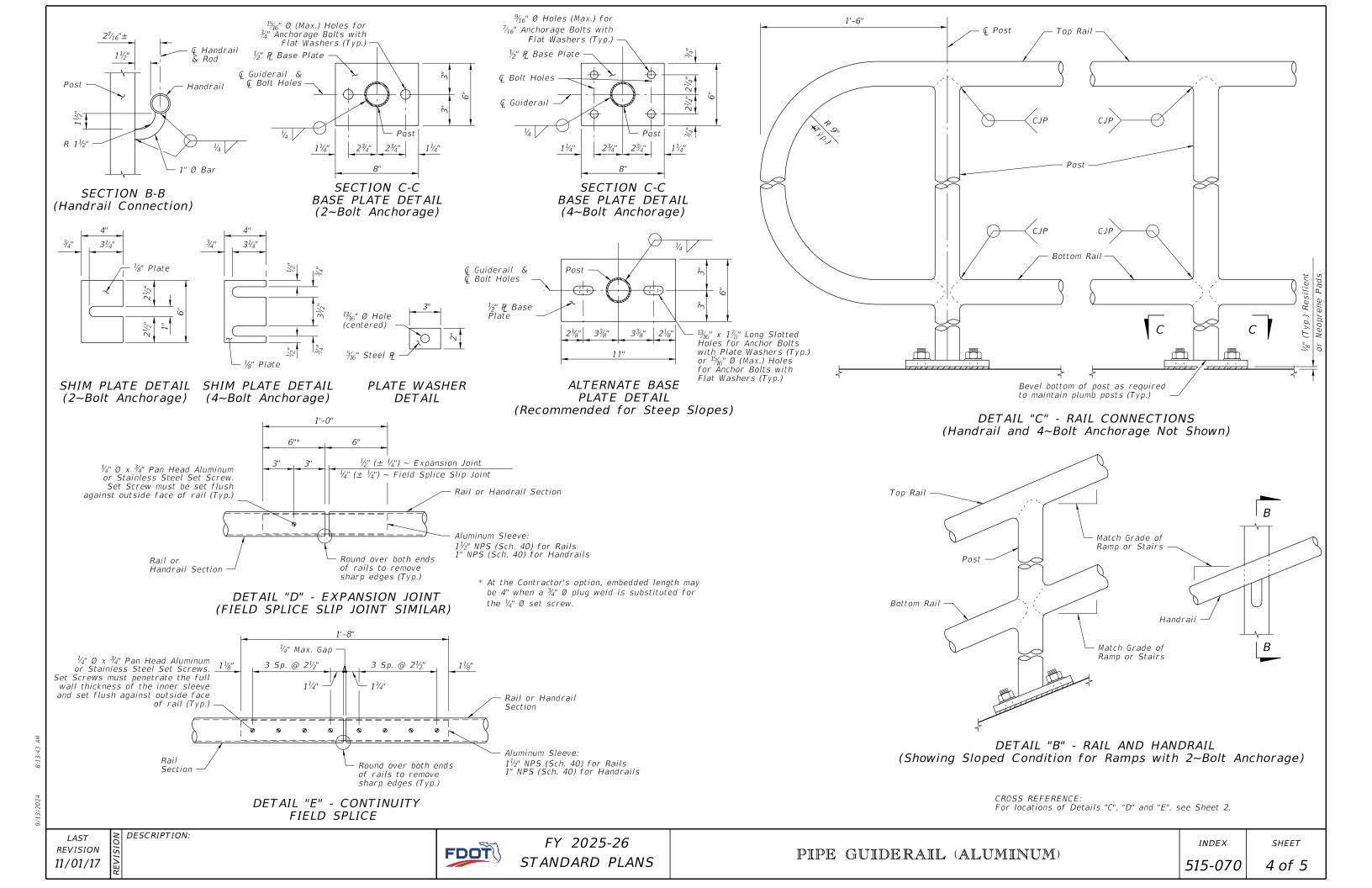
RAILING MEMBER DIMENSIONS TABLE				
MEMBER	DESIGNATION	OUTSIDE DIMENSION	WALL THICKNESS	
Posts	2" NPS (Sch. 40)	2.375"	0.154"	
Rails	2" NPS (Sch. 40)	2.375"	0.154"	
Rail Joint/Splice Sleeves	1½" NPS (Sch. 40)	1.900"	0.145"	
Handrails Joint/Splice Sleeves	1" NPS (Sch. 40) 1.50 ODx0.125 Wall	1.315" 1.500"	0.133" 0.125"	
Handrails	1½" NPS (Sch. 40)	1.900"	0.145"	
Handrail Support Bar	1" Ø Round Bar	1.000"	N/A	

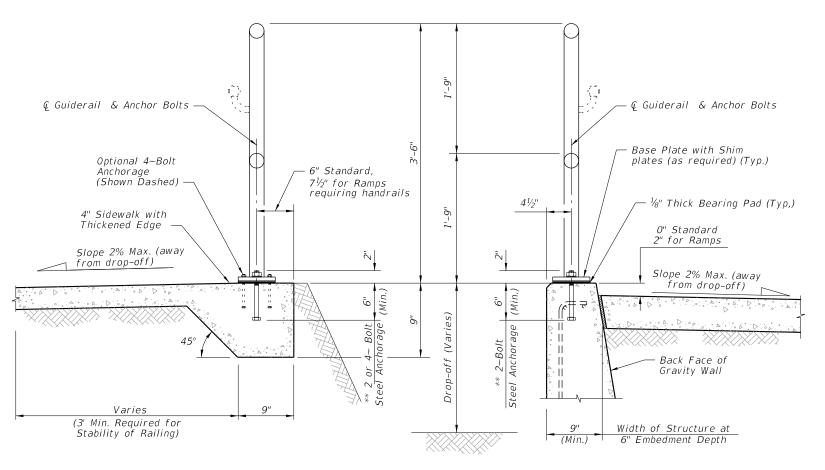
- E. Galvanized Steel Fasteners:
- a. Hex Head Bolts: ASTM A 307 Type 1 or ASTM F1554 Grade 36
- b. Adhesive Anchors: ASTM F1554 Grade 36 fully threaded rods
- c. Hex Nuts: ASTM A563
- d. Flat Washers: ASTM F436
- F. Aluminum Shims: ASTM B209, Alloy 6061
- G. Bearing Pads: Plain, Fabric Reinforced, or Fabric Laminated meeting requirements of Specifications 515 & 932.
- 4. Fabrication:
- A. Place expansion joints at a maximum of 30'-0"spacing
  B. Field splices are similar to the expansion joint detail and may be approved by the Engineer to facilitate handling; but top rail must be continuous across a minimum of two posts.
  C. Continuity field splice (Detail "E"); only use to make the railing continuous for unforeseen field adjustments
- D. Corners and changes in tangential longitudinal alignment may be made continuous with a 9" bend radius or
- terminated at adjoining sections with a standard end hoop when handrails are not required.
- E. For curved longitudinal alignments, shop bend top and bottom rails and handrails to match the alignment radius.
- F. For changes in tangential longitudinal alignment greater than 45°, position posts a maximum of 2'-0" each side of the corner, not at the corner apex.
- 5. <u>Handrails are required and must be continuous at landings for:</u>
- A. Grades Steeper than 5%
- B. Three or more steps
- 6. Cutting of reinforcing steel is permitted for post installed anchor bolts.

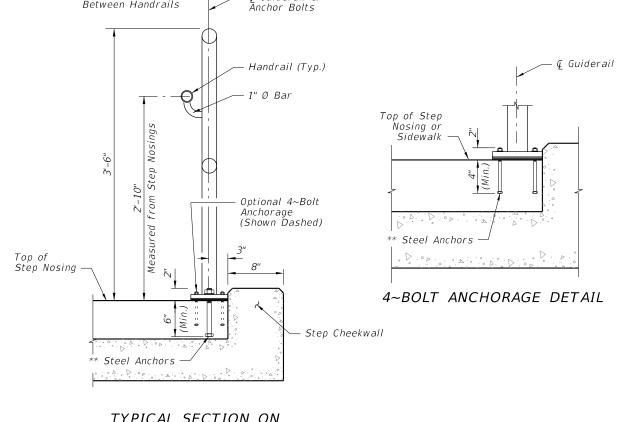
DESCRIPTION:









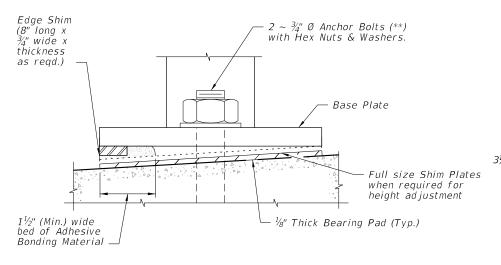


Guiderail &

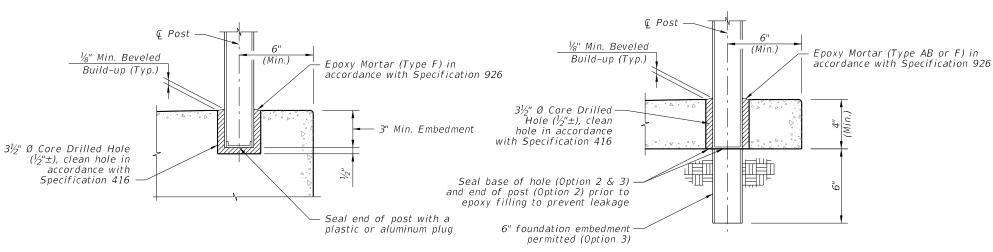
#### TYPICAL SECTION ON CONCRETE SIDEWALK

TYPICAL SECTION ON GRAVITY WALL (Other Retaining Walls Similar)

TYPICAL SECTION ON STEPS & STAIRS







5'-0" Std. ~ 3'-0" Min. Clear\_

Between Handrails

SIDEWALK ANCHORAGE DETAIL OPTION 1

#### SIDEWALK ANCHORAGE DETAIL OPTION 2 & 3

NOTES: \*\*  $2 \sim \frac{3}{4}$ " Ø x 8" or  $4 \sim \frac{7}{16}$ " Ø x 6" Steel Anchors: Galvanized Steel Bolts (As Shown) (C-I-P); Galvanized U-Bolts and Country of the Galvanized Adhesive Anchors Permitted

\*\*\* The minimum embedment for Adhesive Anchors is 6" for 2~Bolt Anchorage or 4" for 4~Bolt Anchorage.

REVISION 11/01/20

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

PIPE GUIDERAIL (ALUMINUM)

INDEX

SHEET 5 of 5

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. Shop Drawings are required, refer to Specification 515.
- 2. <u>Materials:</u>
- A. Pan Head Set Screws: Stainless Steel (SS) Type 316 or 18-8 Alloy.
- B. Base Plates and Cap Plates: ASTM A36 or ASTM A709 Grade 36
- C. Pipe Rails and Posts: ASTM A53 Grade B for standard weight pipe and ASTM A500 Grade B, C or D or ASTM A501 for Structural Tube.

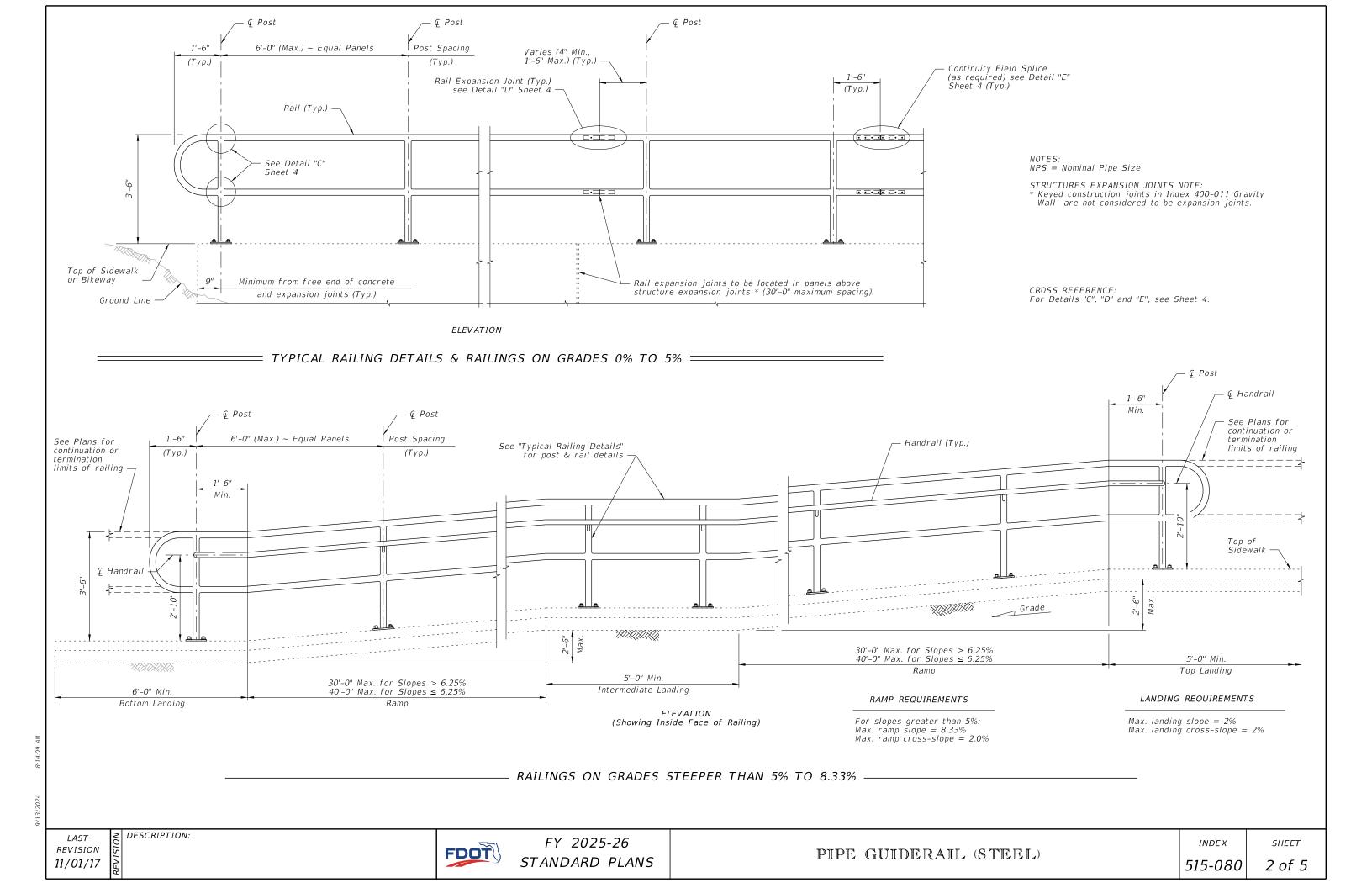
Handrail Support Bars: ASTM A36

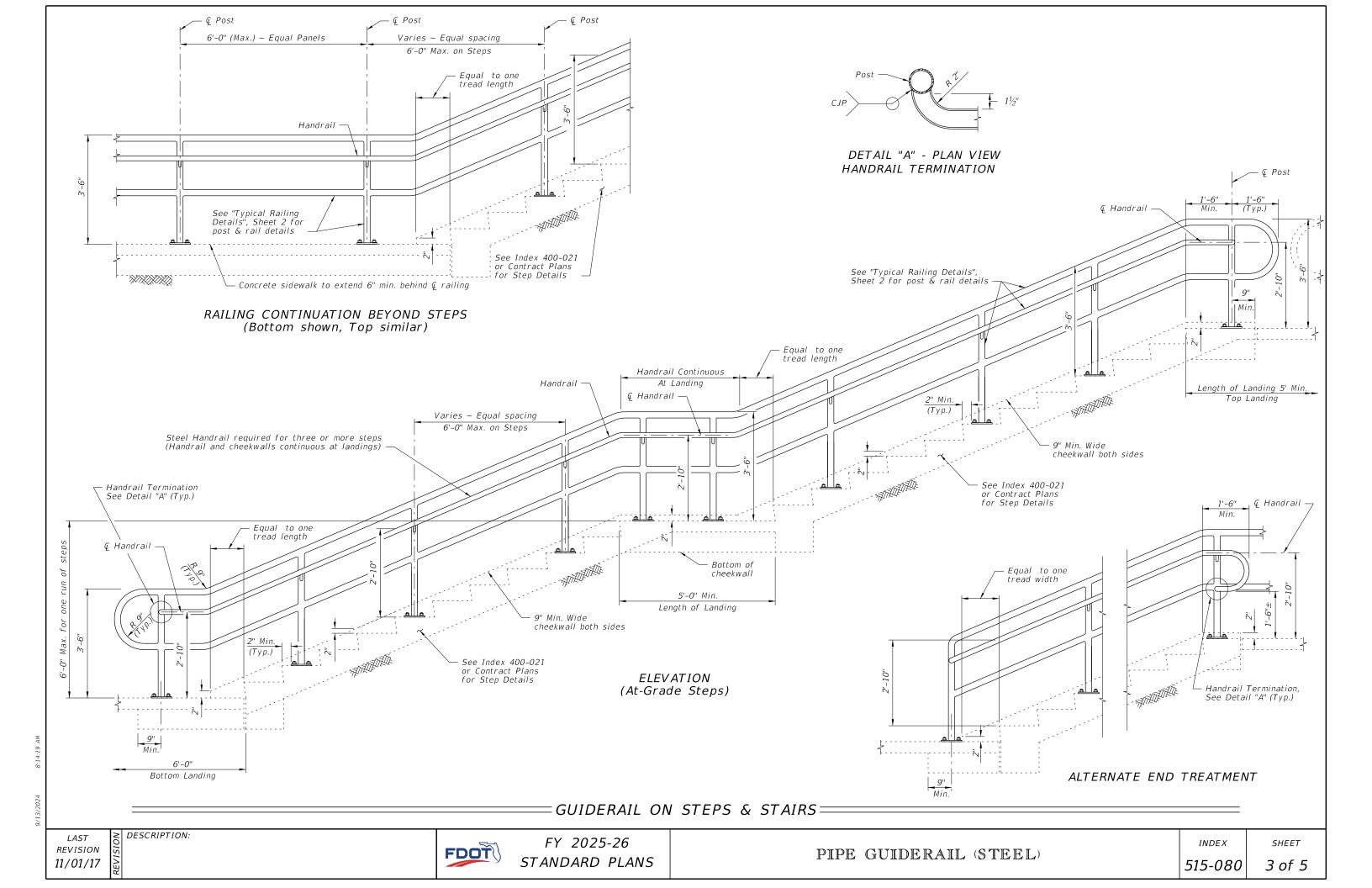
RAILING MEMBER DIMENSIONS TABLE				
MEMBER	DESIGNATION	OUTSIDE DIMENSION	WALL THICKNESS	
Posts	2" NPS (Sch. 40)	2.375"	0.154"	
Rails	2" NPS (Sch. 40)	2.375"	0.154"	
Rail Joint/Splice Sleeves	1½" NPS (Sch. 40)	1.900"	0.145"	
Handrails Joint/Splice Sleeves	1" NPS (Sch. 40) HSS1.500x0.125	1.315" 1.500"	0.133" 0.125"	
Handrails	1½" NPS (Sch. 40)	1.900"	0.145"	
Handrail Support Bar	1" Ø Round Bar	1.000"	N/A	

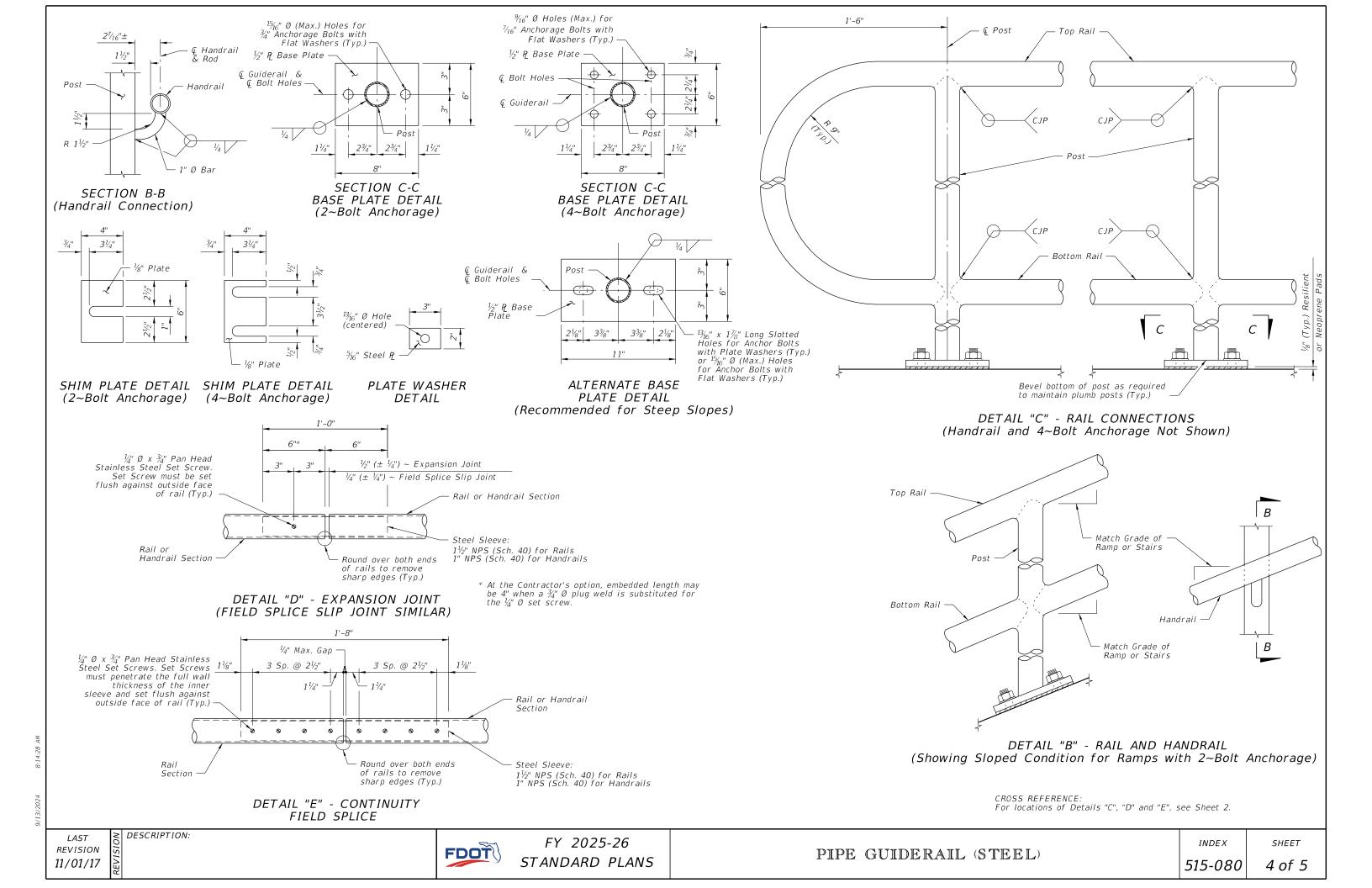
- D. Galvanized Steel Fasteners:
- a. Hex Head Bolts: ASTM A307 Type 1 or ASTM F1554 Grade 36
- b. Adhesive Anchors: ASTM F1554 Grade 36 fully threaded rods
- c. Hex Nuts: ASTM A563
- d. Flat Washers: ASTM F436
- E. Aluminum Shims: ASTM B209, Alloy 6061
- F. Bearing Pads: Plain, Fabric Reinforced, or Fabric Laminated meeting requirements of Specifications 515 and 932.
- 3. Fabrication:
- A. Place expansion joints at a maximum of 30'-0"spacing.
- B. Field splices are similar to the expansion joint detail and may be approved by the Engineer to facilitate handling; but top rail must be continuous across a minimum of two posts.

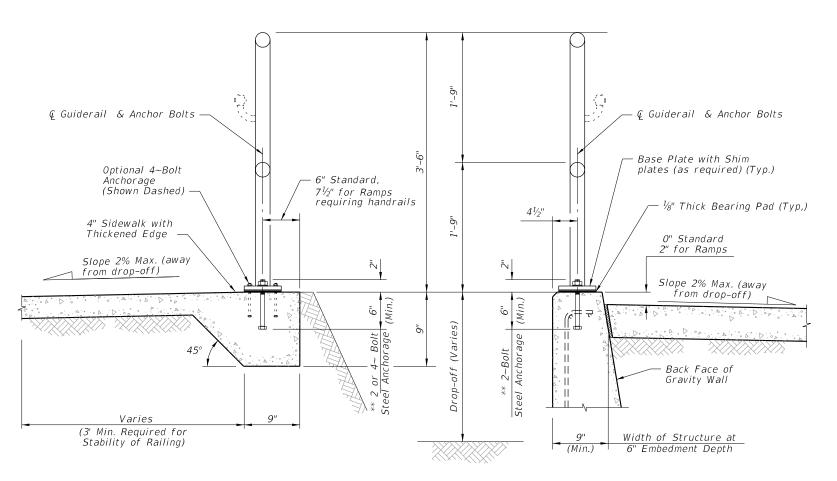
  C. Continuity field splice (Detail "E") only use to make the railing continuous for unforeseen field adjustments
- D. Corners and changes in tangential longitudinal alignment may be made continuous with a 9"bend radius or terminated at adjoining sections with a standard end hoop when handrails are not required.
- E. For curved longitudinal alignments, shop bend the top and bottom rails and handrails to match the alignment radius.
- F. For changes in tangential longitudinal alignment greater than  $45^{\circ}$ , positioned posts a maximum of 2'-0" each side of the corner, not at the corner apex.
- 4. Handrails are required and must be continuous at landings for:
- A. Grades Steeper than 5%,
- B. Three or more steps
- 5. Cutting of reinforcing steel is permitted for adhesive anchor bolt installations.

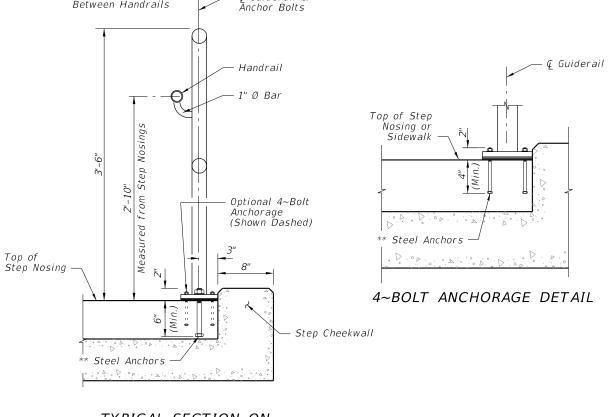
DESCRIPTION:











Guiderail &

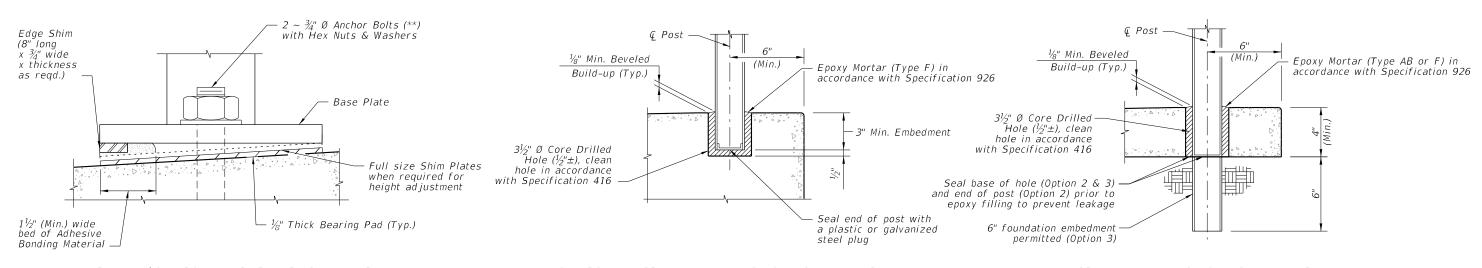
TYPICAL SECTION ON CONCRETE SIDEWALK

TYPICAL SECTION ON GRAVITY WALL (Other Retaining Walls Similar)

TYPICAL SECTION ON STEPS & STAIRS

5'-0" Std. ~ 3'-0" Min. Clear\_

Between Handrails



DETAIL "F" (OPTIONAL SHIMMING DETAIL FOR CROSS SLOPE CORRECTION) (Used in lieu of Beveled Shim Plates)

OPTIONAL SIDEWALK ANCHORAGE DETAIL

#### SIDEWALK ANCHORAGE DETAIL OPTION 2 & 3

 $^{**2}$   $\sim 34''$  Ø x 8" or 4  $\sim 7_{16}''$  Ø x 6" Steel Anchors: Galvanized Steel Bolts (As Shown) (C-I-P); Galvanized U-Bolts Permitted (C-I-P); Galvanized Adhesive Anchors Permitted (\*\*\*); Expansion Anchors Not Permitted.

\*\*\* The minimum embedment for adhesive anchors is 6" for 2~Bolt Anchorage or 4" for 4~Bolt Anchorage.

REVISION 11/01/20

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

PIPE GUIDERAIL (STEEL)

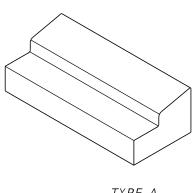
INDEX

SHEET

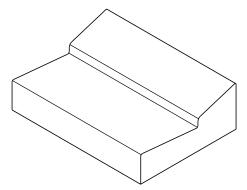
#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. For curb, gutter and curb & gutter provide  $\frac{1}{8}$ "  $\frac{1}{4}$ " contraction joints at 10' centers (max.). Contraction joints adjacent to concrete pavement on tangents and flat curves are to match the pavement joints, with intermediate joints not to exceed 10' centers.
- 2. Locate expansion joints for curb, gutter and curb & gutter in accordance with Specification 520.

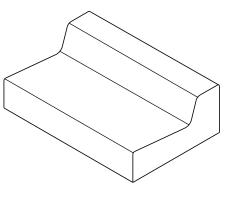
	TABLE OF CONTENTS:		
Sheet	Description		
1	General Notes and Contents		
2 Concrete Curb and Gutter			
3	Curb and Gutter Joints and Endings, Concrete Bumper Guard, and Asphaltic Concrete Curb		



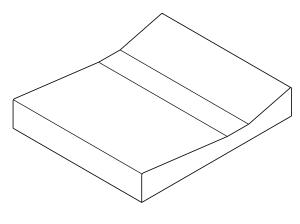




TYPE E

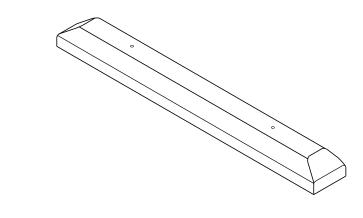


TYPEF



SHOULDER GUTTER

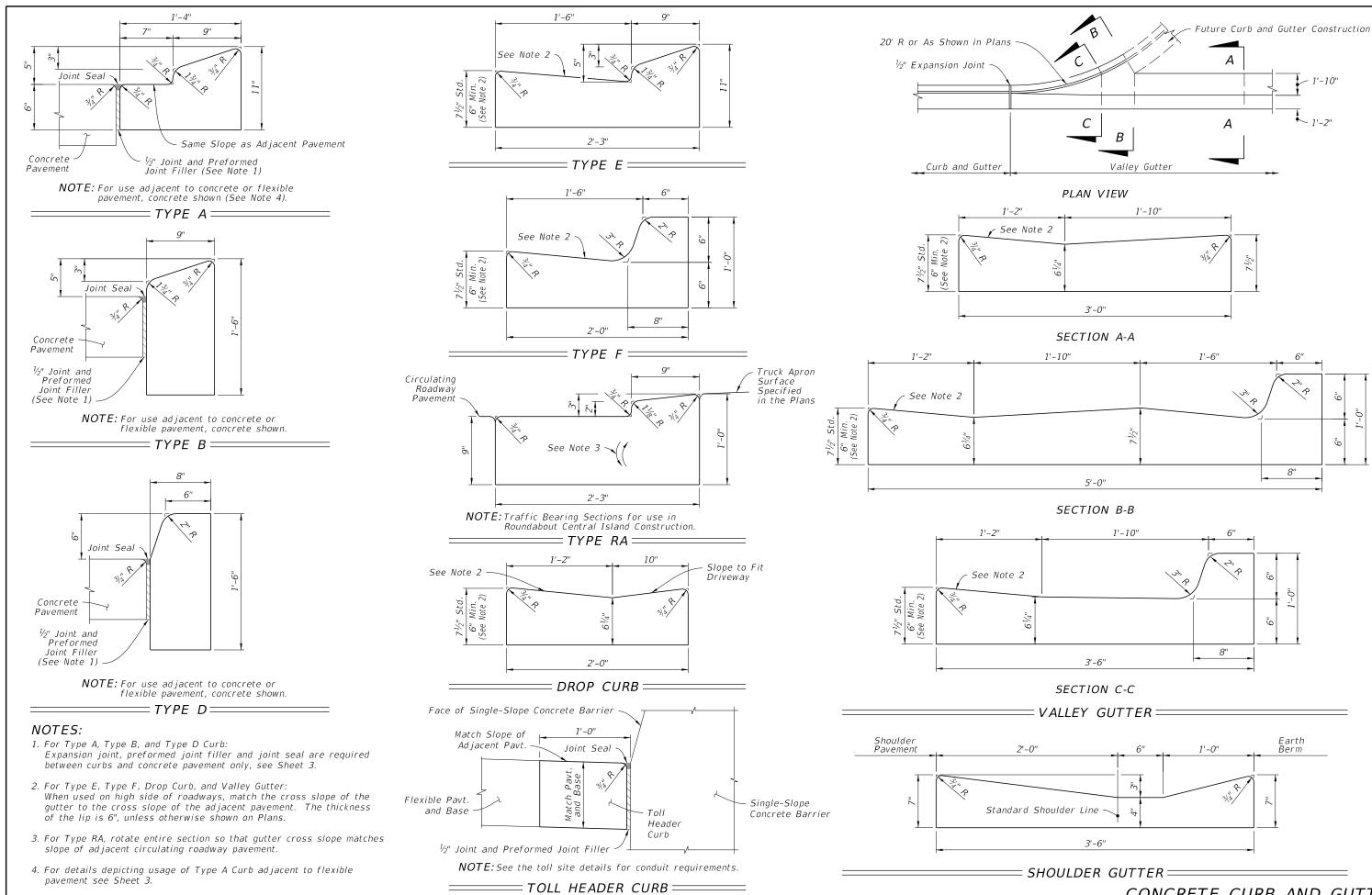
TYPE A, TYPE E, TYPE F, AND SHOULDER GUTTER (Other Types Similar)



= CONCRETE BUMPER GUARD ===

DESCRIPTION:

*520-001* 



REVISION 11/01/21

DESCRIPTION:

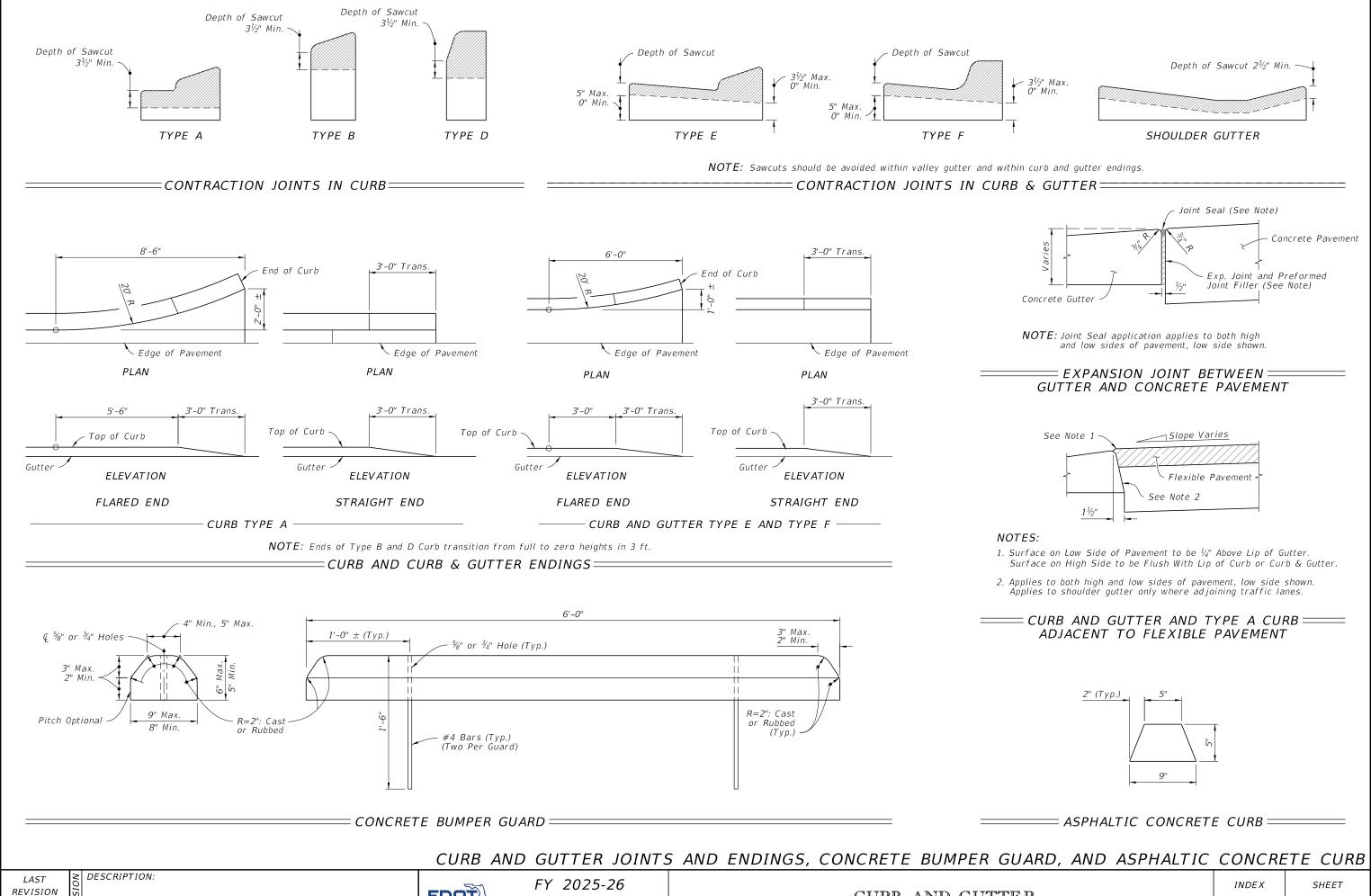
FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

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CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER

SHEET 2 of 3



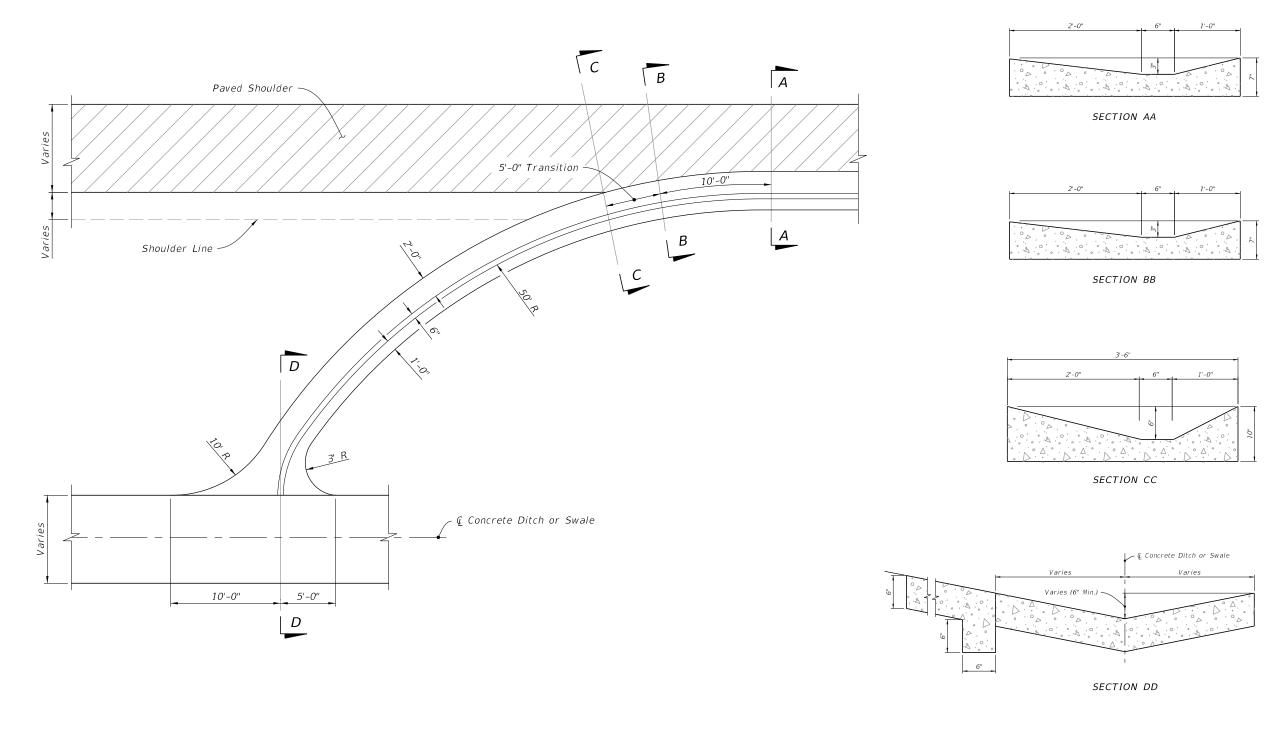
11/01/21

FDOT

STANDARD PLANS

CURB AND GUTTER

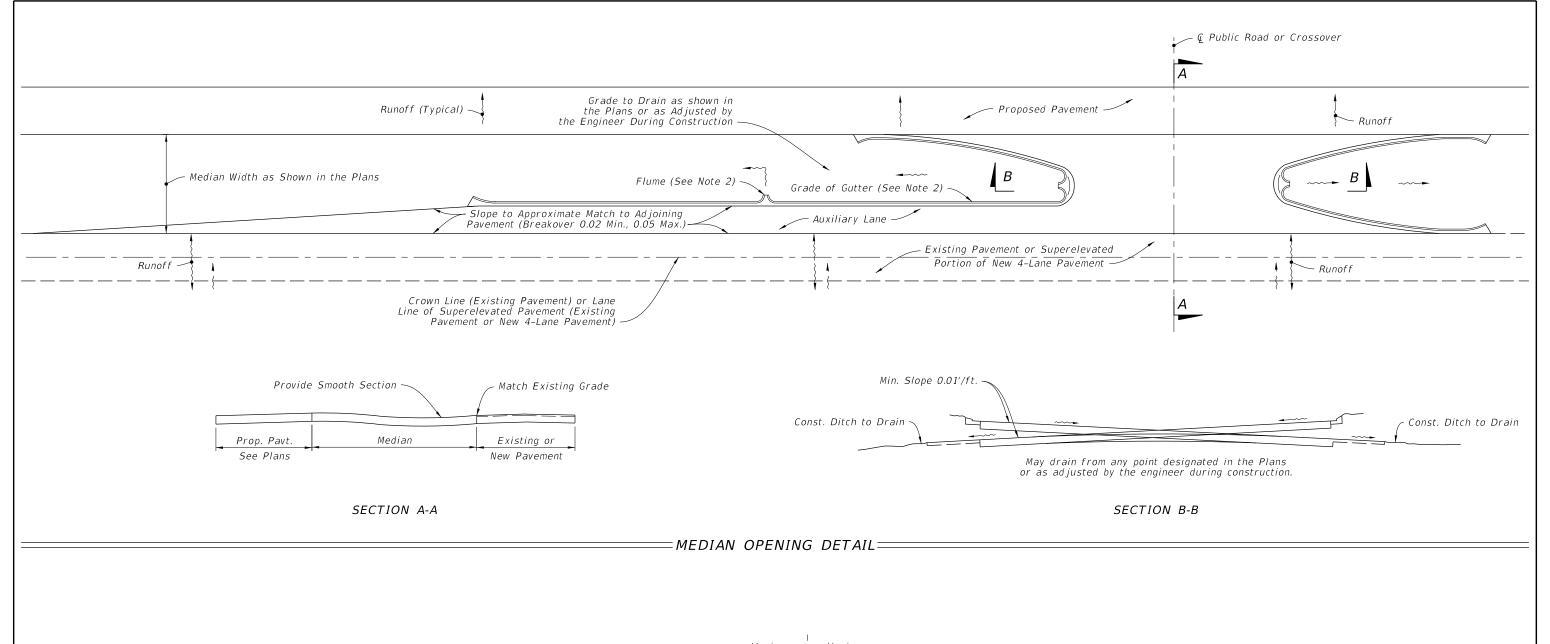
520-001 3 of 3



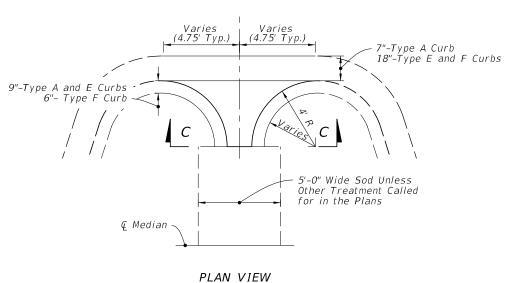
= CONCRETE SPILLWAY AT END OF SHOULDER GUTTER DETAILS ==

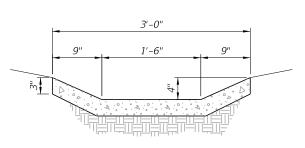
≥ DESCRIPTION: LAST REVISION 11/01/21

FDOT



- 1. These details are to apply to projects which provide for the conversion of 2-lane sections to 4-lane divided highway sections and for superelevated sections of new 4-lane divided highways. Layout above is illustration only.
- 2. See Plans for flume length and location and grade of gutter. Flume locations may be adjusted by the Engineer during construction. If necessary to provide minimum gutter grade, warp surface of the median pavement within limits of the median curb or curb and gutter.





SECTION CC

=FLUME DETAIL=

REVISION 11/01/21

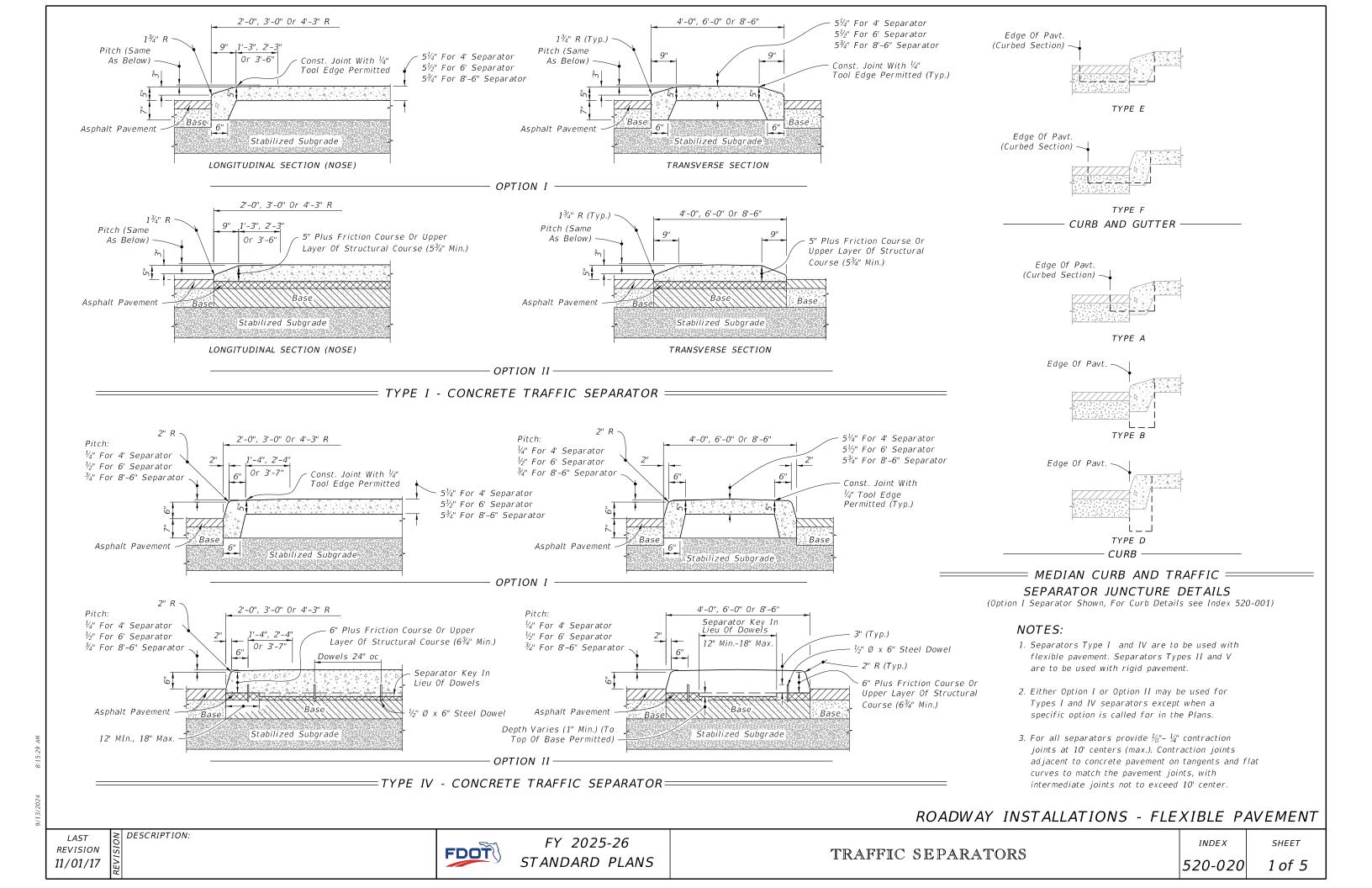
FDOT

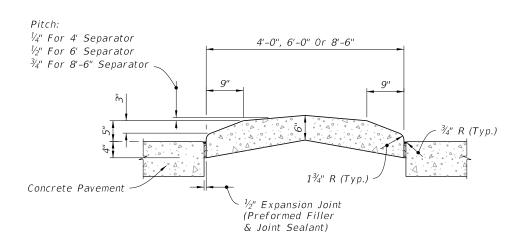
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

MEDIAN OPENING FLUME

INDEX *520-010* 

SHEET 1 of 1

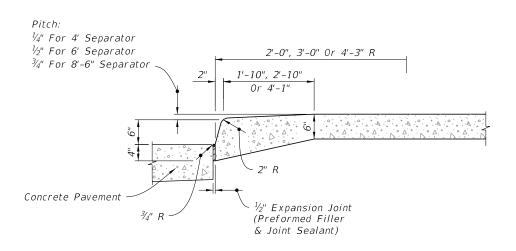


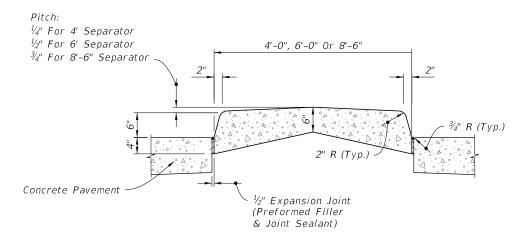


# LONGITUDINAL SECTION (NOSE)

TRANSVERSE SECTION

= TYPE II - CONCRETE TRAFFIC SEPARATOR =





LONGITUDINAL SECTION (NOSE)

TRANSVERSE SECTION

TYPE V - CONCRETE TRAFFIC SEPARATOR:

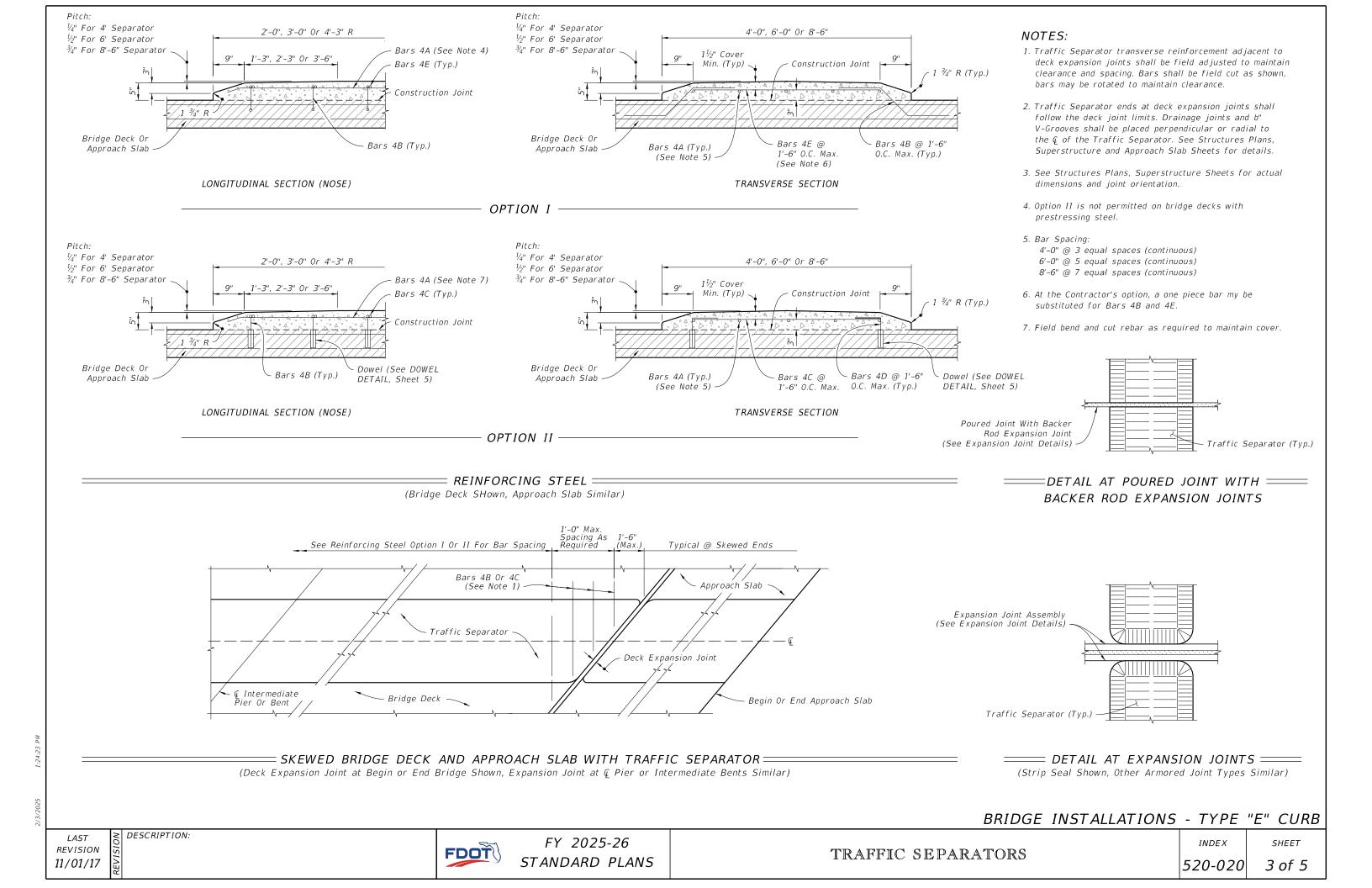
ROADWAY INSTALLATIONS - RIGID PAVEMENT

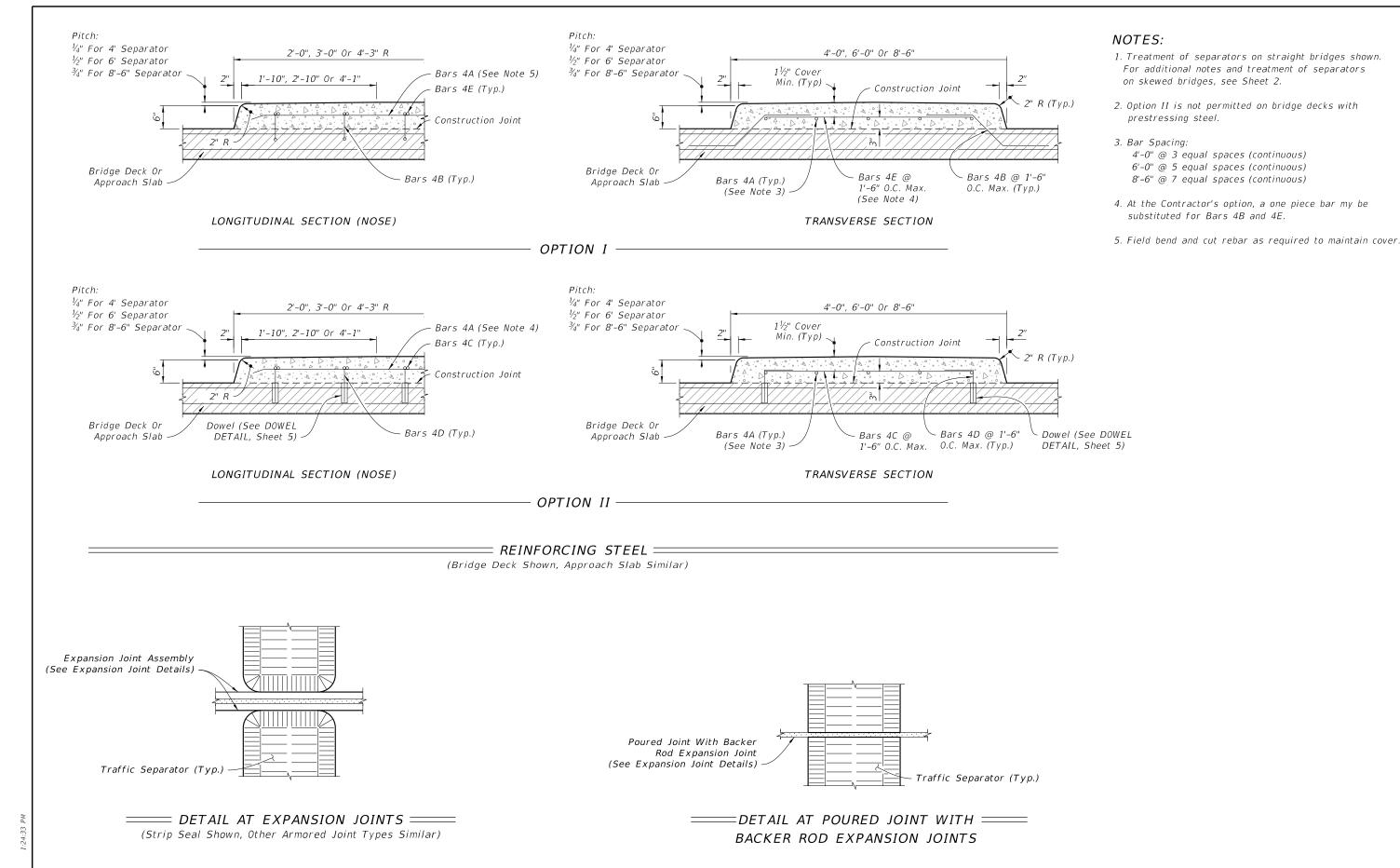
REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

INDEX





BRIDGE INSTALLATIONS - TYPE "F" CURB

LAST REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

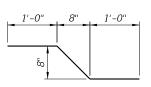
TRAFFIC SEPARATORS

INDEX

SHEET

SEPARATORS 520-020

0 4 of 5

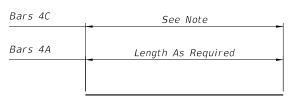


Bars 4A & 4E

Bar 4B

Length of Bars 4E is 2'-5" for 4'-0" Separator. Length of Bars 4E is 4'-5" for 6'-0" Separator. Length of Bars 4E is 6'-11" for 8'-6" Separator.

#### — OPTION I —





Bars 4A & 4C

Bar 4D

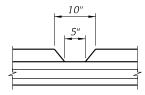
Length of Bars 4C is  $2'-4\frac{1}{2}''$  for 4'-0'' Separator. Length of Bars 4C is  $4'-4\frac{1}{2}''$  for 6'-0'' Separator. Length of Bars 4C is  $6'-10\frac{1}{2}$ " for 8'-6" Separator.

#### — OPTION II —

#### REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

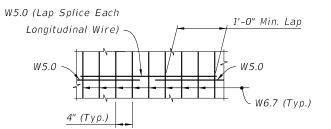
- 1. All dimensions are out to out.
- 2. The 8" vertical dimension shown for Bars 4B and 4D are based on a slab  $8\frac{1}{2}$ " thick or greater without a wearing surface. If slab thickness is less than 81/3", decrease this dimension by an amount equal to the difference in thickness. If a wearing surface is to be provided, increase this dimension by an amount equal to the wearing surface thickness.

# = CONVENTIONAL REINFORCING STEEL BENDING DIAGRAMS =====



See Structures Plans, Superstructure Sheets for location(s) of drainage joints. Locations for drainage joints shall be limited to the constant width section of separator.

> DRAINAGE JOINT DETAIL = (For 5" Opening Or Less)

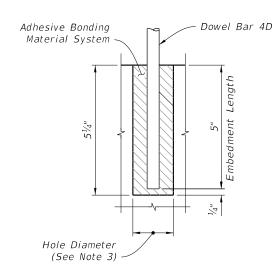


## SPLICE DETAIL (Between WWR 3 x 4 - W5.0 x W6.7 Sections)

- OPTION A: Use Welded Wire Reinforcement 3 x 4 W5.0 x W6.7 as required by plans in place of Bars 4A, 4B and 4E. Bend the Welded Wire Reinforcement to the dimensions of Bar 4B shown in the Bending Diagram for Reinforcing Steel Option I.
- OPTION B: Use Welded Wire Reinforcement 3 x 4 W5.0 x W6.7 as required by plans in place of Bars 4A and 4C shown in Reinforcing Steel Option II.

NOTE: Welded Wire Reinforcement to consist of smooth wire meeting the requirements of Specification 931.

# ==== ALTERNATE REINFORCING STEEL DETAILS===== (Welded Wire Reinforcement)



#### DOWEL NOTES:

- 1. Shift Dowel Holes to clear if existing reinforcement is encountered.
- 2. Provide and install an adhesive bonding material system in accordance with Specifications 416 and 937.
- 3. The dowel hole diameter is to meet adhesive bonding material system manufacturer's requirements.

=DOWEL DETAIL===

# ESTIMATED TRAFFIC SEPARATOR QUANTITIES:

CONSTANT WIDTH OF SEPARATOR:

	<u> TYPE "E"</u>		<u>TYPE "F"</u>
4'-0"	Width = 0.056 CY per Ft.	-	0.072 CY per Ft
6'-0"	Width = 0.089 CY per Ft.	-	0.112 CY per Ft
8'-6"	Width = 0.132 CY per Ft.	_	0.164 CY per Ft

## NOSE:

	TYPE "E"		<u> TYPE "F"</u>
4'-0"	Width = 0.080 CY	-	0.109 CY
6'-0"	Width = 0.193 CY	-	0.257 CY
8'-6"	Width = 0.403 CY	-	0.536 CY

#### REINFORCING STEEL:

(All quantities are based on an  $8\frac{1}{2}$ " slab.)

#### OPTION I:

4'-0" Width - 6.37 Lbs. per Ft. 6'-0" Width - 8.60 Lbs. per Ft. 8'-6" Width - 11.05 Lbs. per Ft.

# OPTION II:

4'-0" Width - 4.77 Lbs. per Ft. 6'-0" Width - 7.00 Lbs. per Ft. 8'-6" Width - 9.45 Lbs. per Ft.

BRIDGE INSTALLATIONS - TYPE "E" AND "F" CURB

REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

SHEET

1

2

3

4

5

CONTENTS

Median Barrier

Index Contents: General Notes

Median Barrier - Reinforcing Details

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- 1. BARRIER CONCRETE: Use Class II concrete for all barriers constructed in slightly aggressive environments, and use Class IV Concrete for all barriers constructed in moderately or extremely aggressive environments. On all exposed surfaces, apply a General Surface Finish in accordance with Specification 400.
- 2. STEEL BAR REINFORCEMENT: Where required to maintain continuity, provide lap splices of at least 18 inches for No. 4 bars and 20 inches for No. 5 bars, unless otherwise shown herein (including shorter splices as provided by the default bar bending diagrams).

The default reinforcing details shown herein, including bar shapes and lap splice positions, are intended to show required steel locations and provide for a constructible design. However, with the approval of the Engineer, alternate steel configurations may be used in the same locations shown herein, given that the equivalent strength reinforcing is provided and the cover, maximum spacing, and continuity requirements are maintained.

3. OPTIONAL WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT: With the approval of the Engineer, steel welded wire reinforcement in accordance with Specification 415 may be substituted for the steel bars shown herein. Place the welded wire in the same locations specified for the steel bars, and maintain the equivalent strength, cover, maximum spacing, and continuity requirements.

# GENERAL NOTES (CONTINUED):

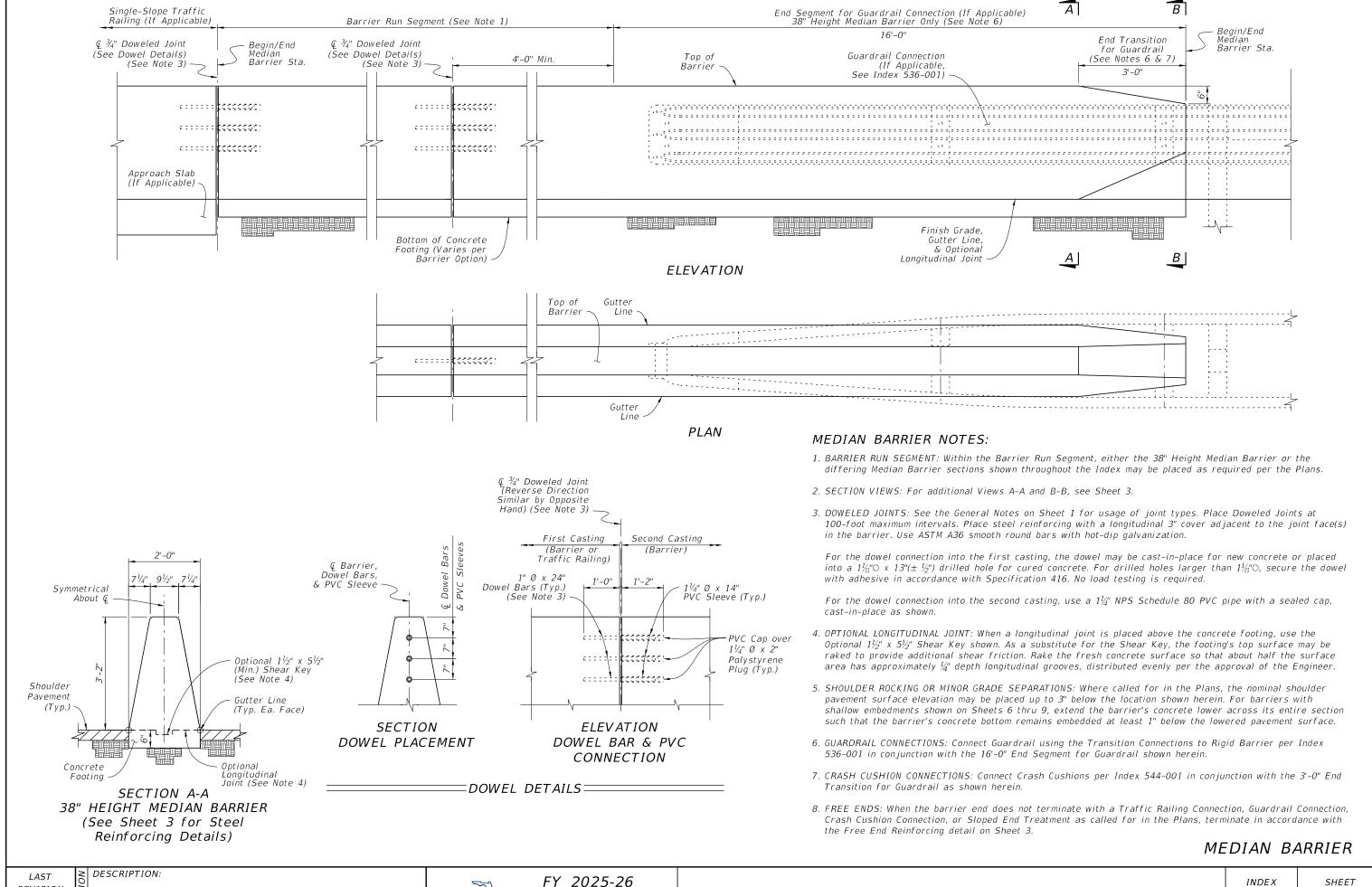
- 4. TOP FACE LONGITUDINAL REINFORCEMENT: Unless otherwise specified, the longitudinal reinforcement shown closest to the top face of the barrier has a maximum cover of  $4\frac{1}{2}$ ", measured from the top face of the barrier.
- 5. MINIMUM BARRIER LENGTH: Unless otherwise shown in the Plans, the minimum Concrete Barrier length is 40 feet.
- 6. CONSTRUCTION JOINTS: Install Construction Joints only as needed for discontinuous concrete casting or cold joints. Maintain continuity of steel reinforcement across Construction Joints. Construction Joints are classified herein as Transverse Joints or Longitudinal Joints.

Transverse Joints are permitted at 20-foot or greater intervals along the barrier. For Tall Grade-Separated Sections, see Sheet 5 for additional Transverse Joint requirements.

Longitudinal Joints are only permitted where indicated in the following details and notes, with a vertical position tolerance of  $\pm 1\frac{1}{2}$ " from the locations shown.

- 7. DOWELED JOINTS: As shown in the Dowel Details on Sheets 2 & 13, install <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" Doweled Joints for Concrete Barrier connections to Wall Coping Barriers, Pier Protection Barriers, and Traffic Railings. Doweled Joints are also required for expansion mitigation in Median Barrier as defined per Sheets 2 & 5. Doweled Joints are not permitted within Grade-Separated Median Barrier.
- 8. CRACK CONTROL V-GROOVES: At 20-foot intervals, place  $\frac{3}{8}$ " depth V-grooves that run vertically and/or transversely in the front, top, and back faces of barriers. The V-grooves can be either molded or scored while the concrete is still plastic.
- 9. SUBGRADE: Compact the top layer of subgrade with Type B Stabilization, LBR 40 (12 in.).
- 10. FOOTING BOTTOM CONCRETE COVER: At the bottom of barrier footings shown throughout this Index, up to 2 inches of additional concrete cover is permitted beyond what is shown herein to accommodate soil grade irregularities.
- 11. FINISH GRADE ELEVATION: At the barrier face location, the finish grade pavement has a vertical position tolerance of  $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ " from the nominal locations shown herein, relative to the barrier elevation. Maintain visually smooth and even pavement at the barrier face, per the approval of the Engineer.
- 12. DRAINAGE INLETS: Where called for in the Plans, install corresponding inlets per Indexes 425-030 thru 425-032.
- 13. LIGHT POLE MOUNTING: Where called for in the Plans, install aluminum light poles per Index 715-002.
- 14. OPAQUE VISUAL BARRIER: Where called for in the Plans, install Opaque Visual Barrier per Index 521-010.
- 15. BARRIER END MARKERS: For all free ends of concrete barriers that are not shielded with an end treatment or connection to another barrier or traffic railing type, install a Type 3 Object Marker on the end face per Specification 705.
- 16. BARRIER DELINEATORS: Install Barrier Delineators in accordance with Specification 705. For median barriers, mount the delineator on the top of the barrier, at the centerline of barrier, with reflective sheeting facing traffic on both approaches. For shoulder barriers and split sections, mount the delineators on the top of the barrier, with the roadway side of the delineator located 2" from the front face of the barrier and the reflective sheeting facing traffic of the nearest approach.
- 17. TOLL SITES: Where called for in the Plans, substitute the steel reinforcing bars shown herein with GFRP reinforcing bars of the same size. Construct GFRP reinforcing bars in accordance with Specification 932, and use a maximum 4½" inner diameter for bar bends. Alternative bar bending details and shapes may be used so long as the final location of the reinforcing is unchanged and the bars are either continuous or fully spliced at the side and bottom barrier locations. Where required to fit pull boxes while maintaining bar spacing and concrete cover, trim GFRP bars as defined in the Plans.

At toll site locations, the use of Median Barriers on outside shoulders is permitted where called for in the Plans. Shoulder Pavement shown herein may be substituted with material for an alternate usage where defined in the Plans.



CONCRETE BARRIER

*521-001* 

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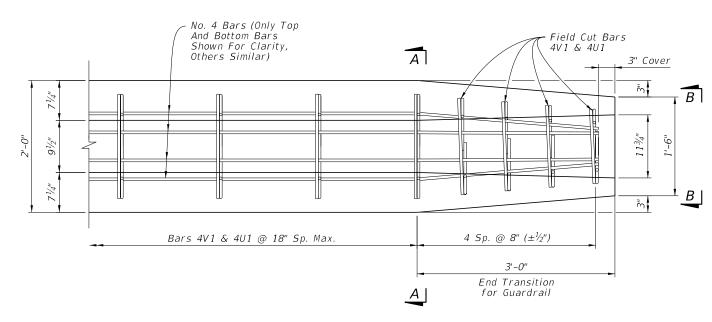
FDOT

STANDARD PLANS

REVISION

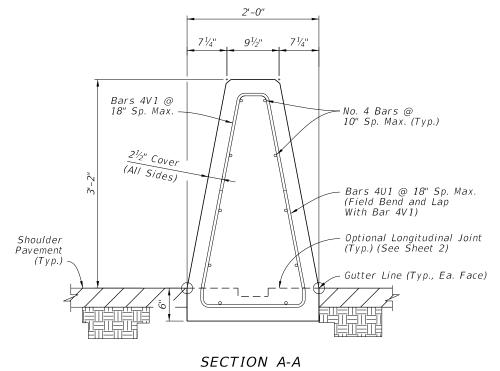
11/01/24

PLAN VIEW - 38" HEIGHT MEDIAN BARRIER FREE END REINFORCING (See Note 3)



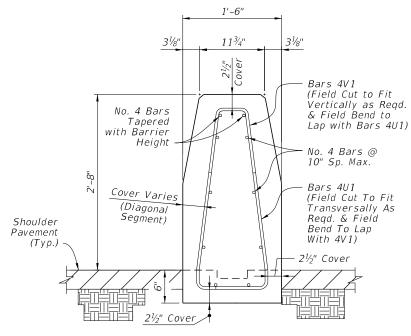
PLAN VIEW - END SEGMENT FOR GUARDRAIL CONNECTION (See Note 3)

- 1. GENERAL: Work with the Plan and Elevation Views on Sheet 2.
- 2. BAR BENDING DIAGRAMS: For additional information on Bars 4V1 and 4U1, see the details on Sheet 26.
- 3. PLAN VIEWS: Only top and bottom longitudinal reinforcing is shown for clarity. For all longitudinal steel locations, see the section views.



38" HEIGHT MEDIAN BARRIER

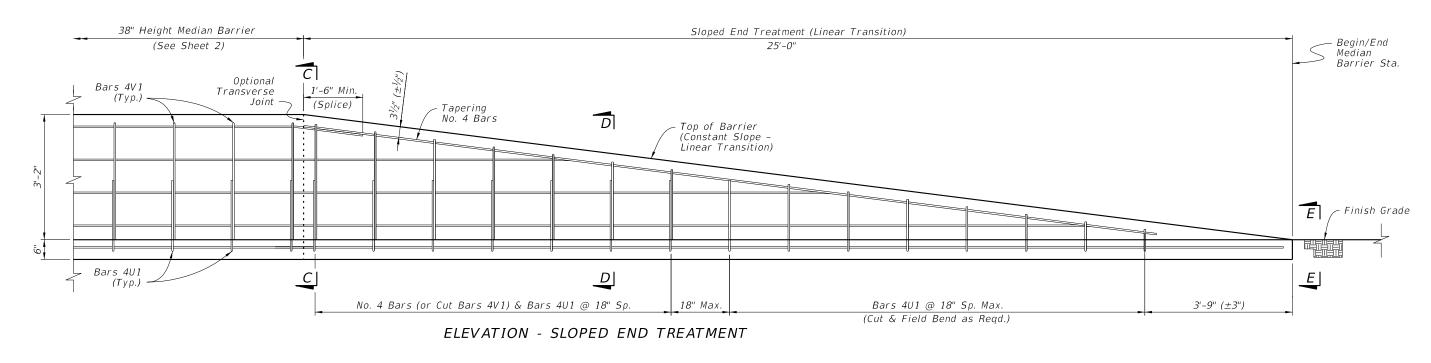
Concrete Qty. = 0.20 CY/FT Stee/ Qty. = 11.8 LB/FT

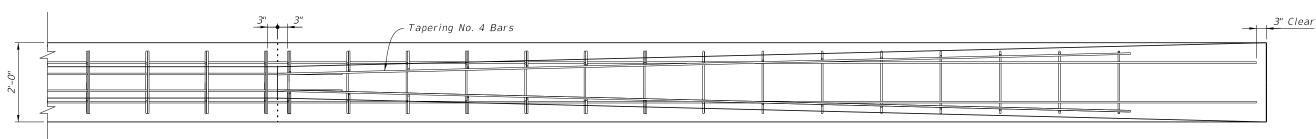


VIEW B-B REDUCED SECTION OF END TRANSITION FOR GUARDRAIL (End of Barrier)

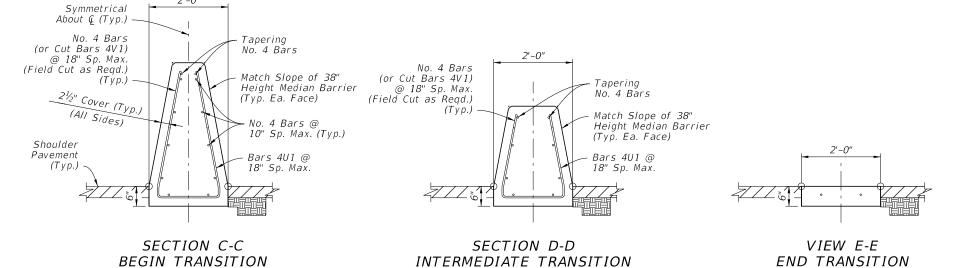
MEDIAN BARRIER - REINFORCING DETAILS

REVISION 11/01/20





# PLAN - SLOPED END TREATMENT (Only Top & Bottom Longitudinal Bars Shown for Clarity, See Section Views for All Longitudinal Steel Locations)



## NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Install Sloped End Treatment only where called for in the plans.
- 2. JOINTS: Construction or Doweled Joints are not permitted within the Sloped End Treatment segment.

# MEDIAN BARRIER - SLOPED END TREATMENT

REVISION 11/01/18

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

REINFORCING

(Height Varies Linearly

per Elevation View)

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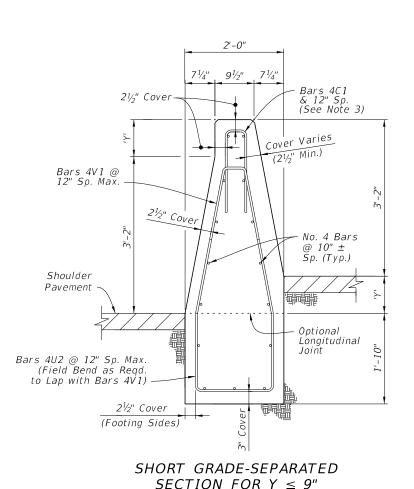
REINFORCING

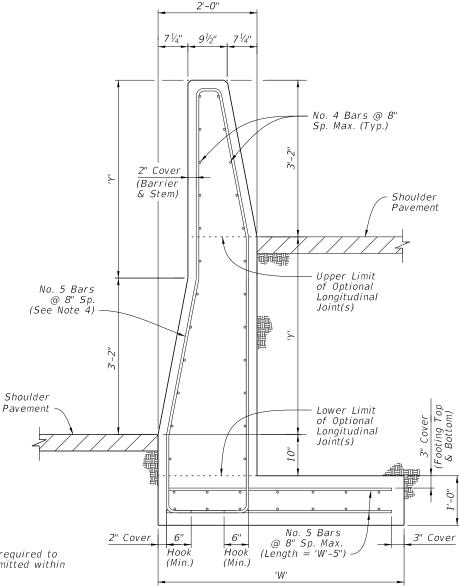
(Height Varies Linearly

per Elevation View)

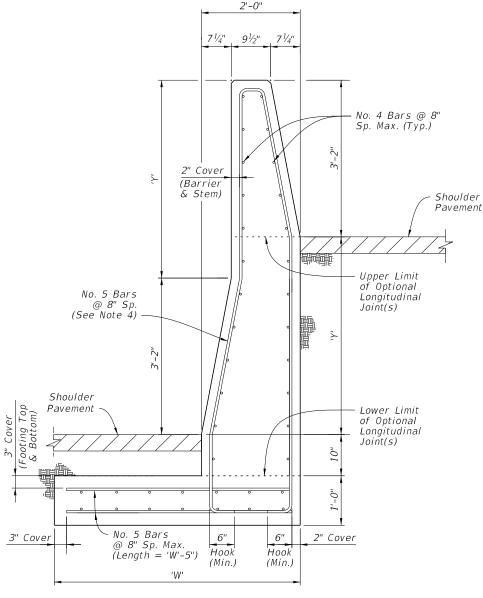
CONCRETE BARRIER

INDEX





TALL GRADE-SEPARATED HEEL FOOTING SECTION  $FOR Y \leq 4'-0''$ 



TALL GRADE-SEPARATED TOE FOOTING SECTION  $FOR Y \leq 4'-0''$ 

- 1. GENERAL: Install the Grade-Separated sections where shown in the Plans and as required to accommodate vertical offsets in pavement of Height Y. Doweled Joints are not permitted within Grade-Separated sections.
- 2. CONNECTIONS BETWEEN DIFFERENT SECTIONS: Connect Short Grade-Separated sections and Tall Grade-Separated sections using a continuous pour or Transverse Joint, where longitudinal steel that aligns within the adjacent section is maintained continuously between sections or has a full lap splice with the adjacent section's longitudinal steel. Connect Short Grade-Separated sections and 38" Height Median Barrier sections of Sheet 2 using a 3/4" Doweled Joint.
- 3. SHORT GRADE-SEPARATED SECTIONS: Bars 4C1 and the two uppermost longitudinal bars may be omitted for segments where Y < 2".
- 4. TALL GRADE-SEPARATED SECTIONS: For the vertical and transverse steel reinforcement shown in the Tall Grade-Separated Sections, bar bending diagrams are not provided due to varying section dimensions and Longitudinal Joint locations. Use any combination of spliced reinforcing steel to position the reinforcement with the same cover, spacing, continuity, and equivalent strength shown herein, as approved by the Engineer.

Longitudinal Joints are permitted between the vertical limits shown, and must remain level and at a consistent height per each continuous casting of concrete. Longitudinal Joints may change elevations at Transverse Joint locations. Field bending of bars is permitted at Longitudinal Joint locations.

Transverse Joints between Tall Grade-Separated Sections do not require continuous steel across the joint if the following conditions are met:

- i. The barrier length on both sides is at least 40 feet, where each segment has continuous steel reinforcement.
- ii. The barrier's vertical steel spacing is reduced to 4" O.C. for a total of 12 spaces on both sides of the joint.

Grade separation Heights of  $Y \leq 9$ " are permitted on a limited basis using the Tall Grade-Separated section; this is to accommodate cases where maintaining the spread footing through lower height segments is more practical than changing to the Short Grade-Separated section.

# TALL GRADE-SEPARATED SECTIONS

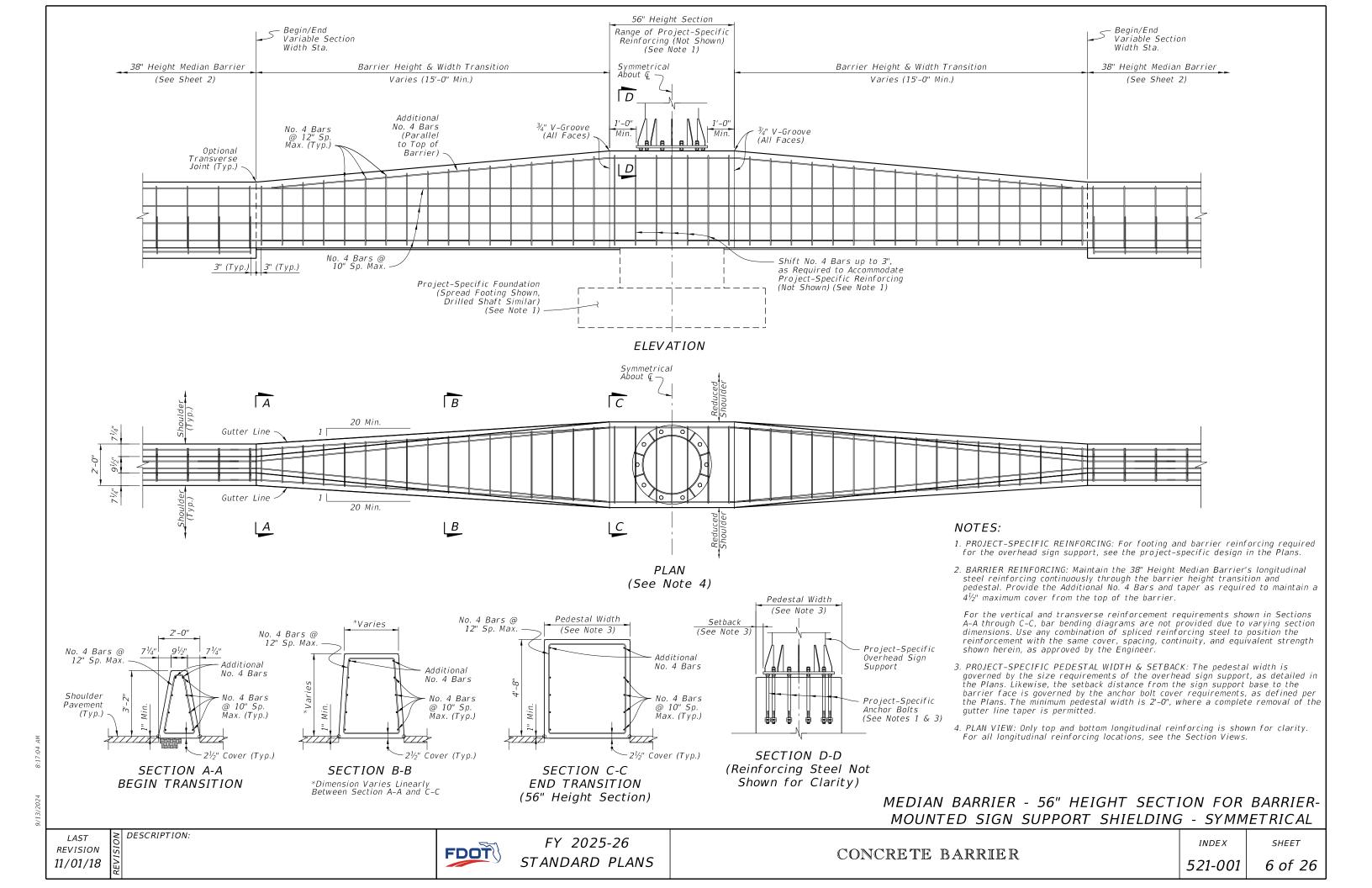
DIMENSION TABLE								
	Max. Height, Y	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-0"	3'-6"	4'-0"
	Footing Width, W	3'-3"	3'-6"	3'-9"	4'-0"	4'-3"	4'-6"	4'-6"

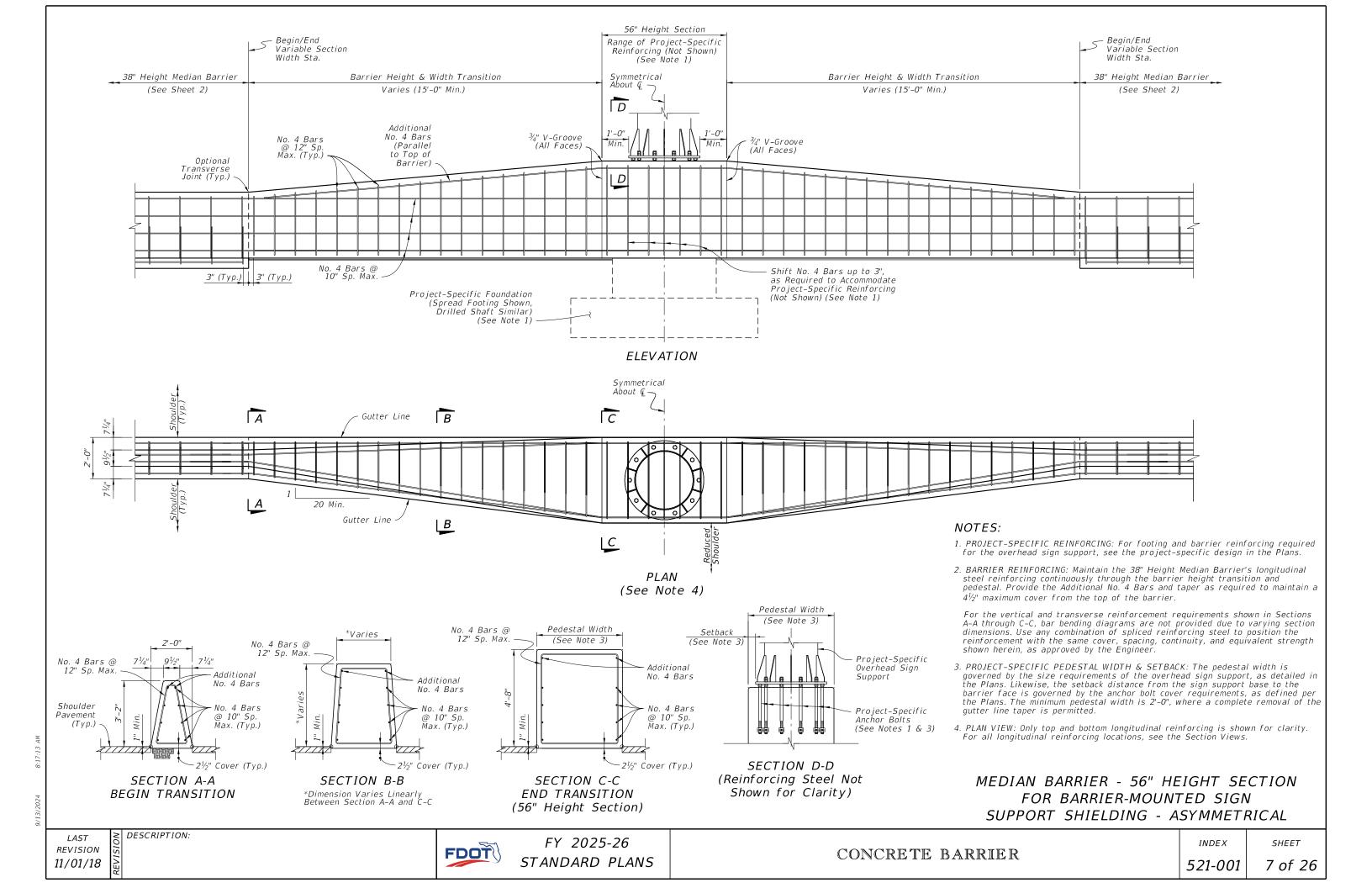
# MEDIAN BARRIER - GRADE-SEPARATED

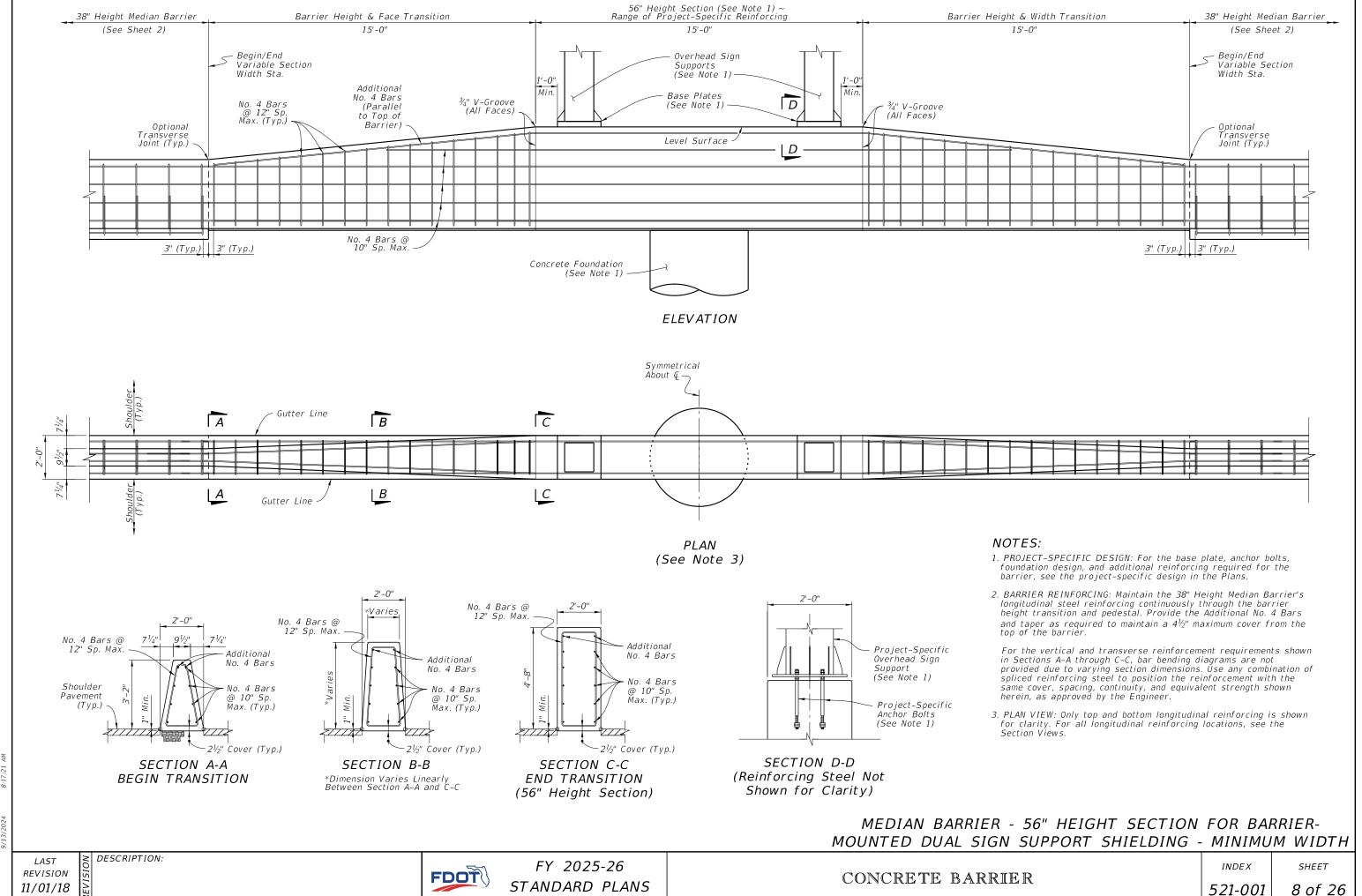
REVISION 11/01/18

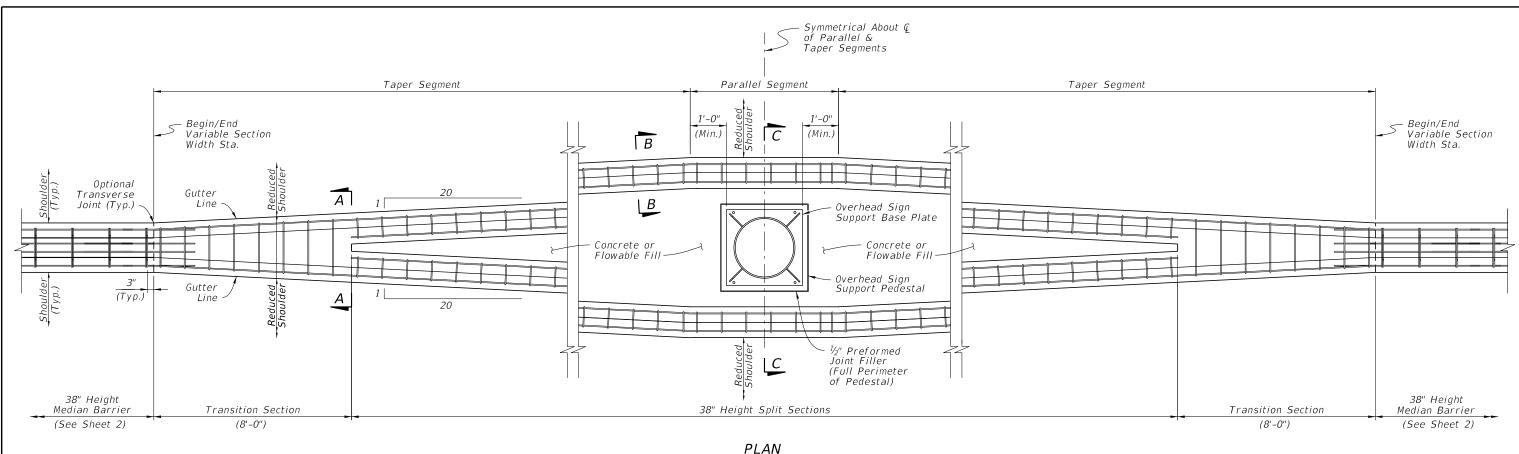
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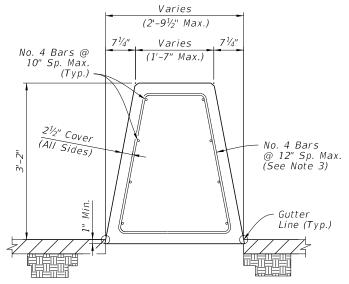






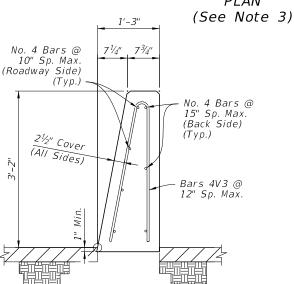






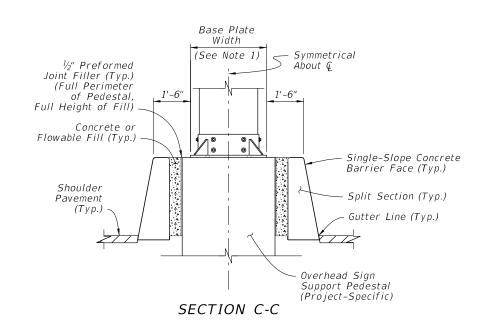
SECTION A-A TRANSITION SECTION (AT BEGIN SPLIT SECTIONS)

- 1. OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT: The overhead sign support shown is an example only; see the Plans for the project-specific dimensions and requirements. The overall length and width of the barrier's taper and parallel segments is governed by the overhead sign support dimensions as defined in the Plans.
- 2. MULTIPLE SIGN SUPPORTS: The parallel segment may be lengthened to accommodate multiple sign supports, with the approach and trailing tapers located 1 foot, measured longitudinally, upstream and downstream from the first and last sign support bases, respectively.
- 3. PLAN VIEW: Only outermost longitudinal reinforcing is shown for clarity. For all longitudinal reinforcing locations, see the Section Views.



SECTION B-B 38" HEIGHT SPLIT SECTION (OPPOSITE SIDE SIMILAR BY OPPOSITE HAND)

- 4. STIRRUP BARS: For the vertical and transverse reinforcement requirements shown in Sections A-A, bar bending diagrams are not provided due to varying section dimensions. Use any combination of spliced reinforcing steel to position the reinforcement with the same cover, spacing, continuity, and equivalent strength shown herein, as approved by the Engineer.
- 5. CONCRETE OR FLOWABLE FILL: Use Class NS Concrete in accordance with Specification 347 or Non-Excavatable Flowable Fill in accordance with Specification



MEDIAN BARRIER - 38" HEIGHT SPLIT SECTION FOR STAND-ALONE SIGN SUPPORT SHIELDING

REVISION 11/01/18

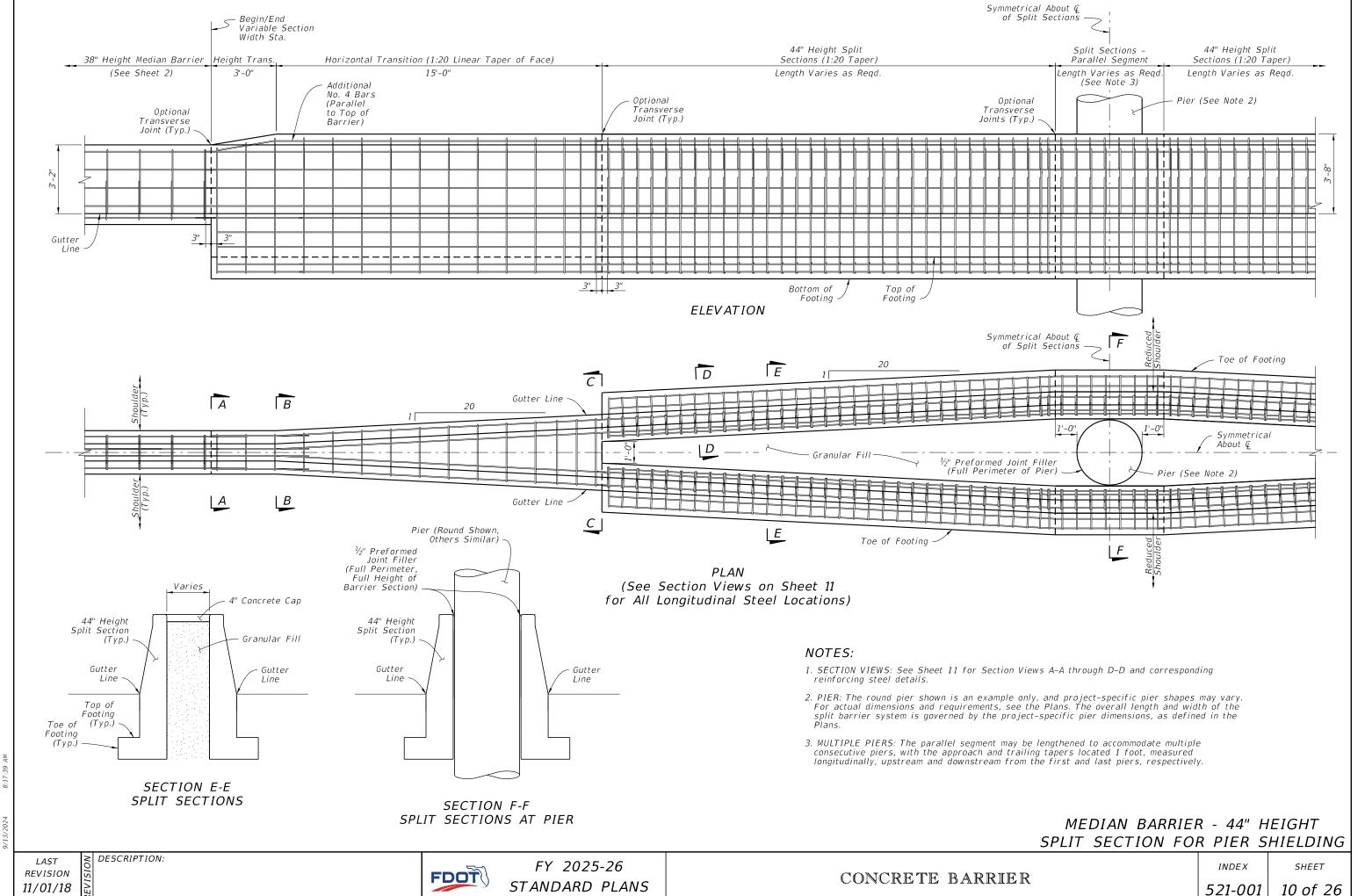
DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

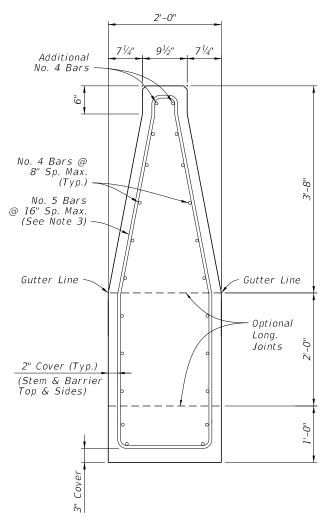
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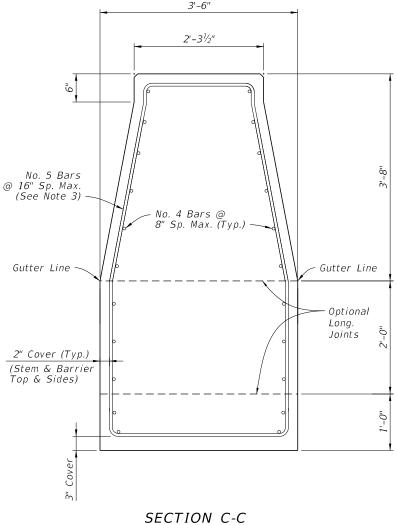
CONCRETE BARRIER



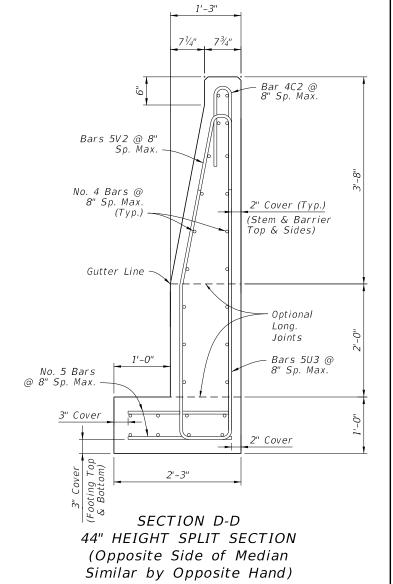
BEGIN HEIGHT TRANSITION (show spliced bars)



SECTION B-B END HEIGHT TRANSITION BEGIN WIDTH TRANSITION



END WIDTH TRANSITION BEGIN SPLIT SECTIONS



Concrete Qty. = 0.30 CY/FT Steel Qty. = 52.6 LB/FT

# NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Work with the Plan and Elevation views on Sheet 10.
- 2. LONGITUDINAL REINFORCING CONTINUITY: Maintain all longitudinal steel reinforcing shown in Section C-C continuously into Section D-D (spliced where required). The additional longitudinal reinforcing shown in Section D-D does not require continuity into Section C-C, and it starts 3" from the construction joint or edge of concrete per the details on Sheet 10.
- 3. STIRRUP BARS: For the vertical and transverse reinforcement requirement shown, bar bending diagrams are not provided due to varying section dimensions. Use any combination of spliced reinforcing steel to position the reinforcement with the same cover, spacing, continuity, and equivalent strength shown herein, as approved by the Engineer.

MEDIAN BARRIER - 44" HEIGHT SPLIT SECTION FOR PIER SHIELDING - DETAILS

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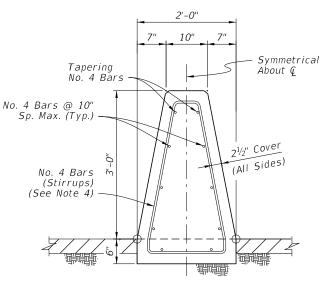
CONCRETE BARRIER

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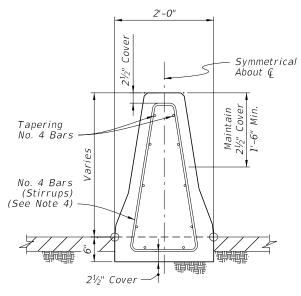
SHEET 11 of 26

DESCRIPTION:

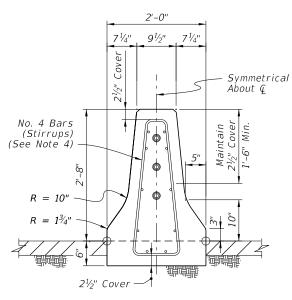
SECTION A-A BEGIN TRANSITION - OPTION 'A' MATCH SINGLE-SLOPE 38" HEIGHT MEDIAN BARRIER



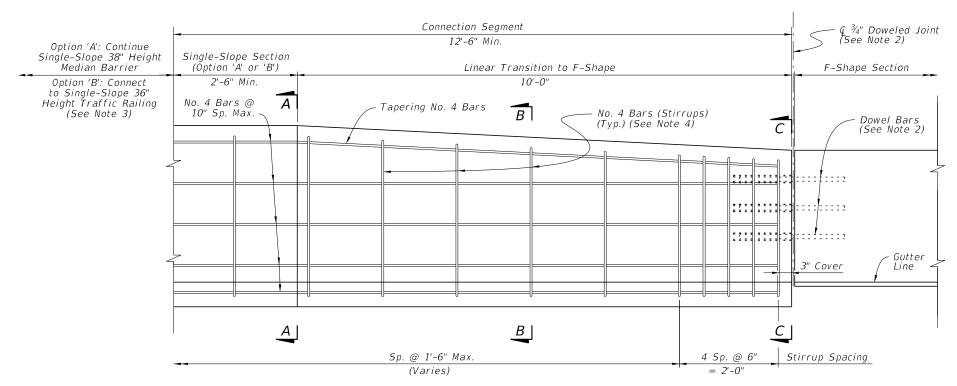
SECTION A-A BEGIN TRANSITION - OPTION 'B' MATCH SINGLE-SLOPE 36" HEIGHT TRAFFIC RAILING (Bridge Applications)



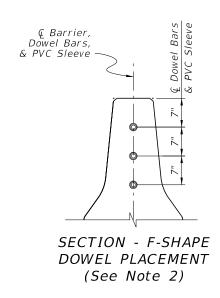
SECTION B-B INTERMEDIATE SECTION OF LINEAR TRANSITION



SECTION C-C **END TRANSITION** MATCH 32" HEIGHT F-SHAPE SECTION



**ELEVATION** (Reverse Direction Similar by Opposite Hand)



- 1. GENERAL: Construct the Connection Segment as required per the Plans to connect existing F-Shape sections to Single-Slope Median Barrier or Traffic Railing sections. Construct Option 'A' or 'B' as required to match the heights of the connecting sections.
- 2. DOWELED JOINT: Install Dowel Bars per the Dowel Details on Sheet 2.
- 3. TRAFFIC RAILING CONNECTION: For the Option 'B' connection, use a Doweled Joint per Sheet 2 and the additional Free End Reinforcing with reduced bar spacing per Sheet 3.
- 4. STIRRUP BARS: For the vertical and transverse reinforcement requirements shown, bar bending diagrams are not provided due to varying section dimensions. Use any combination of spliced reinforcing steel to position the reinforcement with the same cover, spacing, continuity, and equivalent strength shown herein, as approved by the Engineer.

MEDIAN BARRIER - CONNECTION TO F-SHAPE

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DESCRIPTION:

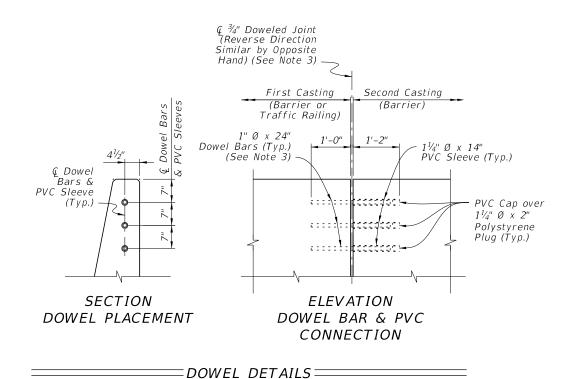
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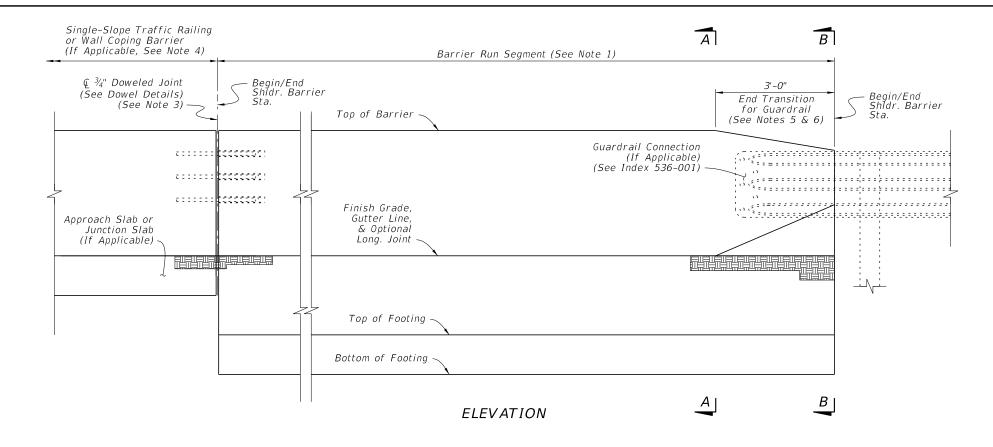
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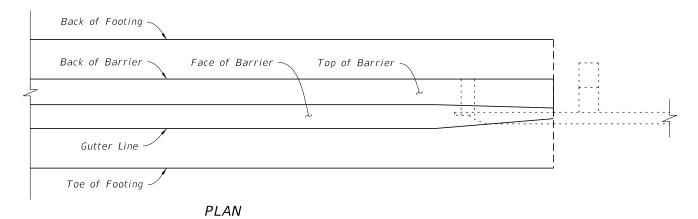
CONCRETE BARRIER

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SECTION A-A 38" HEIGHT SHOULDER BARRIER (See Sheet 14 for Reinforcing Steel Details)







## SHOULDER BARRIER NOTES:

- 1. BARRIER RUN SEGMENT: Either the 38" Height Shoulder Barrier or the differing Shoulder Barrier sections shown throughout the Index may be placed within this segment as required per the Plans.
- 2. SECTION VIEWS: For additional Views A-A and B-B, see Sheet 14.
- 3. DOWELED JOINTS: See the General Notes on Sheet 1 for usage of joint types. Place steel reinforcing with a longitudinal 3" cover adjacent to the joint face in the barrier. Use ASTM A36 smooth round bars with hot-dip galvanization.

For the dowel connection into the first casting, the dowel may be cast-in-place for new concrete or placed into a  $1\frac{1}{8}$ "  $\times$  x 13"( $\pm$   $\frac{1}{2}$ ") drilled hole for cured concrete. For drilled holes larger than 11/8"O, secure the dowel with adhesive in accordance with Specification 416. No load testing is required.

For the dowel connection into the second casting, use a  $1\frac{1}{4}$ " NPS Schedule 80 PVC pipe with a sealed cap, cast-in-place as shown.

- 4. TRAFFIC RAILING CONNECTIONS: Align the barrier and Traffic Railing faces and connect with the  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Doweled Joint.
- 5. GUARDRAIL CONNECTIONS: Connect Guardrail using the Transition Connections to Rigid Barrier per Index 536-001.
- 6. CRASH CUSHION CONNECTIONS: Connect Crash Cushions per Index 544-001 in conjunction with the 3'-0" End Transition for Guardrail as shown herein.
- 7. FREE ENDS: When the barrier end does not terminate with a Traffic Railing Connection, Guardrail Connection, or Crash Cushion Connection as called for in the Plans, terminate in accordance with the Free End Reinforcing Note on Sheet 14.

SHOULDER BARRIER

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DESCRIPTION:

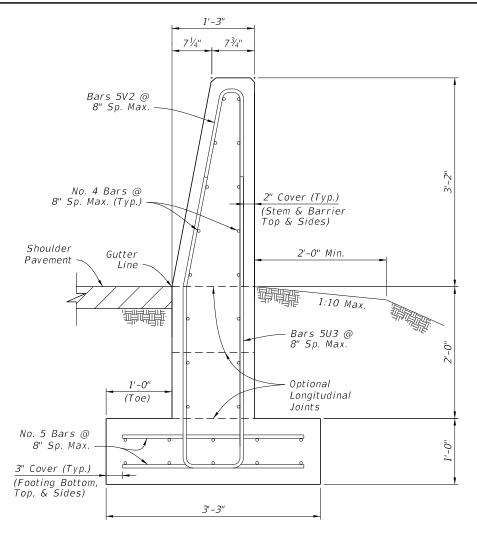
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CONCRETE BARRIER

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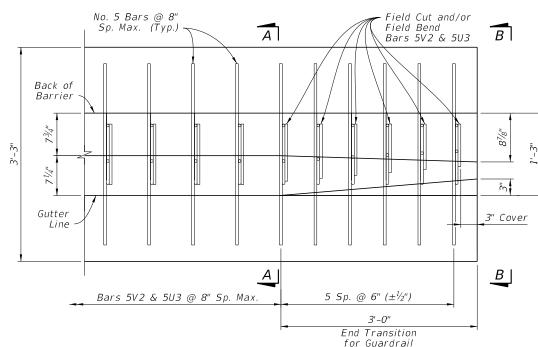


# SECTION A-A 38" HEIGHT SHOULDER BARRIER

Concrete Qty. = 0.32 CY/FT Steel Qty. = 50.9 LB/FT

# NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Work with the Plan and Elevation Views on Sheet 13. The Section Option footings shown on Sheet 15 may be substituted where called for in
- 2. FREE END REINFORCING: Where shown in the Plans, terminate the 38" Height Barrier section with a transverse vertical end face. Reduce the spacing of Bars 5V2 and 5U3 to 6" for 5 Spaces, placed with 3" cover from the barrier's end face.
- 3. BAR BENDING DIAGRAMS: For additional details for bars 5V2 and 5U3, see the Bar Bending Diagrams on Sheet 26.



VIEW B-B REDUCED SECTION OF END TRANSITION FOR GUARDRAIL (End of Barrier)

3'-3"

61/8"

Bars 5V2 @ 6" Sp. (Field Bend Top & Cut Bottom to Lap

Shoulder

Pavement

No. 5 Bars

3" Cover (Typ.)

Top, & Sides)

(Footing Bottom,

@ 6" Sp.

with Bars 5U3)

Cover Varies (Diagonal Segment

2½" Cover

2" Cover (Min.)

1'-0"

(Toe)

8<sup>7</sup>/8"

No. 4 Bars Tapered Down with Barrier Height

No. 4 Bars

2'-0" Min.

Optional

Joints

Longitudinal

@ 8" Sp. Max. (Typ.)

1:10 Max.

Bars 5U3 @ 6" Sp. (Field Bend Bottom

to Align with Bars 5V2)

2" Cover

PLAN VIEW - END SEGMENT FOR GUARDRAIL CONNECTION (Longitudinal Steel Not Shown for Clarity)

SHOULDER BARRIER - REINFORCING DETAILS

REVISION 11/01/18

FDOT

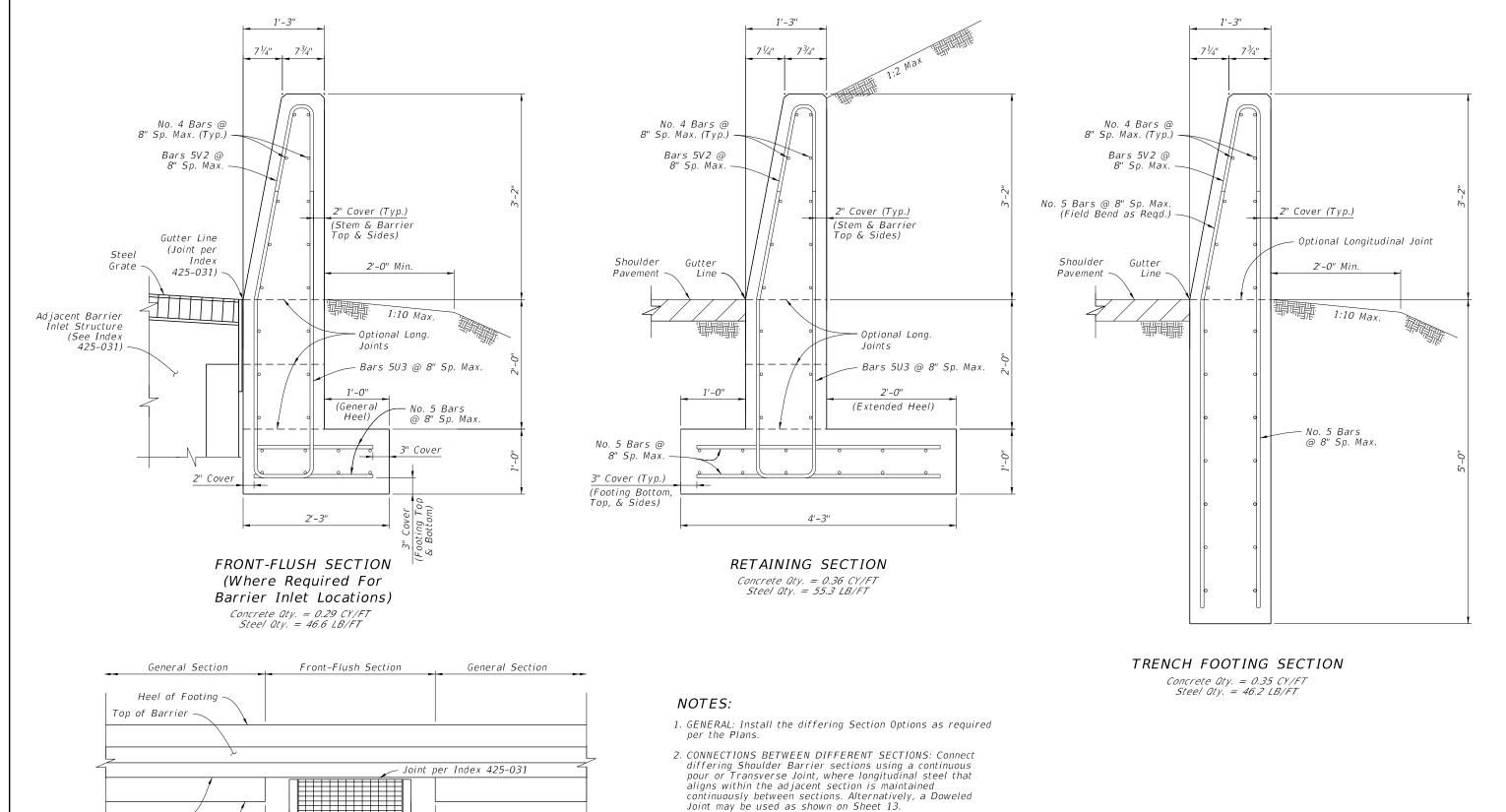
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CONCRETE BARRIER

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DESCRIPTION:



Gutter Line Toe of Footing

> FRONT-FLUSH SECTION - PLAN VIEW (Not Applicable for Trench Footing Sections)

3. FLUSH RETAINING SECTION COMBINATION: Where Barrier Inlets are required in retaining segments, install the Flush Section, except replace the 1'-0" General Heel with the 2'-0" Extended Heel as shown in the Retaining Section. Use longer lateral reinforcing bars of 2'-10" length to maintain the cover shown.

SHOULDER BARRIER - SECTION OPTIONS

REVISION 11/01/19

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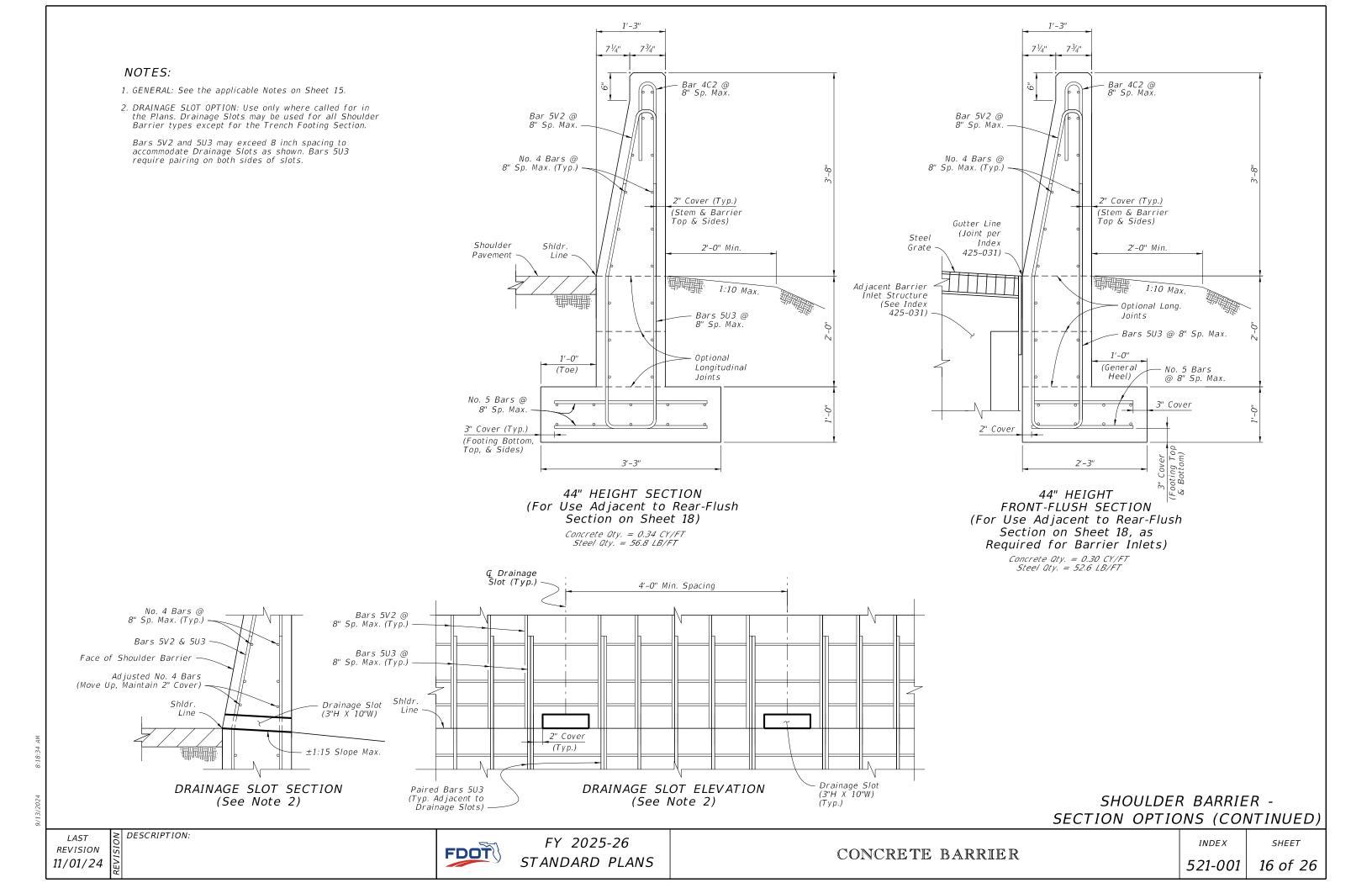
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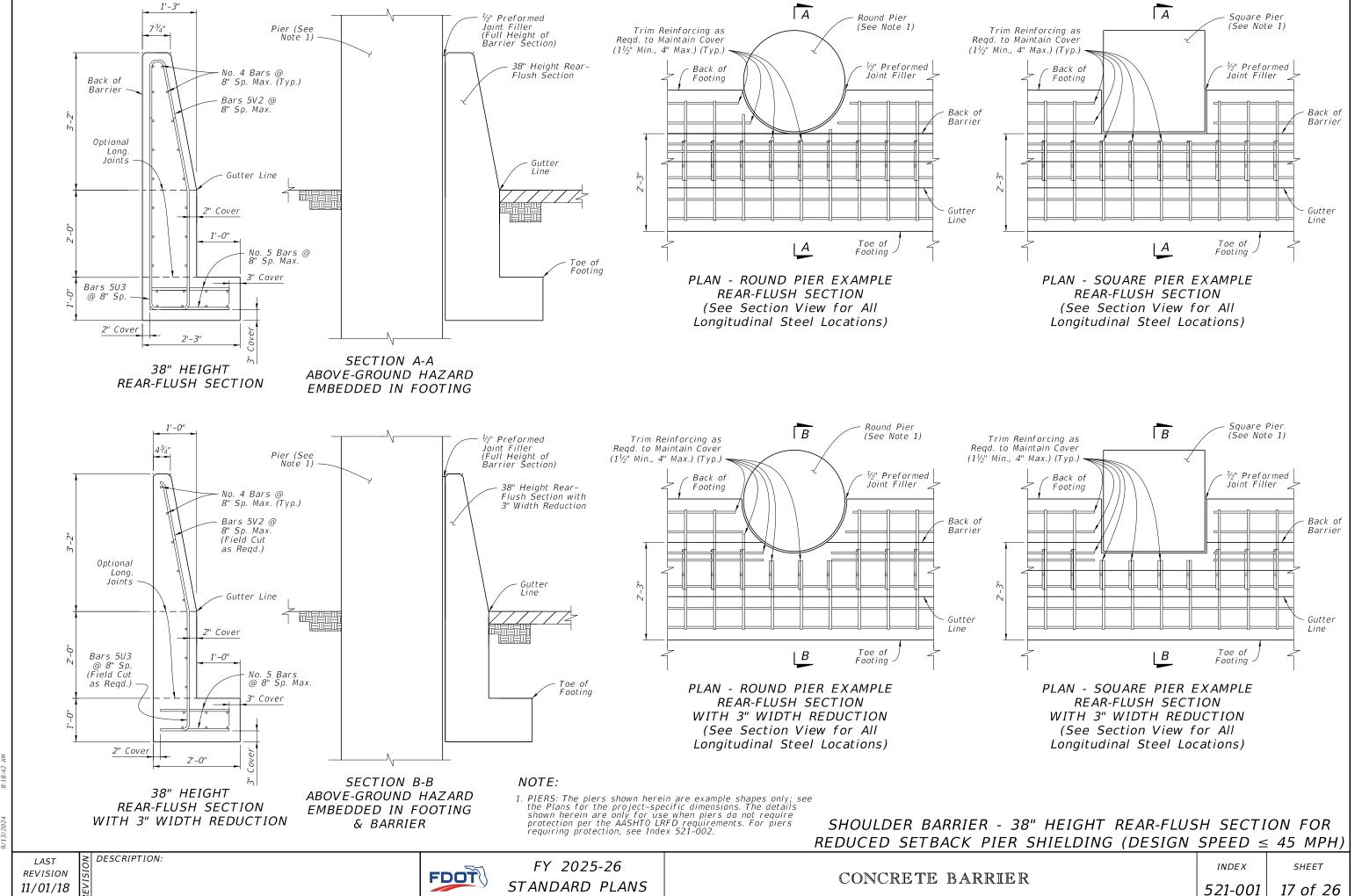
Adjacent Barrier

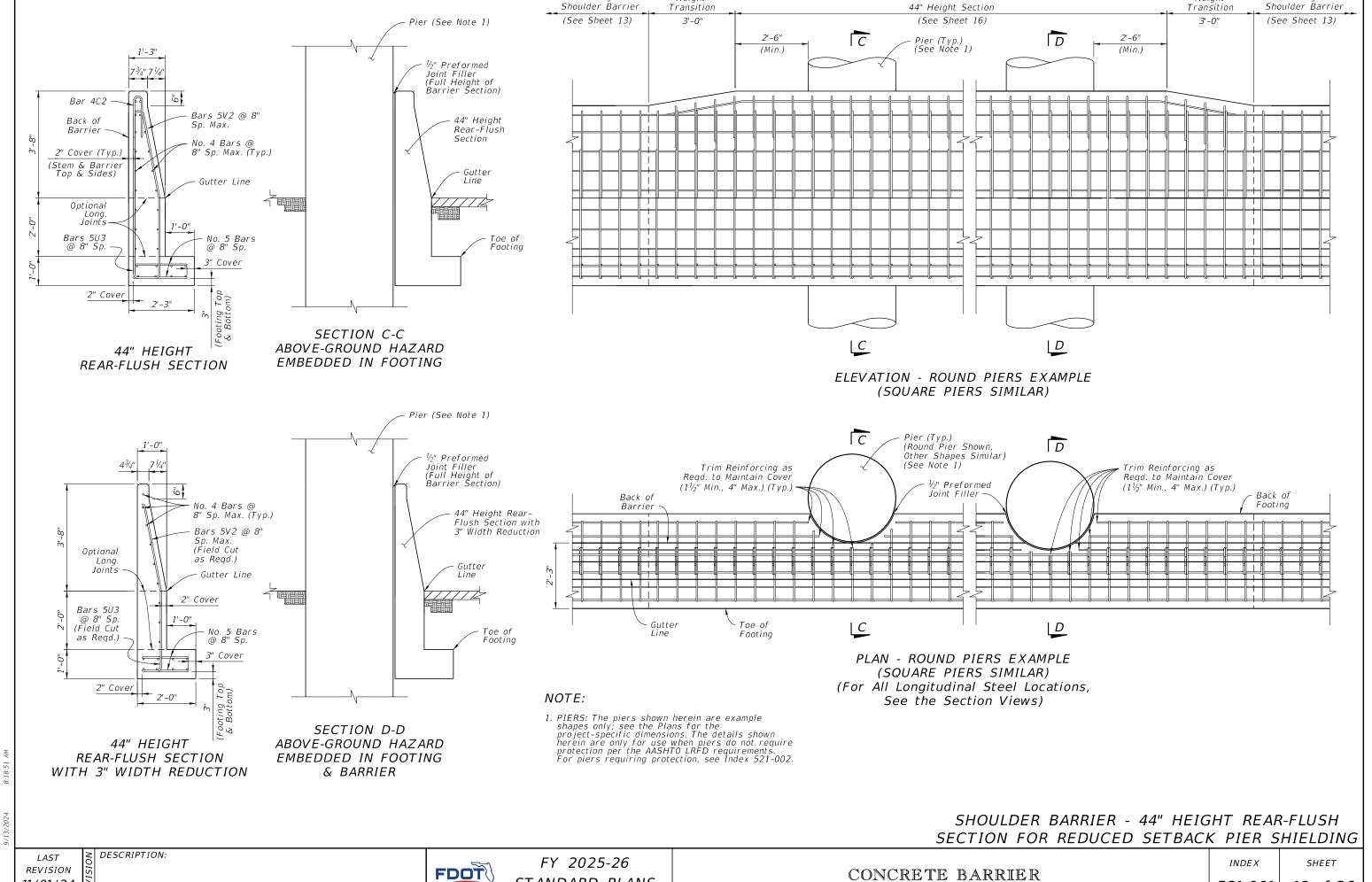
per Index 425-031

Inlet Structure

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Height

38" Height

Height

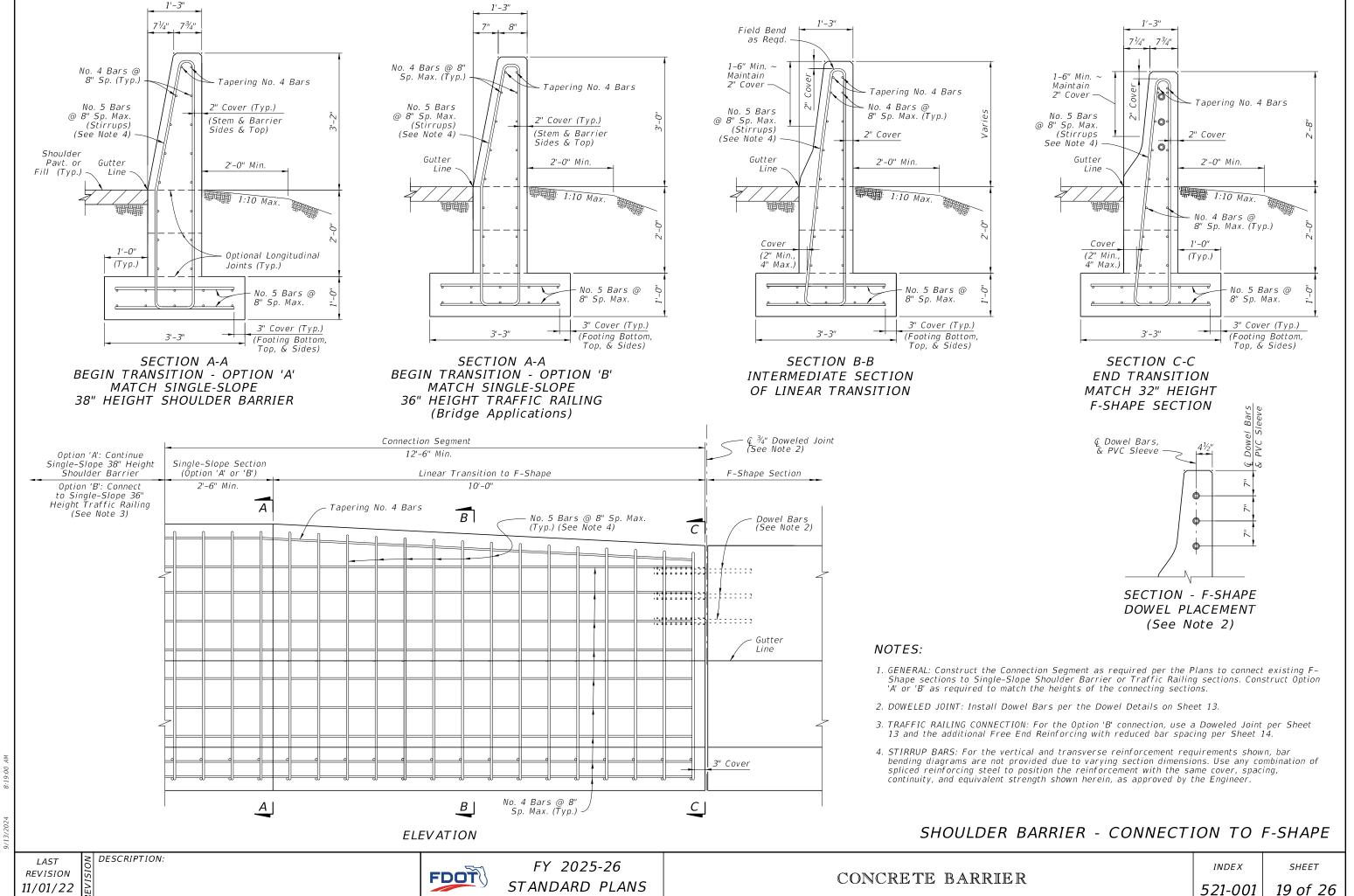
*521-001* 

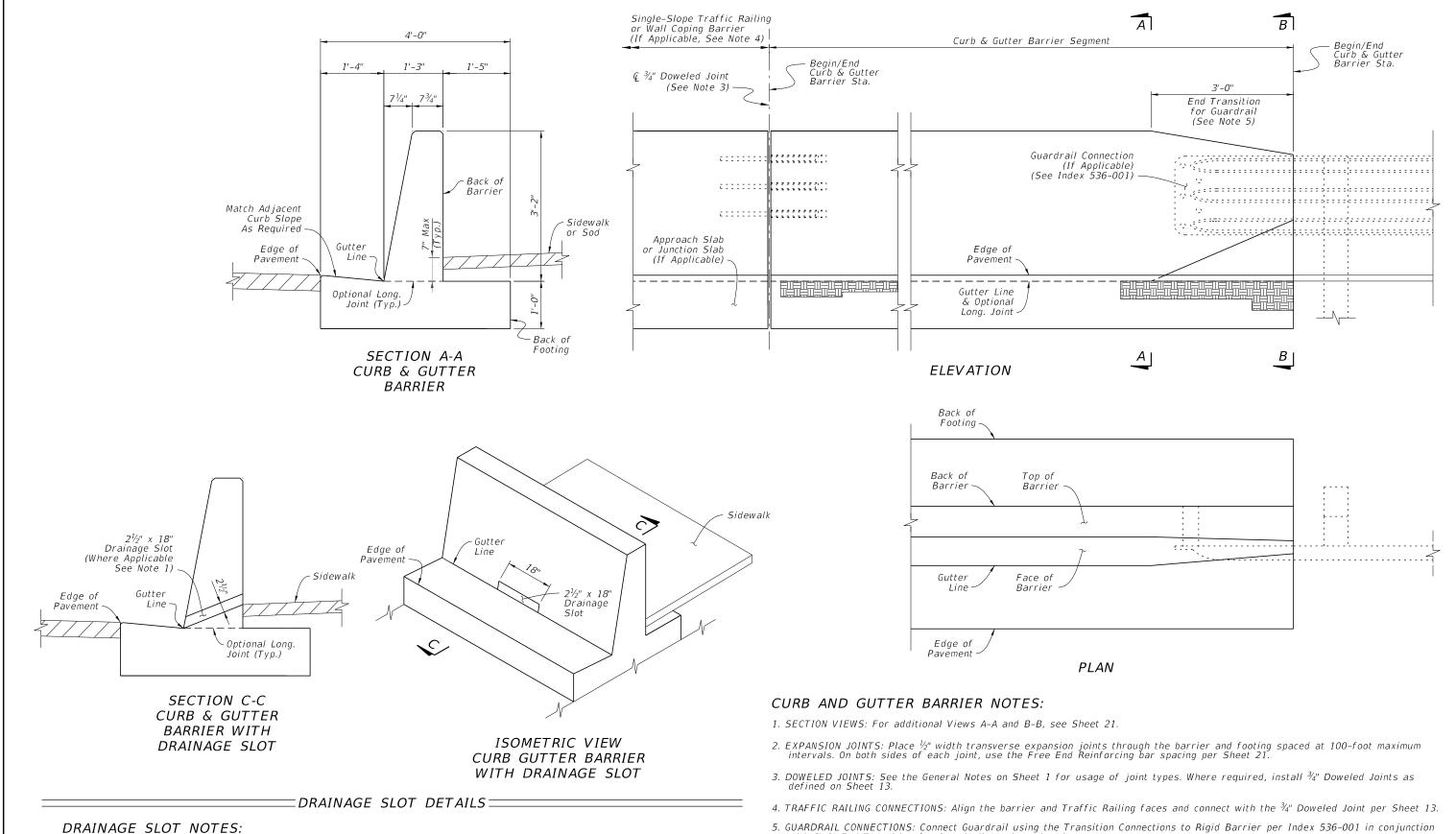
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38" Height

STANDARD PLANS

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- 1. GENERAL: Place  $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ " x 18" Drainage Slots at locations and/or spacing called for in the Plans. The minimum spacing is 20 feet.
- 2. STEEL REINFORCEMENT CONFLICT: When the Drainage Slot encounters a conflict with reinforcing steel, shift or cut the reinforcing steel to provide  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "( $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ ") of concrete cover for the reinforcing around the Drainage Slot. If cutting the vertical bars, maintain 8" bar spacing. If shifting the vertical bars, move the bars from the standard 8" spacing location to the closest end of the drainage slot (distributing additional vertical reinforcement evenly on each side of the Drainage Slot).
- with 3'-0" End Transition for Guardrail as shown herein.
- 6. FREE ENDS: When the barrier end does not terminate with a Traffic Railing connection or Guardrail connection as called for in the Plans, terminate the barrier in accordance with the Free End Reinforcing Note on Sheet 21.

CURB AND GUTTER BARRIER

LAST REVISION 11/01/24

DESCRIPTION:

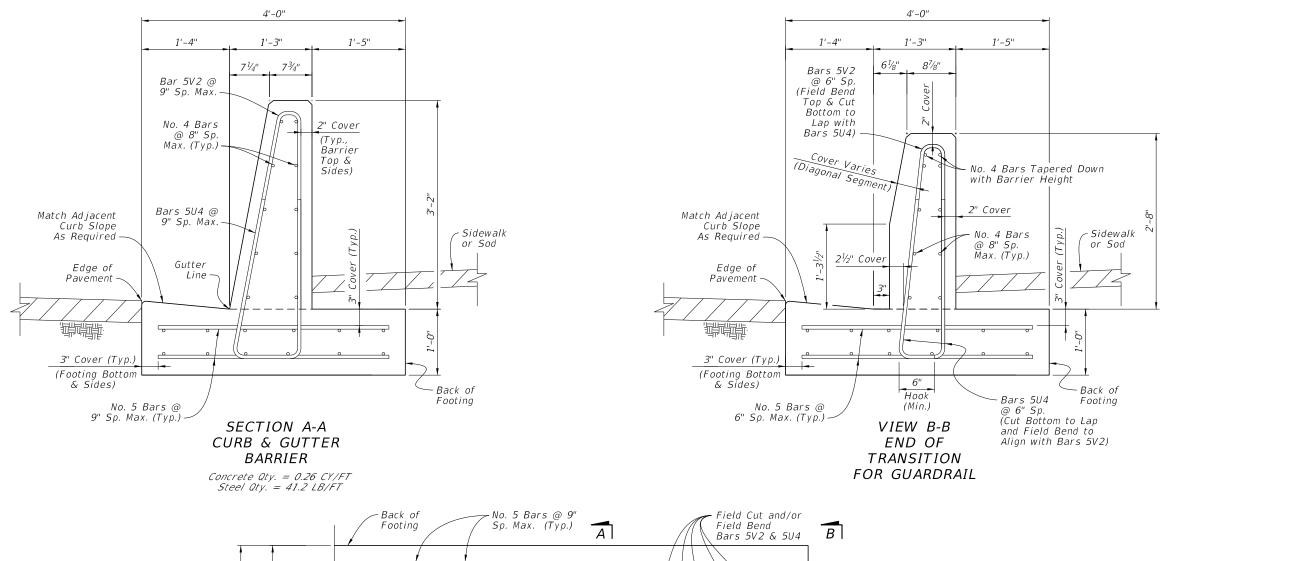
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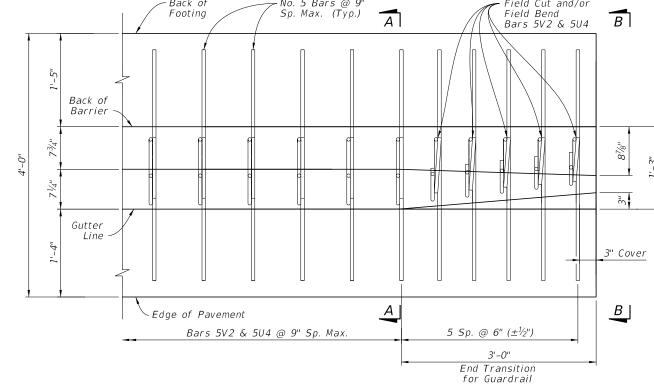
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CONCRETE BARRIER



DESCRIPTION:

- 1. GENERAL: Work with the Plan and Elevation Views on Sheet 20.
- 2. FREE END REINFORCING: Where shown in the Plans, terminate the 38" Curb & Gutter Barrier section with a transverse vertical end face. Reduce the spacing of Bars 5V2 and 5U4 to 6" for 5 Spaces, placed with 3" cover from the barrier's end face.
- 3. BAR BENDING DIAGRAMS: For additional details for bars 5V2 and 5U4, see the Bar Bending Diagrams on Sheet 26.



PLAN VIEW - END SEGMENT FOR GUARDRAIL CONNECTION (Longitudinal Steel Not Shown for Clarity)

CURB AND GUTTER BARRIER -REINFORCING DETAILS

REVISION 11/01/18

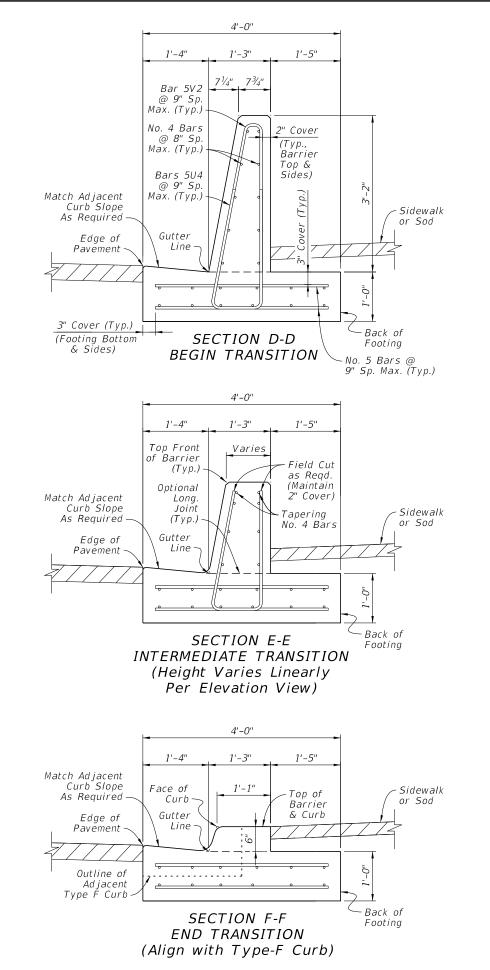
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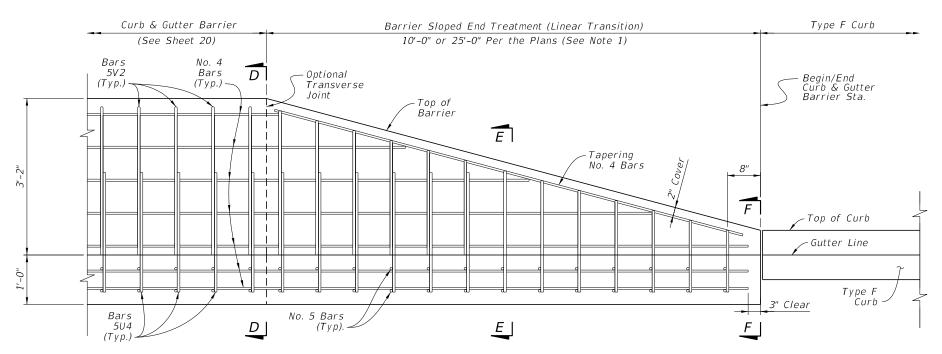
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE BARRIER

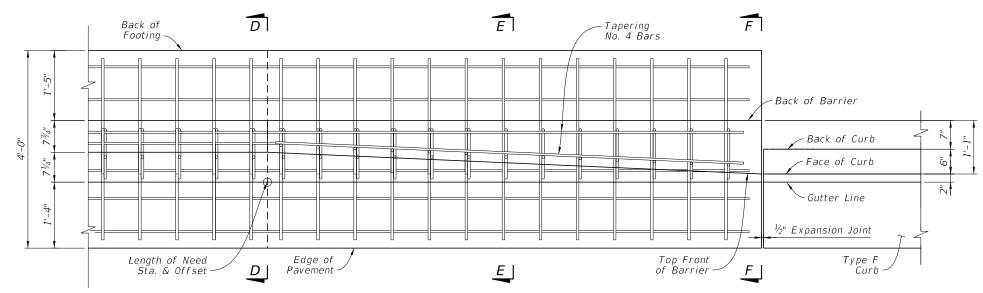
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ELEVATION - CURB AND GUTTER BARRIER SHOWING SLOPED END TREATMENT (Approach and Trailing End Similar by Opposite Hand)



PLAN - CURB AND GUTTER BARRIER SHOWING SLOPED END TREATMENT (Approach and Trailing End Similar by Opposite Hand; See Sections for All Longitudinal Steel Locations)

- 1. GENERAL: Install a Sloped End Treatment only where called for in the Plans, using either a 10'-0" length or 25'-0" length treatment as specified in the Plans. The 10'-0" length option is shown herein, while the 25'-0" length option requires additional trimmed Bars 5U4 & 5V2 at the same 9" longitudinal spacing.
- 2. BAR BENDING DIAGRAMS: For additional details on Bars 5V2 & 5U4, see the Bar Bending Diagrams on Sheet 26.

CURB AND GUTTER BARRIER - SLOPED END TREATMENT

REVISION 11/01/18

DESCRIPTION:

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FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

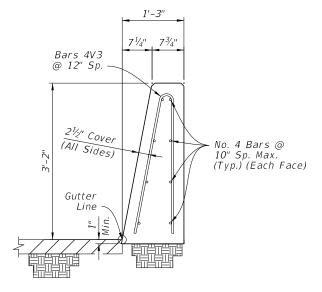
CONCRETE BARRIER

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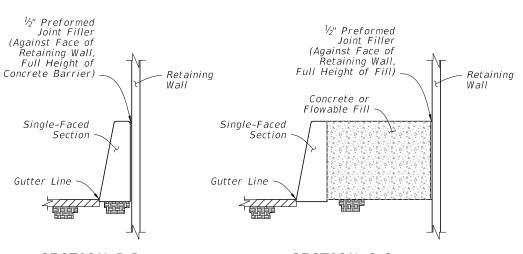
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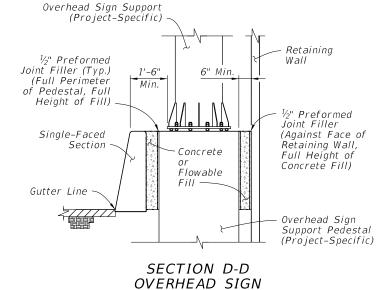
PLAN(See Section A-A for Barrier Reinforcing)



SECTION A-A 38" HEIGHT SINGLE-FACED SECTION (Reverse Side Similar by Opposite Hand)



SECTION C-C SECTION B-B FLUSH OFFSET SEGMENT SEGMENT



**SUPPORT** 

## NOTES:

DESCRIPTION:

- 1. TAPER SEGMENTS AND OFFSET SEGMENT: The plan view shown is an example only, showing general geometry for the taper segments and offset segment. For the actual segment lengths and corresponding taper rates required, see the barrier placement
- 2. OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT: The overhead sign support shown is an example only; see the Plans for the project-specific dimensions and requirements if applicable.
- 3. CONNECTION TO SHOULDER BARRIER SECTIONS: Connect to Shoulder Barrier sections using a continuous pour or Transverse Joint, where longitudinal steel that aligns within the adjacent section is maintained continuously between sections or has a full lap splice with the adjacent section's longitudinal steel.
- 4. FREE ENDS: Where shown in the Plans, terminate the Single-Faced Section with a transverse end face. Place a stirrup bar with a 3" cover from the end face. Place longitudinal bars with a 3" cover from the end face.
- 5. CONCRETE OR FLOWABLE FILL: Use Class NS Concrete in accordance with Specification 347 or Non-Excavatable Flowable Fill in accordance with Specification 121.

WALL SHIELDING BARRIER -38" HEIGHT SECTION -APPROACH & TRAILING TRANSITION

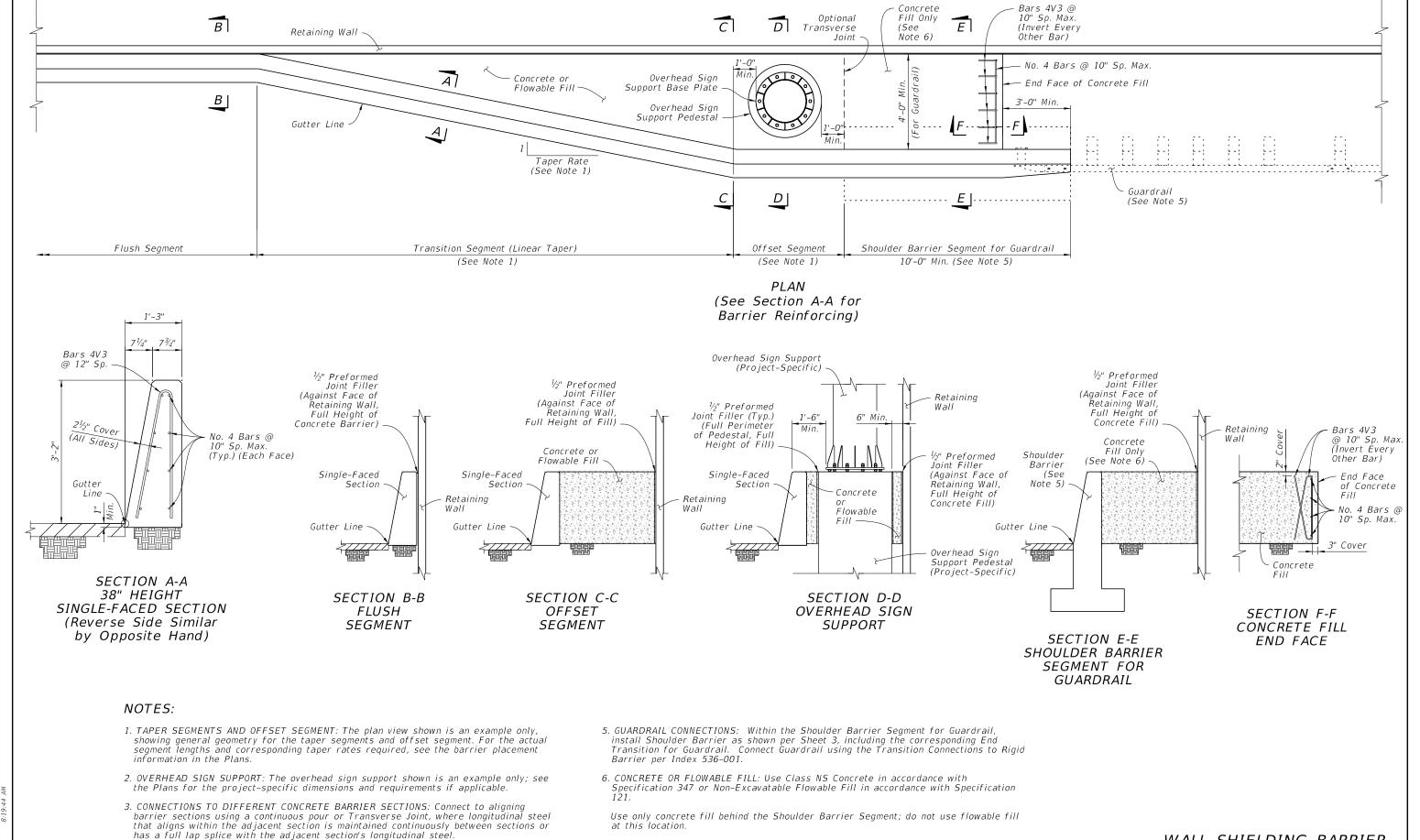
REVISION 11/01/18

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CONCRETE BARRIER

*INDEX* 



DESCRIPTION: REVISION

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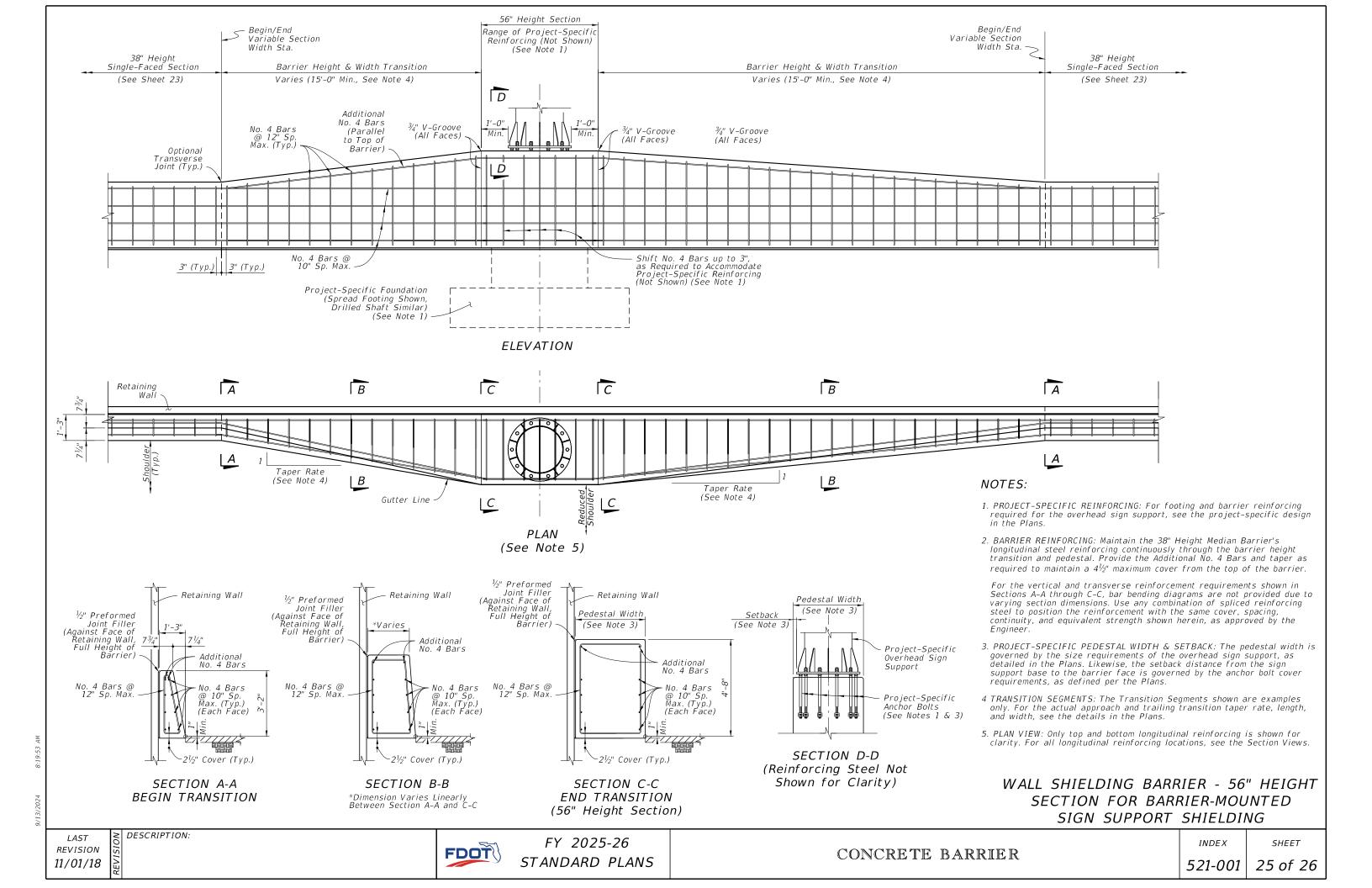
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4. FREE ENDS: Where shown in the Plans, terminate the Single-Faced Section with a transverse end face. Place a stirrup bar with a 3" cover from the end face. Place

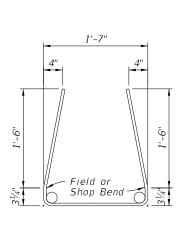
longitudinal bars with a 3" cover from the end face.

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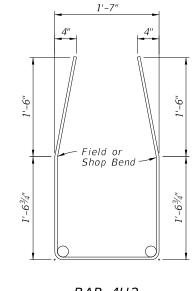
WALL SHIELDING BARRIER 38" HEIGHT SECTION -GUARDRAIL CONNECTION

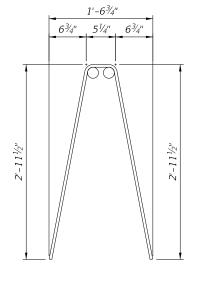


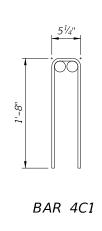
BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL			
MARK	SIZE	LENGTH	
C1	4	3'-8"	
C2	4	3'-0"	
U1	4	5'-1"	
U2	4	7'-8"	
U3	5	9'-7"	
U4	5	5'-9"	
V1	4	6'-4"	
V2	5	6'-3"	
V3	4	5'-10"	

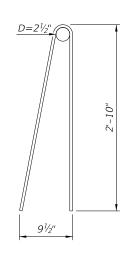


BARS 4U1









BAR 4U2

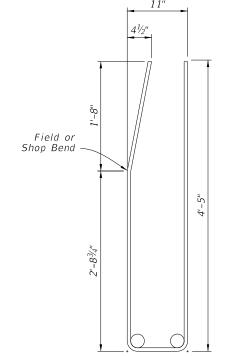
BAR 4V1

BAR 4V3

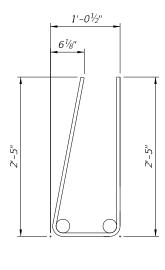
# NOTES:

DESCRIPTION:

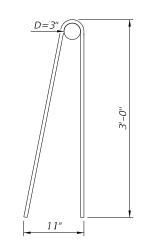
- 1. Work with the Standard Bar Bending Details per Index 415-001.
- 2. All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.
- 3. Use standard inner diameters for bar bending unless otherwise shown.
- 4. Bar 4C2 may be substituted with a number 5 bar with the minimum practical inner diameter. If needed for final placement, skew bars about the vertical axis to ensure concrete cover requirements are met.



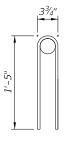




BAR 5U4



BAR 5V2



BAR 4C2

REINFORCING BAR BENDING DIAGRAMS

11/01/24

FDOT

SHEET NO.	CONTENTS
1	Index Contents; General Notes
2	Example Layouts - Footing Placement and Connections
3	Barrier Plan and Elevation - Connection to Concrete Barrier - Connection to Guardrail
4	Barrier Details - Connection to Concrete Barrier
5	Barrier Details – Connection to Guardrail
6	Barrier Footing Options
7	Crash Wall Details
8	Reinforcing Bar Bending Diagrams

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. CONCRETE: Use Class III or IV concrete unless otherwise called for in the Plans.
- 2. CONSTRUCTION JOINTS: Maintain continuity of reinforcement steel across Construction Joints; reinforcement lap splices are permitted immediately adjacent to joints. Construct all Pier Protection Barrier continuously, with no expansion or contraction joints. Construction Joints are classified herein as Transverse Joints or Longitudinal Joints.

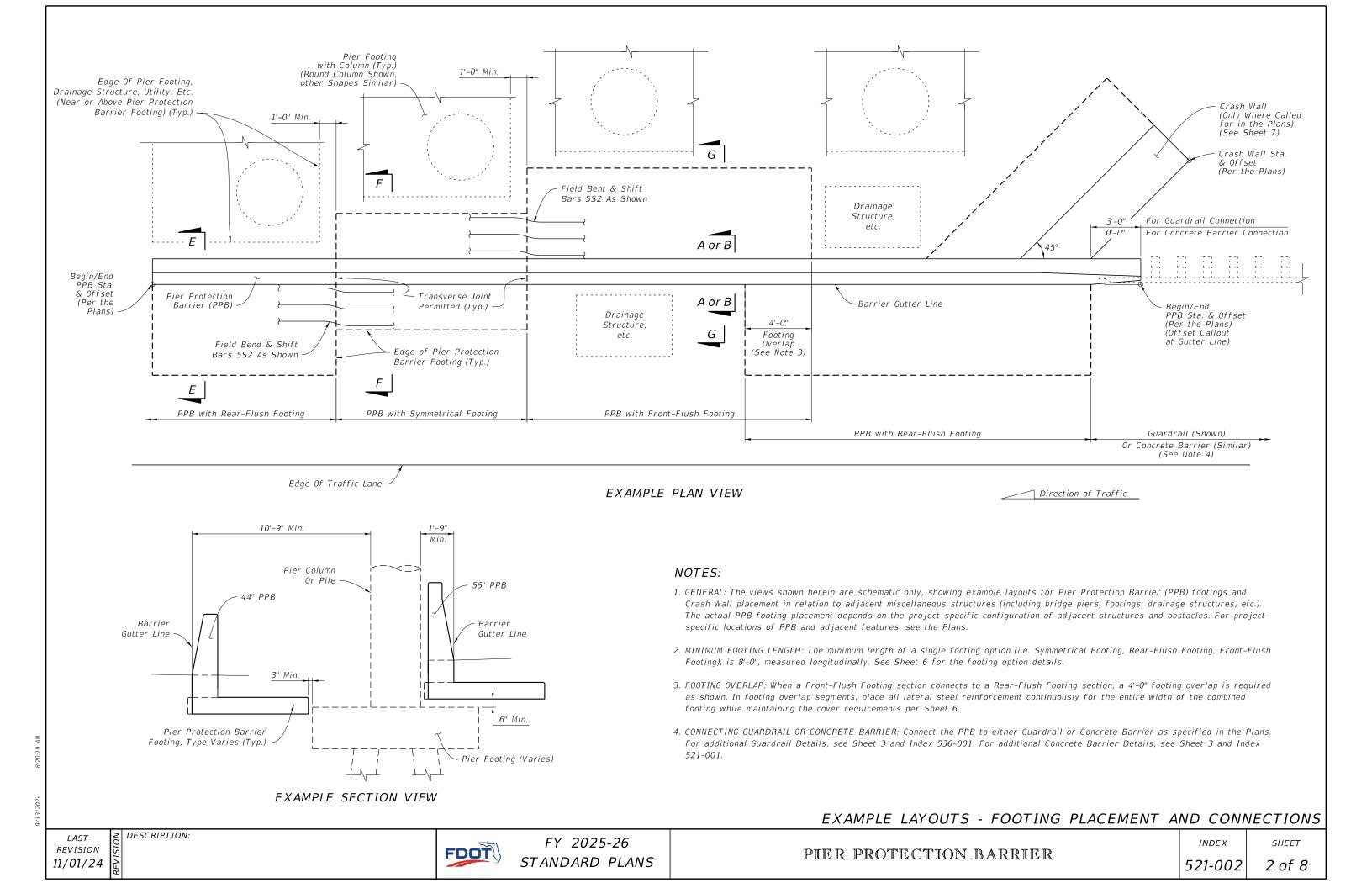
Transverse Joints are permitted at 40 foot or greater intervals along the barrier.

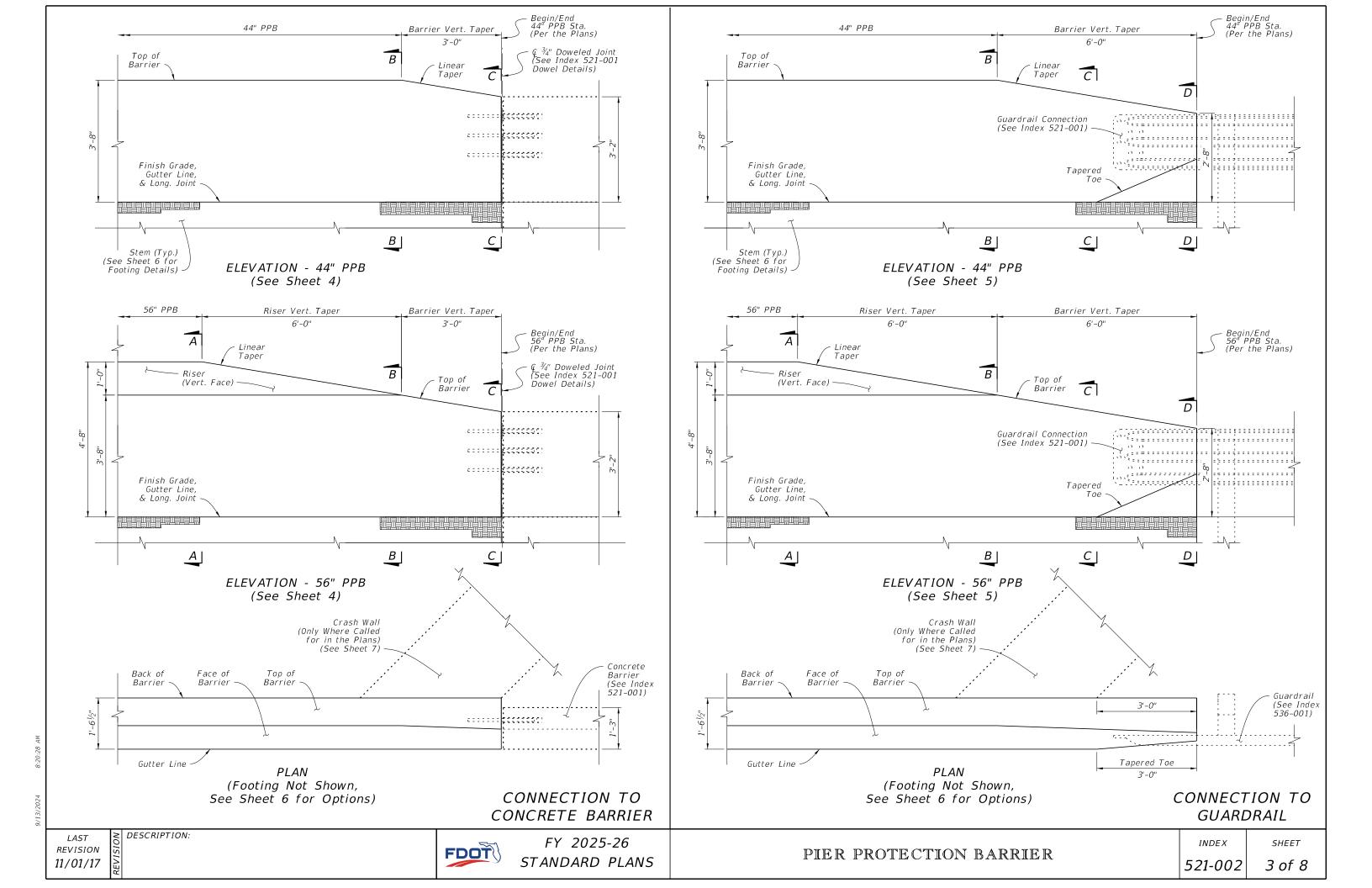
Longitudinal Joints may only be installed where indicated in the following details and notes, with a location tolerance of  $\pm$  1" from the locations shown.

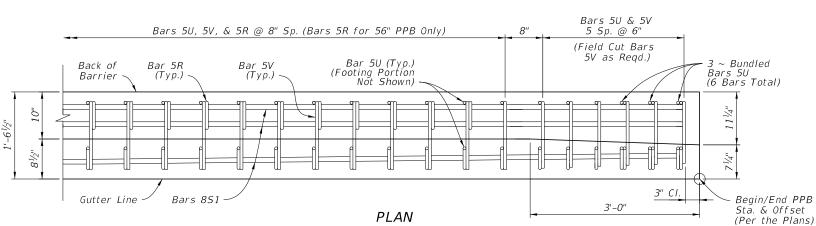
- 3. FOUNDATION: Compact the top 12 inches of the subgrade to at least 98% of the maximum density determined by FM 1-T 180, Method D.
- 4. DRAINAGE INLETS: See Index 425-031 for Adjacent Barrier Inlets, and isolate these structures from Pier Protection Barriers and Footings with 1" Preformed Joint Filler.
- 5. BARRIER END MARKERS: For all free ends of barriers that are not connected to guardrail or concrete barrier, install a Type 3 Object Marker on the end face per Specification 705.
- 6. BARRIER DELINEATORS: Install Barrier Delineators in accordance with Specification 705. Mount the delineators on the top face of the barrier, with the roadway side of the delineator located 2" from the front face of the barrier and the reflective sheeting facing traffic of the nearest approach.
- 7. CRACK CONTROL: Provide ½" depth crack control V-Grooves at 15' to 30' spacing. Locate V-Grooves above any joint or discontinuity in the barrier footing. Align V-Grooves perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the Pier Protection Barrier and make continuous across the top surface and both side faces. For slip formed barriers, score ½" V-Grooves while the concrete is still plastic, otherwise pre-form the joints when stationary forms are utilized.

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DESCRIPTION:



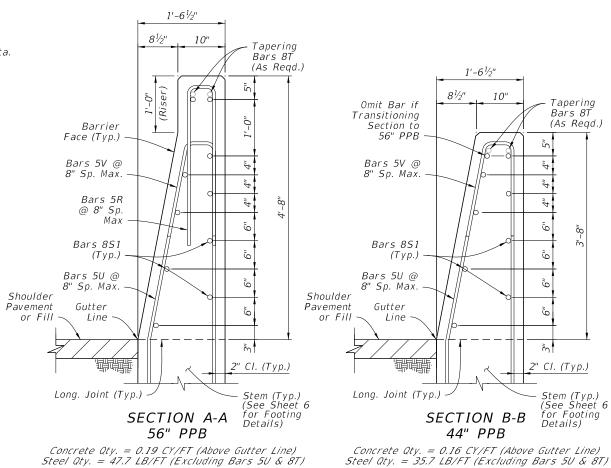


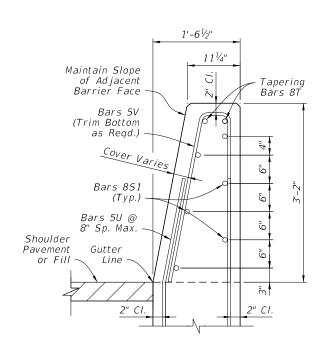


(Details Not Shown Below Gutter Line, See Sheet 6 for Footing and Stem Details) (Only Top & Bottom Longitudinal Steel Shown, See Section Views for All Steel Locations)

#### NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Construct either the 56" PPB or the 44" PPB height as called for in the Plans. See Sheets 2 & 3 for additional plan and elevation details.
- 2. FOOTING OPTIONS: See Sheet 6 for the supporting stem and footing details.





END VIEW C-C (Connects to Adjacent Concrete Barrier, Aligned at Gutter Line)

BARRIER DETAILS - CONNECTION TO CONCRETE BARRIER

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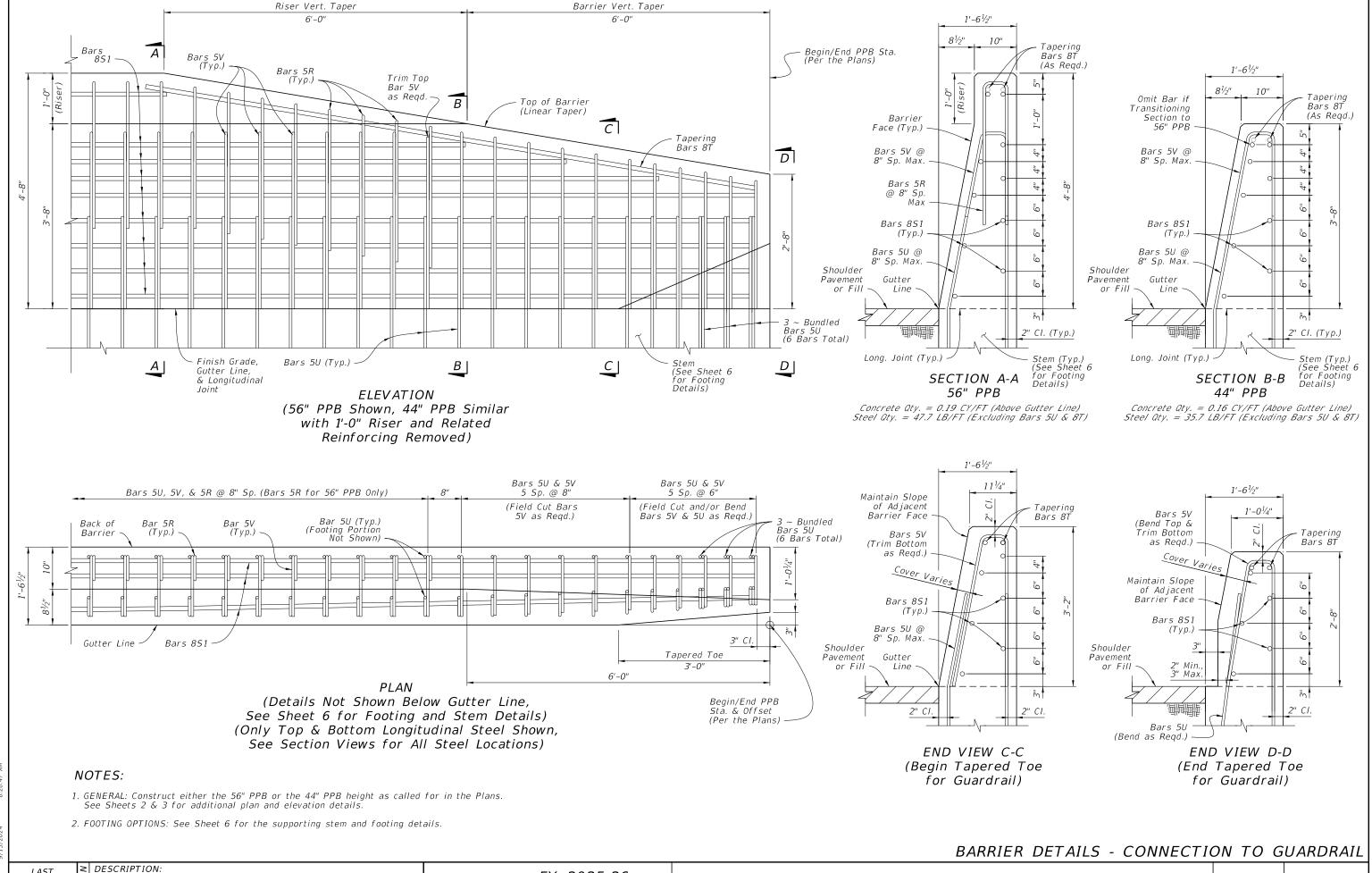
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PIER PROTECTION BARRIER

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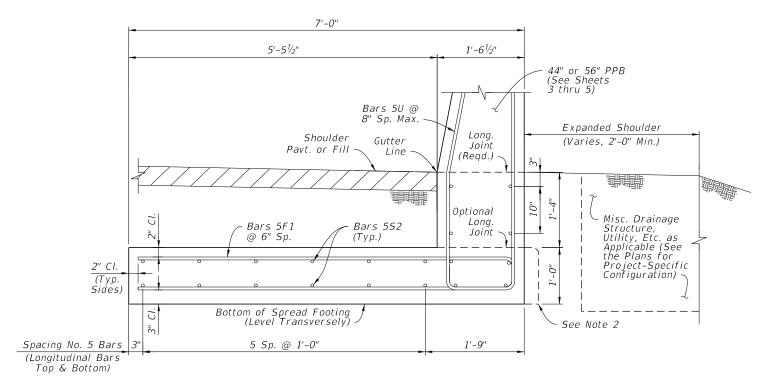
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FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

PIER PROTECTION BARRIER

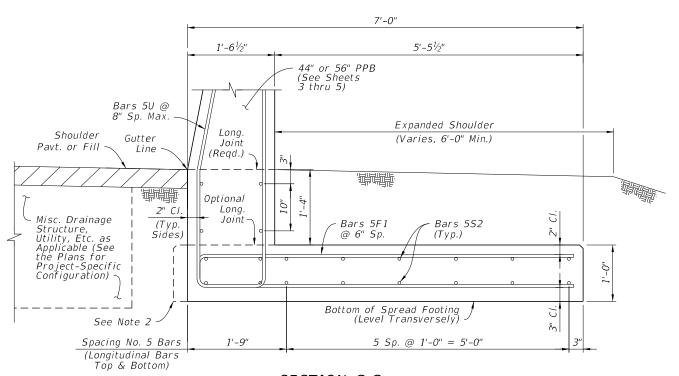
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<sup>SHEET</sup> 5 of 8



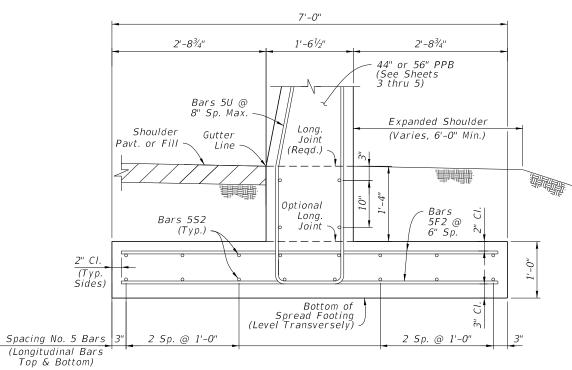
#### SECTION E-E REAR-FLUSH FOOTING OPTION

Concrete Qty. = 0.34 CY/FT (Below Gutter Line) Steel Qty. = 63.5 LB/FT (Including Bars 50)



#### SECTION G-G FRONT-FLUSH FOOTING OPTION

Concrete Qty. = 0.34 CY/FT (Below Gutter Line) Steel Qty. = 63.5 LB/FT (Including Bars 5U)



#### SECTION F-F SYMMETRICAL FOOTING OPTION

Concrete Qty. = 0.34 CY/FT (Below Gutter Line) Steel Qty. = 62.6 LB/FT (Including Bars 50)

#### NOTES:

1. GENERAL: Install the footing options per project-specific requirements, as defined on Sheet 2 and specified per the Plans.

Work with the supported 44" PPB and 56" PPB as shown on Sheets 3, 4, & 5.

- 2. OPTIONAL SLIP FORMING SUPPORT: The 1'-0" depth spread footing may be extended by 3" laterally beyond the face of the stem to provide support for a subsequent slip forming operation above. Do not adjust the steel reinforcement location for the additional concrete.
- 3. GUARDRAIL CONNECTION TAPERED TOE: For tapering the barrier as shown on Sheet 5, View D-D, bend Bars U away from the stem face as required. For this case, the cover requirement is variable for one side of the stem (only at the tapered toe locations).

BARRIER FOOTING OPTIONS

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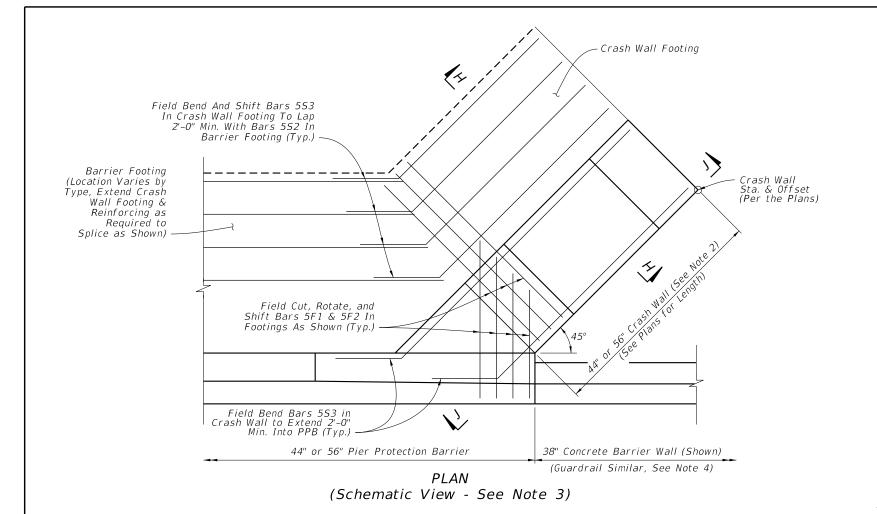
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

PIER PROTECTION BARRIER

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DESCRIPTION:



44" or 56" PPB 44" or 56" Crash Wall (See Note 2) (See Plans for Length) 44" Crash Wall 56" Crash Wall Q Crash Wall (Symmetrical) 2'-6" (Typ.) Match Cross Slope of  $\overline{H}$ Shoulder Linear Taper (Typ.)PPB End Height (Тур. Eńds) Field Trim Bars 5L and Bend Bars 5S3 Locally As Required To Maintain Cover (Typ.) Match Cross Slope of Shoulder <u>H</u>

44" Crash Wall 56" Crash Wall Crash Wall Crash Wall 4'-0" 3'-0" Bars 5E @ 1'-0" Sp. Max. (With Bars 5L) Bars 553 (Typ., Wall & (Typ.)Stem) 1'-0" Bars 5L @ @ 1'-0" Sp. Bars 5L @ @ @ 1'-0" Sp. Sр. Sp. Max. Max. Match Cross Slope of Shoulder | Joint Regd. Optional Name of the Indian Long. Bars 5F1 Bars 5S3 Joint @ 6" Sp. (Typ.)2" CI. Spacing Bars 5S3 Ö (Longitudinal Bars (Тур. Éach Face) Sides) Bottom of Spread Footing (Level Transversely) See Note 5 Spacing Bars 5S3 3 Sp. @ 1'-0" (Longitudinal Bars

> CRASH WALL Concrete Qty. = 0.82 CY/FT (44" Crash Wall) or 0.93 CY/FT (56" Crash Wall) Steel Qty. = 71.8 LB/FT (44" Crash Wall) or 76.0 LB/FT (56" Crash Wall)

SECTION H-H

#### NOTES:

Top & Bottom)

1. GENERAL: Only where called for in the Plans, install the Crash Wall as a supplement for PPB. If applicable, see the Plans for the corresponding Station and Offset required.

For additional layout details, see Sheets 2 & 3.

- 2. CRASH WALL HEIGHT: Install the Crash Wall at a height which matches the adjacent PPB (either 44" or 56").
- 3. SCHEMATIC VIEWS: Only partial reinforcing is shown in the Schematic Views to establish a trend while keeping clarity. For all reinforcing steel locations and spacing requirements, see Section H-H.
- 4. GUARDRAIL CONNECTIONS: To facilitate guardrail connections, shift the Crash Wall 3 feet from the end of the PPB as shown on Sheets 2 & 3.
- 5. OPTIONAL SLIP FORMING SUPPORT: The 1'-0" depth spread footing may be extended by 3" laterally beyond the face of the wall to provide support for a subsequent slip forming operation above. Do not adjust the steel reinforcement location for the additional concrete.

VIEW J-J CRASH WALL ELEVATION (Schematic View - See Note 3)

CRASH WALL DETAILS

REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

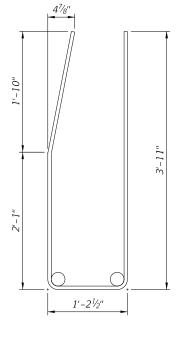
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BULL OF BEILLEOBOLING STEEL			
BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL			
MARK	SIZE	LENGTH	
V	5	7'-5"	
U	5	8'-11"	
R	5	6'-0"	
F1	5	13'-9"	
F2	5	Varies (Straight)	
L	5	6'-5" / 7'-5"	
E	5	4'-6"	
<i>S</i> 1	8	Varies (Straight)	
<i>S2, S3</i>	5	Varies (Straight)	

	1'-2½"
	81/8" 63/8"
3'-6"	

BARS 5V



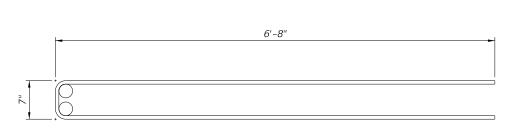


BARS 5R

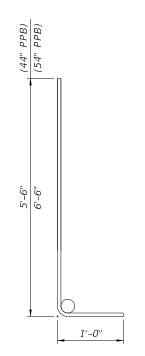
BARS 5U

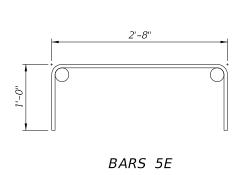
NOTES:

- 1. Work with the Standard Bar Bending Details per Index 415-001.
- 2. All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.



BARS 5F1





BARS 5L

BAR BENDING DIAGRAMS

LAST REVISION 11/01/17

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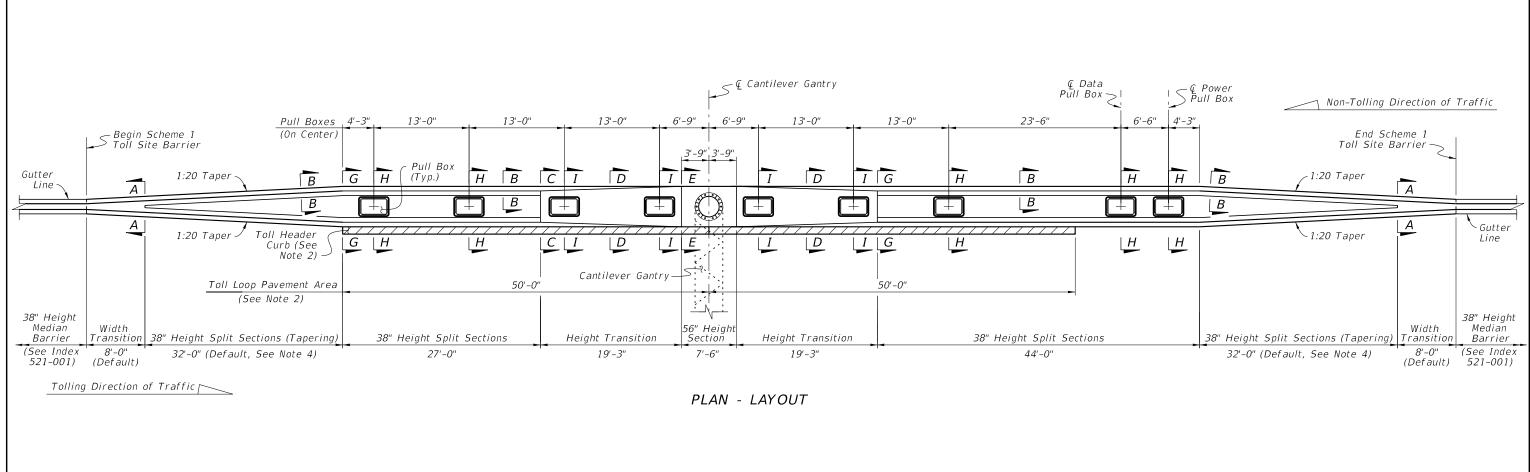
SHEET	CONTENTS
1	Index Contents; General Notes
2	Scheme 1 - Single Movement - Cantilever Gantry On Median Barrier
3	Scheme 2 - Single Movement - Cantilever Gantry On Median Barrier
4	Scheme 3 - Single Movement - Cantilever or Span Gantry On Median Barrier
5	Scheme 4 - Dual Movement - Cantilever Gantries On Median Barrier
6	Scheme 5 - Dual Movement - Cantilever Gantries On Median Barrier
7	Scheme 6 - Dual Movement - Span Gantries On Median Barrier
8	Scheme 7 - Dual Movement - Span Gantries Over Median Barrier
9	Scheme 8 - Dual Movement - Span and Cantilever Gantries on Median Barrier
10	Scheme 9 - Dual Movement - Span and Cantilever Gantries on Median Barrier
11	Scheme 10 - Dual Movement - Span and Cantilever Gantries on Median Barrier
12	Reinforcing Details - Barrier Plan and Elevation - Example Features
13	Reinforcing Details - Barrier Sections
14	Bar Bend Details

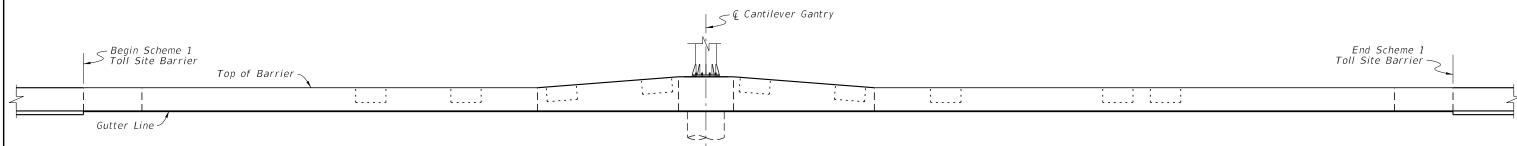
#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Construct barriers in accordance with Specification 521. Use Class II concrete for all barriers constructed in slightly aggressive environments, and use Class IV Concrete for all barriers constructed in moderately or extremely aggressive environments. On all exposed surfaces, apply a General Surface Finish in accordance with Specification 400. See Index 521-001 for barrier details not addressed herein.
- 2. GLASS FIBER REINFORCED POLYMER (GFRP) REINFORCEMENT: Use GFRP reinforcement for all bars shown within the Toll Site Barrier limits. This GFRP requirement excludes the project-specific steel reinforcing design required for overhead gantry supports and foundations; see Sheet 12 for limits of project-specific steel reinforcing.

Construct GFRP bars in accordance with Specification 932. See Sheets 12 thru 14 for additional information.

- 3. CONSTRUCTION JOINTS: Install Transverse Joints only as-needed for discontinuous concrete casting or cold joints. Maintain continuity of reinforcement across Construction Joints. Transverse Joints are permitted at 20-foot or greater intervals along the barrier. Do not place Transverse Joints within 6 inches of Pull Box locations.
- 4. CRACK CONTROL V-GROOVES: At 20-foot maximum intervals, place 3/8" depth V-grooves that run vertically and transversely in the front, top, and back faces of barriers. The V-grooves can be either molded or scored while the concrete is still plastic. Do not place V-grooves within 6 inches of Pull Box locations.
- 5. SUBGRADE: Compact the top 12 inches of the subgrade to at least 98% of the maximum density determined by FM 1-T 180, Method D.
- 6. BOTTOM CONCRETE COVER: At the bottom face of barriers shown throughout this Index, up to 3 inches of additional concrete cover is permitted beyond what is shown herein to accommodate soil grade irregularities.
- 7. FINISH GRADE ELEVATION: At the barrier face location, the finish grade pavement has a vertical position tolerance of  $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ " from the locations shown herein, relative to the barrier elevation. Maintain visually smooth and even pavement at the barrier face, per the approval of the Engineer.
- 8. MINOR GRADE SEPARATION: Where called for in the Plans, the nominal pavement surface elevation may be placed up to 3" below the location shown herein on one side of the barrier. Extend the barrier's concrete lower across its entire section such that the barrier's concrete bottom remains embedded at least 1" below the lowered pavement surface.
- 9. SINGLE-SIDED TAPER: Where called for in the Plans, the horizontal taper shown herein may be removed on one side of the barrier. Instead, the gutter line on one side of the barrier will remain parallel to the roadway throughout the entire Toll Site Barrier segment. As a result, the tapering Width Transition and tapering Split Sections segments will increase in length, as shown in the Plans.
- 10. PROJECT-SPECIFIC GANTRIES: The gantries and gantry supports pictured herein are schematic only and require project-specific structural designs. See Sheet 12 for more information. Gantry designs are integral with the barriers, but materials and construction are not included with the barrier schemes shown herein. Gantry sizes and supports may vary. For full details, see the project-specific Plans.
- 11. PULL BOXES: The Pull Boxes shown herein are schematic only. See Sheets 12 & 13 for more information. For full details, including conduit runs through the concrete barriers, see the governing project-specific Plans or the applicable General Tolling Requirements (GTR) version. Pull Boxes are integral with the barrier, but materials and construction are not included with the barrier schemes shown herein.
- 12. GENERAL TOLL SITE EQUIPMENT: Toll site equipment and electronics are not shown herein. For full details, see the governing project-specific Plans or the applicable GTR version. Toll site equipment may be integral with the barrier, but materials and construction are not included with the barrier schemes shown herein.





#### NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Use Scheme 1 where called for in the Plans. Work with the reinforcing and construction details on Sheets 12 & 13. The gantry and foundation shown are schematic only; the sizes may vary.
- 2. TOLL HEADER CURB: Install Toll Header Curb for installations adjacent to flexible pavement and where called for in the Plans. For installations with concrete pavement, Toll Header Curb is not required. For more information, see Sheet 13.
- 3. PULL BOXES: For more information, see General Note 11 and Sheets 12 & 13.
- 4. FULL WIDTH: The length of the tapering 38" Height Split Section segment is governed by the Full Width dimension on Sheet 13. For Scheme 1, the default segment length is 32'-0" and the default Full Width is 6'-0" unless otherwise shown in the Plans.

For barriers with a single-sided taper, the tapering Width Transition and tapering Split Sections length will be increased to achieve the Full Width. See General Note 9 and the layout in the Plans.

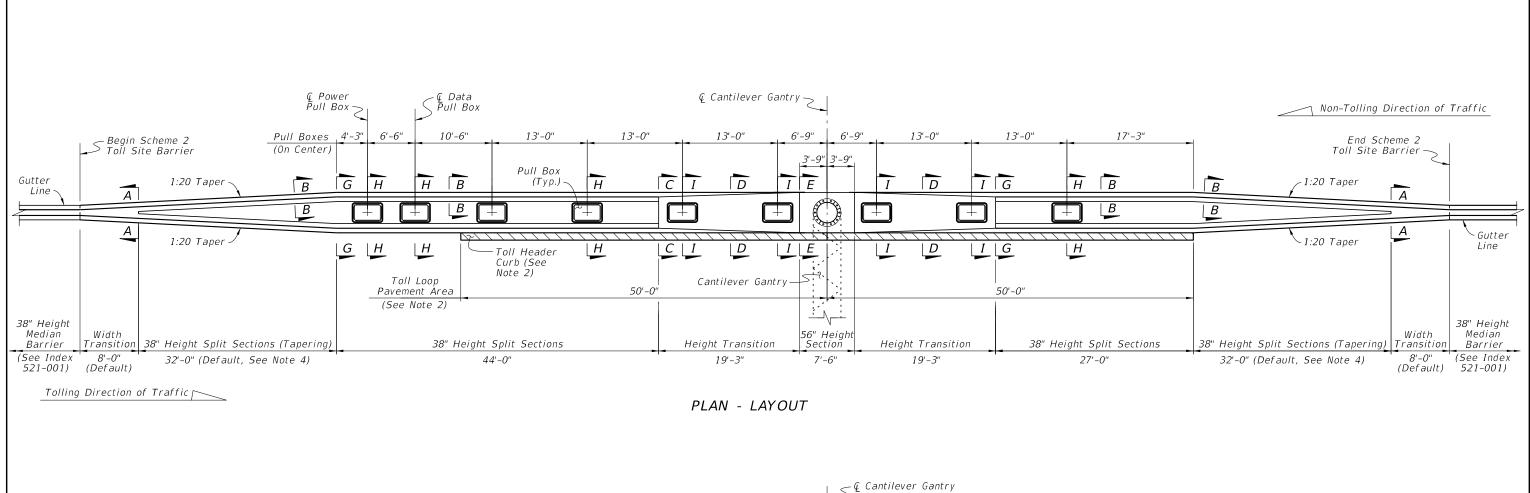
SCHEME 1 - SINGLE MOVEMENT -CANTILEVER GANTRY ON MEDIAN BARRIER

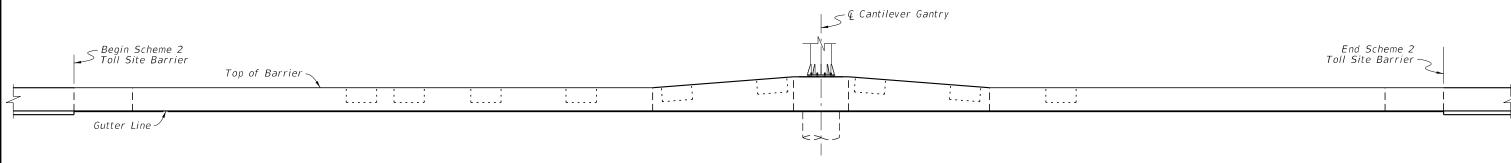
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#### NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Use Scheme 2 where called for in the Plans. Work with the reinforcing and construction details on Sheets 12 & 13. The gantry and foundation shown are schematic only; the sizes may vary.
- 2. TOLL HEADER CURB: Install Toll Header Curb for installations adjacent to flexible pavement and where called for in the Plans. For installations with concrete pavement, Toll Header Curb is not required. For more information, see Sheet 13.
- 3. PULL BOXES: For more information, see General Note 11 and Sheets 12 & 13.
- 4. FULL WIDTH: The length of the tapering 38" Height Split Section segment is governed by the Full Width dimension on Sheet 13. For Scheme 2, the default segment length is 32'-0" and the default Full Width is 6'-0" unless otherwise shown in the Plans.

For barriers with a single-sided taper, the tapering Width Transition and tapering Split Sections length will be increased to achieve the Full Width. See General Note 9 and the layout in the Plans.

SCHEME 2 - SINGLE MOVEMENT -CANTILEVER GANTRY ON MEDIAN BARRIER

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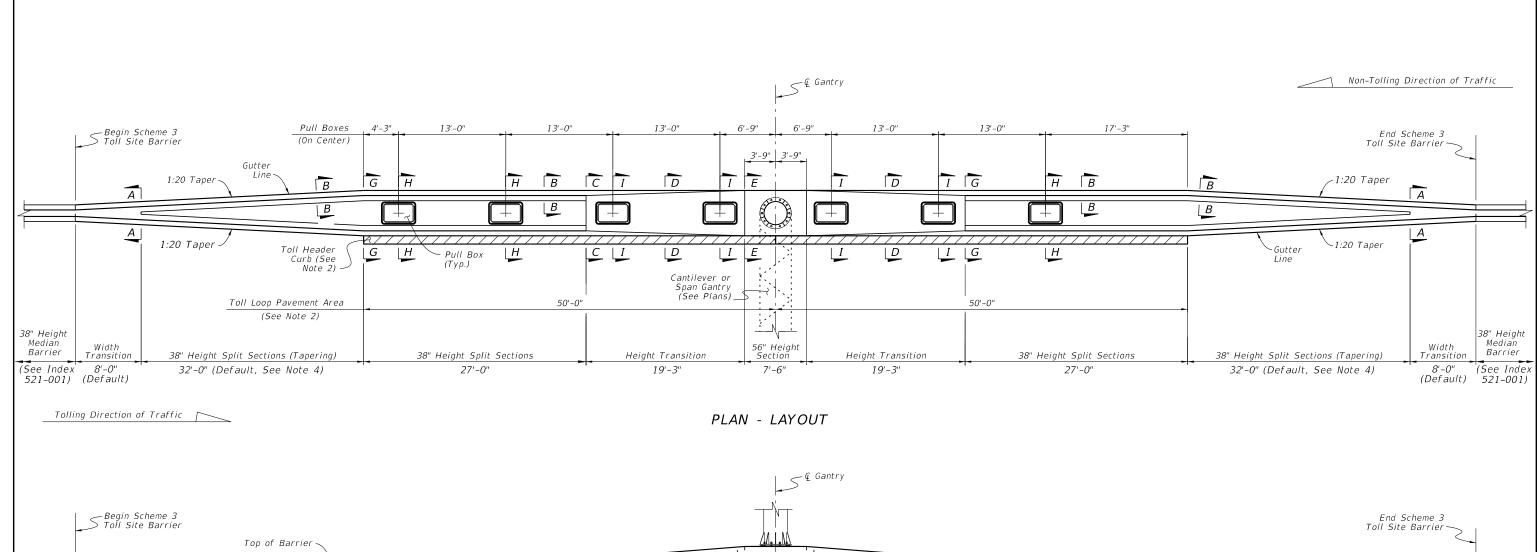
DESCRIPTION:

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SHEET 3 of 14



# 11..... Gutter Line ✓

#### **ELEVATION**

#### NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Use Scheme 3 where called for in the Plans. Work with the reinforcing and construction details on Sheets 12 & 13. The gantry and foundation shown are schematic only; the sizes may vary.
- 2. TOLL HEADER CURB: Install Toll Header Curb for installations adjacent to flexible pavement and where called for in the Plans. For installations with concrete pavement, Toll Header Curb is not required. For more information, see Sheet 13.
- 3. PULL BOXES: For more information, see General Note 11 and Sheets 12 & 13.
- 4. FULL WIDTH: The length of the tapering 38" Height Split Section segment is governed by the Full Width dimension on Sheet 13. For Scheme 3, the default segment length is 32'-0" and the default Full Width is 6'-0" unless otherwise shown in the Plans.

For barriers with a single-sided taper, the tapering Width Transition and tapering Split Sections length will be increased to achieve the Full Width. See General Note 9 and the layout in the Plans.

SCHEME 3 - SINGLE MOVEMENT -CANTILEVER OR SPAN GANTRY ON MEDIAN BARRIER

REVISION 11/01/24

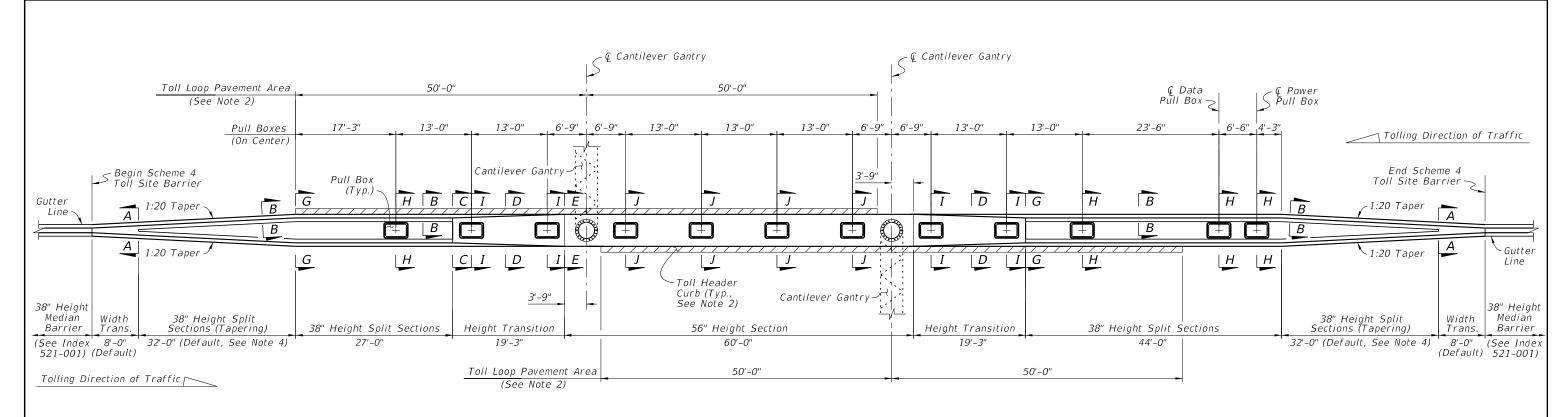
DESCRIPTION:

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

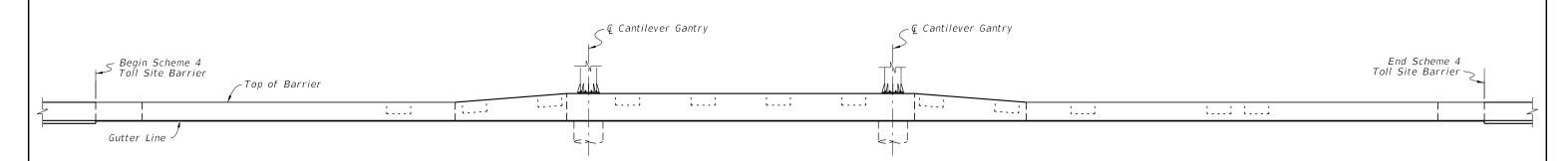
CONCRETE BARRIER AT TOLL SITES

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#### PLAN - LAYOUT



#### ELEVATION

#### NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Use Scheme 4 where called for in the Plans. Work with the reinforcing and construction details on Sheets 12 & 13. The gantries and foundations shown are schematic only; the sizes may vary.
- 2. TOLL HEADER CURB: Install Toll Header Curb for installations adjacent to flexible pavement and where called for in the Plans. For installations with concrete pavement, Toll Header Curb is not required. For more information, see Sheet 13.
- 3. PULL BOXES: For more information, see General Note 11 and Sheets 12 & 13.
- 4. FULL WIDTH: The length of the tapering 38" Height Split Section segment is governed by the Full Width dimension on Sheet 13. For Scheme 4, the default segment length is 32'-0" and the default Full Width is 6'-0" unless otherwise shown in the Plans.

For barriers with a single-sided taper, the tapering Width Transition and tapering Split Sections length will be increased to achieve the Full Width. See General Note 9 and the layout in the Plans.

SCHEME 4 - DUAL MOVEMENT -CANTILEVER GANTRIES ON MEDIAN BARRIER

REVISION 11/01/24

DESCRIPTION:

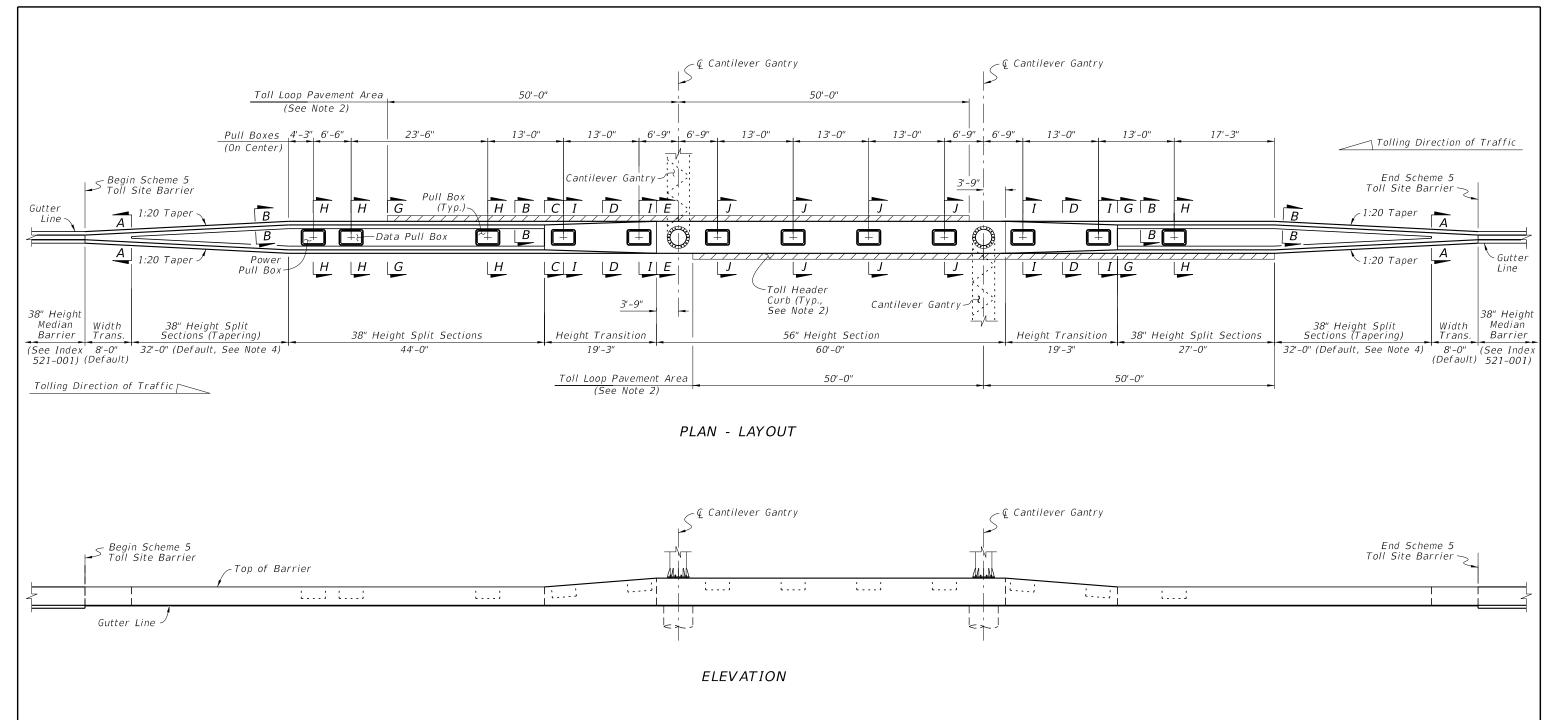
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FDOT



#### NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Use Scheme 5 where called for in the Plans. Work with the reinforcing and construction details on Sheets 12 & 13. The gantries and foundations shown are schematic only; the sizes may vary.
- 2. TOLL HEADER CURB: Install Toll Header Curb for installations adjacent to flexible pavement and where called for in the Plans. For installations with concrete pavement, Toll Header Curb is not required. For more information, see Sheet 13.
- 3. PULL BOXES: For more information, see General Note 11 and Sheets 12 & 13.
- 4. FULL WIDTH: The length of the tapering 38" Height Split Section segment is governed by the Full Width dimension on Sheet 13. For Scheme 5, the default segment length is 32'-0" and the default Full Width is 6'-0" unless otherwise shown in the Plans.

For barriers with a single-sided taper, the tapering Width Transition and tapering Split Sections length will be increased to achieve the Full Width. See General Note 9 and the layout in the Plans.

SCHEME 5 - DUAL MOVEMENT -CANTILEVER GANTRIES ON MEDIAN BARRIER

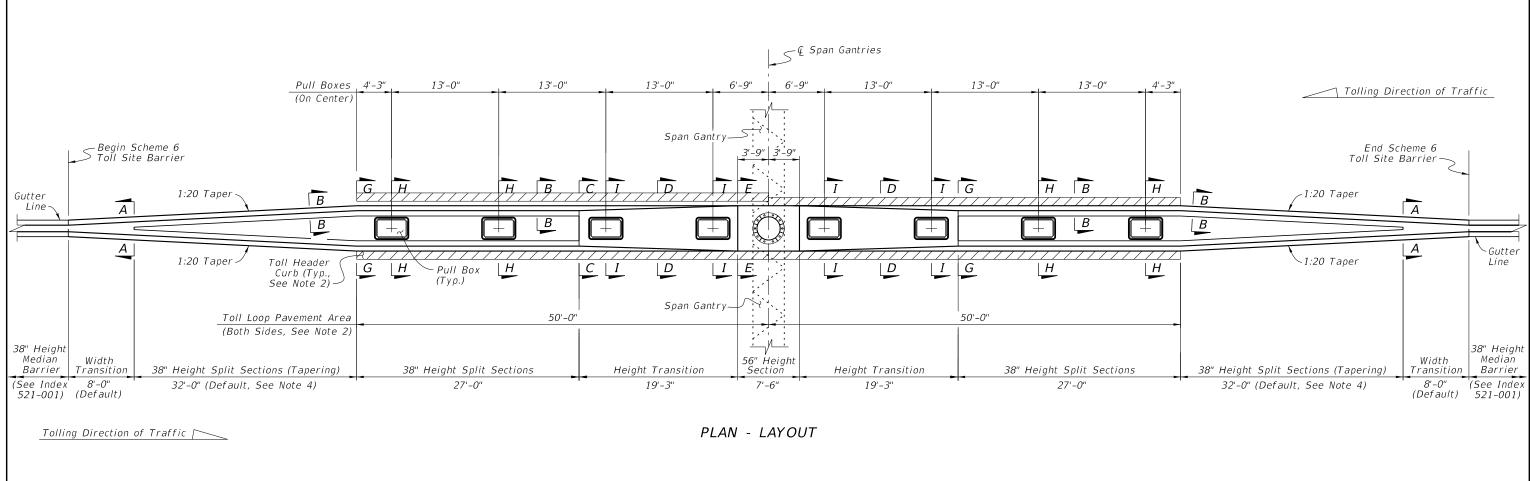
REVISION 11/01/24 DESCRIPTION:

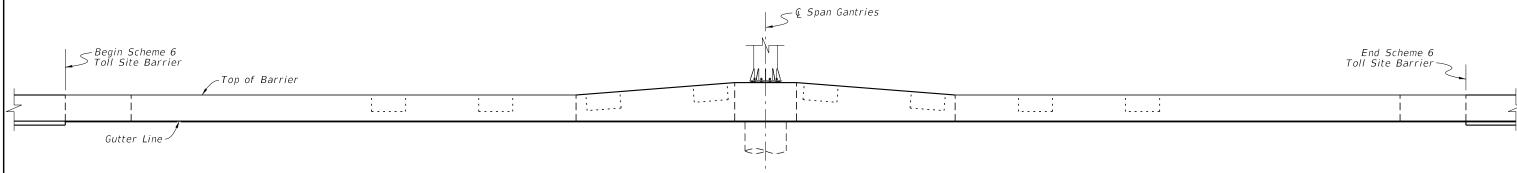
FDOT

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#### NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Use Scheme 6 where called for in the Plans. Work with the reinforcing and construction details on Sheets 12 & 13. The gantries and foundation shown are schematic only; the sizes may vary.
- 2. TOLL HEADER CURB: Install Toll Header Curb for installations adjacent to flexible pavement and where called for in the Plans. For installations with concrete pavement, Toll Header Curb is not required. For more information, see Sheet 13.
- 3. PULL BOXES: For more information, see General Note 11 and Sheets 12 & 13.
- 4. FULL WIDTH: The length of the tapering 38" Height Split Section segment is governed by the Full Width dimension on Sheet 13. For Scheme 6, the default segment length is 32'-0" and the default Full Width is 6'-0" unless otherwise shown in the Plans.

For barriers with a single-sided taper, the tapering Width Transition and tapering Split Sections length will be increased to achieve the Full Width. See General Note 9 and the layout in the Plans.

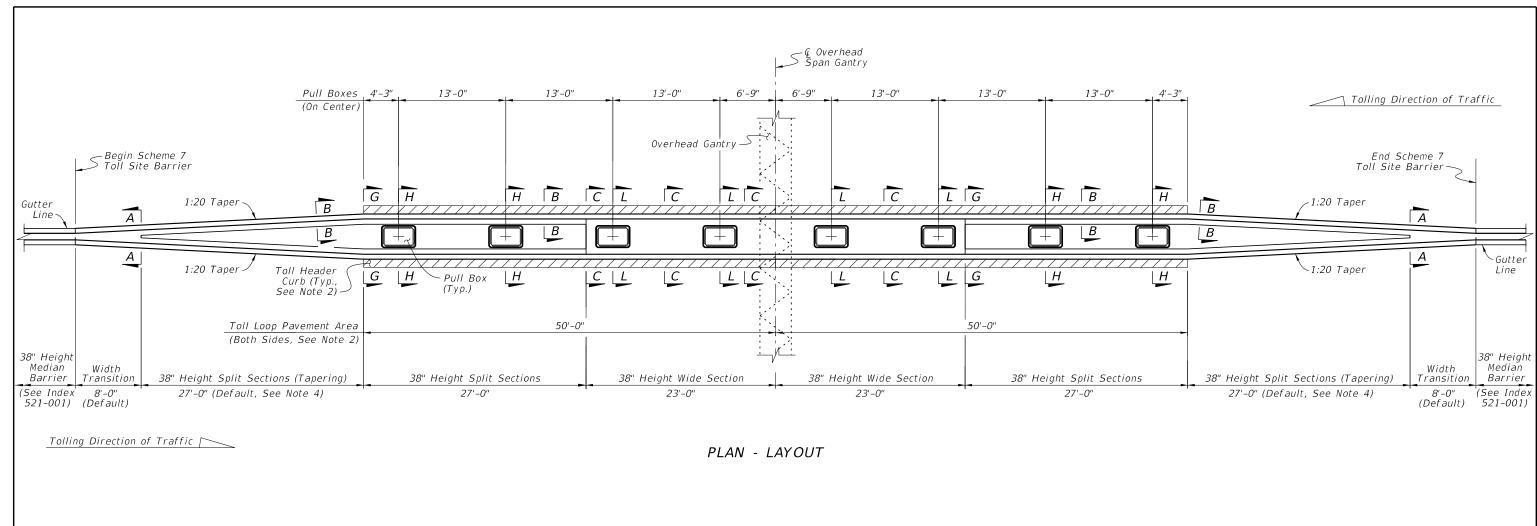
SCHEME 6 - DUAL MOVEMENT -SPAN GANTRIES ON MEDIAN BARRIER

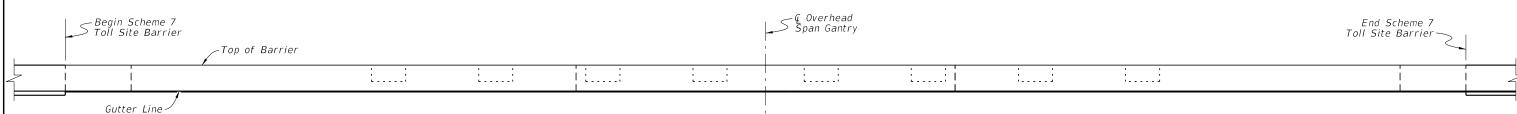
LAST REVISION 11/01/24

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

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#### NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Use Scheme 7 where called for in the Plans. Work with the reinforcing and construction details on Sheets 12 & 13. The gantry shown is schematic only; the size may vary.
- 2. TOLL HEADER CURB: Install Toll Header Curb for installations adjacent to flexible pavement and where called for in the Plans. For installations with concrete pavement, Toll Header Curb is not required. For more information, see Sheet 13.
- 3. PULL BOXES: For more information, see General Note 11 and Sheets 12 & 13.
- 4. FULL WIDTH: The length of the tapering 38" Height Split Section segment is governed by the Full Width dimension on Sheet 13. For Scheme 7, the default segment length is 27'-0" and the default Full Width is 5'-6" unless otherwise shown in the Plans.

For barriers with a single-sided taper, the tapering Width Transition and tapering Split Sections length will be increased to achieve the Full Width. See General Note 9 and the layout in the Plans.

SCHEME 7 - DUAL MOVEMENT -SPAN GANTRIES OVER MEDIAN BARRIER

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DESCRIPTION:

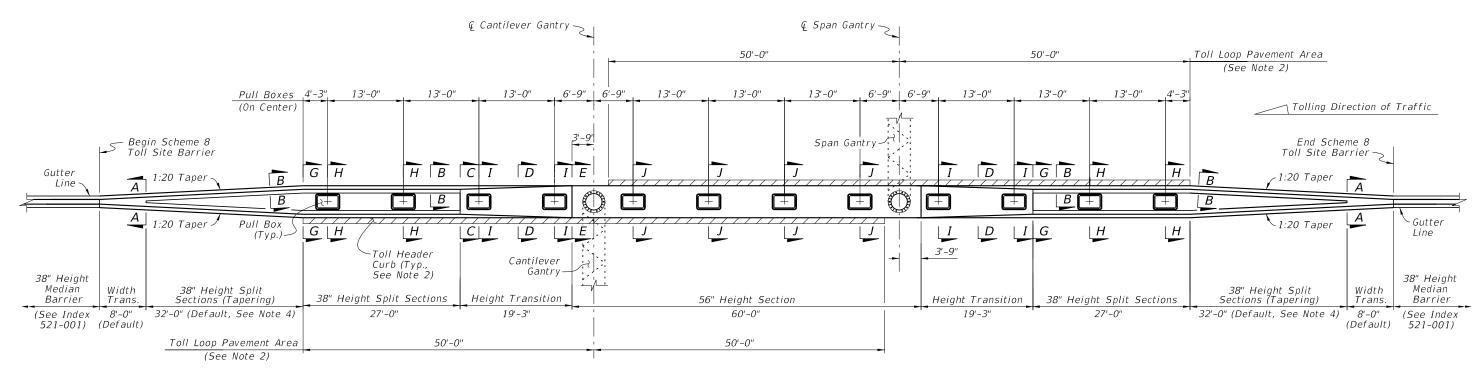
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CONCRETE BARRIER AT TOLL SITES

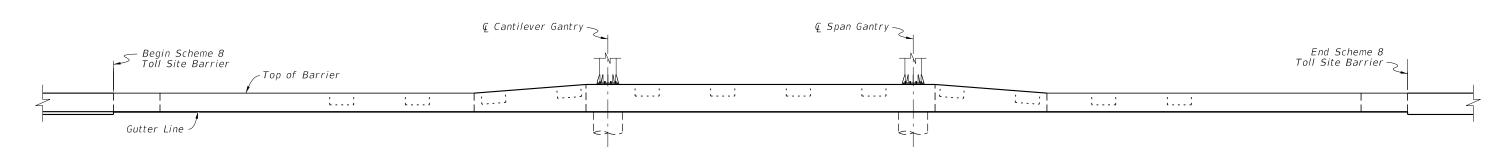
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Tolling Direction of Traffic

PLAN - LAYOUT



#### ELEVATION

#### NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Use Scheme 8 where called for in the Plans. Work with the reinforcing and construction details on Sheets 12 & 13. The gantries and foundations shown are schematic only; the sizes may vary.
- 2. TOLL HEADER CURB: Install Toll Header Curb for installations adjacent to flexible pavement and where called for in the Plans. For installations with concrete pavement, Toll Header Curb is not required. For more information, see Sheet 13.
- 3. PULL BOXES: For more information, see General Note 11 and Sheets 12 & 13.
- 4. FULL WIDTH: The length of the tapering 38" Height Split Section segment is governed by the Full Width dimension on Sheet 13. For Scheme 8, the default segment length is 32'-O" and the default Full Width is 6'-0" unless otherwise shown in the Plans.

For barriers with a single-sided taper, the tapering Width Transition and tapering Split Sections length will be increased to achieve the Full Width. See General Note 9 and the layout in the Plans.

SCHEME 8 - DUAL MOVEMENT -SPAN & CANTILEVER GANTRIES ON MEDIAN BARRIER

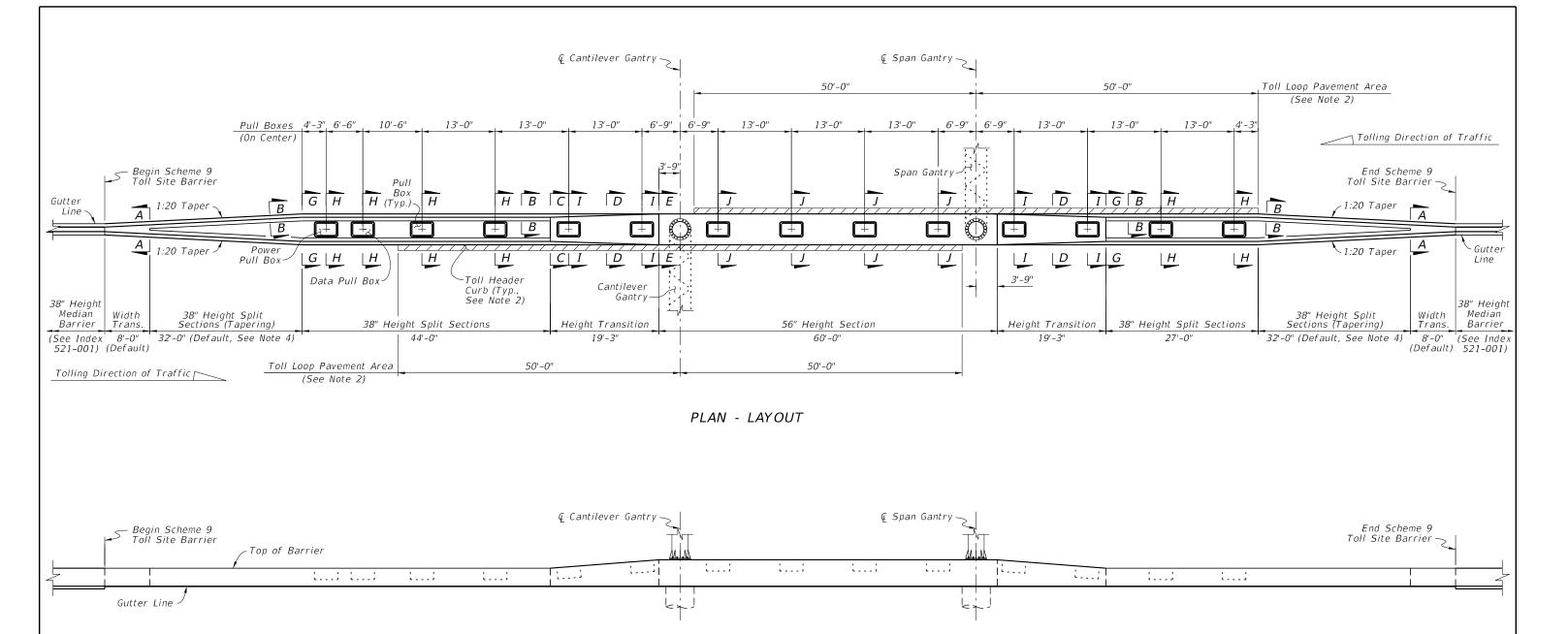
REVISION 11/01/24

DESCRIPTION:

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#### NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Use Scheme 9 where called for in the Plans. Work with the reinforcing and construction details on Sheets 12 & 13. The gantries and foundations shown are schematic only; the sizes may vary.
- 2. TOLL HEADER CURB: Install Toll Header Curb for installations adjacent to flexible pavement and where called for in the Plans. For installations with concrete pavement, Toll Header Curb is not required. For more information, see Sheet 13.
- 3. PULL BOXES: For more information, see General Note 11 and Sheets 12 & 13.
- 4. FULL WIDTH: The length of the tapering 38" Height Split Section segment is governed by the Full Width dimension on Sheet 13. For Scheme 9, the default segment length is 32'-0" and the default Full Width is 6'-0" unless otherwise shown in the Plans.

For barriers with a single-sided taper, the tapering Width Transition and tapering Split Sections length will be increased to achieve the Full Width. See General Note 9 and the layout in the Plans.

SCHEME 9 - DUAL MOVEMENT -SPAN & CANTILEVER GANTRIES ON MEDIAN BARRIER

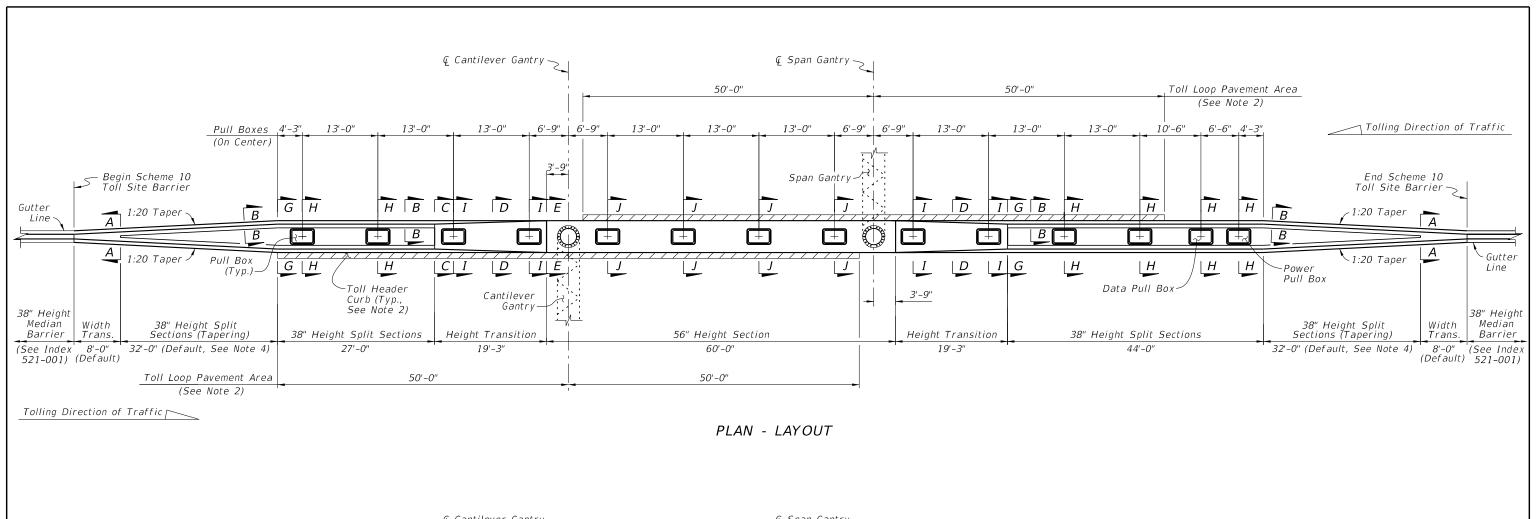
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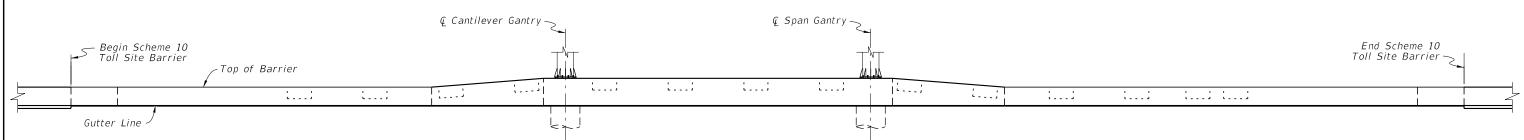
DESCRIPTION:

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#### NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Use Scheme 10 where called for in the Plans. Work with the reinforcing and construction details on Sheets 12 & 13. The gantries and foundations shown are schematic only; the sizes may vary.
- 2. TOLL HEADER CURB: Install Toll Header Curb for installations adjacent to flexible pavement and where called for in the Plans. For installations with concrete pavement, Toll Header Curb is not required. For more information, see Sheet 13.
- 3. PULL BOXES: For more information, see General Note 11 and Sheets 12 & 13.
- 4. FULL WIDTH: The length of the tapering 38" Height Split Section segment is governed by the Full Width dimension on Sheet 13. For Scheme 10, the default segment length is 32'-0" and the default Full Width is 6'-0" unless otherwise shown in the Plans.

For barriers with a single-sided taper, the tapering Width Transition and tapering Split Sections length will be increased to achieve the Full Width. See General Note 9 and the layout in the Plans.

SCHEME 10 - DUAL MOVEMENT -SPAN & CANTILEVER GANTRIES ON MEDIAN BARRIER

REVISION 11/01/24

DESCRIPTION:

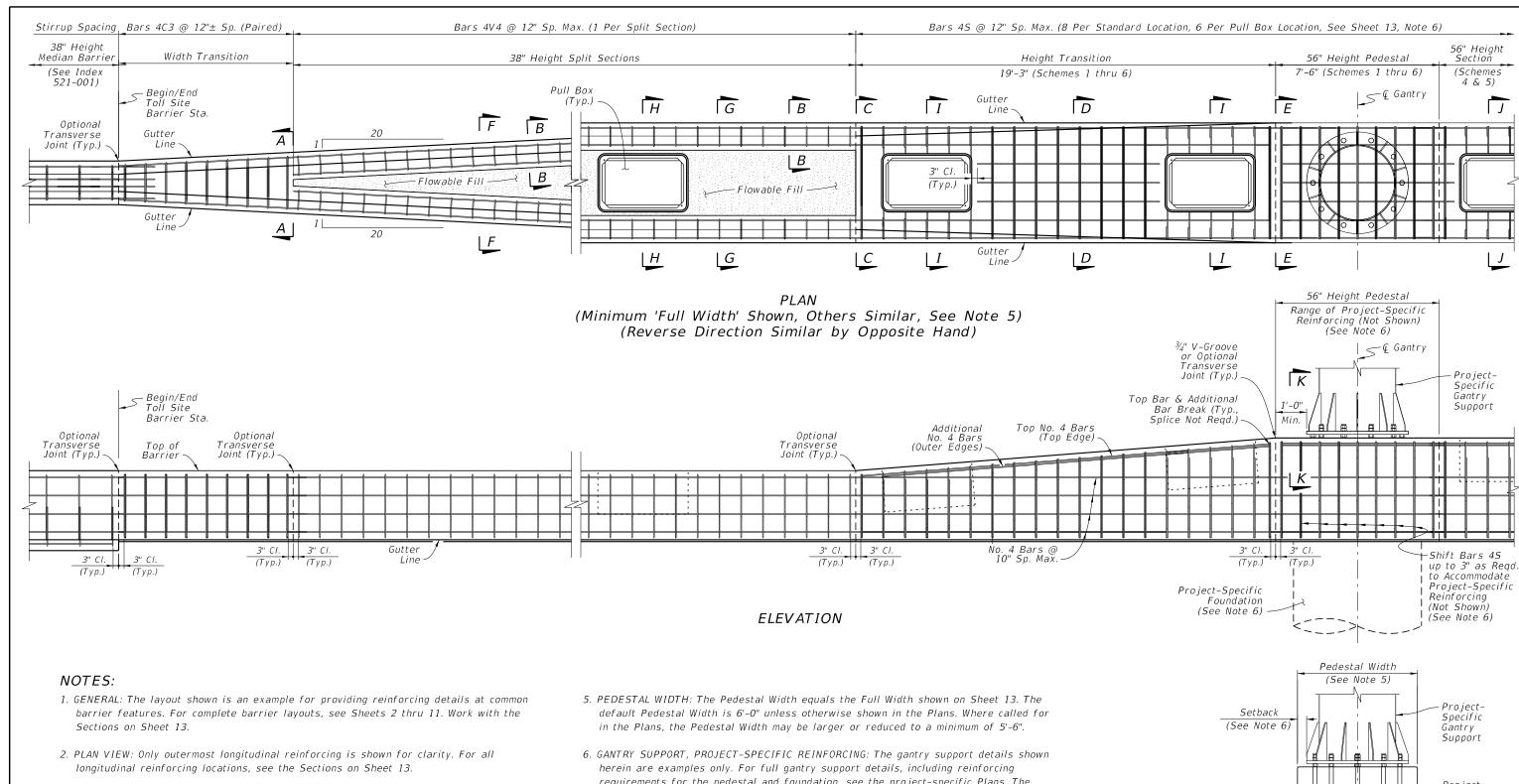
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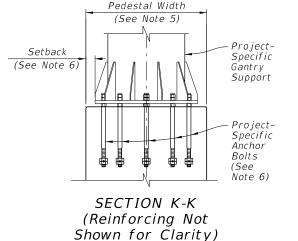


3. LONGITUDINAL REINFORCING: Maintain the 38" Height Median Barrier's longitudinal reinforcing bar pattern continuously through the side faces of the Toll Site Barrier. Provide the Top and Additional No. 4 Bars; taper bars upward as required to maintain position relative to the barrier's top face. Add No. 4 Bars on the back face of the Split Sections as shown on Sheet 13.

For discontinuous longitudinal bars, provide minimum lap splices of 18 inches.

For additional reinforcing information, See General Note 2 and Sheet 13.

- 4. FLOWABLE FILL: Use Non-Excavatable Flowable Fill in accordance with Specification 121. Alternatively, Use Class NS Concrete in accordance with Specification 347.
- requirements for the pedestal and foundation, see the project-specific Plans. The Setback and corresponding Pedestal Width may be governed by project-specific anchor bolt cover requirements. Steel materials may only be used for projectspecific reinforcing bars and anchor bolts that are located within the 56" Height Pedestal segment and foundation. See General Note 10.
- 7. PULL BOXES: Pull Box details and conduits are not shown for clarity of barrier details. If concrete cover is not violated, reinforcing bars shown may be shifted up to 3 inches to accommodate placement of conduit runs as needed. See General Note
- 8. TOLL HEADER CURB: For toll header curb location requirements, see Sheets 2 thru 11.



REINFORCING DETAILS - BARRIER PLAN AND ELEVATION - EXAMPLE FEATURES

REVISION 11/01/24

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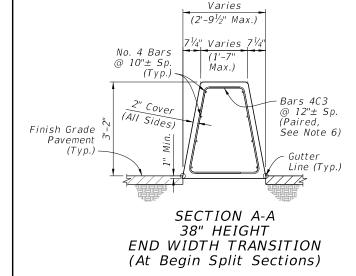
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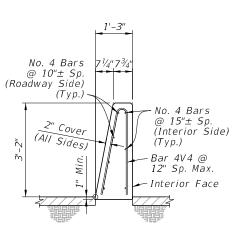
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE BARRIER AT TOLL SITES

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Full Width

(See Note 2)

No. 4 Bars

(Typ.)

No. 4 Bars

(Typ.)

Part Cover

(All Sides)

(Typ., Between Pull Boxes)

Full Width

Bars

(1)

Max. (Typ., See Note 6)

Bars 4S @ 12" Sp. Full Width Full Width Bars 4S Max. (Typ., (See Note 2) (See Note 2) See Note 6) @ 12" Sp. Мах. (Тур., \*Varies See Note 6) -Additional No. 4 Bars 2"  $(\pm \frac{1}{2}$ ") Cover 2" (±1/2") Cover (All Sides, See Note 6) (All Sides, See Note 6) No. 4 Bars @ 10"± Sp. (Typ.)

SECTION B-B 38" HEIGHT SPLIT SECTION (Opposite Side Similar by Opposite Hand)

SECTION C-C 38" HEIGHT WIDE SECTION (At End Split Sections & Begin Height Transition, Where Applicable)

SECTION D-D INTERMEDIATE HEIGHT TRANSITION (And Face Transition)

\*Dimension Varies Linearly Between Section C-C and E-E SECTION E-E 56" HEIGHT SECTION (And Pedestal, See 'Gantry Support' on Sheet 12)

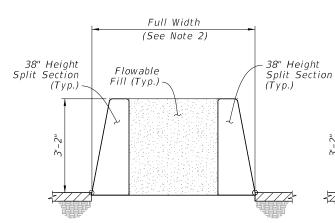
Additional

No. 4 Bars

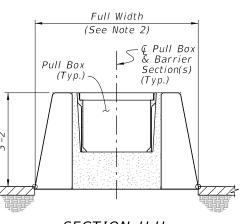
No. 4 Bars

@ 10"± Sp

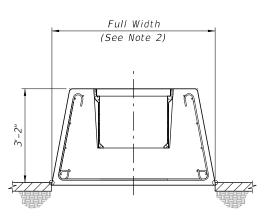
(Typ.)



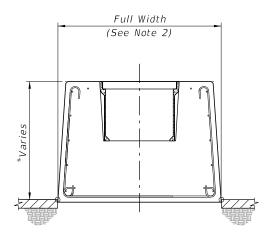
SECTION G-G FILL SECTION (Section F-F Similar, Width Tapers)



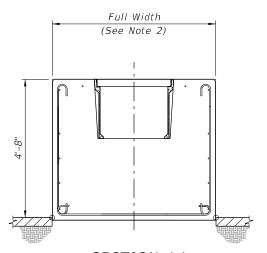
SECTION H-H PULL BOX IN FILL SECTIONS



SECTION L-L
PULL BOX IN 38" HEIGHT
WIDE SECTIONS
(See Above Section
For Reinforcing Details)



SECTION I-I PULL BOX IN HEIGHT TRANSITION SECTIONS (See Above Section for Reinforcing Details)



SECTION J-J PULL BOX IN 56" HEIGHT SECTIONS (See Above Section for Reinforcing Details)

#### NOTES:

DESCRIPTION:

- 1. GENERAL: Work with the plan and elevation views on Sheets 2 thru 12.
- 2. FULL WIDTH: Unless otherwise shown in the Plans, the default Full Width is 6'-0" for Schemes 1 thru 6, 5'-6" for Scheme 7, and 6'-0" for Schemes 8 thru 10. If called for in the Plans, the Full Width may be larger or reduced to a minimum of 5'-6".
- 3. FLOWABLE FILL: See Sheet 12.
- 4. PULL BOX LOCATIONS: Provide a minimum 3" clearance between reinforcing bars and Pull Boxes.

Pull Box details and conduits are not shown for clarity of barrier details. Reinforcing bars shown may be shifted up to 3 inches to accommodate placement of conduit runs as needed; maintain required concrete cover. See General Note 11.

5. TOLL HEADER CURB: Toll Header Curbs are not shown on this Sheet; see Sheets 2 thru 11 for required locations. For the Standard Plans section view and requirements, see Index 520-001. For full details, including any required conduit runs, see the governing project-specific Plans or General Tolling Requirements (GTR).

6. STIRRUP BARS: For the vertical and transverse reinforcement requirements shown, provide stirrup bars shown on Sheet 14. The following applies by section:

SECTION A-A: Provide a pair of Bars 4C3 at each stirrup location; lap at the top and bottom face of the barrier. Provide the maximum lap splice that fits per location. Trim the ends of Bars 4C3 as required to maintain cover requirement in narrowing sections.

SECTION B-B: Provide a single Bar 4V4 at each stirrup location.

SECTIONS C-C thru E-E: Provide Bars 4S1 and 4S2 at each stirrup location (8 pieces per location). Maintain bar continuity around the barrier's perimeter using the following splices. Provide an overlapping hook splice as shown in the barrier's corners. Provide a minimum 18-inch lap splice at the straight ends of the bars (Use either Bar 4S1 or 4S2 based on bar length needed to provide this required splice length and cover). With the approval of the engineer, Bars 4S in Section E-E may be substituted with No. 4 bars having a 90-degree bar bend with 3" inner-diameter to maintain continuity in the barrier's corners (straight bars may also be added, 18-inch lap splice applies).

SECTIONS L-L, I-I, and J-J: Provide the same reinforcing scheme as SECTIONS C-C thru E-E, except remove Bars 4S along the barrier's top face in order to fit the Pull Box.

REINFORCING DETAILS -

LAST REVISION 11/01/24

FDOT

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CONCRETE BARRIER AT TOLL SITES

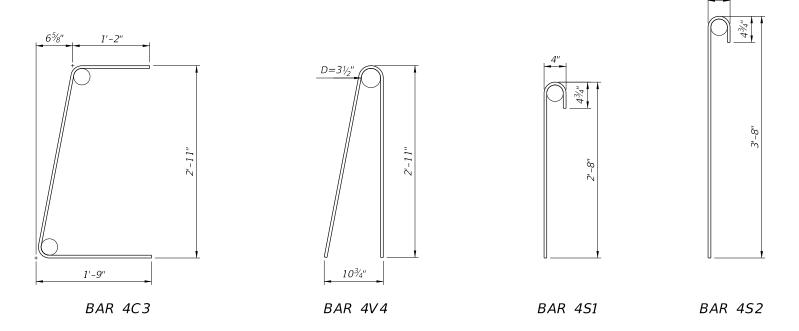
BARRIER SECTIONS

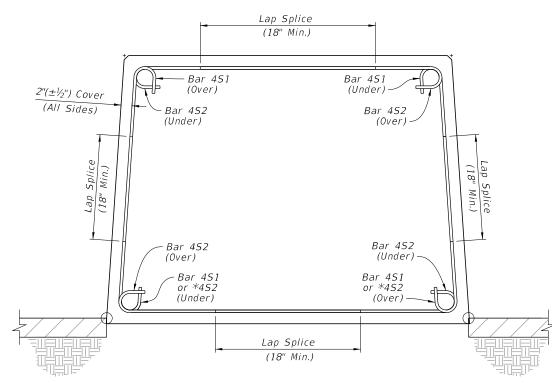
INDEX SHEET

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#### NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: Work with the Plan, Elevation, and Section views on Sheets 12 & 13. All bar dimensions shown are out-to-out.
- 2. BAR BEND RADIUS: Provide a 3-inch inner-diameter bar bend unless otherwise shown.
- 3. MATERIAL: All bars shown are GFRP material. See Sheet 1,





EXAMPLE STIRRUP LOCATION -SECTIONS C-C THRU E-E (Showing Only Bars 4S)

\*Substitute Bars 4S2 Where Additional Bar Length is Needed to Meet Minimum Lap Splice Requirement

## BAR BEND DETAILS

DESCRIPTION:

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. GENERAL: Construct Opaque Visual Barrier (OVB) in accordance with Specification 521. Use either cast-in-place or precast panels with Class II Concrete and Class 3 Surface Finish. Do not cast OVB concrete monolithically with the Concrete Barrier or Traffic Railing; use an ASTM D6380, Class S, Type III Organic Felt bond breaker as needed.
- 2. DOWEL BAR CONNECTION: For the embedment in Concrete Barrier or Traffic Railing concrete, dowel bars must be either cast in place for new concrete or grouted in place for existing concrete. Embed the dowel bars to the corresponding depths shown, and use the bar lengths provided in the Dowel Bar Length Table.

At cast in place embedment locations, longitudinally shift the dowel bars only as required to avoid reinforcing steel in the Concrete Barrier or Traffic Railing.

At grouted embedment locations, drill  $\frac{5}{8}$ " Ø holes to a depth of  $6\frac{1}{4}$ ". Use only approved non-shrink grout on the APL. Drilling through existing reinforcing steel is permitted.

3. TRANSVERSE JOINTS: Place  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Transverse Joints with a maximum spacing of 50'-0" and a minimum spacing of 20'-0". Use a consistent spacing where practical.

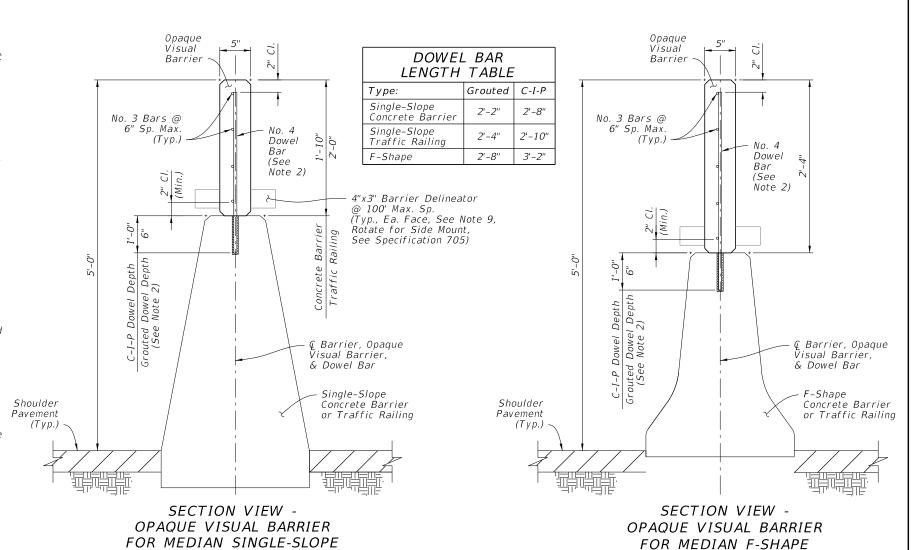
Without violating the above spacing requirements, place Transverse Joints matching the location and width of open joints in the supporting Concrete Barrier or Traffic Railing.

- 4. SLOPED END TREATMENTS: Regardless of the traffic direction, place Sloped End Treatments on all exposed ends of OVB, excluding leave-outs for barrier-mounted signs and light poles. See Note 7 below.
- 5. BARRIER-MOUNTED SIGNS AND LIGHT POLES: Where signs and barrier-mounted light pole structures conflict with placement of OVB, end and restart the OVB with a transverse vertical face located a longitudinal distance of 2"  $(\pm \frac{1}{2})$ ") from the base of the structure. Follow the same reinforcing scheme and concrete cover requirement for the Transverse Joint shown herein. See Note 7 below.
- 6. LARGE BARRIER-MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS: See Sheet 2 for details. See Note 7 below
- 7. LEAVE-OUTS: OVB leave-outs are longitudinal gaps in OVB segments required to accommodate barrier-mounted signs and light pole placement. Leave-outs up to 15 feet in length are included in OVB length measurement.
- 8. ASYMMETRICAL CONCRETE BARRIER SECTIONS: When mounting on top of an asymmetrical Concrete Barrier section (not shown), align the centerline of the OVB with the centerline of the top face of the Concrete Barrier section.
- 9. SPLIT CONCRETE BARRIER SECTIONS: For split Concrete Barrier sections that run separately (for vertical structures, bridges, etc.), OVB is only required on top of one of the Concrete Barrier sections. Place OVB on Pavement top of the Concrete Barrier section with the highest elevation. For these segments, mount barrier delineators on only the OVB face nearest the roadway (barrier mount other side). Longitudinally overlapping OVB runs are permitted where called for in the Plans, as designated with overlapping Begin and End Station OVB callouts.
- 10. VERTICAL REINFORCING: Place vertical No. 3 bars with the spacing shown, except that No. 3 bars at the dowel bar locations may be shifted longitudinally to fit or they may be omitted at the contractor's option.
- 11. OPTIONAL WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT: With the approval of the Engineer, the No. 3 bars shown herein may be replaced with welded wire reinforcement in accordance with Specification 415. Use welded wire reinforcement of equal or greater strength than the bars being replaced; maintain the same cover requirements with equivalent or smaller spacing.
- 12. VARIABLE HEIGHT CONCRETE BARRIERS: See Sheet 2 for details.
- 13. CONCRETE BARRIER AND TRAFFIC RAILING TRANSITIONS BETWEEN DIFFERING SECTIONS: Transition the OVB section using a method similar to the OVB Linear Bottom Transition shown in Elevation View 'B' on Sheet 2, except adjust the longitudinal length of the transition as required.

#### ELEVATION VIEW - OPAQUE VISUAL BARRIER

CONCRETE BARRIER

OR TRAFFIC RAILING



DESCRIPTION: REVISION 11/01/22

FDOT

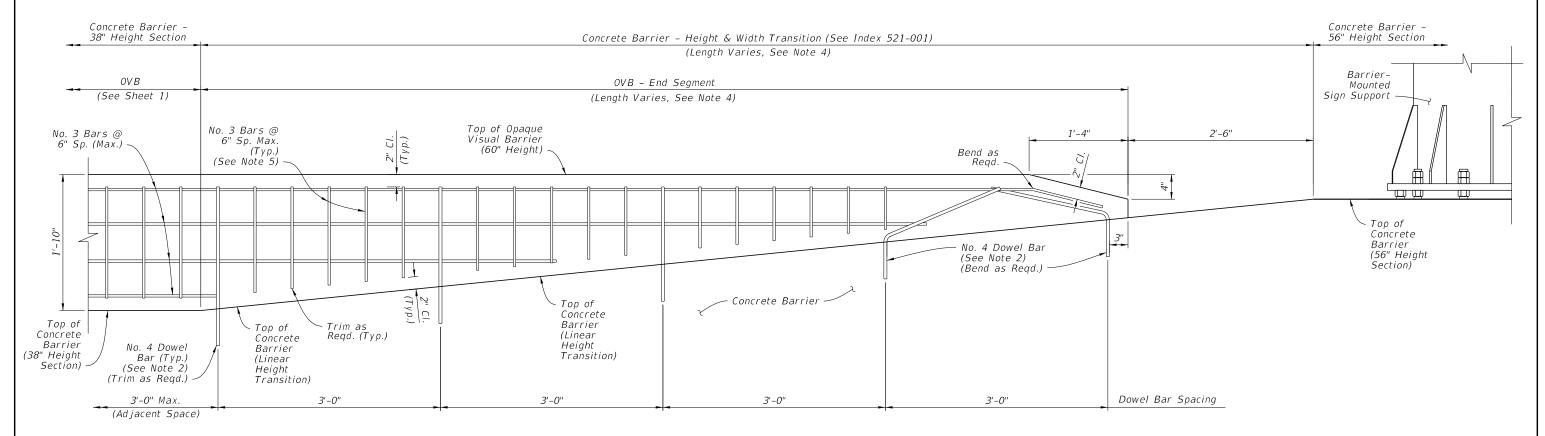
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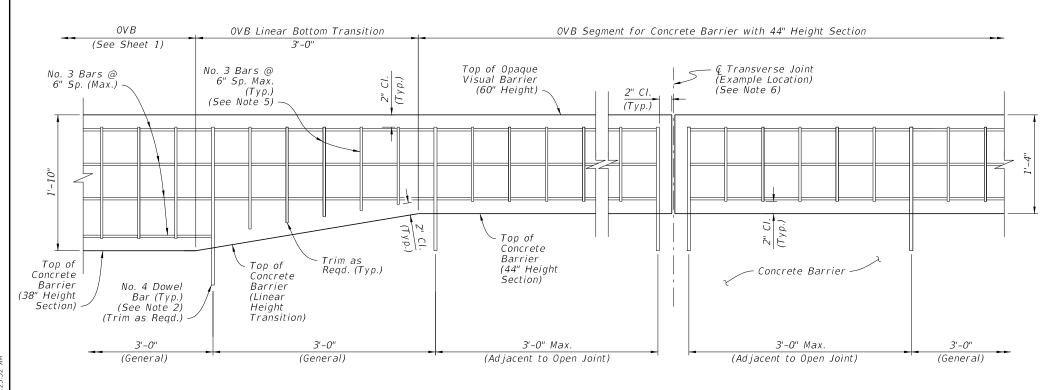
CONCRETE BARRIER

OR TRAFFIC RAILING

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#### ELEVATION VIEW 'A' - OVB END SEGMENT AT CONCRETE BARRIER HEIGHT TRANSITION FROM 38" HEIGHT TO 56" HEIGHT SECTION (REVERSE DIRECTION SIMILAR BY OPPOSITE HAND)



#### ELEVATION VIEW 'B' - OVB SEGMENT FOR CONCRETE BARRIER WITH 44" HEIGHT SECTION (OVB LINEAR BOTTOM TRANSITION SHOWN, REVERSE DIRECTION SIMILAR BY OPPOSITE HAND)

#### NOTES:

- 1. LATERAL DIMENSIONS: Maintain the OVB section width and lateral placement as defined on Sheet 1.
- 2. DOWEL BAR LENGTHS & CONNECTIONS: For the differing OVB section heights, trim or adjust the dowel bar lengths as required to meet the clearances shown while maintaining the dowel bar connection requirements of Sheet 1.

Elevation View 'A' - For the two dowel bars closest to the OVB end location, use full dowel bar lengths and bend as shown to maintain clearances. Overlapping dowel bars may deviate from the lateral centerline as required.

3. DOWEL BAR SPACING:

Elevation View 'B' - The dowel locations shown in this detail are examples only, and may shift to maintain the spacing pattern that is governed by adjacent OVB. Maintain the dowel bar spacing scheme as defined on Sheet 1; place dowel bars within the OVB Linear Bottom Transition as required.

4. SEGMENT LENGTHS:

Elevation View 'A' - The length of the OVB End Segment is governed by the length of linear width and height transition of the Concrete Barrier.

Elevation View 'B' - The length of the reduced-section OVB segment is governed by the length of Concrete Barrier with 44" Height Section.

- 5. VERTICAL REINFORCING: For the differing OVB section heights, trim or adjust the vertical No. 3 Bar lengths as required to meet the clearances shown.
- 6. TRANSVERSE JOINTS:

Follow the requirements of Sheet 1.

Elevation View 'A' - Do not place Transverse Joints within the End Segment.

Elevation View 'B' - Maintain the Transverse Joint spacing scheme as defined on Sheet 1; place dowel bars within the OVB Linear Bottom Transition as reauired.

REVISION 11/01/18 DESCRIPTION:

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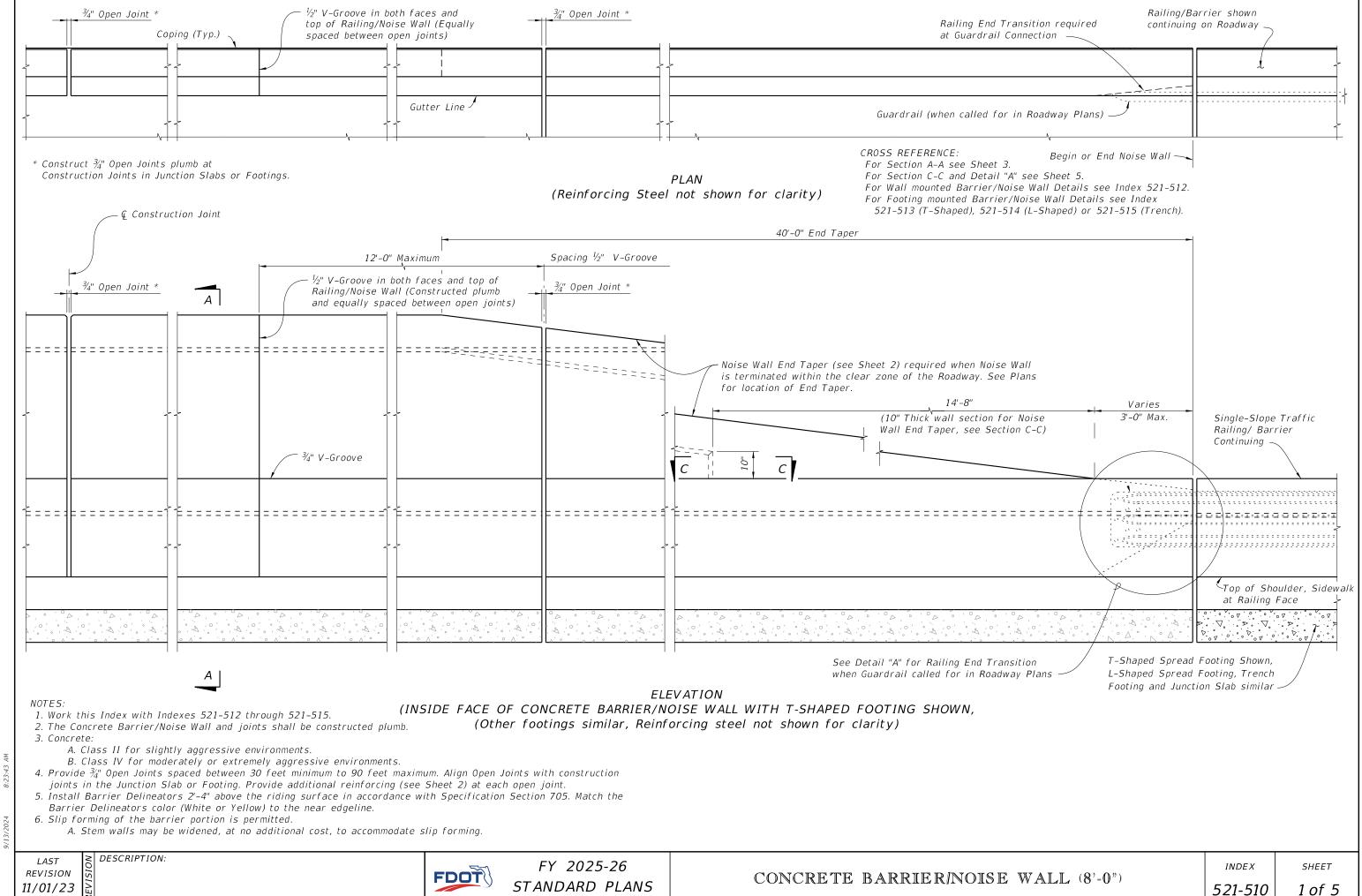
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

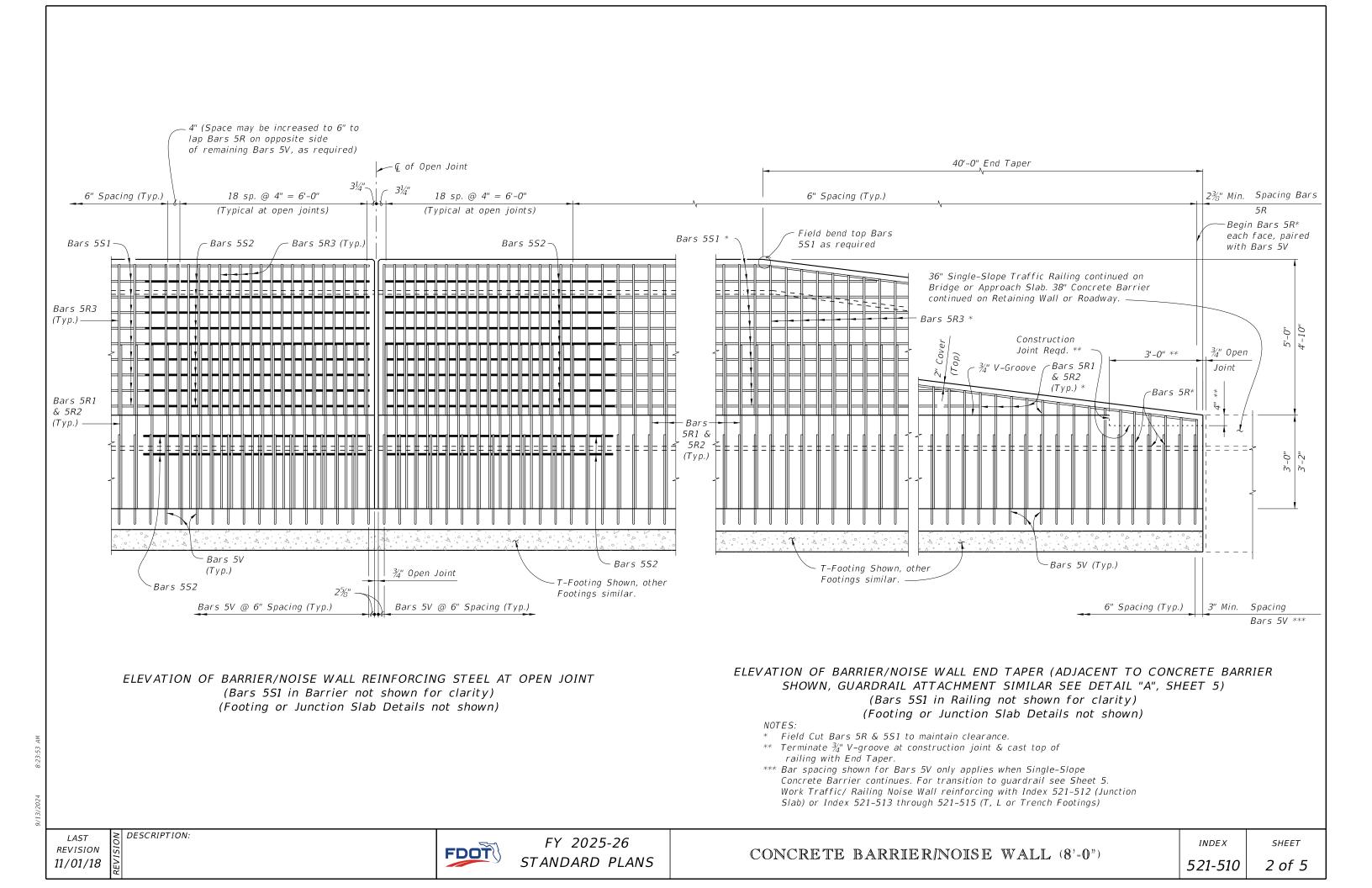
OPAQUE VISUAL BARRIER

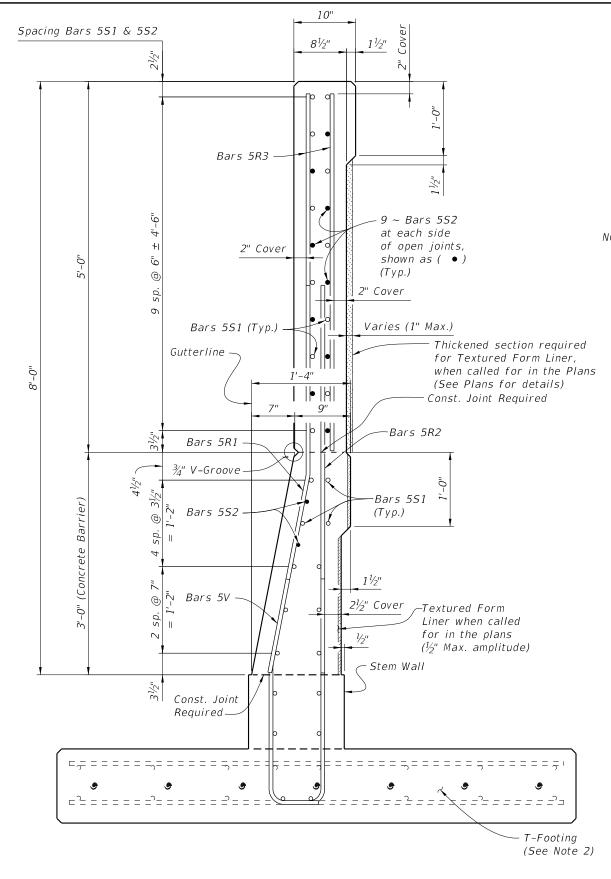
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SECTION A-A
TYPICAL SECTION THRU CONCRETE BARRIER/NOISE WALL AT OPEN JOINT
(Section Thru T-Footing Shown, Section Thru
Junction Slab, L or Trench Footings similar)

CROSS REFERENCE:

For locations of Section A-A see Sheet 1. For location of View B-B, see Sheet 5. For Detail "A", see Sheet 5

NOTES:

Bars 5V shown are for T-Shape footings.
 5V for Junction Slab, L-Shape and Trench footings are similar.

2. Foundation Details:

Index 521-512 (Junction Slab) Index 521-513 (T-Shape) Index 521-514 (L-Shape)

Index 521-515 (Trench)

1'-1" 31/4" 93/4" 2" Cover (Top) **Q** Thrie Beam Terminal Connector Bolts -Bars 5R (Field Cut to maintain cover) Bars 5S1 (Field Bend as required to maintain cover (Typ.) Bars 5V (cut and lap as shown, (See Detail "A" for bar spacings) Riding Surface Const. Joint Required Edge of Stem Stem Wall Wall (See Note 2) Bars 5S (Field Bend as Reqd.)

VIEW B-B
END VIEW OF RAILING END TRANSITION FOR
GUARDRAIL ATTACHMENT
(T-Footing shown, Junction Slab, L or Trench Footings similar)

LAST REVISION 11/01/18

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE BARRIER/NOISE WALL (8'-0")

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SHEET

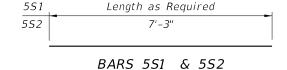
521-510 3 of 5

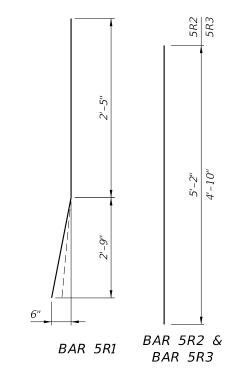
ESTIMATED TRAFFIC RAILING/NOISE WALL QUANTITIES			
ITEM UNIT QUANTITY			
Concrete (Railing)	CY/LF	0.107	
Concrete (Noise Wall)	CY/LF	0.136	
Reinforcing Steel (Typical)	LB/LF	81.55	
Additional Reinf. @ Open Joint	LB	241.58	

(The above quantities are based on the Concrete Barrier/ Noise wall typical section, (excluding junction slab or footing)

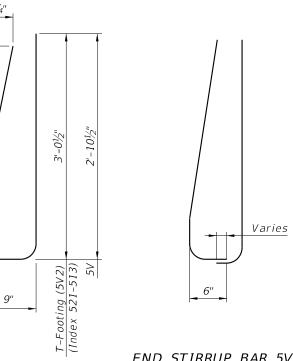
#### REINFORCING STEEL BENDING DIAGRAMS

BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL			
MARK	SIZE	LENGTH	
R1	5	5'-2"	
R2	5	5'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	
R3	5	4'-10''	
<i>S1</i>	5	As Reqd.	
52	5	7'-3"	
V (Wall)	5	6'-6 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	
V (T-Footing)	5	7'-8½"	





1'-101/2" 9" STIRRUP BAR 5V



(Field Cut and Bend for Railing End Transition)

END STIRRUP BAR 5V To Be Field Cut (Railing End Transition)

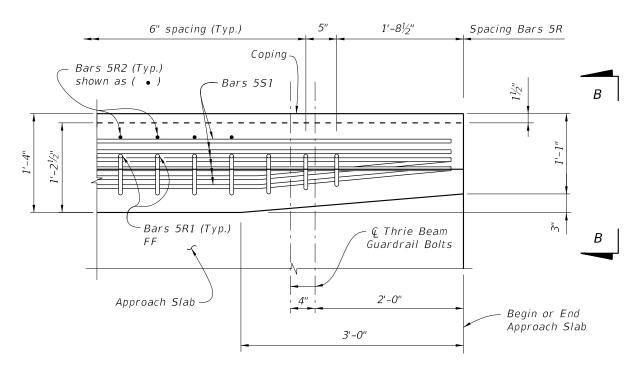
#### REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

- 1. All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.
- 2. All reinforcing steel at the open joints shall have a 2" minimum cover.
- 3. Bars 5R shall be one continuous or lap spliced bar. No mechanical couplers are permitted.
- 4. Bars 5S1 may be continuous or spliced at the construction joints. Lap splices for Bars 5R, 5S1 and 5W shall be a minimum of 2'-2".
- 5. The Contractor may use Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) when approved by the Engineer. WWR must consist of deformed wire meeting the requirements of Specification Section 931.
- 6. See Index 521-514 and 521-515 for L-shaped and Trench footing vertical reinforcing.

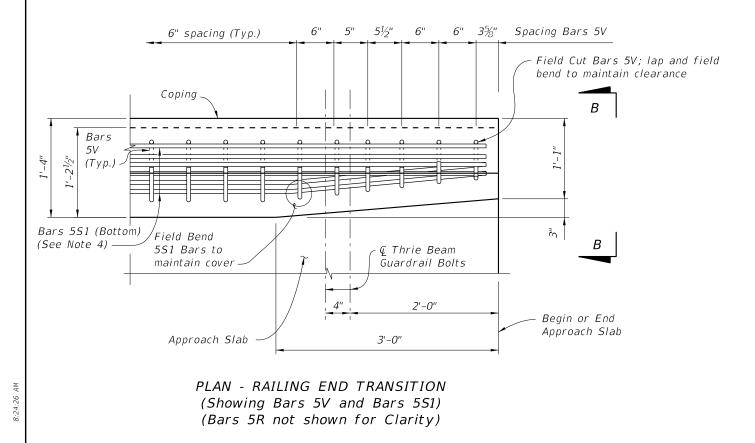
CROSS REFERENCE: See Index 521-512 for Junction Slab Details and

Indexes 521-513 thru 521-515 for additional footing details.

DESCRIPTION:



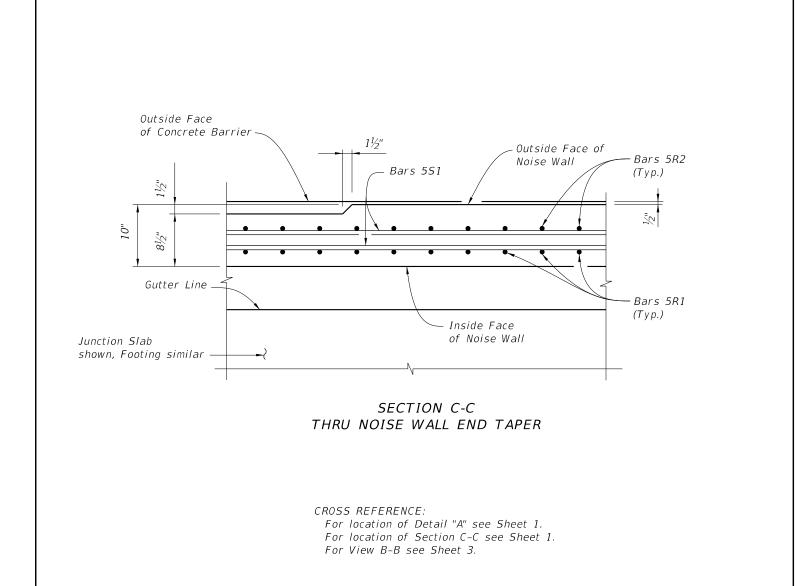
PLAN - RAILING END TRANSITION (Showing Bars 5R, and Bars 5S1) (Bars 5V not shown for Clarity)



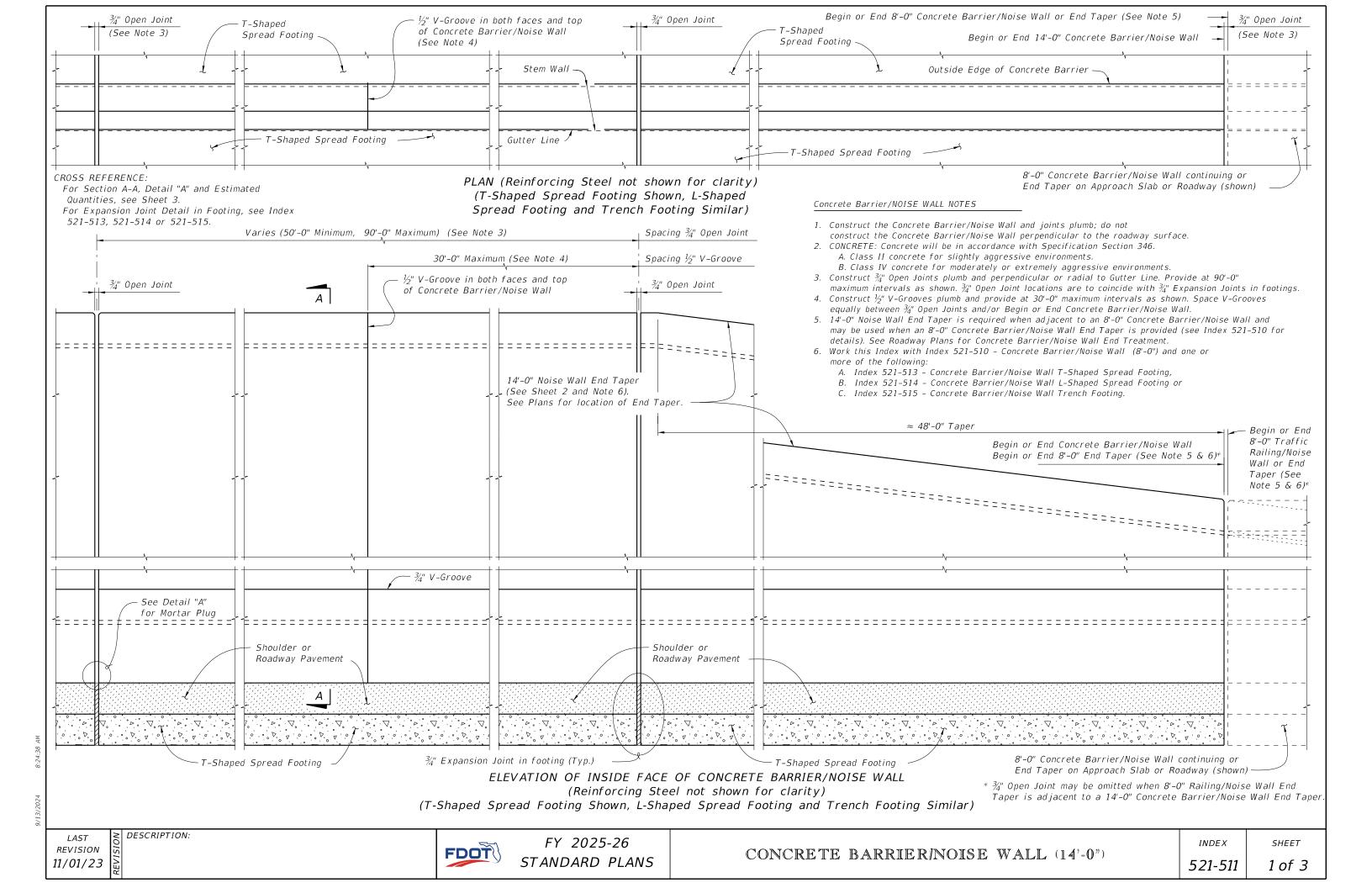
DETAIL "A" =

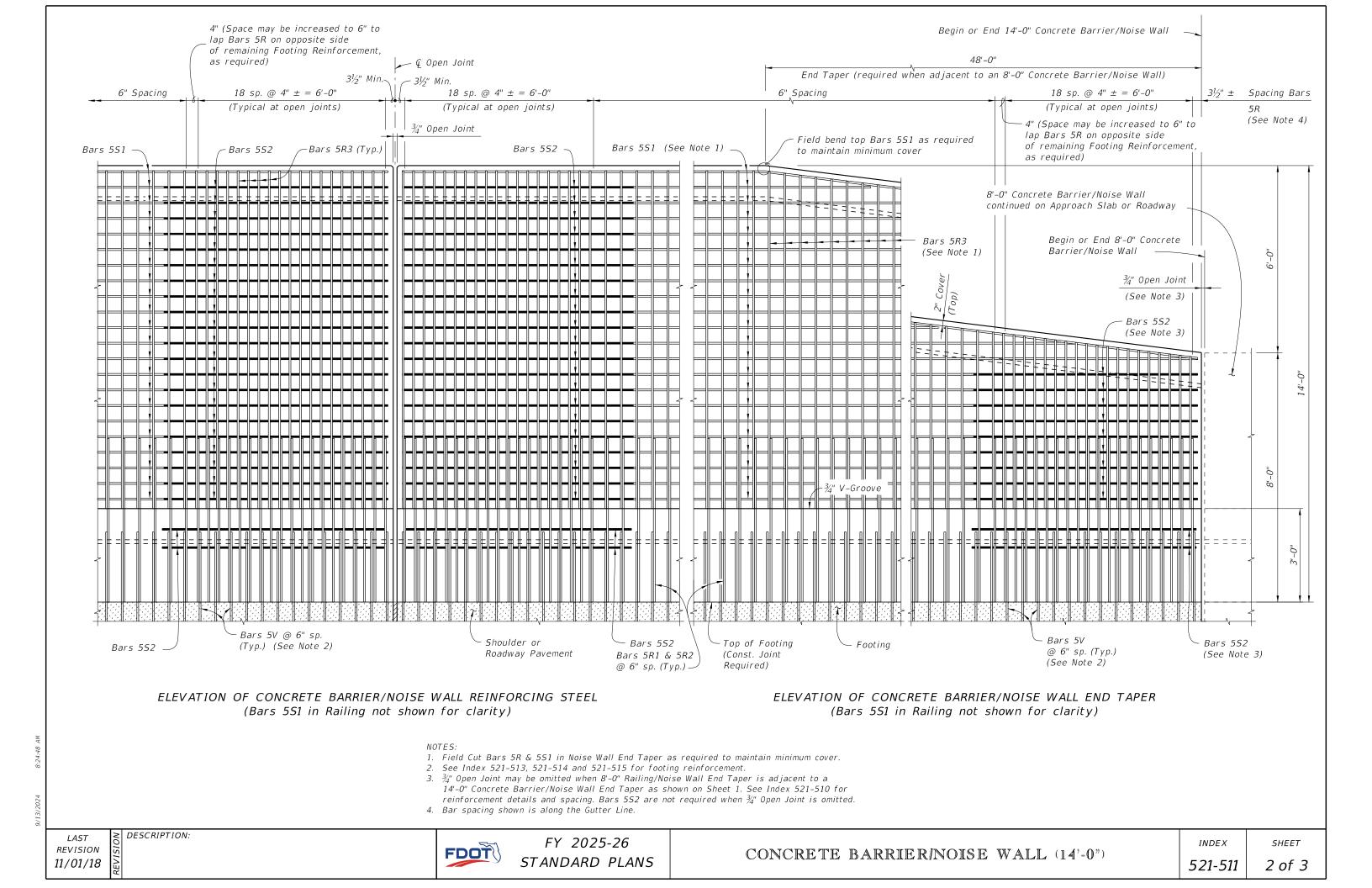
#### DETAIL "A" NOTES:

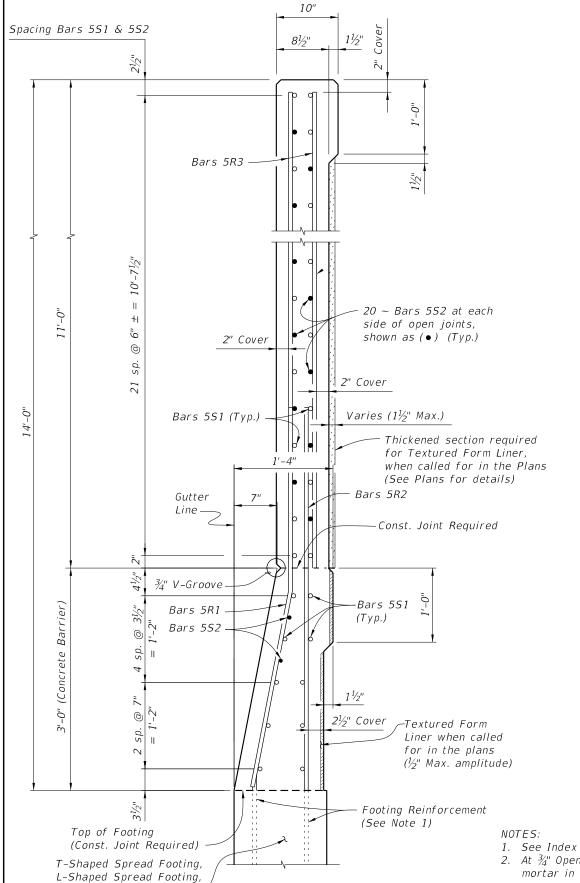
- Begin placing Railing Bars 5V at the railing end and proceed toward the guardrail (thrie beam) terminal connector to ensure placement of guardrail bolt holes. Pair Bars 5R with Bars 5V as shown. Clearance of Bars 5R & 5V to guardrail bolt holes shall be checked to prevent cutting of bars if bolt holes are to be drilled. Shift bars locally where conflicts occur.
- 2. For Guardrail connection details see Index 536-001.
- 2. Omit Railing End Transition if a Single-Slope Concrete Barrier/ Barrier continues beyond the End Taper. See the Plan Sheets.
- 4. Field cut Bars 5R2 to maintain cover. Field cut Bars 5V and lap as necessary to maintain cover; field cut & bend Bars 5R1 front leg (more plumb) to maintain cover and tie to S1 Bars. (See Sheet 1 Notes 1 and 2)

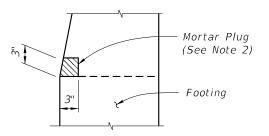


SHEET









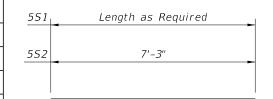
DETAIL "A" -SECTION AT OPEN JOINT

- 1. See Index 521-513, 521-514 or 521-515 for footing reinforcement.
- 2. At  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Open Joints, plug the lower 3" portion of the open joint by filling it with mortar in accordance with Specification Section 400.

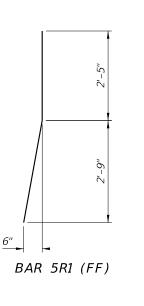
SECTION A-A TYPICAL SECTION THRU CONCRETE BARRIER/NOISE WALL

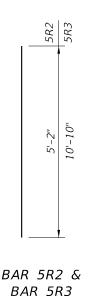
#### REINFORCING STEEL BENDING DIAGRAMS

BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL			
MARK	SIZE	LENGTH	
R1	5	5'-2"	
R2	5	5'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	
R3	5	10'-10"	
S1	5	AS REQD.	
52	5	7'-3"	



BARS 5S1 & 5S2





#### REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

- 1. All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.
- 2. All reinforcing steel at the open joints will have a 2" minimum cover.
- 3. Bars 5R may be continuous or spliced at construction joints. Lap splices for Bars 5R, and 5S1 will be a minimum of 2'-2".
- 4. The Contractor may use Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) when approved by the Engineer. WWR must consist of Deformed wire meeting the requirements of Specification Section 931.

### ESTIMATED CONCRETE BARRIER/NOISE WALL QUANTITIES

ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY
Concrete (Concrete Barrier)	CY/FT	0.107
Concrete (Noise Wall, excluding any thickening)	CY/FT	0.293
Reinforcing Steel (Railing/Noise Wall) (Bars R1, R2, R3, S1 & V)	LB/FT	120.88
Additional Reinf. @ Open Joint (Railing/Noise Wall)	LB	378.22

CROSS REFERENCE:

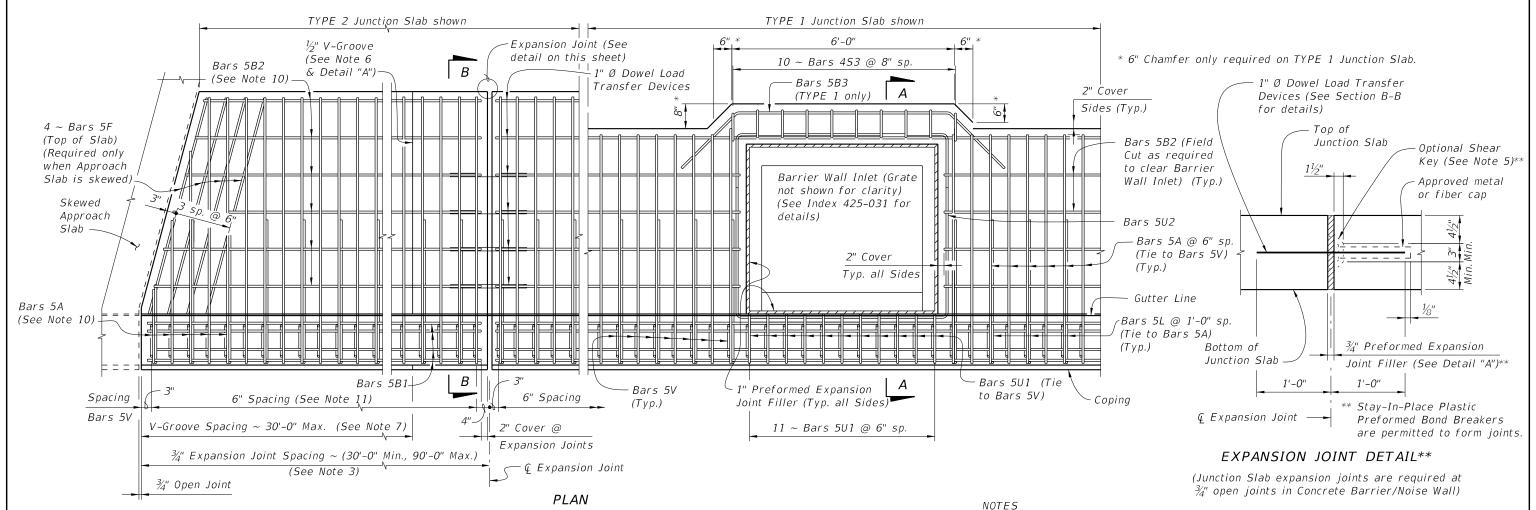
For locations of Section A-A and Detail "A", see Sheet 1.

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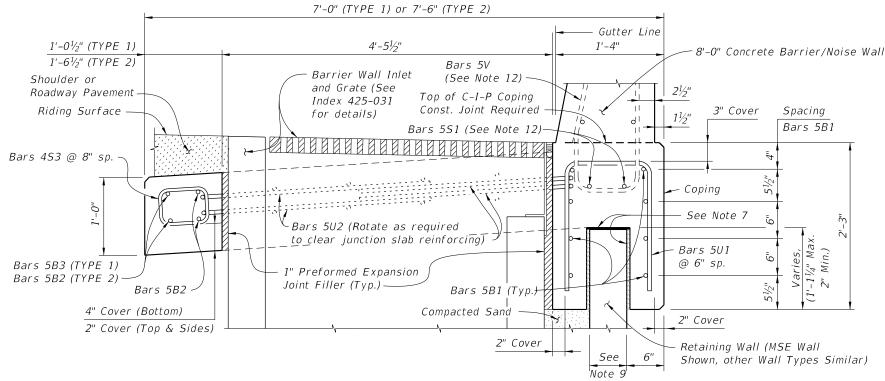
or Trench Footing -

DESCRIPTION:





# JUNCTION SLAB ADJACENT TO SKEWED APPROACH SLAB AND WITH BARRIER WALL INLET



SECTION A-A SECTION THRU JUNCTION SLAB, BARRIER WALL INLET AND RETAINING WALL (TYPE 1 Junction Slab Shown, TYPE 2 Similar)

- 1. Work this Index with Index 521-510 Concrete Barrier/Noise Wall (8'-0").
- 2. Concrete will be in accordance with Specification Section 346.
  - A. Use Class II concrete for slightly aggressive environments.
  - B. Class IV concrete for moderately or extremely aggressive environments.
- Construct  $rac{3}{4}$ " Expansion Joints and face of coping plumb, and either perpendicular or radial to Gutter Line. Provide at 90'-0" maximum intervals as shown.
- Dowel Load Transfer Devices will be hot-dip galvanized ASTM A36 smooth round bars or GFRP smooth round bars with a minimum shear strength of 22 ksi in accordance with ASTM D7617. Install Dowel Load Transfer Devices in accordance with Specification Section 350.
- Shear Keys in Junction Slab are required when GFRP bars are used for Dowel Transfer Devices and are optional with steel dowel bars. Tongue Slope on Shear Key must be constant and between 5° to 45° from horizontal.
- Construct ½" V-Grooves plumb and provide at 30'-0" maximum intervals as shown. Space V-Grooves equally between 3/4" Expansion Joints and/or Begin or End Junction Slab. V-Groove locations are to coincide with V-Groove locations in the Barrier/Noise Wall.
- Provide Organic Felt bond breaker on top and Expanded Polystyrene ( $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick) on sides of retaining wall.
- Shoulder or Roadway Pavement is required on top of the junction slab for its entire length on the traffic side of the Barrier/Noise Wall. See Section B-B for
- Actual location & width vary depending on type of Retaining Wall used.
- 10. Field cut Bars 5A and 5B2 as required to maintain minimum cover for skewed Approach Slab.
- Spacing shown is along the Gutter Line.
- 12. See Index 521-510 for Bars 5V and 2 ~ Bars 5S1. See Plans for Junction Slab width (TYPE).

CROSS REFERENCE:

For Section B-B and Detail "A", see Sheet 2.

REVISION 11/01/20 DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE BARRIER/NOISE WALL JUNCTION SLAB

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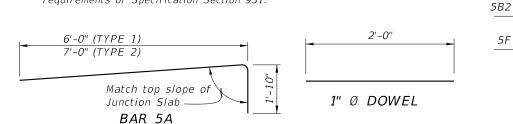
1 of 2

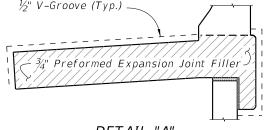
### REINFORCING STEEL BENDING DIAGRAMS (8'-0" Concrete Barrier/Noise Wall) (TYPE 1 and 2)

#### BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL LENGTH MARK SIZE TYPE 1 TYPE 2 5 7'-10" 8'-10" Α В1 5 AS REQD. AS REQD. В2 5 AS REQD. AS REQD. 5 В3 10'-0" N/A5 4'-8" 5'-8" 5 4'-5" 4'-5" 53 4 3'-1" 4'-0" U 1 5 4'-9" 4'-9" U2 5 12'-10" 12'-10" DOWEL | 1" Ø Smooth Bar 2'-0" 2'-0"

## REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

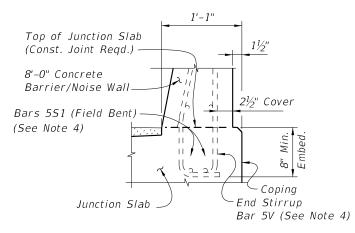
- 1. All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.
- 2. All reinforcing steel at the open joints will have a 2" minimum cover.
- 3. Lap splices for Bars 5B will be a minimum of 2'-2".
- 4. The Contractor may use Deformed WWR when approved by the Engineer. Deformed WWR must meet the requirements of Specification Section 931.





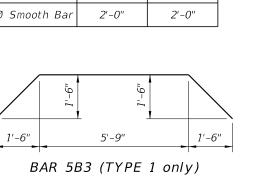
DETAIL "A"

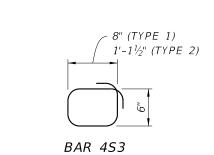
(Showing Locations of  $\frac{1}{2}$ " V-Grooves and 3/4" Preformed Expansion Joint Filler)

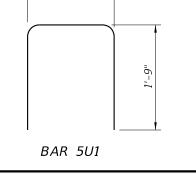


PARTIAL END VIEW OF RAILING END TRANSITION FOR GUARDRAIL ATTACHMENT (Showing Bars 5V and Bars 5B1)

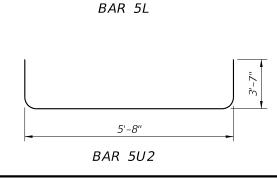
NOTE: See Index 521-510, Detail "A" for details.







1'-2"



3'-9"

Length as Required

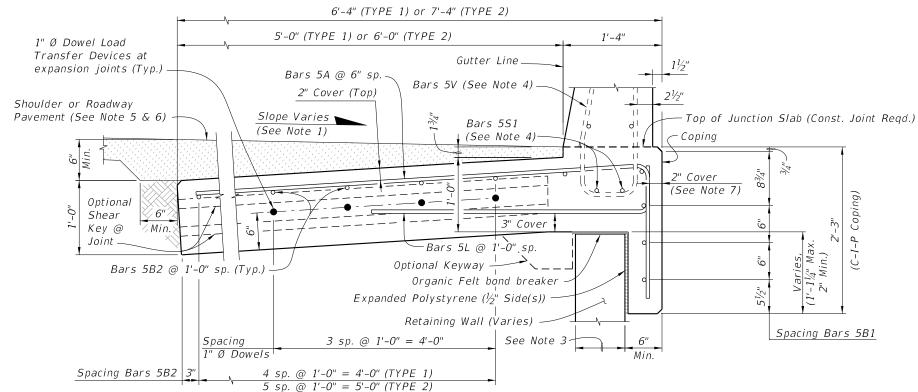
Length as Required

4'-8"

**BARS 5B & 5F** 

5B1

5F



#### ESTIMATED JUNCTION SLAB QUANTITIES QUANTITY ITEM UNIT TYPE 1 TYPE 2 Concrete (Junction Slab) CY/FT 0.268 0.305 LB/FT 31.72 34.85 Reinforcing Steel (Typical) Additional Reinf. @ Expansion Joint LB 21.36 21.36

#### NOTES:

- 1. Match Cross Slope of Travel Lane or Shoulder.
- 2. Vary Junction Slab slope based on roadway cross slope to maintain a minimum 6" asphalt depth at the edge of the slab as shown.
- 3. Actual width varies depending on type of Retaining Wall used.
- 4. See Index 521-510 for Bars 5V and Bars 5S1.
- 5. For Rigid Pavement (Concrete), Junction Slab may be thickened to match finished grade. Vary the Junction Slab slope to maintain a minimum 1'-6" thickness at the inside edge of the slab.
- 6. See Roadway Plans for asphalt shoulder, roadway pavement and overbuild.
- 7. If slip forming is used, submit shop drawings for approval showing Expansion Joint support details and  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " side cover with adjusted Typical Section dimensions.
- 8. Bars 5L and 5C are grouped together and placed with every other Bar 5A.
- 9. Bar 5L to lap Bar 5C for minimum wall embedment. Minimum Lap splice length 2'-2".

SECTION B-B TYPICAL SECTION THRU JUNCTION SLAB AND RETAINING WALL (8'-0" Concrete Barrier/Noise Wall)

CROSS REFERENCE:

For location of Section B-B, see Sheet 1.

REVISION 11/01/22

DESCRIPTION:

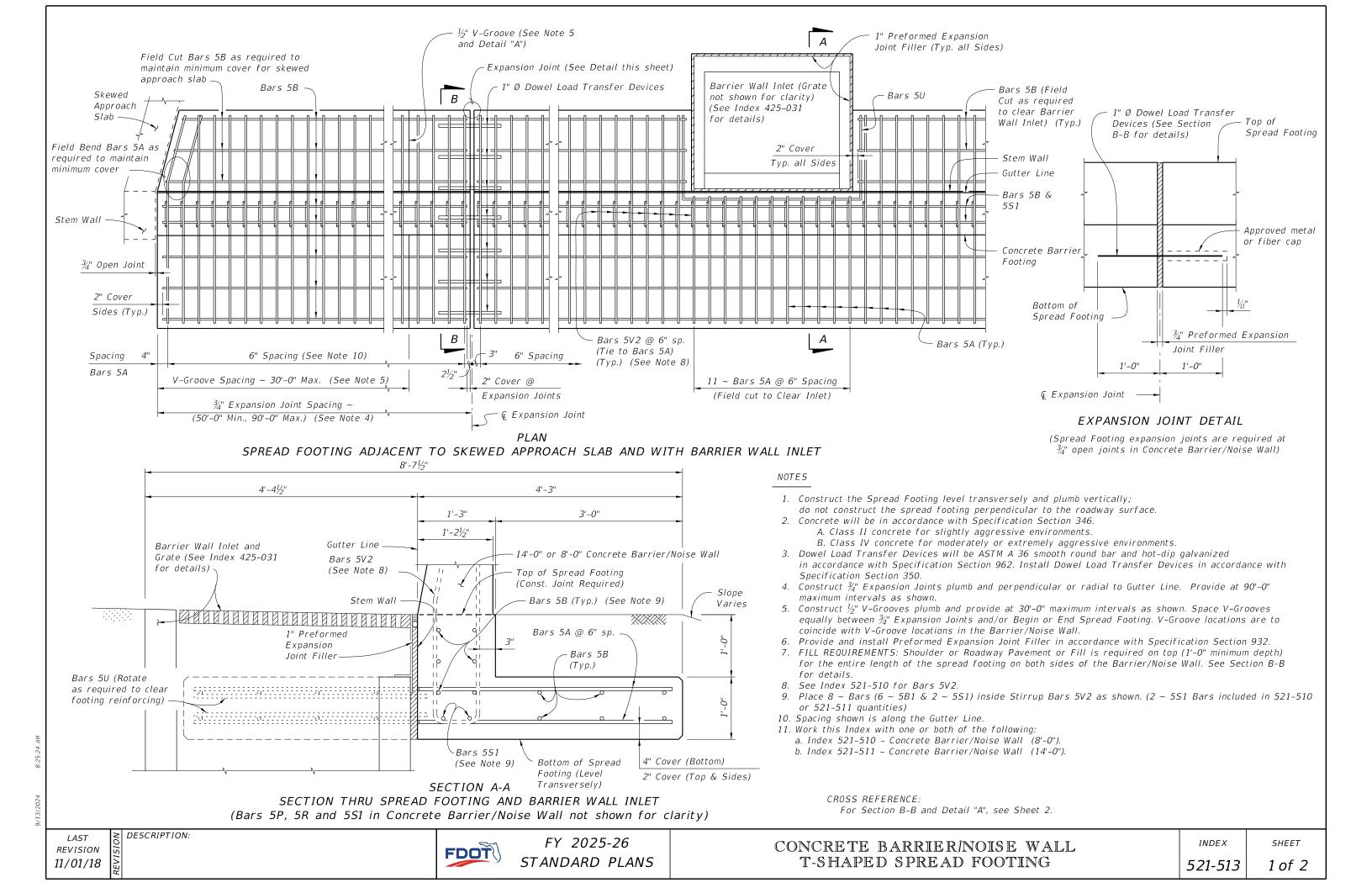
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CONCRETE BARRIER/NOISE WALL

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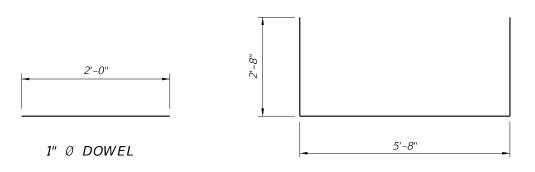
SHEET

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- 4	CL OU
$\frac{5A}{}$	6'-8"
5B	Length as Required

BARS 5A & 5B

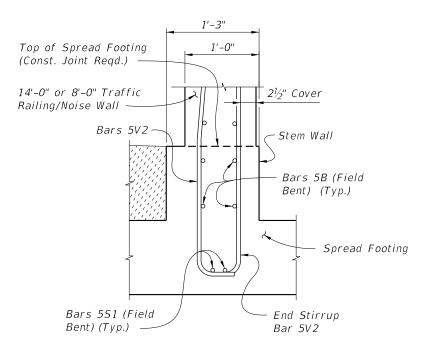


REINFORCING STEEL BENDING DIAGRAMS

BAR 5U

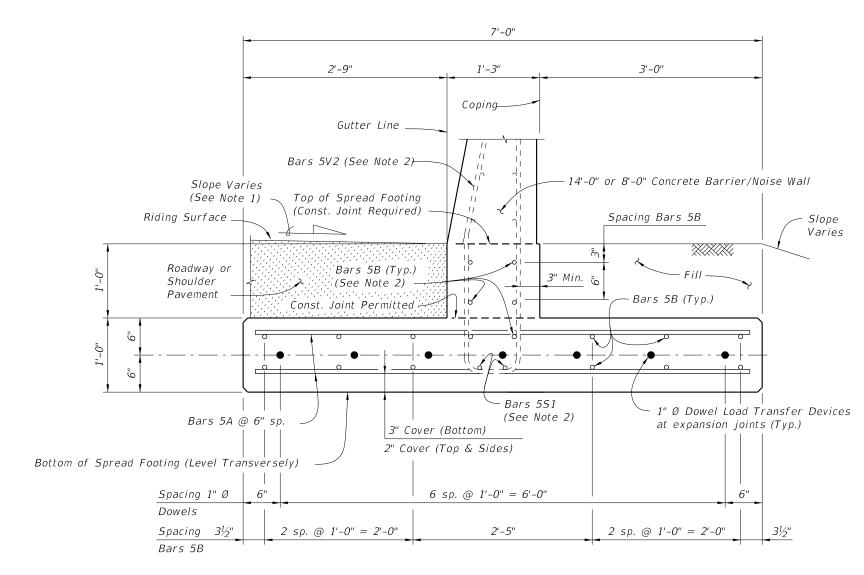
#### REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

- 1. All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.
- 2. All reinforcing steel at the open joints will have a 2" minimum cover.
- 3. Lap splices for Bars 5B will be a minimum of 2'-2".
- 4. The Contractor may use Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) when approved by the Engineer. WWR must consist of Deformed wire meeting the requirements of Specification Section 931.



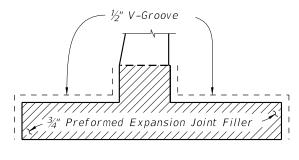
PARTIAL END VIEW OF RAILING END TRANSITION FOR GUARDRAIL ATTACHMENT (Showing Bars 5V2, and Bars 5B inside of Stirrup Bars 5V2)

NOTE: See Index 521-510, Detail "A" for details.



#### SECTION B-B TYPICAL SECTION THRU SPREAD FOOTING (Bars 5R and 5S1 in Concrete Barrier/Noise Wall not shown for clarity)

- 1. Match Cross Slope of Travel Lane or Shoulder.
- 2. See Sheet 1, Notes 8 & 9.



DETAIL "A"

(Showing Locations of ½" V-Grooves and 3/4" Preformed Expansion Joint Filler)

ESTIMATED T-SHAPED SPREAD FOOTING QUANTITIES			
ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	
Concrete (Footing)	CY/FT	0.312	
Reinforcing Steel (Typical)	LB/FT	47.36	
Additional Reinf. @ Expansion Joint	LB	37.38	

Note: The reinforcing steel quantity includes the difference between Index 521-510 or 521-511 and Bars 5V shown. Bars 5S1 are included in Index 521-510 or 521-511 quantities.

CROSS REFERENCE:

For location of Section B-B, see Sheet 1.

REVISION 11/01/23

DESCRIPTION:



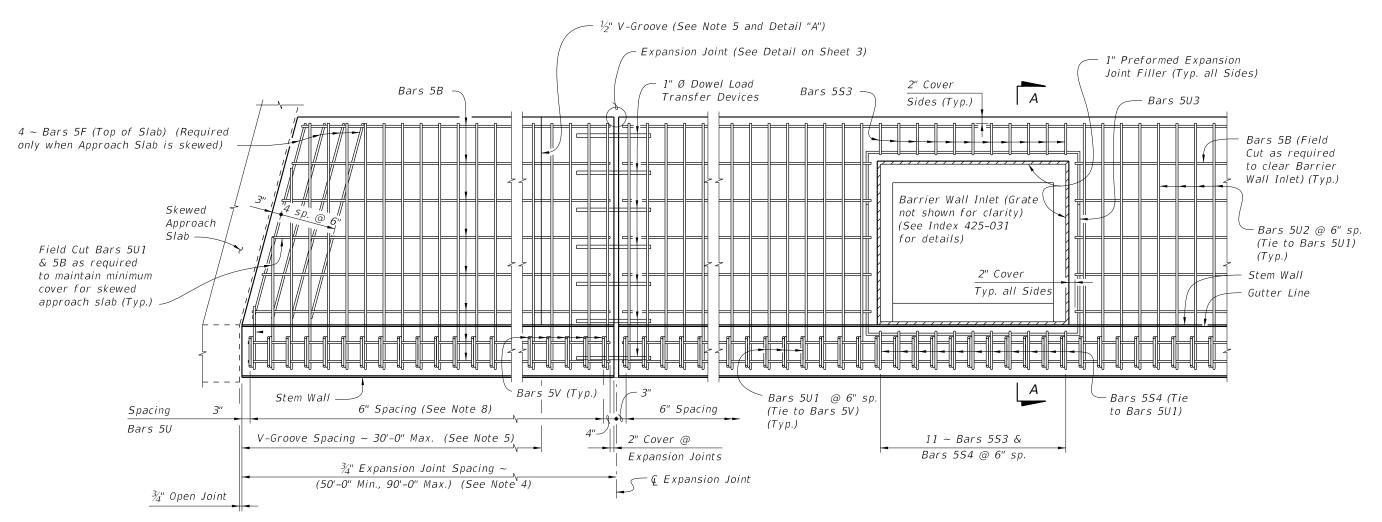
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CONCRETE BARRIER/NOISE WALL

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SHEET

T-SHAPED SPREAD FOOTING



#### PLAN - OPTION B SPREAD FOOTING ADJACENT TO SKEWED APPROACH SLAB AND WITH BARRIER WALL INLET (Option A Similar) (Bars S1 Not Shown)

#### NOTES

- 1. Construct the Spread Footing level transversely; do not construct the spread footing perpendicular to the roadway surface.
- 2. Concrete will be in accordance with Specification Section 346.
  - A. Class II concrete for slightly aggressive environments.
  - B. Class IV concrete for moderately or extremely aggressive environments.
- 3. Dowel Load Transfer Devices will be ASTM A 36 smooth round bar and hot-dip galvanized in accordance with Specification Section 962. Install Dowel Load Transfer Devices in accordance with Specification Section 350.
- 4. Construct  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Expansion Joints plumb and perpendicular or radial to Gutter Line. Provide at 90'-0" maximum intervals as shown.
- 5. Construct 1/3" V-Grooves plumb and provide at 30'-0" maximum intervals as shown. Space V-Grooves equally between  $\frac{3}{4}$  Expansion Joints and/or Begin or End Spread Footing. V-Groove locations are to coincide with V-Groove locations in the Concrete Barrier/Noise Wall.
- 6. Provide and install Preformed Expansion Joint Filler in accordance with Specification Section 932.
- 7. Shoulder or Roadway Pavement and Fill is required on the traffic side of the spread footing for a distance of 4'-0" and the full length of the spread footing (3'-0" minimum depth) on the backside of the spread footing for Option A. Fill is required for a distance of 4'-0" on the backside of the spread footing and the full length of the spread footing (3'-0" minimum depth) on the traffic side of the spread footing for Option B. See Typical Sections on Sheets 2 and 3 for details.
- 8. Spacing shown is along the Gutter Line.
- 9. Work this Index with one or both of the following:
- a. Index 521-510 Concrete Barrier/Noise Wall (8'-0").
- b. Index 521-511 Concrete Barrier/Noise Wall (14'-0").

CROSS REFERENCE:

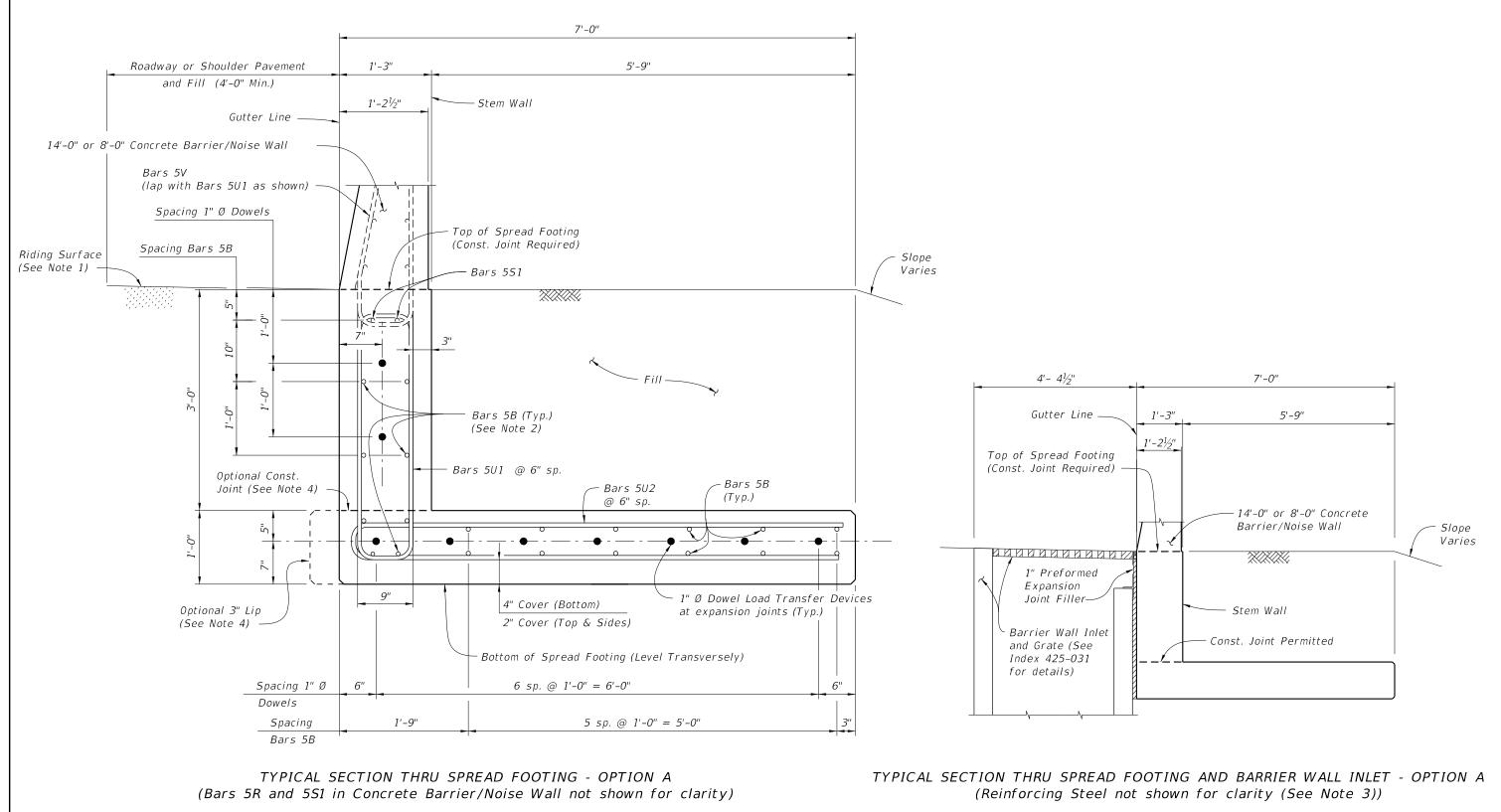
For Detail "A", see Sheet 3. For Section A-A and Estimated Quantities, see Sheet 4.

REVISION

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

*521-514* 



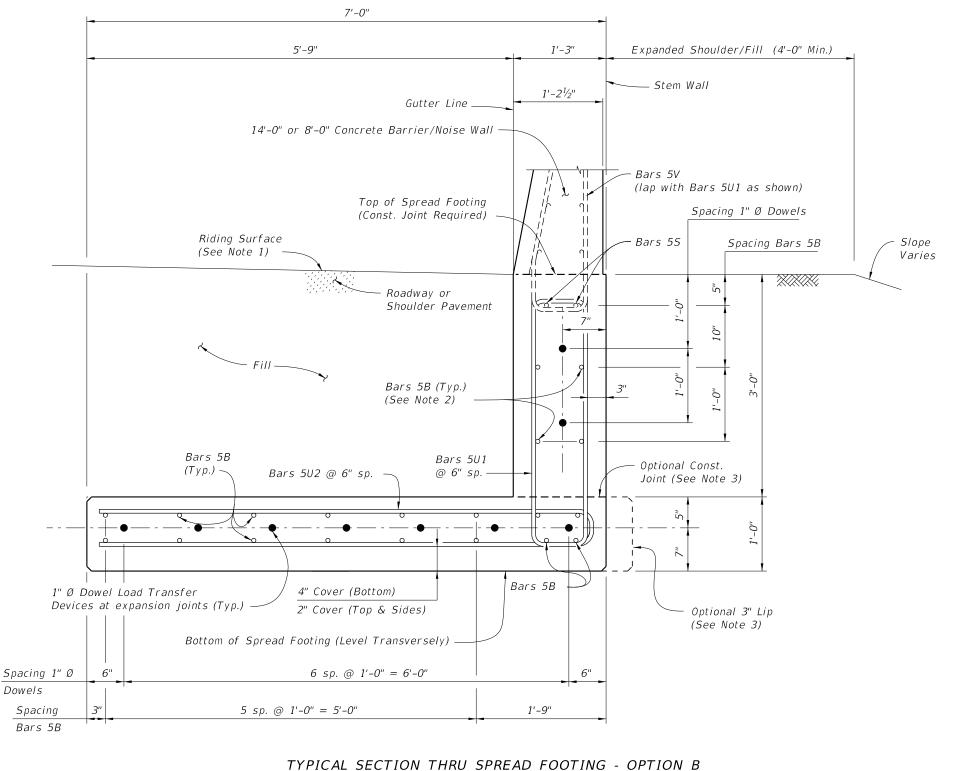
#### IOTES:

- 1. Match Cross Slope of Travel Lane or Shoulder.
- 2. Place  $10 \sim Bars$  (8  $\sim Bars$  5B and 2  $\sim Bars$  5S1) inside Bars 5U1 as shown, (2  $\sim 5S1$  Bars are included in 521-510 or 521-511 quantities)
- 3. For Reinforcing Steel spacing, see Typical Section Thru Spread Footing - Option A this Sheet.
- 4. Provide 3" lip when optional construction joint is used.

LAST REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

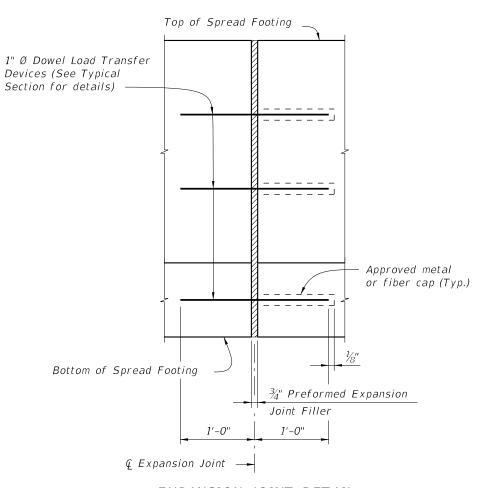




TYPICAL SECTION THRU SPREAD FOOTING - OPTION B (Bars 5P, 5R and 5S1 in Concrete Barrier/Noise Wall not shown for clarity)

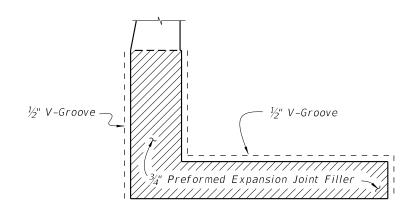
## NOTES:

- 1. Match Cross Slope of Travel Lane or Shoulder.
- 2. Place 10 ~ Bars (8 ~ Bars 5B and 2 ~ Bars 5S1) inside Bars 5U1 as shown.
- 3. Provide 3" lip when optional construction joint is used.



# EXPANSION JOINT DETAIL

(Spread Footing expansion joints are required at  $\frac{3}{4}$ " open joints in Concrete Barrier/Noise Wall)

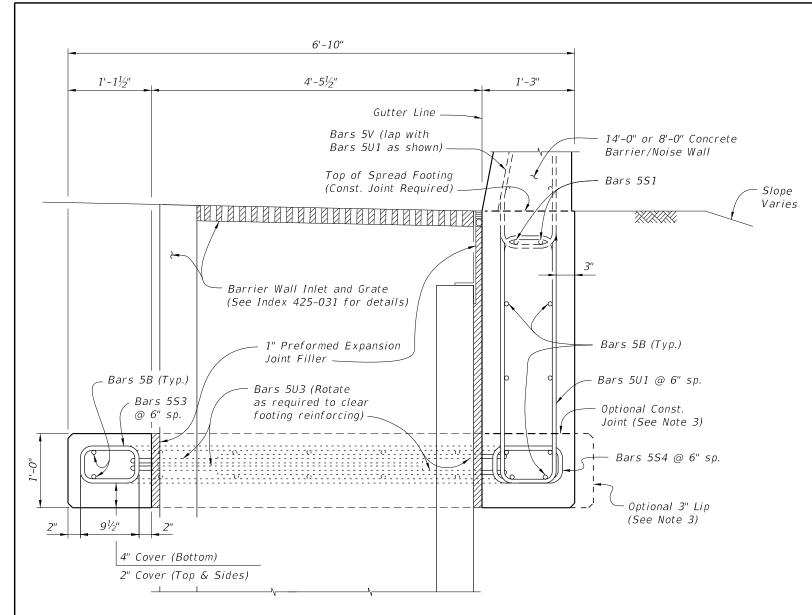


DETAIL "A" (Option A Shown, Option B Similar)

(Showing Locations of  $\frac{1}{2}$ " V-Grooves and  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Preformed Expansion Joint Filler)

9/13/2024

DESCRIPTION:



# SECTION A-A TYPICAL SECTION THRU SPREAD FOOTING AND BARRIER WALL INLET - OPTION B (Bars 5P, 5R and 5S1 in Concrete Barrier/Noise Wall not shown for clarity)

- 1. Place 8 ~ Bars 5B and 2 Bars S1 inside Bars 5U1 as shown.
- 2. For Reinforcing Steel spacing, see Typical Section Thru Spread Footing - Option B on Sheet 3.
- 3. Provide 3" lip when optional construction joint is used.

ESTIMATED L-SHAPED SPREAD FOOTING QUANTITIES			
ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	
Concrete (Footing)	CY/FT	0.398	
Reinforcing Steel (Typical) *	LB/FT	68.84	
Additional Reinf. @ Expansion Joint	LB	48.06	

\* Bars 5V and 5S1 are included in Index 521-510 or 521-511 quantities.

CROSS REFERENCE:

For location of Section A-A, see Sheet 1.

# REINFORCING STEEL BENDING DIAGRAMS BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL Length as Required MARK SIZE LENGTH AS REQD. В 5 5'-6" F 5 5'-6" *S3* 5 3'-7" BARS 5B & 5F 54 5 3'-10" 5 9'-2" U 1 2'-0" U2 5 13'-10" UЗ 5 12'-10" DOWEL 1" Ø Smooth Bar 2'-0" 1" Ø DOWEL 6'-8" 5'-8" BAR 5U2 BAR 5U3 **BAR 5S3** 11" **BAR 5S4** BAR 5U1

# REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

- 1. All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.
- 2. All reinforcing steel at the open joints will have a 2" minimum cover.
- 3. Lap splices for Bars 5B will be a minimum of 2'-2".
- 4. Lap splices Bars 5T and 5V with 5U1 will be a minimum of 2'-2".
- 5. The Contractor may use Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) when approved by the Engineer. WWR must consist of Deformed wire meeting the requirements of Specification Section 931.

REVISION 11/01/17

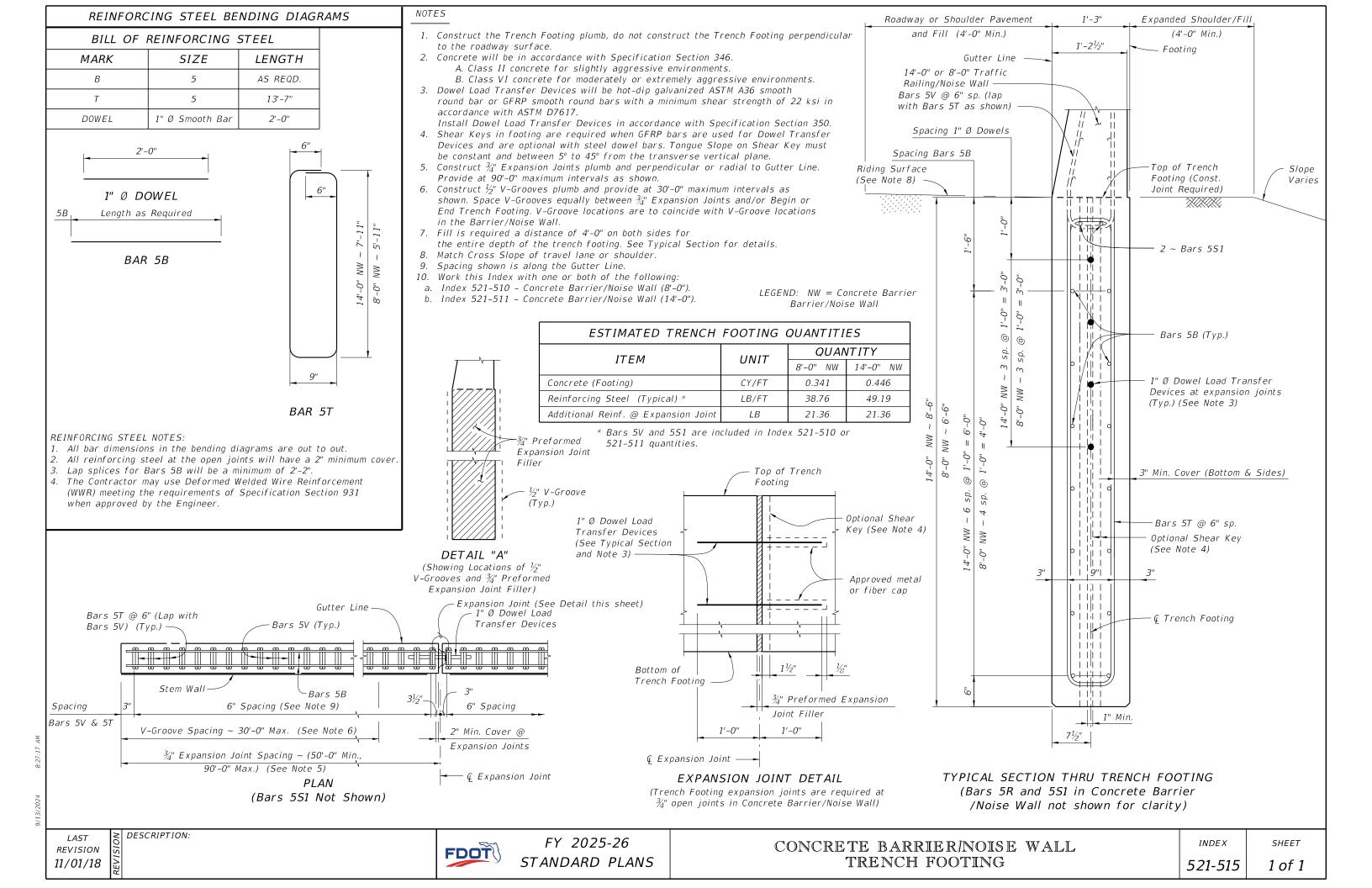
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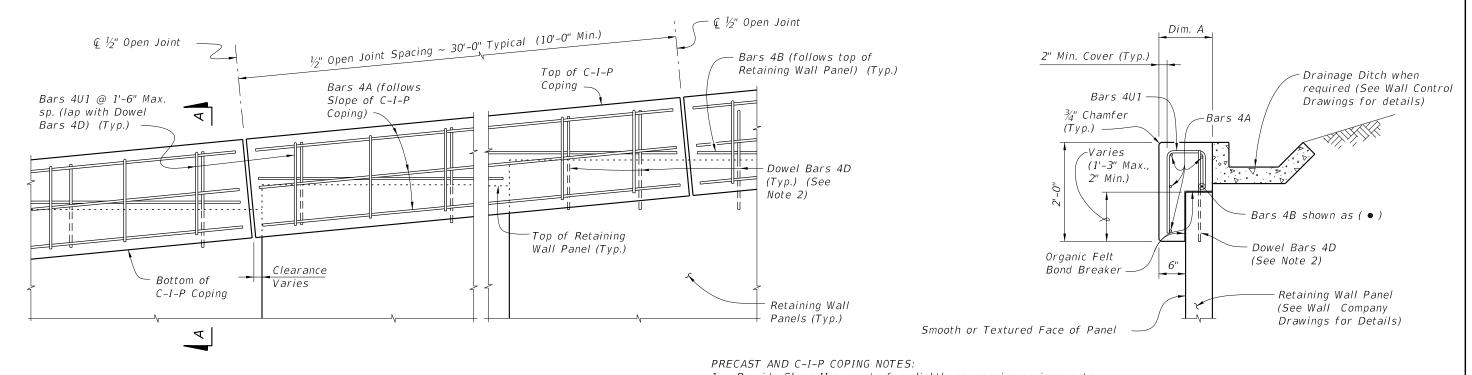
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE BARRIER/NOISE WALL

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# C-I-P COPING - PARTIAL ELEVATION VIEW

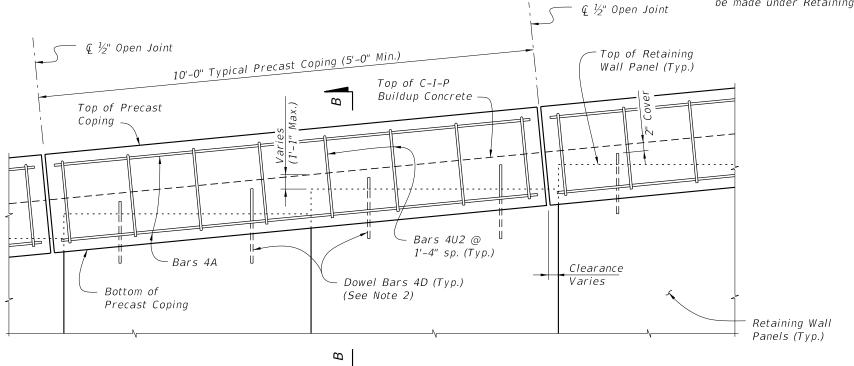
1. Provide Class II concrete for slightly aggressive environments or Class IV for moderately or extremely aggressive environments. 2. Dowel Bars 4D extend 11" above the top of retaining

wall panel. Field cut as necessary to maintain 2" minimum cover. See Wall Company Drawings for number and spacing of Dowel Bars 4D.

SECTION A-A C-I-P COPING

Panel width Dim. A + 6" Panel width Dim. B | + 1'-0" Min.

3. Payment for Dowel Bars 4D, Buildup Concrete and Coping will be made under Retaining Wall System (Permanent).



Dim. B 2" Min. Cover (Typ.) Drainage Ditch when required (See Wall Bars 4U2 Control Drawings · Bar's 4A for details) (Typ.)3/4" Chamfer (Typ.) -2" Cover Min. C-I-P Buildup Class NS Concrete (1'-1" Max.) Provide  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " x  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " preservative treated timber blocking @ 5' Max. Spacing for gaps > 1" Varies (1'-3" Max., - Dowel Bars 4D 2" Min.) (See Note 2) ¾" Std.  $(\frac{1}{2}'')$  Min. ~  $2\frac{1}{2}''$  Max.) Retaining Wall Panel (See Wall Company Smooth or Textured Face of Panel Drawings for Details)

SECTION B-B PRECAST COPING

PRECAST COPING - PARTIAL ELEVATION VIEW

REVISION 11/01/22

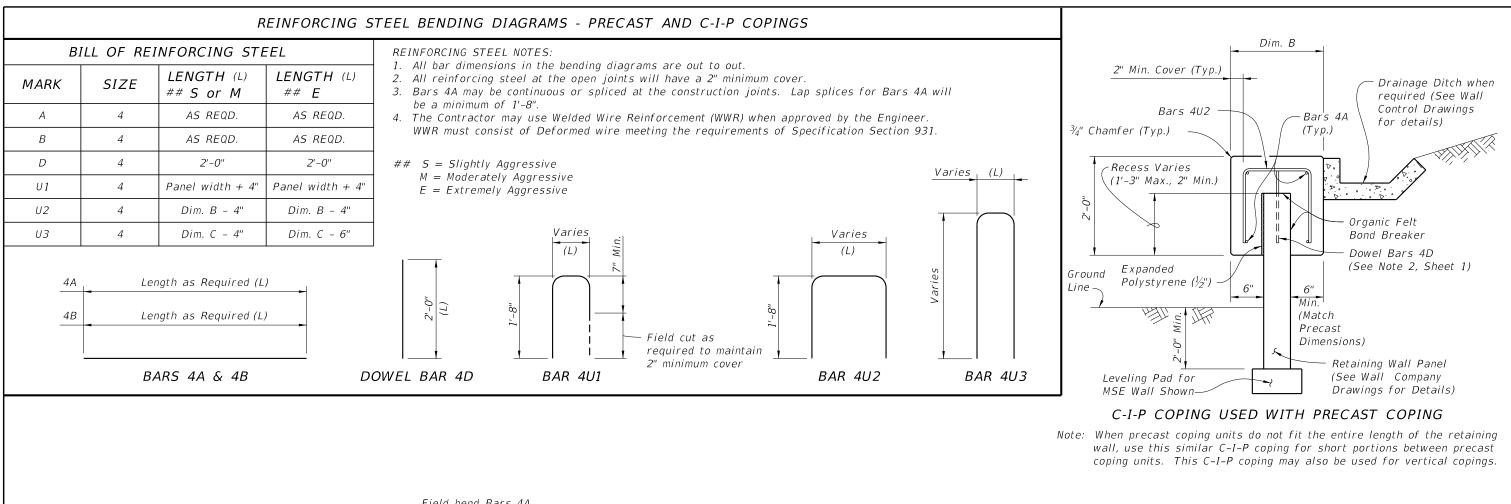
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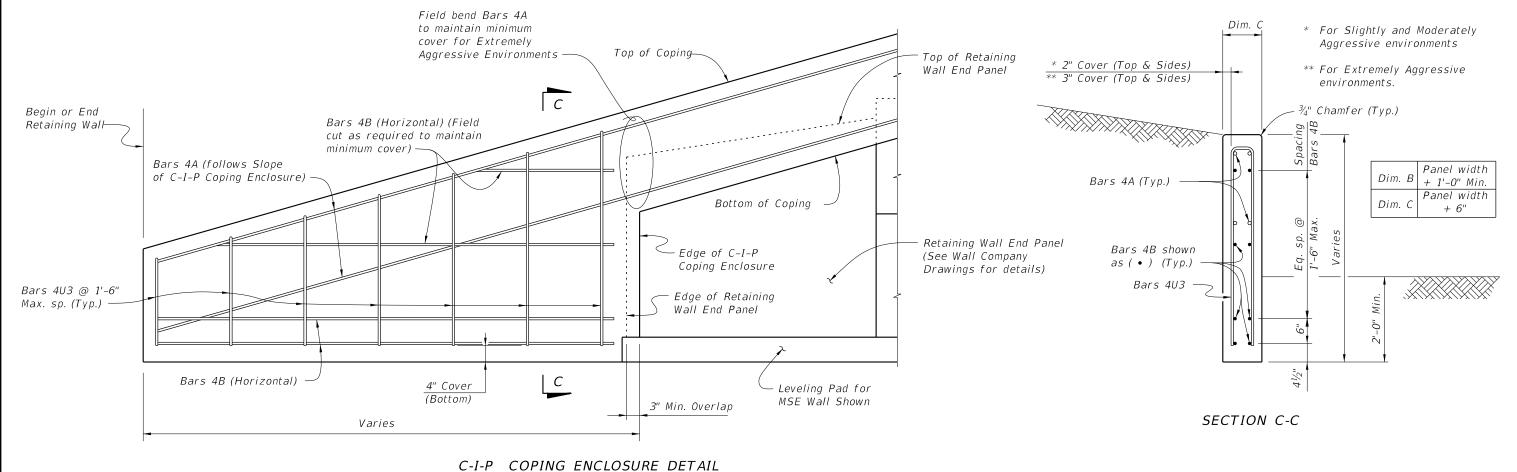
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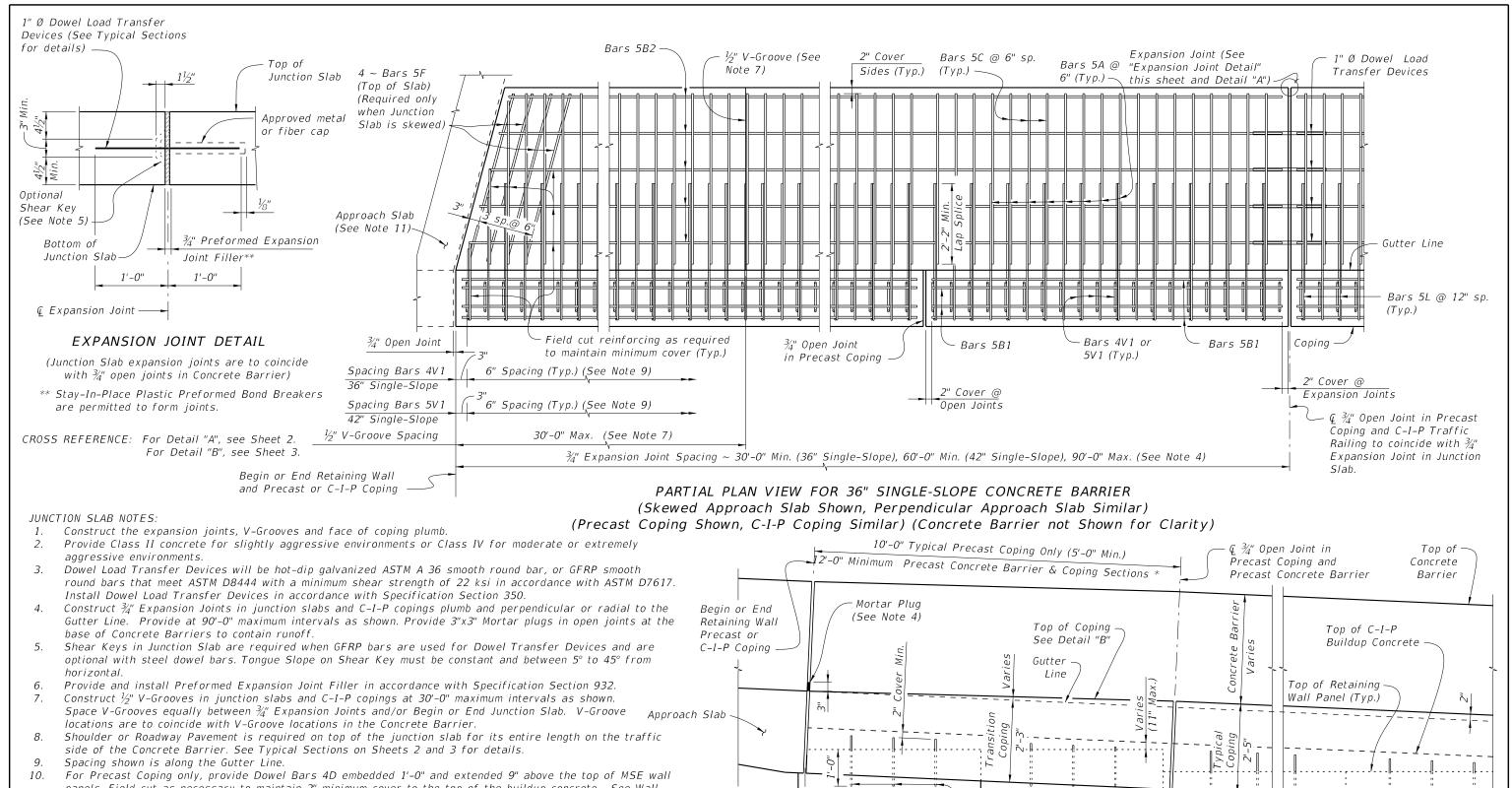
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

INDEX *521-600*  SHEET

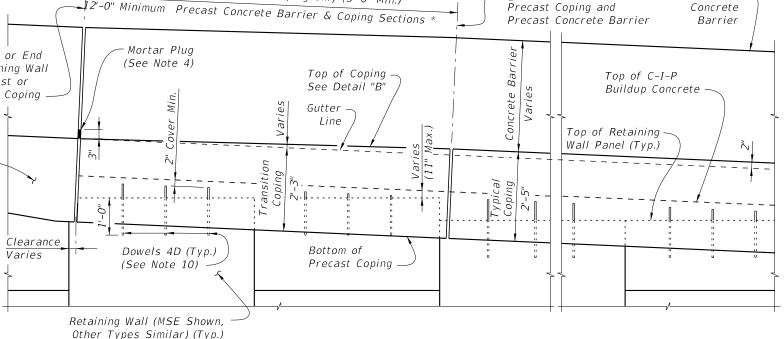
MSE WALL COPING (PRECAST OR C-I-P)







- panels. Field cut as necessary to maintain 2" minimum cover to the top of the buildup concrete. See Wall Company Drawings for number and spacing of Dowel Bars 4D.
- The following Indexes contain details of the intersection of the retaining wall at approach slabs: Index 400-090 - Approach Slabs (Flexible Pavement Approaches) Index 400-091 - Approach Slabs (Rigid Pavement Approaches)
- Junction slabs with rigid pavement: the two inch increase in concrete barrier height is not required.
- There are two options to accommodate the 2" height transitions :
  - A. Raise the top of coping elevation 2" and mount either a 36" or 42" standard barrier on top
  - B. Transition the height of the concrete barrier by gradually extending the toe and back of the barrier 2" while keeping the top of coping elevation even with the gutterline elevation.
- The barrier construction joint must be at the interface of the coping and the barrier base. Embed the V bars a minimum of 9" below the construction joint.
- For embedded conduit and junction boxes, see Index 630-010.



PARTIAL ELEVATION VIEW (Precast Coping and Junction Slab Reinforcing not Shown for Clarity) (Precast Coping Shown, C-I-P Coping Similar)

\* C-I-P End Section must  $be \ge 12'-0''$ .

SINGLE-SLOPE CONCRETE BARRIERS

REVISION 11/01/24

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

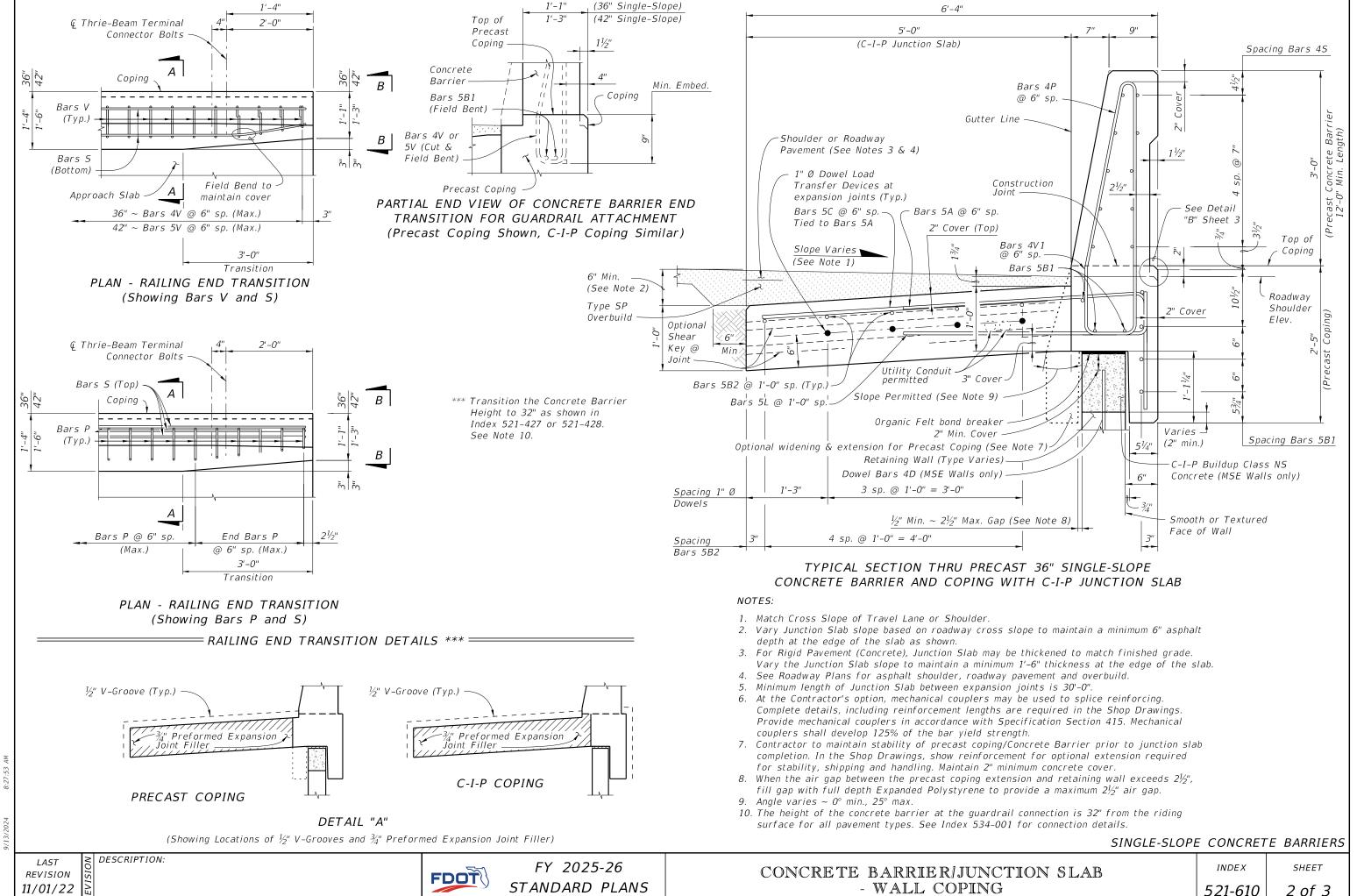
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE BARRIER/JUNCTION SLAB - WALL COPING

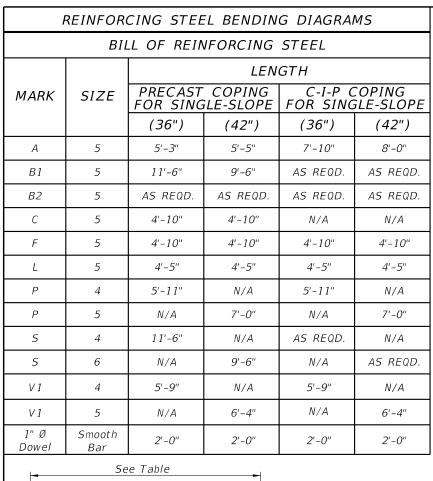
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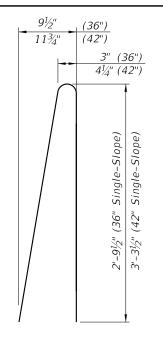
521-610 1 of 3

SHEET

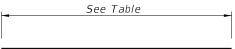


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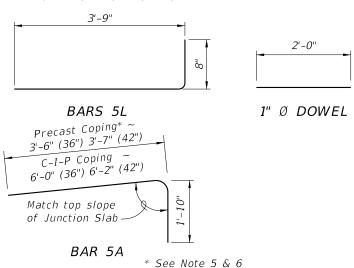


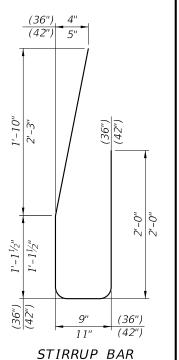


STIRRUP BAR 4P (36") 5P (42")



BARS 5B1, 5B2, 5C, 5F, 4S, & 6S



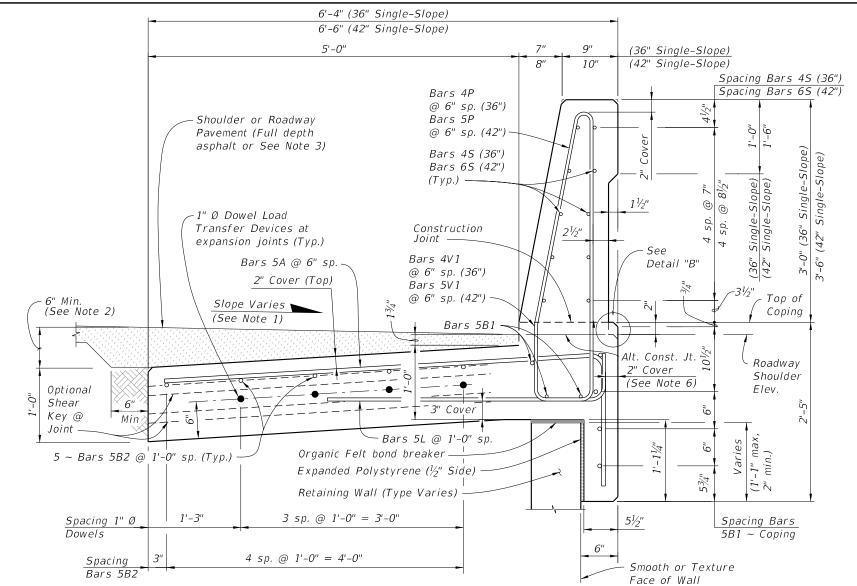


4V1 (36") 5V1 (42")

REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

DESCRIPTION:

- 1. All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.
- 2. All reinforcing steel at expansion and open joints will have a 2" minimum cover
- 3. Lap splices for Bars 5B & 5S will be a minimum of 2'-2".
- 4. For Precast Copings only, lap splice Bars 5A with Bars 5C. Lap splices will be a minimum of 2'-2".
- 5. The Contractor may use either full length Bars 5A or lap splice with Bars 5C at Bars 5A
- 6. Dimension shown is for lap splice option. For mechanical coupler option, this dimension is  $1'-2\frac{1}{2}$ " (36" Single-Slope) or  $1'-4\frac{1}{2}$ " (42" Single-Slope).
- 7. Dimension shown is for lap splice option. For mechanical coupler option, this dimension is 4'-8".
- 8. When approved by the Engineer, the Contractor may use deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) meeting the requirements of Specification Section 931.
- Contractor may use a single #4 stirrup for Bars 4P and 4V1, or a single #5 stirrup for Bars 5P and 5V1.

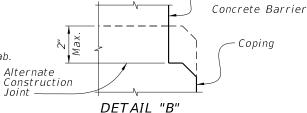


TYPICAL SECTION THRU C-I-P CONCRETE BARRIER WITH C-I-P JUNCTION SLAB AND C-I-P COPING (PRECAST COPING SIMILAR WITH C-I-P BUILDUP)

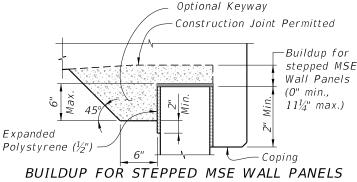
- 1. Match Cross Slope of Travel Lane or Shoulder.
- Vary the Junction Slab slope based on the roadway cross slope to maintain a minimum 6" asphalt depth at the edge of the slab.
- 3. For Rigid Pavement (Concrete), Junction Slab may be thickened to match finish grade. Vary the Junction Slab slope to maintain a minimum 1'-6" thickness at the inside edge of the slab.
- 4. Minimum length of Junction Slab between expansion joints is 30'-0" for 36" Single-Slope or 60'-0" for 42" Single-Slope.
- Contractor to maintain stability of precast coping prior to junction slab completion. In the Shop Drawings, show reinforcement for optional extension required for stability, shipping and handling. Maintain 2" minimum concrete cover.
- 6. If slip forming is used, submit shop drawings for approval showing  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " side cover with the Typical Section dimensions adjusted.

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES FOR C-I-P			
ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY (36")	QUANTITY (42")
Concrete	CY/LF	0.376	0.420
Reinforcing Steel (Typical) (excludes Bars 5C & 5F)	LB/LF	62.45	82.17
Additional Reinf. @ Expansion Joint (Steel Dowels)	LB	21.36	21.36

(The above concrete quantities are based on a max. superelevation of 6.25%)



OPTIONAL NOTCH AT TOP OF COPING



AND C-I-P COPING

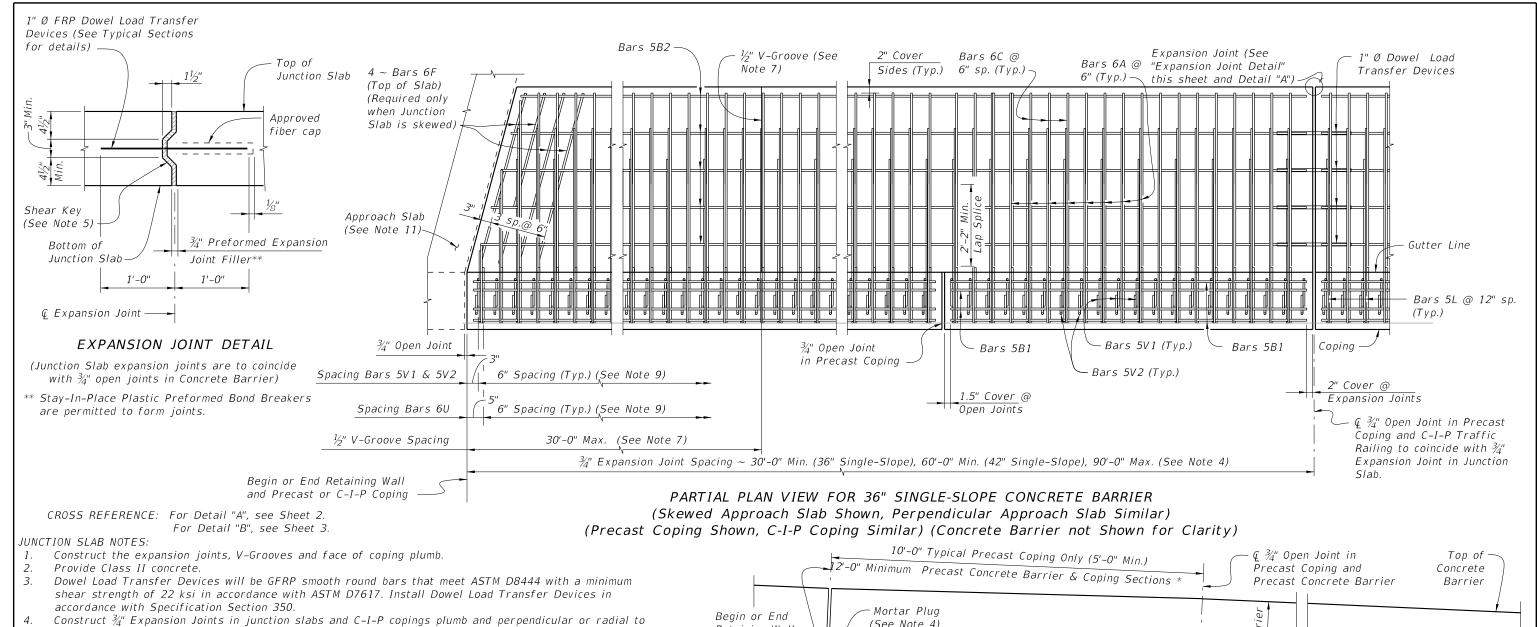
SINGLE-SLOPE CONCRETE BARRIERS

LAST REVISION 11/01/22



FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

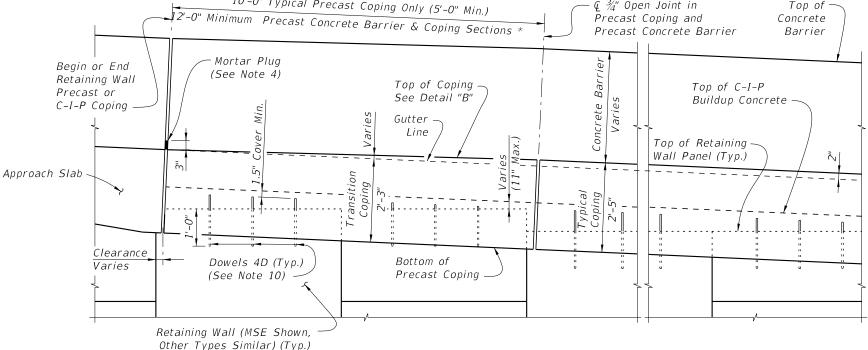
NOTES:



- the Gutter Line. Provide at 90'-0" maximum intervals as shown. Provide 3"x3" Mortar plugs in open joints at the base of Concrete Barriers to contain runoff.
- Shear Keys in Junction Slab are required. Tongue Slope on Shear Key must be constant and between 5° to 45° from horizontal.
- Provide and install Preformed Expansion Joint Filler in accordance with Specification Section 932.
- Construct  $\frac{1}{2}$ " V-Grooves in junction slabs and C-I-P copings at 30'-0" maximum intervals as shown. Space V-Grooves equally between ¾" Expansion Joints and/or Begin or End Junction Slab. V-Groove locations are to coincide with V-Groove locations in the Concrete Barrier.
- Shoulder or Roadway Pavement is required on top of the junction slab for its entire length on the traffic side of the Concrete Barrier. See Typical Sections on Sheets 2 and 3 for details.
- Spacing shown is along the Gutter Line.

DESCRIPTION:

- For Precast Coping only, provide Dowel Bars 4D embedded 1'-0" and extended 9" above the top of MSE wall panels. Field cut as necessary to maintain 2" minimum cover to the top of the buildup concrete. See Wall Company Drawings for number and spacing of Dowel Bars 4D.
- The following Indexes contain details of the intersection of the retaining wall at approach slabs: Index 400-090 - Approach Slabs (Flexible Pavement Approaches) Index 400-091 - Approach Slabs (Rigid Pavement Approaches)
- Junction slabs with rigid pavement: the two inch increase in concrete barrier height is not required.
- There are two options to accommodate the 2" height transitions :
  - A. Raise the top of coping elevation 2" and mount either a 36" or 42" standard barrier on top B. Transition the height of the concrete barrier by gradually extending the toe and back of the
  - barrier 2" while keeping the top of coping elevation even with the gutterline elevation. The barrier construction joint must be at the interface of the coping and the barrier base. Embed
- the V bars a minimum of 9" below the construction joint. 15. For embedded conduit and junction boxes, see Index 630-010.



PARTIAL ELEVATION VIEW (Precast Coping and Junction Slab Reinforcing not Shown for Clarity) (Precast Coping Shown, C-I-P Coping Similar)

\* C-I-P End Section must  $be \ge 12'-0''$ .

SINGLE-SLOPE CONCRETE BARRIERS

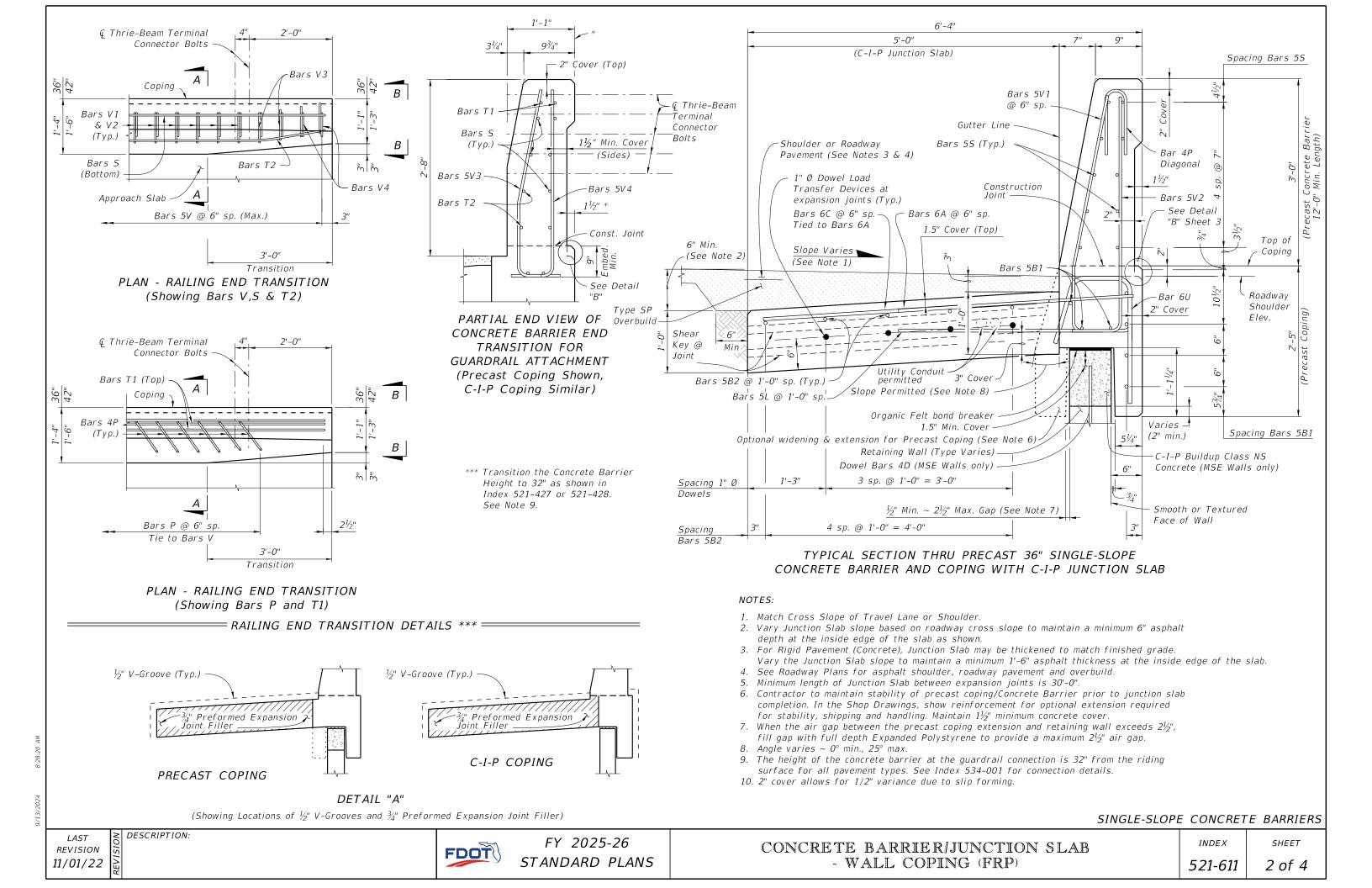
REVISION 11/01/24

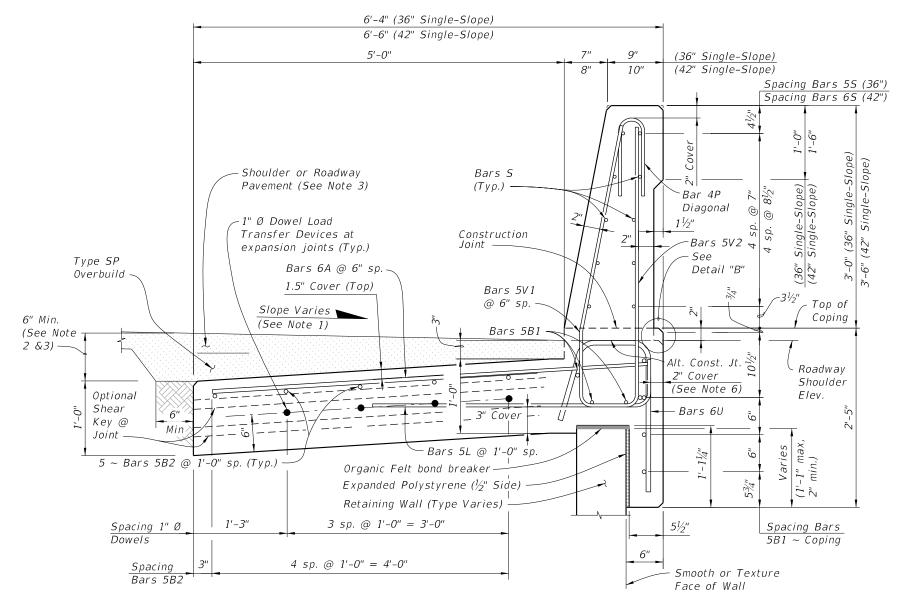
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE BARRIER/JUNCTION SLAB - WALL COPING (FRP)

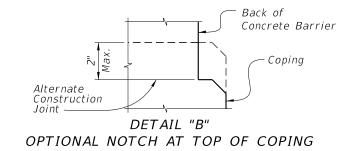
INDEX SHEET

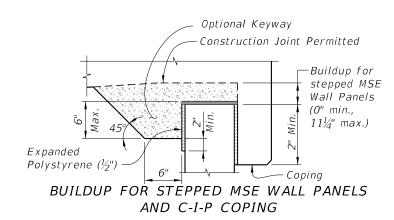
> 521-611 1 of 4





TYPICAL SECTION THRU C-I-P CONCRETE BARRIER WITH C-I-P JUNCTION SLAB AND C-I-P COPING (PRECAST COPING SIMILAR WITH C-I-P BUILDUP)





## NOTES:

DESCRIPTION:

- 1. Match Cross Slope of Travel Lane or Shoulder.
- 2. Vary the Junction Slab slope based on the roadway cross slope to maintain a minimum 6" asphalt depth at the inside edge of the slab.
- 3. For Rigid Pavement (Concrete), Junction Slab may be thickened to match finish grade. Vary the Junction Slab slope to maintain a minimum 1'-6" thickness at the inside edge of the slab.
- 4. Minimum length of Junction Slab between expansion joints is 30'-0" for 36" Single-Slope or 60'-0" for 42" Single-Slope.
- 5. Contractor to maintain stability of precast coping prior to junction slab completion. In the Shop Drawings, show reinforcement for optional extension required for stability, shipping and handling. Maintain 1.5" minimum concrete cover.
- 6. 2" cover allows for ½" variance due to slip forming.

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES FOR C-I-P			
ITEM UNIT QUANTITY ( (36")		QUANTITY (42")	
Concrete	CY/LF	0.376	0.420
GFRP (excludes Bars 6C & 6F)	LF/LF	69.42	72.41
Additional Reinf. @ Expansion Joint (Dowels)	LF	8.00	8.00

(The above concrete quantities are based on a max. superelevation of 6.25%)

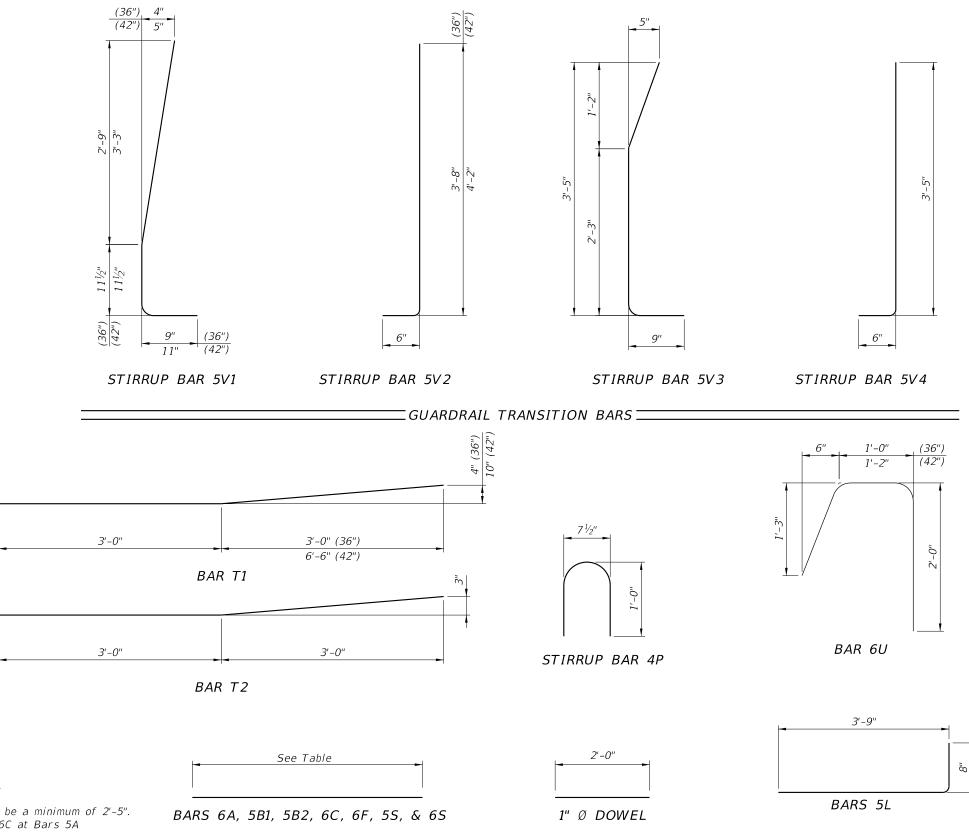
SINGLE-SLOPE CONCRETE BARRIERS

LAST REVISION 11/01/20



FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

FRP BENDING DIAGRAMS					
FRP REINFORCING					
LENGTH					
MARK	SIZE	PRECAST FOR SING	PRECAST COPING FOR SINGLE-SLOPE		COPING SLE-SLOPE
		(36")	(42")	(36")	(42")
Α	6	5'-3"	5'-5"	7'-10"	8'-0"
B1	5	11'-6"	9'-6"	AS REQD.	AS REQD.
B2	5	AS REQD.	AS REQD.	AS REQD.	AS REQD.
С	6	4'-10"	4'-10"	N/A	N/A
F	6	4'-10"	4'-10''	4'-10"	4'-10"
L	5	4'-5"	4'-5"	4'-5"	4'-5"
Р	4	2'-7"	2'-7"	2'-7"	2'-7"
5	5	11'-6"	N/A	AS REQD.	N/A
5	6	N/A	9'-6"	N/A	AS REQD.
T 1	5	6'-1"	N/A	6'-1"	N/A
T 1	6	N/A	9'-6"	N/A	9'-6"
T2	5	6'-1"	N/A	6'-1"	N/A
Т2	6	N/A	6'-1"	N/A	6'-1"
U	7	4'-4"	4'-6''	4'-4"	4'-6"
V 1	5	4'-6''	5'-2"	4'-6"	5'-2"
V2	5	4'-3"	4'-8"	4'-3"	4'-8"
V3	5	4'-2"	4'-2"	4'-2"	4'-2"
V4	5	3'-11"	3'-11"	3'-11"	3'-11"
1" Ø Dowel	Smooth Bar	2'-0"	2'-0"	2'-0"	2'-0"



## REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

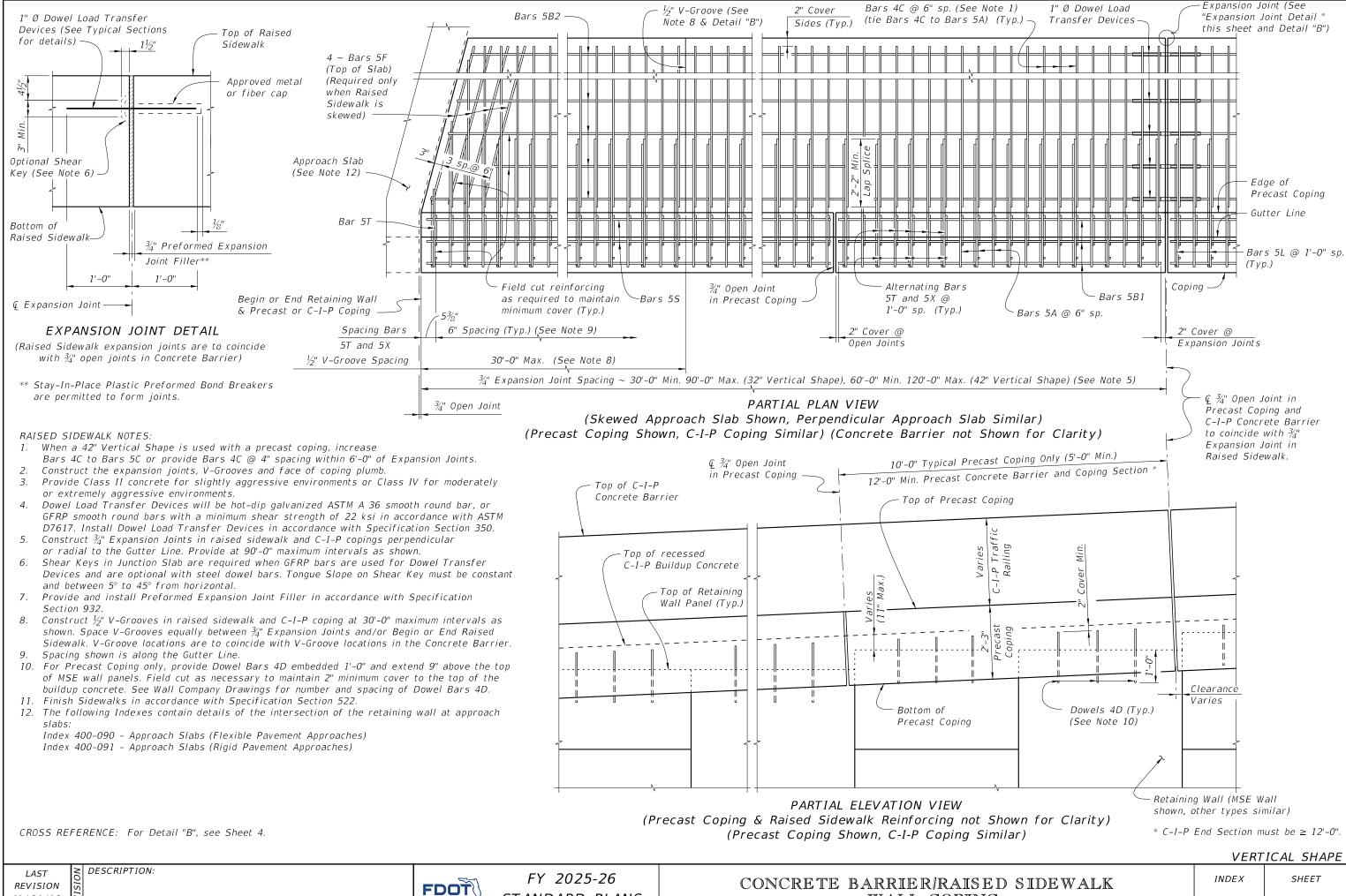
- 1. All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.
- 2. All reinforcing at expansion and open joints will have a 1.5" minimum cover.
- 3. Lap splices for Bars 5B & 5S will be a minimum of 2'-2".
- 4. For Precast Copings only, lap splice Bars 6A with Bars 6C. Lap splices will be a minimum of 2'-5".
- 5. The Contractor may use either full length Bars 7A or lap splice with Bars 6C at Bars 5A for C-I-P Copings.
- 6. Contractor may use a single #5 stirrup in lieu of two bars for 5P and 5V1.
- 7. FRP Bars can not be field bent.

DESCRIPTION:



REVISION

11/01/20



- WALL COPING

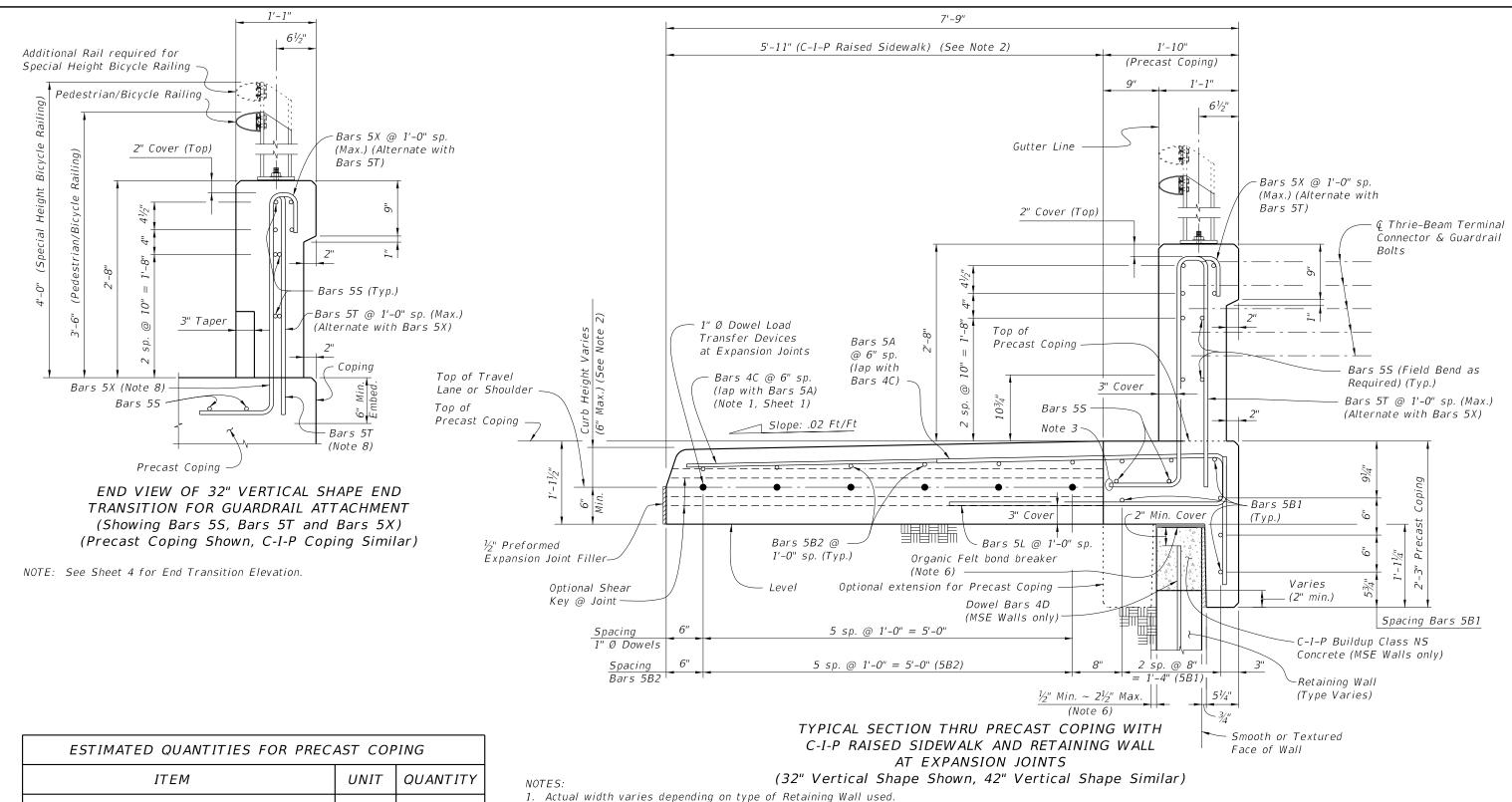
*521-620* 

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STANDARD PLANS

9/13/2024

11/01/18



ESTIMATED QUANTITIES FOR PRECAST COPING			
ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	
Concrete (Precast Coping)	CY/LF	0.095	
Concrete (C-I-P Raised Sidewalk)	CY/LF	0.232	
Reinforcing Steel (Precast Coping) excluding Bars 5T, 5X and 5S (Typ.)	LB/LF	23.90	
Reinforcing Steel (C-I-P Raised Sidewalk) (Typ.)	LB/LF	13.50	
Additional Reinf. @ Expansion Joints (Steel Dowels)	LB	32.04	

The above concrete quantities are based on a Type D Concrete Curb (See Note 2).

DESCRIPTION:

- 2. Match roadway curb shape (Type) and height. See Roadway Plans and Index 520-001. 5'-11" dimension is based on a 32" Vertical Shape with a Type D curb adjacent to a 6'-0" wide sidewalk. Adjust this dimension as required for other curb types or transitions at Begin or End Retaining Wall.
- 3. Trim end of Bars 5T and 5X to clear construction joint for 42" Vertical Shape.
- 4. At the Contractor's option, mechanical couplers may be used to splice reinforcing. Complete details, including reinforcement lengths are required in the Shop Drawings. Mechanical couplers shall develop 125% of the bar yield strength.
- 5. Contractor to maintain stability of precast coping prior to junction slab completion.
- 6. When the air gap between the precast coping extension and retaining wall exceeds  $2\frac{1}{2}$ , fill gap with full depth Expanded Polystyrene to provide a maximum  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " air gap.
- 7. For Bullet Railings, see Index 515-021 and 515-022.
- 8. Begin placing Railing Bars 5T and 5X at the railing end and proceed toward Retaining Wall to avoid conflict with guardrail bolt holes. If required, adjustments to the bar spacing for Bars 5T and 5X shall be made immediately adjacent to Begin or End Bridge. Cut, shift and rotate Bars 5T and 5X as required to maintain cover in End Transition.

32" VERTICAL SHAPE

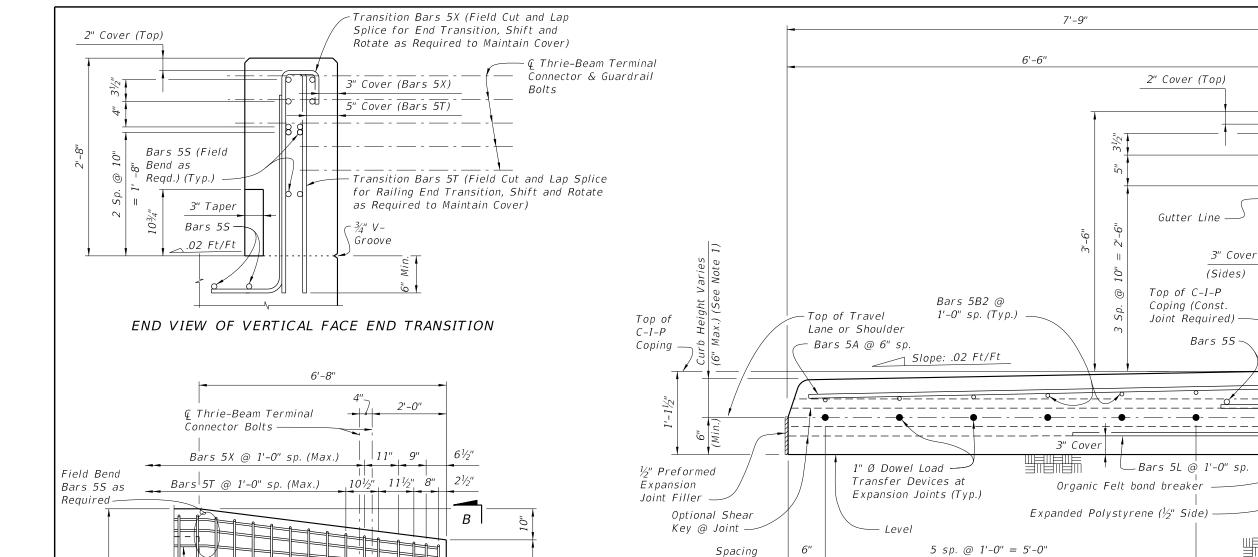
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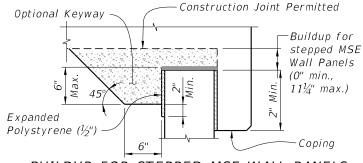
- WALL COPING

INDEX SHEET *521-620* 



TYPICAL SECTION THRU C-I-P COPING AND RAISED SIDEWALK AND RETAINING WALL AT EXPANSION JOINTS (42" Vertical Face Shown, 32" Vertical Face Similar)

7 sp. @ 1'-0'' = 7'-0''



1'-3"

42" Vertical Shape

-Bars 5S (Typ.)

2" Cover

(Top & Sides)

(See Note 2)

-Bars 5X @ 1'-0" sp. (Max.)

Bars 5T @ 1'-0" sp. (Max.)

,,

(1'-1" Max., 2" Min.)

- Varies

 Smooth or Textured Face of Wall

Spacing

Bars 5B2

(Alternate with Bars 5X)

Top of

Coping

(Alternate with Bars 5T)

BUILDUP FOR STEPPED MSE WALL PANELS AND C-I-P COPING

# NOTES:

- 1. Match roadway curb shape (Type) and height. See Roadway Plans and Index 520-001. 6'-6" dimension is based on a 42" Vertical Shape with a Type D curb adjacent to a 6'-0" wide sidewalk. Adjust this dimension as required for other curb types or transitions at Begin or End Retaining Wall.
- 2. If slip forming is used, submit shop drawings for approval showing 3" side cover with the Typical Section dimensions adjusted.
- 3. Begin placing Railing Bars 5T and 5X at the railing end and proceed toward Retaining Wall to avoid conflict with guardrail bolt holes. If required, adjustments to the bar spacing for Bars 5T and 5X shall be made immediately adjacent to Begin or End Retaining Wall. Cut, shift and rotate Bars 5T and 5X as required to maintain cover in End Transition. 42" VERTICAL SHAPE

CY/LF Concrete 0.326 Reinforcing Steel (Typical) excluding LB/LF 35.38 Bars 5T, 5X and 5S (Typ.) Additional Reinf. @ Expansion Joints LB 32.04 (Steel Dowels)

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES FOR C-I-P COPING

|. ∇. %. ⊳.

3'-0" Taper

QUANTITY

Raised Sidewalk-

**ELEVATION** 

**END TRANSITION** 

(Guardrail Not Shown For Clarity)

UNIT

The above concrete quantities are based on a Type D Concrete Curb on a level Retaining Wall (See Note 1).

11/01/18

Bars 5S

(Typ.)

Transition Bars 5X

Splice (2'-2" Min.) —

ITEM

DESCRIPTION:

Field Cut & Lap

FDOT

10¾"

(2'-2" Min.)

Approach Slab

Transition Bars 5T

Field Cut, Lap Splice

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

1" Ø Dowels

Spacing

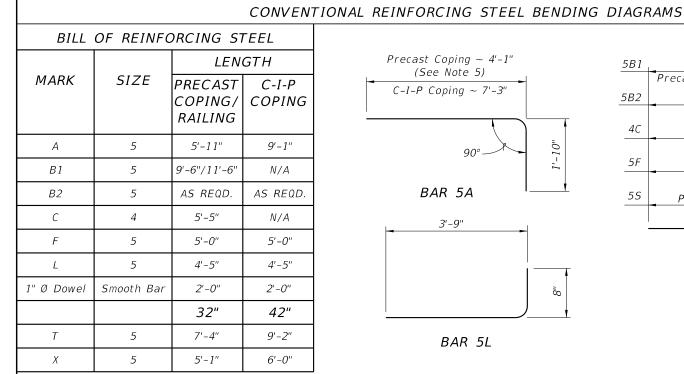
Bars 5B2

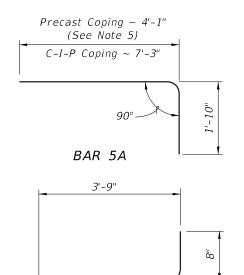
CONCRETE BARRIER/RAISED SIDEWALK - WALL COPING

Retaining Wall

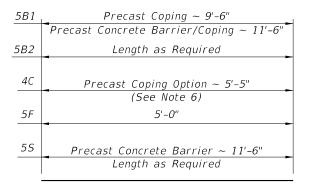
(Type Varies)

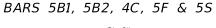
INDEX SHEET *521-620* 3 of 4

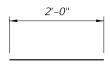




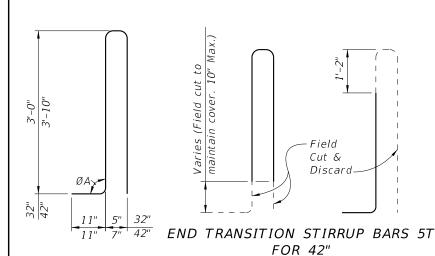
BAR 5L

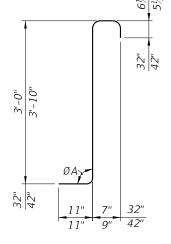




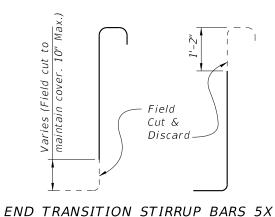


1" Ø DOWEL





STIRRUP BAR 5X



per Railing End Transition)

FOR 42" To Be Field Cut (7 of each required

# STIRRUP BAR 5T

\* See Sheet 3 Note 3.

DESCRIPTION:

REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

1. All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.

2. All reinforcing steel at expansion joints will have a 2" minimum cover.

To Be Field Cut (7 of each required

per Railing End Transition)

- 3. Lap splices for Bars 5B and 5S will be a minimum of 2'-2".
- 4. Lap splice Bars 5A with Bars 4C will be a minimum of 2'-2".
- 5. Dimension shown is for lap splice option. For mechanical coupler option, this dimension is 1'-8".
- 6. Dimension shown is for lap splice option. For mechanical coupler option, this dimension is 5'-8", and reinforcing size must be increased to #5
- 7. The Contractor may use deformed WWR when approved by the Engineer. WWR must meet the requirements of Specification Section 931.

Connector Bolts

(Typ.)

Raised

Sidewalk

DETAIL "B" (Showing Locations of  $\frac{1}{2}$ " V-Grooves and 3/4" Preformed Expansion Joint Filler) ← Thrie-Beam Terminal
 Bars 5T & 5X 2 @ 6" 2 @  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Spacing Bars 5T Alternating at 6" & Bars 5X\* Bars 5S Bars 5. Bars 5T

½" V-Groove (Typ.)

½" V-Groove (Typ.)

3/4" Preformed Expansion

PRECAST COPING

3/4" Preformed Expansion

C-I-P COPING

Joint Filler

/ Joint Filler /

END TRANSITION ELEVATION FOR 32" VERTICAL SHAPE (Guardrail Not Shown For Clarity)

Approach Slab

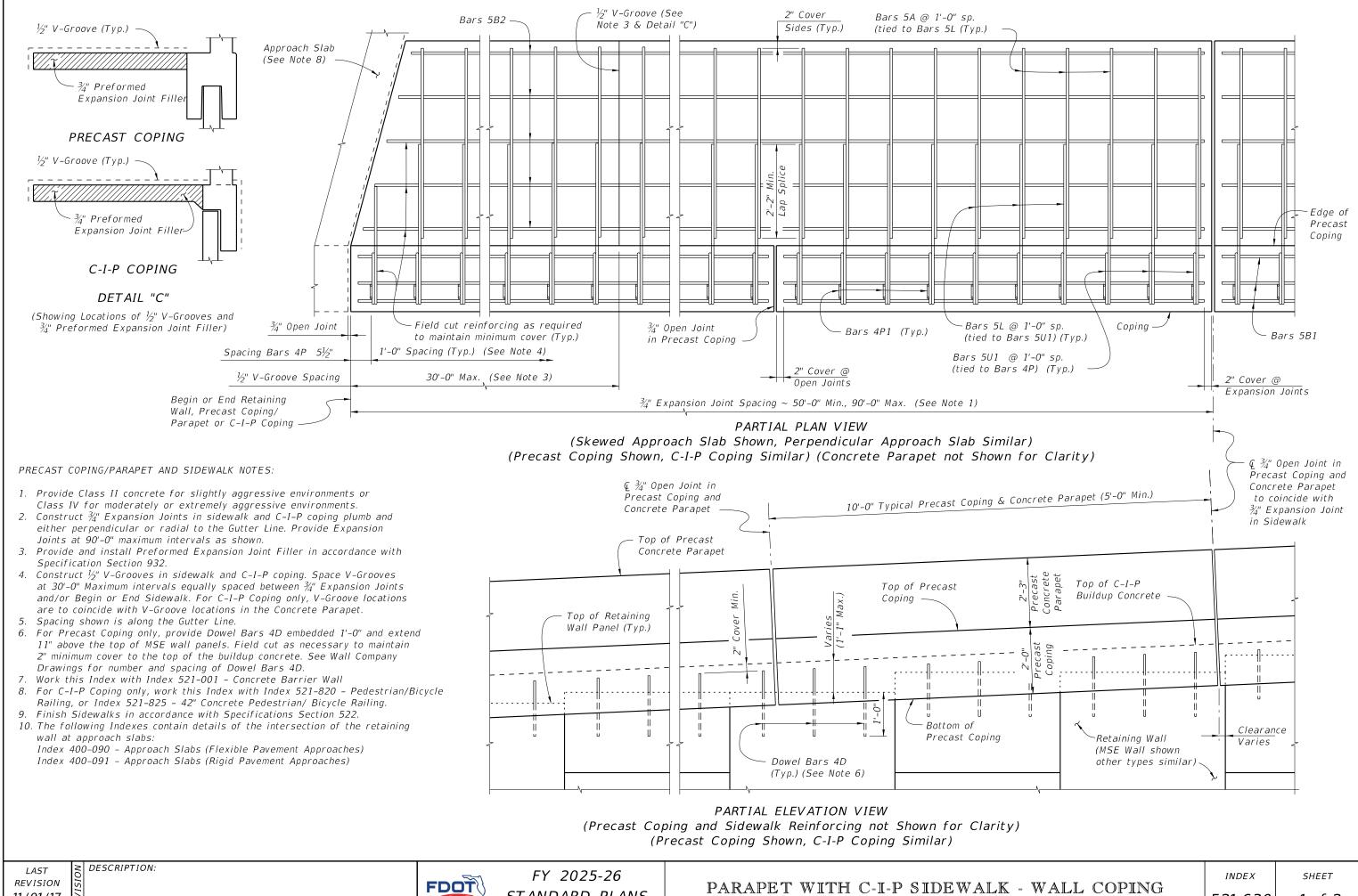
ESTIMATED CONCRETE BARRIER QUANTITIES			
	QUANTITY		
ITEM	UNIT	32"	42"
Concrete	CY/LF	0.095	0.145
Reinforcing Steel	LB/LF	23.38	28.33

VERTICAL SHAPE

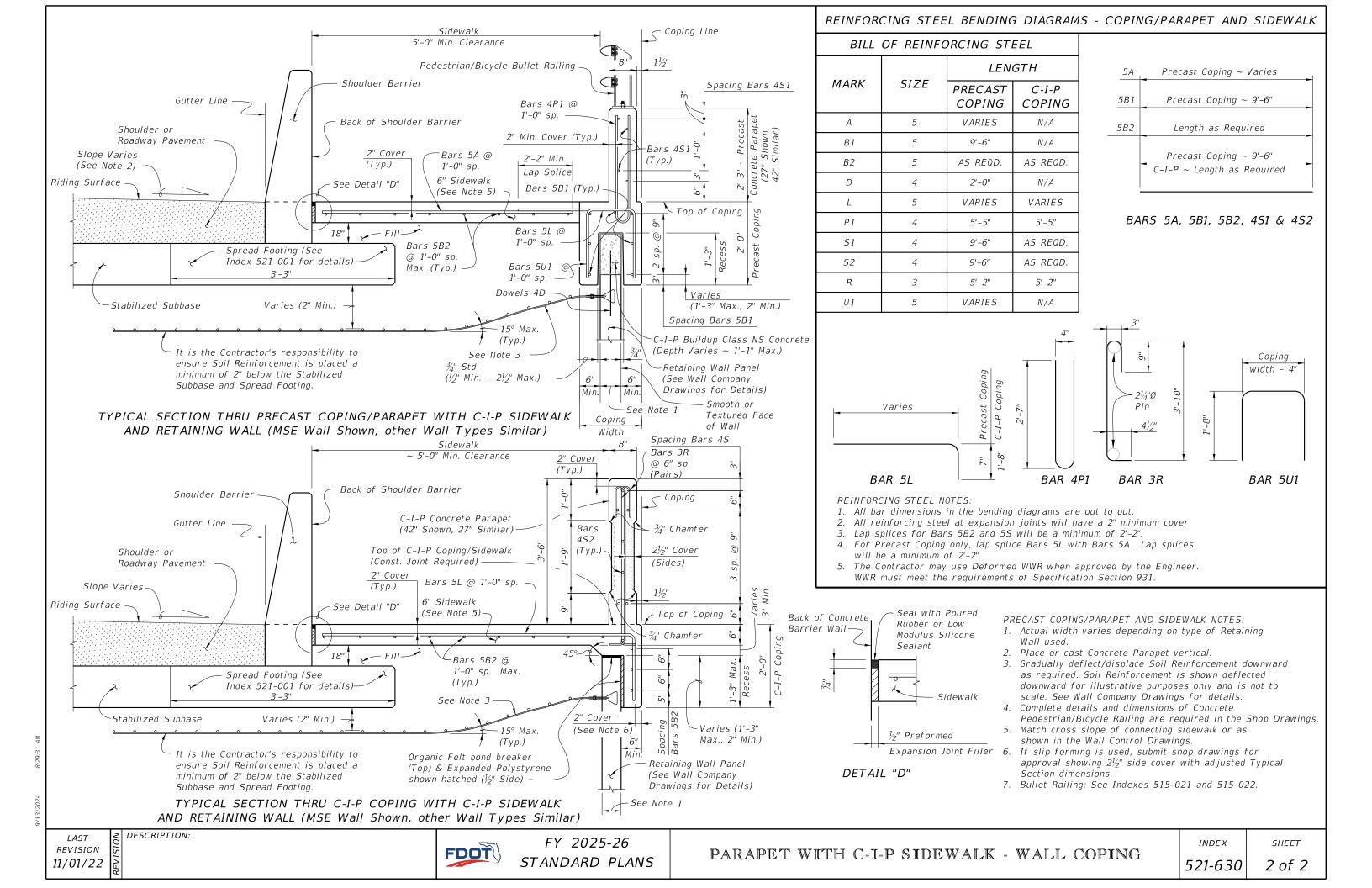
REVISION 11/01/18

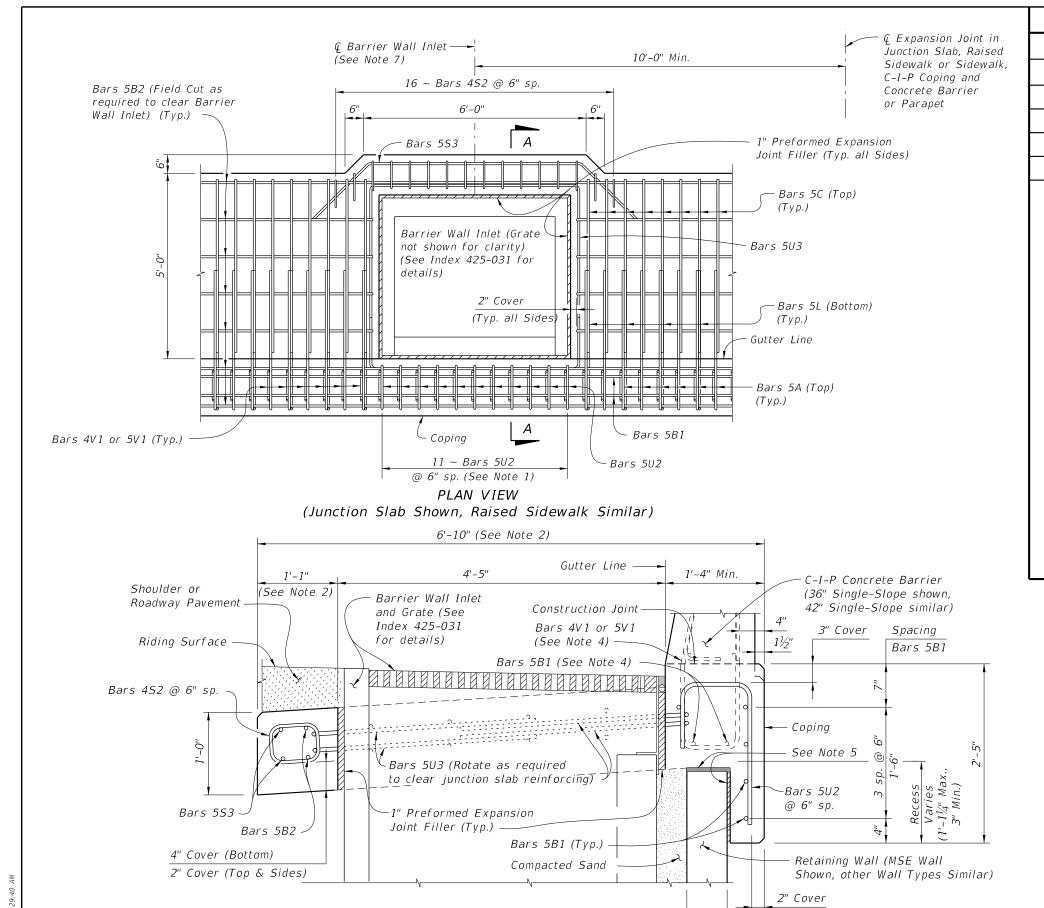
FY 2025-26

FDOT



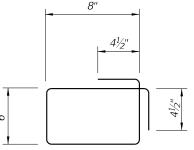
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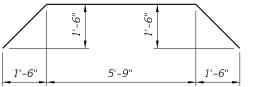




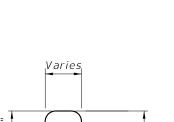
# REINFORCING STEEL BENDING DIAGRAMS - DRAINAGE

### BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL MARK REQD. SIZE LENGTH 52 16 4 3'-1" 5 53 2 10'-0" U2 11 5 *VARIES* 5 U3 12'-10"





BAR 553



BAR 5U2

STIRRUP BAR 4S2

BAR 5U3

5'-8"

## REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

- 1. All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.
- 2. All reinforcing steel at open joints will have a 2" minimum cover.
- 3. See Index 521-610, 521-620 & 521-630 for Bars 5A, 5B, 5C and 5L.
- 4. The Contractor may use Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) when approved by the Engineer. WWR must consist of Deformed wire meeting the requirements of Specification Section 931.

## NOTES:

- 1. Spacing shown is along the Gutter Line. Spacing shown is for C-I-P Junction Slab. For C-I-P Raised Sidewalks or Sidewalks, match bar spacing and size shown in Typical Sections (i.e., 11 ~ Bars 5U2 and 15 ~ Bars 4S2 @ 6" spacing for Raised Sidewalks).
- 2. Dimensions shown are for junction slab. Increase width as required for C-I-P Raised Sidewalk and Sidewalks.
- 3. Actual location & width vary depending on type of Retaining Wall used.
- 4. See Index 521-610 for Bars 4V1 or 5V1 and 5B1.
- 5. Organic Felt bond breaker (Top) & Expanded Polystyrene shown hatched  $(\frac{1}{2}'')$  Side).
- 6. Locate © Barrier Wall Inlet a minimum of 10'-0" away from © Expansion Joints in Junctions Slab, Raised Sidewalk or Sidewalk, C-I-P Coping and Traffic Railing or Concrete Parapet.
- 7. Locate open joints in Barrier Wall and Coping a minimum of 5'-0" from the centerline of the Barrier Wall Inlet.
- 8. Work this Index with the following as appropriate:

Index 521-610 Index 521-620

Index 521-630

DESCRIPTION: LAST REVISION 11/01/19



SECTION A-A SECTION THRU JUNCTION SLAB, BARRIER WALL INLET AND RETAINING WALL (Junction Slab Shown, Raised Sidewalk Similar)

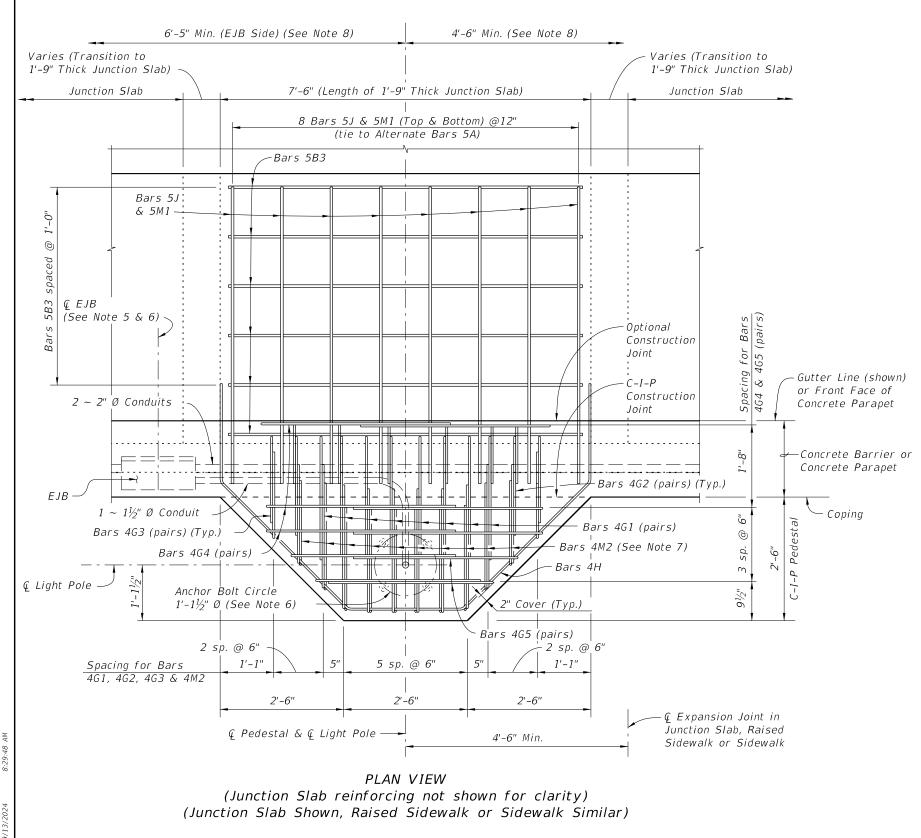
> FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

See

INDEX

SHEET 1 of 1

521-640



DESCRIPTION:

REVISION

11/01/24

LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL NOTES:

1. ANCHOR BOLTS:

Anchor Bolt design is based on the standard Roadway Aluminum Light Pole configurations shown on Index 715-002 with a maximum 40 ft. luminaire mounting height and maximum 12 ft. arm length. Use 1" Ø anchor bolt for up to 75 ft bridge deck height above ground or MLW.

2. MATERIALS:

Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55. Nuts: ASTM A563 Grade A, Heavy-Hex.

Washers: ASTM F436 Type 1.

Anchor Plate: ASTM A709 (Grade 36) or ASTM A36.

Coating: Galvanize all Nuts, Bolts Washers, and plates in accordance with ASTM F2329.

- 3. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the anchor bolt design is compatible with the light pole base plate. Modifications to the anchor bolt design shown must be signed and sealed by the Contractor's Specialty Engineer and submitted to the Engineer for approval prior to construction.
- 4. Install Anchor Bolts plumb.
- 5. For conduit, EJB and expansion/deflection fitting details, see Utility Conduit Detail Drawings and Index 630-010.
- 6. The cost of anchor bolts, nuts, washers and anchor plates will be included in the Bid Price for Light Poles. Include the cost of all labor, concrete and reinforcing steel required for construction of the pedestals, and miscellaneous hardware required for the completion of the electrical system in the Bid Price for either the Concrete Barrier or Concrete Parapet that the pedestal is
- 7. Field Cut Bars 4M2 as required to maintain clearance.
- 8. Slip Forming Method of construction requires the Engineer's approval within the limits shown.
- 9. Reinforcing shown for light pole pedestals is in addition to typical reinforcing for Junction Slabs and Raised Sidewalks.
- 10. Work this Index with the following as appropriate:

Index 521-512

Index 521-610

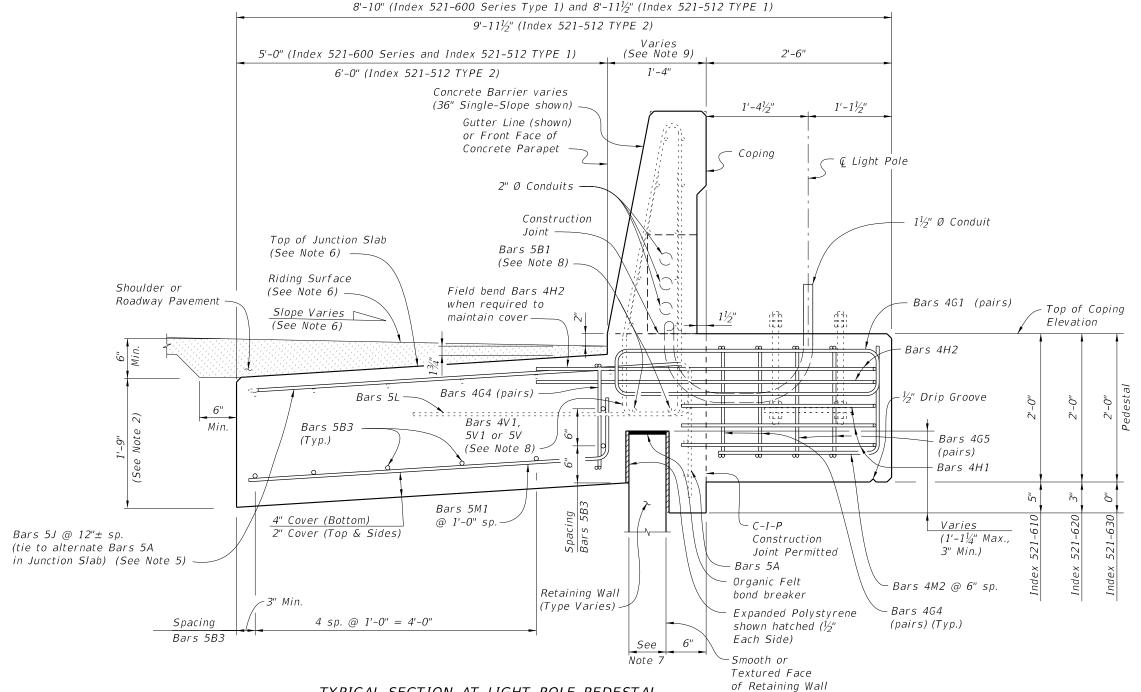
Index 521-611

Index 521-620

Index 521-630

- -Concrete Barrier or 11. Pedestal may be precast in one section with Coping. Minimum Precast Coping section length is 10 ft. or 12 ft for combination Precast Concrete Barrier and Coping section.
  - 12. For Estimated Quantities, see Sheet 3.
  - 13. Unless otherwise noted, Concrete Barrier (36" Single-Slope) is shown in all Views and Sections. The Pedestal details for other Concrete Barriers or pedestrian/bicycle railings are similar.

FDOT

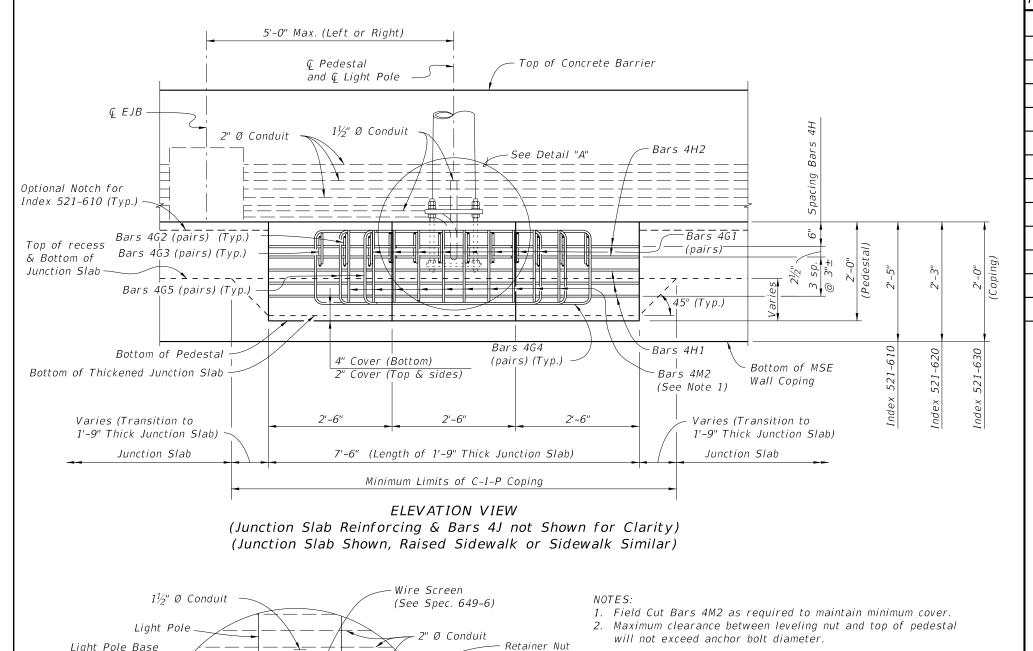


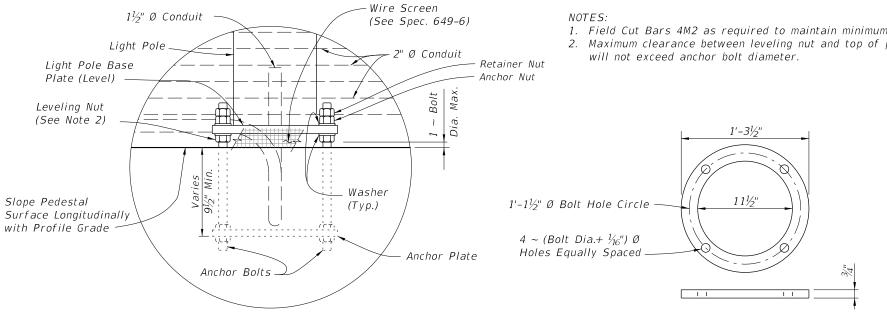
TYPICAL SECTION AT LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL

(Junction Slab Shown, Raised Sidewalk or Sidewalk Similar) (36" Single-Slope Concrete Barrier shown, other railings similar)

- 1. Provide Concrete Class to match adjacent coping.
- For junction slabs, increase the 1'-0" depth dimension to 1'-9".
- For Parapet with sidewalk see Index 521-630, but increase 6" sidewalk depth to 1'-6". For raised sidewalk see Index 521-620.
- The minimum length of the Junction Slabs, raised sidewalks and sidewalks is 30'-0", measured along the Gutter Line.
- Bars 4J are only required when pedestals are behind a Concrete Barrier or Concrete Barrier/ Noise Wall.
- Top of junction slab may be thickened to match finished grade of concrete pavement or shoulder, or top of sidewalk or raised sidewalk (See Notes 3 & 4).
- Actual width varies depending on type of retaining wall used.
- See Index 521-610 for Bars 4V1, 5V1 and 5B, or Index 521-512 for Bars 5V and 5B1.
- Work with Index 521-512 (Concrete Barrier/ Noise Wall), Index 521-610 (Single-Slope), Index 521-620 (Vertical Shape), and Index 521-630 (Concrete Parapet).

REVISION 11/01/17 DESCRIPTION:

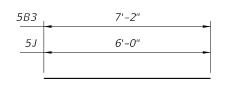




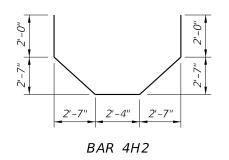
DETAIL "A"

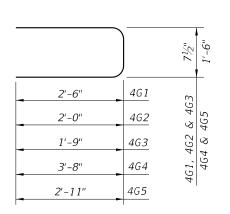
# REINFORCING STEEL BENDING DIAGRAMS - LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL

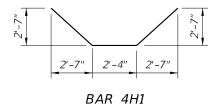
BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL				
MARK	SIZE	NO. REQD.	LENGTH	
В3	5	7	7'-2"	
G 1	4	16	5'-8"	
G2	4	4	4'-8"	
G3	4	4	4'-2"	
G4	4	6	8'-10"	
G5	4	4	7'-4"	
H1	4	3	9'-8"	
H2	4	2	13'-8"	
J	5	8	6'-0"	
M 1	5	8	5'-10"	
M2	4	10	3'-8"	

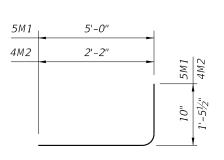


BARS 5B3 & 5J









BARS 4G1, 4G2, 4G3, 4G4 & 4G5

REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

BAR 5M1 & 4M2

- 1. All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.
- 2. Lap splices for Bars 4G1, 4G2, 4G3, 4G4 & 4G5 will be a minimum of 1'-4".
- 3. The Contractor may use Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) when approved by the Engineer. WWR must consist of deformed wire meeting the requirements of Specification Section 931.

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES					
ITEM UNIT QUANTIT					
Concrete (Pedestal)	CY	0.926			
Concrete (Thickened Junction Slab)	CY	1.222			
Reinforcing Steel	LB	334.09			

(The quantities above are for one C-I-P Light Pole Pedestal. The concrete quantity for the thickened junction slab is based on a 5'-0" length, 9" increase in thickness and a 5" wide retaining wall panel. Adjust thickened concrete quantity as required.

LAST REVISION 11/01/24

DESCRIPTION:

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

ANCHOR PLATE DETAIL

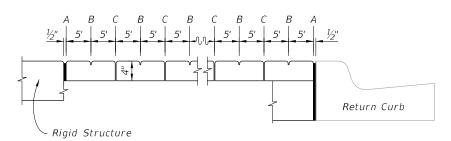
LIGHT POLE PEDESTAL - WALL COPING

INDEX *521-650* 

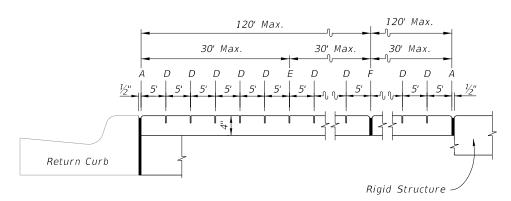
SHEET 3 of 3

## **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. Construct sidewalks in accordance with Specification 522. Use 6" concrete for Sidewalks and Curb Ramps Located within Curb Returns (See Plan View). Install all other concrete with thickness as shown, unless otherwise detailed in the Plans.
- 2. Include detectable warnings on sidewalk curb ramps in accordance with Index 522-002.
- 3. For Driveways see Index 522-003.
- 4. Bond breaker material can be any impermeable coated or sheet membrane or preformed material having a thickness of not less than 6 mils and not more than  $\frac{1}{2}$ ".
- 5. Construct sidewalks with Edge Beam through the limits of any surface mounted Pedestrian/Bicycle Railing or Pipe Guiderail shown in the plans. (See RAILING DETAIL)



## OPEN JOINTS

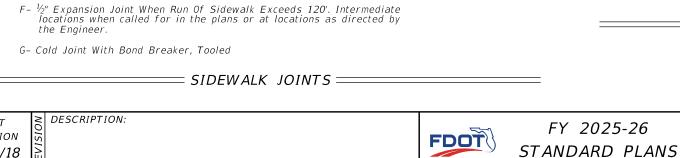


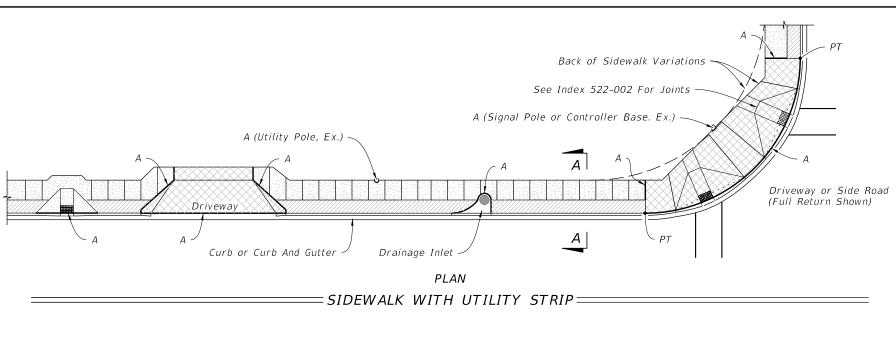
SAWED JOINTS

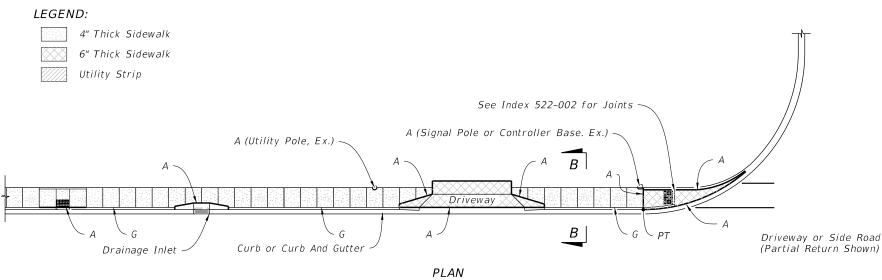
## LONGITUDINAL SECTION

## LEGEND:

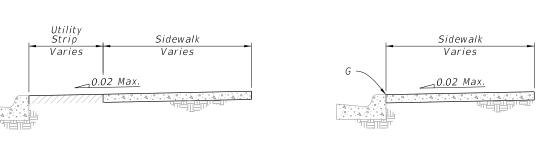
- A-  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Expansion Joints (Preformed Joint Filler) between the sidewalk and; driveways, sidewalk-intersections, and all other fixed objects (e.g. drainage inlets and utility poles).
- B- 1/8" Dummy Joints, Tooled
- C- 1/8" Formed Open Joints
- D-  $\frac{3}{16}$ " Saw Cut Joints,  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Deep (within 96 hours) Max. 5' Centers
- $E-\frac{3}{16}$ " Saw Cut Joints,  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Deep (within 12 hours) Max. 30' Centers Joint(s) Required When Length Exceeds 30'



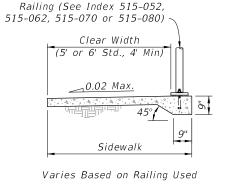




SIDEWALK WITHOUT UTILITY STRIP



SECTION A-A= =SECTION B-B==



=== RAILING DETAIL ====

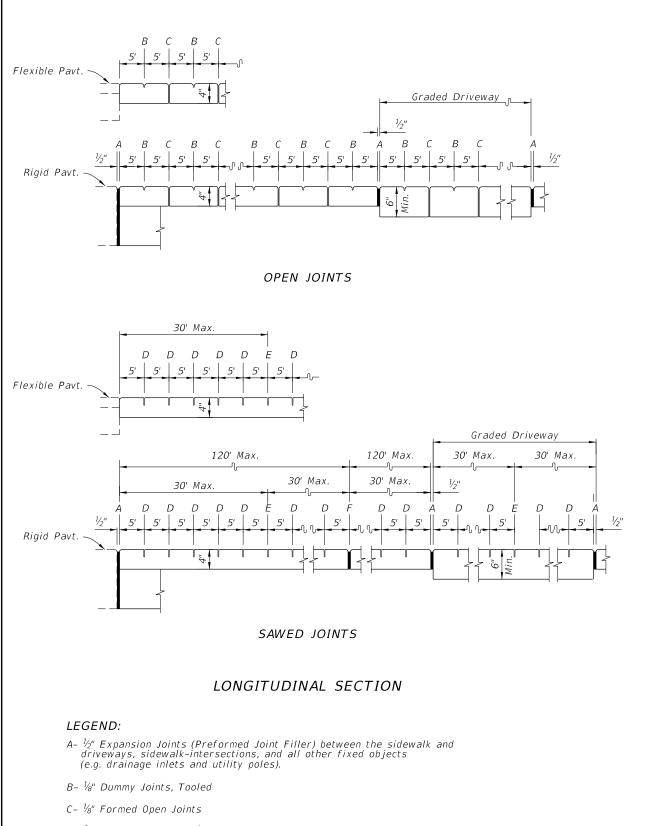
GENERAL NOTES AND CONCRETE SIDEWALK ON CURBED ROADWAYS

INDEX 522-001

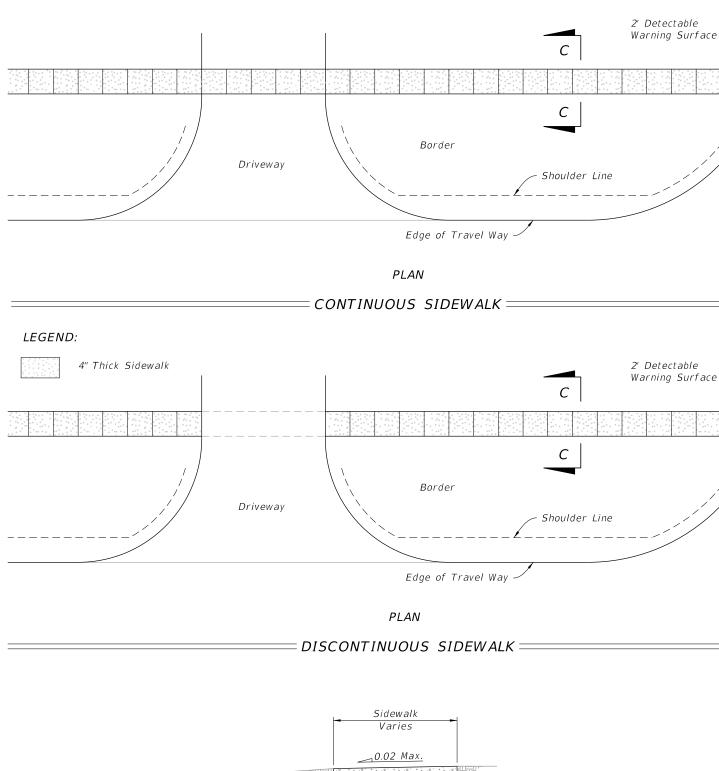
SHEET 1 of 2

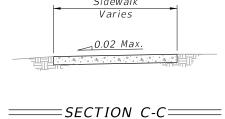
LAST REVISION 11/01/18

FY 2025-26



- $D-\frac{3}{16}$ " Saw Cut Joints,  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Deep (within 96 hours) Max. 5' Centers
- E-  $\frac{3}{16}$ " Saw Cut Joints,  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Deep (within 12 hours) Max. 30' Centers Joint(s) Required When Length Exceeds 30'
- F- ½" Expansion Joint When Run Of Sidewalk Exceeds 120'. Intermediate locations when called for in the plans or at locations as directed by the Engineer.





CONCRETE SIDEWALK ON FLUSH SHOULDER ROADWAYS

SIDEWALK JOINTS =

REVISION 11/01/18

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE SIDEWALK

INDEX

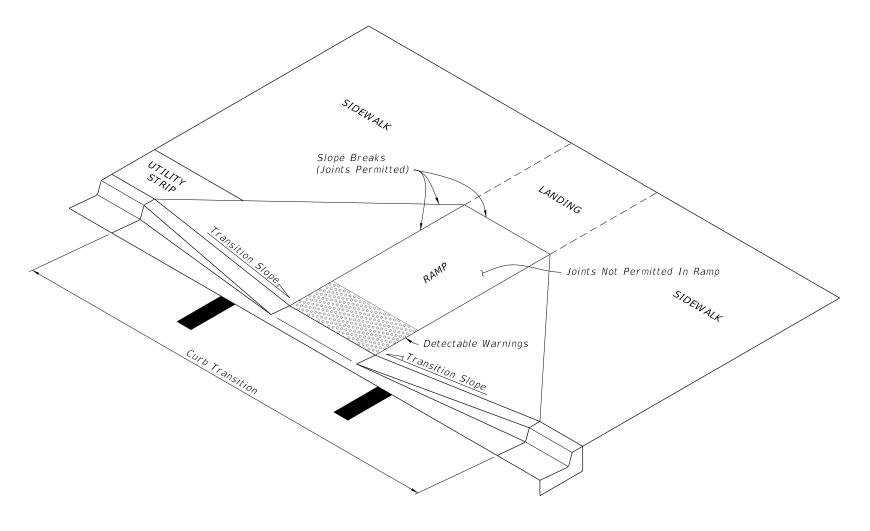
SHEET 2 of 2

Side Road

Side Road

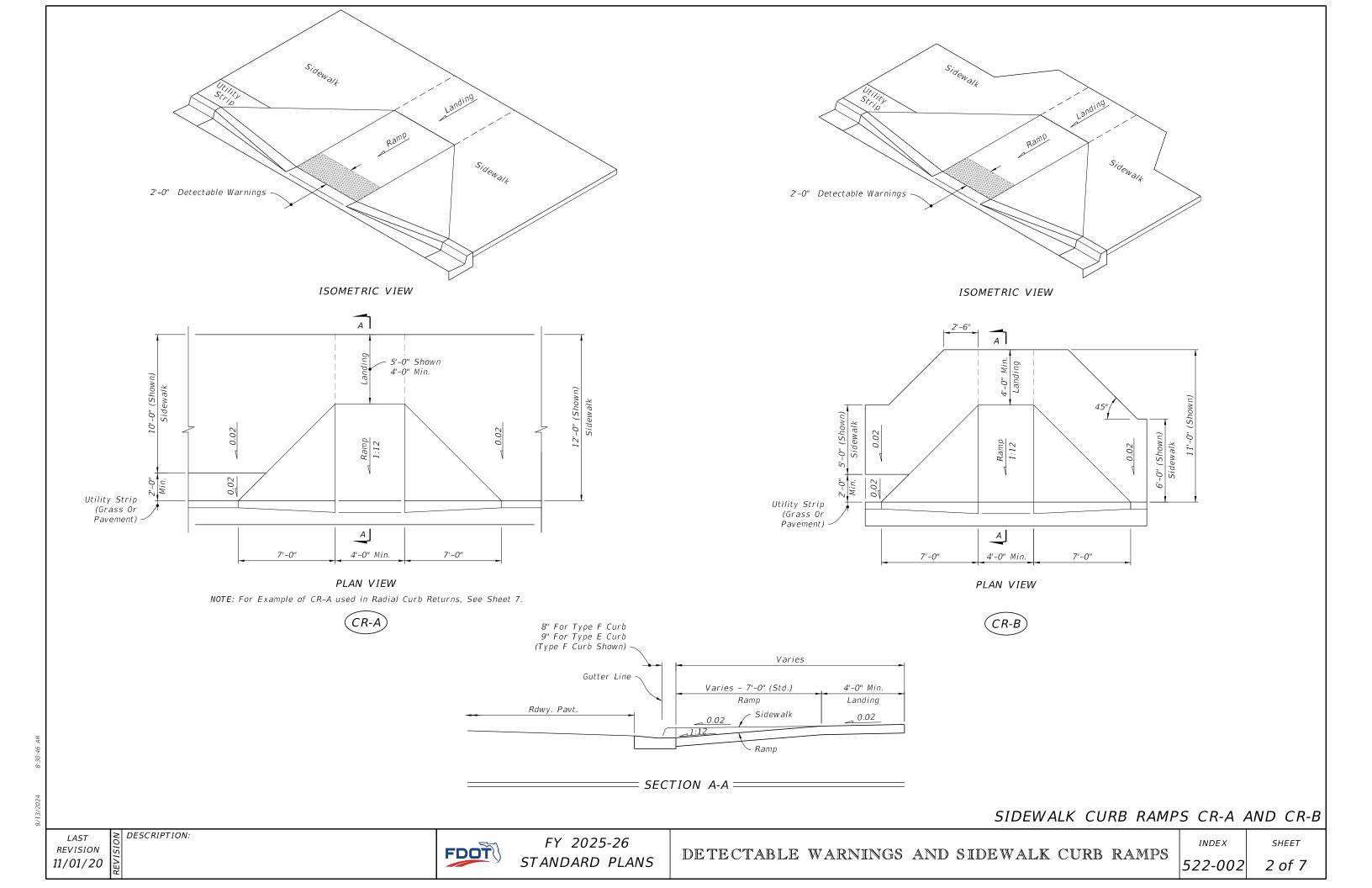
## 1. Cross Slopes and Grades:

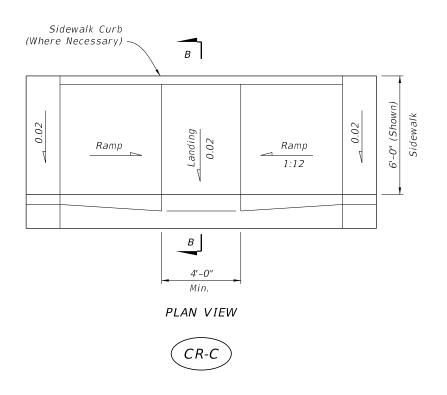
- A. Sidewalk, ramp, and landing slopes (i.e. 0.02, 0.05, and 1:12) shown in this Index are maximums. With approval of the Engineer, provide the minimum feasible slope where the requirements cannot be met.
- B. Landings must have cross-slopes less than or equal to 0.02 in any direction.
- C. Maintain a single longitudinal slope along each side of the curb ramp. Ramp slopes are not required to exceed 15 feet in length.
- D. Joints permitted at the location of Slope Breaks. Otherwise locate joints in accordance with Index 522-001. No joints are permitted within the ramp portion of the Curb Ramp.
- 2. Curb, Curb and Gutter and/or Sidewalk:
- A. Refer to Index 522-001 for concrete thickness and sidewalk details.
- B. Remove any existing curb, curb and gutter, or sidewalk to the nearest joint beyond the curb transition or to the extent that no remaining section is less than 5 feet long.
- C. Width of Curb Ramp is 4'-0" minimum. Match sidewalk or Shared Use Path width as shown in the Plans.
- 3. Curb Ramp Alpha-Identification:
- A. Sidewalk curb ramp alpha-identifications (e.g. CR-A) are provided for reference purposes in the Plans.
- B. Alpha-identifications CR-I and CR-J are intentionally omitted.
- 4. Detectable Warnings:
- A. Install detectable warnings in accordance with Specification 527.
- B. Place detectable warnings across the full width of the ramp or landing, to a minimum depth of 2 feet measured perpendicular to the curb line and no greater than 5 feet from the back of the curb or edge of pavement.
- C. If detectable warnings are shown in the Plans on slopes greater than 5%, align the truncated domes with the centerline of the ramp; otherwise, the truncated domes are not required to be aligned.

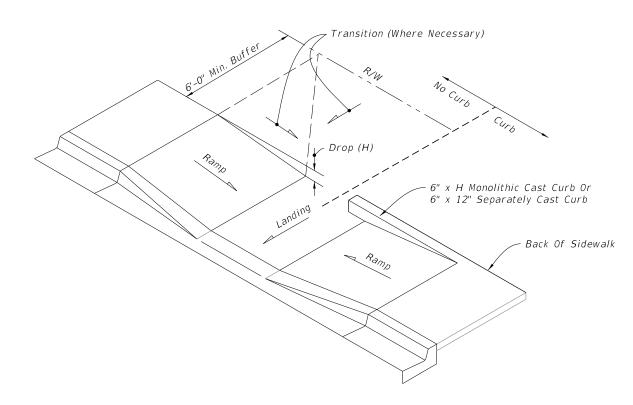


= CURB RAMP NOMENCLATURE =

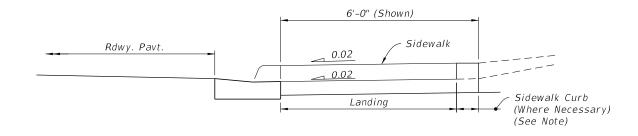
30.00.0



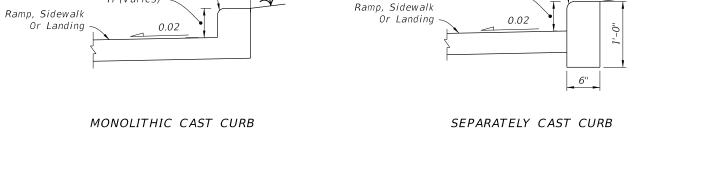




CONSTRUCTION OF SIDEWALK CURB IN CUT SECTIONS



NOTE: For additional information on sidewalk curb construction, see SIDEWALK CURB OPTIONS details.



SECTION B-B

SIDEWALK CURB OPTIONS

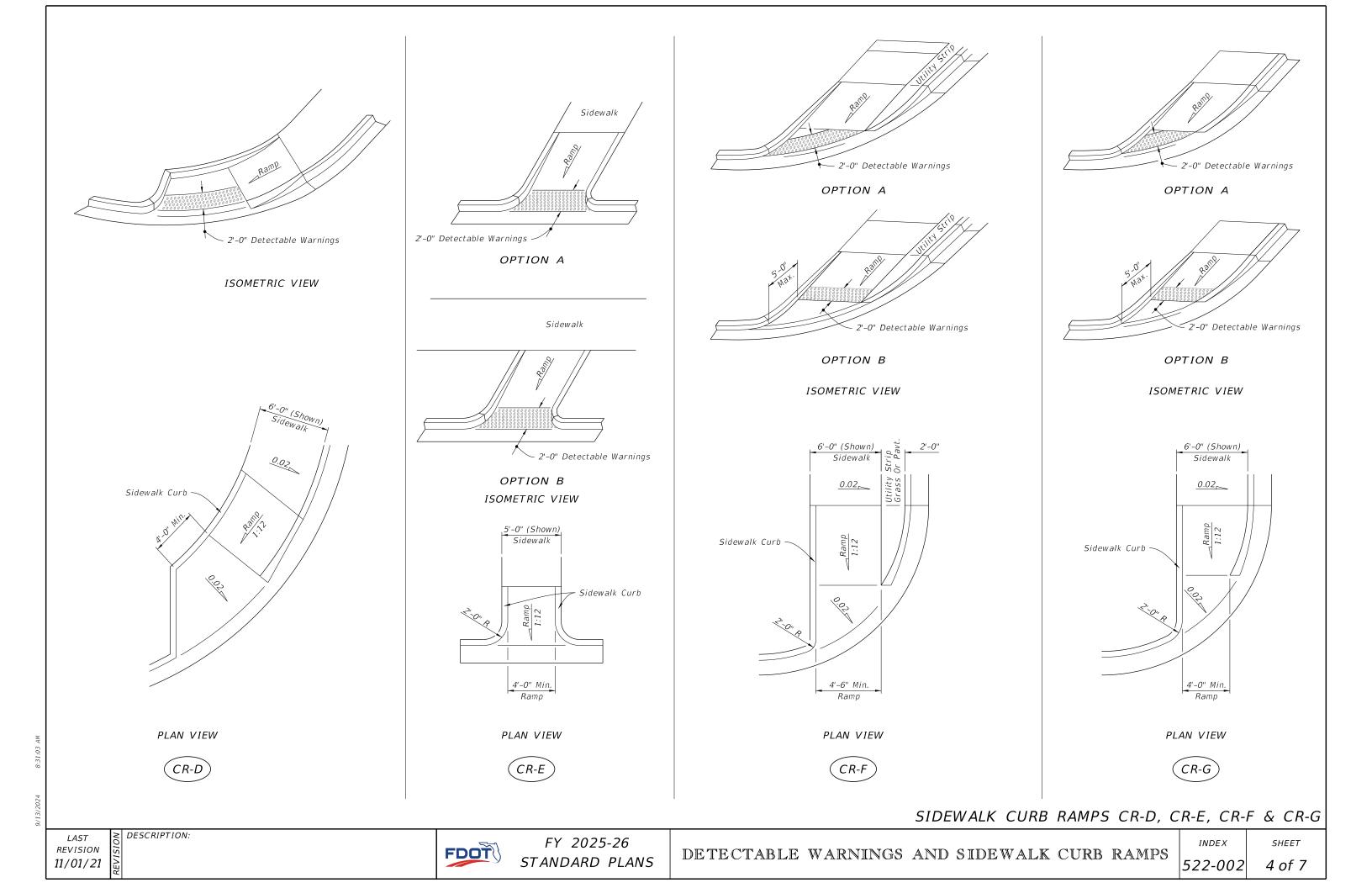
SIDEWALK CURB RAMPS CR-C AND SIDEWALK CURB

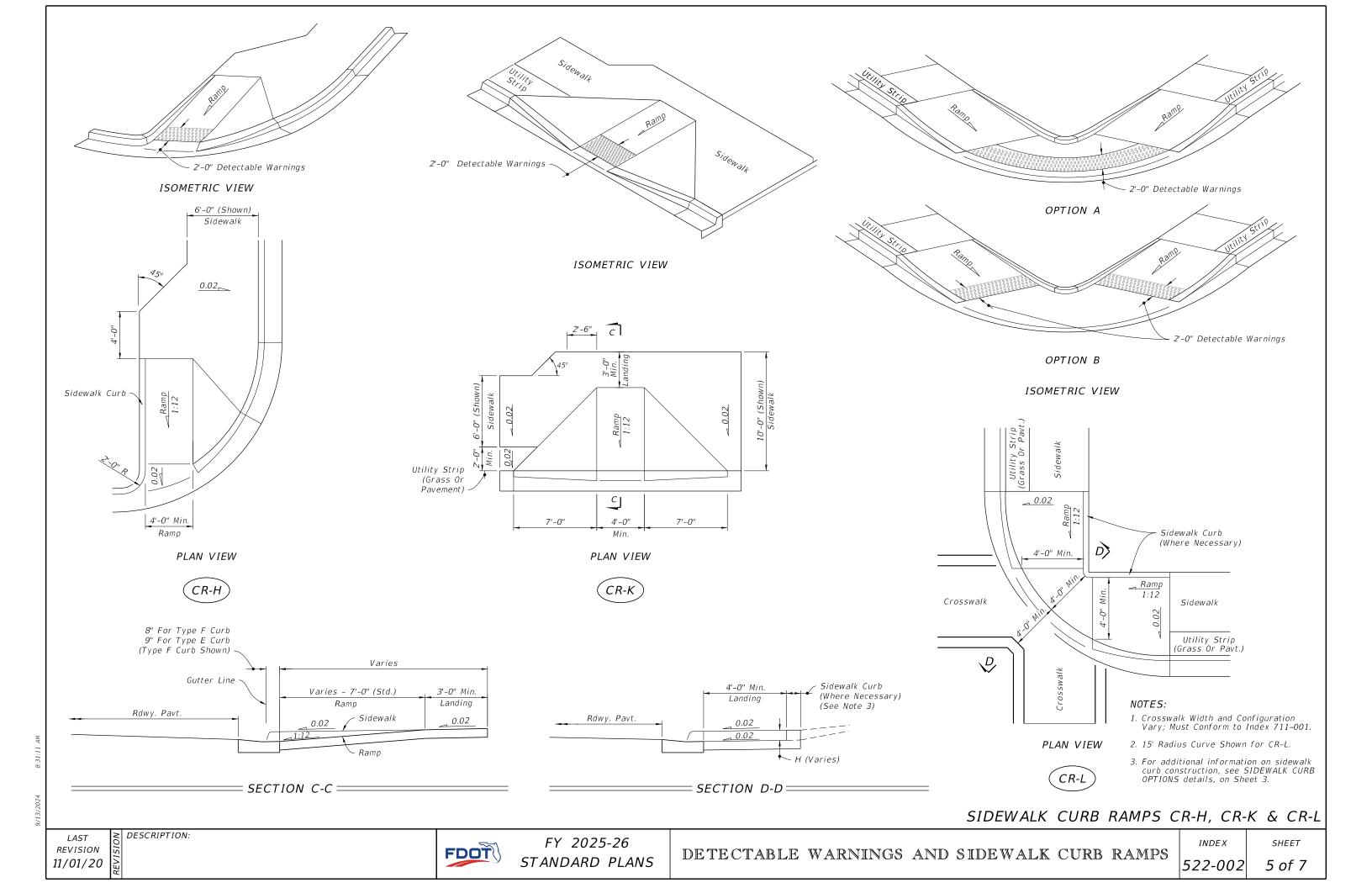
H (Varies) -

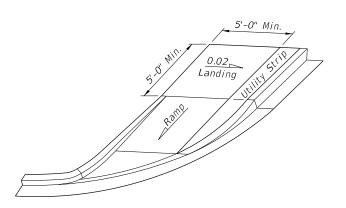
LAST REVISION 11/01/20

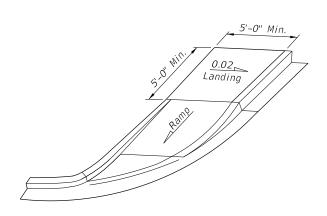
DESCRIPTION:

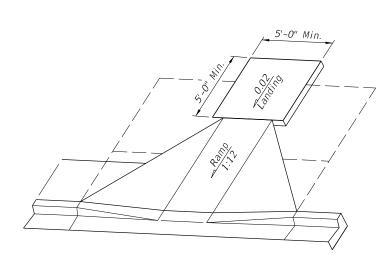
FDOT





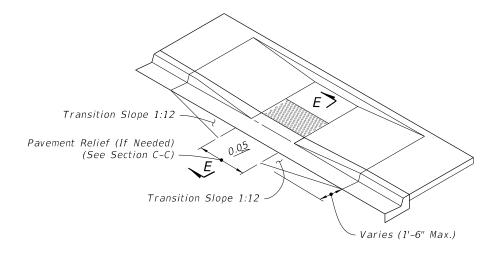




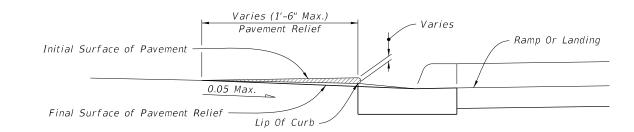


# LANDINGS FOR CURB RAMPS WITHOUT SIDEWALKS

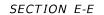
(See CR-F, CR-G & CR-K Respectively For Detectable Warning Details/Options)



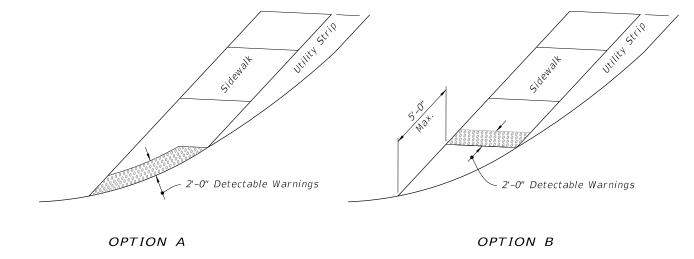
## ISOMETRIC VIEW (CR-C Shown, Other Similar)



NOTE: Remove Elevated Pavement By Spading And Rolling, Smooth Milling, or Grinding.



PAVEMENT RELIEF DETAILS =



= DETECTABLE WARNING ON FLUSH SHOULDER SIDEWALKS =

CURB RAMPS WITHOUT SIDEWALKS AND FLUSH SHOULDER SIDEWALKS

REVISION 11/01/20

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

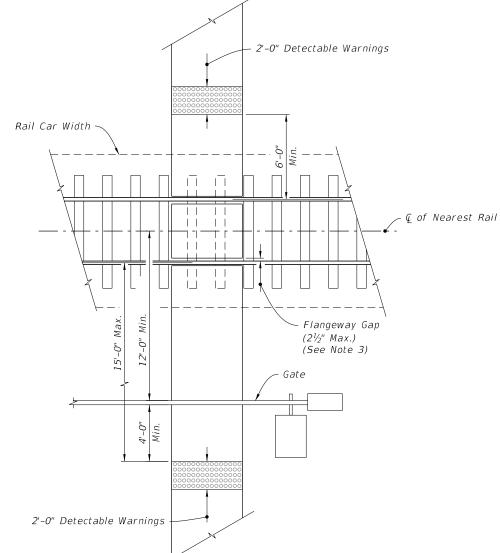
DETECTABLE WARNINGS AND SIDEWALK CURB RAMPS

INDEX 522-002

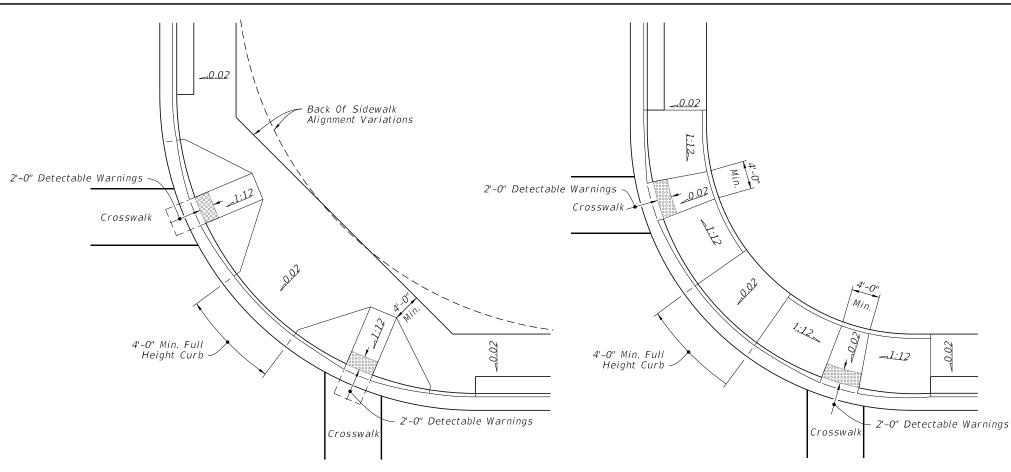
SHEET 6 of 7

# NOTES:

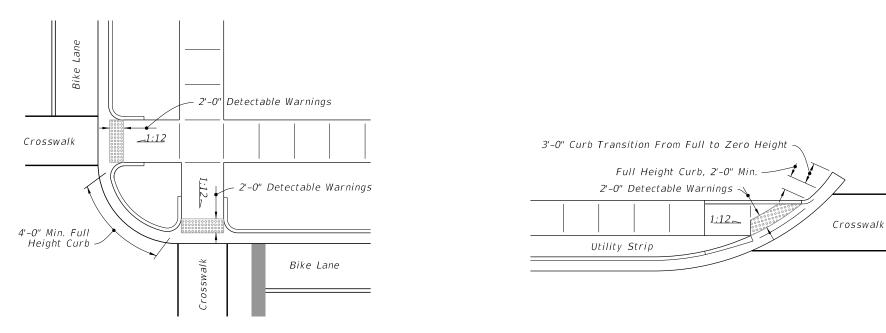
- 1. Where crosswalk markings are used, ramps must fall within the crosswalk limits. A clear space of 48" minimum is required at the bottom of the ramp within a marked crosswalk. If crosswalk markings are not present, a clear space of 48" minimum is required at the bottom of the ramp outside of active travel lanes.
- 2. Crosswalk widths and configurations vary; must conform to Index 711-001.
- 3. Flangeway Gap may be up to 3" for Freight-only Railways.



= RAILROAD CROSSING =====



# CURB RAMPS WITHIN RADIAL RETURN



CURB RAMPS OUTSIDE RADIAL RETURN

LINEAR SIDEWALK RAMPS

=PLACEMENT OF SIDEWALK CURB RAMPS AT CURBED RETURNS (TYP.)=

RAILROAD CROSSING AND CURB RAMPS AT CURBED RETURNS

REVISION 11/01/20

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

DETECTABLE WARNINGS AND SIDEWALK CURB RAMPS

INDEX

SHEET 7 of 7

## **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. Work this Index with Specification 522.
- 2. Refer to Index 520-001 for drop curb details and Index 522-001 for joints between driveway, sidewalks, and curb.

Remove existing curb and gutter to either the nearest joint beyond the flared point or to where no remaining section is less than 5 feet long.

- 4. Grades and cross slopes shown are maximums.
- 5. Longitudinal Joints:

Construct  $V_8$  open joints placed at equal (20' max.) intervals for driveways over 20' wide. Match joints in curb and gutter to match joints in driveways.

6. Transverse Joints:

Construct  $\frac{1}{8}$  open joints @ 10' Centers and  $\frac{1}{2}$  expansion joints with preformed joint filler every 5th joint.

- 7. Construct driveways (6" thick concrete) to a uniform width (W) to the R/W line or the extent shown in the Plans.
- 8. Width of Sidewalk Thru Driveway is 4'-0" minimum. Match sidewalk width when shown in Plans or when utility strip width is equal to or greater than the depth of the Driveway Apron.
- 9. Alpha-Numeric Identification: Concrete Flared Driveway Alpha-Numeric Identifications (e.g. G4) are provided for reference purposes in the Plans.

# LEGEND:

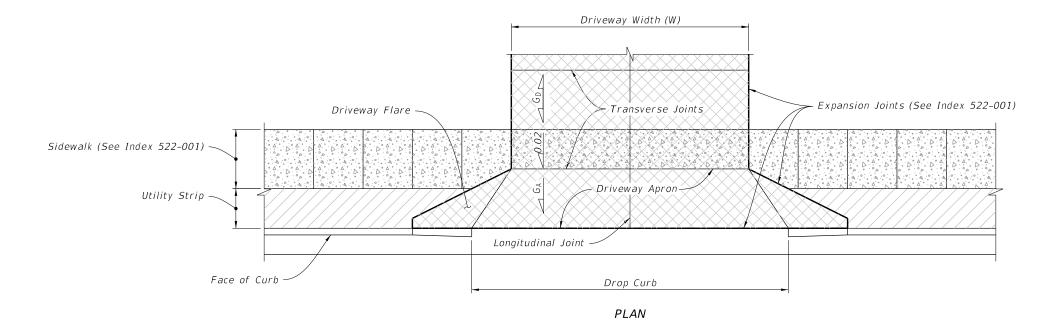
א Sidewalk

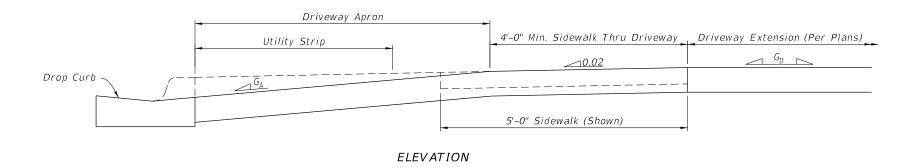
Flared Driveway (6" Thick Concrete)

Sidewalk Thru Driveway (6" Thick Concrete)

Utility Strip

- G<sub>A</sub> Grade of Apron
- G<sub>D</sub> Grade of Driveway (Per Plans)



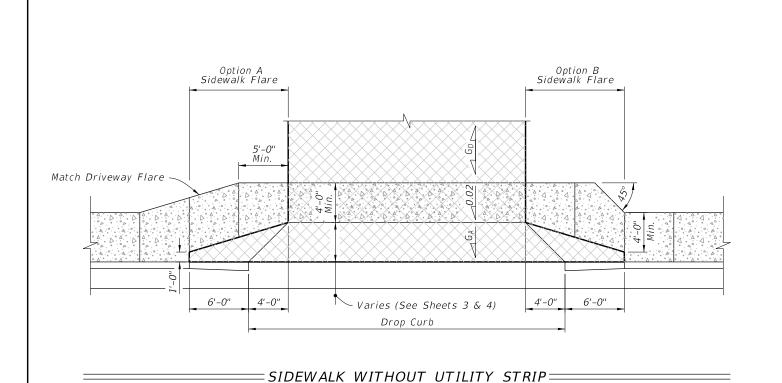


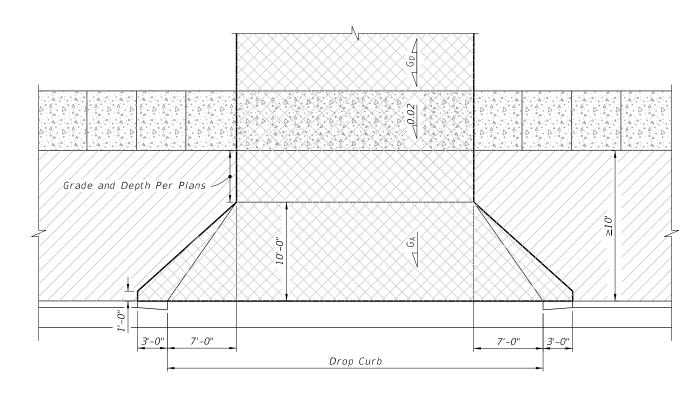
CONCRETE FLARED DRIVEWAY NOMENCLATURE:

REVISION 11/01/18

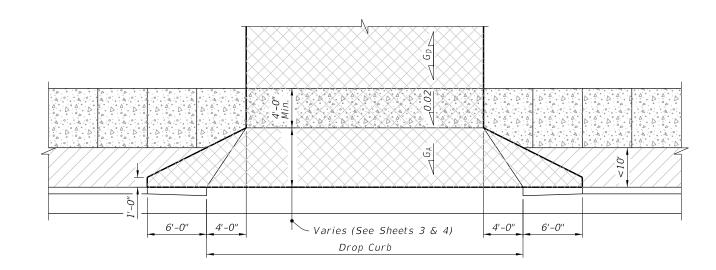
DESCRIPTION:







=WITHOUT SIDEWALK OR UTILITY STRIP ≥ 10' WIDE==



=UTILITY STRIP < 10' WIDE====

LEGEND:

Sidewalk

Flared Driveway (6" Thick Concrete)

Sidewalk Thru Driveway (6" Thick Concrete)

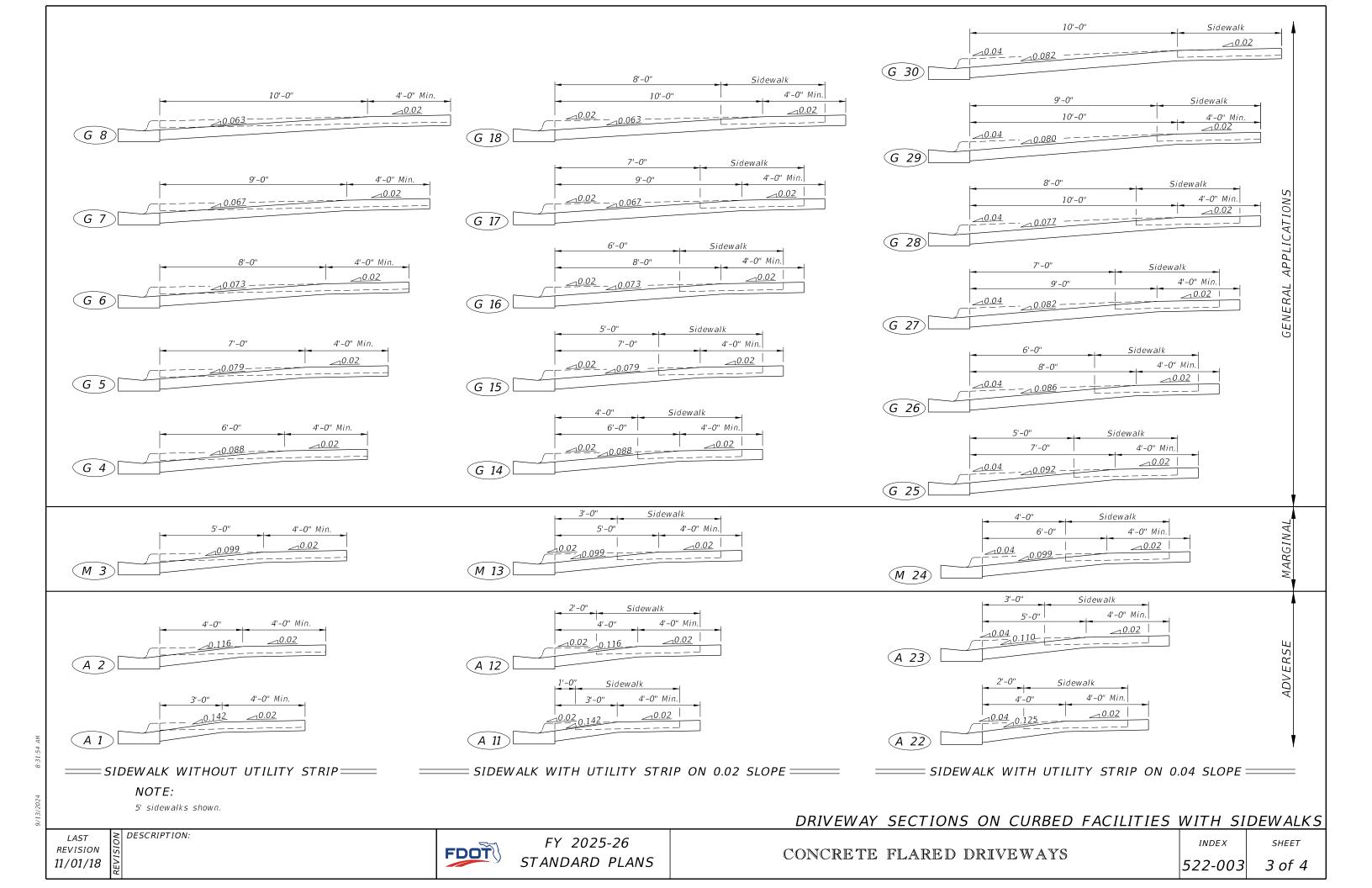
Utility Strip

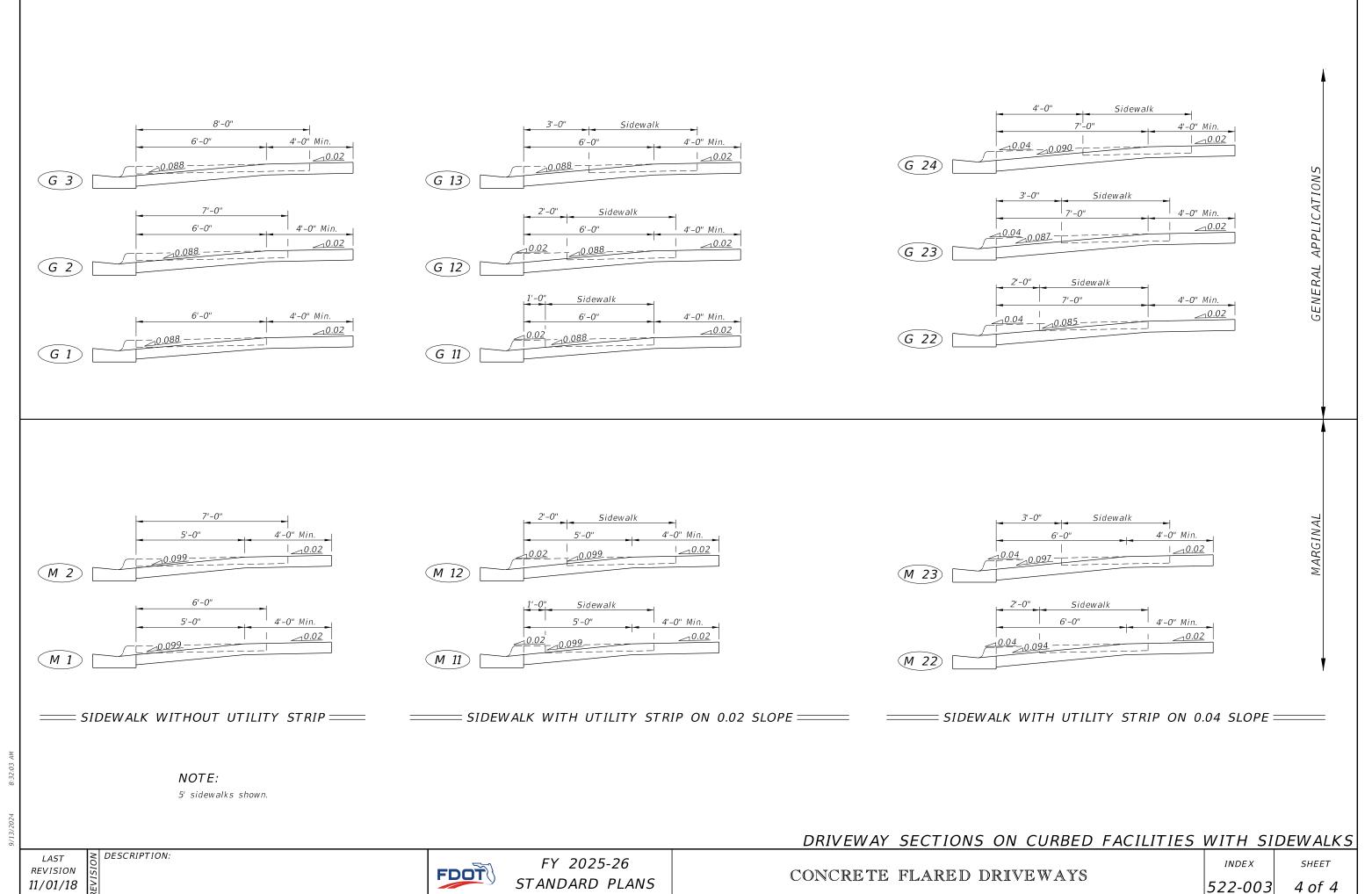
REVISION 11/01/18

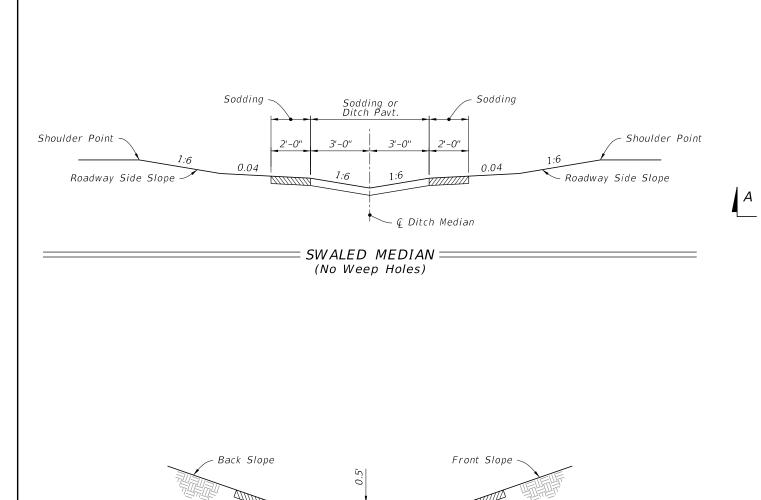
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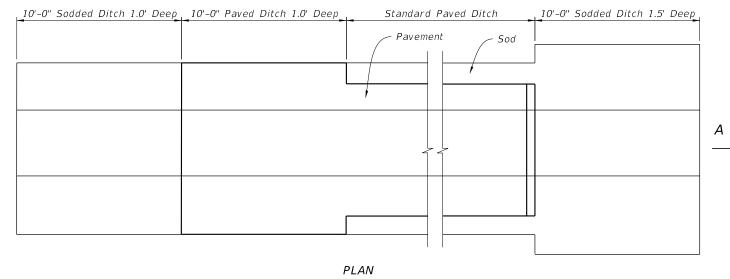
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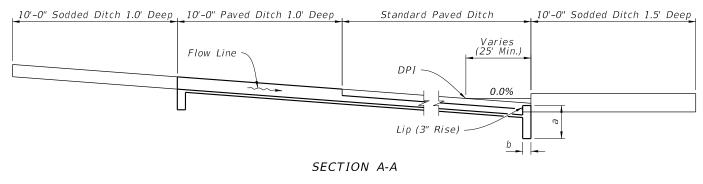
SHEET



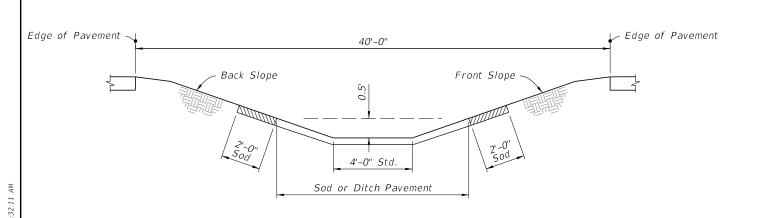








=====PAVED DITCH END TREATMENT=



40' MEDIAN =

Sod or Ditch Pavement

ROADWAY SIDE DITCH =

## **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. Install type of ditch pavement shown on Plans.
- 2. Construct lip at the end of ditch pavement downstream of DPI or on flatter grades where there is a decrease in ditch velocity.
- 3. Use toewalls with all ditch paving, except adjacent to drainage structures.
- 4. Construct sides of paving with 1' minimum height for junction of R/W ditch spillway and lateral ditch.
- 5. Select appropriate geotextile based on the application type referenced in Specification 985 and install in accordance with Specification 514 under all ditch pavement except for miscellaneous asphalt.
- 6. Install ditch pavement requiring reinforcement as detailed in Plans.

LAST REVISION 11/01/23

DESCRIPTION:

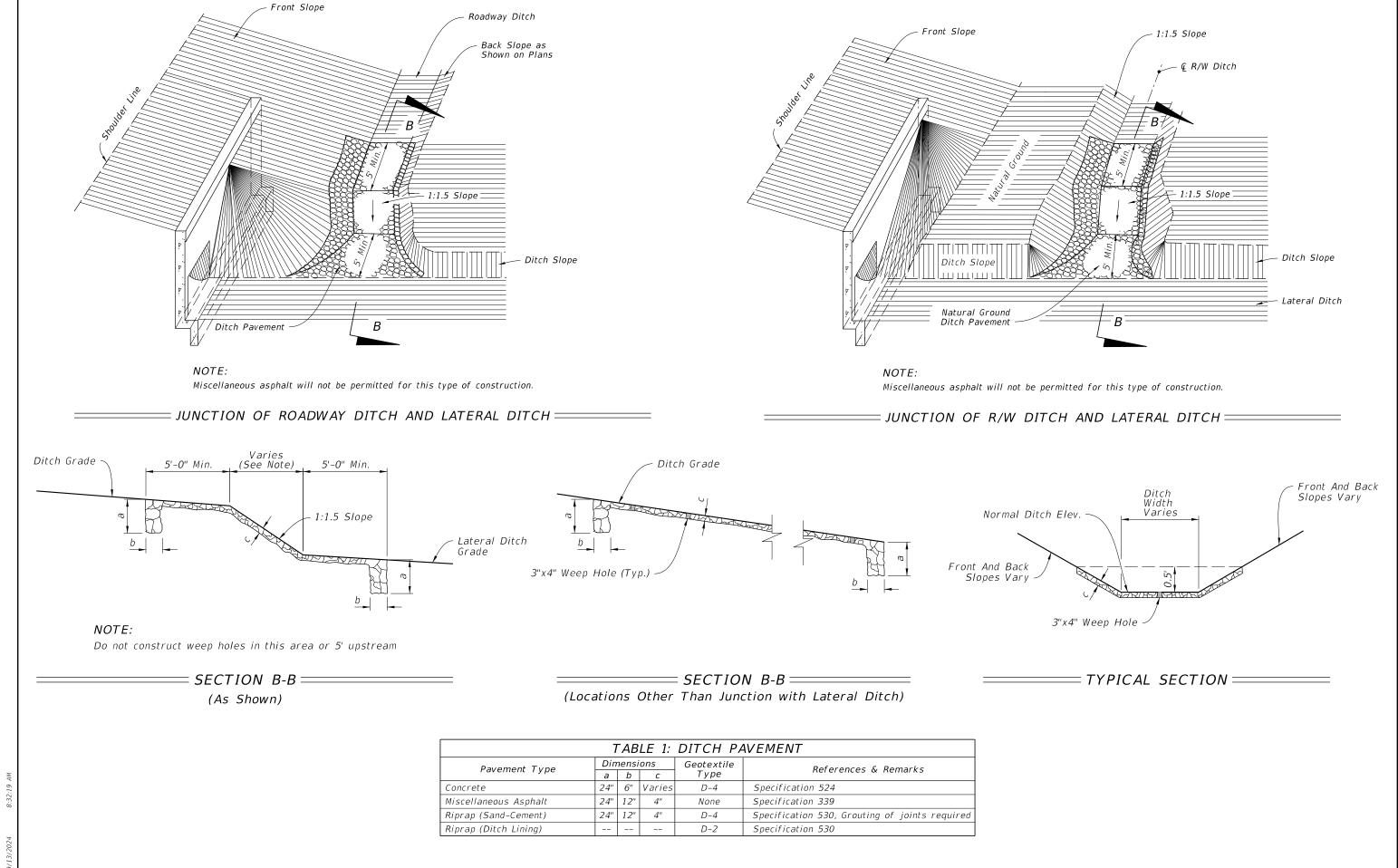
FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS DITCH PAVEMENT AND SODDING

524-001

INDEX SHEET

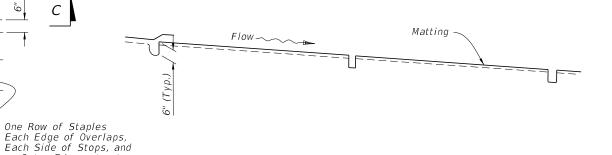
1 of 3



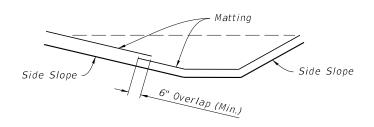
REVISION 11/01/23

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT



SECTION C-C



SECTION D-D

= MATTING FOR DITCH ==

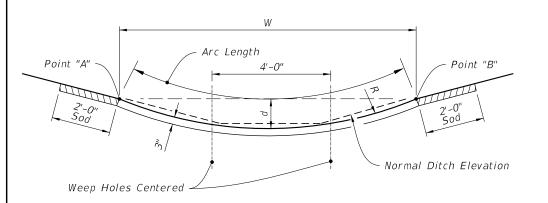


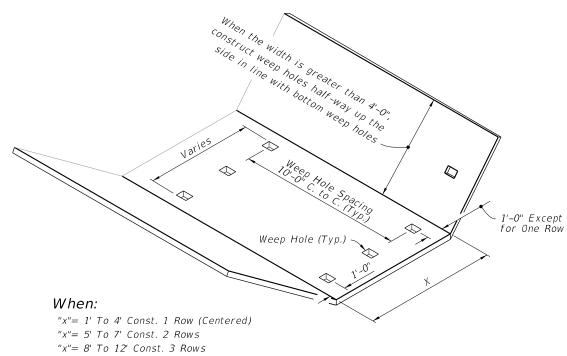
TABLE 2: ALTERNATE DITCH PAVEMENT											
TO REPLACE:	W	d	R	Rows Of Weep Holes	Arc Length						
6' Median Swale	6'	0.24'	19'	0	6.0'						
1:6 Front Slopes; 1:4 Back Slope											
5' Ditch Bottom Width	10'	0.67'	19'	2	10.1'						
4' Ditch Bottom Width	9'	0.54'	19'	2	9.1'						
1:4 Front Slopes & Back Slope											
5' Ditch Bottom Width	9'	0.74'	14'	2	9.2'						
4' Ditch Bottom Width	8'	0.58'	14'	1 (in center)	8.1'						

### NOTE:

DESCRIPTION:

For use only where side slopes are 1:4 or flatter. Point "A" and "B" are at the same elevation and should be used to locate the paved section.

= ALTERNATE DITCH PAVEMENT =



### NOTES:

"x"= 13' To 17' Const. 4 Rows

"x"= 18' To 22' Const. 5 Rows

(Typical)

- 1. Construct all weep holes 3"x4" rectangle or 4" or 5" diameter circle hole. Place  $\frac{1}{2}$  cu. ft. (12" x 12" x 6") of No. 57 aggregate under each hole with 1 sq. ft. of galvanized wire mesh ( $\frac{1}{4}$ " openings) placed between the aggregate and the ditch pavement.
- 2. Rectangle weep holes shown, round weep holes similar.
- 3. Weep hole spacing may be reduced to 5' minimum when directed by the Engineer.

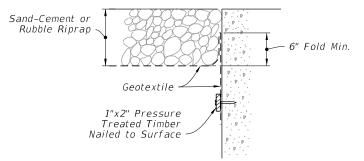
= WEEP HOLE ARRANGEMENT =

Sand-Cement or Rubble Riprap

Geotextile

12" Bituminous Coating of Face of Concrete

BONDED OPTION



NAILED OPTION

## NOTE:

Either option may be used, unless called for in the plans.

LAST REVISION 11/01/23

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

DITCH PAVEMENT AND SODDING

524-001

3 of 3

9/13/2024

- 1. Work this Index with the Noise Wall Data Tables, and Wall Control Drawings in the Plans.
  - A. Prestressed concrete posts with equivalent strength resistance may be substituted for conventionally reinforced precast posts shown in this index when approved as part of a Producer's Quality Control Plan.
  - B. Producer shop drawings for prestressed concrete post designs must be approved by the State Structures Design Office prior to inclusion in the Quality Control Plan.
- 2. Construct Noise Walls in accordance with the requirements of Specification Section 534, and Augers Cast Piles in accordance with Specification Section 455.
- 3. Field verify the location of all overhead and underground services shown in the Wall Control Drawings.
- 4. Wall Height is the nominal height of the walls above finished grade. The Wall Embedment Depth for design is 1'-0". The actual embedment depth may vary plus or minus 6" along the length of the wall.
- 5. Post Spacing in this Index are nominal, and are measured from centerline to centerline of the auger cast piles. Actual post spacing may vary as shown in the Wall Control Drawings.
- 6. Panels
  - A. The sum of the individual stacked panel heights is the Wall Height plus 1'-0" (embedment depth).
  - B. Where special graphics are required, locate the horizontal panel joints outside of the graphics. Where possible, hold horizontal panel joints at a constant elevation.
  - C. Side Installed Panels are only permitted when reduced overhead clearance between posts prohibits installing panels from the top.
    - 1. For Flush Face panels, install panel into posts from the back face of the wall. Recessed panels may be installed from the back or front face of the wall.
    - After panels are installed and centered between posts, grout between both panel ends and the adjoining posts (see Sheets 4 and 5 for details).
  - D. Individual panel heights should be between 6'-0" and 12'-0" tall. The minimum panel height is 4'-0" and may be used where overhead clearance is limited, or where graphic panels are required on shorter walls.
- 7. Concrete And Grout:
  - A. Concrete Class and Compressive Strength for:
    - 1. Precast Panels, Posts, and Post Caps: Class IV
    - 2. Cast-In-Place Collars: Class IV
  - B. Minimum Compressive Strength for form removal and handling of posts and panels:
    - 1. 2,500 psi for horizontally cast post and panels
    - 2,000 psi for vertically cast panels or when tilt-up tables are used for horizontally cast panels.
  - C. Grout for Auger Cast Piles:
    - 1. Maximum Working Compressive Strength = 2,000 psi
    - 2. Minimum 28 day strength = 5,000 psi
- 8. Reinforcing Steel:
  - A. In addition to the requirements of Specification Section 415, tie post and pile stirrups at the following locations as a minimum:
    - 1. Post Stirrups Tie at all four corner bars and at every third interior bar intersection.
    - 2. Pile Stirrups Tie to the main vertical reinforcing at alternate intersections for circular configurations and at the four corners and at every third interior bar intersection for rectangular configurations.
  - B. Provide 2" concrete cover unless noted otherwise.
- 9. Casting Tolerances for precast panels and posts:
  - A. Overall Height and Width: +/- 1/4"
  - B. Thickness: +/- 1/4"
  - C. Plane of side mold: +/- 1/16"
  - D. Openings: +/- 1/2"

DESCRIPTION:

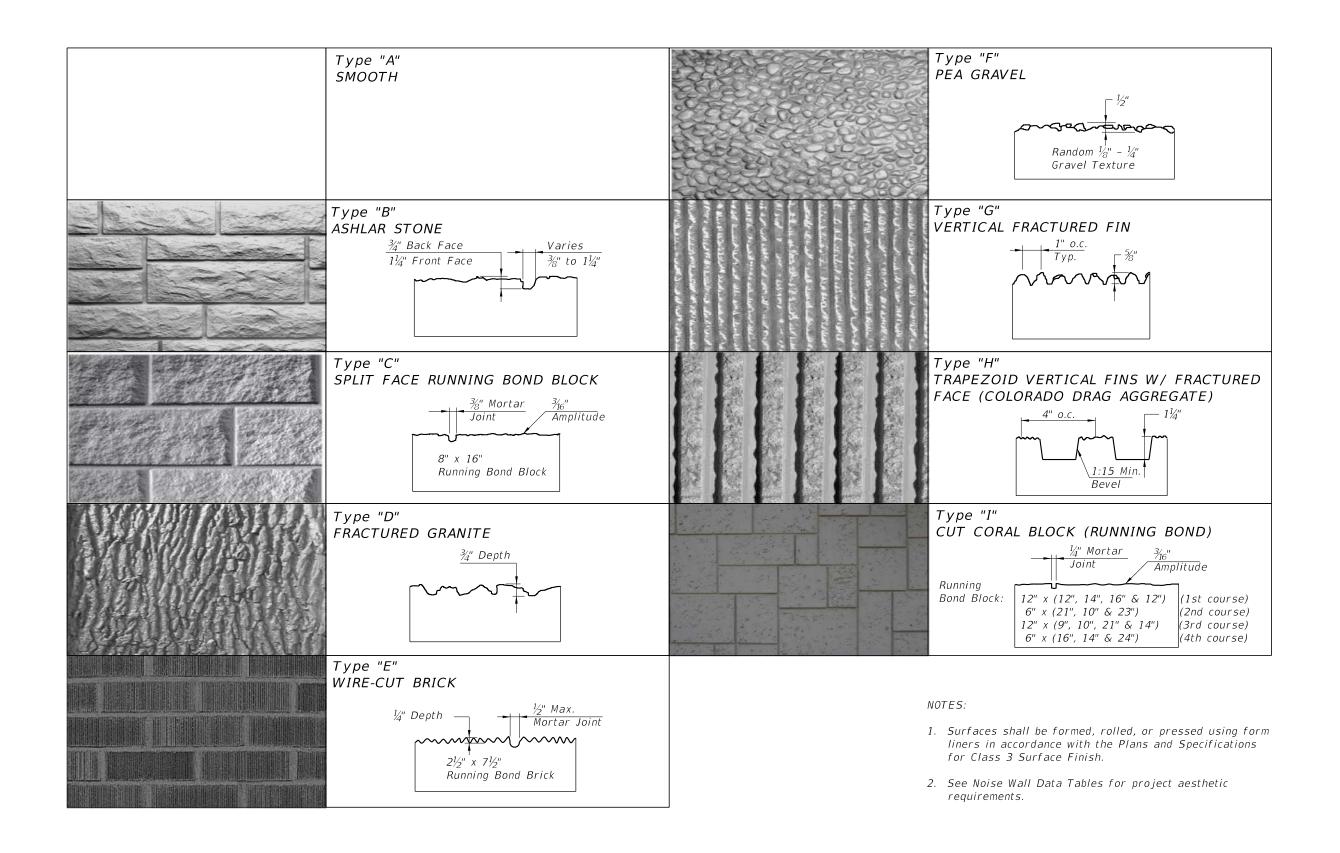
- E. Out of Square: 1/8" per 6 ft., but not more than 3/8"total along any side
- F. Warping: 1/16" per foot distance to nearest corner
- G. Bowing: 1/240 panel dimension
- H. Surface Smoothness for Type "A" Smooth Surface Texture Option: +/- 1/16"

- 10. Provide Plain or Fiber Reinforced Bearing Pads meeting the requirements of Specification Section 932 for Ancillary Structures.
  - A. For Collar Bearing Points provide:
    - 1.  $4"x \ 4"x \ \frac{1}{2}"$  Fiber Reinforced Pads;
    - 2. Plain Pads may be substituted for Fiber Reinforced Pads when sufficient bearing area is available on the concrete collar for the following:
      - a. 10' Post Spacing: 4"x 4"x ½"
      - b. 20' Post Spacing and Wall Height < 17 feet:  $4"x 4"x \frac{1}{2}"$
    - c. 20' Post Spacing and Wall Height ≥ 17 feet: 4"x 5"x  $\frac{1}{2}$ "
  - B. At panel bearing points between stacked panels, use Plain or Fiber Reinforced Bearing Pads.

GENERAL NOTES

LAST REVISION 11/01/19





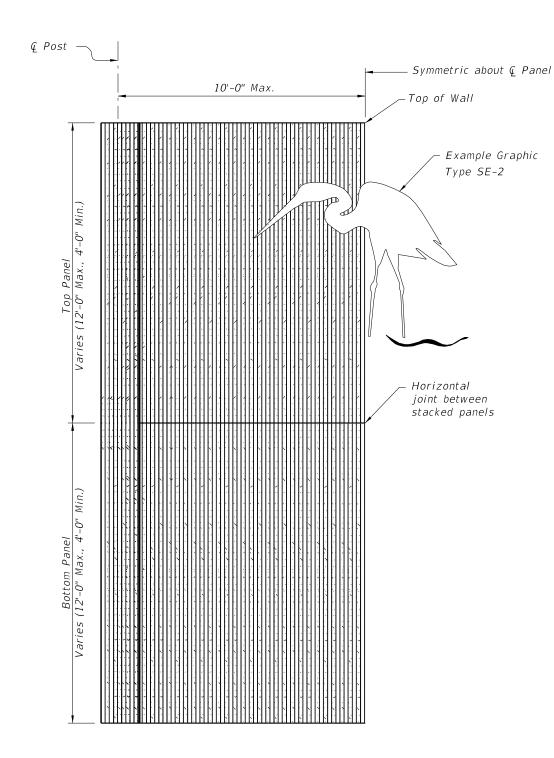
TEXTURE OPTIONS

REVISION 11/01/13

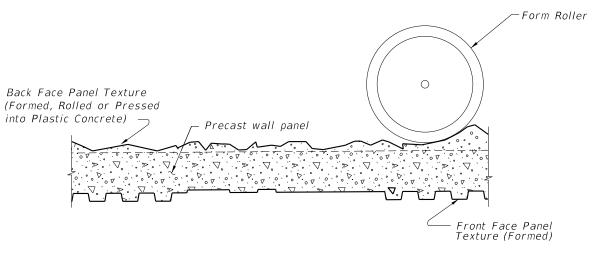
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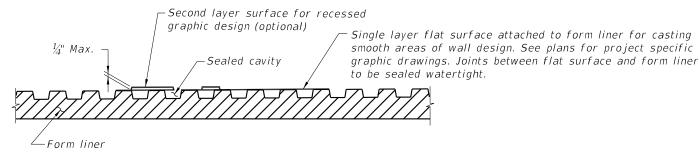
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

DESCRIPTION:



HALF ELEVATION
(Front Face Post and Panel Texture Type "H" shown)
(Graphic Type SE-2 shown)
(Two stacked panels shown, three stacked panels similar)





TYPICAL FORMING DETAIL
(Front Face Panel Texture Type "H" shown)
(Back Face Panel Texture Type "D" shown)
(Post Forming Details Similar)

### NOTES:

- 1. Submit specific form liner samples for approval by the Engineer.
- 2. Textures and graphics shown are for demonstration purposes only. See Noise Wall Data Tables in the plans for project specific texture and graphic requirements.

GRAPHICS & TEXTURE DETAILS

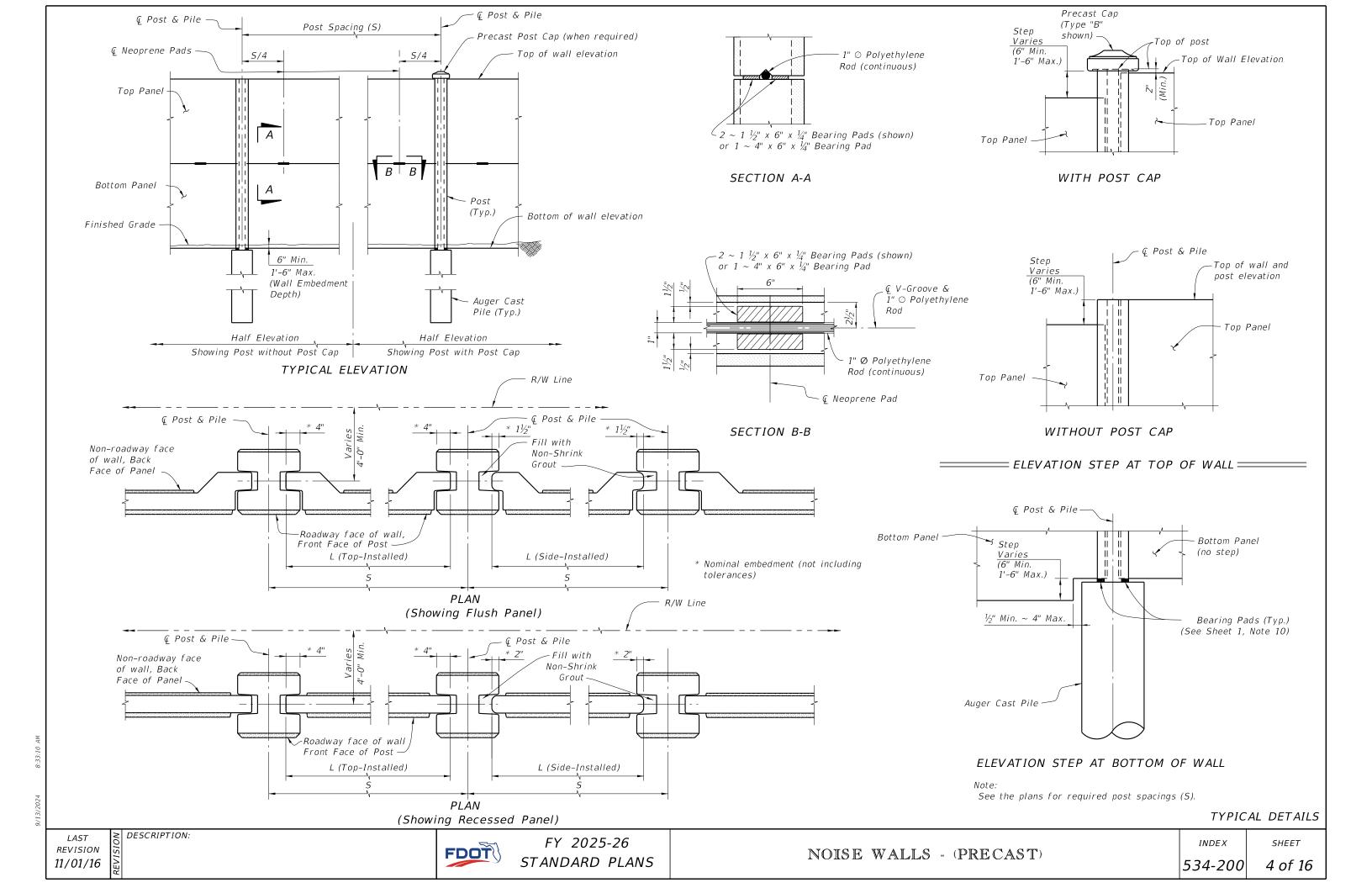
LAST REVISION 11/01/14

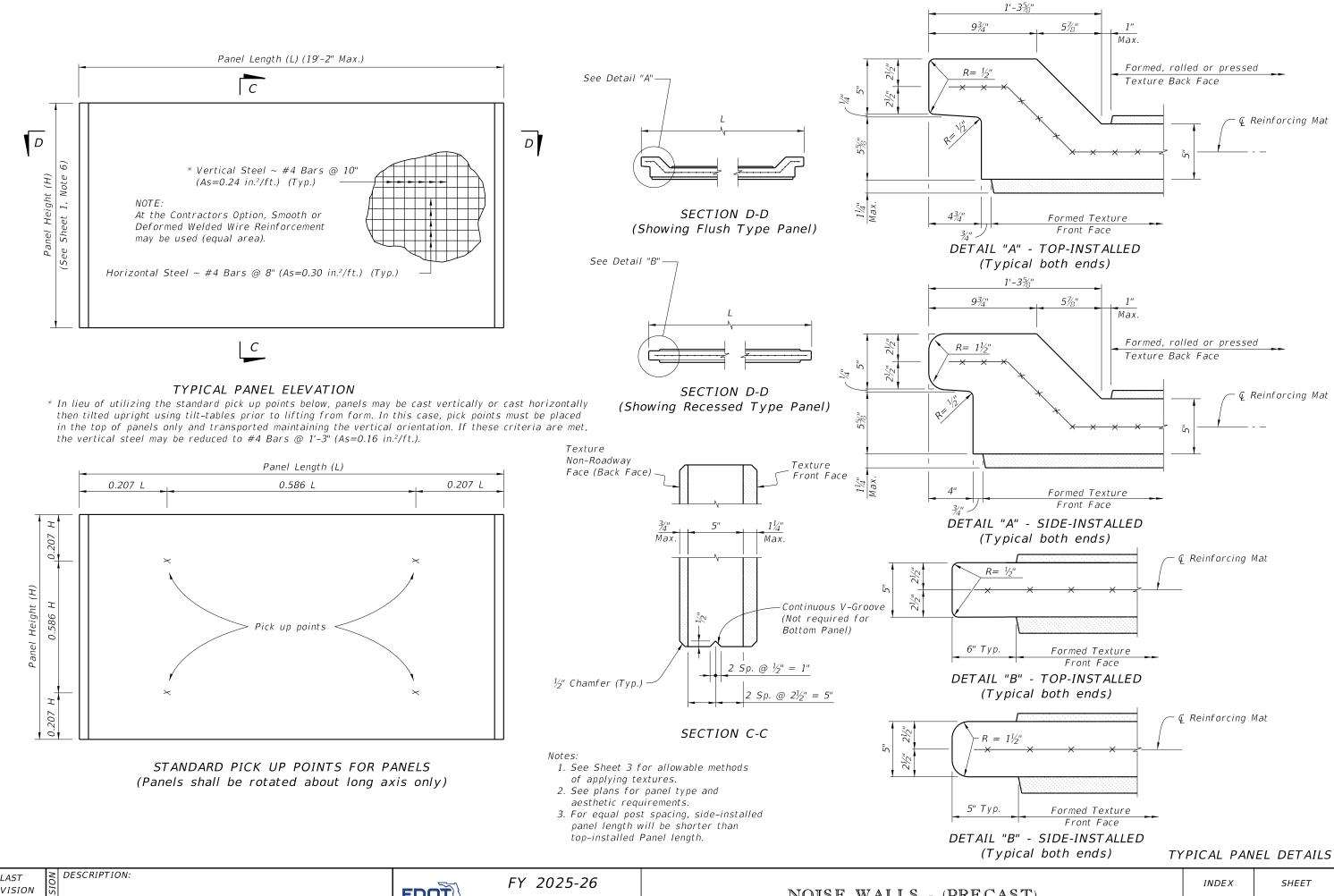
DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2025-26
STANDARD PLANS

INDEX SHEET





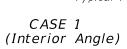
REVISION 11/01/15

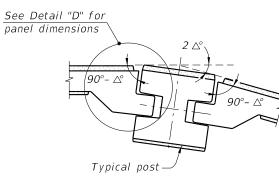
FDOT

STANDARD PLANS

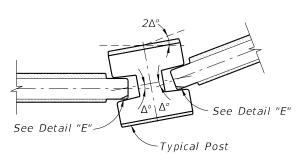
NOISE WALLS - (PRECAST)

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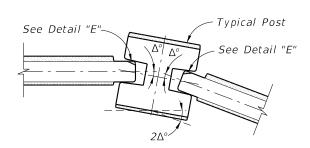




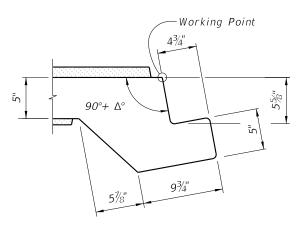
CASE 2 (Exterior Angle)



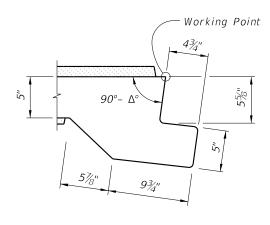
CASE 1 (Interior Angle)



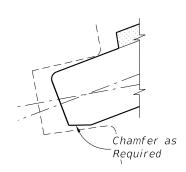
CASE 2 (Exterior Angle)



DETAIL "C"



DETAIL "D"



DETAIL "E" (Back Face Chamfer Shown Front Face Chamfer Similar)

NOTE:

The shop drawings shall include specific pivoting details of panel ends at locations where the deflection angle  $(2\Delta^\circ)$  between panels exceeds  $7^\circ$ .

= PIVOTING DETAILS = (Flush Type Panel) NOTE:

The shop drawings shall include specific pivoting details of panel ends at locations where the deflection angle ( $2\Delta^{\circ}$ ) between panels exceeds  $20^{\circ}$ .

— PIVOTING DETAILS ———— (Recessed Type Panel)

TYPICAL PANEL DETAILS

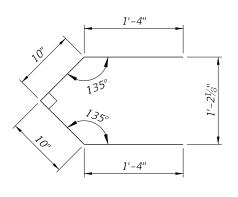
LAST REVISION 11/01/13

DESCRIPTION:

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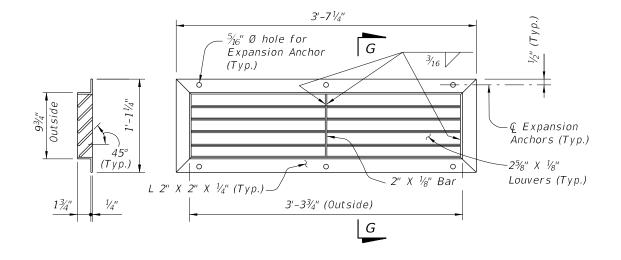
024 8:3

DRAINAGE HOLES TYPES A, B, C & D (Front Face of Wall Shown) (Two Holes Shown, One Hole Similar)

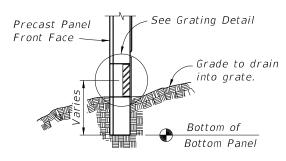


BAR A2 (Pair)  $Bar\ Length = 4'-4''$ 

= BAR BENDING DETAILS (#3 Bars)



GRATING DETAIL



SECTION F-F

### GRATING NOTES:

SECTION G-G

- 1. Grating shall be ASTM A36 steel welded in accordance with the current edition of ANSI/AWS D1.1 Steel Welding Code. Hot-dip galvanize grate after fabrication in accordance with Specification
- 2. Expansion Anchors: Use  $\frac{1}{4}$ " Ø x 2" min. corrosion resistant (zinc/aluminum alloy or stainless steel) expansion anchors to connect grates to panels.
- 3. Blockout textured concrete surface for a strip 2" wide around drainage hole to enable secure attachment of the drainage grate.

DRAINAGE HOLE DETAILS

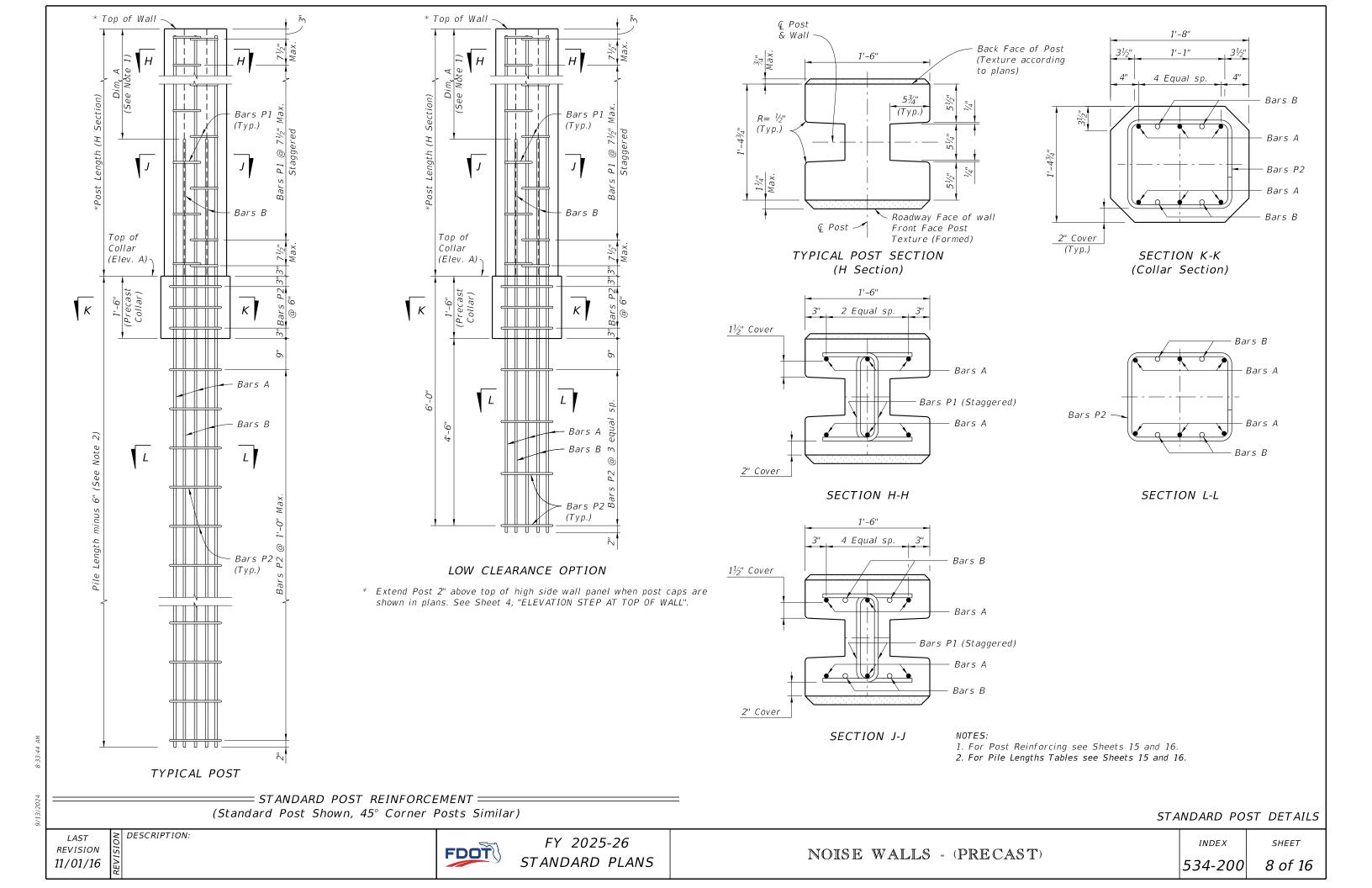
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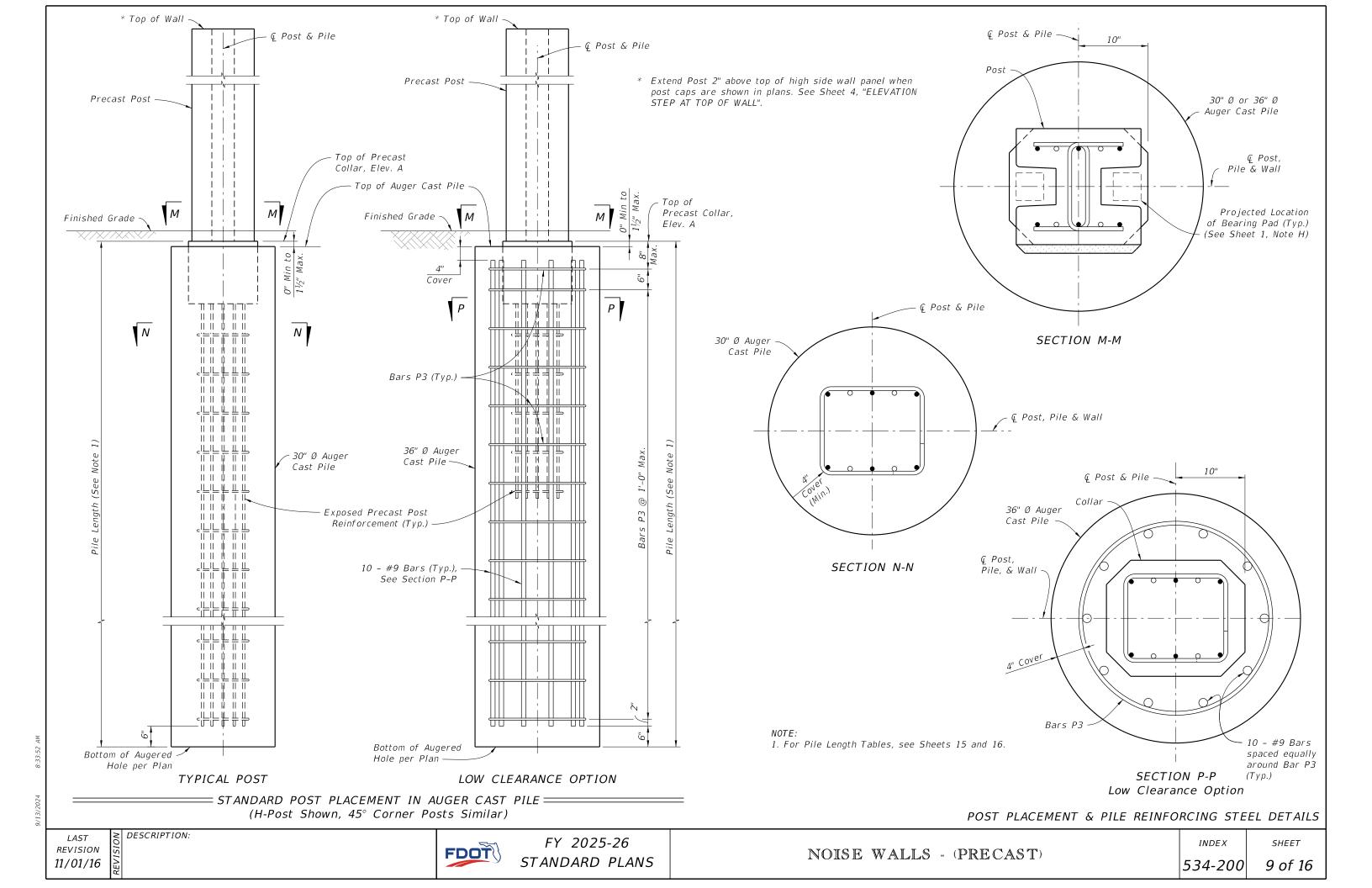
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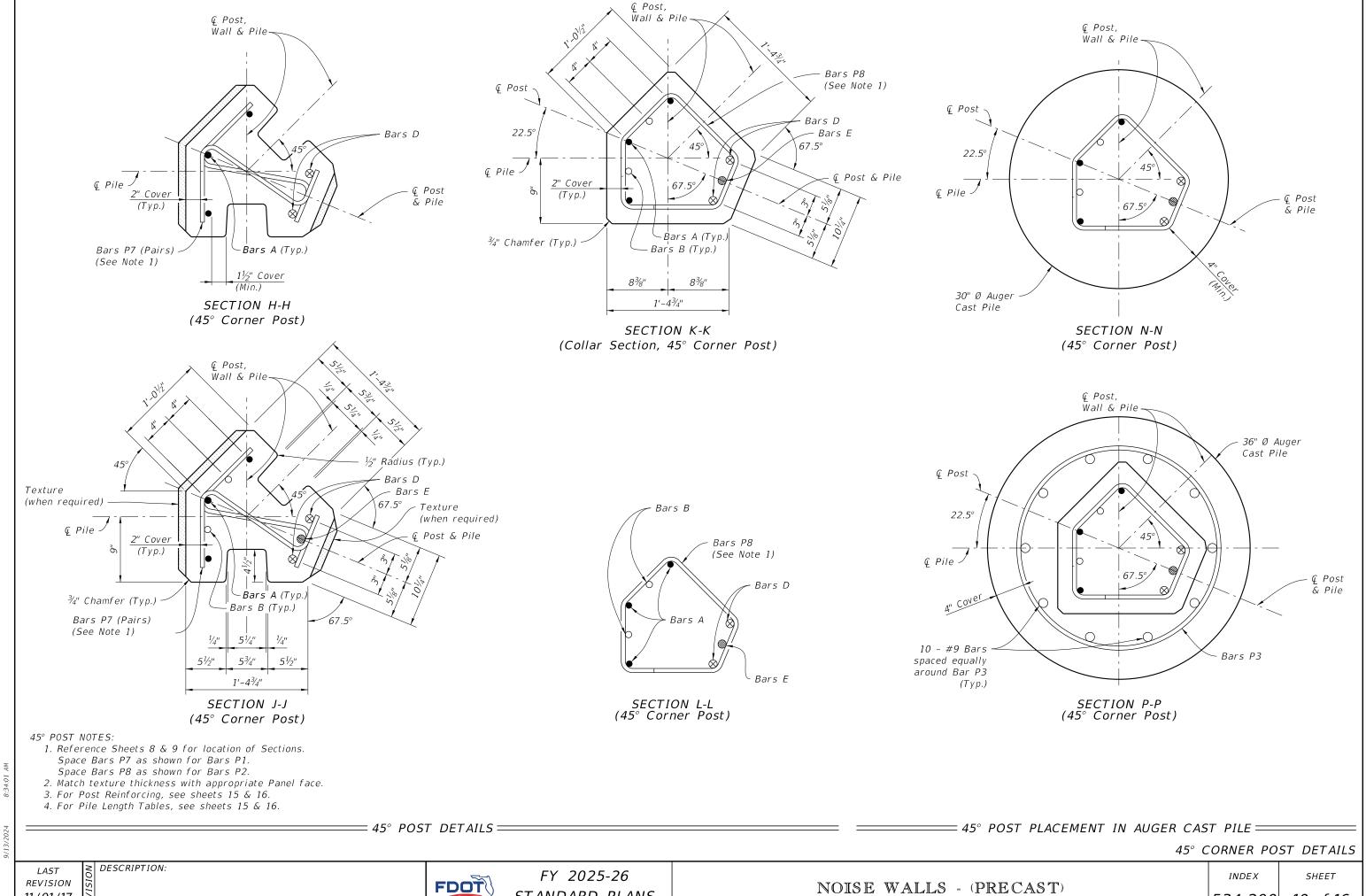
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

NOISE WALLS - (PRECAST)

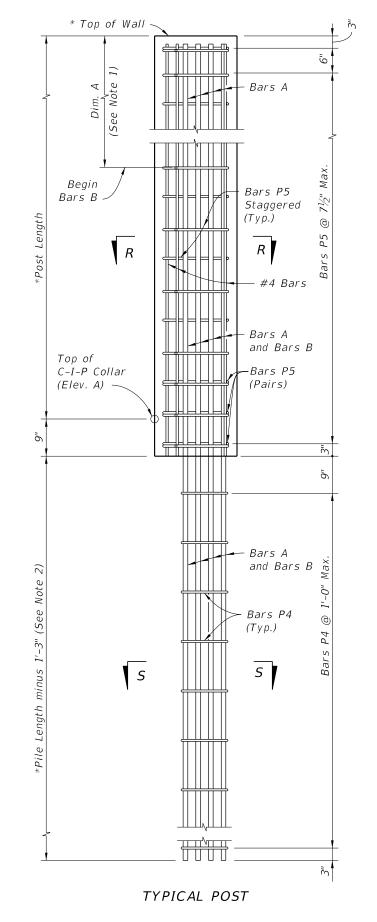
INDEX SHEET 534-200

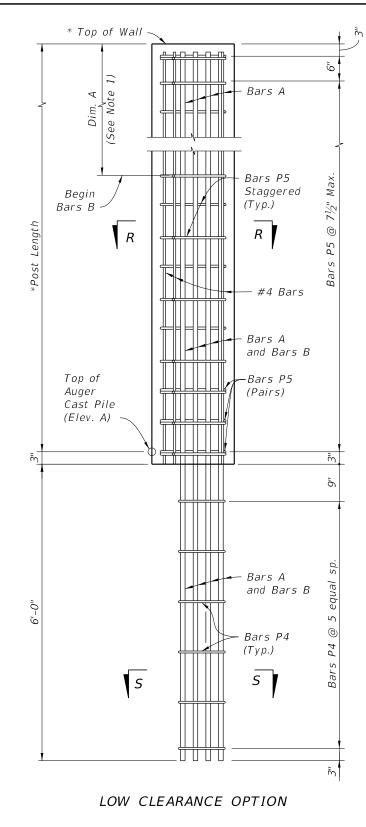






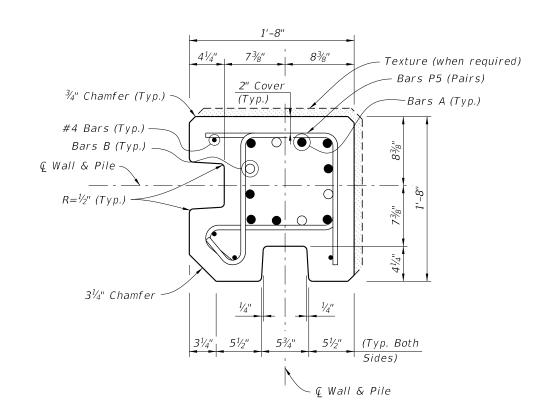
11/01/17



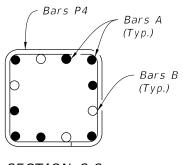


\* Extend Post 2" above top of high side wall panel when post caps are shown in plans. See Sheet 4, "ELEVATION STEP AT TOP OF WALL".

= 90 $^{\circ}$  CORNER POST REINFORCMENT =(Post Surface Features Not Shown For Clarity)



## SECTION R-R



SECTION S-S

### 90° CORNER POST NOTES:

- 1. For Post Reinforcing, see Sheets 15 and 16.
- 2. For Pile Length Tables, see Sheets 15 and 16.
- 3. Reduce typical panel length or adjust pile spacing at each 90° Corner Post.
- 4. Match texture thickness with appropriate Panel face.

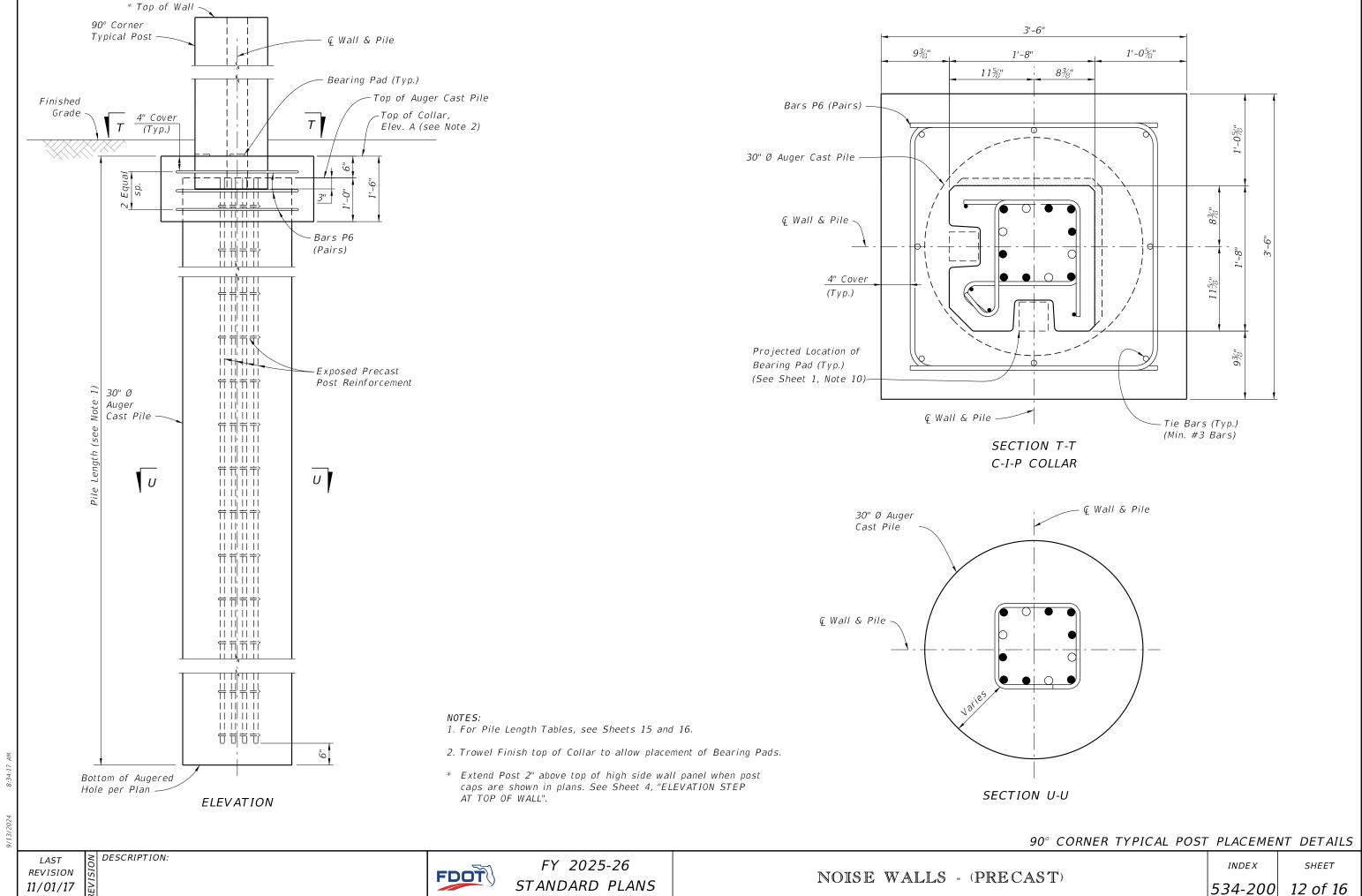
90° CORNER POST DETAILS

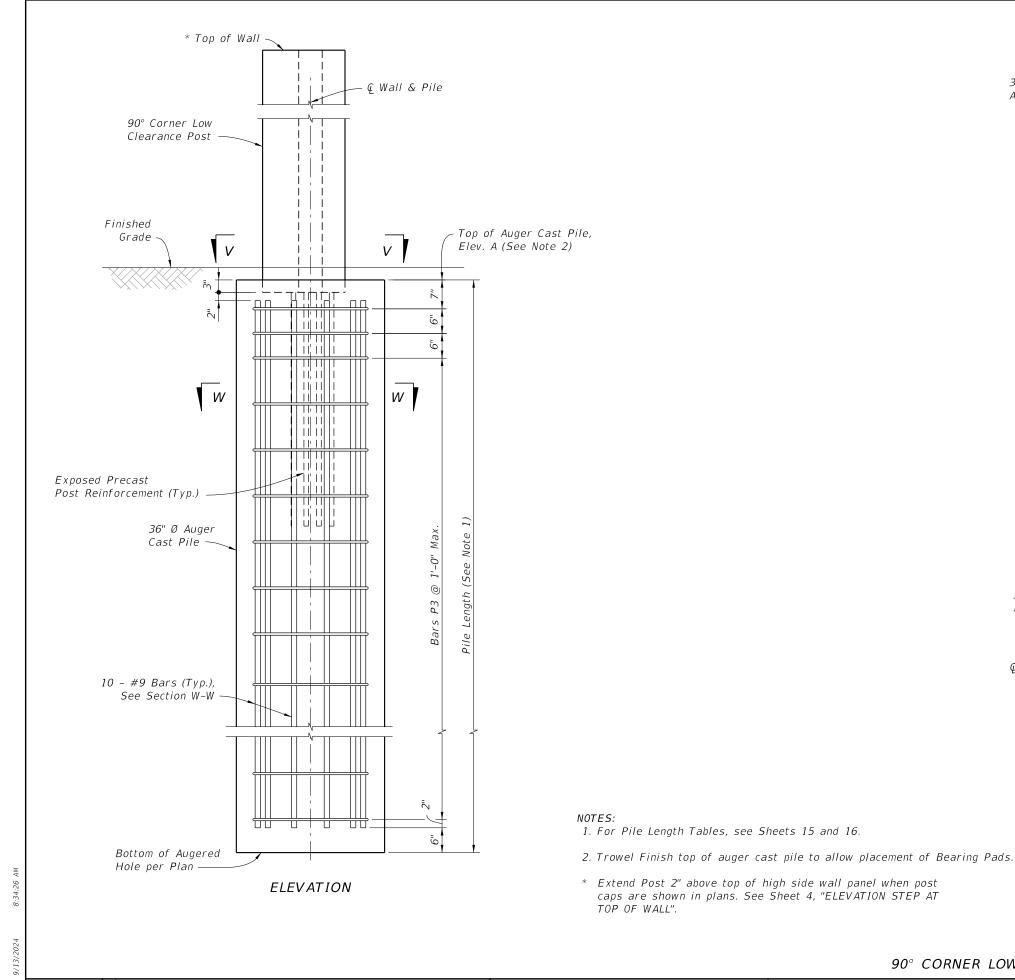
REVISION 11/01/16

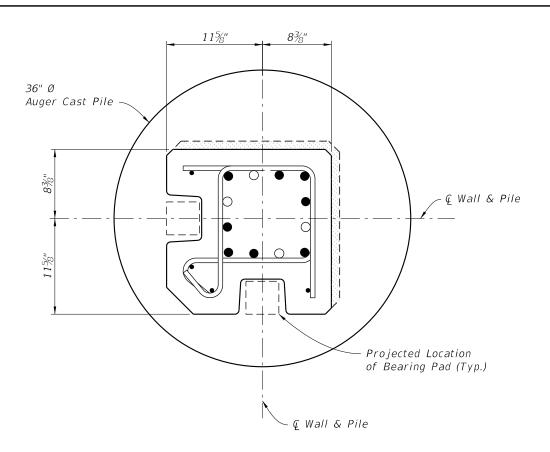
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FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

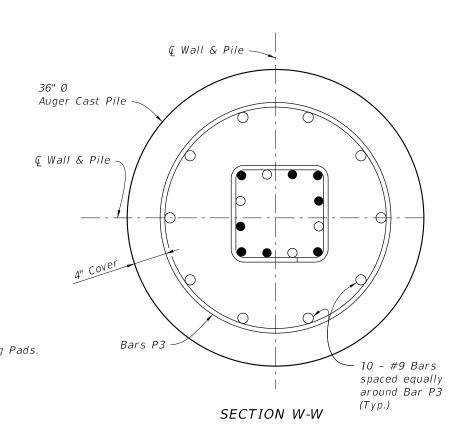
DESCRIPTION:







SECTION V-V



90° CORNER LOW CLEARANCE POST PLACEMENT & PILE REINFORCING STEEL DETAILS

DESCRIPTION: REVISION 11/01/12

FDOT

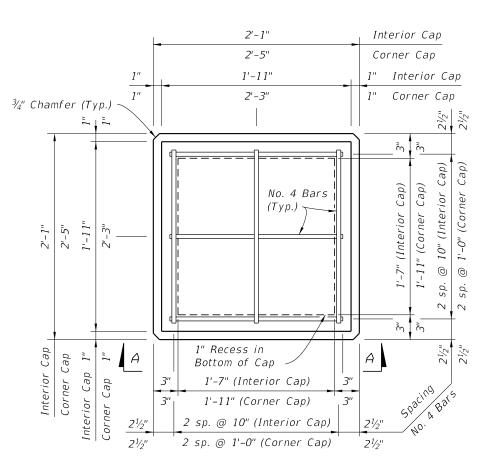
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

NOISE WALLS - (PRECAST)

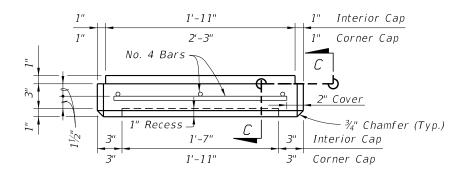
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SHEET

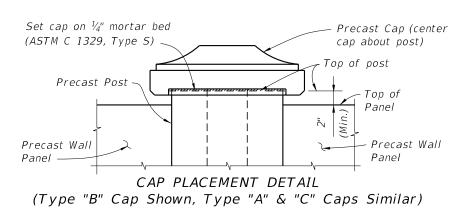
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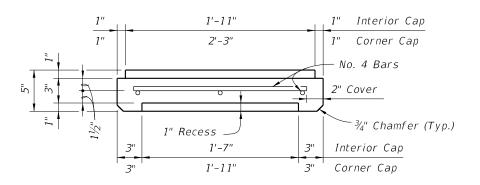


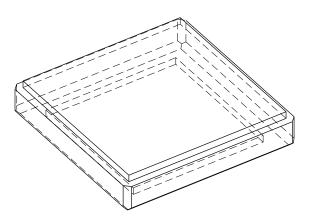
PLAN VIEW (Type "A" Cap Shown, Type "B" & "C" Caps Similar)



VIEW A-A SHOWN, VIEW B-B SIMILAR (Type "A" Cap Shown, Type "B" & "C" Caps Similar)



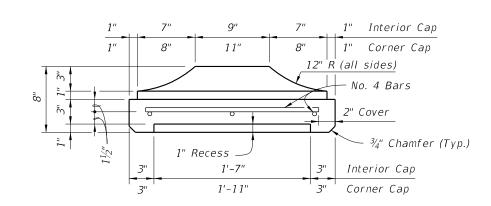


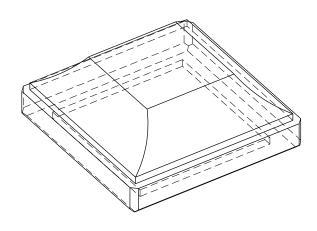


SECTION C-C

PICTORIAL VIEW

= TYPE "A" CAP DETAILS =

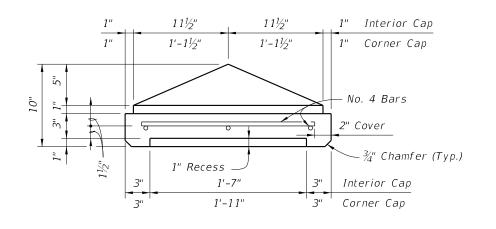


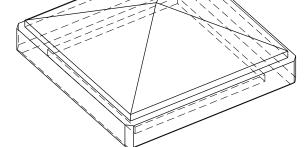


SECTION C-C

PICTORIAL VIEW

= TYPE "B" CAP DETAILS =





SECTION C-C

PICTORIAL VIEW

= TYPE "C" CAP DETAILS =

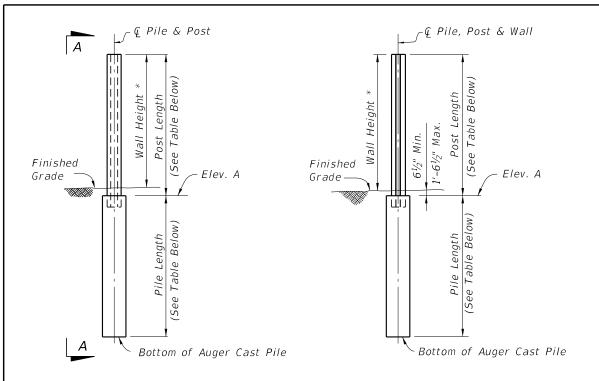
PRECAST POST CAPITAL

REVISION 11/01/14

DESCRIPTION:



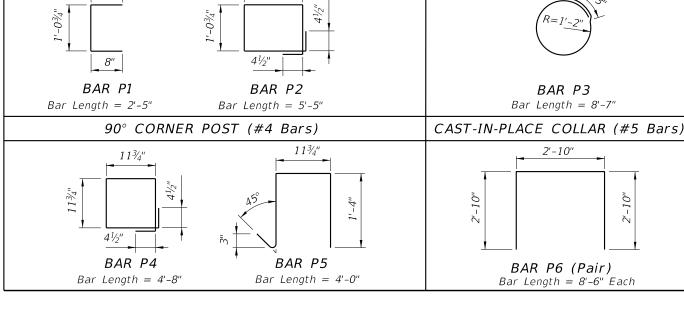
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\* See Sheet 1, Note 4.

VIEW A-A

PILE/POST ELEVATION



STANDARD POST (#4 Bars)

	TABLE 1A - TABLE OF POST REINFORCING STEEL									TABLE 1B - PILE LENGTHS (Feet) - WIND SPEED = 130 MPH																					
POST LENGTHS WIND SPEED = 130 MPH								10'-0" POST SPACING 20'-0" POST SPACING																							
NOMINAL WALL								-0" PACING				20'-0" POST SPACING				NOMINAL WALL	H-POSTS			CORNER POSTS				H-POSTS			CORNER POSTS				
HEIGHT (Feet)	WITHOUT CAP	WITH CAP	BARS A		ARS B	BARS D	В	ARS E	BARS A	В	ARS B	BARS D	В	ARS E	HEIGHT (Feet)	50.	'L 1	501	IL 2	50.	IL 1	501	L 2	501	'L 1	501	L 2	501	!L 1	501	L 2
			SIZE	SIZE	DIM 'A'	SIZE	SIZE	DIM 'A'	SIZE	SIZE	DIM 'A'	SIZE	SIZE	DIM 'A'		<i>30</i> " ⊘	<i>36</i> " ⊘	<i>30</i> " ⊘	<i>36</i> " ⊘	<i>30</i> " ∅	<i>36</i> " ⊘	<i>30</i> " ∅	<i>36</i> " ⊘	<i>30</i> " ∅	<i>36</i> ″ ⊘	30" ⊘	<i>36</i> " ⊘	30" Ø	<i>36</i> " ⊘	<i>30</i> " ⊘	<i>36</i> " ⊘
12	13'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	13'-21/2"	#4	#4	7'-11"	#4	#4	9'-11"	#5	#5	9'-8"	#6	#6	9'-4"	12	11	10	10	10	11	10	10	10	15	14	13	12	14	13	13	12
13	14'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	14'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#4	#4	10'-11"	#4	#4	10'-11"	#5	#5	9'-8"	#6	#6	9'-4"	13	12	11	10	10	11	10	10	10	15	14	13	13	15	14	13	12
14	15'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	15'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#4	#4	10'-11"	#5	#5	11'-8"	#6	#6	11'-4"	#7	#7	10'-8"	14	12	11	11	10	12	11	10	10	16	15	14	13	15	14	14	13
15	16'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	16'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#4	#4	10'-11"	#5	#5	12'-8"	#6	#6	11'-4"	#7	#7	10'-8"	15	12	12	11	10	12	11	11	10	16	15	15	13	16	15	14	13
16	17'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	17'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#5	#5	13'-8"	#5	#5	12'-8"	#6	#6	11'-4"	#7	#7	10'-8"	16	13	12	11	11	12	12	11	10	17	16	15	14	16	15	15	14
17	18'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	18'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#5	#5	14'-8"	#5	#5	12'-8"	#7	#7	12'-8"	#7	#8	10'-0"	17	13	12	12	11	13	12	11	11	18	16	16	14	17	16	15	14
18	19'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	19'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#5	#5	14'-8"	#6	#6	14'-4"	#7	#7	12'-8"	#8	#8	12'-0"	18	14	13	12	11	13	12	12	11	18	17	16	15	18	16	15	14
19	20'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	20'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#5	#5	14'-8"	#6	#6	14'-4"	#7	#8	12'-0"	#8	#9	11'-3"	19	14	13	12	12	14	13	12	11	19	17	16	15	18	17	16	15
20	21'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	21'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#6	#6	16'-4"	#6	#6	14'-4"	#8	#7	14'-8"	#9	#8	14'-0"	20	14	13	13	12	14	13	12	12	19	18	17	16	19	17	16	15
21	22'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	22'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#6	#6	16'-4"	#6	#6	14'-4"	#8	#8	14'-0"	#9	#10	12'-4"	21	15	14	13	12	14	13	13	12	20	18	17	16	19	18	17	16
22	23'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	23'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#6	#6	16'-4"	#7	#7	16'-8"	#8	#9	13'-3"	#10	#9	15'-3"	22	15	14	14	13	15	14	13	12	20	19	18	17	20	18	17	16

# TABLE NOTE:

- 1. Bars D and Bars E are for 45° Corner Posts only.
- 2. See Contract Plans for project wind speed.
- 3. Soil 1 = Loose Granular Soil, N = 4 to 9. Soil 2 = Medium Dense Granular Soil, N = 10 to 40.

PILE DEPTH & REINFORCING SUMMARY

REVISION 11/01/16

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS BAR BENDING DETAILS

PILE (Low Clearance) (#4 Bars)

2'-10"

All bar dimensions in bending diagrams are out-to-out. All bars not shown in the bending diagrams are straight.

45° CORNER POST (#4 Bars)

BAR P7

Bar Length = 3'-0"

BAR P8

Bar Length = 5'-3''

SHEET

22

WITH

CAP

13'-2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>"

14'-2½"

15'-2½"

 $16'-2^{1/2}$ "

17'-2½"

18'-2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>"

 $19'-2\frac{1}{2}''$ 

20'-2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>"

 $21'-2\frac{1}{2}''$ 

 $22'-2\frac{1}{2}''$ 

23'-2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>"

23'-0<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2"</sub>

**BARS** 

SIZE

#4

#4

#5

#5

#5

#6

#6

#6

#6

#7

#7

	TABLE 3A - TABLE OF POST REINFORCING STEEL							TABLE 3B - PILE LENGTHS (Feet) - WIND SPEED = 170 MPH																							
	POST LE	OST LENGTHS WIND SPEED = 170 MPH										10'-0" POST SPACING 20'-0" POST SPACING																			
NOMINAL WALL						'-0" SPACING					20'-0" POST SPACING				NOMINAL WALL	H-P0STS			CORNER POSTS					H-P	0STS		CORNER POSTS				
HEIGHT (Feet)	WITHOUT CAP	WITH CAP	BARS A	BA	ARS B	BARS D	BA	ARS E	BARS A	BA	RS 3	BARS D	ВА	ARS E	HEIGHT (Feet)	50.	IL 1	501	'L 2	50	OIL 1	50	IL 2	501	IL 1	501	L 2	501	!L 1	50.	IL 2
			SIZE	SIZE	DIM 'A'	SIZE	SIZE	DIM 'A'	SIZE	SIZE	DIM 'A'	SIZE	SIZE	DIM 'A'		<i>30</i> " ∅	<i>36</i> " ∅	30" Ø	<i>36</i> " ⊘	<i>30</i> " ⊘	<i>36</i> " ⊘	<i>30</i> " ∅	<i>36</i> " ⊘	<i>30</i> " ∅	<i>36</i> " ∅	<i>30</i> " ∅	<i>36</i> " ∅	<i>30</i> " ∅	<i>36</i> " ⊘	<i>30</i> " ∅	<i>36</i> " ⊘
12	13'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	13'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#5	#5	9'-8"	#5	#5	8'-8"	#6	#6	8'-4"	#7	#7	7'-8"	12	14	13	12	11	13	12	12	11	18	17	16	15	18	16	16	15
13	14'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	14'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#5	#5	10'-8"	#6	#6	10'-4"	#7	#7	8'-8"	#8	#7	8'-8"	13	14	13	13	12	14	13	12	11	19	18	17	16	19	17	16	15
14	15'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	15'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#5	#5	10'-8"	#6	#6	10'-4"	#7	#7	8'-8"	#8	#8	8'-0"	14	15	14	13	12	14	13	13	12	20	18	18	16	19	18	17	16
15	16'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	16'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#6	#6	12'-4"	#6	#6	10'-4"	#8	#7	10'-8"	#9	#8	10'-0"	15	15	14	14	13	15	14	13	12	21	19	18	17	20	18	18	16
16	17'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	17'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#6	#6	12'-4"	#7	#7	11'-8"	#8	#8	10'-0"	#9	#10	8'-4"	16	16	15	14	13	15	14	14	13	21	20	19	17	21	19	18	17
17	18'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	18'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#6	#6	12'-4"	#7	#7	11'-8"	#9	#8	12'-0"	#10	#9	10'-3"	17	16	15	15	14	16	15	14	13	22	20	19	18	21	20	19	17
18	19'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> ''	19'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#7	#7	13'-8"	#7	#8	11'-0"	#9	#10	10'-4"	#10	#11	8'-5"	18	17	16	15	14	16	15	15	14	23	21	20	19	22	20	19	18
19	20'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	20'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#7	#7	13'-8"	#8	#7	13'-8"	#10	#10	11'-4"	#11	#11	10'-5"	19	17	16	15	14	17	16	15	14	23	22	21	19	23	21	20	18
20	21'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	21'-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	#7	#7	13'-8"	#8	#8	13'-0"	#10	#11	10'-5"	#11	#14	7'-0"	20	18	17	16	15	17	16	15	14	24	22	21	20	23	21	20	19
21	22'-0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	$22'-2^{1}/_{2}''$	#7	#8	13'-0"	#9	#8	15'-0"	#11	#10	13'-4"	#14	#11	12'-5"	21	18	17	16	15	18	17	16	15	25	23	22	20	24	22	21	19

NOMINAL

WALL

HEIGHT

(Feet)

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

### TABLE NOTE:

22

1. Bars D and Bars E are for 45° Corner Posts only.

 $23'-2^{1/2}''$ 

2. See Contract Plans for project wind speed.

23'-0<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>"

3. Soil 1 = Loose Granular Soil, N = 4 to 9;

Soil 2 = Medium Dense Granular Soil, N = 10 to 40.

#8

#7

16'-8"

#9

PILE DEPTH & REINFORCING SUMMARY

20'-0" POST SPACING

CORNER POSTS

S01L 2

36"

Ø

13

14

14

15

15

16

16

17

17

18

18

30"

14

15

15

16

16

17

17

18

18

19

19

S0IL 1

36"

15

15

16

17

17

18

18

19

19

20

20

30"

16

17

17

18

19

19

20

20

21

21

22

H-POSTS

S0IL 2

36"

14

14

15

15

16

16

17

17

18

18

19

30"

15

15

16

16

17

17

18

19

19

20

20

S0IL 1

36"

15

16

17

17

18

18

19

19

20

21

21

30"

17

17

18

19

19

20

20

21

22

22

23

REVISION 11/01/16

FDOT

#11

TABLE 2A - TABLE OF POST REINFORCING STEEL

BARS

SIZE

#5

#5

#5

#6

#6

#6

#7

#7

#7

#7

#8

10'-0"

POST SPACING

BARS

DIM

9'-11"

9'-11"

11'-8"

11'-8"

11'-8"

14'-4"

14'-4"

14'-4"

14'-4"

16'-8"

16'-8"

SIZE

#4

#4

#5

#5

#5

#6

#6

#6

#7

#7

WIND SPEED = 150 MPH

BARS

SIZE

#6

#6

#7

#7

#7

#7

#8

#8

#9

#9

#10

**BARS** 

DIM

'A'

9'-8"

10'-8"

10'-8"

12'-4"

12'-4"

12'-4"

13'-8"

13'-8"

13'-0"

13'-8"

16'-0"

SIZE

#5

#5

#5

#6

#6

#6

#7

#7

#8

#7

#8

#9

14'-3"

20'-0"

POST SPACING

BARS

SIZE

#6

#7

#7

#8

#8

#9

#9

#10

#10

#11

#11

BARS

DIM

8'-4"

8'-8"

8'-8"

10'-8"

10'-0"

11'-0"

9'-4"

11'-4"

13'-4"

12'-5"

SIZE

#6

#7

#7

#7

#8

#8

#10

#9

#10

#10

#11

BARS

DIM

9'-4"

9'-4"

10'-8"

10'-8"

10'-8"

10'-0"

12'-0"

11'-3"

13'-3"

12'-4"

14'-3"

SIZE

#6

#6

#7

#7

#7

#8

#8

#9

#9

#10

#9

#11

12'-5"

#14

#14 9'-0"

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

NOISE WALLS - (PRECAST)

18

17

16

TABLE 2B - PILE LENGTHS (Feet) - WIND SPEED = 150 MPH

36"

10

10

11

11

12

12

12

13

13

13

14

15

25

23

S0IL 2

30"

Ø

11

11

12

12

12

13

13

14

14

14

15

CORNER POSTS

S0IL 1

36"

Ø

11

12

12

13

13

13

14

14

15

15

15

30"

Ø

12

13

13

13

14

14

15

15

16

16

17

10'-0" POST SPACING

H-POSTS

S0IL 2

36"

10

11

11

11

12

12

13

13

13

14

14

30"

Ø

11

11

12

12

13

13

14

14

15

15

SOIL 1

12

13

13

14

15

16

17

17

19

18

36"

12

12

12

13

13

14

14

15

15

15

16

INDEX SHEET

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### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. Construct Perimeter Walls in accordance with Specification Section 534.
- 2. Choice of either Precast Option or Masonry Option is at the discretion of the Contractor. Contractor must also select the desired foundation type. Modifications to this Index is restricted to those required for geometric needs only.
- 3. Post spacing is measured from centerline to centerline of foundation element. For this Index, posts and foundation elements have been designed for 20 ft. spacings. Use post spacings less than 20 feet only at changes in horizontal alignment, wall terminations or to accommodate
- 4. See "Perimeter Wall Data Tables" in the plans for project requirements.
- 5. Field verify the locations of all overhead and underground utilities shown in the Wall Control Drawings.

### PRECAST OPTION NOTES:

- 6. WALL NOTES:
- A. Walls may consist of either a single height panel or two stacked panels. Minimum panel height is 4'-3".
- B. Only when reduced overhead clearance between posts prohibits installation of panels from the top, side-installed panels are allowed. After panel is centered between posts, grout between panel ends and posts.
- 7. CONCRETE AND GROUT:
- A. Cast-in-Place and Precast Concrete: Class IV
- B. Grout for Auger Cast Piling: Minimum 28 Day Strength = 5000 psi
- C. Minimum Compressive Strength for Form Removal and Handling of Posts, Panels and Precast Spread Footings:
  - i. 2,500 psi for horizontally cast post, panels and precast spread footings.
- ii. 2,000 psi for vertically cast panels or when tilt-up form tables are used for horizontally cast panels.
- 8. REINFORCING STEEL:
- A. Concrete Cover:  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " unless otherwise noted.
- B. In addition to the requirements of Specification Section 415, tie post and pile stirrups at the following locations as a minimum:
- i. Post Stirrups Tie at all four corner bars and at every third interior bar intersection.
- ii. Pile Stirrups Tie to the main vertical reinforcing at alternate intersections.
- 9. BEARING PADS:
- A. Bearing Pads for Collar or Pedestal Bearing Points and between stacked panels may be either Plain or Fiber Reinforced Neoprene Pads, in accordance with Specification Section 932 for ancillary structures.
- 10. CASTING TOLERANCES:
- A. Overall Height & Width:  $+/-\frac{1}{4}$ "
- B. Thickness:  $+/-\frac{1}{4}$ "
- C. Plane of side mold:  $\pm 1/-\frac{1}{16}$ " D. Openings:  $\pm /-\frac{1}{2}$ "
- E. Out of Square:  $\frac{1}{8}$ " per 6 ft., but not more than  $\frac{3}{8}$ " total along any side
- F. Warping:  $\frac{1}{16}$ " per foot distance to nearest corner
- G. Bowing: 1/240 panel dimension

Construct Auger Cast Piling in accordance with the Plans and Specification Section 455.

### **MASONRY OPTION NOTES:**

DESCRIPTION:

- 12. WALL NOTES:
- A. Inspect construction in accordance with the International Building Code (IBC) Section 17.
- B. Construct masonry walls with 8x8x16 block using a running bond pattern and concave
- C. Make all elevation changes (steps) in footing and top of wall using full height blocks. Make top of wall steps at pilasters exclusively. Footing steps may be made between pilasters as necessary to maintain minimum soil cover.

### MASONRY OPTION NOTES (CONT.):

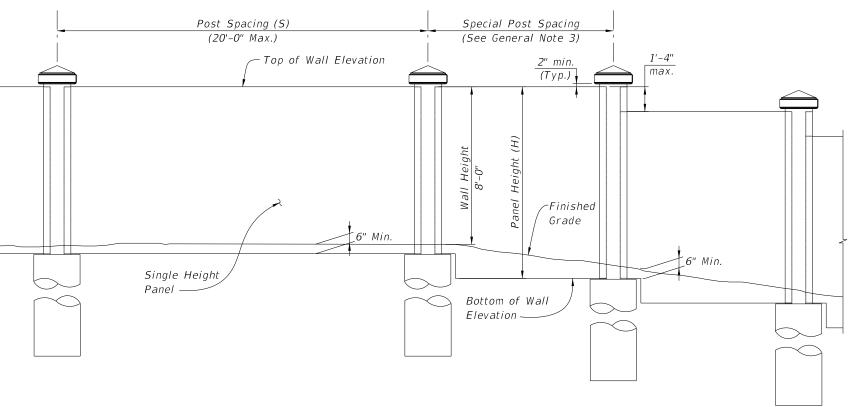
- D. Fully Grout all cells with horizontal or vertical reinforcing bars.
- E. Use reinforcing bar positioners to maintain vertical and horizontal bar placement.
- F. Fully grout first three courses of the wall.
- G. Joint Reinforcement: Use W 1.7 (9mm) galvanized ladder reinforcing spaced at 16" vertically. Provide special accessories for corners, intersections, etc. Joint reinforcing shall be continuous except it shall not pass through vertical masonry control joints. Lap joint reinforcing a minimum of 6".
- H. Construct expansion joints in the foundation at 90 foot maximum intervals, and directly below a wall control joint.
- I. Dowel Load Transfer Devices will be ASTM A 36 smooth round bars hot-dip galvanized in accordance with Specification Section 962. Install Dowel Load Transfer Devices in accordance with Specification Section 350.
- J. For spread footings, use a walk-behind compactor of at least 600 lbs. in weight. Obtain a minimum density of 95% of the maximum dry density as determined by FM 1 T-180. Perform soil density tests at 100 foot intervals.
- K. Protect walls during construction from soil, grout or mortar stains. Clean wall as work progresses by dry brushing to remove mortar fins and smears before tooling joints.
- L. Use soap and potable water to clean walls. If stain removal is necessary, use a cleaning method indicated in NCMA TEK 8-2A applicable to the type of stain on the exposed surface.
- M. During construction, cover tops of walls, with waterproof sheeting at the end of each day's work, or when construction is not in progress. Extend sheeting a minimum of 2 feet down each side and secure in place.
- N. Comply with Hot Weather Requirements in ACI 530.1.

### 13. MATERIALS:

- A. Concrete Masonry Units (CMU): Provide normal weight blocks.
- B. Cast-In-Place Concrete: Class II for slightly to moderate aggressive environments or Class IV for extremely aggressive environments
- C. Mortar: Type S meeting requirements of ASTM C1329
- D. Grout: Type S; coarse grout.
- E. Aggregate for Grout: Meet the requirements of ASTM C404 or Specification Section 901 size 8 or 89.

### 14. STORAGE OF MATERIALS:

- A. Store CMU's on elevated platforms in a dry location or under cover.
  - If units become wet, do not install until they are dry.
- B. Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location. Do not use cementitious materials that have become damp or exceeded the manufacturers shelf life.
- C. Store masonry accessories and reinforcing to prevent corrosion and accumulation of dirt and oil.

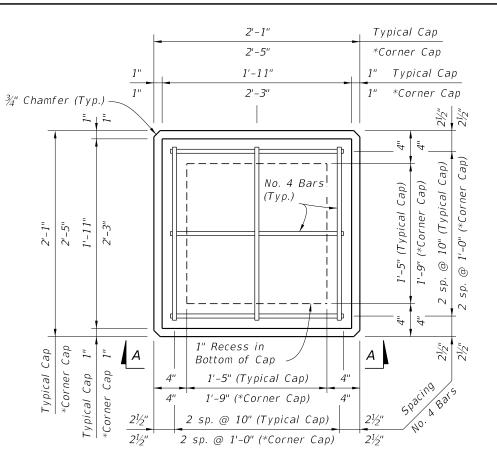


GENERAL WALL ELEVATION (Precast Option with SIngle Height Panel Shown, Others Similar)

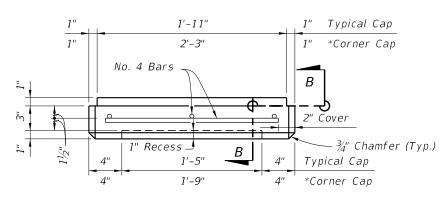
GENERAL NOTES

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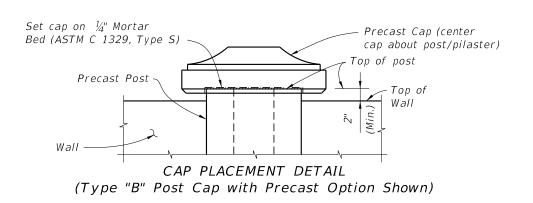


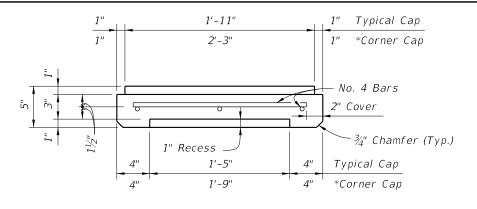


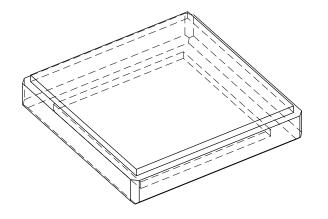
PLAN VIEW (Type "A" Cap Shown, Type "B" & "C" Caps Similar)



VIEW A-A (Type "A" Cap Shown, Type "B" & "C" Caps Similar)





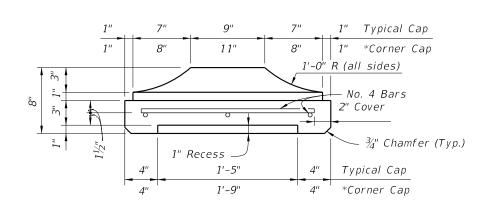


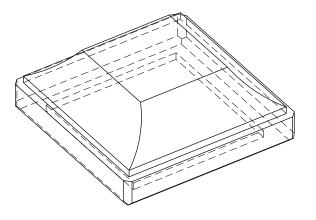
SECTION B-B

PICTORIAL VIEW

= TYPE "A" CAP DETAILS ==

\*Precast Option only

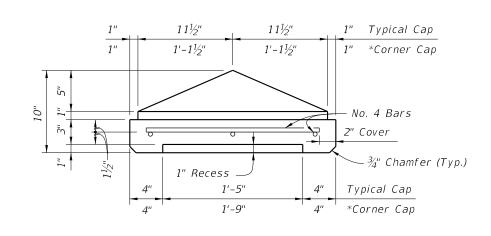


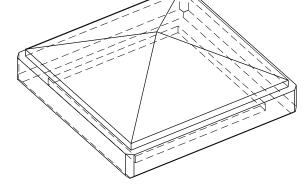


SECTION B-B

PICTORIAL VIEW

= TYPE "B" CAP DETAILS ===





SECTION B-B

PICTORIAL VIEW

== TYPE "C" CAP DETAILS ====

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

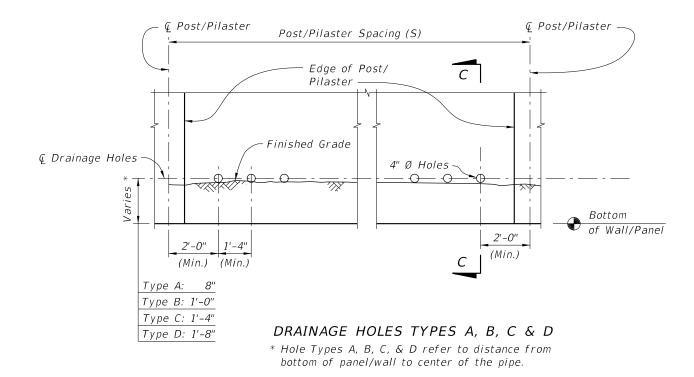
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

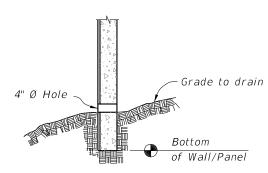
PERIMETER WALLS

POST CAP DETAILS INDEX SHEET

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REVISION 11/01/14





SECTION C-C (Precast Option Shown, Masonry Option Similar)

- 1. Drainage holes may be formed with 4" NPS PVC pipe that may remain in place.
- 2. See Wall Control drawings for number, Type and location/ spacing of drainage holes.

DRAINAGE DETAILS

REVISION 11/01/14

FDOT

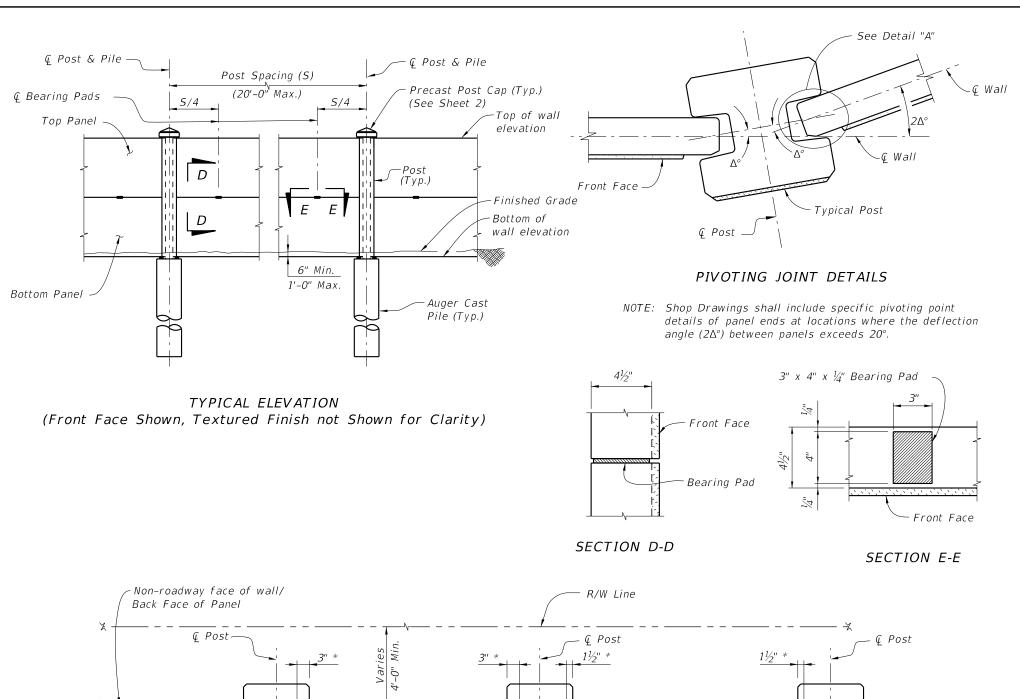
STANDARD PLANS

PERIMETER WALLS

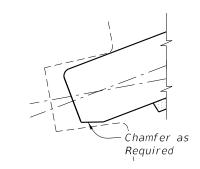
INDEX SHEET

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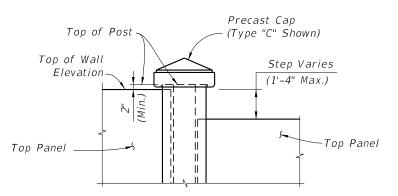
DESCRIPTION:



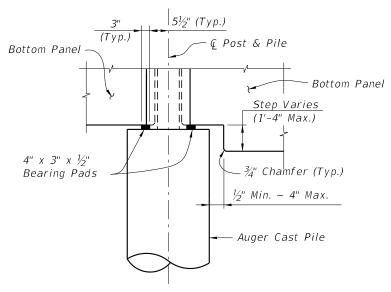




DETAIL "A" (Back Face Chamfer Shown Front Face Chamfer Similar)



ELEVATION STEP AT TOP OF WALL (Precast Panel Cap not Shown)



ELEVATION STEP AT BOTTOM OF WALL

PRECAST OPTION - TYPICAL DETAILS

LAST REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

Roadway face of wall/ Front Face of Panel -

FDOT

L (Top-Installed)

TYPICAL PLAN

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

Fill with Non-Shrink Grout

L (Side-Installed)

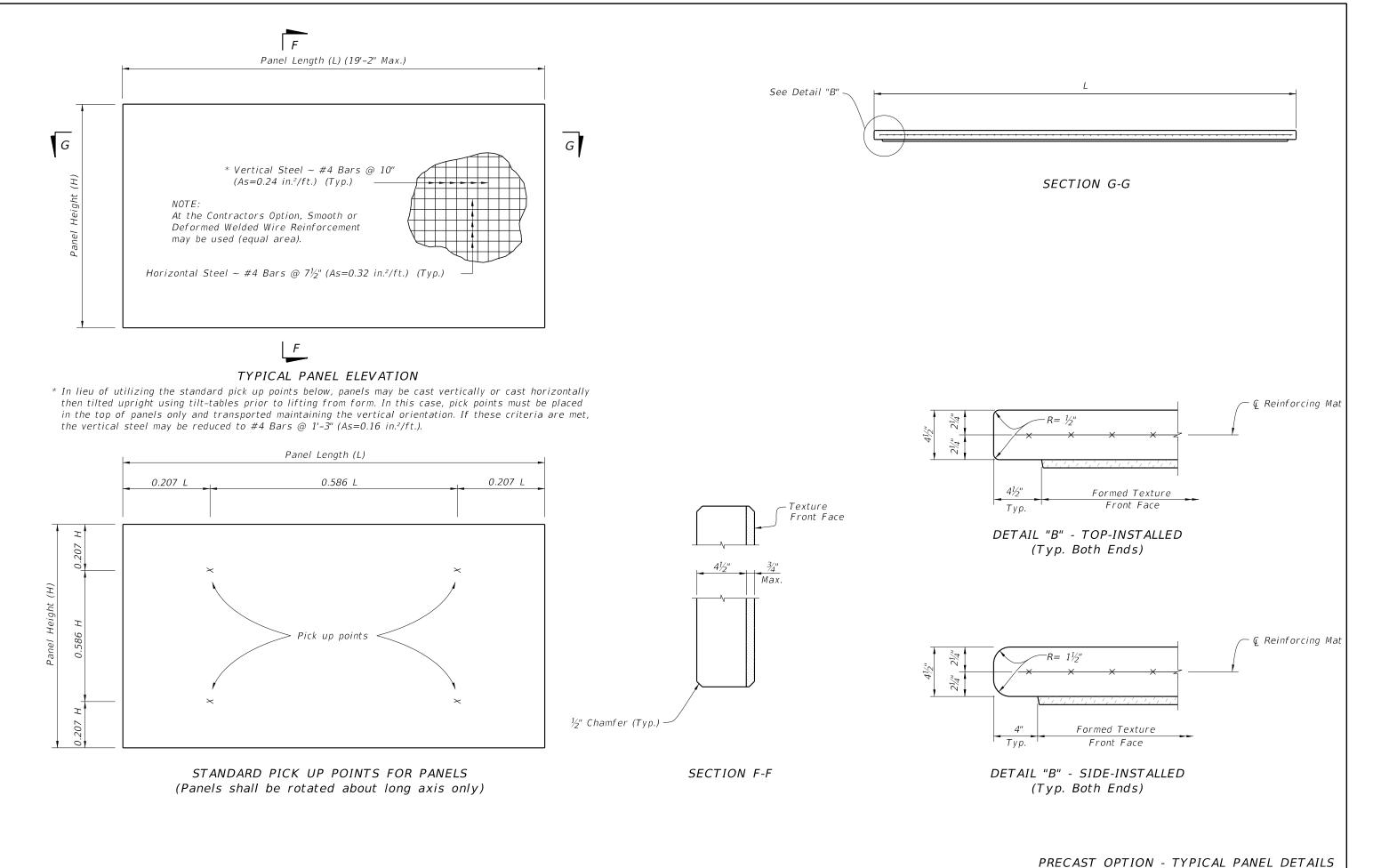
\* Nominal embedment (not including tolerances)

INDEX

SHEET

PERIMETER WALLS

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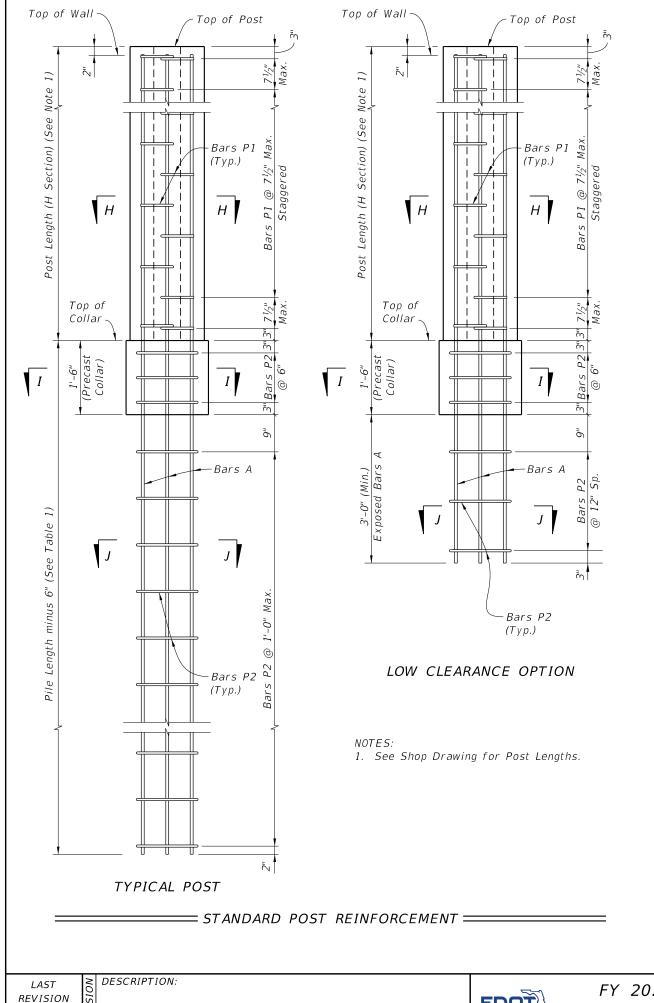
LAST REVISION 11/01/14

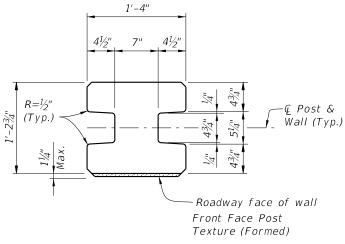
DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

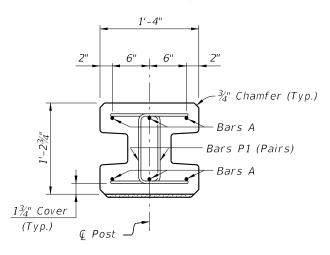
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS PERIMETER WALLS

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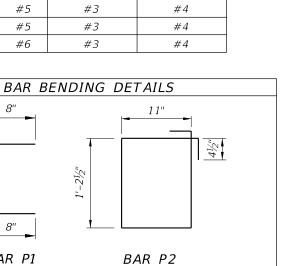


# TYPICAL POST SECTION (H Section)



SECTION H-H (H Section - Above Collar)

	TABLE 1										
Wind Speed (MPH)	Pile Length	Bars A	Bars P1 thru P6	Bars S1							
130	12'-0"	#5	#3	#4							
150	13'-6"	#5	#3	#4							
170	15'-0"	#6	#3	#4							



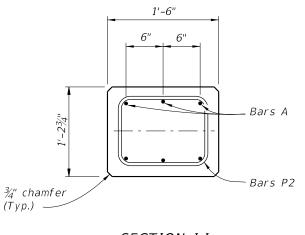
BAR P1

Bar Length =  $2'-3\frac{1}{4}''$ 

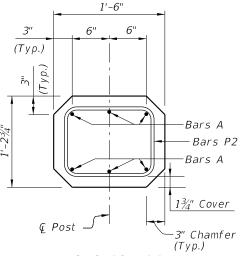
8" \_

 $Bar\ Length = 5'-0"$ 

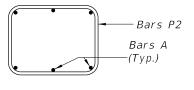
All bar dimensions in bending diagrams are out-to-out. All bars not shown in the bending diagrams are straight.



SECTION I-I Precast Collar



SECTION I-I (for Low Clearance Option)



SECTION J-J

PRECAST OPTION - STANDARD POST DETAILS

REVISION 11/01/17

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

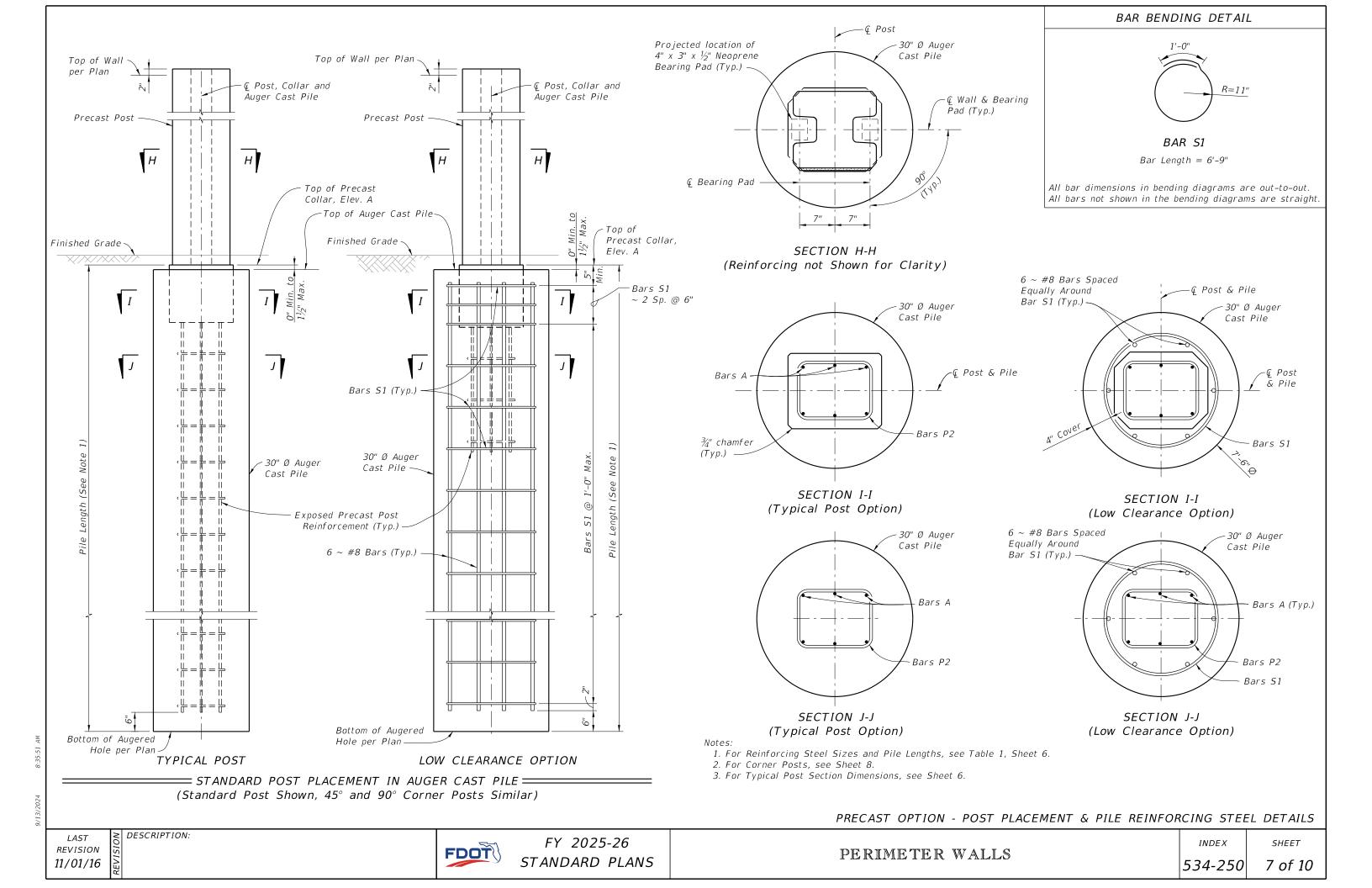
INDEX

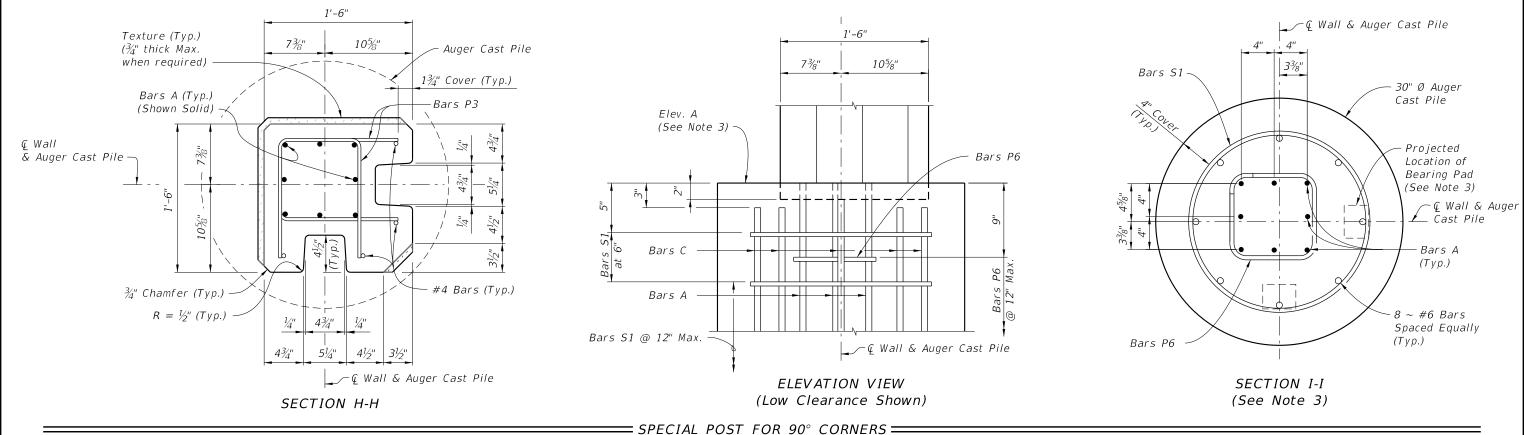
6 of 10

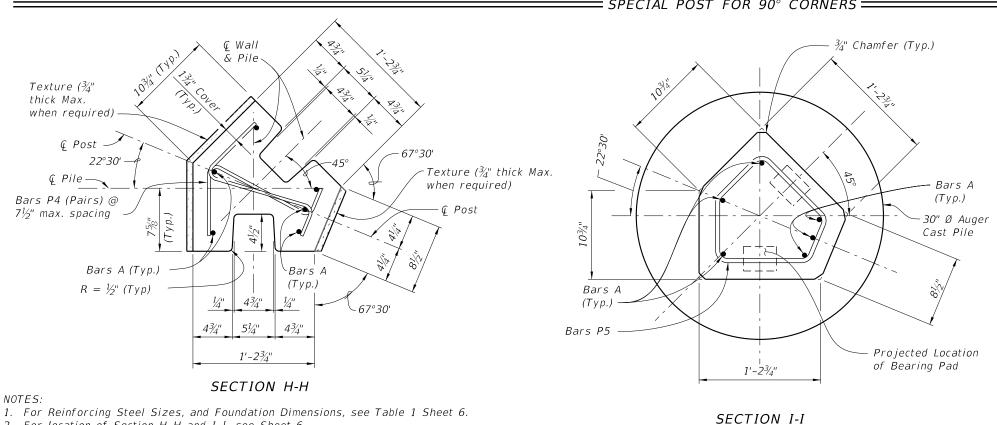
SHEET

PERIMETER WALLS

534-250





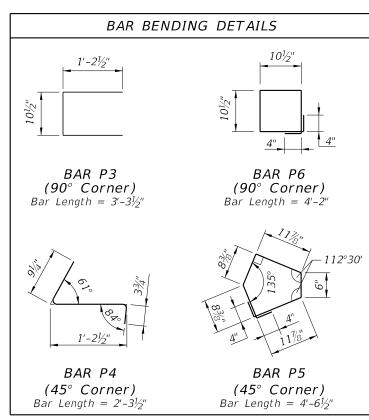


- 2. For location of Section H-H and I-I, see Sheet 6.

DESCRIPTION:

3. The Bearing area beneath Neoprene Pads is formed by top of Auger Cast Pile Grout.

(Precast Collar)



All bar dimensions in bending diagrams are out-to-out. All bars not shown in the bending diagrams are straight.

= SPECIAL POSTS FOR 45 $^{\circ}$  CORNERS =

PRECAST OPTION - SPECIAL CORNER POSTS

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

PERIMETER WALLS

INDEX

SHEET

REVISION 11/01/17

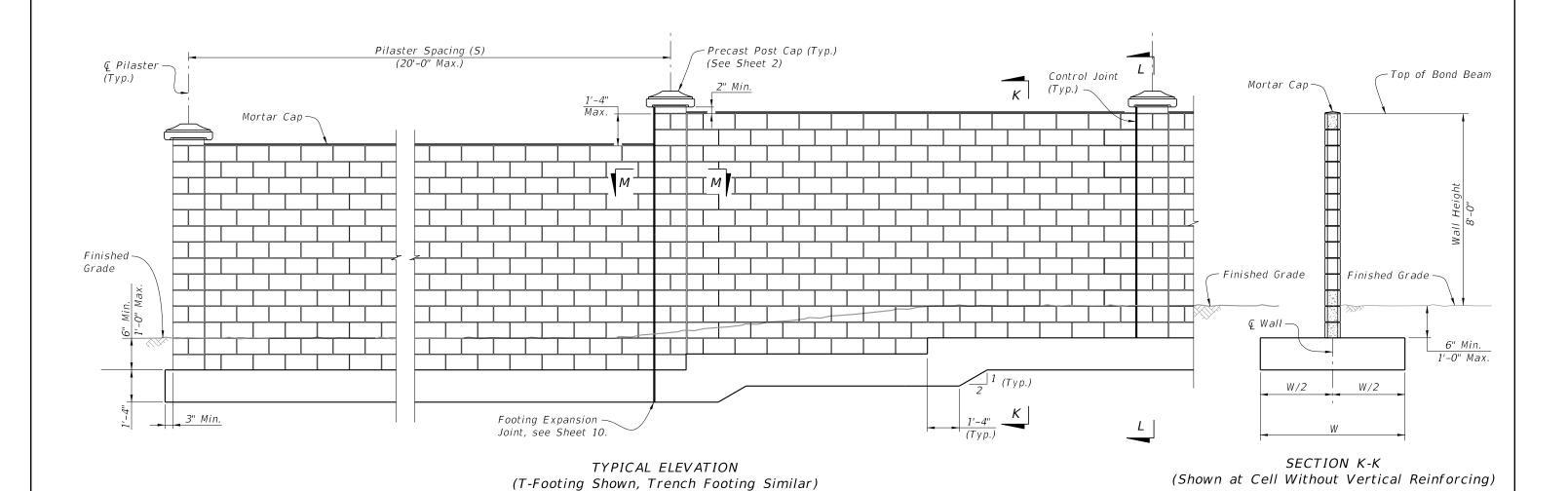
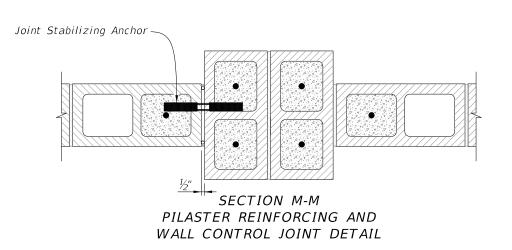


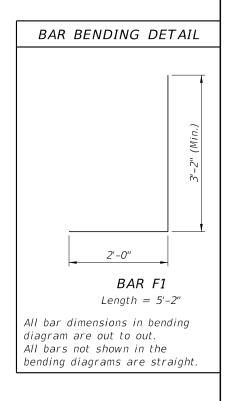
Table 2											
Wind Speed Category	Masonry	Walls	Foundations								
	(8x8)	x16)	Bars	T-Footing Width	Trench Footing						
	Bars V1	SV Spacing	F1 & F2	(W)	Depth (D)						
130	#5	2'-8"	#5	4'-4"	5'-6"						
150	#5	2'-0"	#5	5'-0"	6'-4"						
170	#5	1'-4"	#5	6'-0"	7'-0"						

### Notes:

- 1. End vertical reinforcing bars  $1rac{1}{2}$ " from top of bond beam blocks and horizontal bars  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " from edge of control joints.
- 2. Do not continue horizontal #4 Bond beam reinforcing through control joint.
- 3. Use stainless steel joint stabilizing anchors spaced at 16" vertically at all control joints. Install per manufacturers instructions.
- 4. Seal Control Joints with backer rod and Type "A" silicone sealant (top and both sides).
- 5. See Sheet 10 for Bar placement details.
- 6. For Pilaster Cap Details, see Sheet 2.

DESCRIPTION:





MASONRY OPTION

REVISION 11/01/17

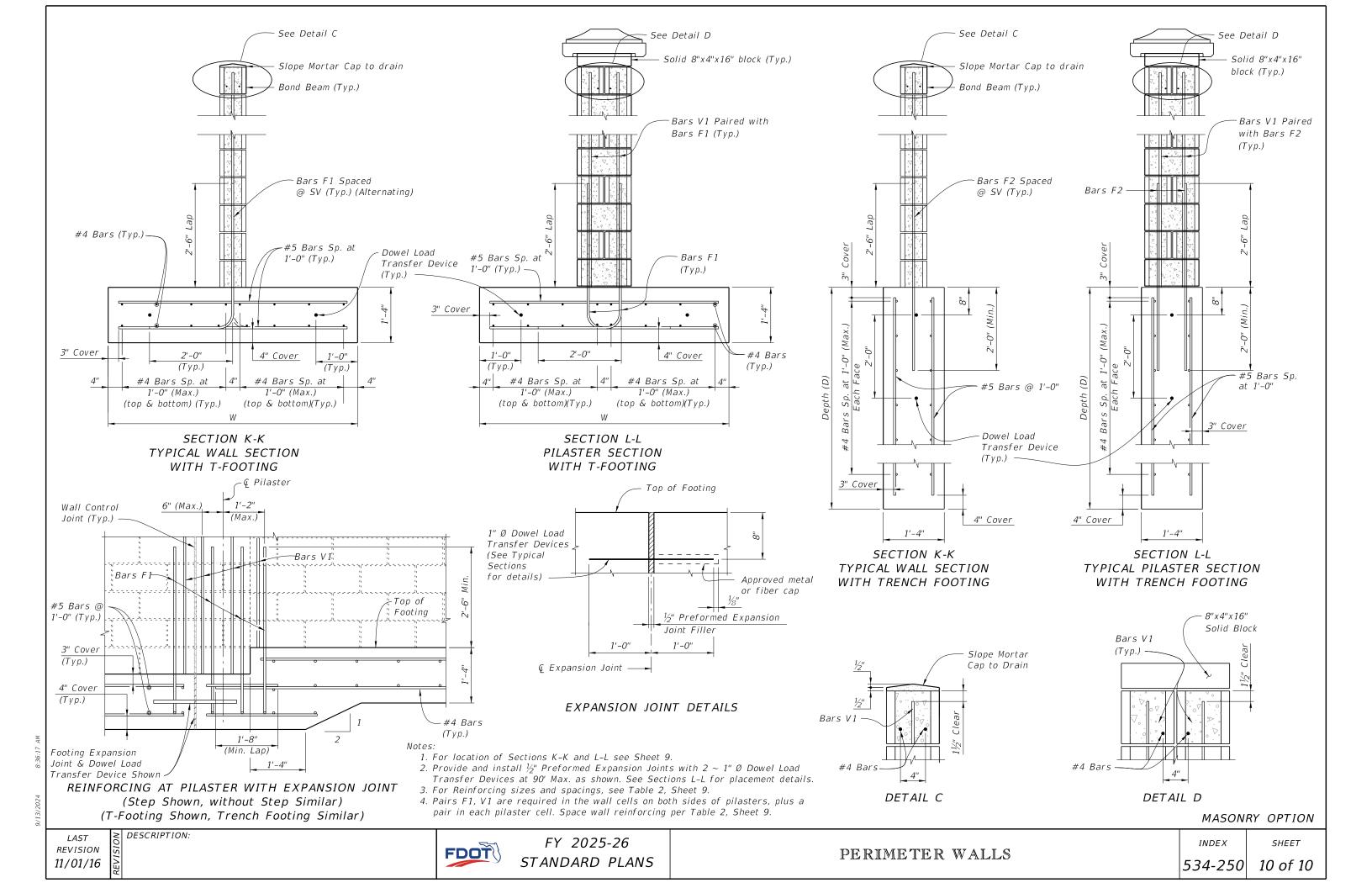
FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

PERIMETER WALLS

INDEX 534-250

SHEET 9 of 10



SHEET	CONTENTS
1	General Notes;
	Index Contents
2	General, TL-3 Guardrail - Installed Plan and Elevation
3	Low-Speed, TL-2 Guardrail - Installed Plan and Elevation
4	W-Beam and Thrie-Beam Panel Details
5	Post and Offset Block Details
6	Guardrail Sections – Heights and Adjacent Slopes
7	End Treatment - Approach Terminal Geometry, Parallel
8	End Treatment - Approach Terminal Geometry, Curbed and Double Faced
9	End Treatment - Trailing Anchorage
10	End Treatment - Component Details
1 1	End Treatment - Controlled Release Terminal (CRT) System
12	Layout for CRT System - Side Roads and Driveways
13	Approach Transition Connection to Rigid Barrier – General, TL-3
14	Approach Transition Connection to Rigid Barrier – General, TL-3 – Curb Connections
15	Approach Transition Connection to Rigid Barrier – Low-Speed, TL-2
16	Approach Transition Connection to Rigid Barrier – Low-Speed, TL-2 – Curb Connections
17	Approach Transition Connection to Rigid Barrier - Details
18	Approach Transition Connection to Rigid Barrier - Double Faced Guardrail
19	Layout to Rigid Barrier – Approach Ends
	Layout to Rigid Barrier – Approach Ends with Double Faced Guardrail
20	Layout to Rigid Barrier – Trailing Ends
	Trailing End Transition Connection to Rigid Barrier
21	Trailing End Transition Connection to Rigid Barrier - Curb Connections
22	Rub Rail Details
23	Pedestrian Safety Treatment - Pipe Rail
	Modified Mount - Special Steel Post for Concrete Structure Mount;
24	Modified Mount - Encased Post for Shallow Mount;
	Modified Mount – Frangible Leave–Out for Concrete Surface Mount
	Barrier Delineators – Post Mounted;
25	Clear Space – Reduced Post Spacing for Hazards;
	5%" Button-Head Bolt System

2024 8:36:2

LAST REVISION 11/01/23

DESCRIPTION:

F

# FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

### GENERAL NOTES:

1. INSTALLATION: Construct guardrail in accordance with Specification 536

This Index, along with the plans and the manufacturers' drawings on the Approved Products List (APL), is sufficiently detailed for installation of General Guardrail, Low-Speed Guardrail, End Treatment assemblies, and their connecting options shown herein. This precludes requirements for shop drawing submittals unless otherwise specified in the plans.

- 2. COMPATIBILITY: The General Guardrail in this Index is based on the Midwest Guardrail System (MGS) design, with an approximate height of 31" at the top of the Panel (2'-1" mounting height at vertical & of Panel) and a midspan panel splice as shown on Sheet 2. Guardrail components included on the APL, which are compatible with this Index, may also be identified as 31" or MGS Guardrail.
- 3. STANDARD COMPONENTS: Standard guardrail components, including posts, panels, and bolt systems, are based on the Task Force 13 Publication: Guide to Roadside Hardware Components (http://tf13.org/Guides/componentGuide/).
- 4. BUTTON-HEAD BOLTS: Install Button-Head Bolts where indicated using bolts, nuts, and washers as defined on Sheet 25. Place washers under nuts against timber posts. Washers are not required at steel post flanges and panel lap splices. Do not place washers between bolt heads and panels, except where otherwise shown in this Index.
- 5. HEX-HEAD BOLTS: Install Hex-Head Bolts where indicated using bolts, nuts, and washers in accordance with material properties of Specification 967. Place washers under nuts.
- 6. MISCELLANEOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT: Install Miscellaneous Asphalt Pavement where indicated with a tolerance of  $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ " depth and in accordance with Specification 339.
- 7. ADJACENT SIDEWALKS & SHARED USE PATHS: When guardrail posts are placed within 4'-0" of a sidewalk or shared use path, use timber posts, or use steel posts only if treated with Pipe Rail as shown on Sheet 23.

When timber posts are used, one of the following safety treatments is required for the bolt(s) protruding from the back face of the posts:

- a. After tightening the nut, trim the protruding post bolt flush with the nut and galvanize per Specification 562.
- b. Use post bolts 15" in length and countersink the washer and nut between 1" and  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " deep into the back face of the post.
- c. Use 15" post bolts with sleeve nuts and washers.

When End Treatment posts are within 4'-0" of a sidewalk or shared use path, steel posts are not permitted within the End Treatment segment. Terminate the Pipe Rail outside of End Treatment segments, as noted per Sheet 23.

- 8. NESTED W-BEAM: Where called for in the plans, install two W-Beam Panels mounted flush per location, securing all panels with Button-Head Bolts threaded through aligned slots and holes. 2" Button-Head Bolts are permitted for panel splice locations.
- 9. CONNECTION TO RIGID BARRIER: The connections to Rigid Barrier in this Index only apply to newly constructed bridge Traffic Railing and Concrete Barrier or where the complete Approach Transition Connection to Rigid Barrier shown herein can be installed without conflicting with existing Traffic Railings, structures, or approach slabs.

For connecting guardrail to existing bridge Traffic Railings, see Indexes 536-002, 521-404, and 521-405.

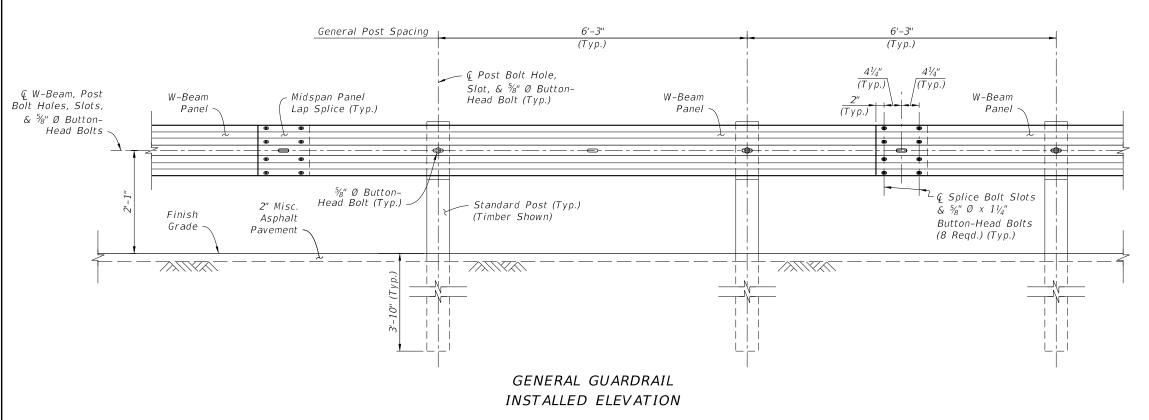
10. CONNECTION TO EXISTING GUARDRAIL: Where a transition to existing guardrail at 27" height is required, linearly transition the new guardrail height over a distance ranging from 25'-0" to 31'-3". Height transitions must occur outside of End Treatment and Approach Transition segments.

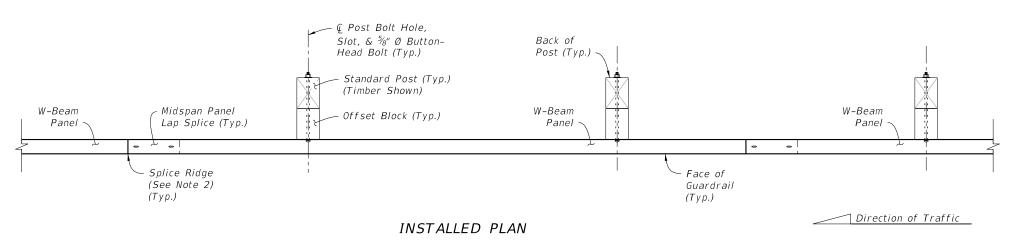
Provide an immediate transition to the required midspan panel splice using the available panel options on Sheet 4 (9'- $4\frac{1}{2}$ " or 15'- $7\frac{1}{2}$ " panel). Alternatively, this transition to midspan panel splice may be achieved by installing a single reduced post spacing of 3'-  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " within the new guardrail, immediately adjacent to the connection location.

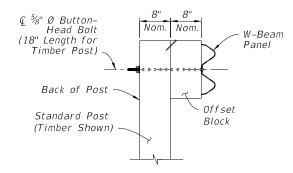
11. PLANS CALLOUTS: Begin/End Station labels are shown throughout this Index as they correspond to the station and offset callouts specified in the plans.

In the plans, Begin/End Guardrail Station refers to the General TL-3 Guardrail Pay Item, and it may be abbreviated as Begin/End GR. Station. Where the Low-Speed TL-2 Guardrail Pay Item is specifically required, the callout in the plans will then specify Begin/End TL-2 GR. Station.

12. QUANTITY MEASUREMENT: Measure guardrail and corresponding components as defined in Specification 536. The Guardrail length is measured along the centerline of installed Panels, between the points labeled Begin/End Guardrail Station shown on the following Index Sheets and defined in the plans (typically measured from the © of the panel's post bolt slots at the approach/trailing ends).







### INSTALLED SECTION

### NOTES:

1. GENERAL: Install the General Guardrail configuration where indicated in the plans. This may include tapered segments if called for in the plans.

Use 12'-6" or longer W-Beam Panels. A single 6'-3" Panel may be used at the end of the run to meet the nominal Begin/End Guardrail Sta. requirements.

Where a differing guardrail configuration is required for constructability beyond the options shown in this Index or the plans, obtain approval from the Engineer prior to installation.

2. MIDSPAN PANEL LAP SPLICE: For proper structural function, place all Lap Splices at midspan unless otherwise indicated.

Lap the Panels with the Splice Ridge oriented downstream of the final Direction of Traffic in the nearest traffic lane. For reverse lane conditions, orient the Splice Ridge downstream of the lane direction with the highest traffic volume. Orienting Lap Splices for Temporary Traffic Control phasing is not required.

- 3. CONNECTION DETAILS: Connections to End Treatments, Approach Transitions, or other segment types are defined in the following Index Sheets, APL Drawings, or the plans.
- 4. W-BEAM PANEL DETAILS: See Sheet 4.
- 5. POST & OFFSET BLOCK DETAILS: See Sheet 5.
- 6. GUARDRAIL SECTIONS: For Sections showing typical mounting heights, grading, and lateral offsets in relation to adjacent roadway features, see Sheet 6.
- 7. MODIFIED MOUNTS: Where concrete structures, concrete sidewalk, or shallow depth conditions are encountered, see Sheet 24 for additional post mounting options.
- 8. DEFINED SEGMENTS: The General Guardrail shown provides the base configuration, including Post Spacing and splice locations, for Defined Segment modifications where indicated in the plans and using the Guardrail Types, Sections, and/or hardware as shown in this Index (e.g. Double Faced W-Beam, Deep Posts at Slope Breaks, Pipe Rail, Rub Rail, or Reduced Post Spacing for Hazards).

GENERAL, TL-3 GUARDRAIL DETAILS

REVISION 11/01/23

DESCRIPTION:

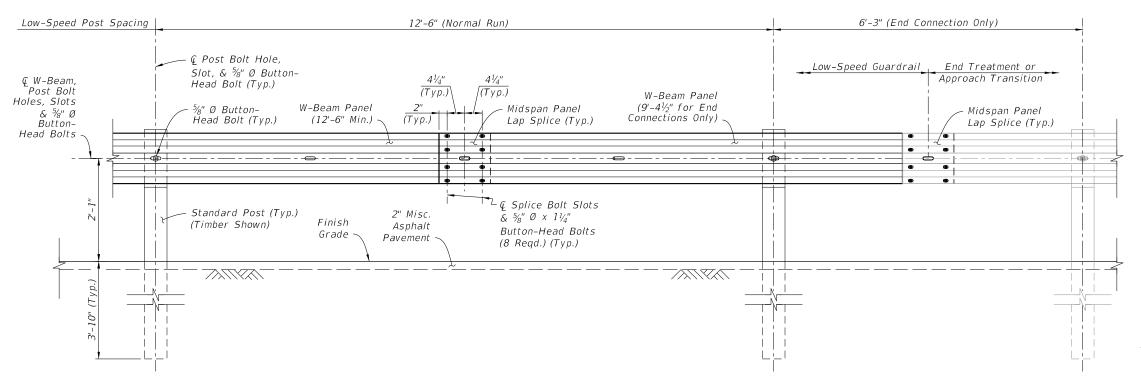
FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

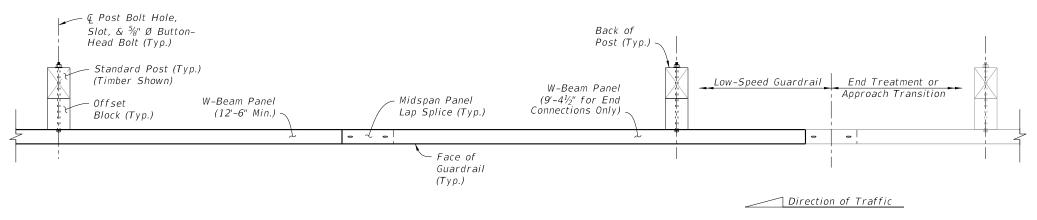
INDEX

SHEET

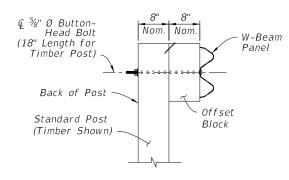
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INSTALLED PLAN



### INSTALLED SECTION

### NOTES:

1. GENERAL: Install the Low-Speed Guardrail configuration where indicated in the plans. Low-Speed Guardrail may include tapered segments if called for in the plans.

Use 12'-6" or 25'-0" W-Beam Panels for normal spans, and use 9'- $4\frac{1}{2}$ " Panels for end connections to adjoining segments as shown. A single 6'-3" Panel may be used at the end of the Low-Speed Guardrail run along with a single reduced 6'-3" post spacing to meet the nominal Begin/End Guardrail Sta. required.

Where a differing guardrail configuration is required for constructability beyond the options shown in this Index or the Plans, obtain approval from the Engineer prior to installation.

2. MIDSPAN PANEL LAP SPLICE: For proper structural function, place all Lap Splices at midspan unless otherwise indicated.

Lap the Panels with the Splice Ridge oriented downstream of the final Direction of Traffic in the nearest traffic lane. For reverse lane conditions, orient the Splice Ridge downstream of the lane direction with the highest traffic volume. Orienting Lap Splices for Temporary Traffic Control phasing is not required.

- 3. CONNECTION DETAILS: Connections to End Treatments, Approach Transitions, or other segment types are defined in the following Index Sheets, APL Drawings, or the plans.
- 4. W-BEAM PANEL DETAILS: See Sheet 4.
- 5. POST & OFFSET BLOCK DETAILS: See Sheet 5.
- 6. GUARDRAIL SECTIONS: For Sections showing typical mounting heights, grading, and lateral offsets in relation to adjacent roadway features, see Sheet 6.
- 7. MODIFIED MOUNTS: Where concrete structures, concrete sidewalk, or shallow depth conditions are encountered, see Sheet 24 for additional post mounting options.
- 8. RESTRICTIONS: Low-Speed Guardrail segments are not permitted for use with items including, but not limited to, Double Faced W-Beam, Deep Posts at Slope Breaks, Raised Curb, Pipe Rail, and/or Rub Rail.

# LOW-SPEED. TL-2 GUARDRAIL DETAILS

REVISION 11/01/23

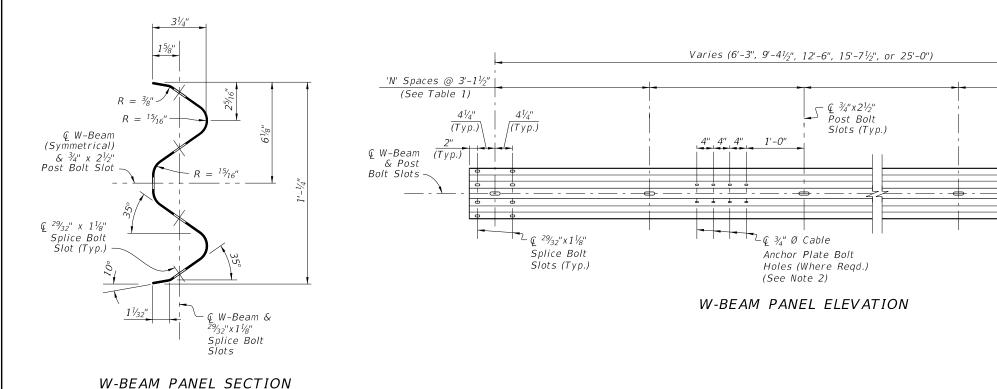
DESCRIPTION:

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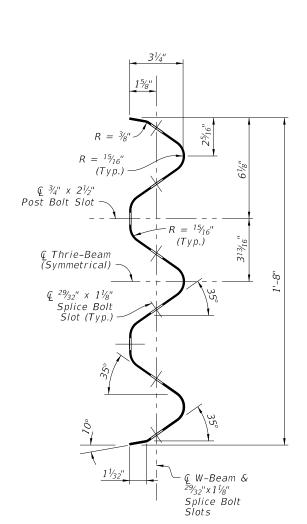
INDEX 536-001

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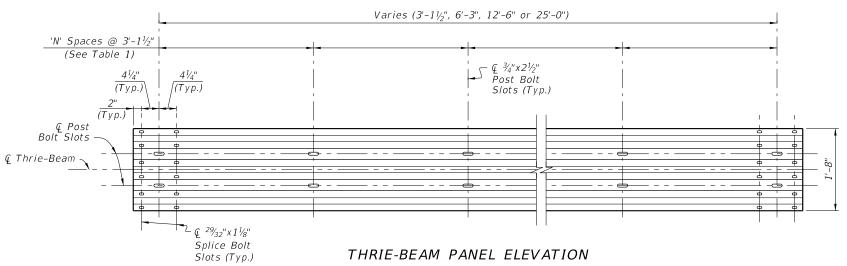
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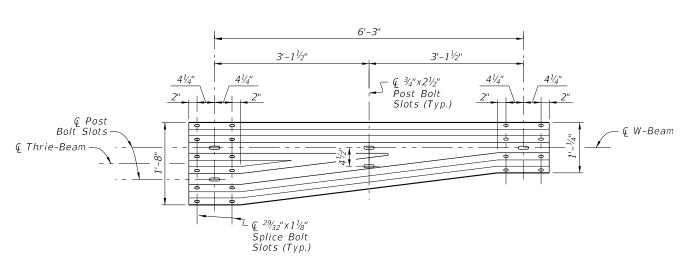
Panel Type	Number of Spaces 'N'	Gauge								
6'-3" W-Beam	2	12								
9'-4½" W-Beam	3	12								
12'-6" W-Beam	4	12								
15'-7½" W-Beam	5	12								
25'-0" W-Beam	8	12								
3'-1½" Thrie-Beam	1	10								
6'-3" Thrie-Beam	2	12								
12-6" Thrie-Beam	4	12								
25-0" Thrie-Beam	8	12								
Thrie-Beam Trans.	2	10								



THRIE-BEAM PANEL SECTION

DESCRIPTION:





THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION PANEL ELEVATION (Reverse Direction Similar by Opposite Hand)

# NOTES:

Use corrugated steel panels in accordance with Specification 967 and made from either Class A, 12 gauge steel or Class B, 10 gauge steel as specified in the 'Panel Summary Table' above.

2. CABLE ANCHOR PLATE BOLT HOLES: Include 3/4" Ø Cable Anchor Plate Bolt Holes only where required for installation of the Cable Anchor Plate shown on Sheet 9, 10, & 11.

 $^{29}\!\!\!/_{32}$ " x 1%" slots may substitute for the  $^3\!\!\!/_4$ " Ø holes shown.

W-BEAM AND THRIE-BEAM PANEL DETAILS

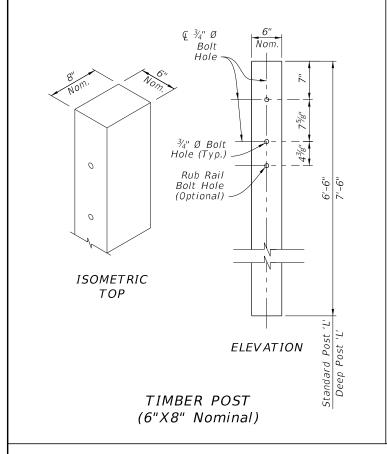
REVISION 11/01/23

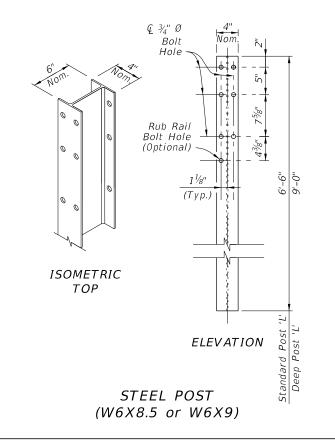
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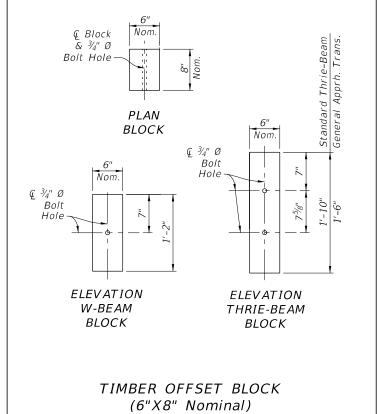
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

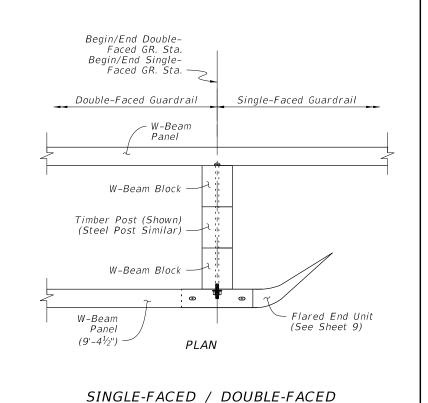
INDEX SHEET 536-001

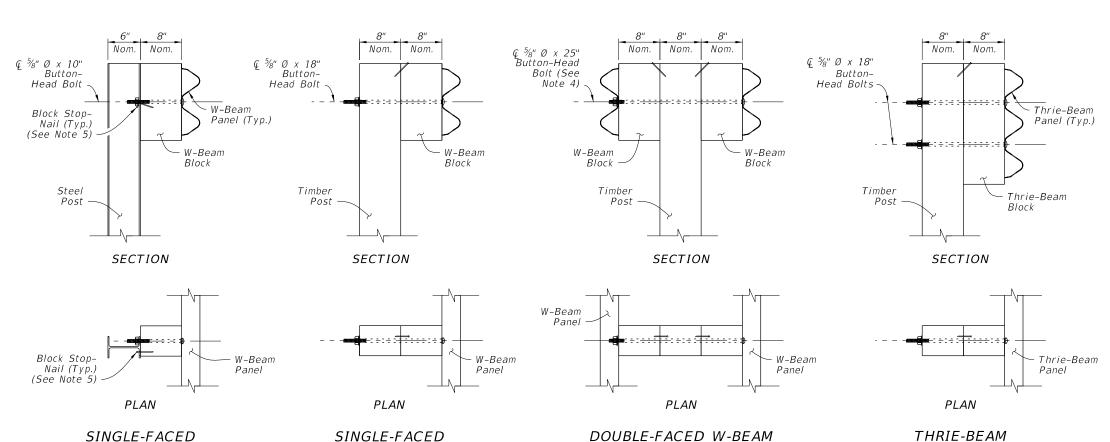
GUARDRAIL











# NOTES:

1. STANDARD POSTS: Where Standard Posts are called for in this Index, use either a Timber Post or Steel Post at the Length, 'L', shown for Standard Posts. Use a single post material type consistently per each run of guardrail. Only where specified in the Plans, use the Deep Post 'L' for Slope Break Conditions as

GUARDRAIL CONNECTION

- 2. OFFSET BLOCKS: For each Panel type, install the corresponding Offset Block type as shown. For General, TL-3 (Single Faced) Approach Transitions only, use the 1'-6" Thrie-Beam Block (See
- 3. BOLT HOLES:  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Ø Bolt Holes shown in posts within this Index may be substituted with  $^{13}/_{16}$ " Ø Bolt Holes.
- 4. DOUBLE FACED GUARDRAIL: Orient Post Bolts with the Button-Head located on the side nearest the traffic lane. The bolt's threaded portion is not permitted to extend beyond  $\frac{3}{4}$ " from the face of the tightened nut; trim the threaded portion as needed and galvanize in accordance with Specification 562.
- 5. BLOCK STOP-NAIL: Drive one nail per Standard Offset Block as shown to prevent Block rotation. Use steel 3½" Type 16d nails with ASTM A153 hot-dip galvanization. For steel posts, drive the nail through the unused flange Bolt Hole and bend the nail so its head contacts the flange.
- 6. MATERIALS: Use timber and steel posts and offset blocks in accordance with Specification 967. Composite offset blocks may be substituted as approved on the APL. Use a single offset block type consistently per each run of guardrail.

POST AND OFFSET BLOCK DETAILS

REVISION 11/01/23 W-BEAM

STEEL POST

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

W-BEAM

TIMBER POST

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

TIMBER POST

(Thrie-Beam Similar)

(Steel Post Similar)

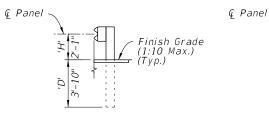
TIMBER POST

(Steel Post Similar)

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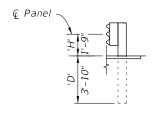
GUARDRAIL



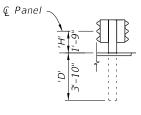
W-BEAM

DOUBLE FACED

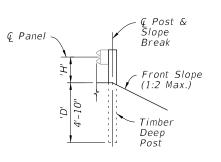
W-BEAM

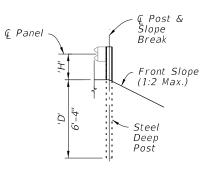


THRIE-BEAM



DOUBLE FACED THRIE-BEAM

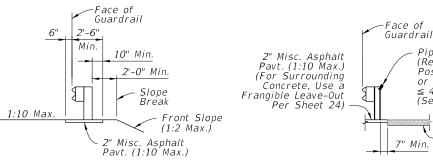




SLOPE BREAK CONDITION TIMBER DEEP POST

SLOPE BREAK CONDITION STEEL DEEP POST

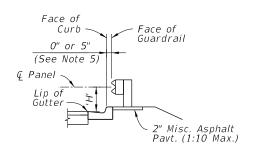
### GUARDRAIL TYPES - MOUNTING HEIGHTS & POST DEPTHS



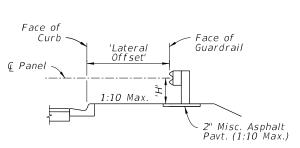
TYPICAL GRADING & PAVT. PLACEMENT DETAIL (See Note 2)

Pipe Rail (Read. for Steel Posts with Sidewalks or Shared Use Paths < 4' from Post) (See Sheet 23) Concrete Sidewalk

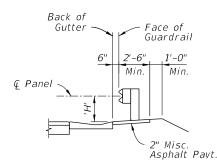
TYPICAL SIDEWALK DETAIL (Work with Other Sections as Reqd.)



ADJACENT TO CURB (Type F Curb Shown)



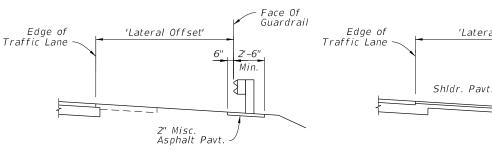
BEHIND CURB (Type F Curb Shown)



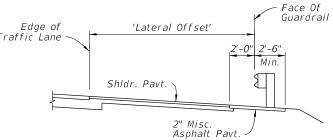
ADJACENT TO SHOULDER GUTTER

GUARDRAIL SECTIONS - TYPICAL

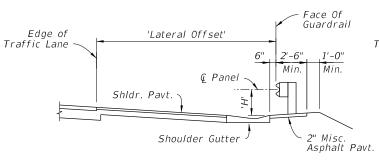
GUARDRAIL SECTIONS - CURB & GUTTER:



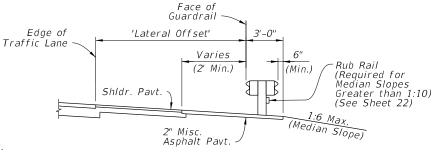
UNPAVED OR PARTIALLY PAVED SHOULDER



FULLY PAVED SHOULDER



SHOULDER GUTTER



DOUBLE FACED GUARDRAIL (Shown In Median)

### GUARDRAIL SECTIONS - SHOULDERS:

### NOTES:

- GUARDRAIL HEIGHT SUMMARY TABLE: Min. Depth 'D': | Mounting Height 'H': | Post Length 'L' 3'-10' 6'-6" (Single and Double Faced) 1'-9" 6'-6" 3'-10" (Single and Double Faced) Timber Deep Post 4'-10" See Above 7'-6" 6'-4" See Above 9'-0"
- 1. GUARDRAIL SECTIONS: Construct Sections as indicated in the plans. The details shown herein depict W-Beam Guardrail, but are applicable to the other defined Guardrail Types placed at the corresponding height, 'H'. Use components per Sheets 4 & 5. Steel and timber post types are interchangeable unless otherwise defined. The 1:10 Max. cross slope shown is the maximum slope permitted for proper guardrail function, but project-specific cross slope requirements are governed by additional design criteria, per the plans.
- 2. TYPICAL GRADING & PAVEMENT PLACEMENT DETAIL: Construct features as depicted except where superceded by specific Guardrail Sections or the plans. Place the Slope Break a Minimum of 2' behind the post. For Deep Posts, the slope break may be placed at the Q Post with the 2" Miscellaneous Asphalt Pavement omitted.
- 3. SLOPE BREAK CONDITION: Install Deep Posts only where called for in the plans. Deep Posts are only permitted where post spacing is 6'-3" or less.
- 4. LATERAL OFFSETS: The Lateral Offsets shown are governed by the station and offset call outs for Face of Guardrail, as shown in the plans.
- 5. ADJACENT TO CURB: Place the Face of Guardrail consistently offset either flush with the Face of Curb or 5" behind the Face of Curb, as indicated by the plans station and offset callout. For offset changes, transition the Face of Guardrail as shown in the plans.

GUARDRAIL SECTIONS

REVISION 11/01/23 Type:

W-Beam

Thrie-Beam

Steel Deep Post

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

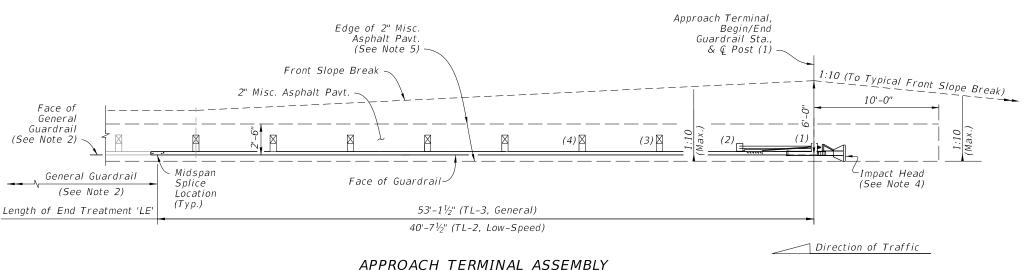
STANDARD PLANS

FY 2025-26

GUARDRAIL

*INDEX* SHEET

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'PARALLEL' TYPE - PLAN VIEW

### NOTES:

1. INSTALLATION: Locate Approach Terminals where called for in the plans, with the Post (1) & placed at the Begin/End Guardrail Station indicated in

The Plan Views shown herein are schematic only, showing basic geometry for Approach Terminals listed on the APL. The predefined Length of End Treatment, 'LE', includes the proprietary portion of various Approach Terminals and provides for more consistent planning of assembly installations across the differing Approach Terminal types. Forwardanchoring style Approach Terminals may vary from the planned lengths shown by up to 3'-0".

Construct Approach Terminals as shown in the APL and in accordance with the manufacturer's unique drawing details, procedures, and specifications.

Install posts in accordance with the manufacturer's drawings. The Special Posts on Sheet 24, including Special Steel Posts, Encased Posts, and Frangible Leave-Outs, are not permitted within the Approach Terminal segment unless otherwise called for in the plans

Align panel lap splices in accordance with the manufacturer's drawings, regardless of the direction of traffic.

Install adjacent grading, gutters, and/or curbing as shown herein.

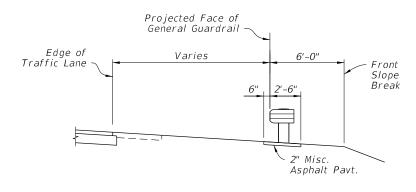
2. GENERAL GUARDRAIL: General Guardrail typically includes Panels and Post Spacing as shown on Sheet 2, including parallel and tapered segments.

Approach Transitions, Low-Speed Guardrail, or Reduced Post Spacing Guardrail segments may be substituted for the General Guardrail shown herein if indicated in the plans

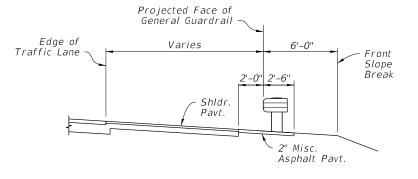
- 3. APPROACH TERMINAL TEST LEVEL: Install either a Test Level 3 (TL-3) or Test Level 2 (TL-2) Approach Terminal as specified in the plans. TL-3 Approach Terminals may substitute for TL-2 Approach Terminals unless the substitution is specifically prohibited in the plans. TL-2 Approach Terminals may not substitute for TL-3 installations.
- 4. IMPACT HEAD END DELINEATOR: Apply Yellow Retroreflective Sheeting to the nose of the End Terminal in accordance with Specification 536.
- 5. 2" MISCELLANEOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT: The Plan View depicts the Unpaved Shoulder condition. For Fully Paved Shoulder and Shoulder Gutter conditions, extend the 2" Misc. Asphalt Pavement as shown in the corresponding 'Section at Post (1)' details below

The 2" Misc. Asphalt Pavement shown upstream of Post (1) may be substituted with a different pavement type where called for in the Plans.

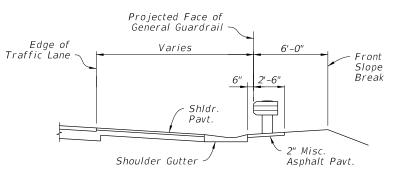
- 6. CLEAR AREA REQUIREMENT: Do not place any permanent aboveground installations within the areas shown with 1:10 maximum grading. For the finished condition, keep this area free of all aboveground obstructions, including dense vegetation and trees.
- 7. 'CURBED' AND 'DOUBLE FACED' GUARDRAIL SEGMENTS: See Sheet 8.



SECTION AT POST (1) WITH UNPAVED SHOULDER



SECTION AT POST (1) WITH FULLY PAVED SHOULDER



SECTION AT POST (1) WITH SHOULDER GUTTER

END TREATMENT - APPROACH TERMINAL GEOMETRY - PARALLEL

REVISION 11/01/23

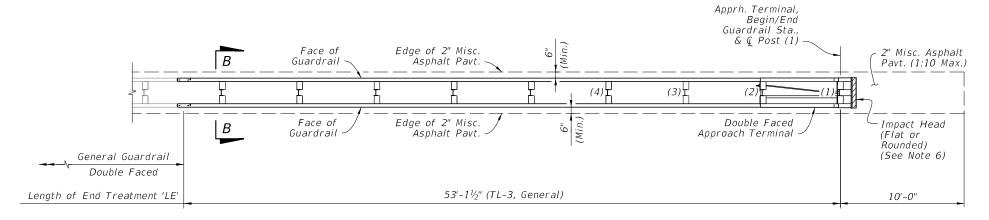
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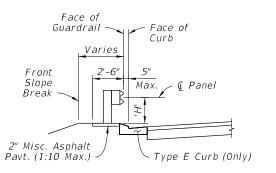
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

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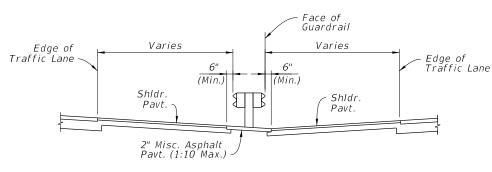
GUARDRAIL



# APPROACH TERMINAL ASSEMBLY 'DOUBLE FACED' SEGMENT - PLAN VIEW



'CURBED' SECTION A-A (Height, 'H', Measured from Misc. Asphalt Pavt.)



'DOUBLE FACED' SECTION B-B (1:10 Slope or Flatter Regd.)

### NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL: See Notes 1 through 3 on Sheet 7.
- 2. CURBED SEGMENTS: Type E curb is required within the limits shown. When a different curb type is called for outside of the Type E curb limits, transition the curb shape linearly, over a nominal distance ranging 5'-0" to
- 3. TAPER LENGTH: For Curbed Segments, taper the guardrail away from the roadway where shown to place the inside edge of the Impact Head at 5" behind the face of the curb. Where additional lateral offset is required to fit the Approach Terminal Assembly hardware, such as a soil plate, place the Impact Head as close to the curb as the hardware allows, not to exceed 2'-0" from the face of curb.
- 4. GUARDRAIL HEIGHT TAPER: For Curbed Segments, the connecting General Guardrail Mounting Height, 'H', is typically measured from the Lip of Gutter (See Sheet 6 Guardrail Sections, 'Adjacent to Curb'), while the End Terminal Assembly 'H' is measured from the Misc.
  Asphalt Pavt. (See Section A-A). Linearly taper the
  difference in Mounting Height over a minimum length of
  12'-6", starting where indicated herein.
- 5. DOUBLE FACED SEGMENT: Connect to Double Faced General Guardrail. Use consistent Posts and Offset Block types as specified in the APL drawings over the entire Length of End Treatment, 'LE'. Posts and Offset Blocks in the adjoining General Guardrail segment may be different from those inside of the 'LE'. A change in post type between timber and steel is permitted, immediately outside of the 'LE' segment.

Maintain the 1:10 maximum grading as shown in Section B-B throughout segment 'LE'. Where required, transition to differing adjacent slopes linearly, over a minimum longitudinal length of 25'-0".

- 6. IMPACT HEAD END DELINEATOR: Apply Yellow Retroreflective Sheeting to the nose of the End Terminal in accordance with Specification 536.
- 7. CLEAR AREA REQUIREMENT: Do not place any permanent aboveground installations within the areas shown with 1:10 maximum grading. For the finished condition, keep this area free of all aboveground obstructions, including dense vegetation and trees.
- 8. 2" MISCELLANEOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT: The 2" Misc. Asphalt Pavement shown upstream of Post (1) may be substituted with a different pavement type where called for in the Plans.
- 9. SINGLE FACED 'PARALLEL' SEGMENTS: See Sheet 7.

END TREATMENT - APPROACH TERMINAL GEOMETRY CURBED AND DOUBLE FACED

DESCRIPTION: REVISION 11/01/23

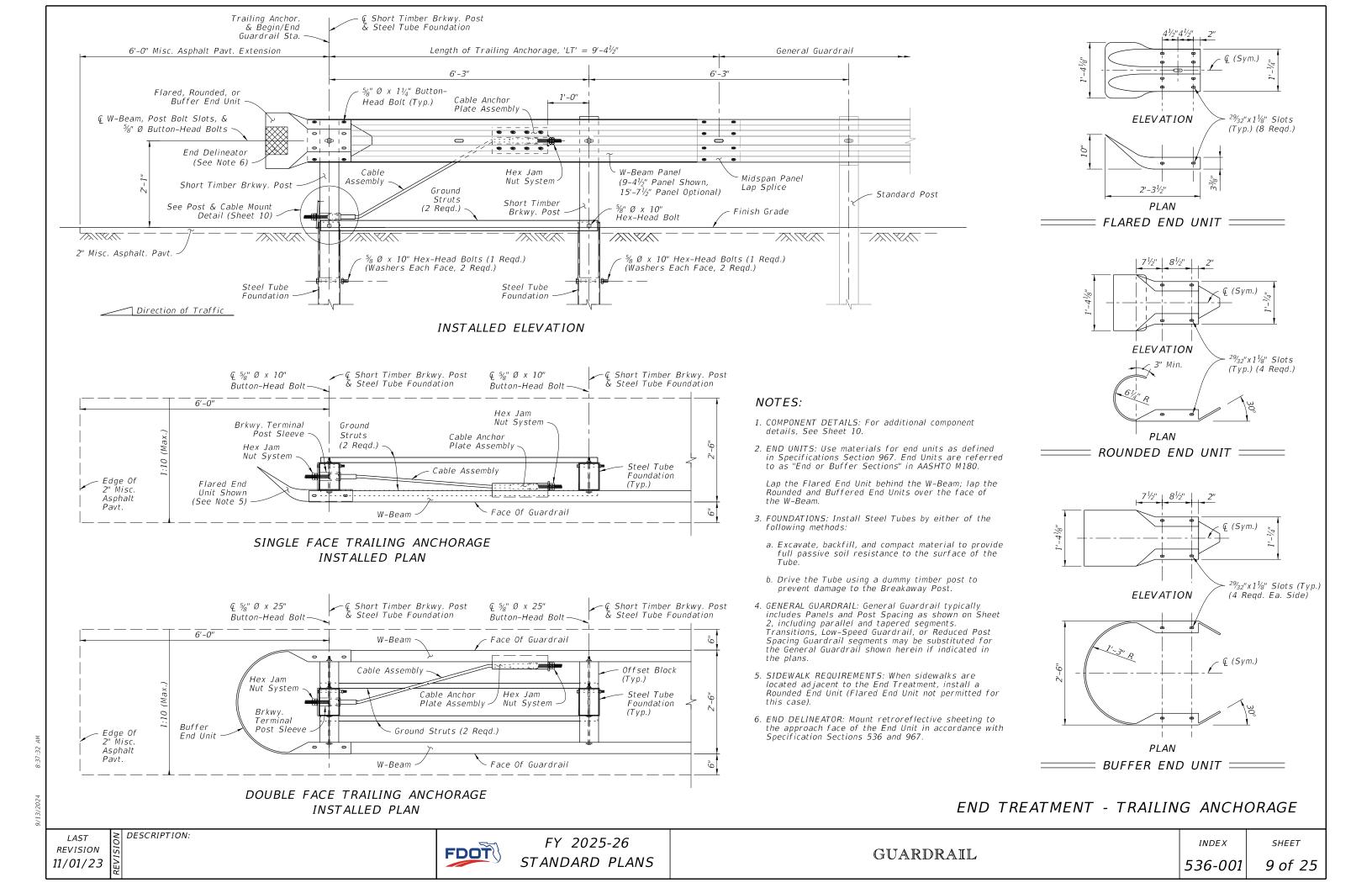
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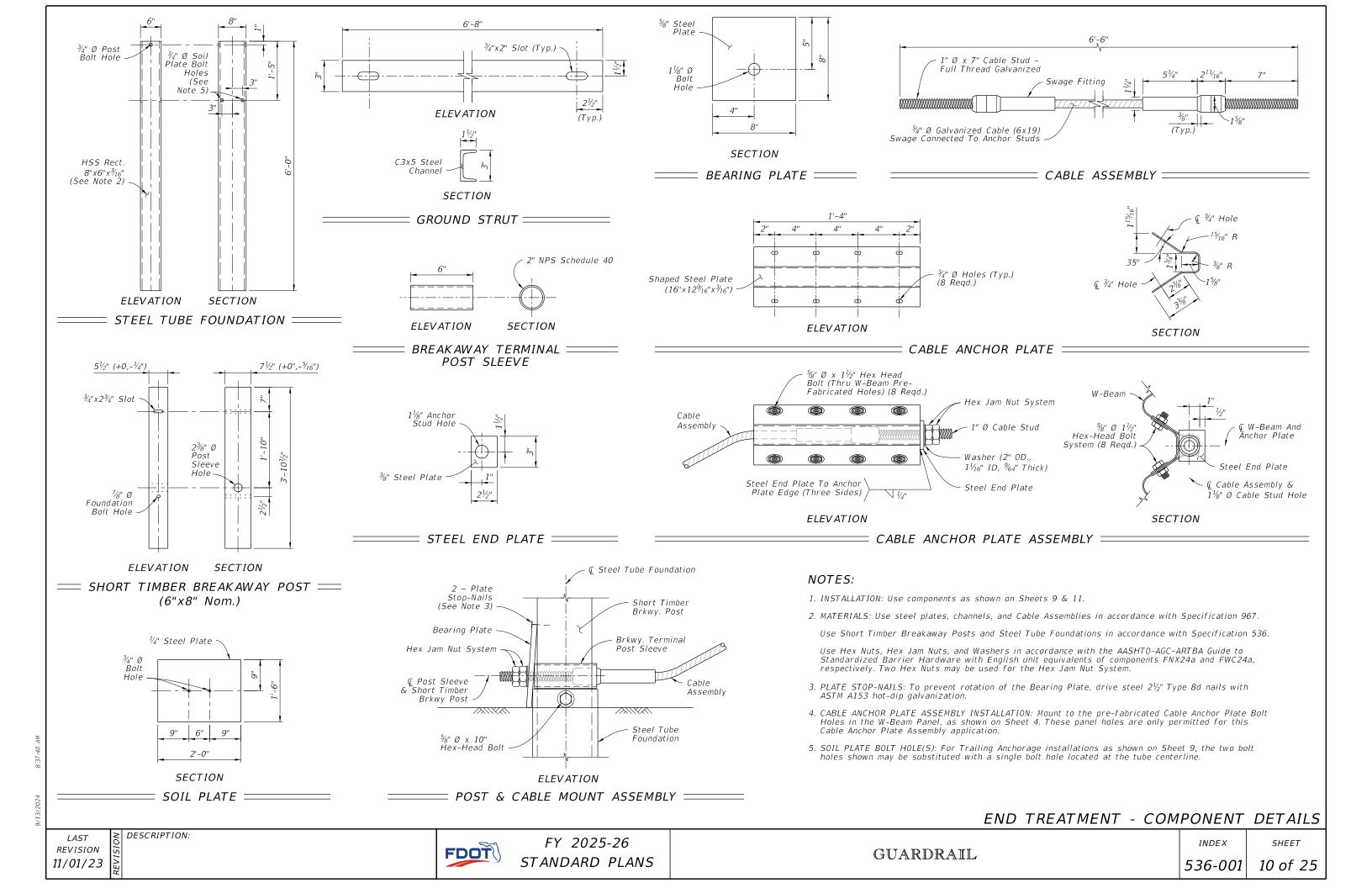
FY 2025-26

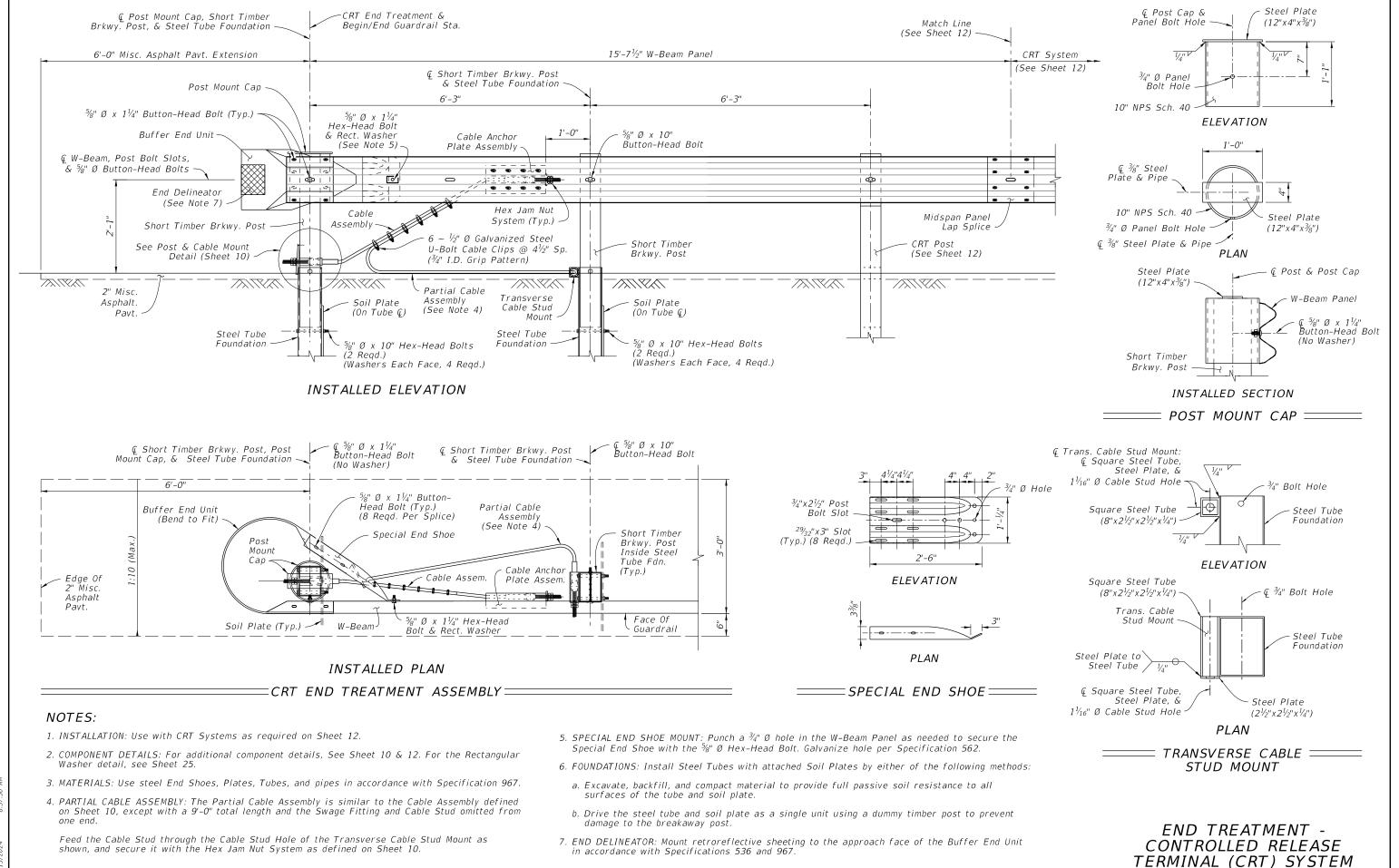
GUARDRAIL

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LAST REVISION 11/01/23

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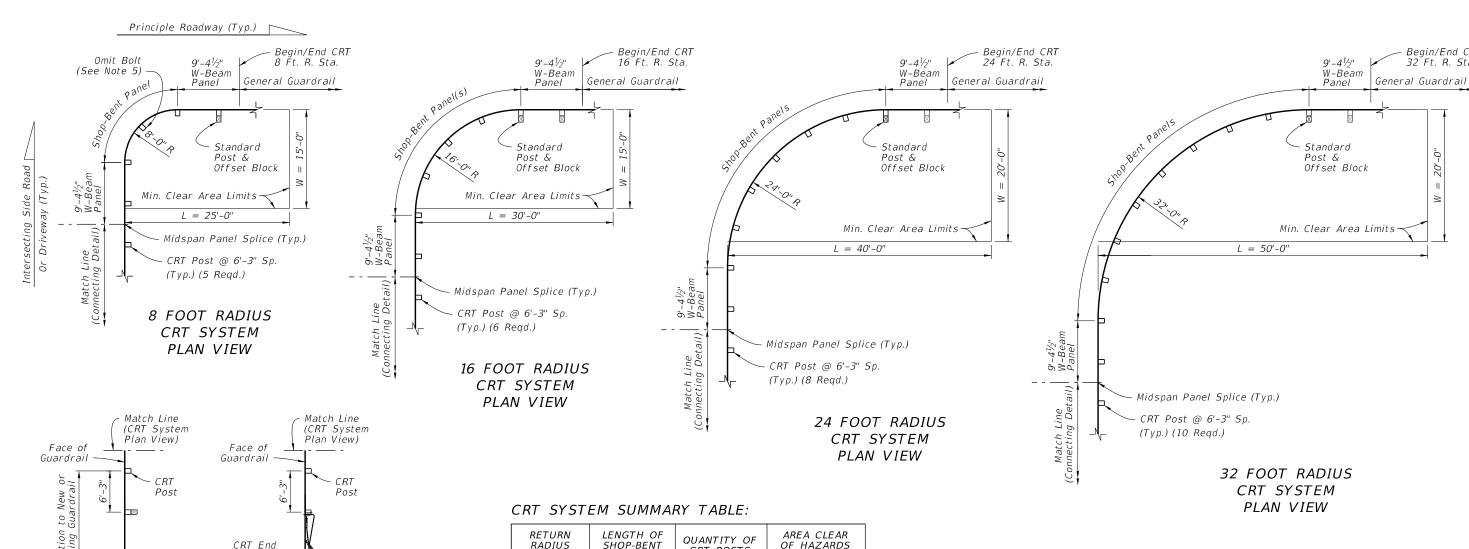
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GUARDRAIL

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CONTINUING OPTION

END TREATMENT OPTION

	RETURN RADIUS (FT.)	LENGTH OF SHOP-BENT PANEL(S) (FT.)	QUANTITY OF CRT POSTS	AREA CLEAR OF HAZARDS 'L' x 'W' (FT.)
Г	8	12.5	5	25 x 15
	16	25.0	6	30 x 15
	24	37.5	8	40 x 20
	32	50.0	10	50 x 20

CONNECTING DETAIL=

Treatment

& Begin/End

Guardrail Sta.

## NOTES:

DESCRIPTION:

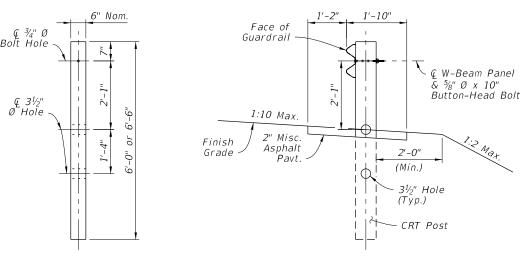
1. INSTALLATION: Construct the specified radius layout and Connecting Detail option as shown in the plans.

Treatment

(See Sheet 11)

Assembly

- 2. MIN. CLEAR AREA: Keep the area behind the CRT free of fixed objects and aboveground hazards within the Min. Clear Area limits shown. Maintain a slope not steeper than 1:10 for a minimum 2' behind the posts, and maintain a slope not steeper than 1:2 beyond 2'
- 3. APPROACH GRADING: Maintain grading on the roadway side of the guardrail face at a maximum slope of 1:10.
- 4. MATERIALS: For CRT Posts, use Timber Post material in accordance with Specification 967. Use steel panels and hardware in accordance with Specification 967.
- 5. BOLT OMISSION: For the 8 Foot Radius CRT System only, do not place a panel-to-post mount bolt at the center CRT Post (omit the 1/8" Button-Head Bolt only at the location shown).
- 6. SHOP-BENT PANELS: Install Shop-Bent panel(s) where indicated using 12'-0" or 25'-0" W-Beam Panels. Splice at post locations within the CRT radius using the General configuration of 🐉 Ø Button-Head Bolts (8 reqd. per splice).
- 7. GENERAL GUARDRAIL: General Guardrail typically includes Panels and Post Spacing as shown on Sheet 2, including parallel and tapered segments. Approach Transitions, Low-Speed Guardrail, or Reduced Post Spacing Guardrail segments may be substituted for the General Guardrail shown herein if indicated in the plans.



CRT POST ELEVATION (6"x8" Nom. Timber)

CRT INSTALLED SECTION

LAYOUT FOR CONTROLLED RELEASE TERMINAL (CRT) SYSTEMS -SIDE ROADS AND DRIVEWAYS

REVISION 11/01/23

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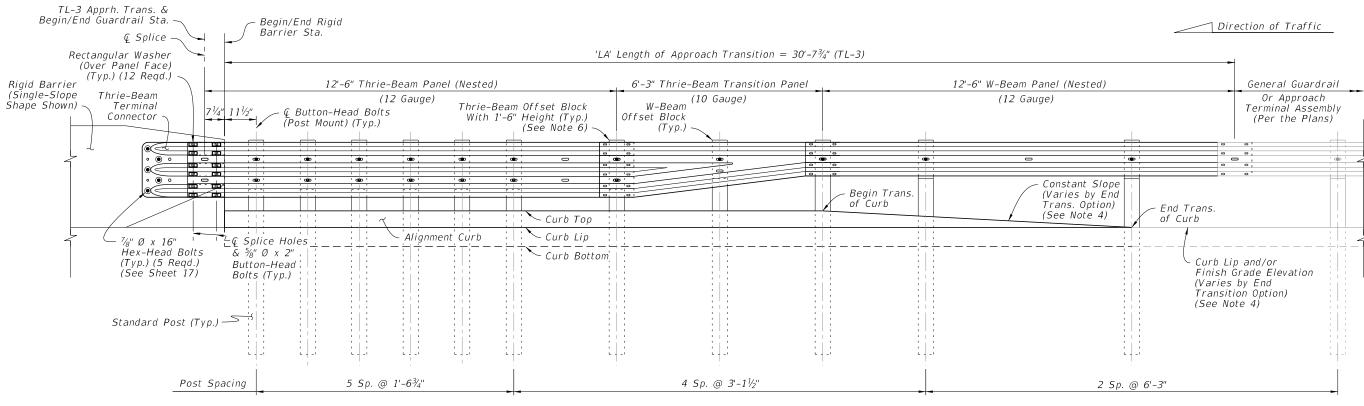
GUARDRAIL

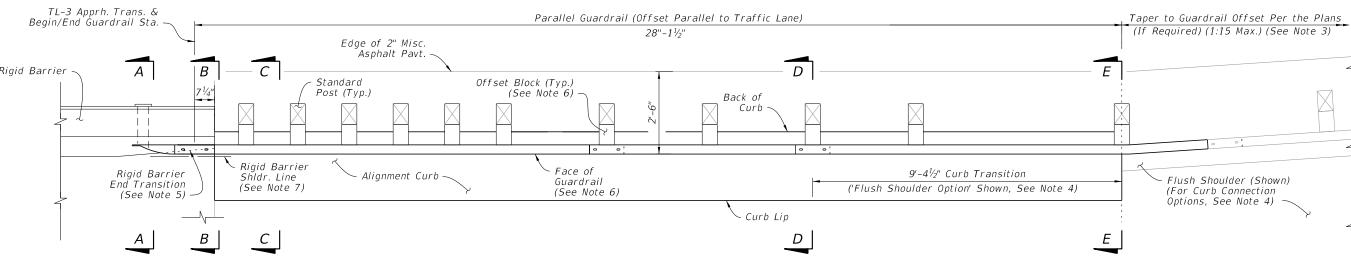
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SHEET

Begin/End CRT

32 Ft. R. Sta.





- plans. For example Layouts showing the Approach Transition's fit among other guardrail segments, see Sheet 19.
- For existing bridge connection options, see Indexes 536-002, 521-404, and 521-405.
- 2. SECTION VIEWS & DETAILS: For cross sections and details, including the barrier mounting hardware, curb transition, adjacent grading, and installation dimensions, see Sheet 17.
- 3. GUARDRAIL TAPER: The connecting guardrail may require a different lateral offset if shown in the plans. At the location shown herein, taper the guardrail to the connecting guardrail offset. If the adjacent guardrail segment has the same offset as the Approach Transition segment, then no taper is required.
- Curb Transition to Flush Shoulder from Section D-D to E-E, but this transition may require a different shape depending on the End Transition option shown in the plans (Either a 'Shoulder Gutter Option', 'Řaised Curb Option', or 'Flush Shoulder Option'). See Sheet 14 for additional curb options and Sheet 17 for curb shape details.
- 5. RIGID BARRIER END TRANSITION: Taper the Rigid Barrier toe as shown. See Concrete Barrier, Index 521-001, and Traffic Railing, Indexes 521-422 and 521-428, for details.
- 6. OFFSET BLOCKS: For Thrie-Beam post locations within the Length of Approach Transition segment, use the Timber Offset Blocks with 1'-6" height shown on Sheet 5.

For the midspan of the Thrie-Beam Transition Panel and for all other W-Beam locations shown herein, use the W-Beam Offset Blocks with 1'-2" height.

- 7. OFFSET: The required offset difference between the Face of Guardrail and Rigid Barrier Shoulder Line is considered negligible and may not be shown in the guardrail offset callouts in the plans. A consistent guardrail offset deviation of up to 4 inches outside of the Rigid Barrier Shoulder Line is permitted over the length LA.
- 8. GENERAL GUARDRAIL: General Guardrail typically includes Panels and Post Spacing as shown on Sheet 2, including parallel and tapered segments. Approach Terminals, Low-Speed Guardrail, or Reduced Post Spacing Guardrail segments may be substituted for the General Guardrail shown herein if indicated in the plans.

APPROACH TRANSITION CONNECTION TO RIGID BARRIER - GENERAL, TL-3

1 Direction of Traffic

REVISION 11/01/23

DESCRIPTION:

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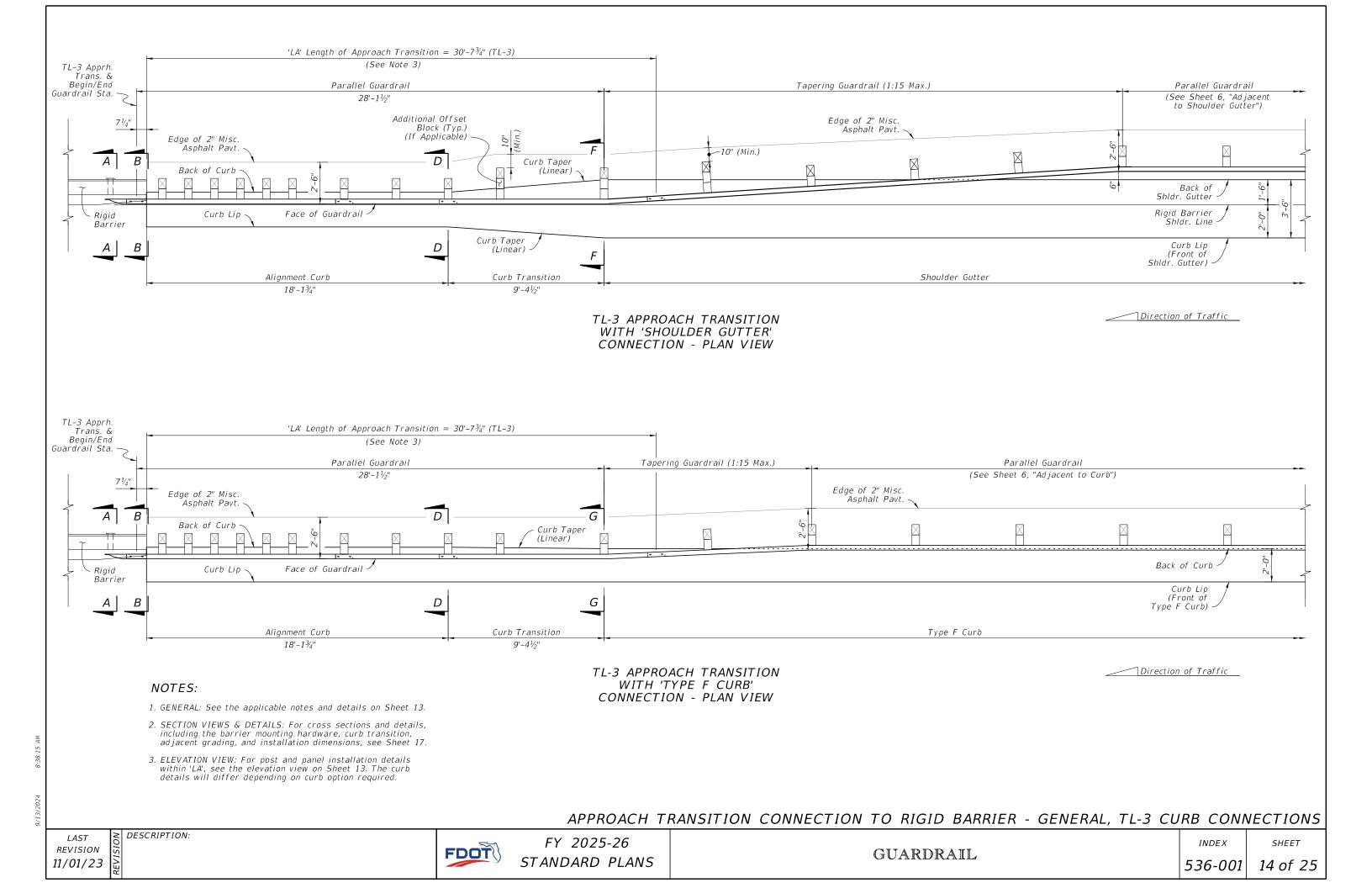
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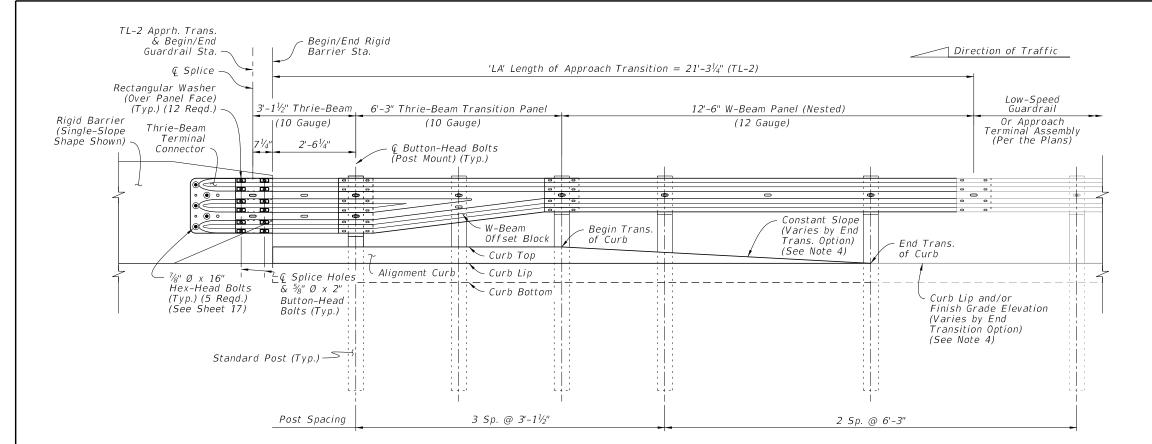
GUARDRAIL

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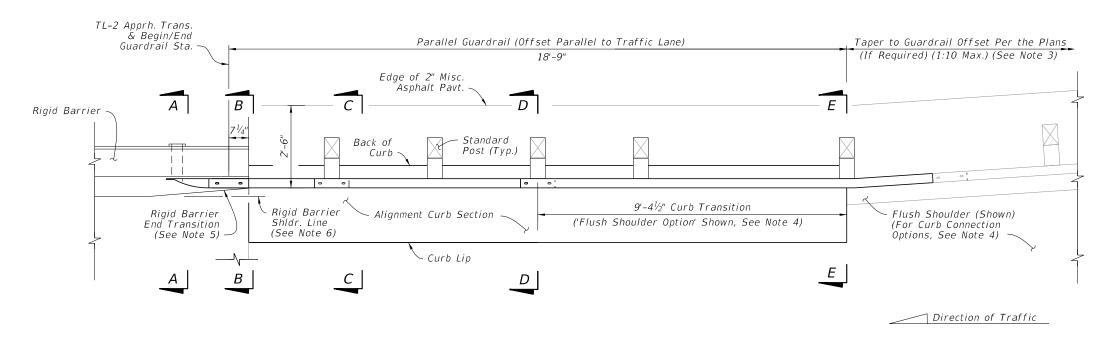
536-001

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TL-2 APPROACH TRANSITION INSTALLED ELEVATION



TL-2 APPROACH TRANSITION

#### NOTES:

1. INSTALLATION: Construct the Approach Transition segment where indicated in the plans. For example Layouts showing the Approach Transition's fit among other guardrail segments, see Sheet 19.

For existing bridge connection options, see Indexes 536-002, 521-404, and 521-405.

- 2. SECTION VIEWS & DETAILS: For cross sections and details, including the barrier mounting hardware, curb transition, adjacent grading, and installation dimensions, see Sheet 17.
- 3. GUARDRAIL TAPER: The connecting guardrail may require a different lateral offset if shown in the plans. At the location indicated herein, taper the guardrail to the connecting guardrail offset. If the adjacent guardrail segment has the same offset as the Approach Transition segment, then no taper is required.
- 4. END TRANSITION OF CURB OPTIONS: The Plan and Elevation views depict an example Curb Transition to Flush Shoulder from Section D-D to E-E, but this transition may require a different shape depending on the End Transition option shown in the plans (Either a 'Shoulder Gutter Option', 'Raised Curb Option', or 'Flush Shoulder Option'). See Sheet 16 for additional curb options and Sheet 17 for curb shape details.
- 5. RIGID BARRIER END TRANSITION: Taper the Rigid Barrier toe as shown. See Concrete Barrier, Index 521-001, and Traffic Railing, Indexes 521-422 and 521-428, for details.
- 6. OFFSET: The required offset difference between the Face of Guardrail and Rigid Barrier Shoulder Line is considered negligible and may not be shown in the guardrail offset callouts in the plans. A consistent guardrail offset deviation of up to 4 inches outside of the Rigid Barrier Shoulder Line is permitted over the length 'LA'.
- 7. GENERAL GUARDRAIL: General Guardrail typically includes Panels and Post Spacing as shown on Sheet 2, including parallel and tapered segments. Approach Terminals, Low-Speed Guardrail, or Reduced Post Spacing Guardrail segments may be substituted for the General Guardrail shown herein if indicated in the plans.

INSTALLED PLAN

APPROACH TRANSITION CONNECTION TO RIGID BARRIER - LOW-SPEED, TL-2

REVISION 11/01/23

DESCRIPTION:

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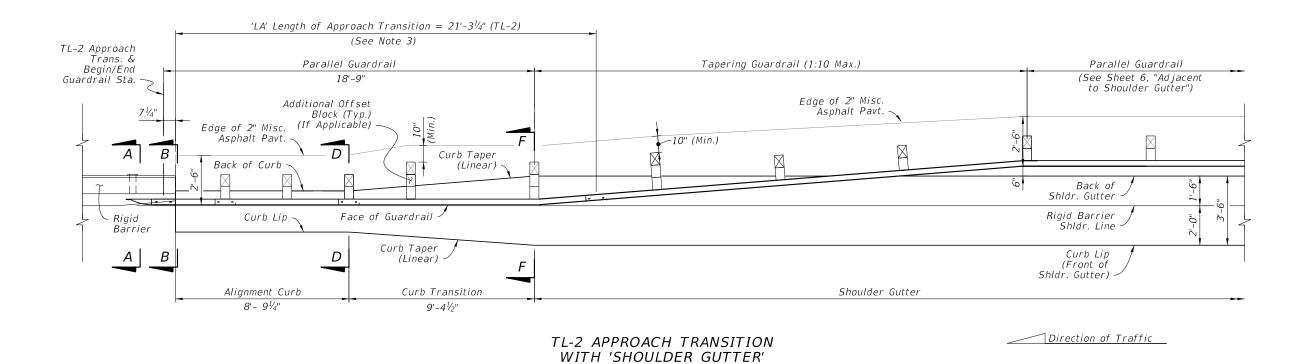
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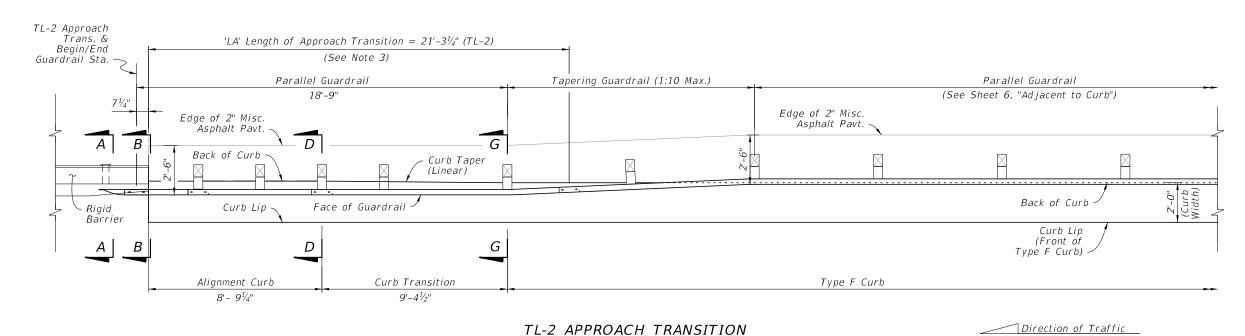
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CONNECTION - PLAN VIEW



WITH 'TYPE F CURB'

CONNECTION - PLAN VIEW

NOTES:

DESCRIPTION:

- 1. GENERAL: See the applicable notes and details on Sheet 15.
- 2. SECTION VIEWS & DETAILS: For cross sections and details, including the barrier mounting hardware, curb transition, adjacent grading, and installation dimensions, see Sheet 17.
- 3. ELEVATION VIEW: For post and panel installation details within 'LA', see the elevation view on Sheet 15. The curb details will differ depending on curb option required.

APPROACH TRANSITION CONNECTION TO RIGID BARRIER - LOW-SPEED, TL-2 CURB CONNECTIONS

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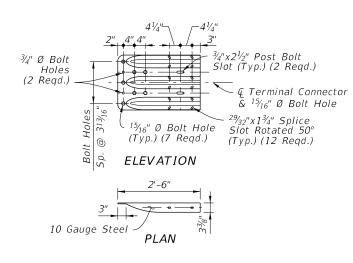
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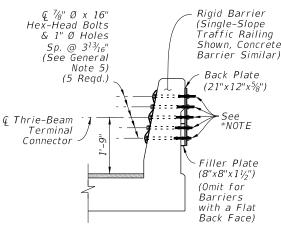
GUARDRAIL

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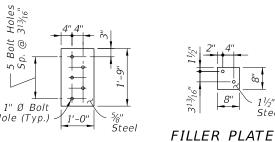


THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR DETAIL

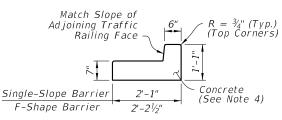


## SECTION A-A RIGID BARRIER TERMINAL CONNECTOR MOUNT

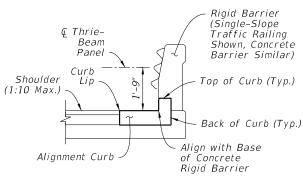
\*NOTE: For locations within 4'-0" of a sidewalk or shared use path, trim bolts down to within 1/4" of tightend nut. Deform exposed threads. File down sharp edges and burrs.



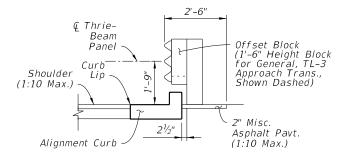
BACK PLATE



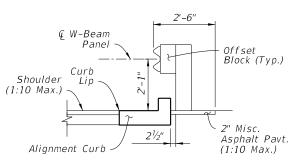
ALIGNMENT CURB **SECTION** 



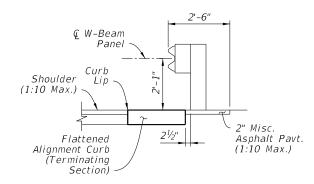
SECTION B-B BEGIN ALIGNMENT CURB (Mate to Rigid Barrier)



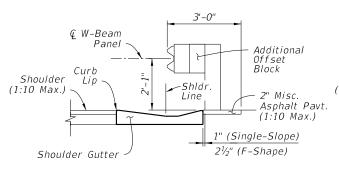
SECTION C-C ALIGNMENT CURB (Intermediate)



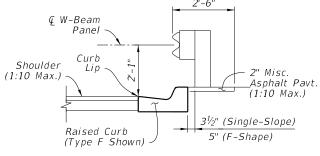
SECTION D-D BEGIN TRANSITION (End Alignment Curb)



SECTION E-E **END TRANSITION** FLUSH SHOULDER OPTION

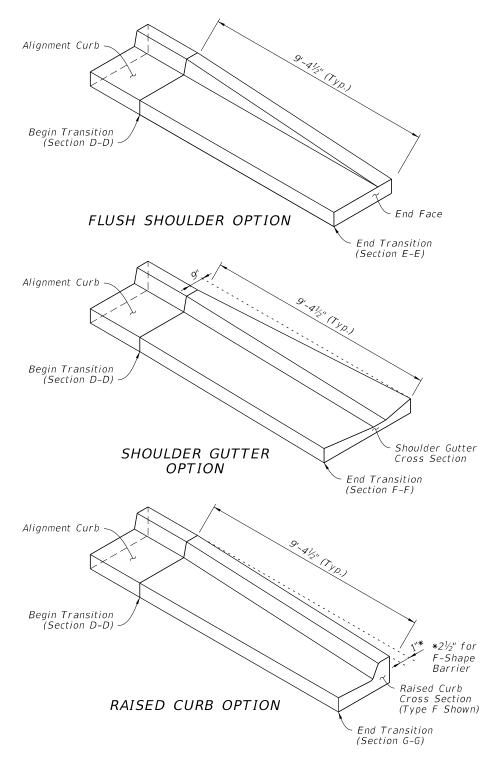


SECTION F-F **END TRANSITION** SHOULDER GUTTER OPTION



SECTION G-G **END TRANSITION** RAISED CURB OPTION

CURB TYPICAL SECTIONS



#### CURB TRANSITION ISOMETRIC VIEWS =

#### NOTES:

- 1. PLAN AND ELEVATION VIEWS: Work with Sheets 13 thru 16.
- 2. END TRANSITION OF CURB OPTION: Install one of the three End Transition types shown per Section E-E as indicated by the plans.
- 3. GRADING BEHIND POSTS: Place Slope Break a Min. 2'-0" behind the post, per Sheet 6.
- 4. MATERIALS & CONSTRUCTION: Construct the concrete Aligning Curb and Curb transition in accordance with Specification 520. Use steel Plates and Thrie-Beam Terminal Connectors in accordance with Specification 967

APPROACH TRANSITION CONNECTION - DETAILS

REVISION 11/01/23

DESCRIPTION:

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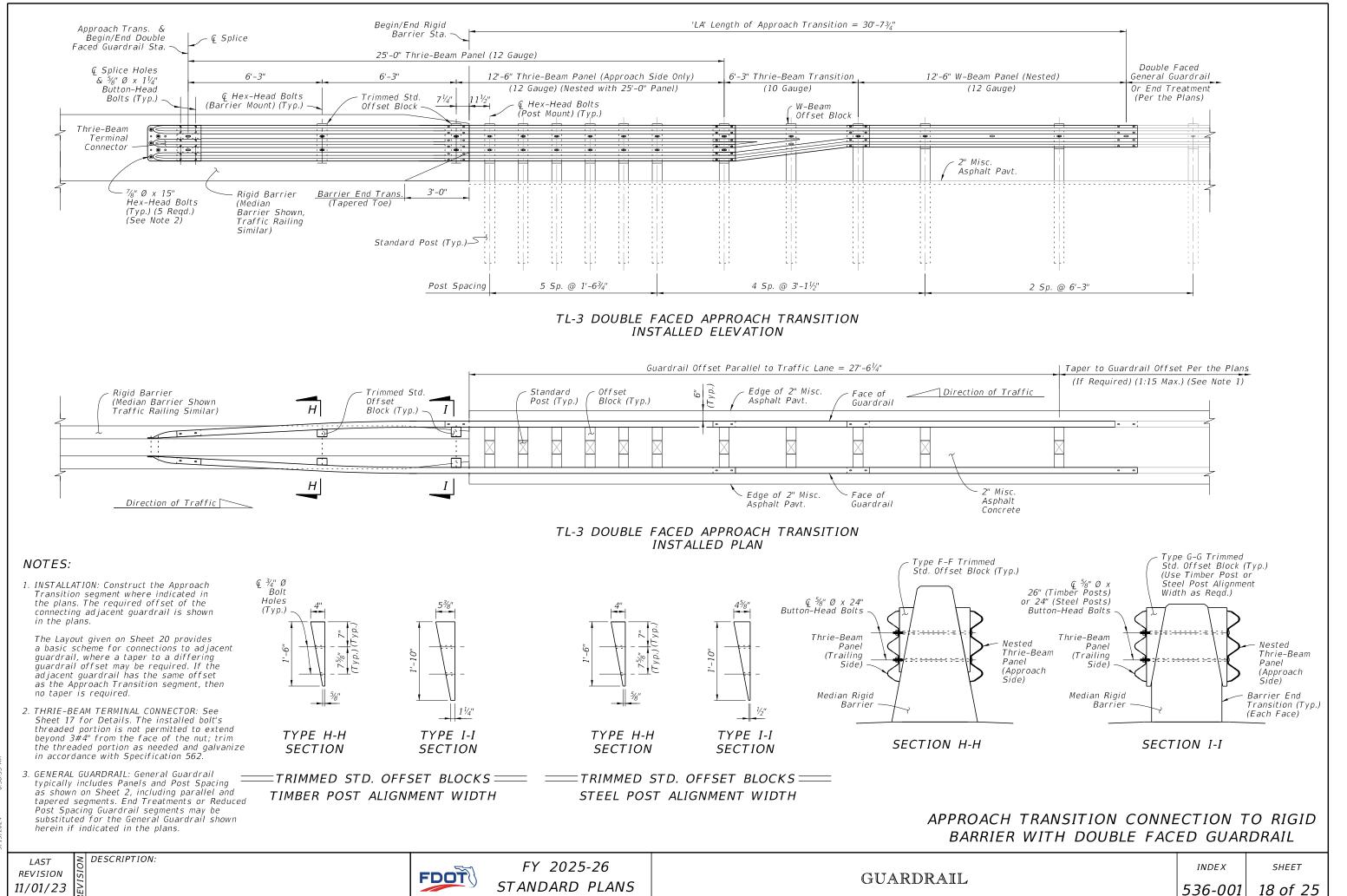
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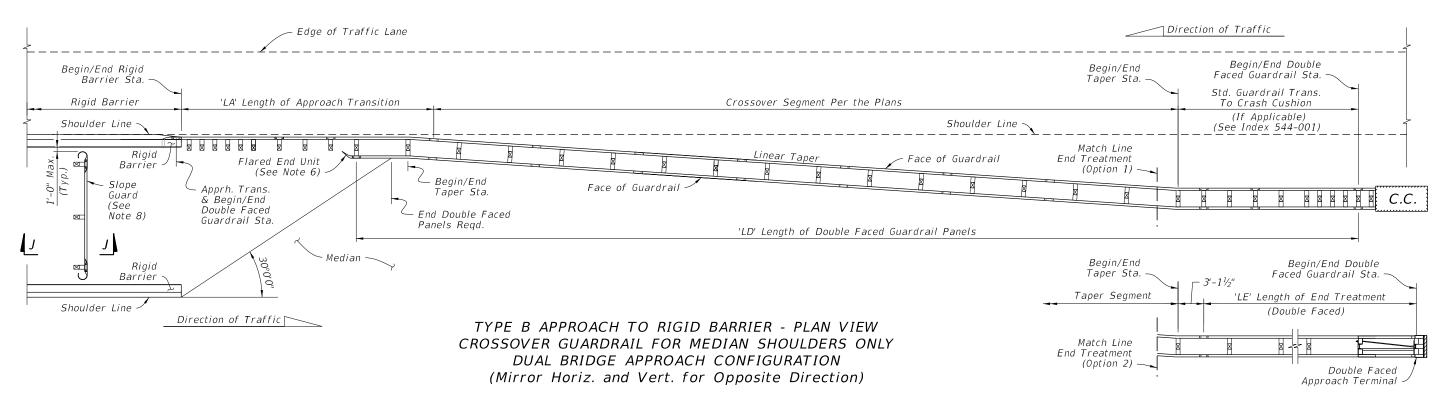
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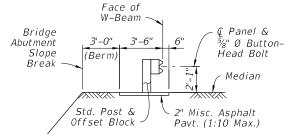
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TYPE A APPROACH TO RIGID BARRIER - PLAN VIEW
MEDIAN OR OUTSIDE SHOULDERS
(Mirror Horiz. and/or Vert. for Opposite
Direction and/or Side of Road)





SECTION J-J BRIDGE ABUTMENT SLOPE GUARD (Between Bridges)

DESCRIPTION:

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. INSTALLATION: The Plan Views shown are schematic only, showing example geometry for connecting guardrail segments including taper locations and Double Faced Guardrail requirements as applicable. Work this Sheet with the plans, where stationing and offsets for Begin/End Guardrail, Begin/End Rigid Barrier, and Begin/End Taper are specified. For existing bridge layouts, see Index 536-002, 521-404, and 521-405.
- 2. GENERAL (OR LOW-SPEED) GUARDRAIL SEGMENT: Construct this segment if shown in the plans. For the case where this segment's offset differs from the Approach Transition offset, linearly taper the guardrail between the Begin/End Taper Stations and offsets as specified in the plans.

For the shortest length case of a direct connection between the End Treatment and the Approach Transition, this segment may be omitted as shown in the plans.

- 3. LENGTH OF APPROACH TRANSITION 'LA': Install the applicable Approach Transition as shown per Sheets 13 thru 16, where called for in the plans.
- 4. LENGTH OF END TREATMENT 'LE': Install the Approach Terminal End Treatment as shown per Sheet 7 or 8, where called for in the plans. Use the corresponding APL drawings for construction details.
- 5. CROSSOVER GUARDRAIL (FOR TYPE B APPROACH): Install the Crossover Segment tapering linearly from the Begin Taper Sta. and offset to the End Taper Sta. and offset as specified in the plans.

6. LENGTH OF DOUBLE FACED GUARDRAIL PANELS, 'LD' (FOR TYPE B APPROACH): Terminate the Double Faced Guardrail panels as shown (based upon the 30° line measured from the hazard on the opposite side of the median). Extend the panel segment longer than the dimension 'LD' as needed for the Panel's end Bolt Slot to align with a post Bolt hole.

Install a Flared End Unit where shown, as defined on Sheet 9.

- 7. END TREATMENT OPTIONS (FOR TYPE B & C APPROACH): For Double Faced applications, use either a Double Faced Approach Terminal Assembly per Sheet 8 or a Crash Cushion per Index 544-001. For either Option, meet the 1:10 adjacent grading requirements for Approach Terminals as shown on Sheet 8.
- 8. SLOPE GUARD: Where indicated in the plans, install a Guardrail segment between bridge approaches and offset from the bridge abutment's Slope Break as shown. Install posts at the end bolt slots of the panel system. Use post spacing of either 3'-1½" or 6'-3", as needed to correctly fit system between barriers. The system may also be lengthened to fit by installing two Rounded End Units as defined on Sheet 9.

LAYOUT TO RIGID BARRIER - APPROACH ENDS

LAST REVISION 11/01/23

FDOT

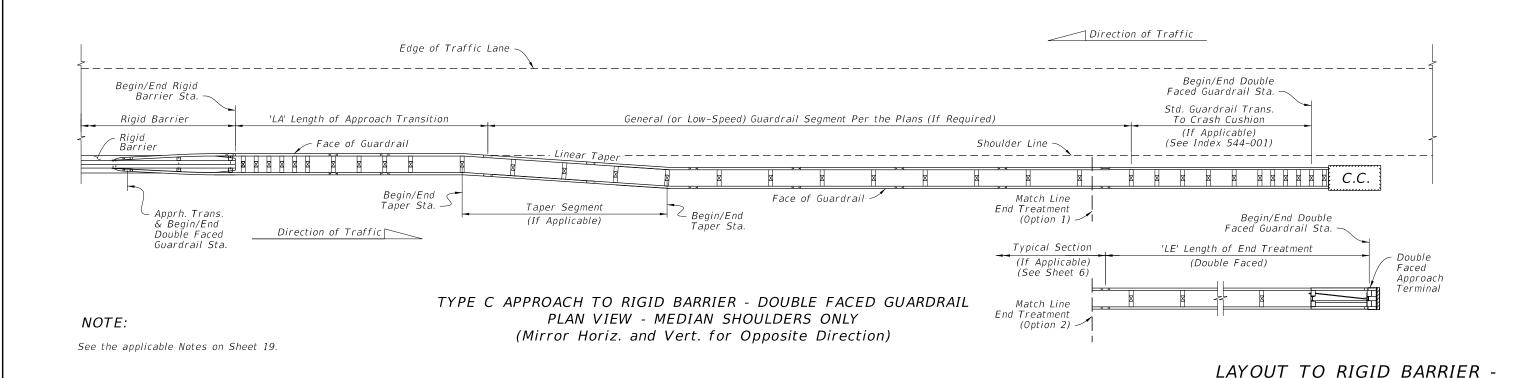
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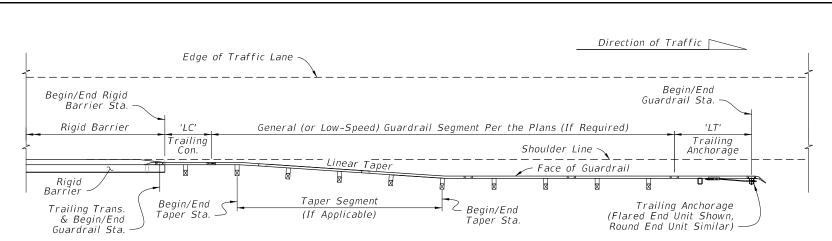
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INDEX SHEET

GUARDRAIL

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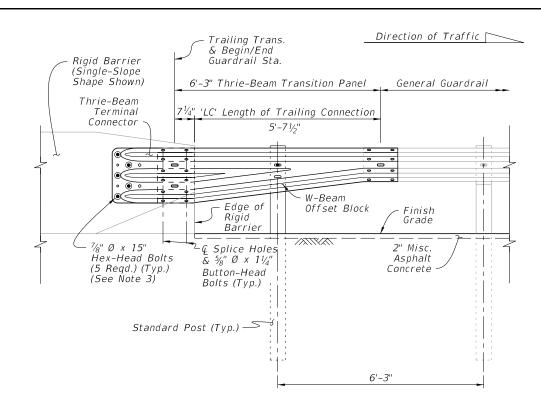




TYPE D TRAILING CONNECTION FROM RIGID BARRIER PLAN VIEW - MEDIAN OR OUTSIDE SHOULDER (Mirror Horiz. and/or Vert. for Opposite Direction and/or Side of Road)

## NOTES:

- 1. See the applicable Notes on Sheet 19. For connections with curb options, see sheet 21.
- 2. LENGTH OF TRAILING ANCHORAGE, 'LT': Install the Trailing Anchorage as shown on Sheet 9, where called for in the plans.
- 3. THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR: Install connector and bolts as shown on Sheet 17.
- 4. RIGID BARRIER SINGLE SLOPE END FACE: See Concrete Barrier Wall, Index 521-001, and Traffic Railing, Indexes 521-422 and 521-423, for details.



TRAILING END TRANSITION CONNECTION TO RIGID BARRIER - INSTALLED ELEVATION

LAYOUT TO RIGID BARRIER - TRAILING ENDS

APPROACH ENDS WITH DOUBLE FACED GUARDRAIL

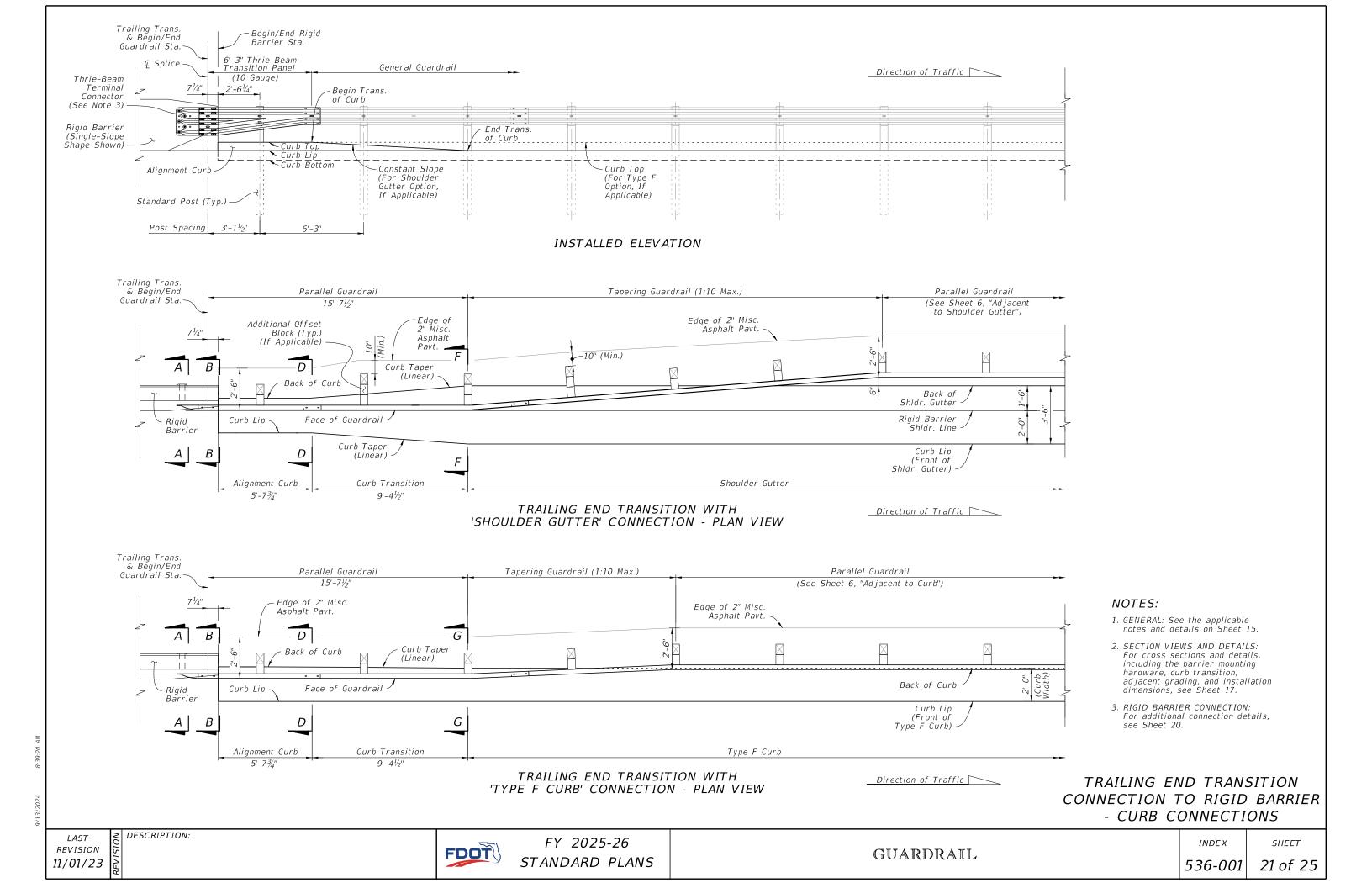
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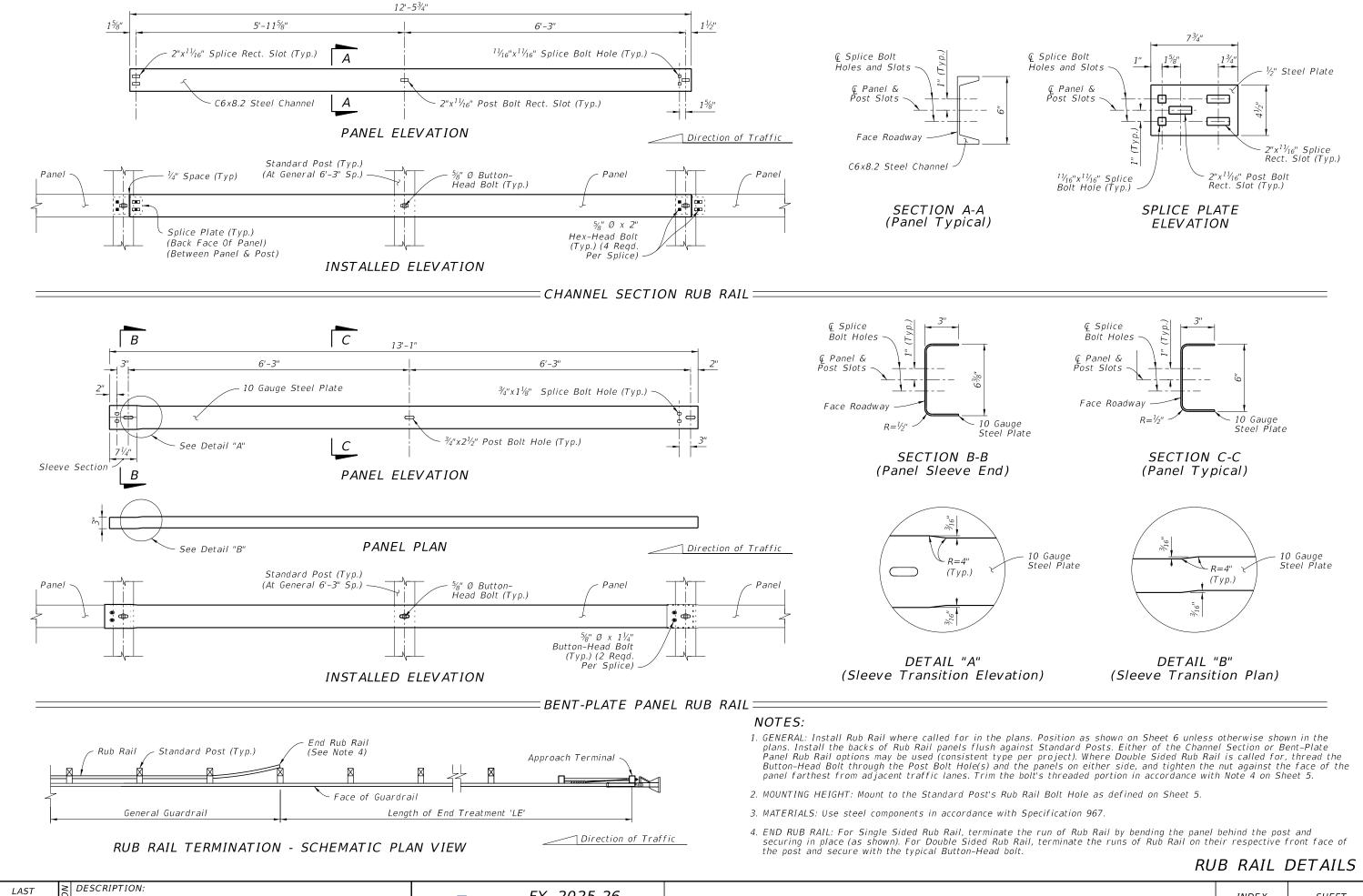
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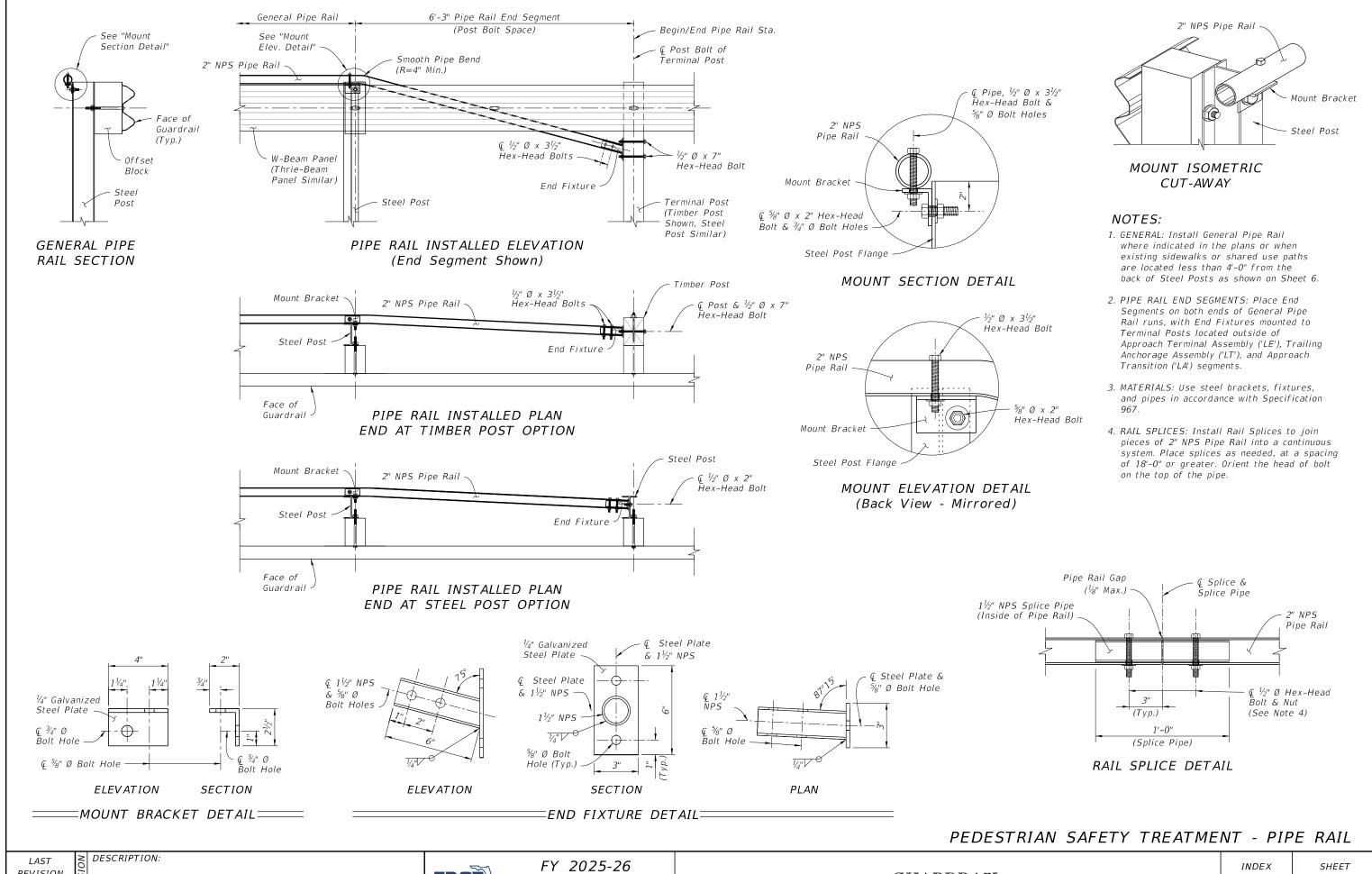
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FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

GUARDRAIL

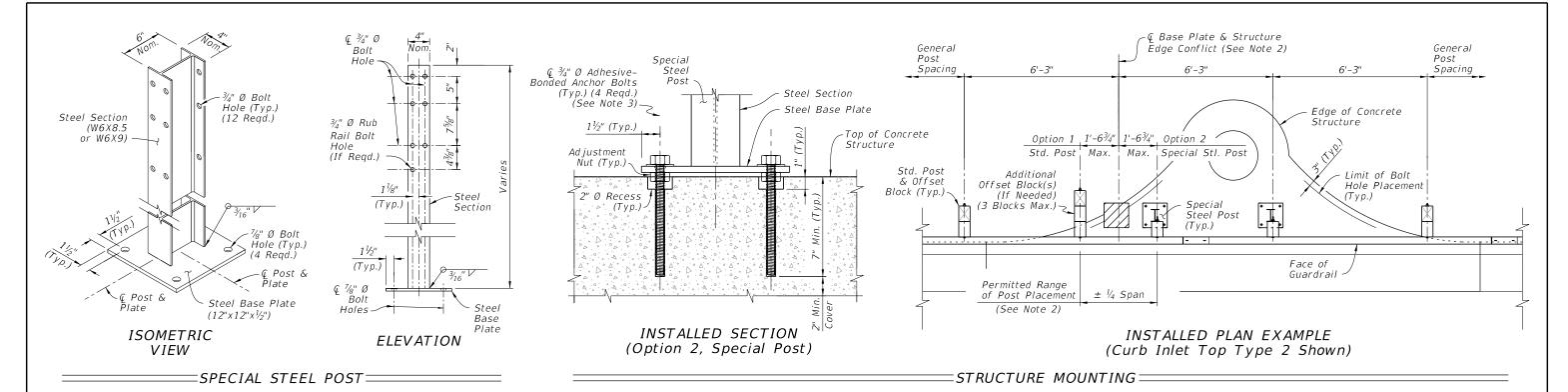
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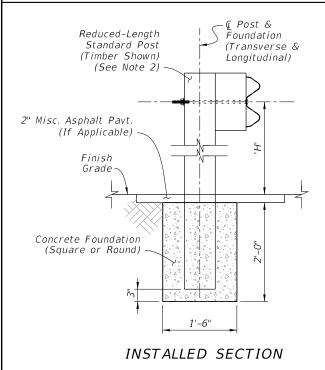
FDOT



#### NOTES:

- 1. INSTALLATION: When the construction of Guardrail at the required post spacing results in post(s) located atop culverts, inlets, pier footings, or similar concrete structures, a Special Steel Post may be substituted for a Standard Post. Install where shown in the plans and/or as-needed, in accordance with Specification 536.
- 2. EDGE CONFLICT: When a required post location causes an Edge Conflict with the structure, where the Steel Base Plate is not located entirely on the structure at least 3" from the Edge of Concrete, the longitudinal post location may be altered by up to 1'-6¾" (Quarter Span) from the original required spacing location to prevent the Edge Conflict. With the post location adjusted, use a Std. Post mounted in soil (Option 1) or a Special Steel Post with its Base Plate mounted entirely on the structure (Option 2). Maintain the original required spacing locations upstream and downstream of the structure.
- 3. BASE PLATE MOUNT: Install Special Steel Posts as shown using steel Adhesive-Bonded Anchor Bolts in accordance with Specification 536. Use  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Hex-Head Bolts for structures less than 9" deep as defined in the Specification.
- 4. PANEL MOUNT TO ADJUSTED POST: Punch additional ¾"x2½" Post Bolt Slot(s) in the W-Beam or Thrie-Beam Panel only where needed to mount the panel to a post in an adjusted location. Meet the Panel Post Bolt Slots requirements of Specification 536.
- 5. MATERIALS: Use steel base plates in accordance with Specification 536.

## SPECIAL STEEL POST FOR CONCRETE STRUCTURE MOUNT

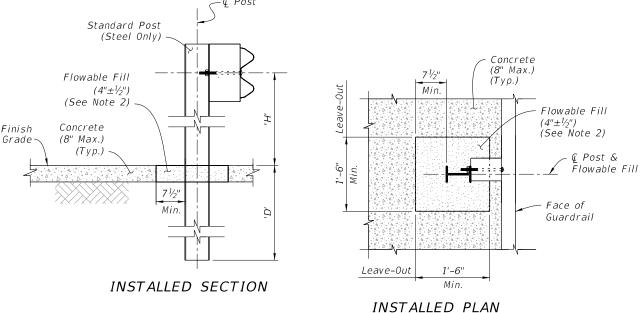


REVISION

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#### NOTES:

- 1. INSTALLATION: When the construction of Guardrail at the required post spacing results in post(s) conflicting with underground utilities or other underground obstructions, an Encased Post may be used where a 2"-0" depth will avoid the conflict. Install where shown in the plans and/or as-needed, in accordance with Specification 536.
- 2. REDUCED-LENGTH STANDARD POST: Use a Standard Post with reduced Length such that the Panel Height 'H' is maintained while the post bottom terminates 3" from the bottom of the Concrete Foundation. Typically, the Post Length 'L' is 4'-7" for W-Beam Guardrail.
- 3. FOUNDATION: Use non-reinforced Class NS Concrete material in accordance with Specification 347. After casting the concrete, ensure the surrounding soil material is completely backfilled and tamped to provide full passive resistance.
- 4. LIMIT: Encased Posts are not permitted for more than 3 consecutive posts.



## NOTES:

1. INSTALLATION: When the construction of Guardrail at the required post spacing results in post(s) placed within a concrete surface (typically a sidewalk), use a Frangible Leave-Out around the post base as shown. Install where shown in the plans and/or as-needed, in accordance with Specification 536.

Use Standard steel posts. Timber posts are not permitted for frangible leave-outs.

For the required 1'-6" x 1'-6" Leave-Out, smoothly cut the existing concrete surface or form-up the square shape when an application has new surrounding concrete.

Ensure Flowable Fill surface is smooth and even with the adjacent concrete surface.

2. MATERIALS: Use Non-Excavatable Flowable Fill in accordance with Specification 121, not to exceed 150 psi.

## ENCASED POST FOR SHALLOW MOUNT

DESCRIPTION:

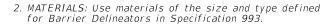
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS FRANGIBLE LEAVE-OUT FOR CONCRETE SURFACE MOUNT

INDEX

SHEET

GUARDRAIL

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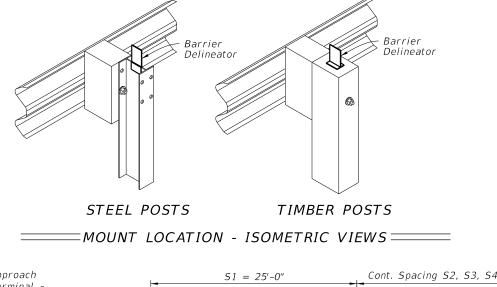
- 3. COLOR: Use either white or yellow retroreflective sheeting to match the color of the nearest lane's edgeline.
- 4. MOUNT LOCATIONS: Mount Barrier Delineators atop posts as shown, starting with Post (3) of Approach Terminals and incrementally increasing spacing towards the downstream direction. Install the Barrier Delineators at the following

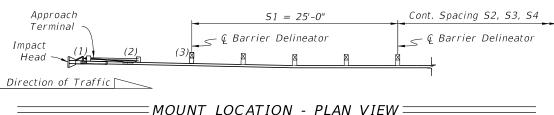
S1 = 25' x 1 Space S2 = 50' x 1 Space S3 = 75' x 1 Space

 $S4 = 100' \times for$  the Remaining Run

Additionally, place a Barrier Delineator on Post (2) of the Trailing Anchorage or on the post nearest the Rigid Barrier.

5. MEDIAN GUARDRAIL: Install retroreflective sheeting on both sides of the barrier delineator for Guardrail on





## BARRIER DELINEATORS

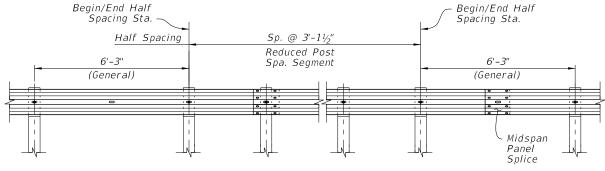
## NOTES:

1. INSTALLATION: Work these details with the plans, where Stationing for Begin/End Half Spacing and Begin/End Quarter Spacing are indicated if required.

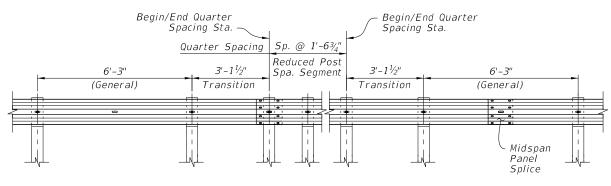
Where the Begin/End Stations indicated in the plans do not correspond exactly to post locations in construction, extend the Reduced Post Spacing segment to the nearest post(s) before the Begin Station and/or after the End Station called for.

- 2. PANEL SPLICES: Midspan Panel Splices are not required in Transition and Reduced Post Spacing segments, however they are required for General segments. To place midspan splices in General segments, use one Non-General panel length  $(9'-4\frac{1}{2}'')$  or  $15'-7\frac{1}{2}''$ ) or add an additional Transition spaced post where required.
- 3. LOW-SPEED GUARDRAIL: For Reduced Post Spacing with Low-Speed Guardrail (12'-6" post spacing), the Reduced Spacing pattern requires a 6'-3" space between the 12'-6'' and  $3'-1\frac{1}{2}''$ spaces.
- 4. PANEL POST BOLT SLOTS: For Quarter Spacing configurations, punch additional  $\frac{3}{4}$ " $\times 2^{1/2}$ " Post Bolt Slots in the panels only where required for mounting and in accordance with Specification 536.

DESCRIPTION:

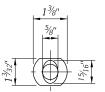


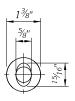
DETAIL 'S' - HALF SPACING ELEVATION (AS REQD. PER THE PLANS)

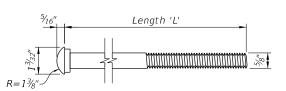


DETAIL 'S' - QUARTER SPACING ELEVATION (AS REQD. PER THE PLANS)

## REDUCED POST SPACING FOR HAZARDS





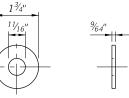


ELEVATION OPTION 1

ELEVATION OPTION 2

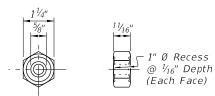
**PROFILE** (Option 1 Shown)

BUTTON-HEAD BOLT =



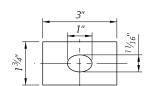
ELEVATION PROFILE

= W A S H E R =



ELEVATION PROFILE

=HEX-NUT ======



ELEVATION

**PROFILE** 

=RECTANGULAR $\,$ WASHER $\,$ (For CRT & Terminal Connectors Where Shown -Install Over Panel Face)

#### BUTTON-HEAD BOLT LENGTHS:

Application(s):	Length 'L':	Min. Thread Length:		
Panel Splice	1 1/4"	Full Length		
Steel Post Mount – Single Faced Guardrail	10"	4"		
Timber Post Mount - Single Faced Guardrail	18"	4"		
Steel or Timber Post Mount - Double Faced Guardrail	25"	4"		

## NOTES:

- 1. Use nuts, bolts, and washers in accordance with Specification 967.
- 2. For Steel Posts with Double Faced Guardrail, the single 25" Length bolt (one bolt thru both post flanges) may be replaced with two 10" Length bolts (one bolt per post flange).
- 3. Use bolts listed in Table 2 in corresponding locations shown in this Index.

**%"** BUTTON-HEAD BOLT

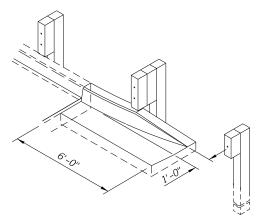
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

*INDEX* SHEET

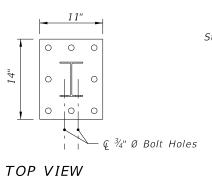
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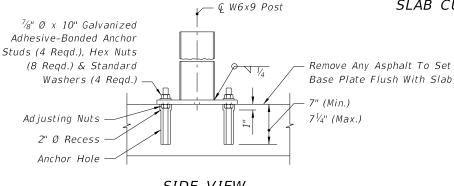
REVISION

GUARDRAIL



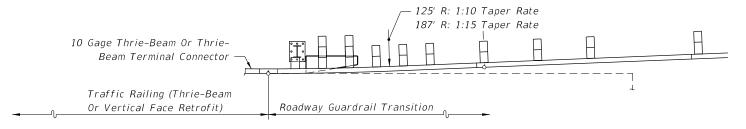
CURB TYPE F FLARE WHEN END OF EXISTING APPROACH SLAB CURB EXPOSED



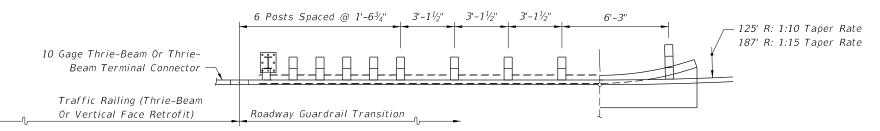


SIDE VIEW

SPECIAL STEEL POST FOR ROADWAY THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS TO BRIDGE TRAFFIC RAILING RETROFITS



#### APPROACH SLAB WITHOUT CURB



## APPROACH SLAB WITH CURB

Longitudinal Location Of Transition Blocks And Curb End Flares Will Vary With Scheme Type

PARTIAL PLAN VIEWS

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This index provides guardrail transition details for approach and trailing end guardrail connections to existing bridges, including details for connecting to traffic railing retrofits and safety shape barriers on existing bridges. Sheets 1 through 26 apply to bridges with retrofitted traffic railings (Sheet 26 shows the trailing end guardrail connections). Sheets 27 and 28 apply to bridges with safety shape traffic railing, and they provide approach and trailing end transition connection details for guardrail. Construct these guardrail transitions and connections where called for in the plans.
- 2. For miscellaneous quardrail components and construction details that are not provided in this Index, refer to Index 536-001. Place Rectangular Washers over panel face at Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector splice bolts.

## NOTES FOR GUARDRAIL TRANSITIONS CONNECTING TO TRAFFIC RAILING RETROFITS ON EXISTING BRIDGES

- 1. The transition detail shown on this sheet shows (a) the standard post spacings within the typical thrie-beam approach transitions connecting to existing bridges with retrofit traffic railings, and (b) depict the typical alignments of the approach transitions.
- 2. The curb and gutter flare shown on this sheet is typical of flares that are to be constructed when approach slab curbs extend to the beginning of the slab, and where other treatment to curb blunt ends are not in place.
- 3. The special steel post for roadway thrie-beam transitions detailed on this sheet is specific to all transition applications on this index that require one or more steel posts.

The special steel post and base plate assembly shall be fabricated in accordance with Specification 967.

Anchor studs shall be fully threaded rods in accordance with ASTM F1554 Grade 36 or ASTM A193 Grade B7. All nuts shall be heavy hex in accordance with ASTM A563 or ASTM A19

4. Anchor studs and nuts shall be hot-dip zinc coated in accordance with the Specifications. After the nuts have been snug tightened, the anchor stud threads shall be single punch distorted immediately above the top nuts to prevent loosening of the nuts. Distorted threads shall be coated with a galvanizing compound in accordance with the Specifications.

Adhesive bonding material systems for anchors shall comply with Specification 937 and be installed in accordance with Specification 416.4. Nested beam extensions and points for terminal connector attachments will vary for traffic railing barrier vertical face retrofits. The plan views for the vertical face retrofit barriers show the primary configurations for each particular scheme. The associated pictorial views show the variations.

5. For installing thrie-beam terminal connector to traffic railing vertical face retrofits, see notations on Sheets 15 through 18 and the flag notation on Sheet 26.

LAST REVISION 11/01/24

DESCRIPTION:

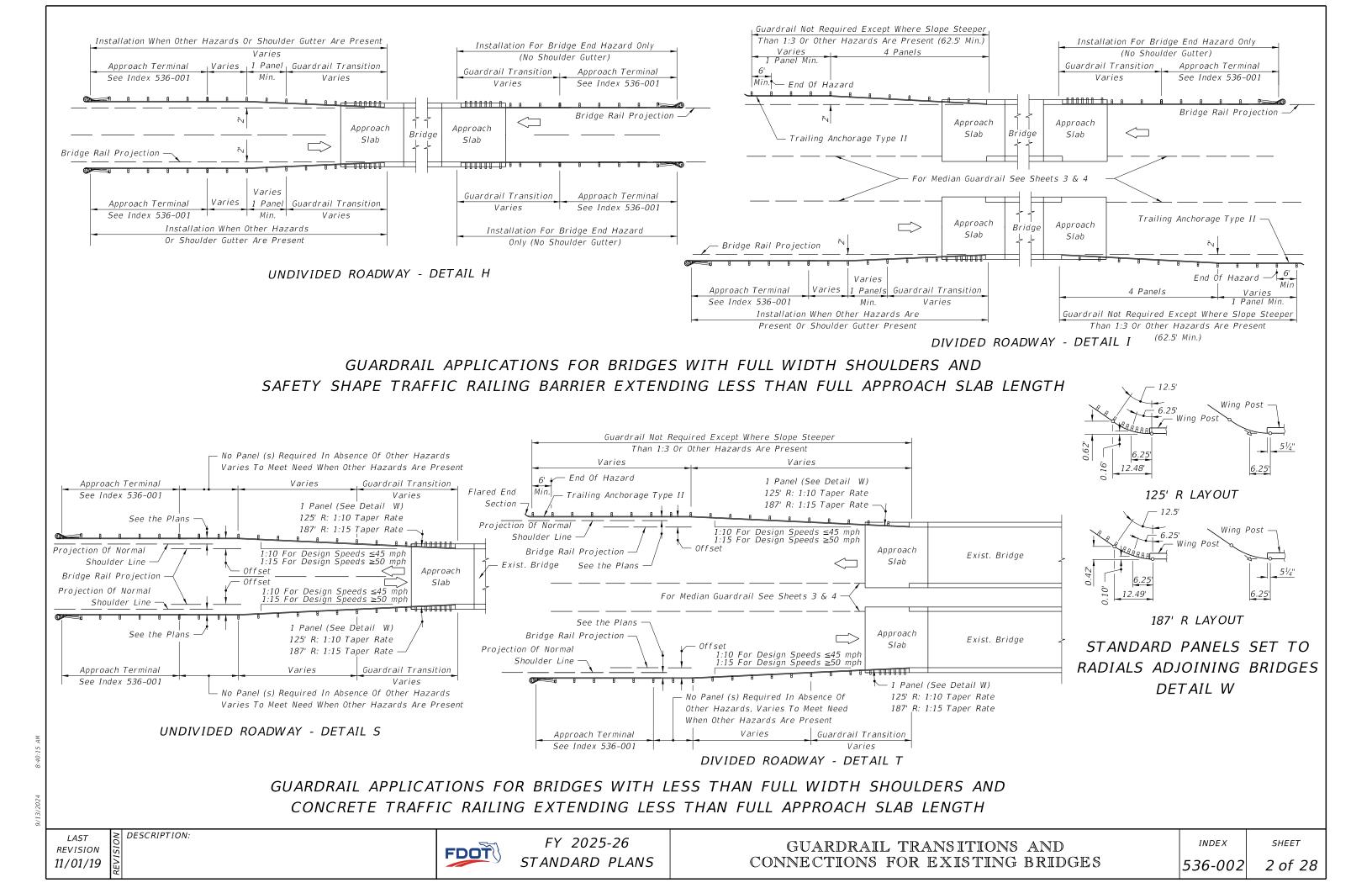
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

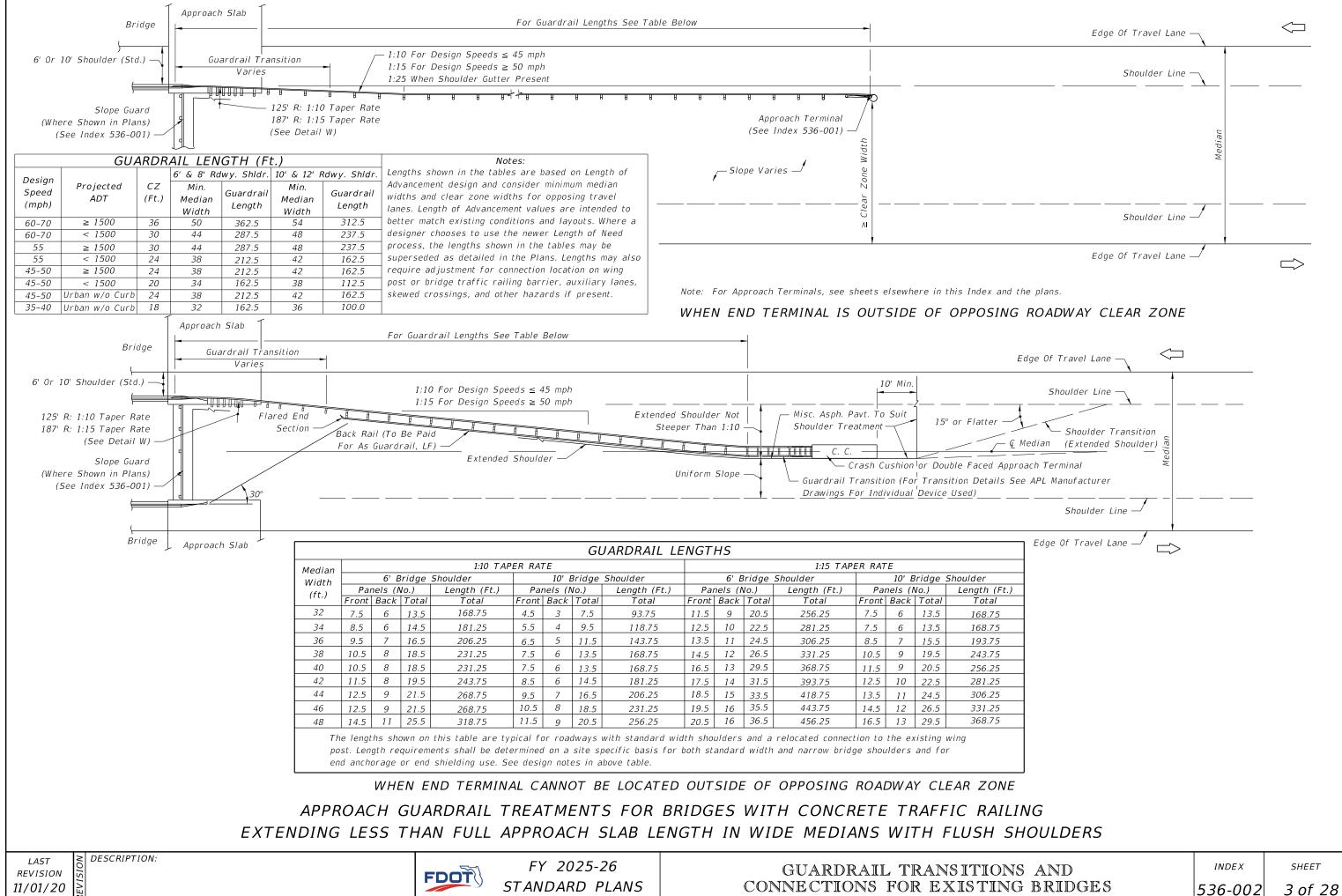
GUARDRAIL TRANSITION ALIGNMENTS FOR BRIDGE THRIE-BEAM AND VERTICAL FACE TRAFFIC RAILING RETROFIT

INDEX

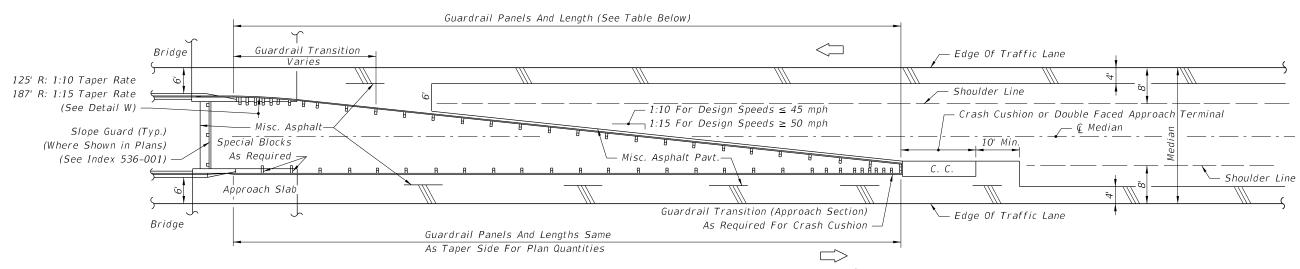
SHEET

*536-002* 1 of 28





## MEDIANS WITH 10' BRIDGE SHOULDERS



## MEDIANS WITH 6' BRIDGE SHOULDERS

Note: The guardrail configurations shown apply only to parallel or near parallel bridges with open medians.

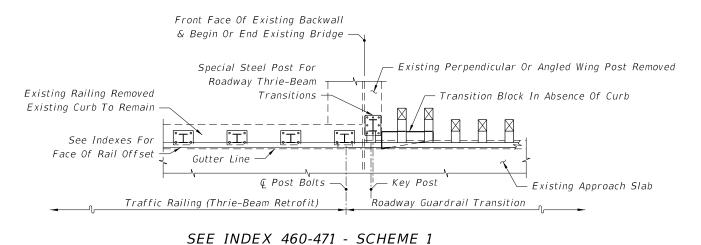
GUARDRAIL LENGTHS												
MEDIAN	6' BRIDGE SHOULDERS				10' BRIDGE SHOULDERS							
WIDTH	1:10 TAPER RATE		1:15 TAPER RATE		1:10 TAPER RATE		1:15 TAPER RATE					
(Ft.)	PANELS (No.)	LENGTH (Ft.)	PANELS (No.)	LENGTH (Ft.)	PANELS (No.)	LENGTH (Ft.)	PANELS (No.)	LENGTH (Ft.)				
30	12.5	156.25	18.5	231.25	6.5	81.25	9.5	118.75				
28	11.5	143.75	16.5	206.25	5.5	68.75	7.5	93.75				
26	9.5	118.75	14.5	181.25	5.5*	68.75	5.5*	68.75				
24	8.5	106.25	11.5	143.75	5.5*	68.75	5.5*	68.75				

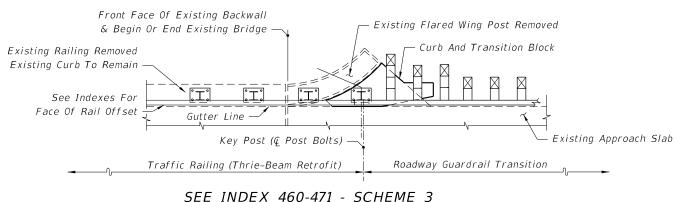
The lengths shown in this table are based on standard widths for roadway and bridge median shoulders. Length requirements for both standard width and narrow bridge shoulders and end anchorage or end shielding requirements shall be determined on a site specific basis. The number of panels may be reduced when installing a crash cushion more than 2.5' in width; see \* below.

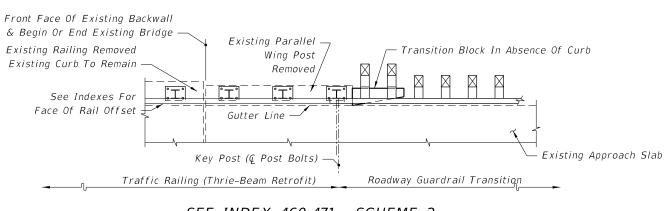
\*Number shown is the minimum number of panels plus a W-Thrie beam transition panel; single faced guardrail must have a length of five (5) or more panels.

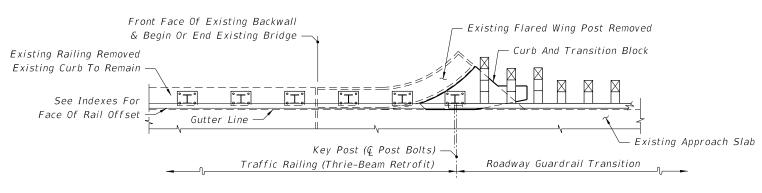
# APPROACH GUARDRAIL TREATMENTS FOR BRIDGES WITH CONCRETE TRAFFIC RAILING EXTENDING LESS THAN FULL APPROACH SLAB LENGTH IN NARROW MEDIANS WITH FLUSH SHOULDERS

DESCRIPTION:









SEE INDEX 460-471 - SCHEME 3

SEE INDEX 460-471 - SCHEME 2

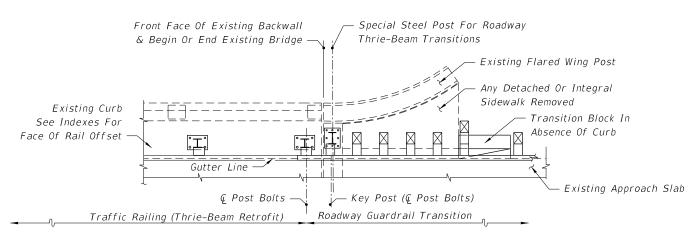
PARTIAL PLAN VIEWS OF GUARDRAIL APPROACH TRANSITIONS AND CONNECTIONS FOR BRIDGE TRAFFIC RAILING (THRIE-BEAM RETROFIT)

REVISION 11/01/19

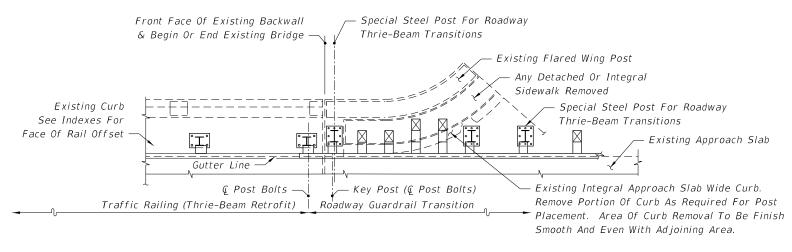
DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

#### SEE INDEXES 460-472 & 460-475 - SCHEME 2



#### SEE INDEXES 460-472 & 460-475 - SCHEME 2



SEE INDEXES 460-472 & 460-475 - SCHEME 2

# PARTIAL PLAN VIEWS OF GUARDRAIL APPROACH TRANSITIONS AND CONNECTIONS FOR BRIDGE TRAFFIC RAILING (THRIE-BEAM RETROFIT)

REVISION 11/01/19

DESCRIPTION:

Front Face Of Existing Backwall

II.

Gutter Line

Traffic Railing (Thrie-Beam Retrofit)

Existing Curb

See Indexes For

Face Of Rail Offset

& Begin Or End Existing Bridge -

© Post Bolts

SEE INDEXES 460-472 & 460-475 - SCHEME 1

Existing Perpendicular Or Angled Wing Post

Transition Block In Absence Of Curb

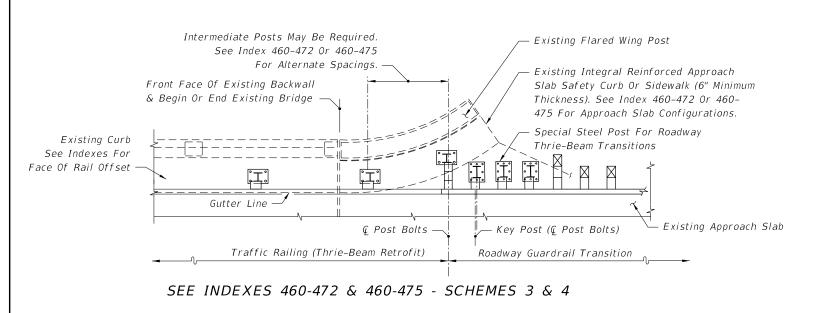
- Existing Approach Slab

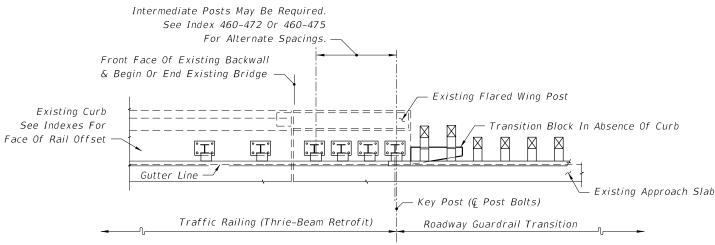
Special Steel Post For Roadway

Thrie-Beam Transitions

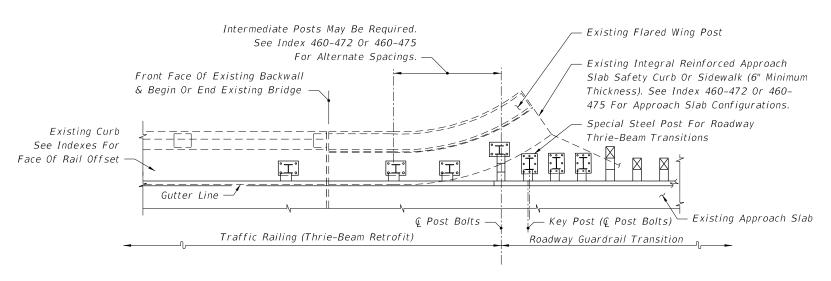
Key Post (@ Post Bolts)

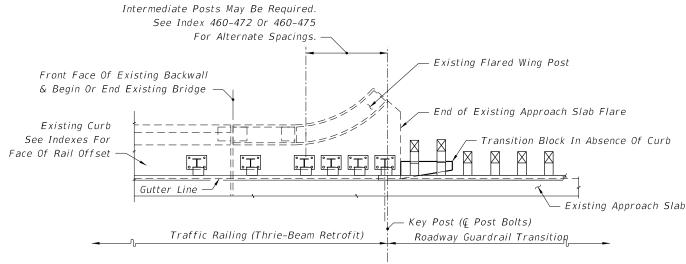
Roadway Guardrail Transition





SEE INDEXES 460-472 & 460-475 - SCHEMES 5 & 6





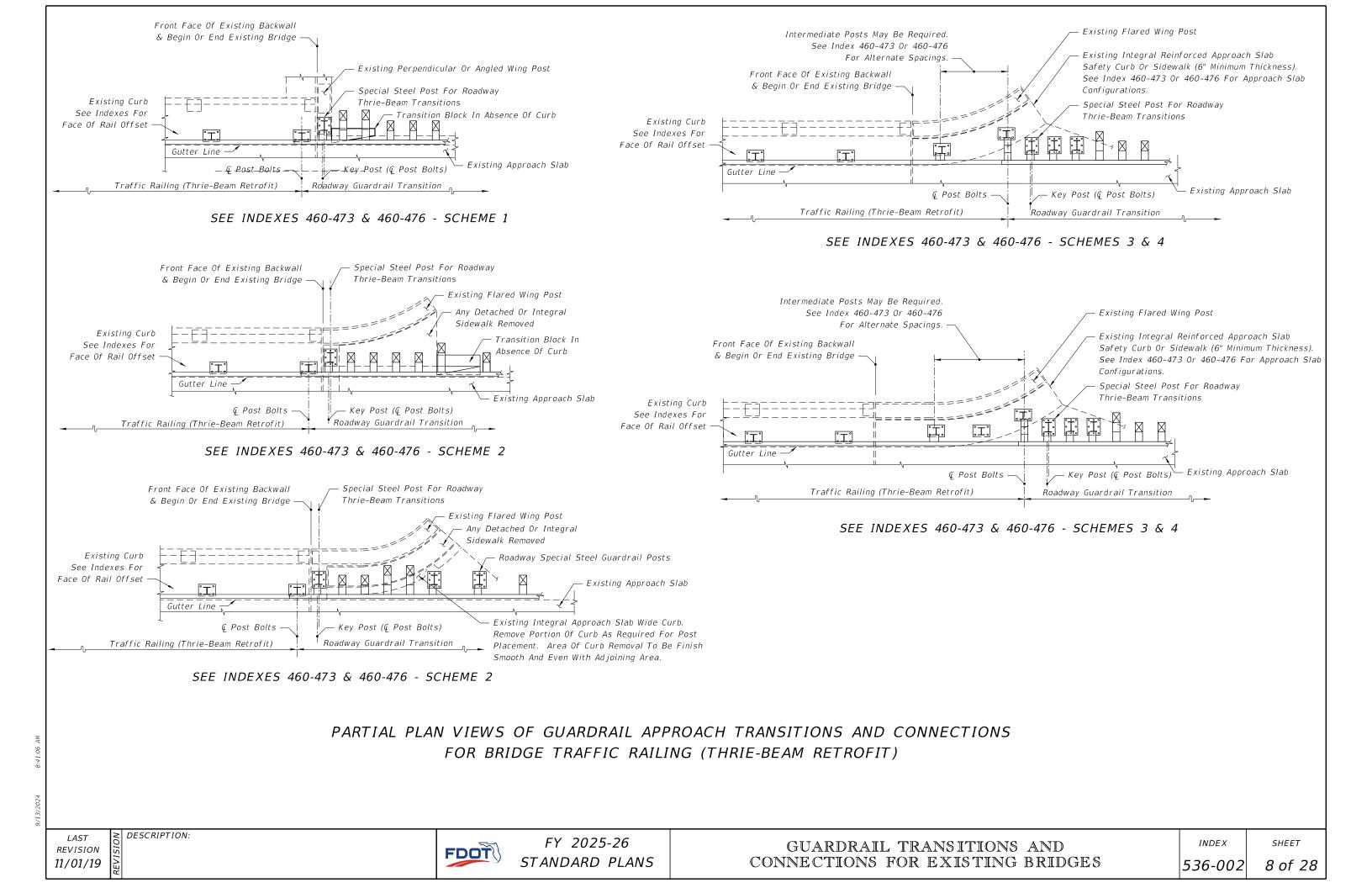
SEE INDEXES 460-472 & 460-475 - SCHEMES 3 & 4 SEE INDEXES 460-472 & 460-475 - SCHEMES 5 & 6

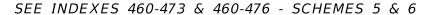
> PARTIAL PLAN VIEWS OF GUARDRAIL APPROACH TRANSITIONS AND CONNECTIONS FOR BRIDGE TRAFFIC RAILING (THRIE-BEAM RETROFIT)

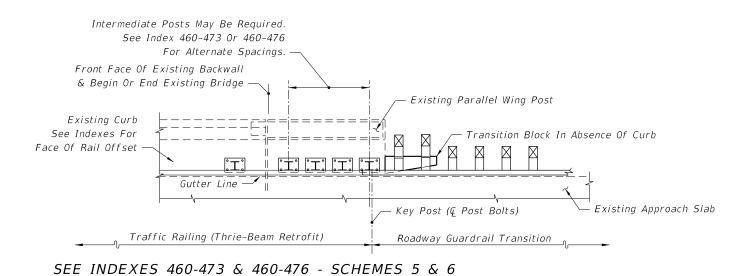
LAST REVISION 11/01/19

DESCRIPTION:







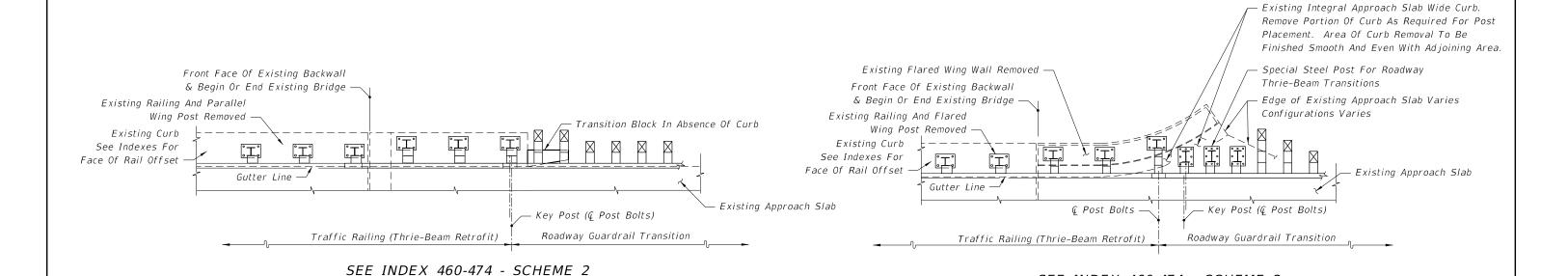


PARTIAL PLAN VIEWS OF GUARDRAIL APPROACH TRANSITIONS AND CONNECTIONS FOR BRIDGE TRAFFIC RAILING (THRIE-BEAM RETROFIT)

REVISION 11/01/19

DESCRIPTION:

SEE INDEX 460-474 - SCHEME 1



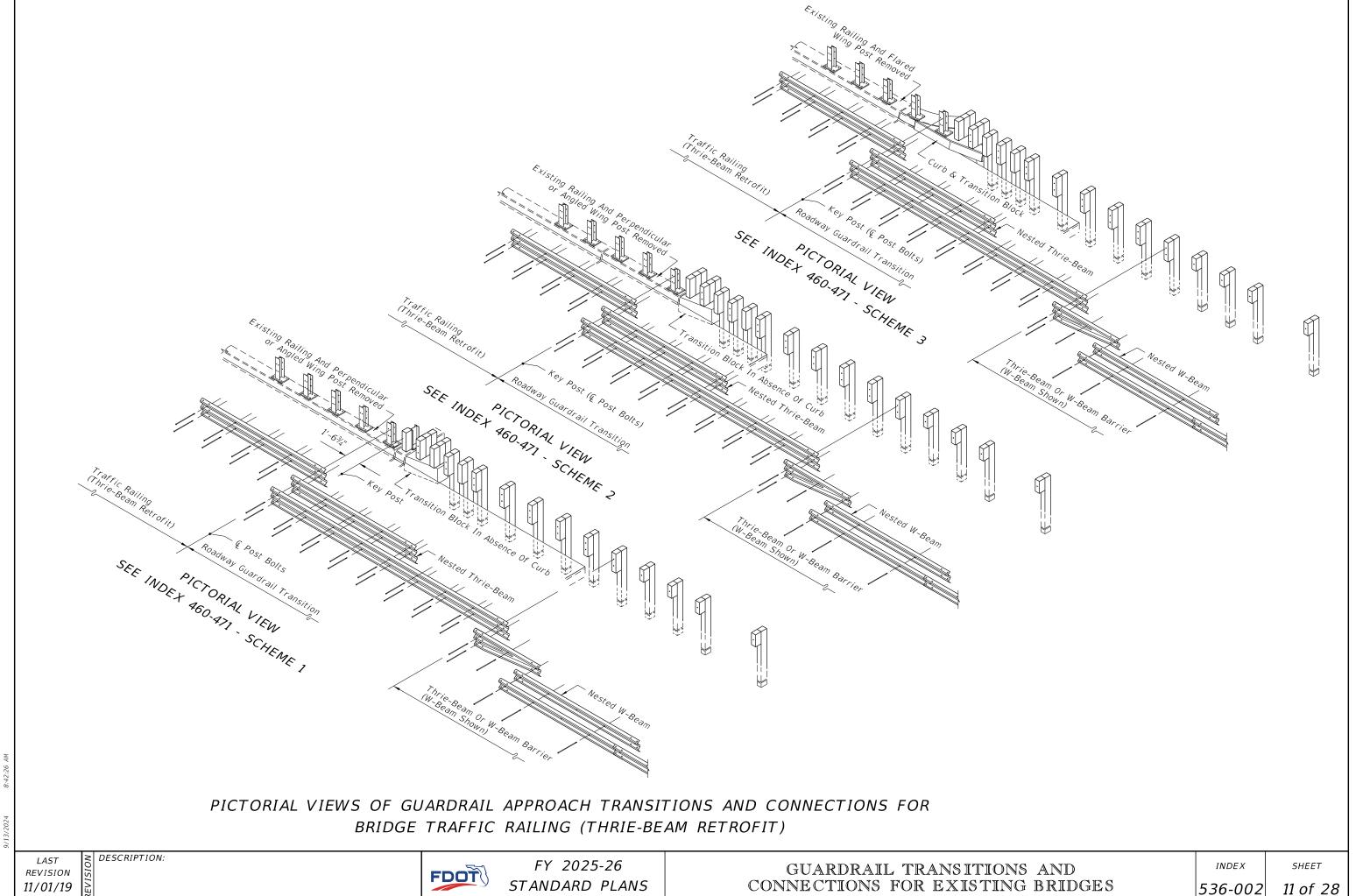
PARTIAL PLAN VIEWS OF GUARDRAIL APPROACH TRANSITIONS AND CONNECTIONS FOR BRIDGE TRAFFIC RAILING (THRIE-BEAM RETROFIT)

LAST REVISION 11/01/19

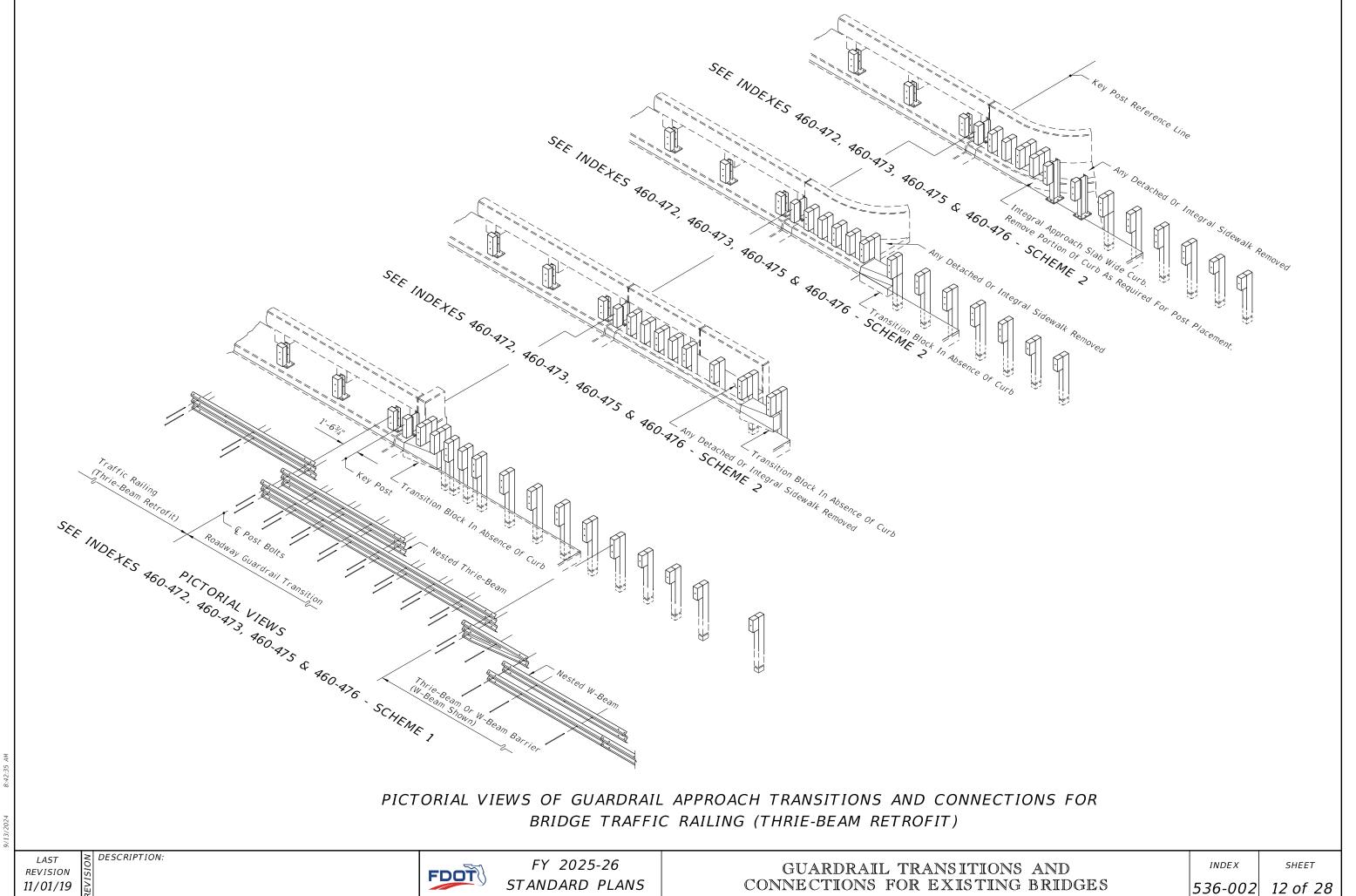
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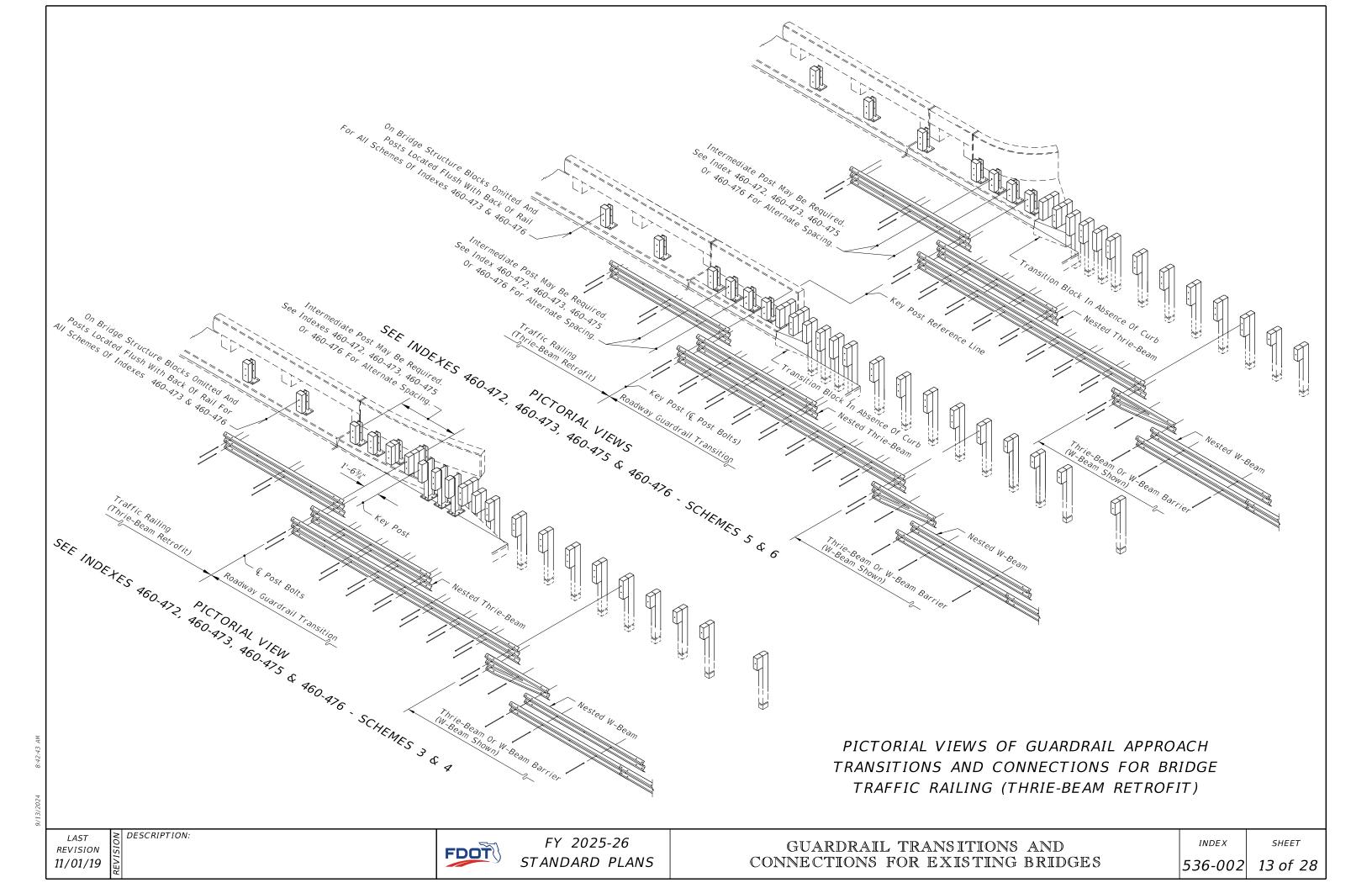
FDOT

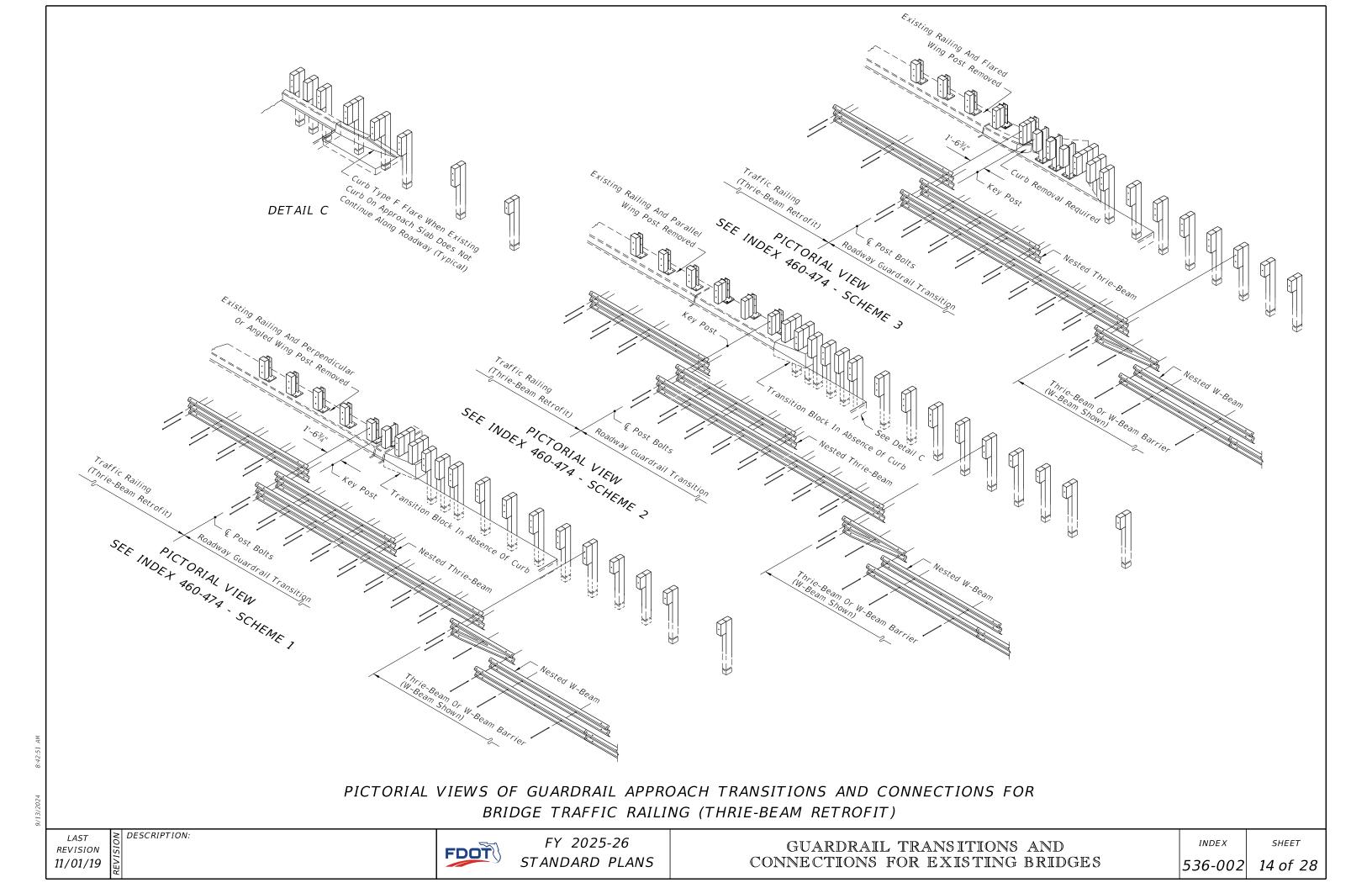
SEE INDEX 460-474 - SCHEME 3

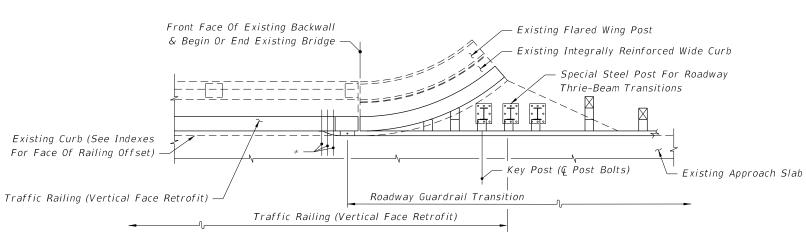


STANDARD PLANS

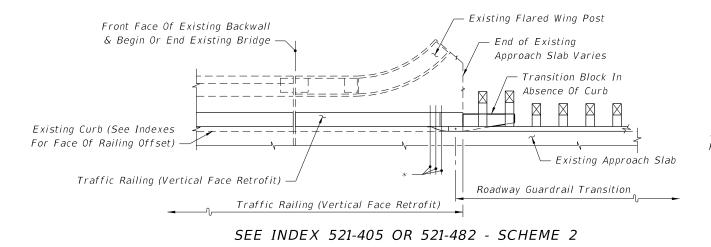


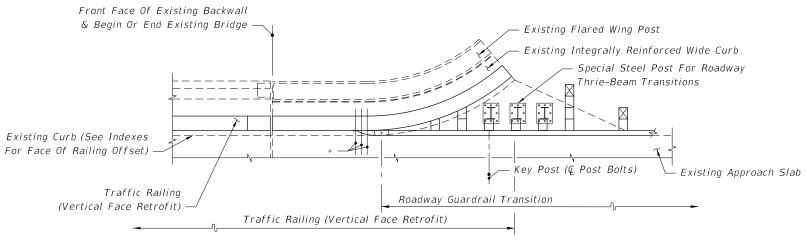






SEE INDEX 521-405 OR 521-482 - SCHEME 3





SEE INDEX 521-405 OR 521-482 - SCHEME 3

Note:

\*21" x 12" x  $\frac{5}{8}$ " Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector Plate (Back-Up Plate), And  $\frac{7}{8}$ "Ø x 12" Long HS Hex Bolts And Nuts (5 Reqd.) With  $\frac{21}{4}$ " OD Plain Round Washers Under Heads And Nuts

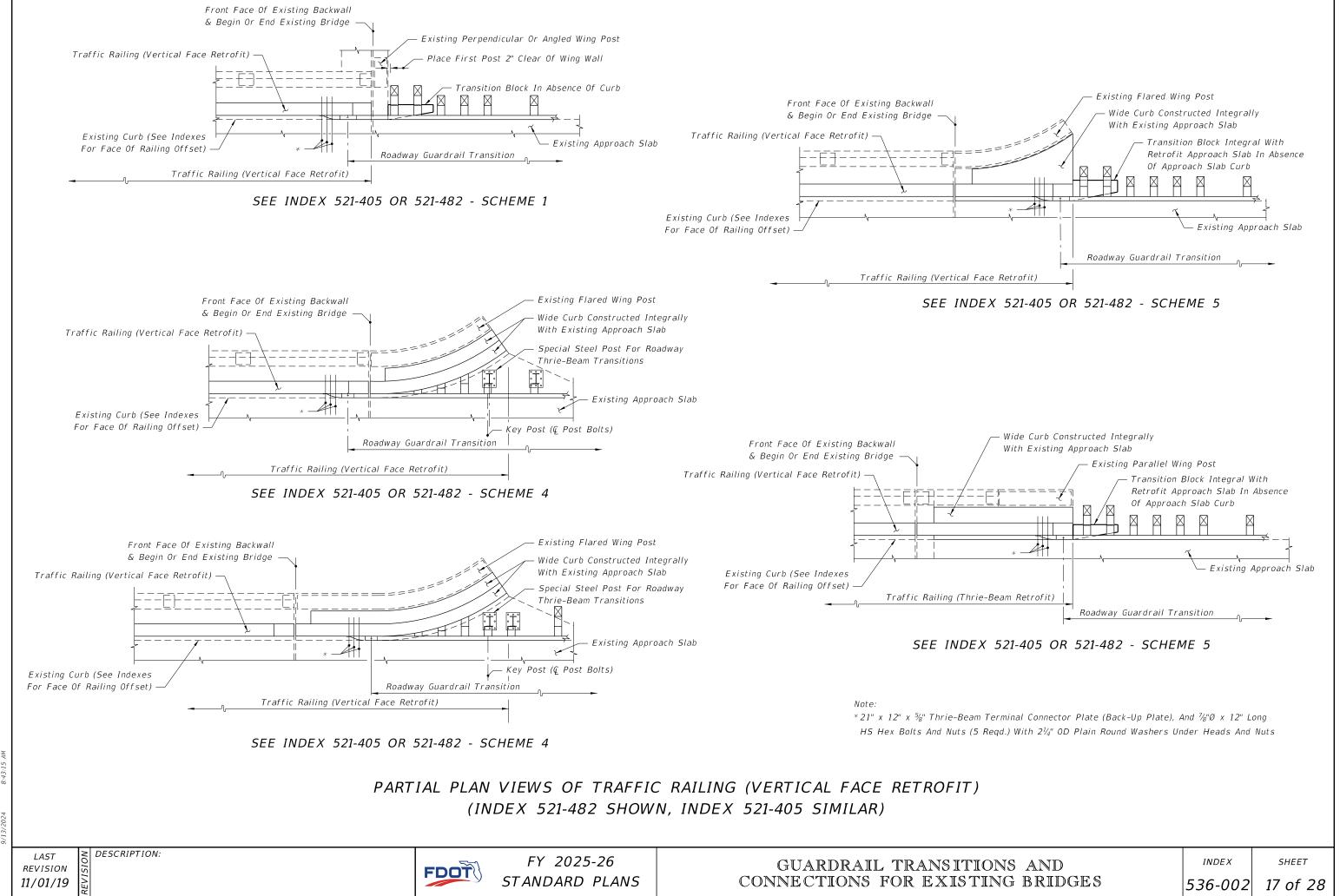
PARTIAL PLAN VIEWS OF TRAFFIC RAILING (VERTICAL FACE RETROFIT)
(INDEX 521-482 SHOWN, INDEX 521-405 SIMILAR)

9/13/2024

LAST REVISION 11/01/19

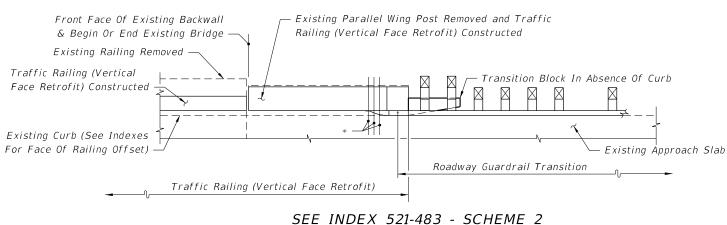
DESCRIPTION:

FDOT



Existing Curb (See Indexes

For Face Of Railing Offset)



Front Face Of Existing Backwall & Begin Or End Existing Bridge Existing Flared Wing Post Removed And Traffic Railing (Vertical Face Retrofit) Constructed. Existing Railing Removed Special Steel Post For Roadway And Traffic Railing (Vertical Thrie-Beam Transitions Face Retrofit) Constructed Edge of Approach Slab Varies See Structures Index 460-474 For Approach Slab Configurations. Existing Curb (See Indexes Key Post (& Post Bolts) — For Face Of Railing Offset) Existing Approach Slab Roadway Guardrail Transition Traffic Railing (Vertical Face Retrofit)

SEE INDEX 521-483 - SCHEME 3

Key Post (@ Post Bolts) —

SEE INDEX 521-483 - SCHEME 3

Traffic Railing (Vertical Face Retrofit)

Roadway Guardrail Transition

Note:

\*21" x 12" x  $\frac{5}{8}$ " Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector Plate (Back-Up Plate), And  $\frac{7}{8}$ "Ø HS Hex Bolts And Nuts (12" Long For Scheme 1 And Length To Fit For Schemes 2 And 3) (5 Regd.) With  $2\frac{1}{4}$ " OD Plain Round Washers Under Heads And Nuts

PARTIAL PLAN VIEWS OF TRAFFIC RAILING (VERTICAL FACE RETROFIT)

LAST REVISION 11/01/19

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

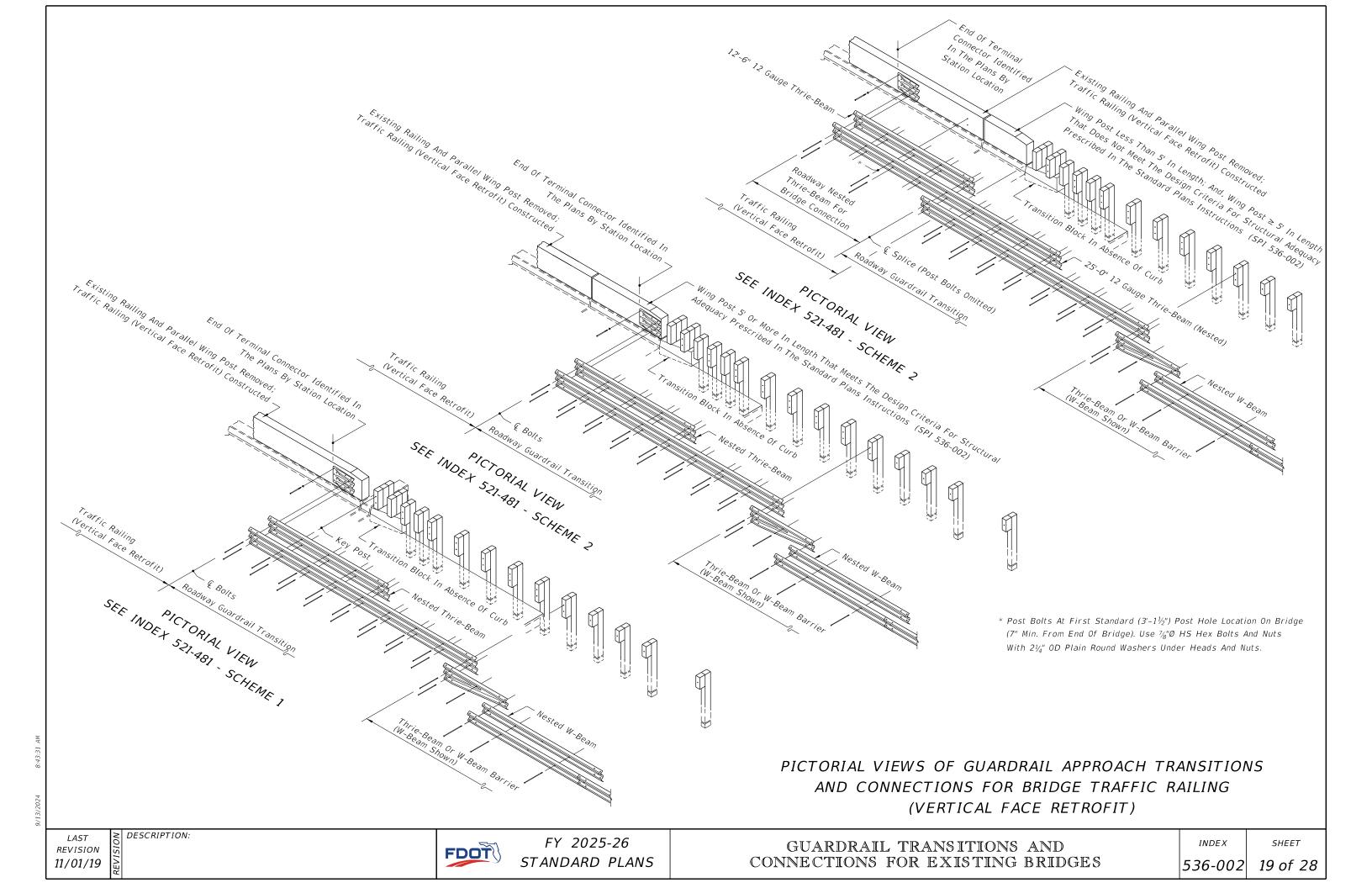
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS INDEX

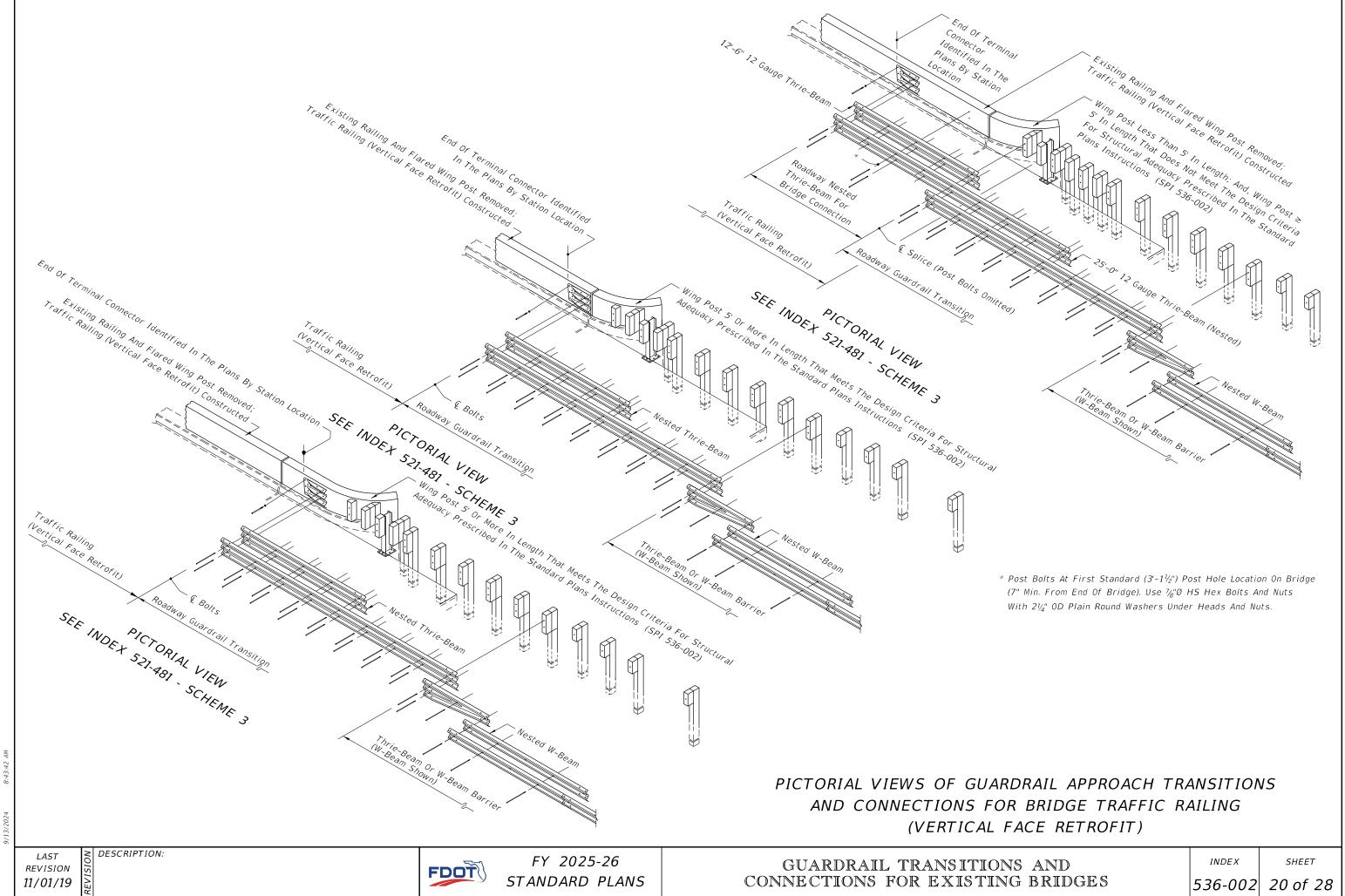
See Structures Index 460-474
For Approach Slab Configurations.

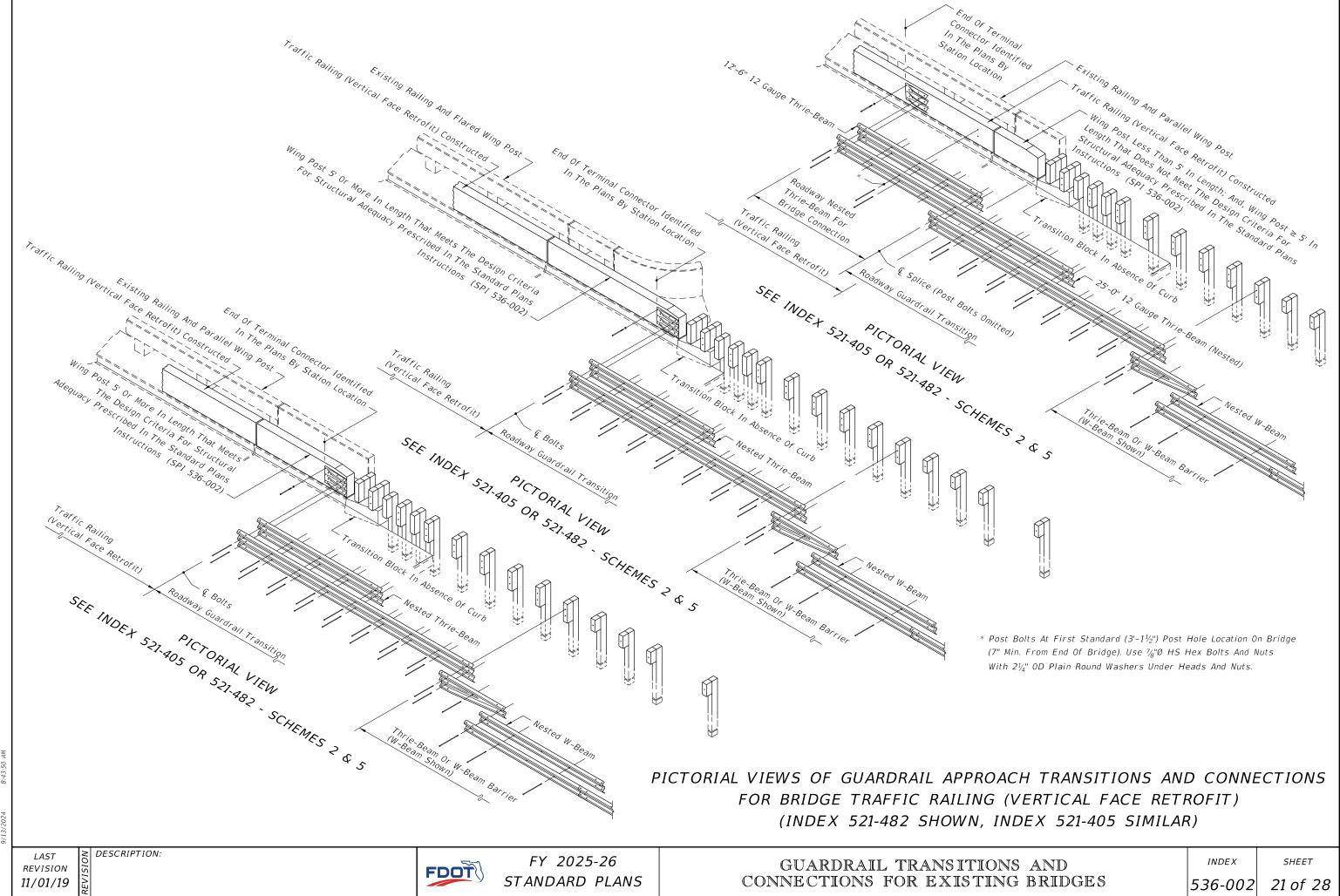
Existing Approach Slab

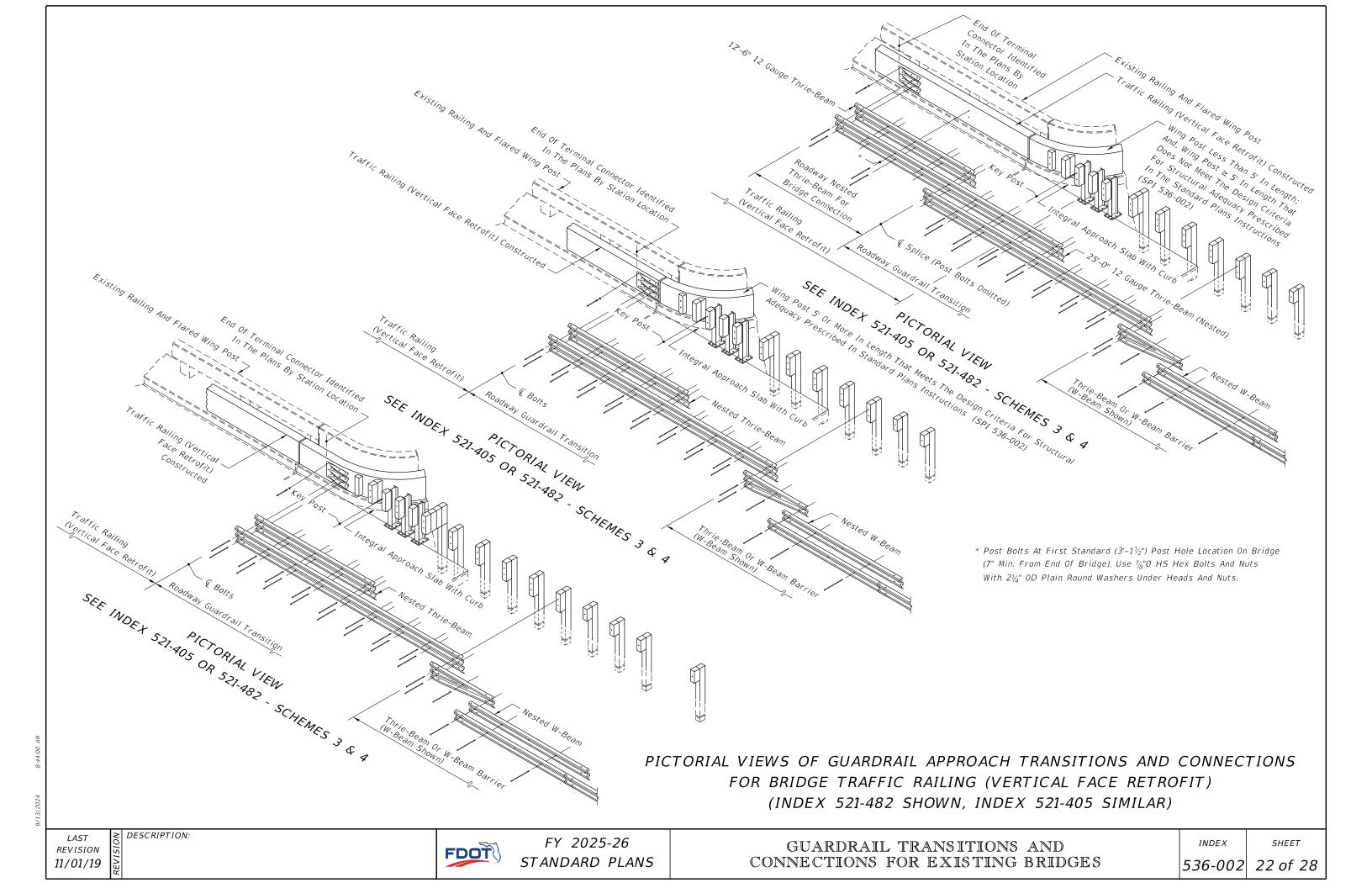
SHEET

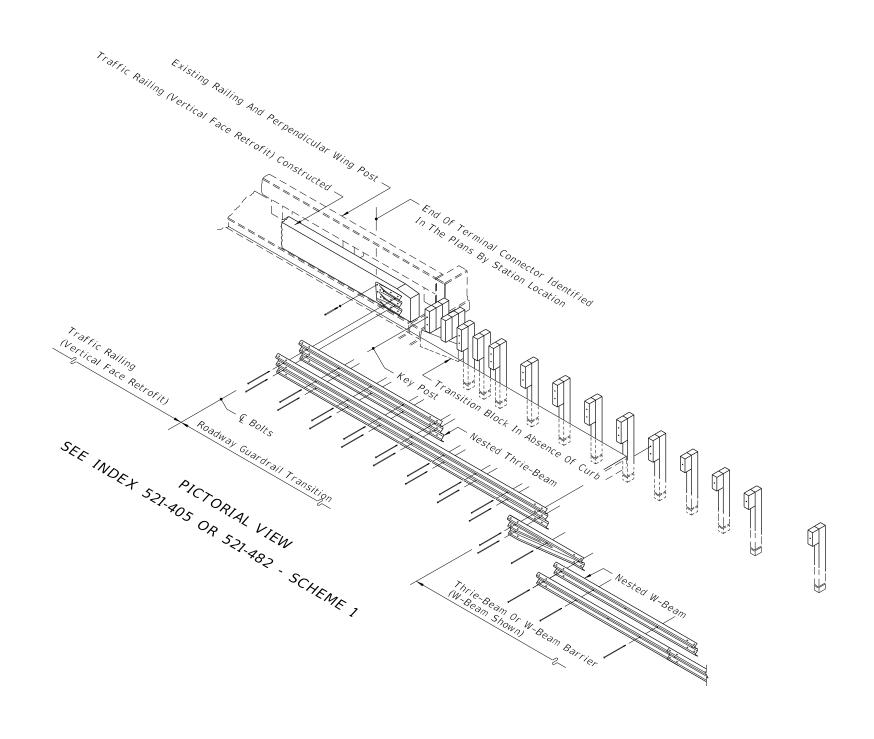
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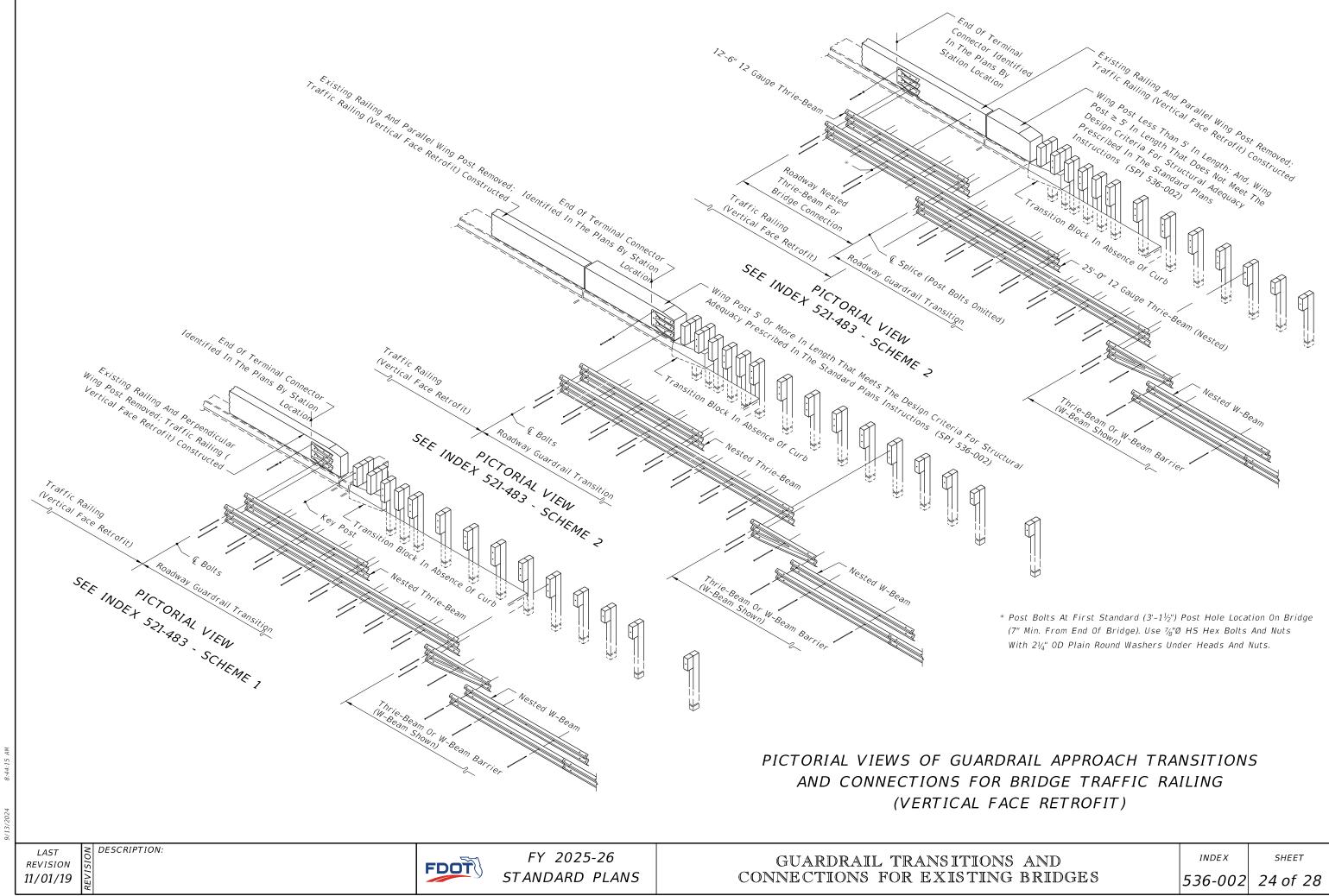


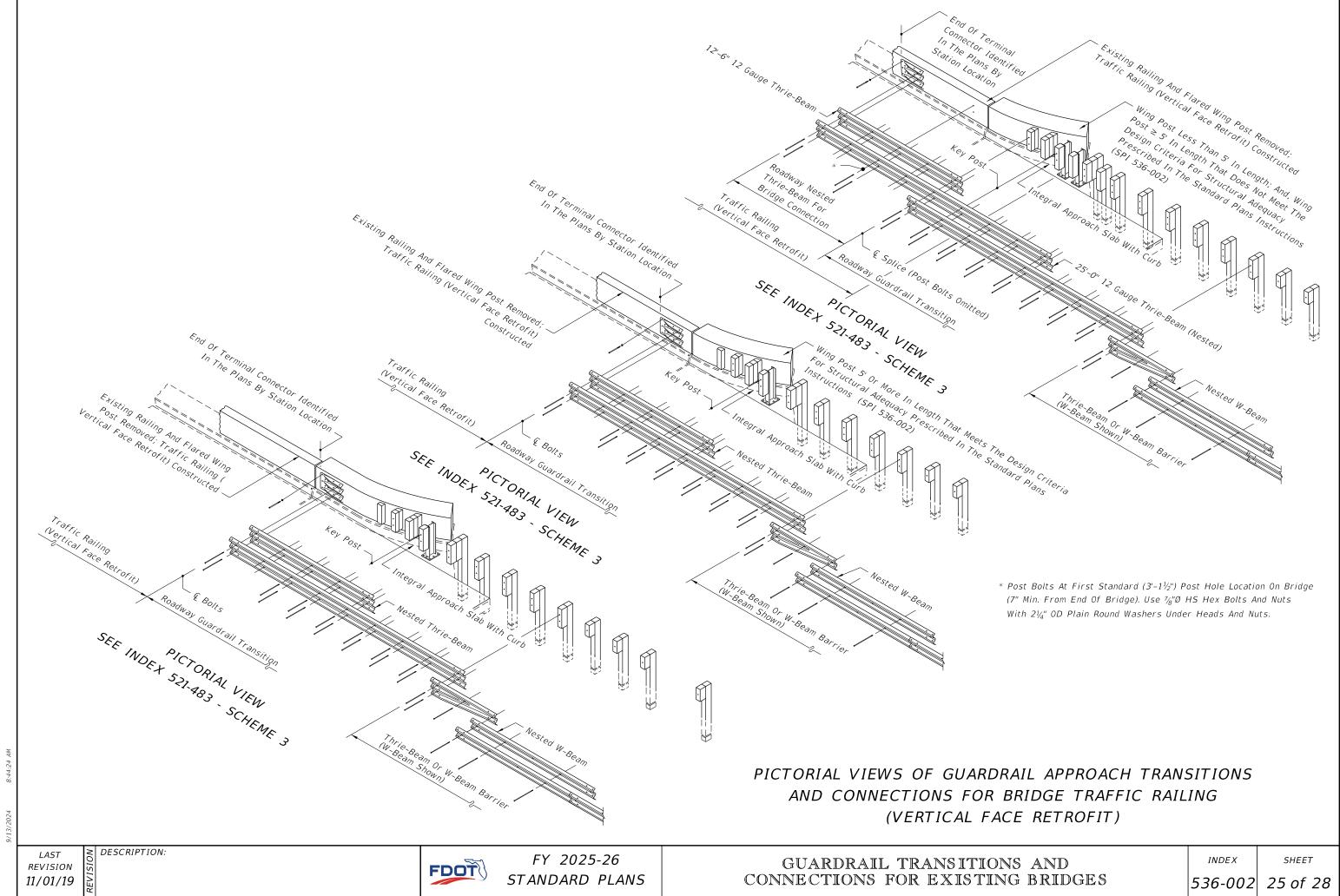
PICTORIAL VIEWS OF GUARDRAIL APPROACH TRANSITIONS AND CONNECTIONS FOR BRIDGE TRAFFIC RAILING (VERTICAL FACE RETROFIT) (INDEX 521-482 SHOWN, INDEX 521-405 SIMILAR)

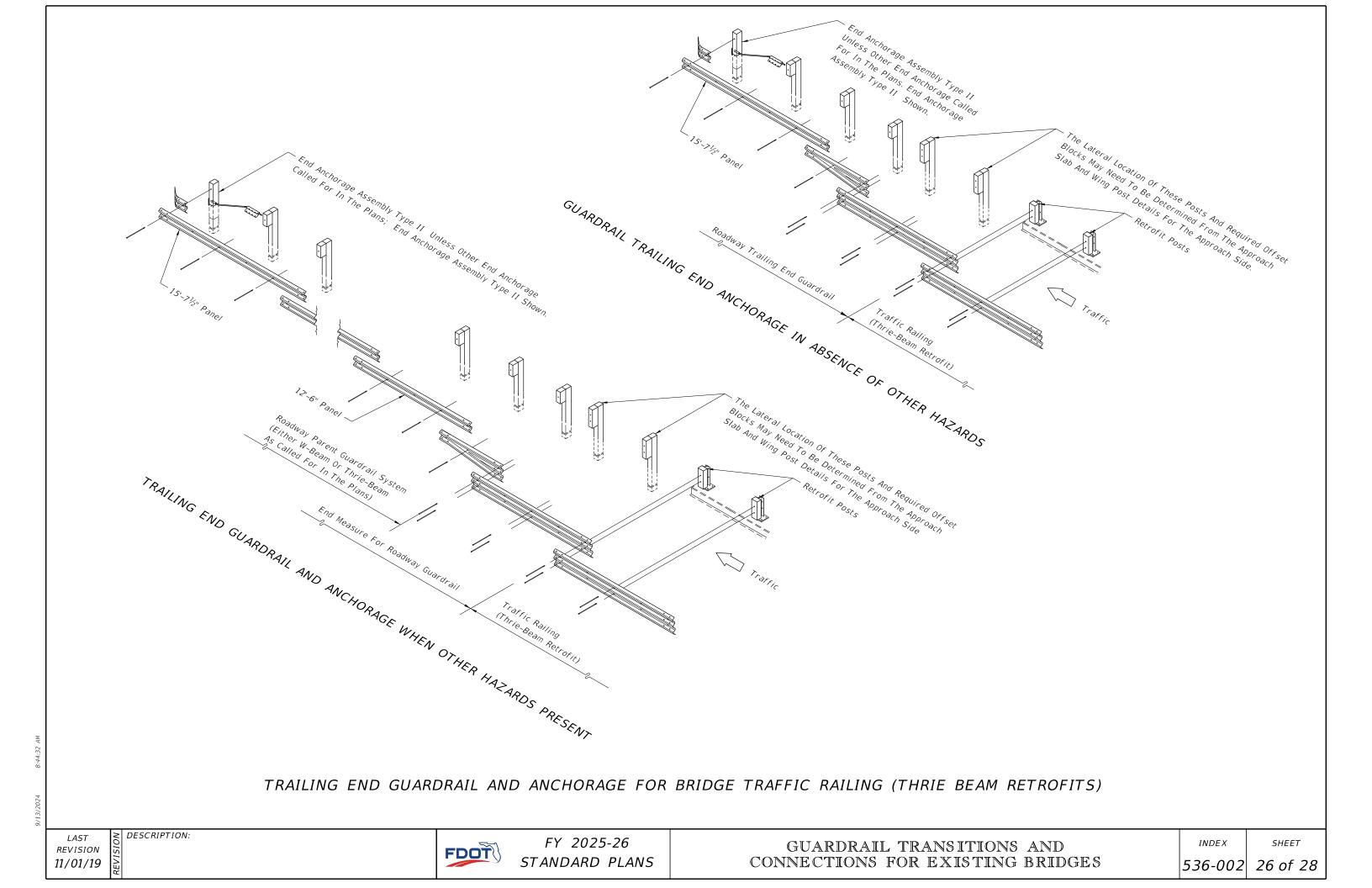
REVISION 11/01/19

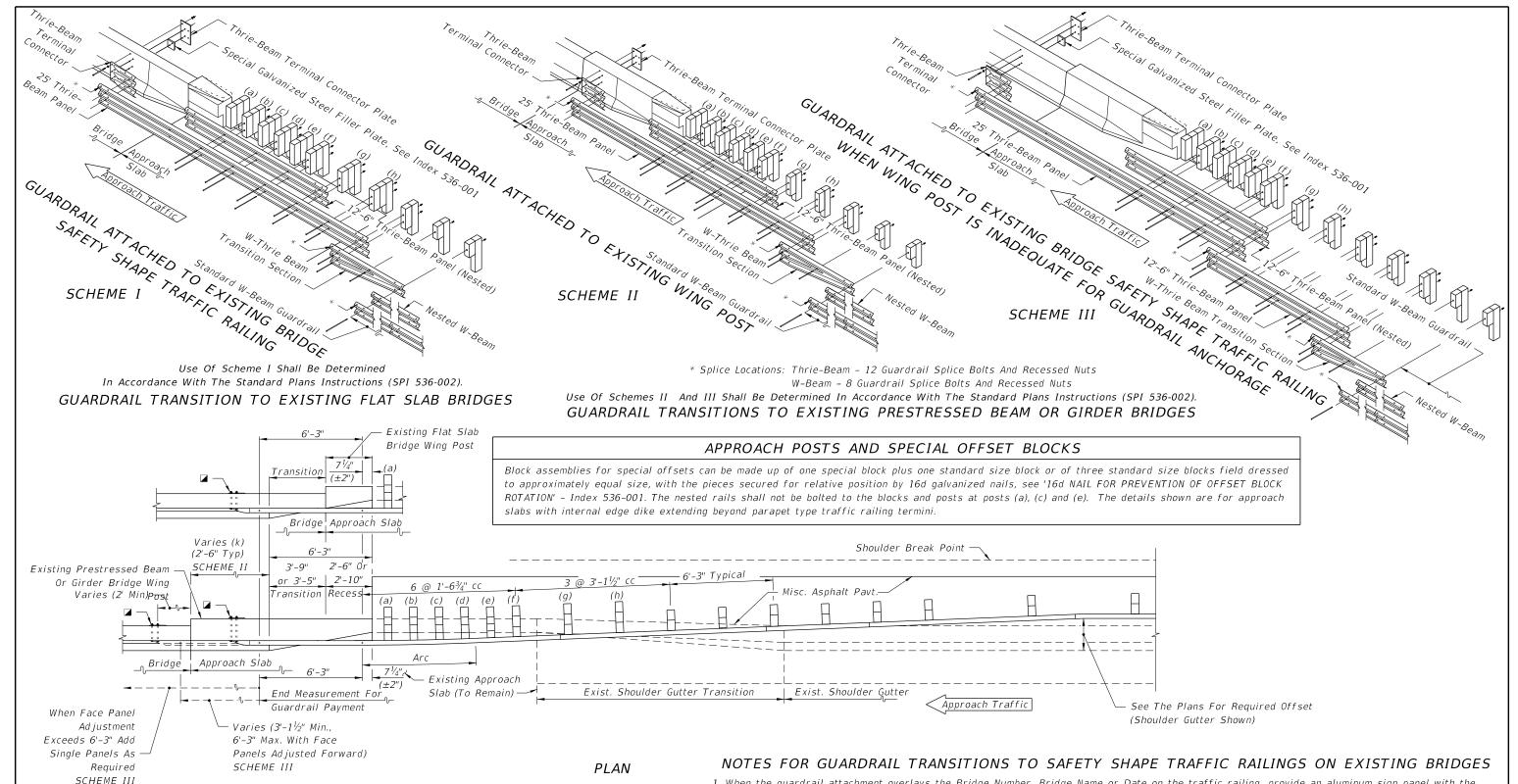
DESCRIPTION:

FDOT









🖬 21"x12"x¾" Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector Plate (Back-Up Plate), And ¾"Ø x 18" Long [15" Long With 3½" Min. Thread Length For Bridge Safety Shape Railing] HS Hex Bolts And Nuts (5 Regd.) With 21/4" OD Plain Round Washers Under Heads And Nuts. [When Attaching Guardrail To Existing Wing Posts Or Bridge Rails, Care Should Be Exercised To Avoid Damaging Conduits And Their Utilities That May Be Routed Through Wing Posts Or Bridge Rails. When Conduits And Their Utilities Are Encountered, At Least Five  $\frac{7}{8}$ " HS Hex Bolts Shall Be Installed In Any Of The Seven Holes Provided In The Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector.]

- 1. When the guardrail attachment overlays the Bridge Number, Bridge Name or Date on the traffic railing, provide an aluminum sign panel with the obscured information. Attach the sign panel to the face of the traffic railing adjacent to the Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector with 1/4"0 x 1" long concrete screws or expansion anchors at each corner, as approved by the Engineer. The sign panel shall be a minimum  $V_{16}$ " thick and meet the requirements of Specification 700 with a white background and 3" tall black letters and sized appropriately to contain the information required. The cost of the sign panel shall be included in the cost of the Guardrail Bridge Anchorage Assembly.
- 2. When retrofitting thrie-beam guardrail to existing wing posts or existing bridge safety shape traffic railing, attachment construction to be paid for under the contract unit price for Guardrail Bridge Anchorage Assembly, EA., and shall be full compensation for bolt hole construction, terminal connector, terminal connector plate(s) and bolts, nuts and washers.

GUARDRAIL APPROACH TRANSITION CONNECTIONS FOR EXISTING FLAT SLAB, PRESTRESSED BEAM AND GIRDER BRIDGES WITH SAFETY SHAPE TRAFFIC RAILING EXTENDING LESS THAN FULL APPROACH SLAB LENGTH

REVISION 11/01/24

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

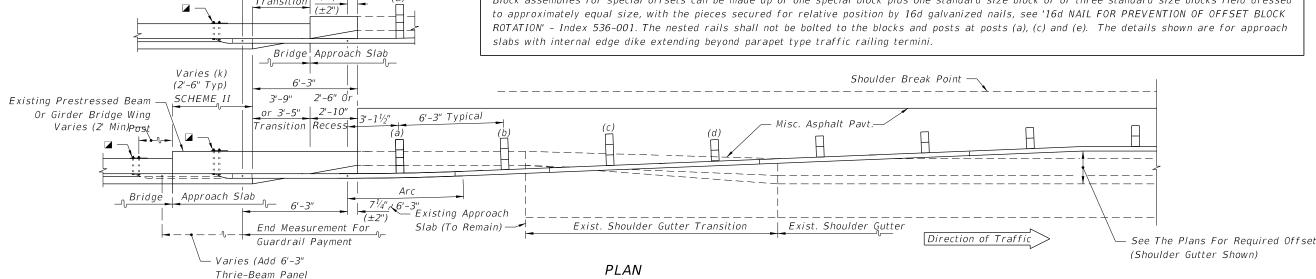
FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

GUARDRAIL TRANSITIONS AND CONNECTIONS FOR EXISTING BRIDGES INDEX

SHEET

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Block assemblies for special offsets can be made up of one special block plus one standard size block or of three standard size blocks field dressed to approximately equal size, with the pieces secured for relative position by 16d galvanized nails, see '16d NAIL FOR PREVENTION OF OFFSET BLOCK ROTATION' - Index 536-001. The nested rails shall not be bolted to the blocks and posts at posts (a), (c) and (e). The details shown are for approach slabs with internal edge dike extending beyond parapet type traffic railing termini.



🖬 21"x12"x¾" Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector Plate (Back-Up Plate), And ¾"Ø x 18" Long [15" Long With 3½" Min. Thread Length For Bridge Safety Shape Railing] HS Hex Bolts And Nuts (5 Reqd.) With  $2\frac{1}{4}$ " OD Plain Round Washers Under Heads And Nuts. [When Attaching Guardrail To Existing Wing Posts Or Bridge Rails, Care Should Be Exercised To Avoid Damaging Conduits And Their Utilities That May Be Routed Through Wing Posts Or Bridge Rails. When Conduits And Their Utilities Are Encountered, At Least Five  $\frac{7}{6}$ " HS Hex Bolts Shall Be Installed In Any Of The Seven Holes Provided In The Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector.]

if Read. to Extend to

Traffic Railing) SCHEME III

## NOTES FOR GUARDRAIL TRANSITIONS TO SAFETY SHAPE TRAFFIC RAILINGS ON EXISTING BRIDGES

- 1. When the guardrail attachment overlays the Bridge Number, Bridge Name or Date on the traffic railing, provide an aluminum sign panel with the obscured information. Attach the sign panel to the face of the traffic railing adjacent to the Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector with ½"Ø x 1" long concrete screws or expansion anchors at each corner, as approved by the Engineer. The sign panel shall be a minimum  $\frac{1}{16}$ " thick and meet the requirements of Specification 700 with a white background and 3" tall black letters and sized appropriately to contain the information required. The cost of the sign panel shall be included in the cost of the Guardrail Bridge Anchorage Assembly.
- 2. When retrofitting thrie-beam guardrail to existing wing posts or existing bridge safety shape traffic railing, attachment construction to be paid for under the contract unit price for Guardrail Bridge Anchorage Assembly, EA., and shall be full compensation for bolt hole construction, terminal connector, terminal connector plate(s) and bolts, nuts and washers.

GUARDRAIL TRAILING END TRANSITION CONNECTIONS FOR EXISTING FLAT SLAB, PRESTRESSED BEAM AND GIRDER BRIDGES WITH SAFETY SHAPE TRAFFIC RAILING EXTENDING LESS THAN FULL APPROACH SLAB LENGTH

REVISION 11/01/24

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

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GUARDRAIL TRANSITIONS AND CONNECTIONS FOR EXISTING BRIDGES

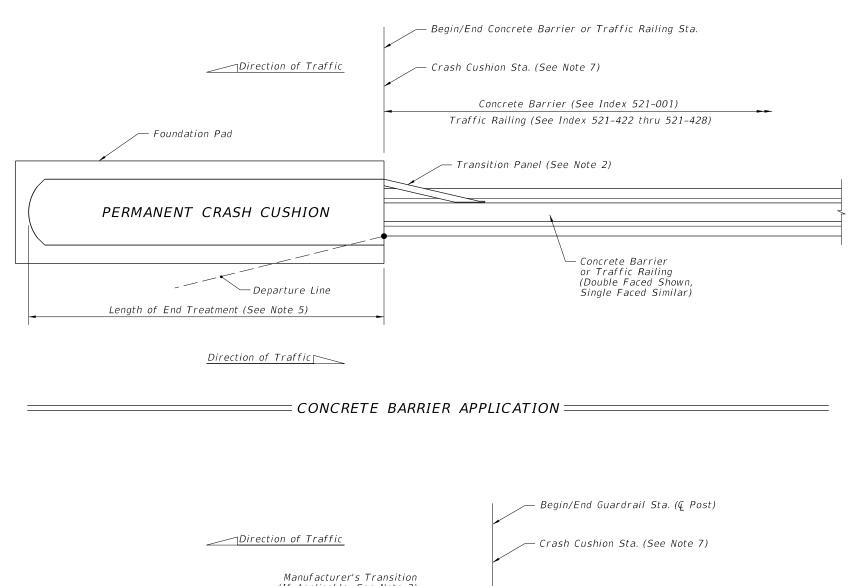
- 2. TRANSITION PANEL: Where crash cushions are placed between two-way traffic or adjacent to two-way two-lane traffic, place a Transition Panel from the Concrete Barrier to the Crash Cushion on the downstream side of the barrier end (as shown). Follow the requirements of the APL drawing.
- 3. MANUFACTURER'S TRANSITION: Construct the proprietary guardrail transition only if shown in the applicable APL drawing. See Note 4 below.
- 4. STANDARD GUARDRAIL TRANSITION: If the APL drawing does not provide a guardrail transition to w-beam guardrail, construct the Standard Guardrail Transition segment from thrie-beam to w-beam as shown per Sheet 2. This  $21'-10^{1}$ /'' segment must remain parallel to the roadway.

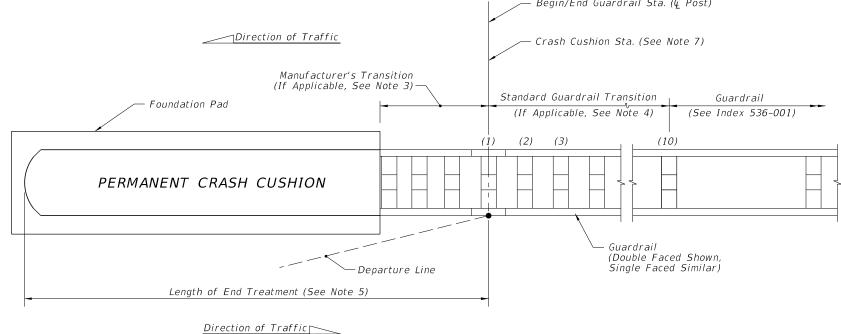
If the APL drawing does provide a guardrail transition to w-beam guardrail, replace the Standard Guardrail Transition segment with a w-beam guardrail segment at 6'-3'' post spacing, except that Post (10) will remain where shown herein if it is located at a guardrail begin or end taper station callout per the Plans. This  $21'-10^{1/2}''$  segment must also remain parallel to the roadway.

5. LENGTH OF END TREATMENT: For Crash Cushions, the Length of End Treatment includes all proprietary elements of the design as shown in the APL drawing, including the manufacturer's transition of guardrail if applicable.

The actual Length of End Treatment varies per Crash Cushion type, but an estimated Length of End Treatment is generally shown in the Plans to provide sufficient space for the Contractor's option of differing Crash Cushion types.

- 6. LENGTH RESTRICTION: In the "Summary of Permanent Crash Cushions" table, if a value is provided in the Length Restriction column, then select a Crash Cushion from the APL which has a Length of End Treatment less than or equal to the value shown. If the table instead shows not applicable (N/A), then Crash Cushion selection is unrestricted regarding length.
- 7. CRASH CUSHION STATION: The Crash Cushion Station point shown herein corresponds to the station provided in the "Summary of Permanent Crash Cushions" table in the Plans.





=  $GUARDRAIL\:\:APPLICATION$  =

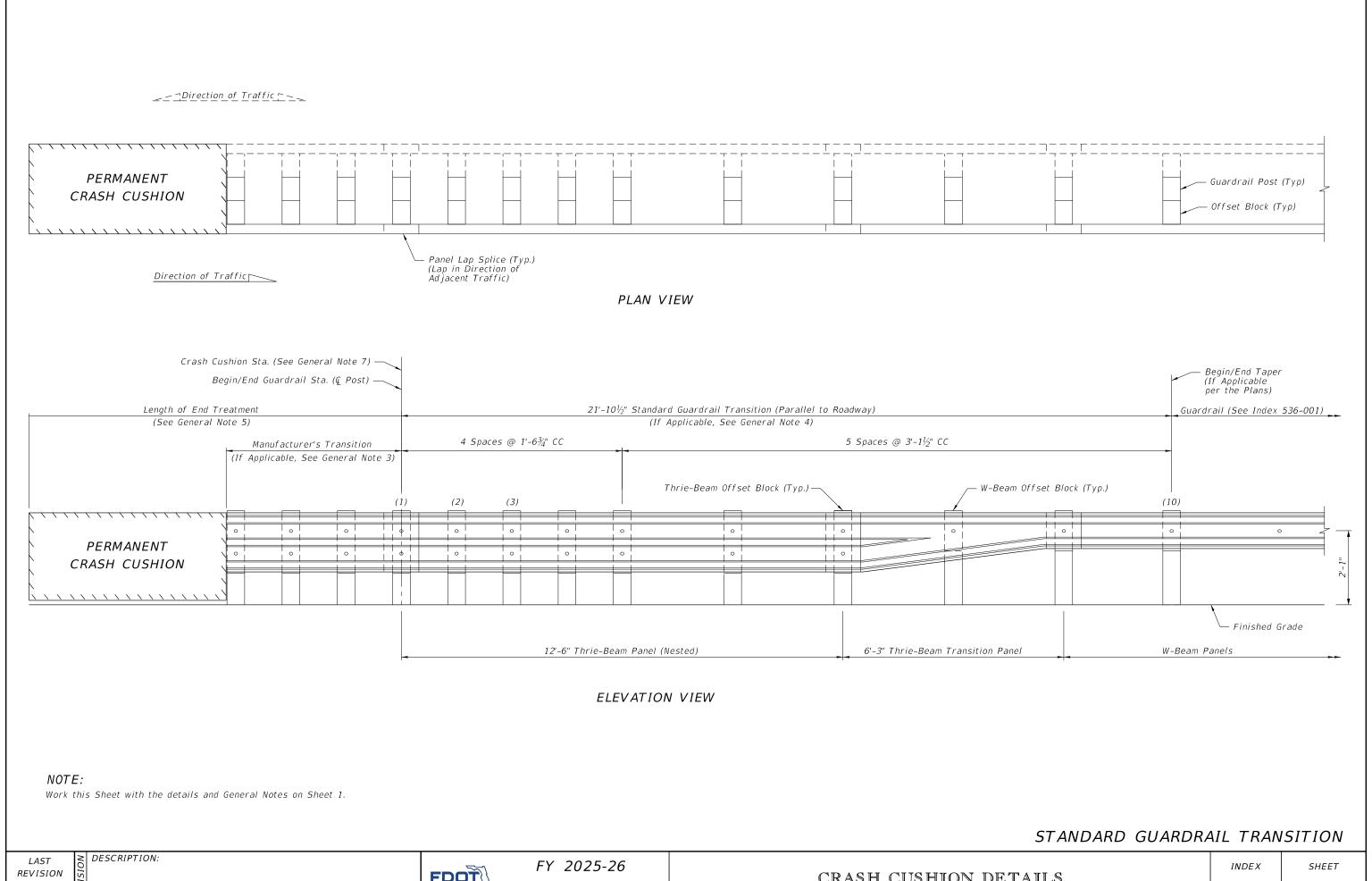
PERMANENT CRASH CUSHION APPLICATIONS

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LAST OF DESCRIPTION:
REVISION 11/01/19



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## ELEVATION - CONNECTION TO THRIE-BEAM RETROFIT (See Note 3)

## NOTES:

1. GENERAL: Work this Sheet with the details and General Notes on Sheet 1.

Install short guardrail extension only where called for in the plans, using the project-specific length specified. Short guardrail extensions are typically used where adding length to a barrier system is warranted, but a full Approach Transition Connection to Rigid Barrier will not fit.

- 2. CONNECTION TO CONCRETE TRAFFIC RAILING: See Index 536-001 for connection details to rigid barrier, including the Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector and Alignment Curb details. Install the Alignment Curb section with no curb transition, and extend the curb to the crash cushion as shown. The crash cushion must laterally extend beyond the above-ground portion of the alignment curb to shield its end face from approaching traffic.
- 3. CONNECTION TO THRIE-BEAM RETROFIT: Provide Thrie-Beam Retrofit guardrail connection splice, curb, and Transition Block per Index 536-002 and the applicable Index 460-470 series.

ADDITIONAL BRIDGE CONNECTION OPTIONS SHORT GUARDRAIL EXTENSIONS

REVISION 11/01/19

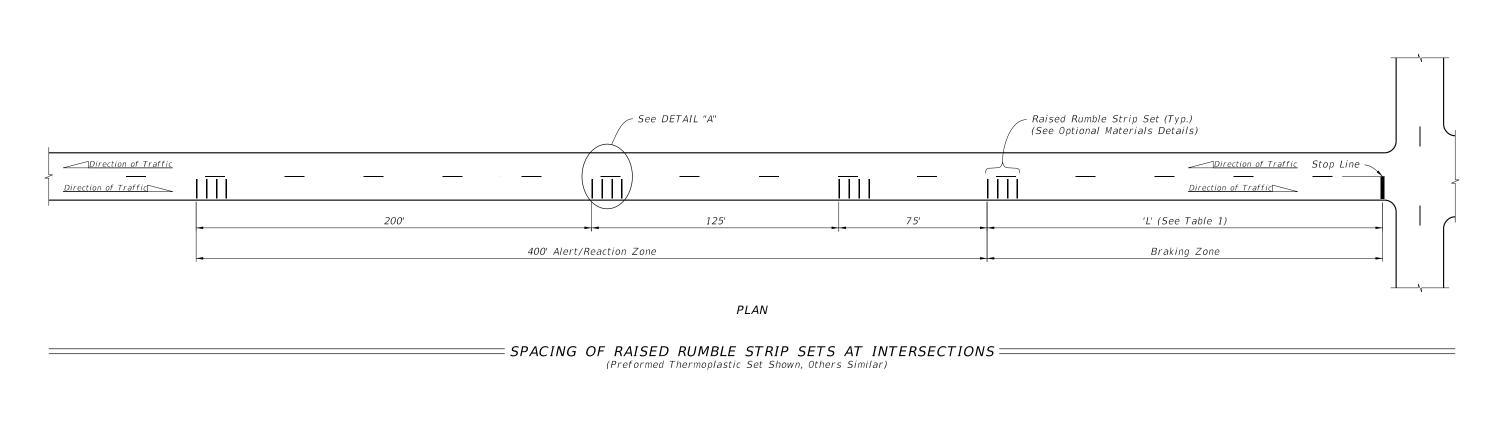
DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

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5'-0" (6 Strips)

= OPTIONAL MATERIALS DETAILS =

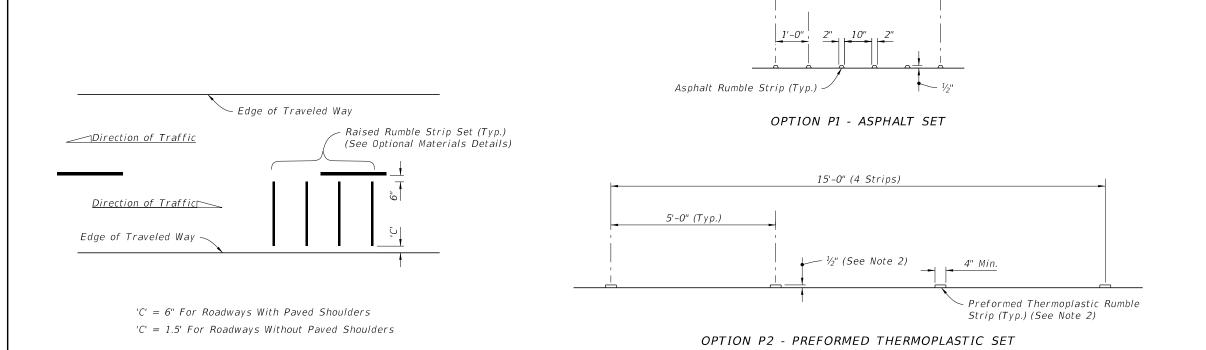


TABLE 1 - BR	AKING ZONE							
Posted	'L'							
Speed								
(mph)	(Feet)							
≤ 30	150							
35	200							
40	250							
45	300							
50	350							
55	410							
60	470							
65	550							

## NOTES:

- 1. Construct permanent raised rumble strips where shown in the Plans and in accordance with Specification 546.
- 2. Use color white for preformed thermoplastic rumble strips.

PERMANENT RAISED RUMBLE STRIPS

REVISION 11/01/23

DESCRIPTION:

DETAIL "A"

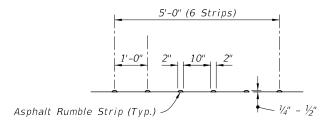
FDOT

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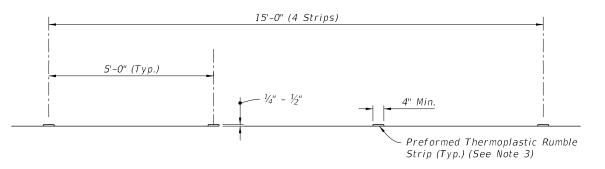
RAISED RUMBLE STRIPS

INDEX SHEET 546-001

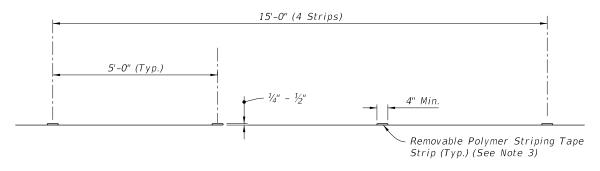
1 of 2



OPTION ST1 - ASPHALT SET



OPTION ST2 - PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC SET



OPTION ST3 - REMOVABLE POLYMER STRIPING TAPE SET

= OPTIONAL MATERIALS DETAILS =

## NOTES:

- 1. Construct short-term raised rumble strips where noted in the Plans and in accordance with Specification 546.
- 2. See Sheet 1 for placement and additional details.
- 3. Use color white for Preformed Thermoplastic and Removable Polymer Striping Tape Sets.

SHORT-TERM RAISED RUMBLE STRIPS

REVISION 11/01/24

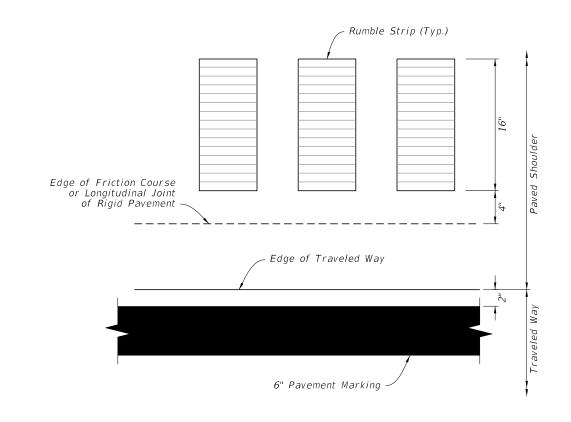
DESCRIPTION:

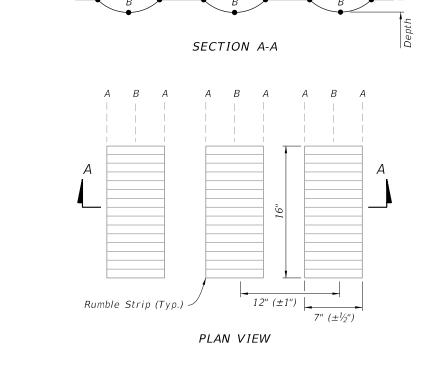
FDOT

RUMBLE STR	RIP DEPTH TABLE
LOCATION	DEPTH FROM SURFACE (IN.)
Α	0
В	% (±½)

## NOTES:

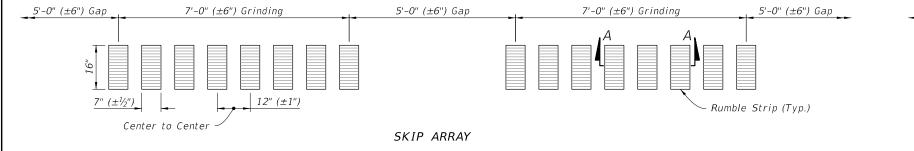
- 1. When friction course extends more than 8" beyond the edge of the traveled way, blade off the extended friction course to the 8" line prior to rumble strip grinding.
- 2. Use the continuous array on both inside and outside shoulders 1,000 feet in advance of bridge ends or back to the gore recovery area for mainline interchange bridges. Use the skip array for all other locations.
- 3. Exclude rumble strips at the following locations:
- A. At mainline tolling areas, terminate rumble strips at the end of the mainline normal section.
- B. At All Electronic Tolling (AET) facilities, terminate rumble strips within 50 feet of the centerline of the overhead gantry.
- C. On outside shoulders of entrance ramp terminals, terminate rumble strips at the point of the physical gore and resume at the end of the acceleration lane taper.
- D. On outside shoulders of exit ramp terminals, terminate rumble strips at the start of the deceleration lane taper and resume at the point of the physical gore.
- E. On approaches to bridges, terminate rumble strips at the approach slab joint.

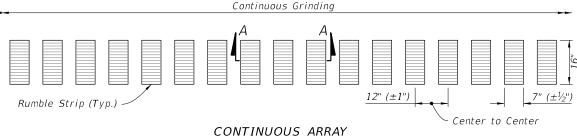




RUMBLE STRIP PLACEMENT (Plan View)

= RUMBLE STRIP DETAILS =





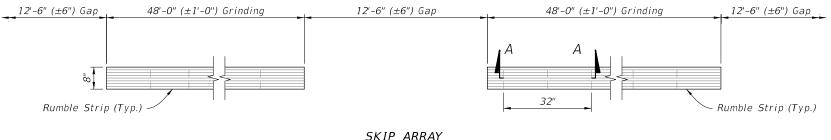
= RUMBLE STRIP ARRAY DETAILS =

8.45

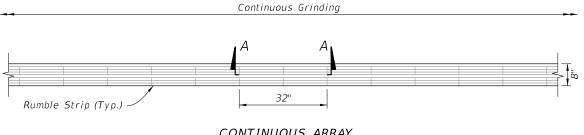
LAST REVISION 11/01/22

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT



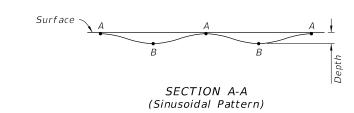


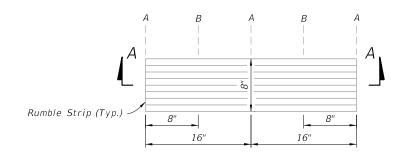


(Plan View)

TABLE 1	
SKIP AND CONTINUOUS ARRAY APPLIC	`ATIONS
Rumble Strip Placement	Array
Outside Shoulder with Buffered Bike Lane	Skip
Outside Paved Shoulder Width Greater than or Equal to 5'-0"	Skip
Outside Paved Shoulder Width Greater than 0'-0" and Less Than 5'-0"	Skip
Outside Paved Shoulder Equal to 0'-0"	Skip
Inside Paved Shoulder Width Greater Than or Equal to 1'-0"	Continuous
Inside Paved Shoulder Width Greater Than O'-O" and Less Than 1'-O"	Skip
Inside Paved Shoulder Width Equal to 0'-0"	Skip
One – Direction Passing Centerline	Continuous (See Note 3)
Two – Direction Passing Centerline	Continuous (See Note 3)
Two - Direction No-Passing Centerline	Continuous

TABLE 2 RUMBLE STRIP DEPTH (Depth Tolerance =  $\pm \frac{1}{16}$ ) DEPTH FROM LOCATION SURFACE (IN.) В %





PLAN VIEW

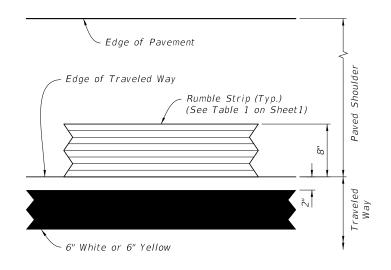
= RUMBLE STRIP DETAILS =====

## = RUMBLE STRIP ARRAY DETAILS ==

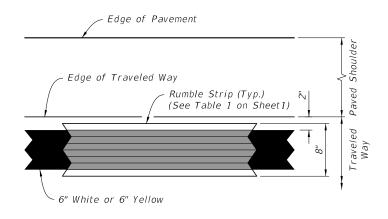
## GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Straightness tolerance of ground-in rumble strips in the roadway longitudinal direction is plus or minus 1/2".
- 2. At intersections and major driveways:
  - A. Terminate outside shoulder rumble strips at the radius return.
  - B. Terminate median shoulder rumble strips at the radial return of median nose.
  - C. Terminate centerline rumble strips on undivided highways at the termination of centerline striping.
  - D. Terminate rumble strips at auxiliary lane tapers.
- 3. For Centerlines in passing zones, provide 2 foot gaps in the continuous array spaced at 40 feet and centered on RPM locations.

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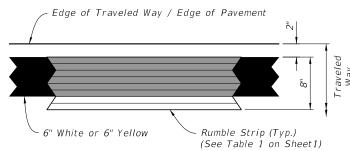


Outside Paved Shoulder Width Greater Than or Equal to 5'-0" Inside Paved Shoulder Width Greater Than or Equal to 1'-0"



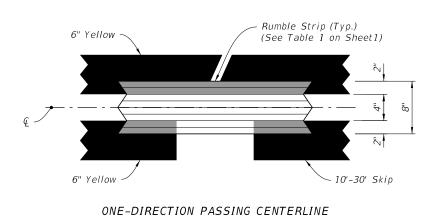
Outside Paved Shoulder Width Greater Than 0'-0" and Less Than 5'-0"

Inside Paved Shoulder Width Greater Than 0'-0" and Less Than 1'-0"

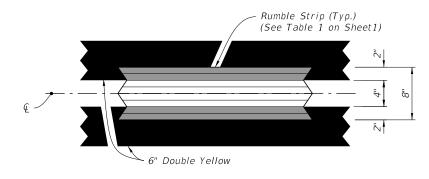


Outside or Inside Paved Shoulder Width Equal to 0'-0"

EDGE LINE AND SHOULDER RUMBLE STRIP PLACEMENT (Plan View)



Rumble Strip (Typ.) 6" Yellow (See Table 1 on Sheet1) 10' Pavement Marking 10' Pavement 30' Skip



TWO-DIRECTION PASSING CENTERLINE

TWO-DIRECTION NO-PASSING CENTERLINE

CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIP PLACEMENT = (Plan View)

REVISION 11/01/24

DESCRIPTION:



FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

GROUND-IN RUMBLE STRIPS -ARTERIALS AND COLLECTORS INDEX

SHEET 2 of 2

546-020

#### SOIL PARAMETERS:

- 1. See Wall Control Drawings for soil characteristics of foundation material to be used in the design of the wall system.
- 2. The Contractor will provide soil design parameters for backfill material based on the actual soil characteristics utilized at the site.

1. See Specification Section 548 for material requirements.

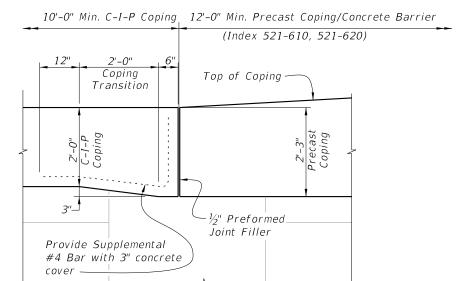
#### CONSTRUCTION:

- 1. Walls will be constructed in accordance with Specification Section 548 and the Wall Company's instructions.
- 2. For location and alignment of retaining walls, see Wall Control Drawings.
- 3. If required, locate manholes and drop inlets as shown on wall elevations.
- 4. Refer to Wall Control Drawings of individual walls for minimum reinforcement strip/mesh length, factored bearing resistance's, minimum wall embedment and anticipated long term and differential settlements.
- 5. The Contractor is responsible for controlling water during storm events as needed during construction.
- 6. It is the Contractor's responsibility to determine the location of any quardrail posts behind retaining wall panels. Prior to placement of the top layer of soil reinforcement, individual reinforcing strips/mesh may be skewed (15° maximum) to avoid the post locations if authorized by the Engineer. No cutting of soil reinforcement is allowed unless shown on Shop Drawings and approved by the Engineer. Any damage done to the soil reinforcement due to installation of the quardrail will be repaired by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense. Repair method will be approved by the Engineer.
- 7. If existing or future structures, pipes, foundations or guardrail posts within the reinforced soil volume interfere with the normal placement of soil reinforcement and specific directions have not been provided on the plans, the Contractor will notify the Engineer to determine what course of action shall be taken.
- The Contractor is responsible for gradually displacing upper layer(s) of soil reinforcement downward (15° maximum from horizontal) to avoid cutting soil reinforcement and conflicts with paving and subgrade preparation. The Contractor's attention is directed especially to situations where roadway superelevation and/or soil mixing are anticipated.
- 9. For concrete facing panel surface treatment, see Wall Control Drawings. Extend surface treatment a minimum of 6" below final ground line.
- 10. Drive piles located within the soil volume prior to construction of the retaining wall, unless a method to protect the structure, acceptable to both the Engineer and Wall Company, is proposed and approved in writing. The portion of piles or drilled shafts extensions within the soil volume will be wrapped with polyethylene sheeting in accordance with Specification Section 459
- 11. A structural extension of the connection of the retaining wall panel to soil reinforcement will be used whenever necessary to avoid cutting or excessive skewing (greater than 15°) of the soil reinforcement around obstructions (i.e., piles, pipes, manholes, drop inlets, etc.).
- 12. Steps in leveling pads will occur at MSE Wall panel interfaces. Panels will not cantilever more than 2" past the end of the upper tier leveling pad.
- 13. The top of the leveling pad or footing will be 2'-0" minimum below final ground line.
- 14. Top of leveling pad elevations shown in the Wall Control Drawings are maximum elevations. The constructed leveling pad elevations may be deeper based on the panel layout shown in the shop drawings.
- 15. The height of panels in the bottom course of MSE Walls must not be less than half the height of a standard panel.
- 16. Work this Index with Index 521-600 thru 521-650.

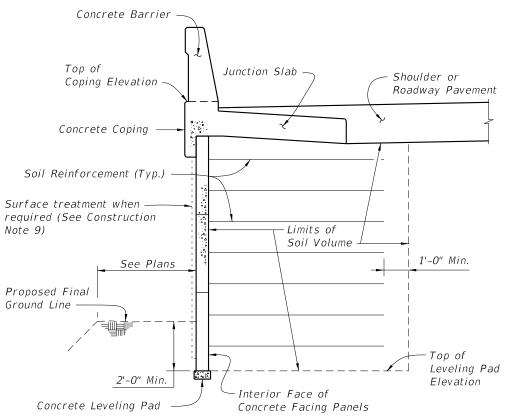
DESCRIPTION:

#### SHOP DRAWINGS:

See Specification Section 548 for shop drawing requirements.



ELEVATION VIEW OF COPING HEIGHT TRANSITION



TYPICAL MSE RETAINING WALL SECTION WITH A CONCRETE BARRIER (Showing Limits of the Reinforced Soil Volume)

		FD	OT MSE	RETAINI	NG WALI	CLASSI	FICATION TAL	BLE								
Applicable		ility Requir n-Steel Rein			ity Require P Reinforcir		Soil	Other Allowable FDOT Wall Types								
FDOT Wall	Concrete	Concrete	Pozzolan	Concrete	Concrete	Pozzolan	Reinforcement									
Type *	Cover	Class	Additions?	Cover	Class	Additions?	Type	2A	2B	2C	2D	2E	2F			
	(in.)	for Panels	**	(in.)	for Panels **											
Type 2A	2	II	No	1.5	II	No	Metal		1	1	1	/	/			
Type 2B	2	IV	No	1.5	IV	No	Metal			/	/	/	/			
Type 2C	3	IV	No	1.5	IV	No	Metal				1	/	/			
Type 2D	3	IV	Yes	2	IV	No	Metal						/			
Type 2E	3	IV	No	2	IV	No	Plastic						>			
Type 2F	3	IV	Yes	2	IV	No	Plastic									

- \* See Data Table in Contract Plans.
- \*\* Highly Reactive Pozzolans.

GENERAL NOTES AND DETAILS

LAST REVISION 11/01/21



#### DESIGN CRITERIA:

- 1. Design is based on the assumption that the material contained within the reinforced soil volume, methods of construction and quality of prefabricated materials are in accordance with Specification Section 548 and FDOT Structures Design Guidelines Section 3.13.2.
- 2. It is the responsibility of the Engineer to determine that the factored bearing pressure shown for the wall does not exceed the factored bearing resistance of the foundation for that specific wall location.
- 3. The Wall Company is responsible for internal stability of the wall. External stability design, including foundation and slope stability, is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 4. If present, consider in design and analysis and locate manholes and drop inlets as shown on wall elevations.

#### SOIL PARAMETERS:

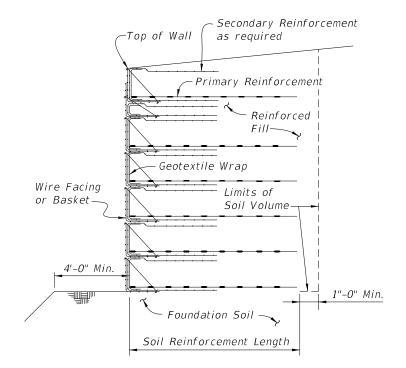
1. See wall control drawings for soil characteristics of foundation material to be used in the design of the wall system. The Contractor must provide soil design parameters for backfill material based on the actual soil characteristics utilized at the site. Provide the values of unit weight, cohesion and internal friction angle in the Shop Drawings.

#### MATERIALS:

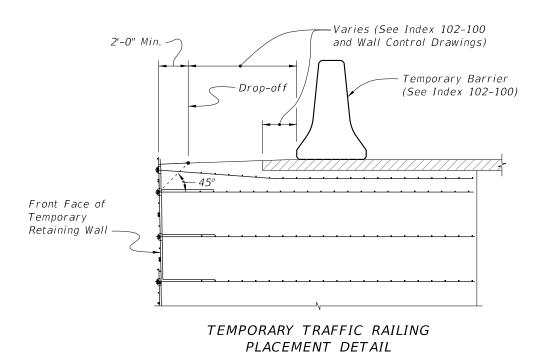
- 1. Provide soil reinforcement in accordance with Specification Section 548.
- 2. For additional material notes, see Wall Company General Notes.

#### CONSTRUCTION:

- 1. Walls must be constructed in accordance with Specification Section 548 and the Wall Company's instructions.
- 2. For location and alignment of retaining walls, see Wall Control Drawings.
- 3. Refer to Plan and Elevation sheets of individual walls for minimum reinforcement strip/mesh length, factored bearing resistance's, minimum wall embedment and anticipated long term and differential settlements.
- 4. If existing or future structures, pipes, foundations or guardrail posts within the reinforced soil volume interfere with the normal placement of soil reinforcement and specific directions have not been provided on the plans, the Contractor must notify the Engineer to determine what course of action should be taken.
- 5. The Contractor is responsible for gradually deflecting upper layer(s) of soil reinforcement downward (15° maximum from horizontal) to avoid cutting soil reinforcement and conflicts with paving and subgrade preparation. The Contractor's attention is directed especially to situations where roadway superelevation and/or soil mixing are anticipated.



TYPICAL RETAINING WALL SECTION (Showing Limits of the Reinforced Soil Volume)



GENERAL NOTES AND DETAILS

LAST REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:



SHEET

#### GENERAL NOTES:

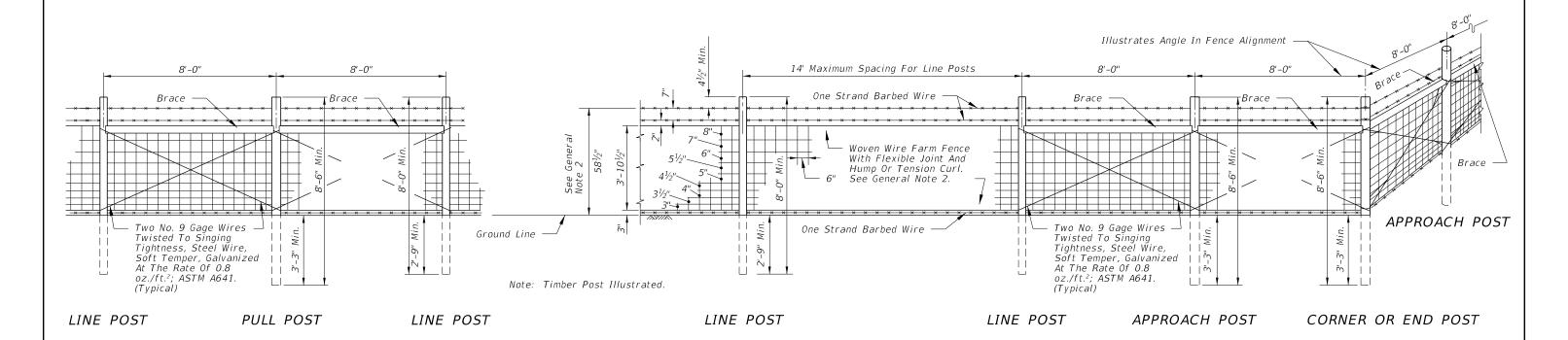
- 1. This fence to be provided generally in rural areas. For supplemental information see Specifications 550.
- 2. Fabric shall be woven wire, either galvanized steel, meeting the requirements of ASTM A116, No. 9 Grade 60, Design Number 1047-6-9, with Class 3 zinc coating; No. 12 ½ Grade 175, Design Number 1047-6-12 ½, with a 10 ½ gage top and bottom wire and with Class 3 zinc coating; or aluminum coated steel, meeting the requirements of ASTM A584, No. 9 Farm, Design Number 1047-6-9, with a minimum coating weight of 0.40 oz./ft.². For additional information see payment note below.
- 3. Fence shall be installed with wire side to private property except on horizontal curves greater than 3° the fence shall be installed so as to pull against all posts.
- 4. Posts may be either timber, steel, recycled plastic or concrete. Unless a specific post material is called for in the plans, the Contractor may elect to use either a single material or a combination of timber, steel, recycled plastic or concrete materials, but must comply with the electrical grounding requirements in Specification 550. Line posts of one material may be used with corner, pull and end post assemblies of a different material. Line posts of only one optional material and pull post assemblies of only one optional material will be permitted between corner and end post assemblies. Within individual corner and end post assemblies only one optional material will be permitted.
- 5. Timber posts shall meet the material requirements of Specification 954. Timber line posts are to be minimum 4" diameter. Timber corner, pull, approach and end posts are to be a minimum 5" diameter. Timber braces are to be minimum 4" diameter.

  - (B) Connections between timber posts and braces to be provided by dowels as shown in fastener details.
  - (C) Wire to be wrapped and tied, as shown in the splice details, at the following locations:
    - (a) All end posts, (b) Corner post, including the assemblies at vertical breaks of 15° or more and (c) Pull posts where the wire is not spliced and pulled through the assembly; see General Note 18.
- 6. Steel posts and braces shall be standard steel posts, galvanized at the rate of 2 oz./ft.², together with necessary hardware and wire clamps and meeting the following requirements:
  - (A) Line posts: 8' long; 1.33 lbs./ft.; hot rolled studded; anchor plate attached, ASTM A702 (18 in.?).
  - (B) Approach posts:  $2^{1/2}$ " $x^{2^{1/2}}$ " $x^{2^{1/2}}$ " angles, 8' long; fabricated for attaching brace; with necessary hardware, clamps, etc.
  - (C) Pull, end and corner posts:  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "x $2\frac{1}{2}$ "x $2\frac{1}{4}$ " angles, 8' long; fabricated for attaching brace; with necessary hardware, clamps, etc.
  - (D) Braces:  $2"x2"x^{1/4}"$  angles with necessary hardware and fabricated for attaching to post.
  - (E) The pull, corner, approach and end posts are to be set in concrete as per detail. (Also see General Note 15)
- 7. Recycled plastic posts shall meet the following material requirements: Line posts shall have a minimum section of 4" round or 4" square. Plastic posts shall not be used as corner, pull, end or approach posts unless such use is specifically detailed in the plans. The straightness of the post shall comply with Specification 954 for timber post. The flexural strength shall meet the requirements of the latest edition of the Southern Pine Inspection Bureau's Standard Grading Rules for Southern Pine Lumber for No. 2SR Stress Rated Grade Timber. Plastic posts can be set by either digging and tamped backfill or by driving into full depth preformed holes \( \frac{1}{4} \)" to \( \frac{1}{2} \)" smaller than cross section of post.
  - Staples for fabric and barbed wire connection to plastic line posts shall be the same size, count and location as that for timber posts.
- 8. The Contractor, at his option, may use any suitable precast or prestressed concrete posts; however, approval by the Engineer, of posts not shown on this index, will be required prior to construction of the fence. Precast posts shall be Class II concrete. Prestressed posts shall be Class III concrete. Lengths of concrete post to be as indicated for timber posts.
- 9. Aluminum post, braces and accessory framing hardware shall not be used unless the plans specifically detail their application or the Engineer specifically approves their incorporation in fence construction or repair. Aluminum framed gates are permitted as described in General Note 19.

- 10. The woven wire shall be attached to steel and concrete posts by a minimum of five tie wires. The single wire ties shall be applied to the top, bottom and three intermittent line wires. The ends of each tie wire shall have a minimum of two tight turns around the line wire. Tie wires shall be steel wire not less than 0.120" diameter, zinc coating Class 3, soft temper, in accordance with ASTM A641.
- 11. Steel Barbed Wire can be either of the following types:
  - Type I: This type shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A121, with two strands of  $12\frac{1}{2}$  gage wire; four-point barbs, wire size 14 gage, twisted around both line wires; and, Class 3 coating, Design No. 12-4-5-14R.
  - Type IIA: This type same as Type I except the two strand wires are twisted in alternating directions between consecutive barbs.
  - Type IIB: This type shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A121 with two strands of 15  $\frac{1}{2}$  gage high tensile wire; four-point barbs, wire size 16  $\frac{1}{2}$  gage twisted around both line wires; and Class 3 coating, Design No. 15-4-5-16R.

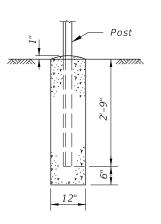
Aluminum Barbed Wire shall be fabricated of two strands of 0.110-inch wire with 0.08-inch diameter four-point barbs spaced at approximately  $5\frac{1}{2}$ ", and at a maximum spacing of 6". The wire for the strands and for the barbs shall be of ASTM B211M Alloy 5052-H38 or equal.

- 12. The woven wire shall be stretched only until one-half the tension curl has been pulled out of the line wires.
- 13. Posts to be set by driving or digging. If by digging, the posts shall be set at the center of the hole and the soil tamped securely on all sides.
- 14. Longer posts than those indicated above may be required by the plans or for deeper installations.
- 15. Concrete bases for angular steel posts (pull, corner, end and approach) shall be Class NS in accordance with Specification 347. Materials for Class NS concrete may be proportioned by volume and/or by weight.
- 16. Pull post assemblies shall be installed at approximately 330' centers except that this maximum interval may be reduced by the Engineer on curves where the radius is less than 3°.
- 17. Corner post assemblies are to be installed at all horizontal and vertical breaks in fence of 15° or more.
- 18. A maximum length of 1320' of wire may be installed as a unit. For pulls through a pull post assembly the fabric shall be spliced by crimping sleeves only. Pulls through a corner post assembly will not be permitted.
- 19. Unless otherwise called for in the plans gates shall be commercially available metal swing gates assembled and installed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications as approved by the Engineer. Chain link swing gates in accordance with Index 550-002 may be substituted for metal swing gates as approved by the Engineer. Gate size is full opening width whether single leaf or double leaves. Payment for gates shall include the gate, single or double, all necessary hardware for installation and any additional length and/or size for posts at the opening. Gates shall be paid for under the contract unit price for Fence Gates, EA.
- 20. For construction purposes, assemblies are defined as follows: End post assemblies shall consist of: one end post, one approach post, two braces, four diagonal tension wires and all necessary fittings and hardware. Pull post assemblies shall consist of: one pull post, two braces, four diagonal tension wires and necessary fittings and hardware. Corner post assemblies shall consist of: one corner post, two approach posts, four braces, eight diagonal tension wires and all necessary fittings and hardware.
- 21. All posts, braces, tension wires, fabric, tie wires, Class NS concrete, and all miscellaneous fittings and hardware to be included in the cost for Fencing, LF. Fencing shall be inclusive of the lengths of pull, end and corner post assemblies, but exclusive of gate widths.



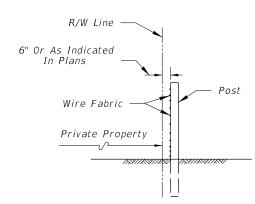
## DESIGN NOTE:

This index details fencing that is constructed with farm fabric  $46\frac{1}{2}$ " (47" nominal) in height and with specific ground clearance and specific barbed wire spacings. For fencing of different height or installation details, the fence shall be fully detailed in the Contract plans.



(Pull, Corner, End And Approach Posts)

CONCRETE BASE FOR ANGULAR STEEL POST

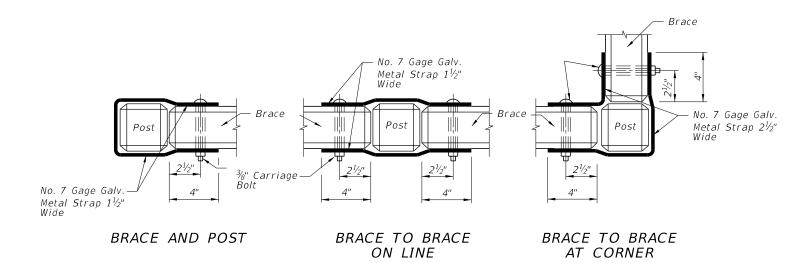


FENCE POSITION AT LOCATIONS WITHOUT FRONTAGE ROADS

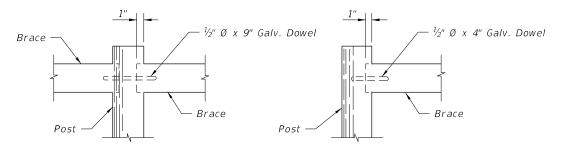
(REFER TO DETAIL PLANS FOR FENCE POSITION AT LOCATIONS WITH FRONTAGE ROADS)

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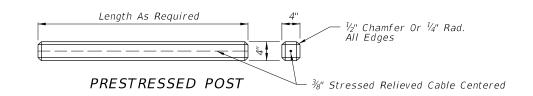


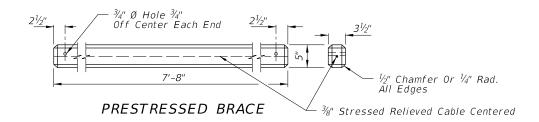


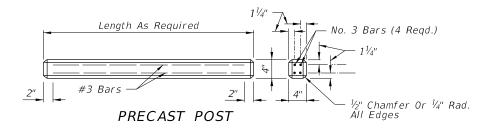
## FASTENER FOR CONCRETE POST AND BRACES

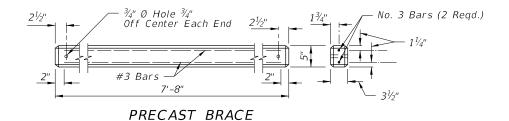


FASTENER FOR TIMBER POST AND BRACE

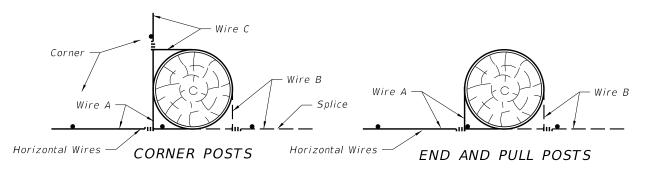








## ALTERNATE CONCRETE POSTS AND BRACES



Each horizontal wire to be wrapped around corner, end and pull posts and tied to same wire. See General Notes 5 and 17. Timber post illustrated. These methods also apply to steel and concrete post illustrations.

**SPLICES** 

9/13/2024 8.

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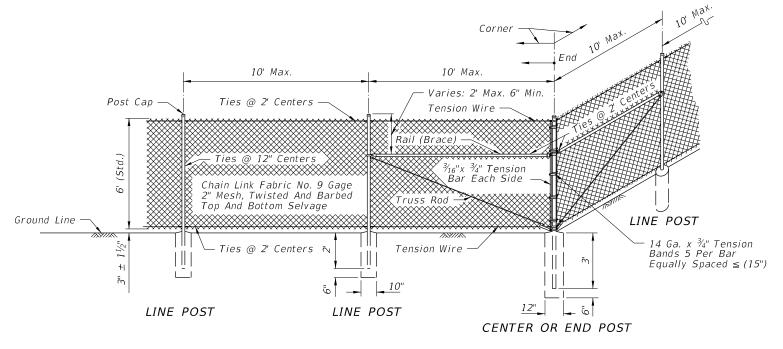
- 2. For supplemental information refer to Specification 550.
- Chain link fabric, post, truss rods, tension wires, tie wires, stretcher bars, gates and all miscellaneous fittings and hardware shall meet the requirements of AASHTO and ASTM signify current reference.
- 4. Fence Component Options:
  - A. Line post options:
    - (1) Galvanized steel pipe, Schedule 40-  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " nominal dia. zinc galvanized at the rate of 1.8 oz./ft².: ASTM A53 Table 2 (Grade A or B), ASTM F1083, and AASHT0 M111.
    - (2) Aluminum coated steel pipe: ASTM A53, Table 2 (Grade A or B): Schedule 40- 1½" nominal dia., 1.90" OD; coated at the rate 0.40 oz./ft.: AASHTO M111.
       (3) Aluminum alloy pipe- 2" nominal dia.: ASTM B241 or B221, Alloy 6063, T6.

    - (4) Steel H-Beam-  $1^{7}$ /8"x  $1^{5}$ /8": Zinc Galv. 1.8 oz./ft.: AASHTO M111 and Detail.
    - (5) Aluminum alloy H-Beam- 17/8"X 15/8" Detail
    - (6) Steel C- 17/8"X 15/8": Galv.: 1.8 oz/ft. zinc: AASHTO M111; OR, 0.9 oz./ft². zinc-5% aluminum-mischmetal: ASTM F1043 and Detail.
    - (7) Resistance welded steel pipe; 50,000 psi min. yield strength ASTM A569/A569M, A653/A653M or undepleted stock of discontinued A446/A446M base materials; ASTM F669 Group IV (Alternative Design); fence industry 2" 0D,  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " NPS, 1.900" dec. equiv., 0.120" min. wall thick. and min. wt. 2.28 lb./ft.; with ASTM F1043 metric equivalent internal coating Types A, B, C or D and external coating Types A, B, or C; the chromate conversion coating of external Type B shall have a thickness of 15µg/in². min. and the polymer film topcoat shall have a thickness of 0.0003" min.; internal and external coatings are not restricted to the combinations of Table 2, ASTM F1043.

  - B. Corner, end, and pull post options:
    (1) Galvanized steel pipe, Schedule 40- 2" nominal dia. zinc galvanized at the rate of 1.8 oz./ft².: ASTM A53 Table X 2, ASTM F1083, and AASHTO M111.
    - (2) Aluminum coated steel pipe: ASTM A53 steel, X 2 Tables: Schedule 40; 2" nominal dia., 2.375" OD; coated at the rate 0.40 oz./ft.: AASHTO M111.
    - (3) Aluminum alloy pipe- 2½" nominal dia.: ASTM B241 or B221, Alloy 6063,T6.
      (4) Resistance welded steel pipe; 50,000 psi min. yield strength ASTM A569/A569M, A653/A653M or undepleted stock of discontinued A446/A446M base materials; ASTM F669 Group IV (Alternative Design); fence industry  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " OD, 2" NPS, 2.375" dec. equiv., 0.130"min. wall thick. and min. wt. 3.117 lb./ft.; with ASTM F1043 metric equivalent internal coating Types A, B, C or D and external coating Types A, B, or C; the chromate conversion coating of external Type B shall have a thickness of 15µg/in². min. and the polymer film topcoat shall have a thickness of 0.0003" min.; internal and external coatings are not restricted to the combinations of Table 2, ASTM F1043.
  - C Rail ontions:
    - (1) Galvanized steel pipe, Schedule 40- 11#4" nominal dia. zinc galvanized at the rate of 1.8 oz./ft².: ASTM A53 Table X 2, ASTM F1083, and AASHTO M111.
    - (2) Aluminum coated steel pipe; ASTM A53 steel, X 2 Tables Schedule 40; 11#4" nominal dia., 1.660" OD; coated at the rate 0.40 oz./ft.: AASHTO M111.
    - (3) Aluminum alloy pipe- 11#4" nominal dia.: ASTM B241 or B221, Alloy 6063, T6.
    - (4) Resistance welded steel pipe; 50,000 psi min. yield strength ASTM A569/A569M, A653/A653M or undepleted stock of discontinued A446/A446M base materials; ASTM F669 Group IV (Alternative Design); fence industry 15#8" OD, 11#4" NPS, 1.660" dec. equiv., 0.11'1" min. wall thick. and min. wt. 1.836 lb./ft.; with ASTM F1043 metric equivalent internal coating Types A, B, C or D and external coating Types A, B, or C; the chromate conversion coating of external Type B shall have a thickness of 15µg/in². min. and the polymer film topcoat shall have a thickness of 0.0003" min.; internal and external coatings are not restricted to the combinations of Table 2, ASTM F1043
  - D. Chain link fabric options (2" mesh with twisted and barbed selvage top and bottom for all options except as described in Note 10):
  - (1) AASHTO M181 Type I Zinc Coated Steel, No. 9 gage (coated wire diameter), coated at the rate of 1.8 oz/ft². (M181 Class D 2.0 oz./ft². modified to 1.8 oz./ft².).
    (2) AASHTO M181 Type II -Aluminum Coated Steel, No. 9 gage (coated wire diameter), coated
  - at the rate of 0.40 oz./ft2.
  - (3) AASHTO M181 Type IV- Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Coated Steel, No. 9 gage (coated core wire diameter), core wire-zinc coated steel. PVC coating: M181 Class A (either extruded or extruded and bonded) or Class B (bonded). See table right. Unless the plans call for M181 standard colors medium green, dark green or black the coating color shall be soft gray matching that of No. 36622 of Federal Standard 595a.
  - E. Tension wire options.
    - (1) Steel wire No. 7 gage zinc galvanized at the rate of 1.2 oz./ft².: AASHTO M181.
    - (2) Aluminum alloy wire with a diameter of 0.1875" or larger conforming to the requirements of ASTM B211, Alloy 5056 Temper H38, or, Alclad Alloy 5056 Temper H192.
    - (3) Aluminum coated steel wire No.7 gage coated at the rate of 0.040 oz./ft².: AASHTO M181.

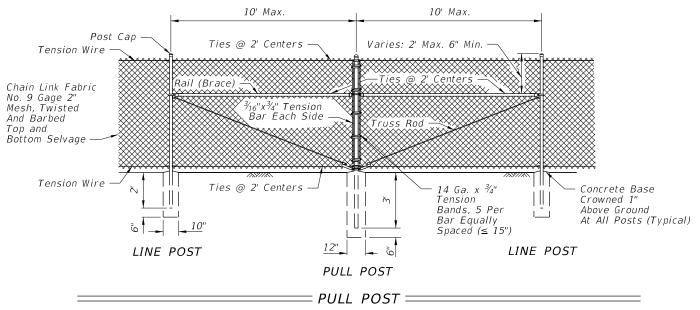
DESCRIPTION:

- F. Tie wire and hog ring options:
  (1) Steel wire No.9 gage zinc galvanized at the rate of 1.2 oz./ft².
  (2) Aluminum alloy wire with a diameter of 0.1443" or larger conforming to the requirements of ASTM B211, Alloy 5056 Temper H38, or, Alclad Alloy 5056 Temper H192.
  (3) Aluminum coated steel wire No. 7 gage coated at the rate of 0.040 oz./ft².



CORNER OR END POST =

NOTE: Tubular Post Illustrated



NOTE: Tubular Post Illustrated

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FENCE TYPE B

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(a) Only one fabric optional material will be permitted between corner and/or end post assemblies. (b) Only one line post optional material will be permitted between corner and/or end post assemblies.

- (c) Pull post assemblies shall be optional materials identical to either the line post optional material or the corner and end post assembly optional material; but, pull post assemblies shall be the same optional material between any set of corner and/or end post assemblies.
- 6. Concrete for bases shall be Class NS concrete as specified in Specification 347 or a packaged, dry material meeting the requirements of a concrete under ASTM C-387. Materials for Class NS concrete may be proportioned by volume and/or by weight.
- 7. Line post shall be 8'-6" long (Standard). Line post are to be set in concrete as described above or by the following methods:
  - (a) In accordance with special details and/or as specifically described in the Contract Plans and Specifications.
  - (b) In accordance with ASTM F567 Subsections 5.4 through 5.10 as approved by the Engineer. Line post installed in accordance with Section 5.8 shall be 9'-6" long.
  - (c) Post mounted on concrete structure or solid rock shall be mounted in accordance with the base plate detail "Fence Mounting On Concrete Endwalls And Retaining Wall", Sheet 3; or, by embedment in accordance with ASTM F567 Subsection 5.5.

End, pull and corner post assemblies shall be in concrete as detailed above for all soil conditions other than solid rock. Post within assemblies that are located on concrete structures or solid rock shall be set by base plate or by embedment as prescribed under (b) above for line post.

Line and assembly posts for 6' fence which must be lengthened due to a variation in the normal ground clearance, shall be set an additional 3" in depth for each 1' of of additional ground clearance.

- 8. Pull post shall be used at breaks in vertical grades of 15° or more, or at approximately 350' centers except that this maximum interval may be reduced by the Engineer on curves where the curve is
- 9. Corner post are to be installed at all horizontal breaks in fence at 15° or more and as required at vertical breaks over 15° as determined by the Engineer.
- 10. When fence has an installed top of fabric height less than 6' knuckled top and bottom selvages shall be used unless the plans specifically identify locations for twisted selvage fabrics.
- 11. Unless sliding gates or special gates are called for in the plans, all gates shall be chain link swing gates meeting the material requirements described and as approved by the Engineer. Payment shall include the gates, single or double, all necessary hardware for installation and any additional length and/or size for posts at the opening. Gates shall be paid for under the contract unit price for Fence Gates, EA.
- 12. For construction purposes corner post assemblies shall consist of one corner post, two braces, two truss rods, and all necessary fittings and hardware as detailed. End post assemblies shall consist of one end post, one brace, one truss rod and all necessary fittings and hardware as detailed.
- 13. In areas where there are physical constraints outside the right-of-way which restricts the fence construction, the fabric may be installed on the inside of the posts..

			TYPE	IV VINYL	COATED FABR	RIC				
		AA	SHTO M18	1 Table 4	Redefined As	Follows				
						PVC Thicki	ness Range			
Specif Of Me Core \	ied Dia tallic Co Wire	meter pated		n Weight Coating		Class A Or Extruded od Coating)	M181 Class B (Bonded Coating)			
in.	mm	gage	oz./ft².	g/m²	in.	mm	in.	mm		
0.148	3.77	9	0.30	92	0.015 to 0.025	0.38 to 0.64	0.006 to 0.010	0.15 to 0.25		

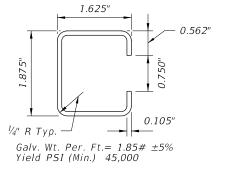
#### DESIGN NOTE

This index details fencing that is constructed with chain link fabric 6' (nominal) in

height and with specific ground clearance. For fencing of different height or installation details, the fence shall be fully detailed in the Contract plans.

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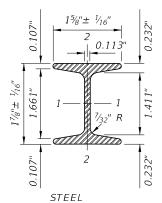




#### STANDARD WALL

## THINWALL

## OPTIONAL "C" LINE POST



Moment Of Inertia Section Modulus Rad. Of Gyration

724  $2.72 \pm 5\%$  (Galv.) 0.776 80,000

0,000		23,000	
Ax	es	Axe	25
1-1	2-2	1 – 1	2-2
.428	0.101	0.428	0.101

ALUMINUM

0.776

30,000

 $0.91 \pm 5\%$ 

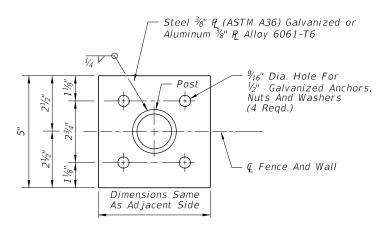
0.456 0.124

0.779 0.373

## OPTIONAL 17/8" x 15/8" H-BEAM LINE POST

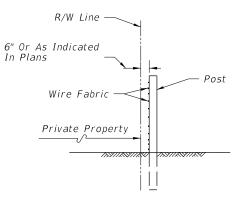
0.456 0.124

0.779 0.373



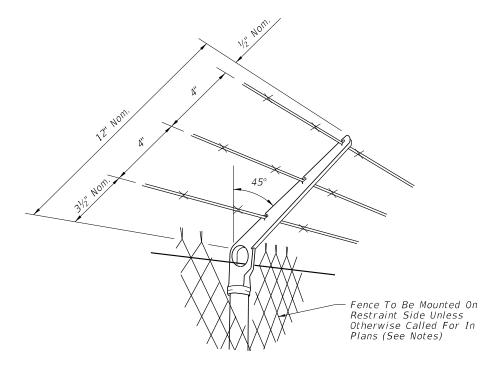
TOP VIEW FOUR ANCHOR PLATE OPTION

DESCRIPTION:



## FENCE POSITION AT LOCATIONS WITHOUT FRONTAGE ROADS

(REFER TO DETAIL PLANS FOR FENCE POSITION AT LOCATIONS WITH FRONTAGE ROADS)



## **NOTES**

Attachments to be used only when called for in the plans.
Attachments to extend in direction of restraint. Unless otherwise called for in plans, direction of restraint will be as follows:

(a.) Outward on limited access right of way line.

(b.) Outward on controlled access right of way line.

(c.) Outward from utilities and hazardous facilities located

- within highway right of way.
- (d.) Outward from lateral ditches, outfalls, retention basins, canals, borrow areas and similar support facilities.
- (e.) Inward on pedestrian ways.

The cap-arm shall be designed to provide a drive fit over the top of posts and to exclude moisture in posts with tubular sections.

#### BARB WIRE ATTACHMENT

## BASE PLATE AND ANCHOR NOTES:

- 1. Base plate identical for line, pull, end and corner posts and shall be considered an integral part of the respective posts for basis of payment.
- 2. Post to be plumbed by grout shim under base plate.
- 3. Anchors (Galvanized Steel):

12" Cast In Place,  $10\frac{1}{2}$ " Embedment:

Headed Bolts, U-Bolts or Cluster Plates. 8" Adhesive Anchors, 6" Min. Embedment.\*

\*\*Adhesive anchors shall be headless anchor bolts set in drilled holes with an Adhesive Material System in accordance with Specifications 416 and 937; drilled holes shall be  $\frac{1}{8}$ "

larger in diameter than the anchor bolt.

Expansion Bolts Not Permitted.

## FENCE MOUNTING ON CONCRETE ENDWALL AND RETAINING WALLS

© Fence And Wall

Steel 1/2" P (ASTM A36) Galvanized or Aluminum  $\frac{1}{2}$ " P Alloy 6061-T6

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TOP VIEW

TWO ANCHOR PLATE OPTION

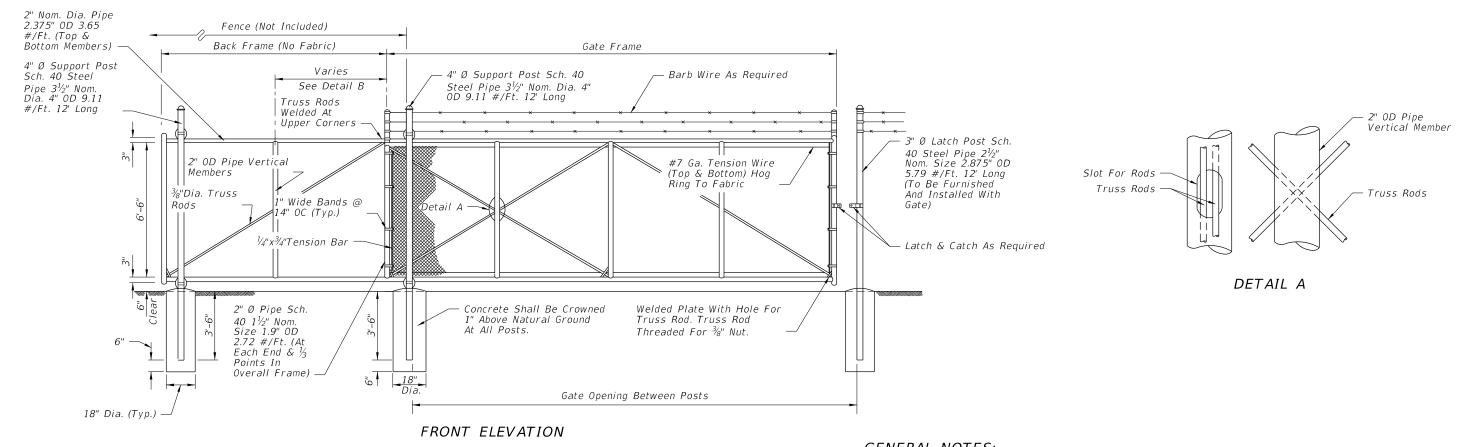
<sup>7</sup>⁄<sub>8</sub>" Dia. Hole For <sup>3</sup>⁄<sub>4</sub>"Anchors, Nuts And Washers (2 Reqd.)

11/4"

FENCE TYPE B

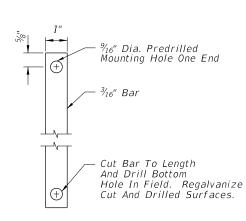
INDEX *550-002*  SHEET

3 of 3



# Heavy Duty Rollers Barb Wire Arm As Required Arm Clamp 4" OD Support Post Roller Spacer Bar

GATE OPENING	<i>GATE FRAME</i>	BACK FRAME
12'	12'-3"	6'
16'	16'-3"	8'
20'	20'-3"	10'
24'	24'-3"	12'



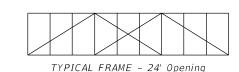
ROLLER SPACER BAR

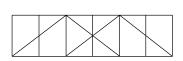
#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

1. Extruded, rolled or formed components that provide equal strength and stability may be used in lieu of the pipe components shown; and, internal rollers may be used in lieu of the external roller units shown.

Gate components shall meet or exceed the protective coatings specified on Index 550-002.

- 2. Steel gate frame shall be fabricated prior to galvanizing, except that truss rods may be fabricated following frame galvanizing provided surfaces damaged during welding are galvanized in accordance with Section 24 of AASHTO M36; or, fabricated from pipe components with protective coating meeting the requirements of Index 550-002 that are tolerant of welding (low burn back), and a protective coating applied to the weld and damaged pipe surfaces that is equivalent to the protective coating of the fabricated pipe
- 3. All fabric shall be knuckled top and bottom selvages.
- 4. Concrete for bases shall be either Class NS concrete in accordance with Specification 347 or a packaged, dry material meeting the requirements of a concrete under ASTM C-387. Materials for Class NS concrete may be proportioned by volume and/or by weight.
- 5. Cost of all gate components shall be included in the contract unit price for Sliding Fence Gate (Cantilever), EA.





TYPICAL FRAME - 12', 16' & 20' Opening

DETAIL B

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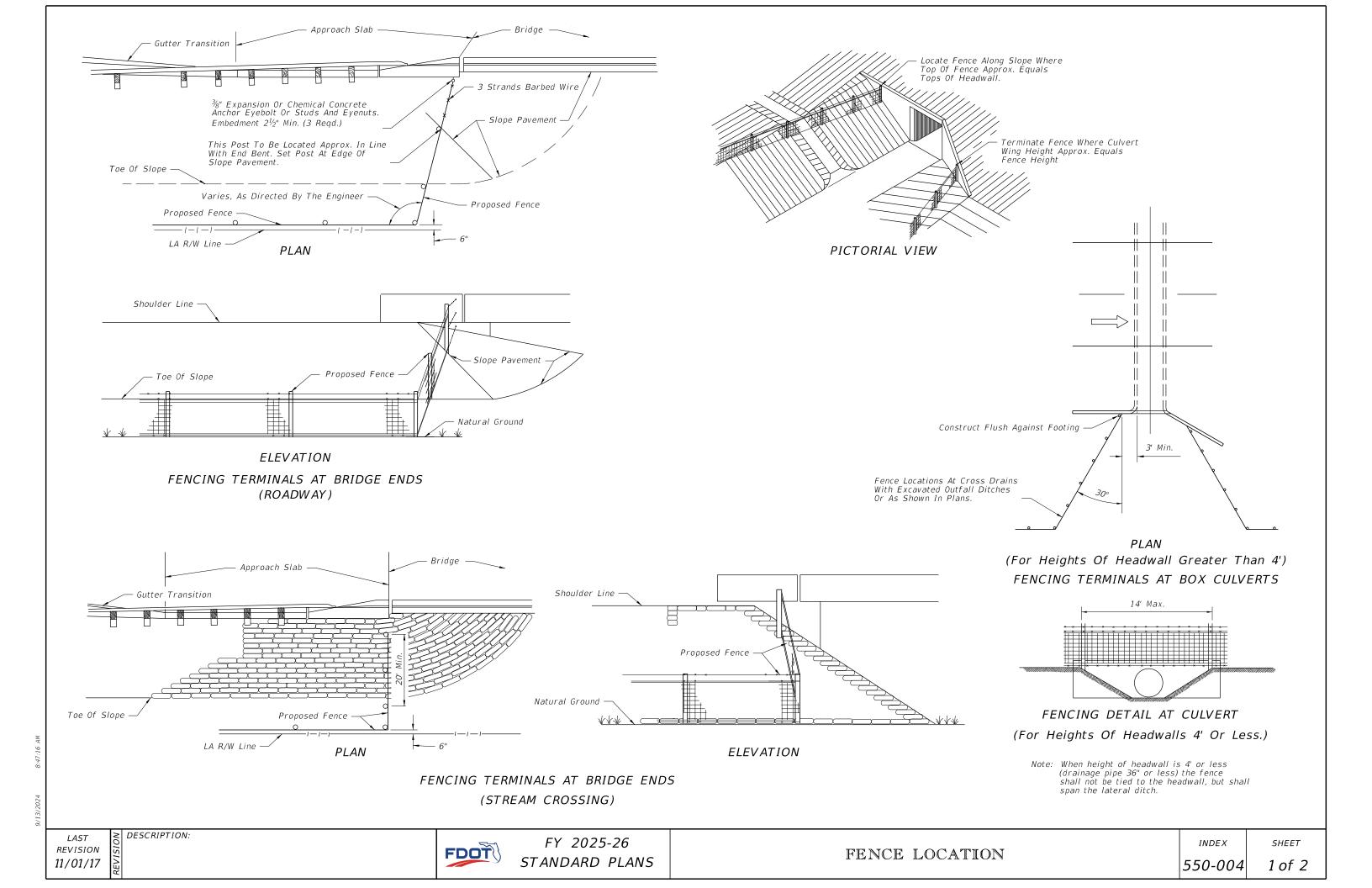
CANTILEVER SLIDE GATE TYPE B FENCE

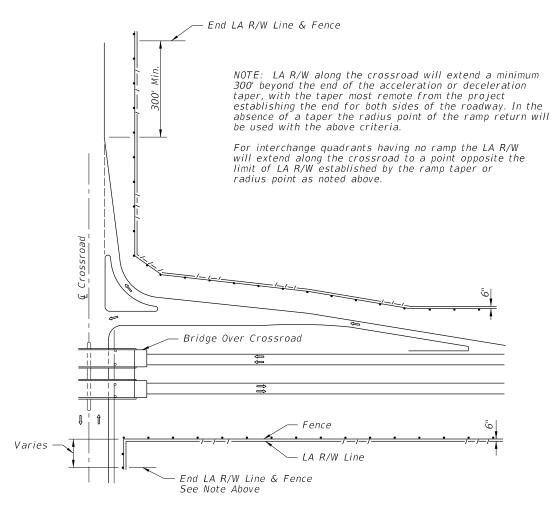
INDEX

SHEET 1 of 1

SUPPORT POST

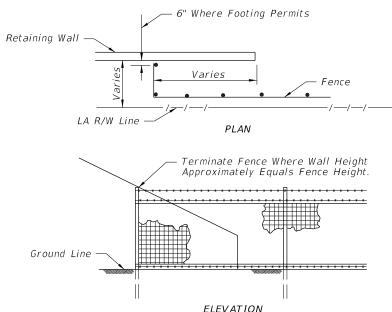
**DETAIL** 

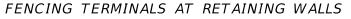




APPLIES TO BRIDGE OVER CROSSROAD AND CROSSROAD OVER FREEWAY (BRIDGE OVER CROSSROAD SHOWN)

## FENCING TERMINALS AT RURAL INTERCHANGES





DESCRIPTION: REVISION 11/01/17

FDOT

ELEVATION

FENCING TERMINALS AT URBAN INTERCHANGES

Note B - The indicated distance shall be identical to the above noted

Note A - The indicated distance shall be sufficient to provide satisfactory

sight distance for the traffic from the ramp.

50' Min. Overlap -

- Local Street —

See Inset A

LA R/W Line

Fence Type "B'

50' Min. Overlap

INSET A

Fence Type

dimension, if practical.

LA R/W Line

Ramp

Fence Type "B"

– ∉ Cross Street

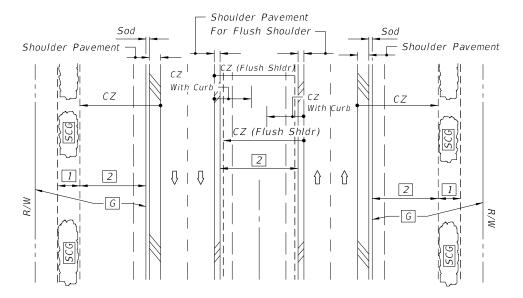
Sidewalk

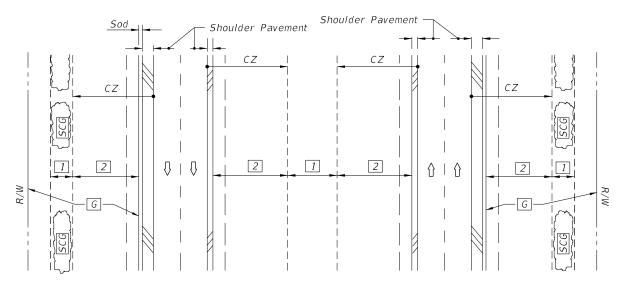
— See Note B

See Note A

End Fence & LA R/W Line

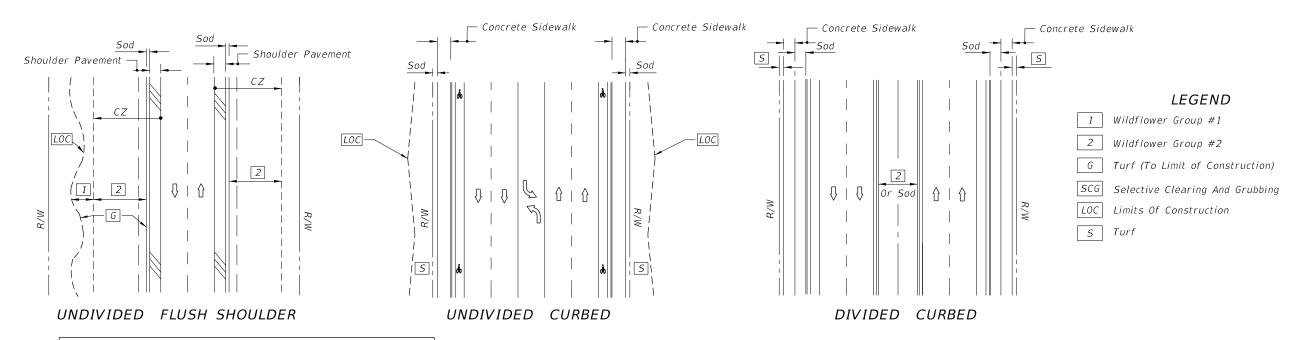
Radius Point





DIVIDED NARROW MEDIAN WITH OR WITHOUT CURBED MEDIAN

DIVIDED WIDE MEDIAN WITH OR WITHOUT CURBED MEDIAN



WILDFLOWER SEEDING RATES	
Common Name (Botanical Name)	lbs/ac
#1 Group	
Black-Eyed Susan (Rudbeckia hirta)	2
Lance-Leaf Tickseed (Coreopsis lanceolata)	10
Goldenmane Tickseed (Coreopsis basalis)	10
Leavenworth's Tickseed (Coreopsis leavenworthii)	10
Fire Wheel (Gaillardia pulchella)	10
Softhair Coneflower (Rudbeckia mollis)	2
Crimson Clover (Trifolium incarnatum)	15
#2 Group	
Annual Phlox (Phlox drummondii)	10
Moss Verbena (Verbena tenuisecta)	6
Leavenworth's Tickseed (Coreopsis leavenworthii)	10
Fire Wheel (Gaillardia pulchella)	10
Crimson Clover (Trifolium incarnatum)	15
Note: Wildflower seeding rates are for restoring impacted wildflower areas.	

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All turf establishment shall be performed meeting the requirements of Specification 570.
- 2. Activities such as clearing, grading, and excavating that will disturb one or more acres of land require coverage under the Generic Permit for Stormwater Discharge from Large and Small Construction Activities from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, and implementation of appropriate pollution prevention measures to minimize erosion and sedimentation and properly manage stormwater.
- 3. Confirm compatibility of wildflower with Seeding Zones.

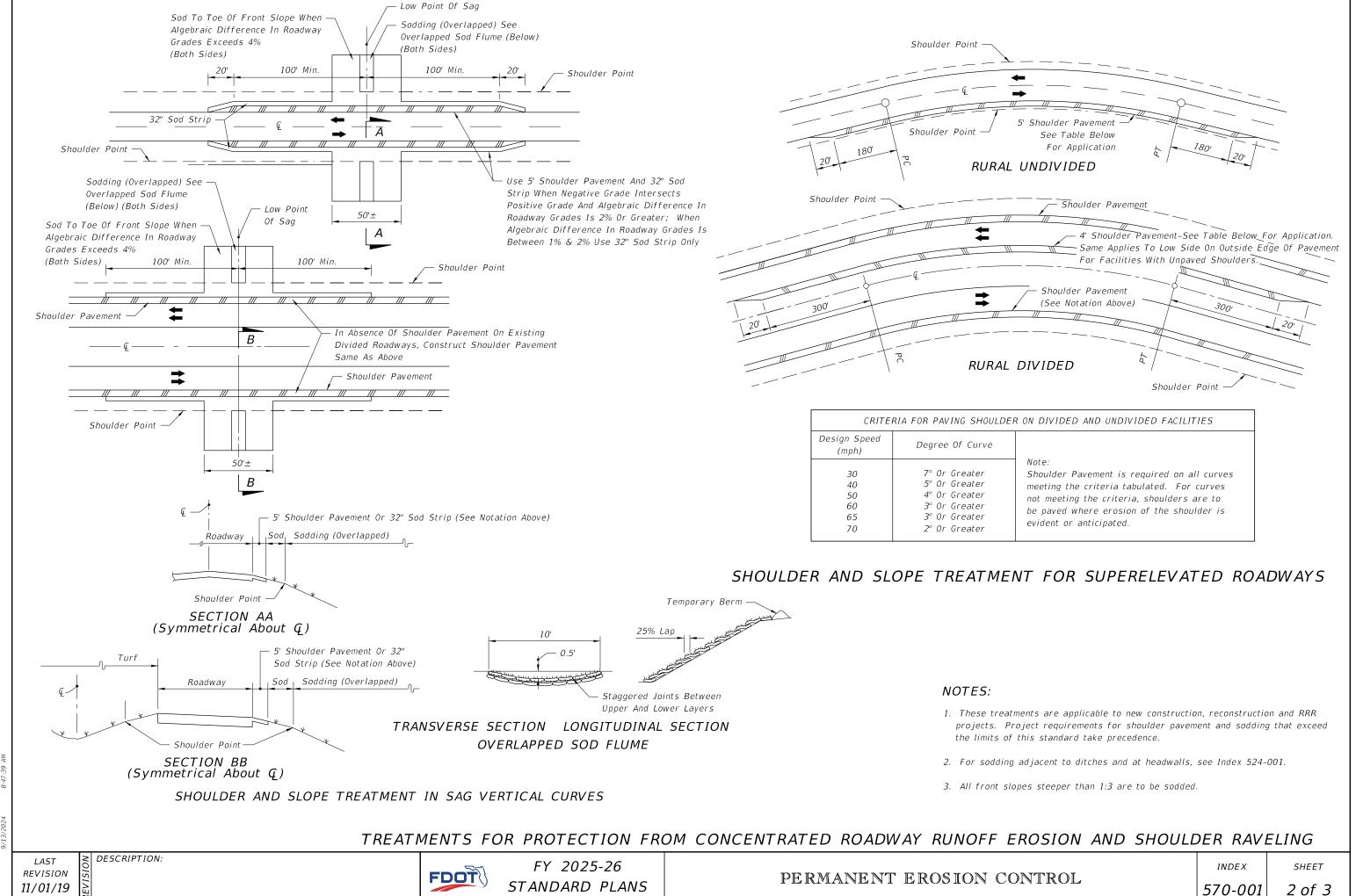
## SEEDING ZONES

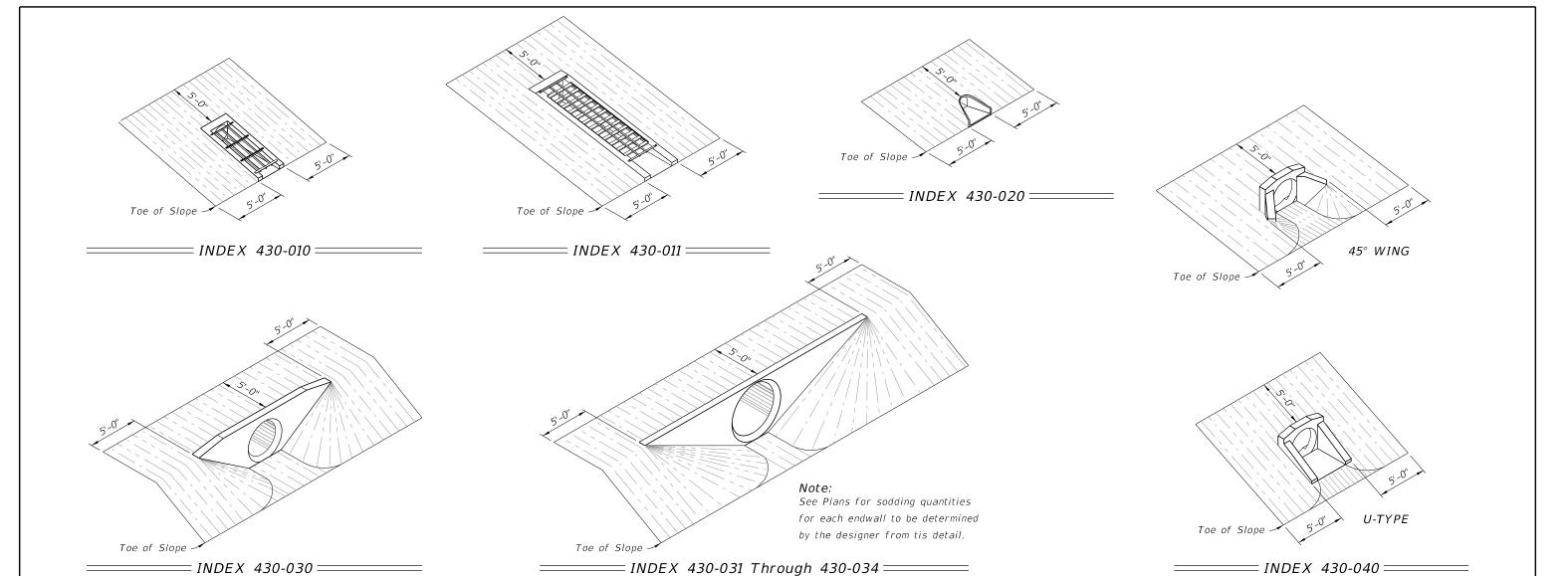


REVISION 11/01/19

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT





INDEX 430-010 INDEX 430-011						INDEX 430-020	INDEX 430-030												INDEX 430-040				
		SLOPE				ALL SLOPES	SLOPE												SLOPE				
PIPE SIZE	1:4	1:2	1:3	1:4	1:6	ALL SLOPES		1:2			1:3			1:4			1:6		1:2	1:3	1:4	1:6	
		PIPES			PIPES		PIPES							PIPES									
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	
12"						10													14	15	18	22	
15"	15	13 (15)	16	17	23	11	19	21	24	22	26	29	26	30	33	34	38	43	15	17	20	25	
18"	16	14 (16)	17	19	25	11	21	24	27	25	29	33	30	34	38	39	44	50	16	18	22	28	
21"						12																	
24"	19	15 (17)	19	21	28	14	26	30	34	32	37	42	38	44	50	50	58	66	19	22	26	34	
27"						15																	
30"	21	17 (18)	21	24	32	16	31	37	42	39	46	53	46	55	63	62	74	85	21	25	30	40	
36"						18	37	44	52	46	56	65	56	67	79	76	91	107	24	29	35	47	
42"						19	43	53	62	55	67	79	67	82	96	91	111	132	27	32	39	54	
48"						21	50	62	73	64	79	93	78	97	115	108	133	158	30	36	44	61	
54"						21	57	71	85	74	92	110	91	113	136	126	157	188					
60"						22																	
66"						25																	
72"						26																	

≥ DESCRIPTION: REVISION 11/01/19

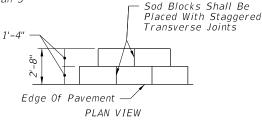
FDOT

## COMPLETED SHOULDER

CRITERIA FOR USING TREATMENT I

#### Project

- is resurfacing, widening and resurfacing or construction of shoulder pavement
- is rural or is urban without curb and gutter
- resurfacing build-up is less than 3"



#### PATTERN DETAIL

#### GENERAL NOTES

#### 1. Treatment I:

If trenching under sod is necessary to achieve the required Drop-Off, excavated topsoil is to be used for filling voids and low areas at the edge of pavement or for flushing along the edge of sod. Excess material to be uniformly distributed over the shoulder.

#### 2. Treatment II:

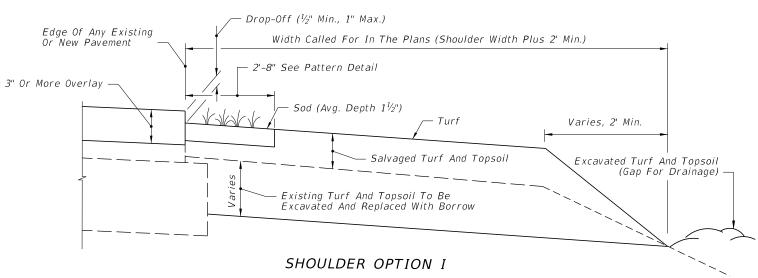
- A. Borrow must meet the requirements for a "Select" material in accordance with Index 120-001 and Specification 120.
- B. Borrow may be used in lieu of excavated turf and topsoil when economically feasible. There will be no additional payment for substituting borrow for excavated turf and topsoil
- 3. Special attention is to be directed at achieving the required Drop-Off at the edge of pavement, within the dimension range shown.
- 4. Activities such as clearing, grading, and excavating that will disturb one or more acres of land require coverage under the Generic Permit for Stormwater Discharge from Large and Small Construction Activities from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, and implementation of appropriate pollution prevention measures to minimize erosion and sedimentation and properly manage stormwater.

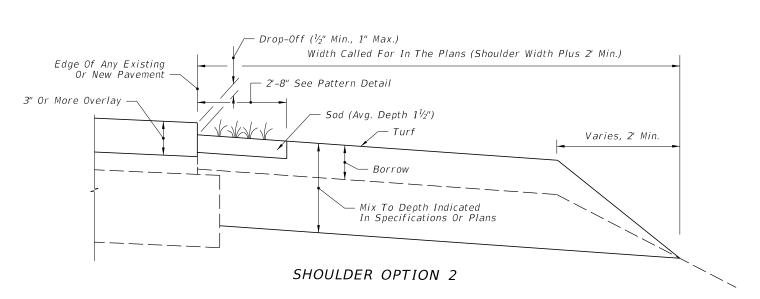
#### 5. Turf Establishment:

DESCRIPTION:

- A. Wildflowers destroyed by shoulder sodding and turf operations are to be reestablished under the seeding rates prescribed for permanent wildflower #2 Group shown by table on Index 570-001.
- B. Establish turf in accordance with Specification 570.

## TREATMENT II





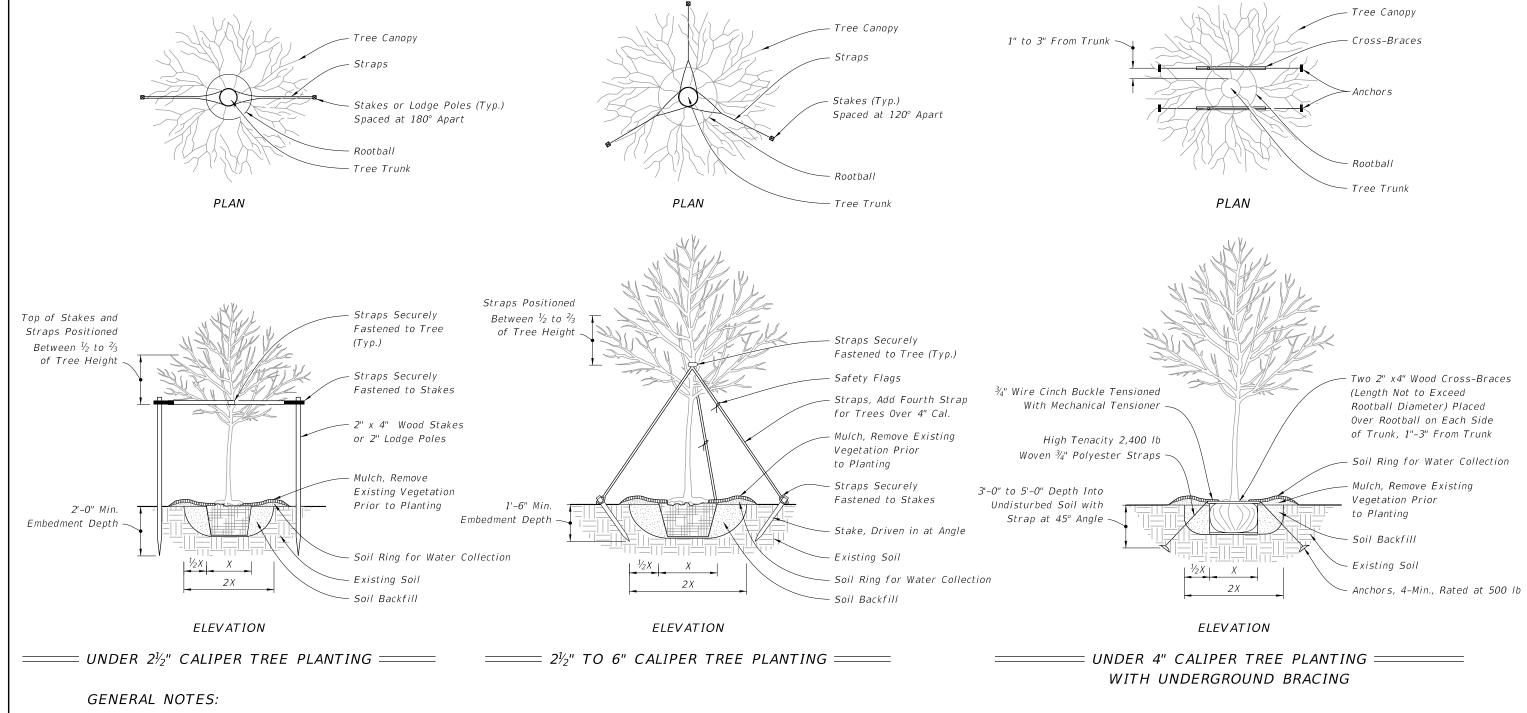
#### CRITERIA FOR USING TREATMENT II

#### Project

- is resurfacing or construction of shoulder pavement
- is rural or is urban without curb and gutter
- resurfacing build-up is 3" or more

A SIMILAR TREATMENT MAY BE USED FOR PROJECTS THAT REQUIRE SHOULDER WIDENING. DETAILS ARE TO BE SHOWN IN THE PLANS.





- 1. Staking guidelines are based on standard horticultural requirements and are provided for plant establishment purposes only. Details not intended to apply when bracing is intended to address safety considerations. When bracing for safety, refer to Designer generated signed and sealed details. These guidelines are not intended to apply when the tree or palm is within falling distance of a roadway, pedestrian or bicycle route, under extreme wind loads, non-standard soil properties, non-standard plant dimensions, or when rootball is anticipated to be greater than 4 feet diameter and planted on 1:3 slope or steeper.
- 2. All dimensions 6" and less are exaggerated for illustrative purposes only. Dimensions shown for wood materials are nominal. Slopes shown are Vertical: Horizontal.
- 3. Remove plant containers prior to planting. Remove a minimum of the top 1/3 of burlap, fabric, or wire mesh for plants not
- 4. Allow no more than 1" of soil to cover the uppermost root on all trees. Set the top of rootball 1"-2" above finish grade after settling and set plumb to the horizon.
- 5. Backfill with loosened existing soil or as shown in the plans. Remove rocks, sticks, or other deleterious material greater than 1" in any direction prior to backfilling. Water and tamp to remove air pockets. Contact the Engineer prior to planting if existing soils contain excessive sand, clay, or other material not conducive to proper plant growth.

- 6. Construct soil rings at the outer edge of the planting pit with a height of 3" and gently sloping sides unless a permanent, subsurface or drip irrigation system is provided. Do not pile soil on top of rootball.
- 7. Construct a 3" deep layer of mulch placed 2" off the edge of the trunk flare, around the base of shrub, or solidly around ground cover. Never pile mulch against the tree trunk.
- 8. Install guying with minimum 1" wide nylon or polypropylene straps with a minimum 600 lb. break strength. Check straps monthly and adjust as required to eliminate girdling of tree. Locate all wood stakes beyond the edge of soil ring in existing soil and embed a minimum of 18" below finished grade unless otherwise specified. Alternate tree bracing and guying systems specified or approved by the Engineer may be used in lieu of the tree bracing and guying methods detailed on the Index.
- 9. Relocated Trees and Palms: Brace relocated trees and palms in accordance with the Contract Documents. Remove bracing at the conclusion of the contract or as directed by the Engineer. Bracing or straps must not damage or become embedded
- 10. Use 2" x 2" minimum wood stakes unless otherwise shown in the Plans or directed by the Engineer. Use wood meeting #2 Common or better in accordance with the Standard Grading Rules for Southern Pine.
- 11. Drive stakes into existing, undisturbed soil. Localized compaction may be provided to prevent displacement of the stakes for previously disturbed existing soils that do not provide sufficient stability.

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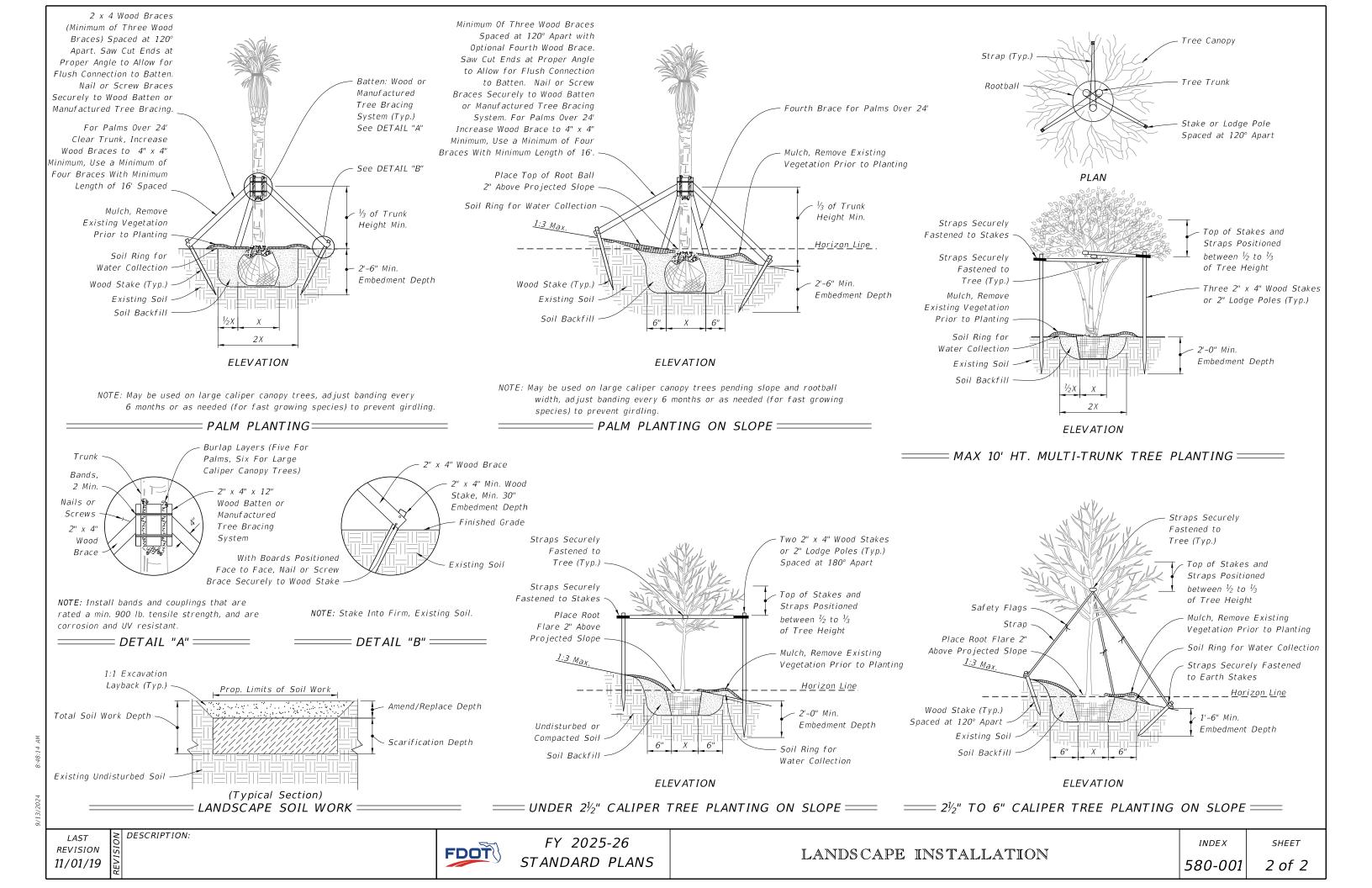
DESCRIPTION:

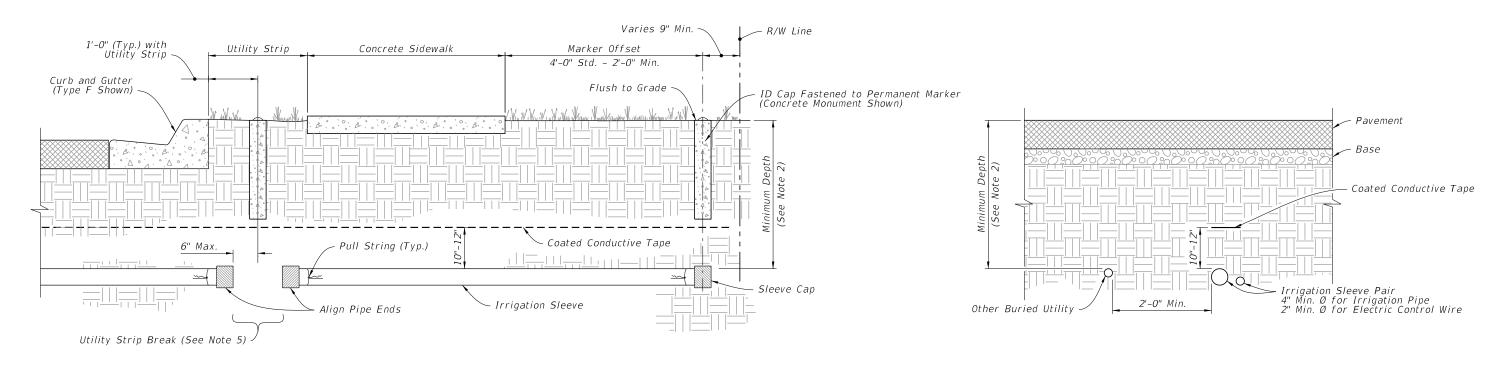
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FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

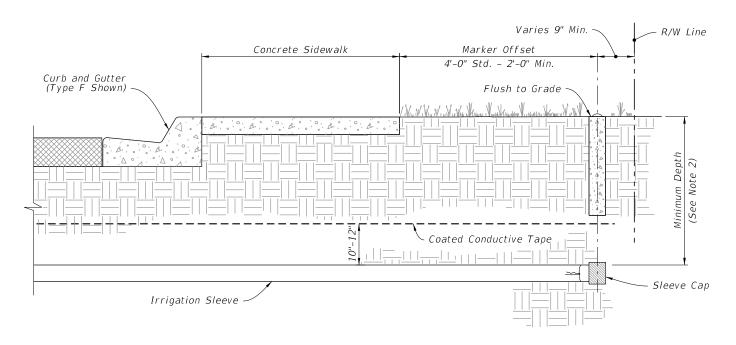
*INDEX* 

SHEET





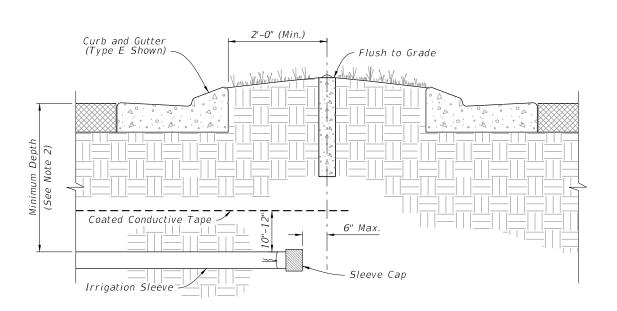
## ROADWAY WITH UTILITY STRIP =



## ROADWAY WITHOUT UTILITY STRIP =

## **NOTES:**

- 1. Work this Index with Specification 591.
- 2. Install Sleeve with the minimum depth measured from the top of the Irrigation Sleeve as shown in the Plans or specified in Index 630-001.
- 3. When installing Irrigation Sleeves in a median crossover, place sleeves along the centerline.
- 4. Irrigation Sleeves for Electrical Control Wire and Irrigation Pipe must be no further than 12" apart.
- 5. Install Utility Strip Breaks only when shown in the Plans.



ROADWAY CROSS SECTION =

ROADWAY MEDIAN OR ROUNDABOUT =

LAST

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2025-26 STANDARD PLANS

LANDSCAPE IRRIGATION SLEEVES

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