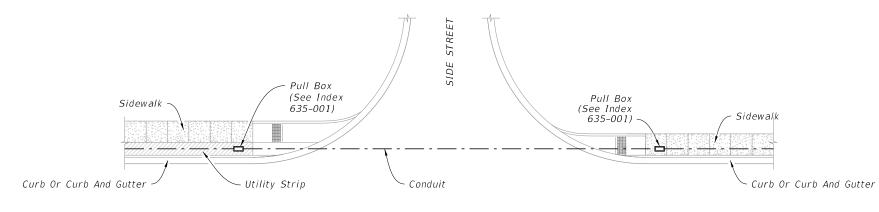
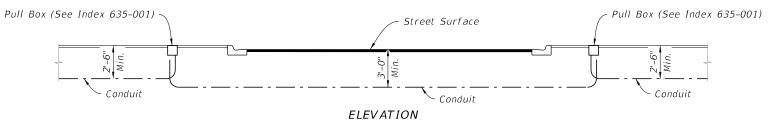
### GENERAL NOTES:

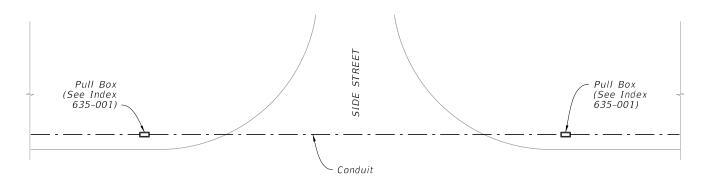
- 1. Install conduit in accordance with Specification 630.
- 7. When installing conduit under sidewalk by open trench, replace the entire sidewalk slab.
- 3. Trench not to be open more than 250' at a time when construction area is subject to vehicular or pedestrian traffic.
- 4. Sawcut asphalt at the edges of the trench to leave neat lines.



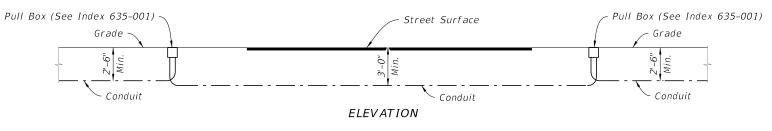
PLAN



CURB AND GUTTER



PLAN

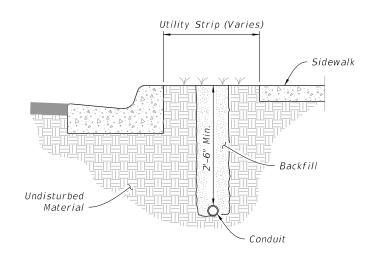


=FLUSH SHOULDER=

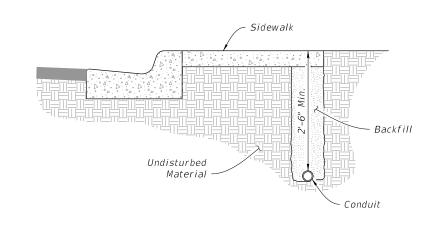
REVISION 11/01/18

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT



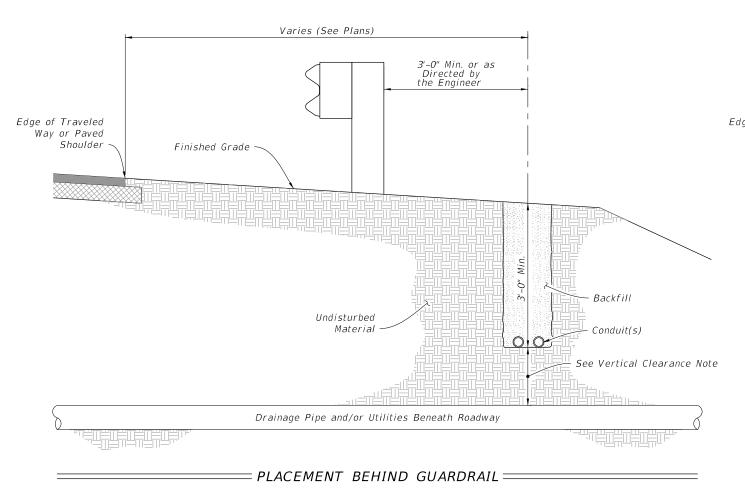
### = PLACEMENT WITHIN THE UTILITY STRIP ====



3'-0" Min. or as Directed by the Engineer

### = PLACEMENT UNDER SIDEWALK ===

Varies (See Plans)



Edge of Traveled . Way or Paved Shoulder Finished Grade Backfill Undisturbed Conduit(s) Material See Vertical Clearance Note Drainage Pipe and/or Utilities Beneath Roadway

:PLACEMENT IN FRONT OF GUARDRAIL=

## VERTICAL CLEARANCE NOTE:

Maintain 1'-0" minimum vertical clearance when crossing over pipe and or utilities. If minimum vertical clearance cannot be maintained, conduit is to be routed under pipe maintaining 1'-0" minimum vertical clearance.

**REVISION** 11/01/18

DESCRIPTION:

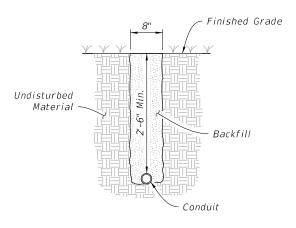
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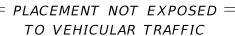
FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

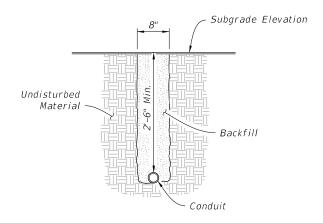
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630-001



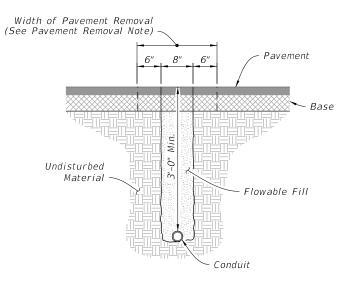




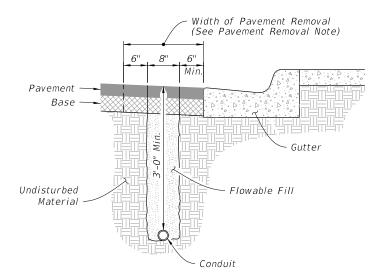
= PLACEMENT UNDER NEW ROADWAY ==PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF BASE AND PAVEMENT

### NOTES:

- 1. Pavement Removal: The removal and replacement of the additional pavement width (i.e., 6" Width either side of trench) will not be required when the trench can be constructed without disturbing the asphalt surface on either side.
- 2. Placement Under Existing Pavement: Place conduit prior to installation of base and pavement, unless otherwise shown in the Plans or approved by the Engineer.



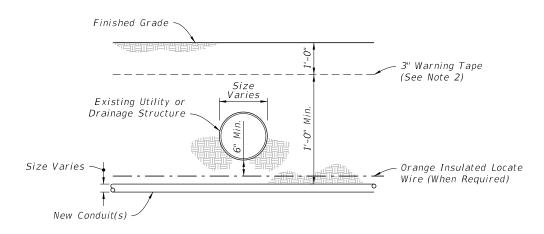
=PLACEMENT UNDER EXISTING PAVEMENT==NOT ADJACENT TO GUTTER



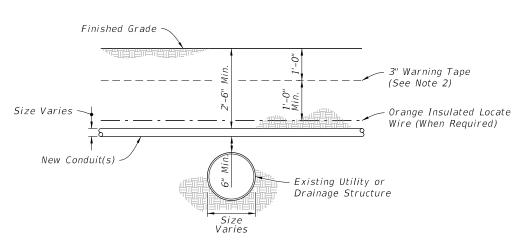
PLACEMENT UNDER EXISTING PAVEMENT ADJACENT TO GUTTER

**REVISION** 11/01/18

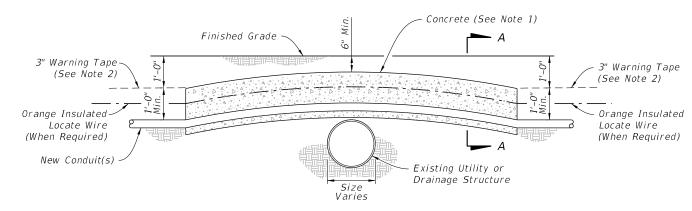
DESCRIPTION:



BELOW EXISTING

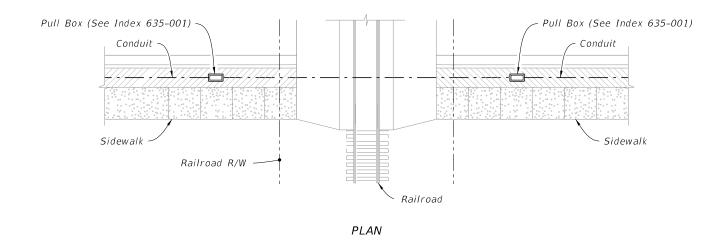


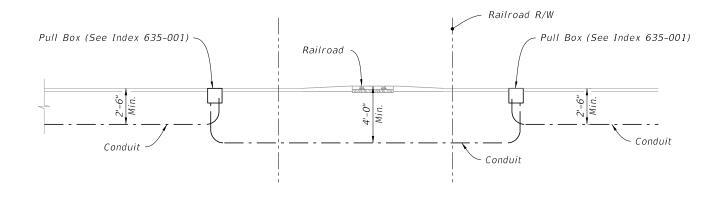
ABOVE EXISTING - DEPTH 2'-6" OR GREATER



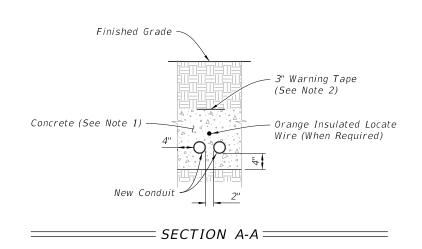
ABOVE EXISTING - DEPTH 2'-6" OR LESS

=PLACEMENT ACROSS EXISTING DRAINAGE PIPES OR UTILITIES





### = ${\it PLACEMENT~UNDER~RAILROAD} =$



### NOTES:

- 1. Where conduits are to be installed over existing underground structures (e.g., drainage pipes or utility lines) which are less than 2'-6" deep, encase the conduit in Class NS concrete for the entire length of conduit that is installed at a depth of less than 2'-6".
- 2. Place 3" Warning Tape when new conduit is installed at a depth of 1'-6" or greater, and the new conduit is not encased in concrete.

LAST REVISION 11/01/18

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

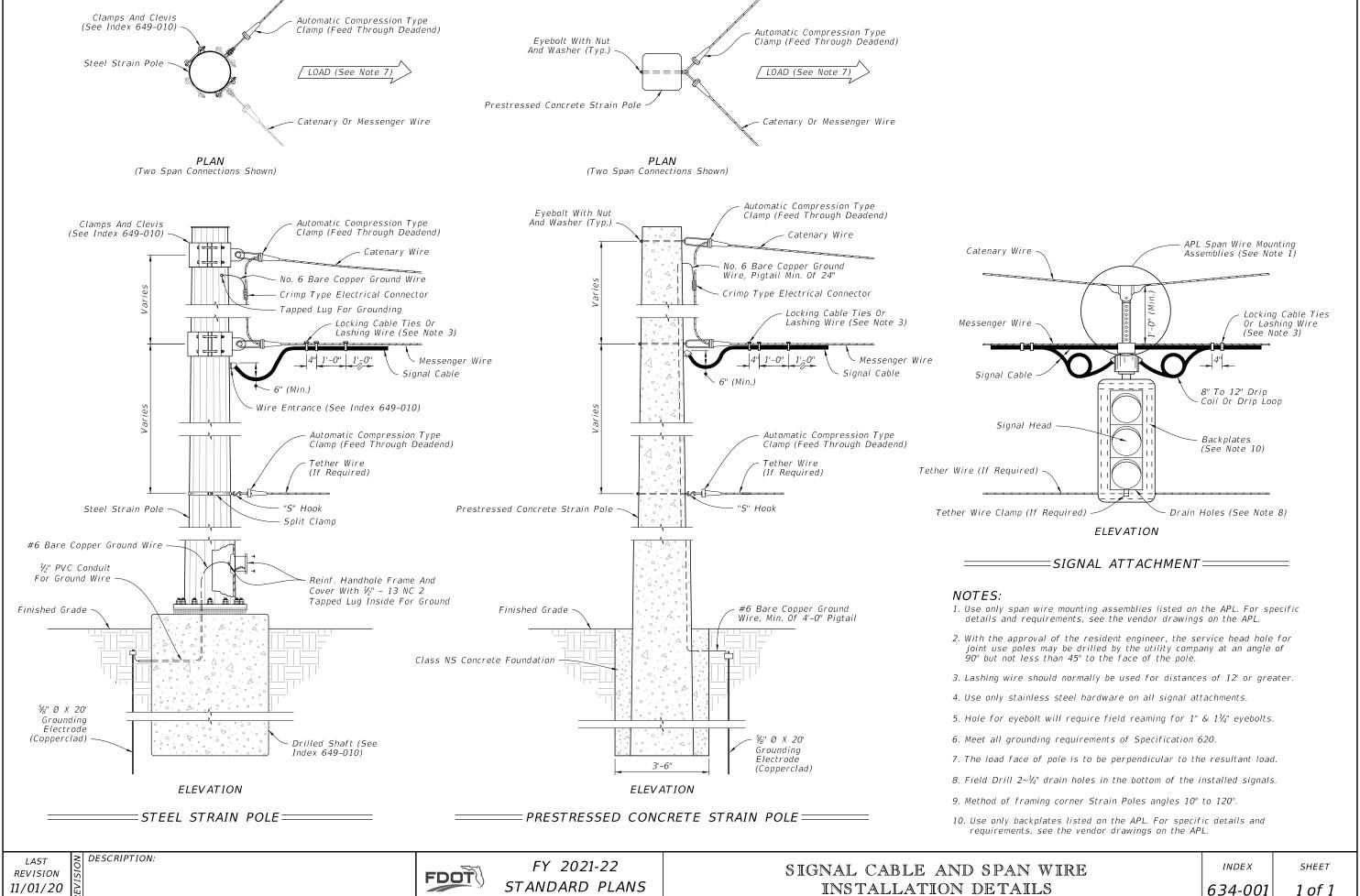
FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

CONDUIT INSTALLATION DETAILS

INDEX 630-001

SHEET

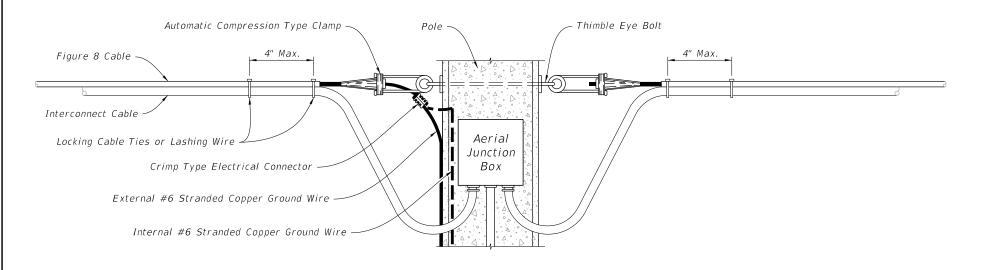
4 of 4



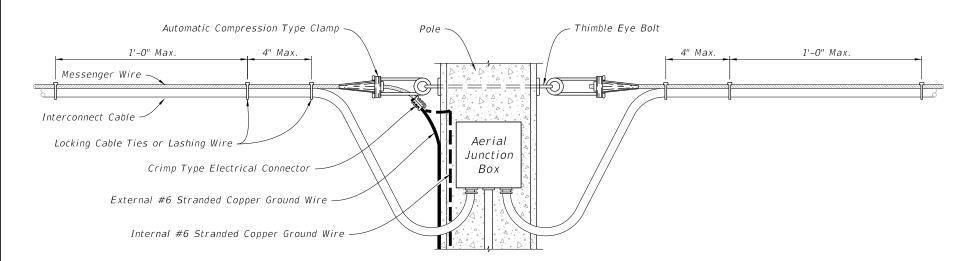
STANDARD PLANS

INSTALLATION DETAILS

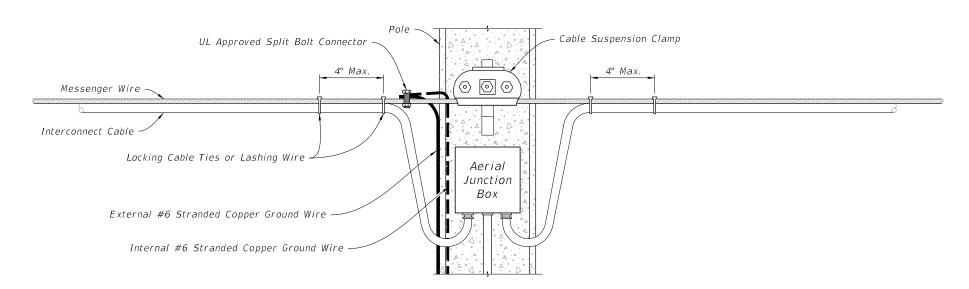
1 of 1



### CABLE DROP AND TERMINATION WITH FIGURE 8 CABLE =



### CABLE DROP AND TERMINATION WITH MESSENGER WIRE AND COMPRESSION CLAMP=



CABLE DROP AND TERMINATION WITH MESSENGER WIRE AND SUSPENSION CLAMP

LAST **REVISION** 11/01/18

DESCRIPTION:

**FDOT** 

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SHEET

AERIAL INTERCONNECT

NOTES:

extending down the pole.

1. Meet all grounding requirements of Specification 620.

2. If accessible, ground the messenger wire of the interconnect cables to the copper ground wire of the pole or to the external wire

conduit extending up 8' from the finish grade to protect the ground

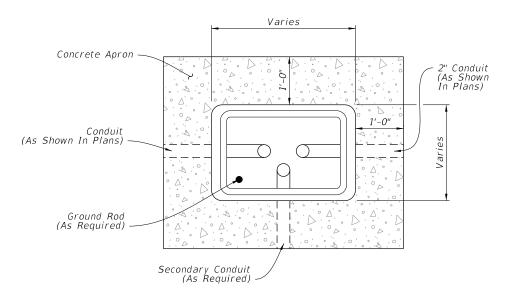
4. Use either locking cable ties or lashing wire, placed no further than 12" apart. Except at the point of cable drop or terminations, place

one (1) at the point where the cables separate from the messenger wire and place another at a maximum distance of 4" from that tie.

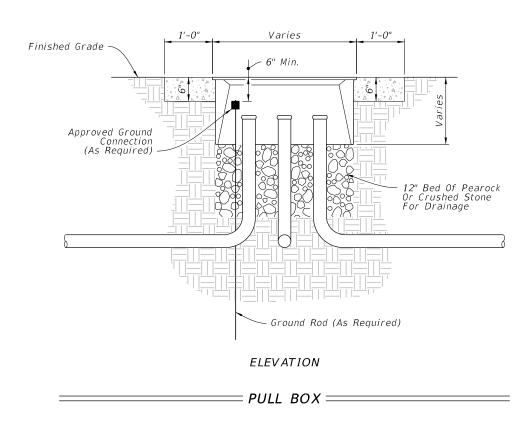
5. When installing Figure 8 interconnect cable, only use locking cable ties. 6. Lashing wire should normally be used for distances of 12' or greater.

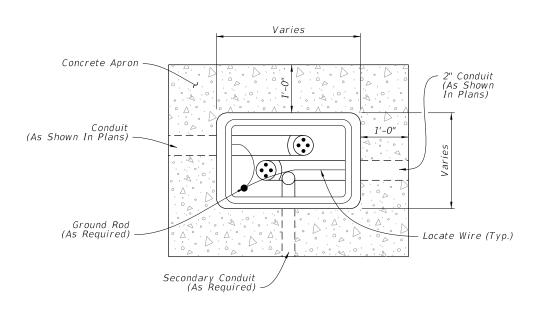
3. When utilizing the external ground wire, install a piece of 1/2"

wire connecting the messenger wire to the ground rod.

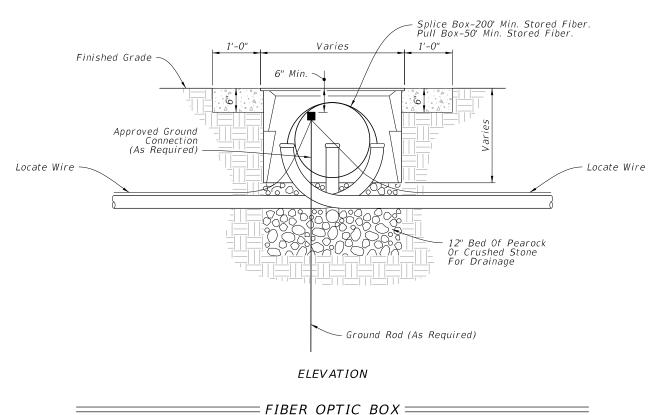


### PLAN





### PLAN



### NOTES:

- 1. Provide fiber optic splice boxes with cable hanger racks designed to support cables and splice enclosures.
- 2. Install a 1'-0" wide (Min.) concrete apron around all boxes using Class NS concrete. Slope the apron away from the box.
- 3. Where multiple pull boxes are placed side by side, maintain at least 8" between the pull boxes.
- 4. Rectangular boxes shown, others similar.

LAST **REVISION** 11/01/18

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

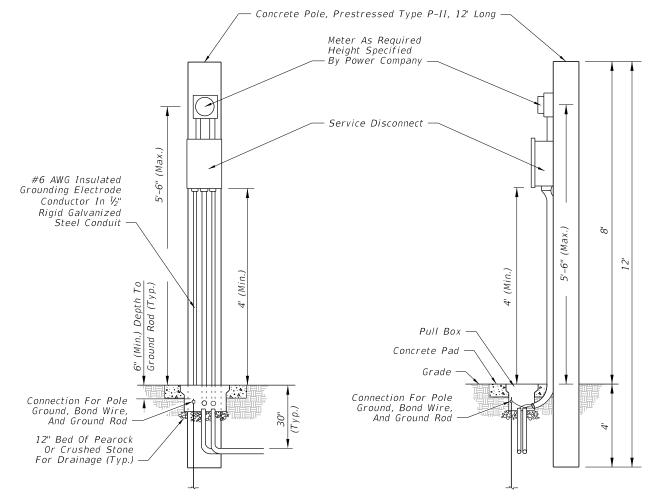
FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

## Clevis With Insulators Conductor Weatherhead Height As Required By Power Company Meter As Required Height Specified By Power Company Service Disconnect #6 AWG Insulated Grounding Electrode (Max.) Conductor In 1/2" Rigid Galvanized Steel Conduit 2,-6" Pull Box Concrete Pad Grade 12" Bed Of Pearock Or Crushed Stone For Drainage (Typ.) U.L. Approved Ground Rod, ⅓" Dia. 40' Long Copper Clad (All Service Points)

Concrete Pole Prestressed Type P-II, 36' Long -

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. It shall be the contractors responsibility to provide a complete service assembly as per the plans and service specifications.
- 2. The service installation shall meet the requirements of the national electric code and applicable local codes.
- 3. Shop drawings are not required for service equipment, unless noted in the plans.
- 4. A Pull Box is required at each service point, see Index 635-001.



DETAIL B UNDERGROUND FEED

LAST REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:



DETAIL A

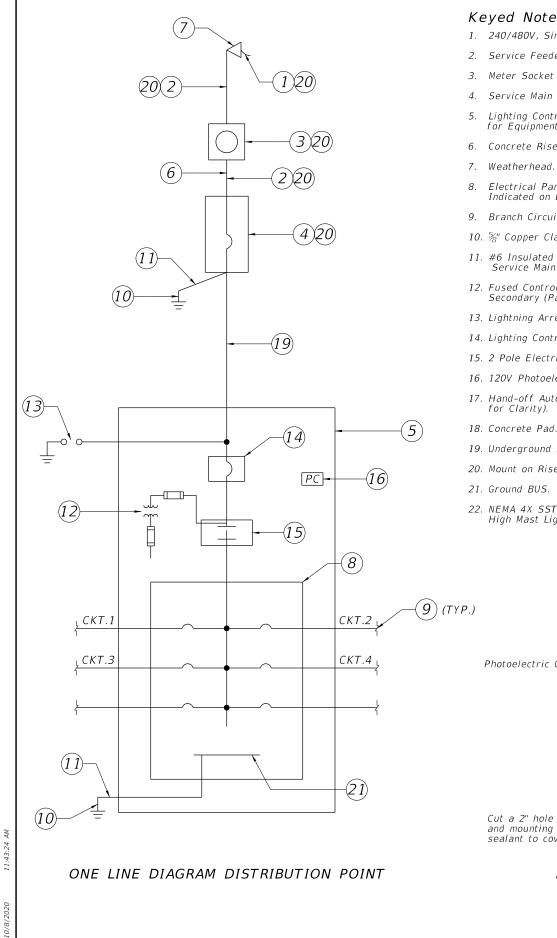
AERIAL FEED

FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

SERVICE POINT DETAILS

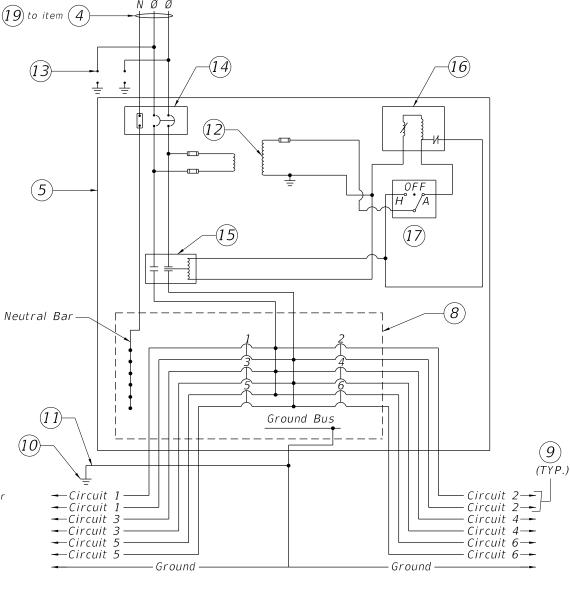
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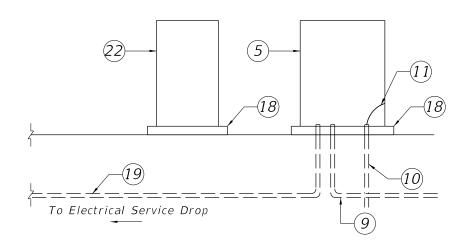


### Keyed Notes:

- 1. 240/480V, Single Phase 3 Wire Electric Distribution Overhead Service Drop.
- 2. Service Feeder in Rigid Galvanized Steel Conduit.
- 3. Meter Socket by Contractor
- 4. Service Main Disconnect.
- 5. Lighting Control Panel Enclosure (NEMA 4X SST). Dimensions as Necessary for Equipment Inside. Ground Mounted Cabinet per Index 639-002.
- 6. Concrete Riser Pole.
- 8. Electrical Panel. Number and Rating of Branch Circuit Breakers shall be as Indicated on Distribution Point Description on Lighting Plan Sheets.
- 9. Branch Circuit to Roadway Luminaires.
- 10. %" Copper Clad Ground Rod, 40' Long.
- 11. #6 Insulated Copper Ground Wire. Bond the Service Neutral to Ground at Service Main Disconnect.
- 12. Fused Control Power Transformer 0.5 KVA, Single Phase, 480V Primary, 120V Secondary (Part of Lighting Contactor, Shown Outside for Clarity).
- 13. Lightning Arrester Mounted on Outside of Enclosure.
- 14. Lighting Control Panel Main Breaker.
- 15. 2 Pole Electrical Lighting Contactor.
- 16. 120V Photoelectric cell, 1800VA with 2000V Peak Surge Protection.
- 17. Hand-off Automatic Selector Switch (Part of Lighting Contactor, Shown Outside
- 19. Underground Feeder Conduit.
- 20. Mount on Riser Pole.
- 22. NEMA 4X SST Ground Mounted Storage Cabinet with Two Shelves. Only Required for High Mast Lighting Systems.



### TYPICAL DISTRIBUTION POINT SCHEMATIC DETAIL



RISER DIAGRAM - TYPICAL DISTRIBUTION POINT

Photoelectric Controller Side or Back of Enclosure

Cut a 2" hole in the side of the Lighting Control Panel enclosure for the operation and mounting of the Photo Electric controller. Use plexiglass and a clear silicone sealant to cover hole, install Photo Electric Controller.

PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROLLER DETAIL

**REVISION** 11/01/19

DESCRIPTION:

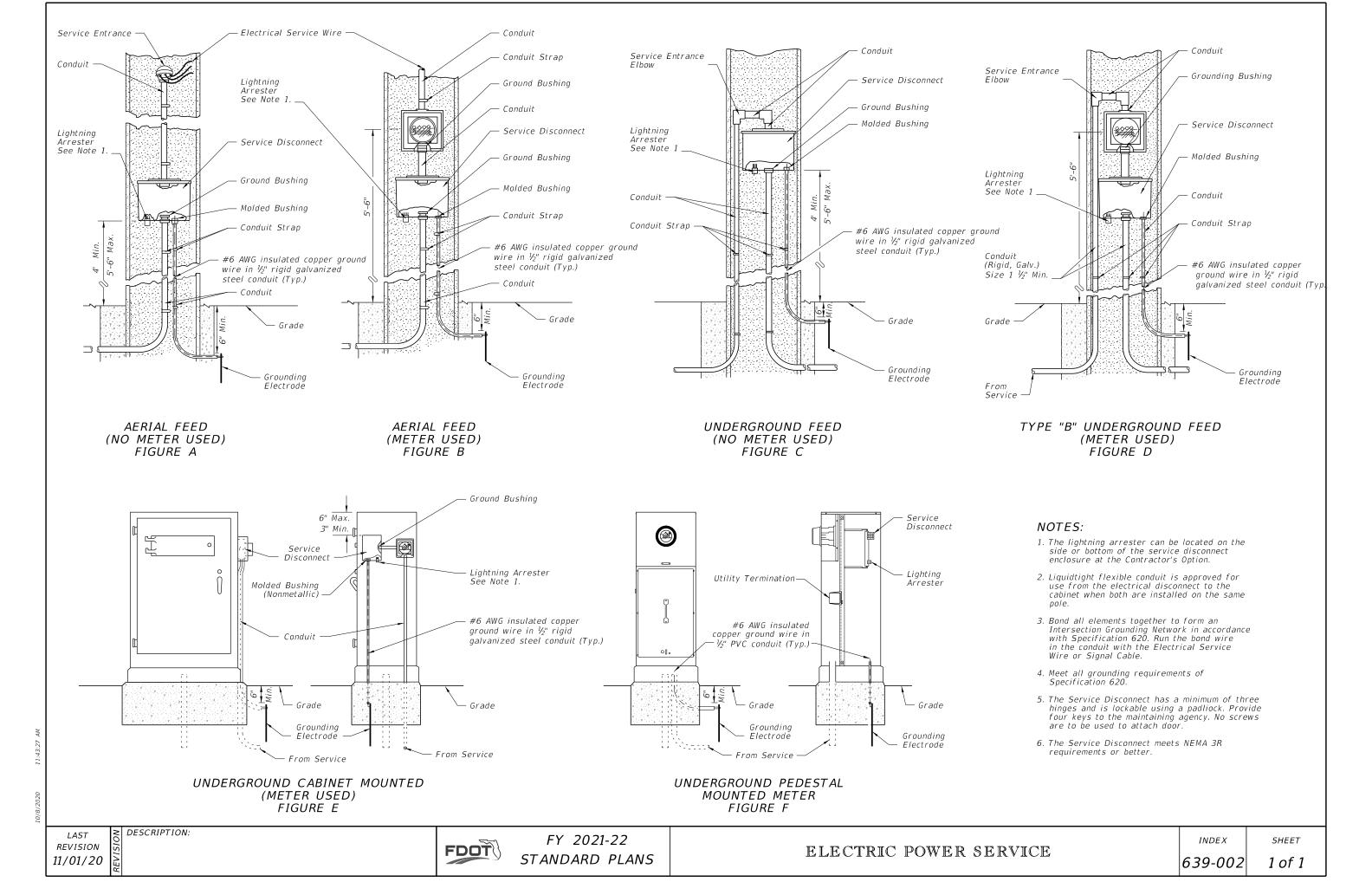
**FDOT** 

FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

SERVICE POINT DETAILS

INDEX 639-001

SHEET 2 of 2



### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Work these Index drawings with the Strain Pole Schedule in the Plans.
- 2. Shop Drawings: This Index is considered fully detailed and no shop drawings are necessary. Submit shop drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the plans.
- 3. Materials:

A. Concrete: Class V Special with 4 ksi minimum strength at transfer or Class VI with 6.5 ksi minimum strength at transfer

B. Prestress Strands & Spiral Reinforcing: Specification 641

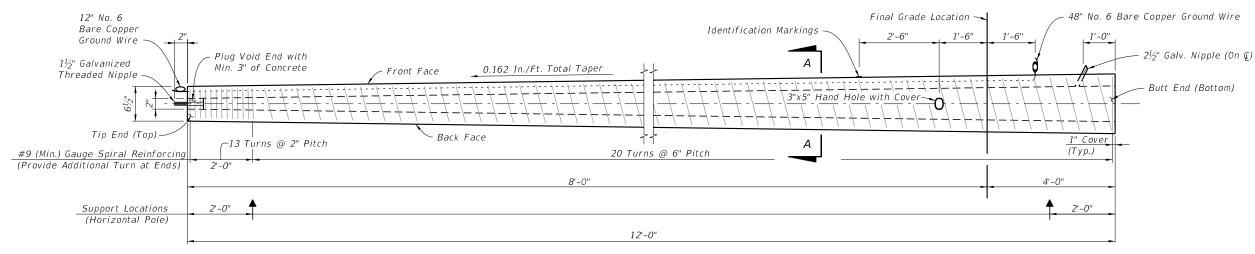
C. Hand and coupler cover plates: Non-corrosive material D. Screws: Round headed, chrome plated

- 4. Fabrication:
  - A. Pole Taper for pole width, strands, reinforcing and void: 0.081 in/ft per face.
  - B. Concrete Cover: 1" minimum
  - C. Spiral Reinforcing: As shown, plus one turn for splices and two turns at both the tip and butt ends
  - D. The design dimensions for Front Face (FF) and Back Face (BF) of the poles may vary transversely from the section shown by  $\pm rac{1}{4}$ " to assist with removal from forms. Balance addition and subtraction of the face widths to maintain section areas shown.
  - E. Tie ground wires to the interior of reinforcing steel to prevent displacement during concreting operations.
  - F. Cut the tip end of the prestressed strand first or simultaneously with the butt end.
  - G. Provide cover plates and screws for hand hole and couplers. Attach cover plates to the poles using lead anchors or embedded threaded inserts.
  - H. Provide Aluminum Identification Tags on the poles with the following information:
    - a. Financial Project ID.
    - b. Pole Manufacturer
    - c. Standard Pole Type Number
    - d. Pole Length (L)
- 5. Support locations are for strand release, storage, lifting and transport. Keep BF oriented downward until
- 6. Pick-up and support locations shown may vary within a tolerance of  $\pm 3$ ".
- 7. Two point attachment: provide an eye bolt hole for the messenger wire.
- 8. Tether Wire: When required, field-drill the eyebolt hole prior to installation

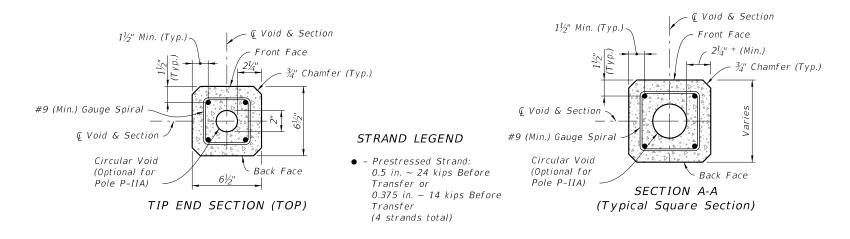
DESCRIPTION: **REVISION** 11/01/20



## SERVICE POLE P-IIA (12 Ft.) & P-IIB (36 Ft.) ELEVATION (Strands Not Shown)



## PEDESTAL POLE P-IIC (12 Ft.) ELEVATION (Strands Not Shown)



#### NOTES:

Strands shown are continuous from Tip End to Butt End.

Elevation view scale is exaggerated vertically for clarity.

For final erection, tilt pole upright with single point attachment located a distance of 4 Ft. (for P-IIA & P-IIC) or 10 Ft. (for P-IIB) from the Tip End.

\* Dimension may vary from  $2\frac{1}{4}$ " to  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " to accommodate smaller radius of optional stepped (PVC) void. The void diameter shall not be less than 2".

### SERVICE AND PEDESTAL POLE TYPE P-II

LAST REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

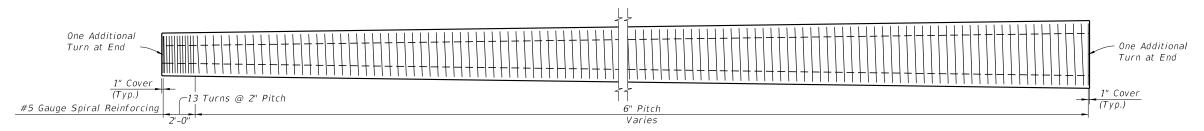
FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE POLES

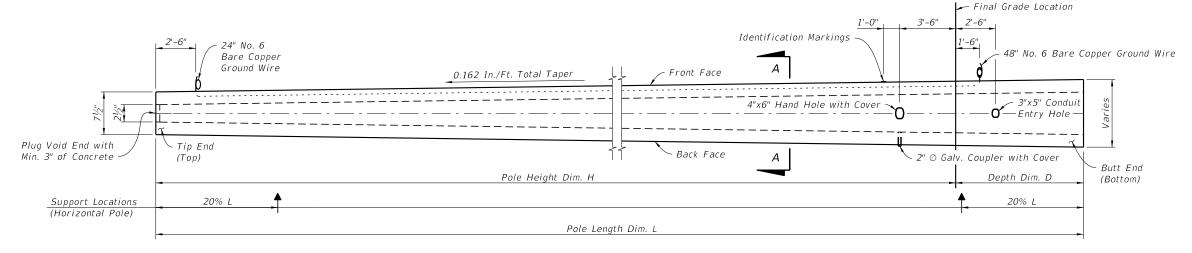
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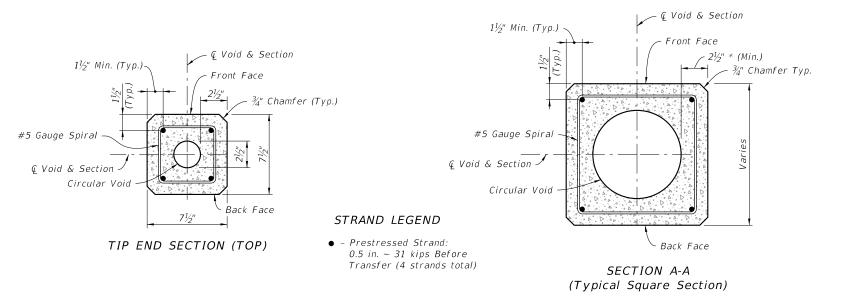
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### SPIRAL REINFORCING ELEVATION (Strands, Holes, and Fixtures Not Shown)



### POLE ELEVATION (Strands and Reinforcing Not Shown)



### NOTES:

Strands shown are continuous from Tip End to Butt End.

Elevation view scale is exaggerated vertically for clarity.

For final erection, tilt pole upright with single point attachment located a distance 33.3% L from Tip End.

\* Dimension may vary from  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " to  $3\frac{3}{4}$ " to accommodate smaller radius of optional stepped (PVC) void. The void diameter shall not be less than  $2\frac{1}{2}$ ".

POLE TYPE P-III

**REVISION** 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

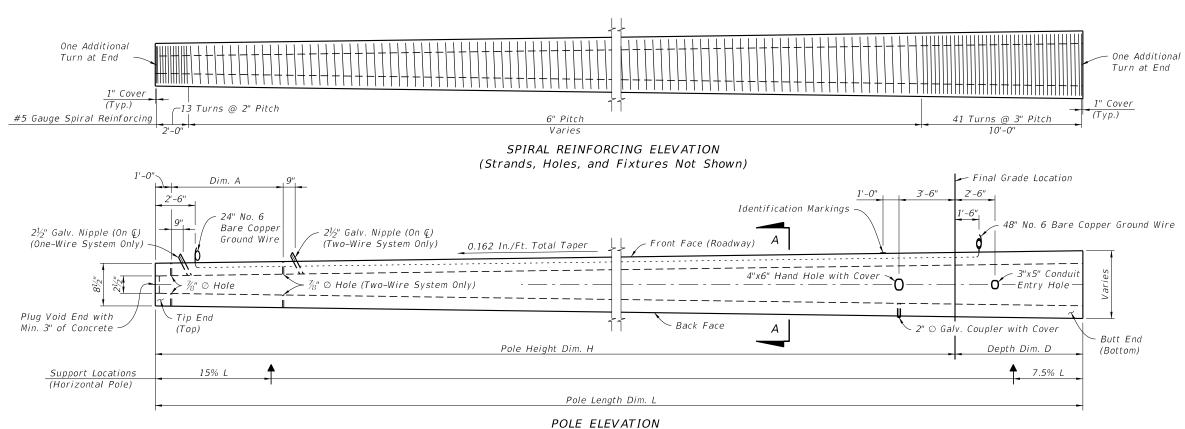
FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

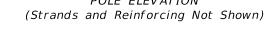
CONCRETE POLES

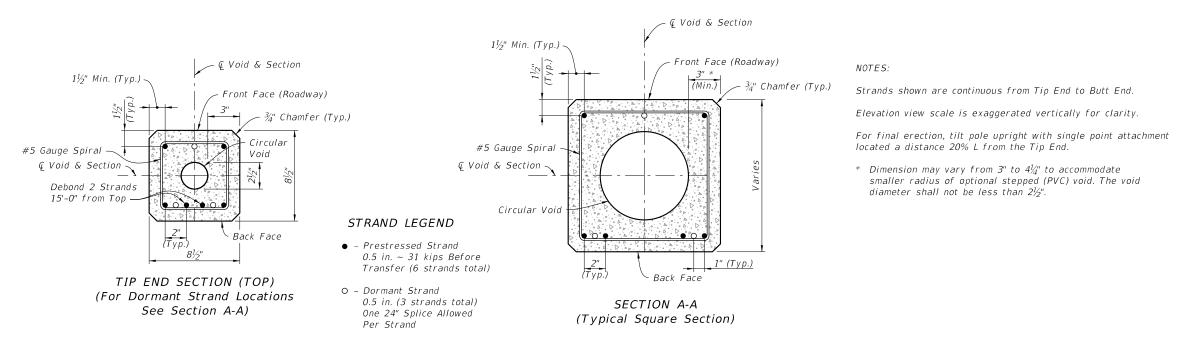
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SHEET

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STRAIN POLE TYPE P-IV

LAST REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

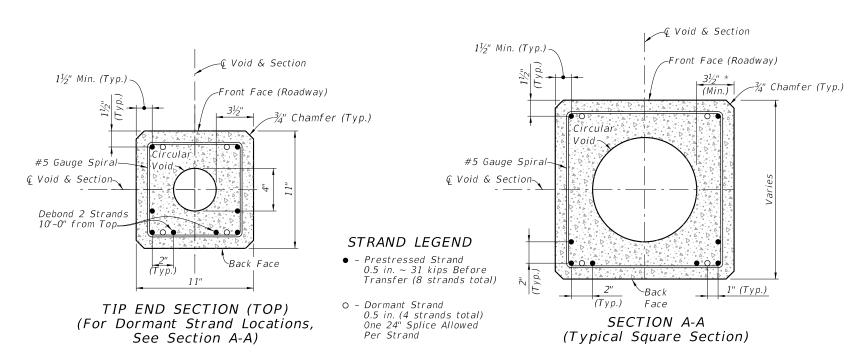
FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE POLES

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SHEET

# POLE ELEVATION (Strands and Reinforcing Not Shown)



### NOTES:

Strands shown are continuous from Tip End to Butt End.

Elevation view scale is exaggerated vertically for clarity.

For final erection, tilt pole upright with single point attachment located a distance 12.5% L from the Tip End.

\* Dimension may vary from  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " to  $4\frac{3}{4}$ " to accommodate smaller radius of optional stepped (PVC) void. The void diameter shall not be less than 4".

STRAIN POLE TYPE P-V

LAST REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

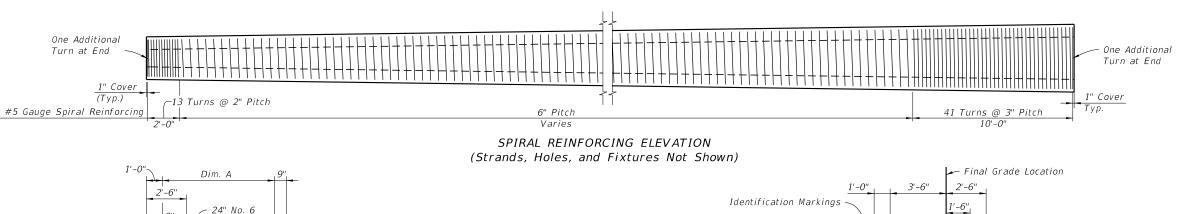
FDOT

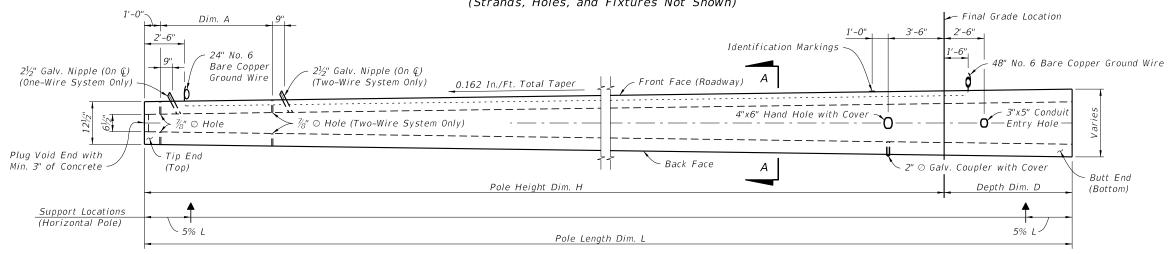
FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE POLES

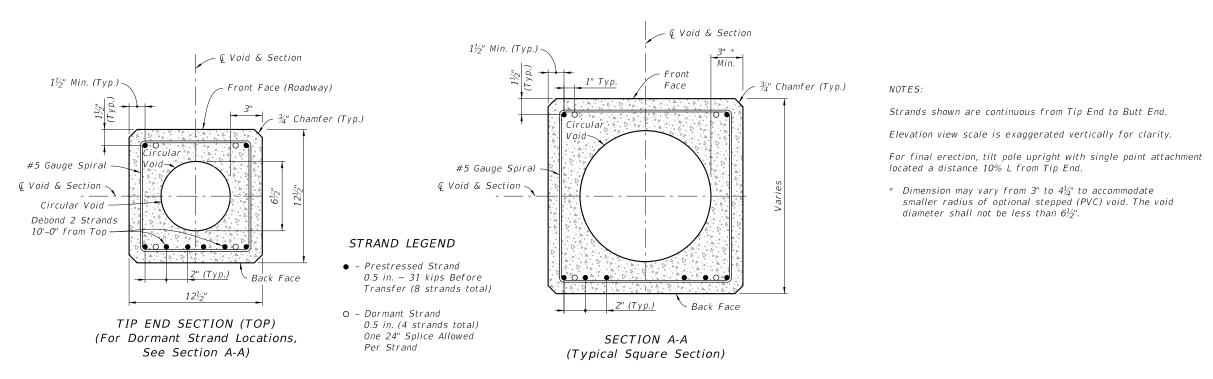
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### POLE ELEVATION (Strands and Reinforcing Not Shown)



### STRAIN POLE TYPE P-VI

**REVISION** 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

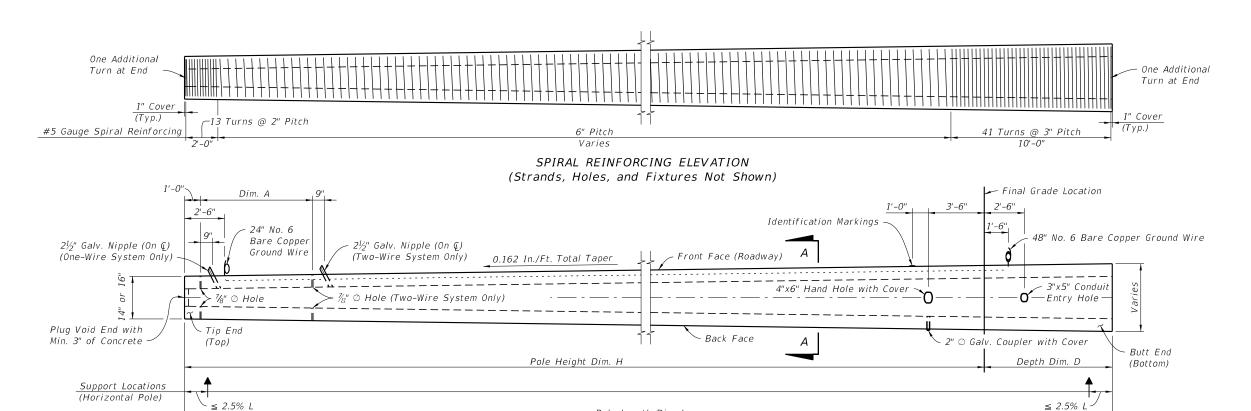
FDOT

FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE POLES

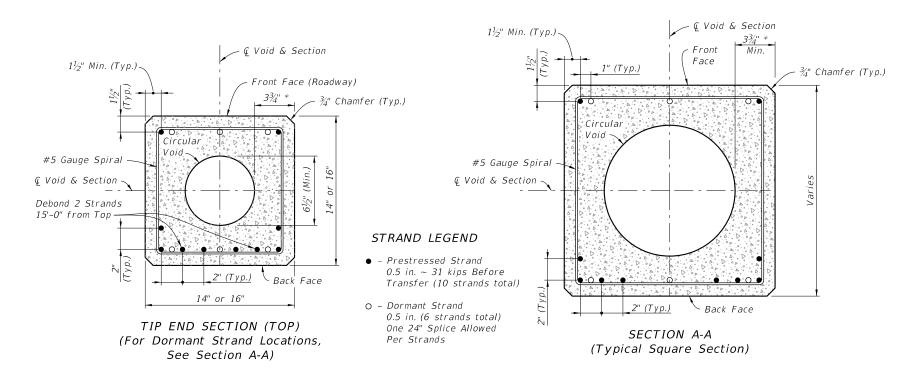
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### POLE ELEVATION (Strands and Reinforcing Not Shown)

Pole Length Dim.



#### NOTES:

Strands shown are continuous from Tip End to Butt End.

Elevation view scale is exaggerated vertically for clarity.

For final erection, tilt pole upright with single point attachment located a distance 10% L from the Tip End.

\* Dimension may vary from  $3\frac{3}{4}$ " to 5" to accommodate smaller radius of optional stepped (PVC) void. The void diameter shall not be less than 61/2".

STRAIN POLE TYPE P-VII

**REVISION** 11/01/17

FDOT

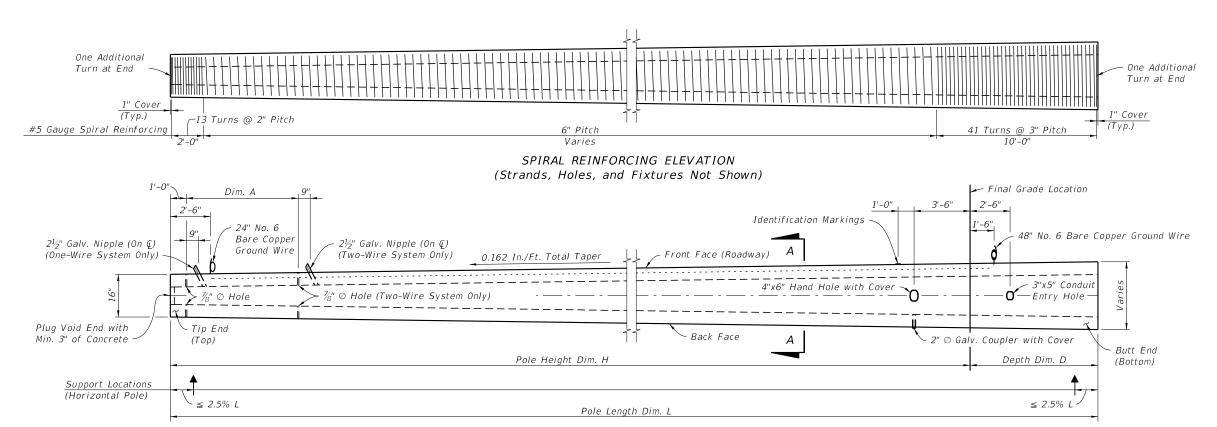
FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE POLES

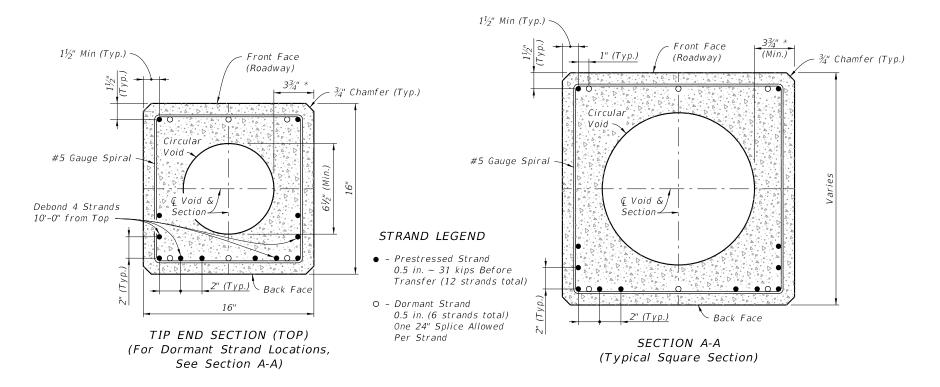
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SHEET

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### POLE ELEVATION (Strands and Reinforcing Not Shown)



### NOTES:

Strands shown are continuous from Tip End to Butt End.

Elevation view scale is exaggerated vertically for clarity.

For final erection, tilt pole upright with single point attachment located a distance 10% L from the Tip End.

\* Dimension may vary from  $3\frac{3}{4}$ " to 5" to accommodate smaller radius of optional stepped (PVC) void. The void diameter shall not be less than  $6\frac{1}{2}$ ".

STRAIN POLE TYPE P-VIII

LAST **REVISION** 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

CONCRETE POLES

INDEX 641-010

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### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. Work this Index with Specification 641.
- 2. This Index is considered fully detailed and no shop drawings are necessary. Submit Shop Drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the Plans.
- 3. Install pole plumb
- 4. Provide either round or 12-sided Poles.
- 5. See Index 635-001 for additional details for Pull Boxes.
- 6. Materials:
  - A. Pole: Use Class VI concrete with 6 ksi minimum strength at transfer.
- B. Prestressing Strands: ASTM A416, Grade 270 low relaxation.
- C. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615, Grade 60
- D. Spiral Reinforcing: ASTM A1064 Cold-Drawn
- E. Bolts: ASTM F1554, Grade 55
- Nuts: ASTM A563, Grade A Heavy Hex
- Washers: ASTM F436
- F. Steel plates and Pole Cap: ASTM A36 or ASTM A709, Grade 50
- G. Galvanization: Bolts, nuts and washers: ASTM F2329 All other steel: ASTM A123

### 7. Pole Fabrication:

- A. Cut the tip end of the prestressed strand first or simultaneously with the butt end.
- B. For spiral reinforcing, one turn is required for spiral splices and two turns are required at the top and bottom of poles.
- C. For Reinforcing Steel, lap splice to consist of a 3'-0" lap length at each splice. No more
- than two opposing rebar to be spliced at the same cross section. Stagger lap splices as needed.
- D. Provided a Class 3 surface finish in accordance with Specification 400.
- E. Provide a 1" minimum cover.
- F. Provide handhole and coupler cover plates made of non-corrosive materials. Attach cover plates to poles using lead anchors or threaded inserts embedded in the poles in conjunction with round headed chrome plated screws.
- G. Provide Identification Markings on the poles where indicated on the following sheets. Include the following information using inset numerals with 1" height or as approved in the Producers' Quality Control Program:

Financial Project ID Pole Manufacturer Pole Length

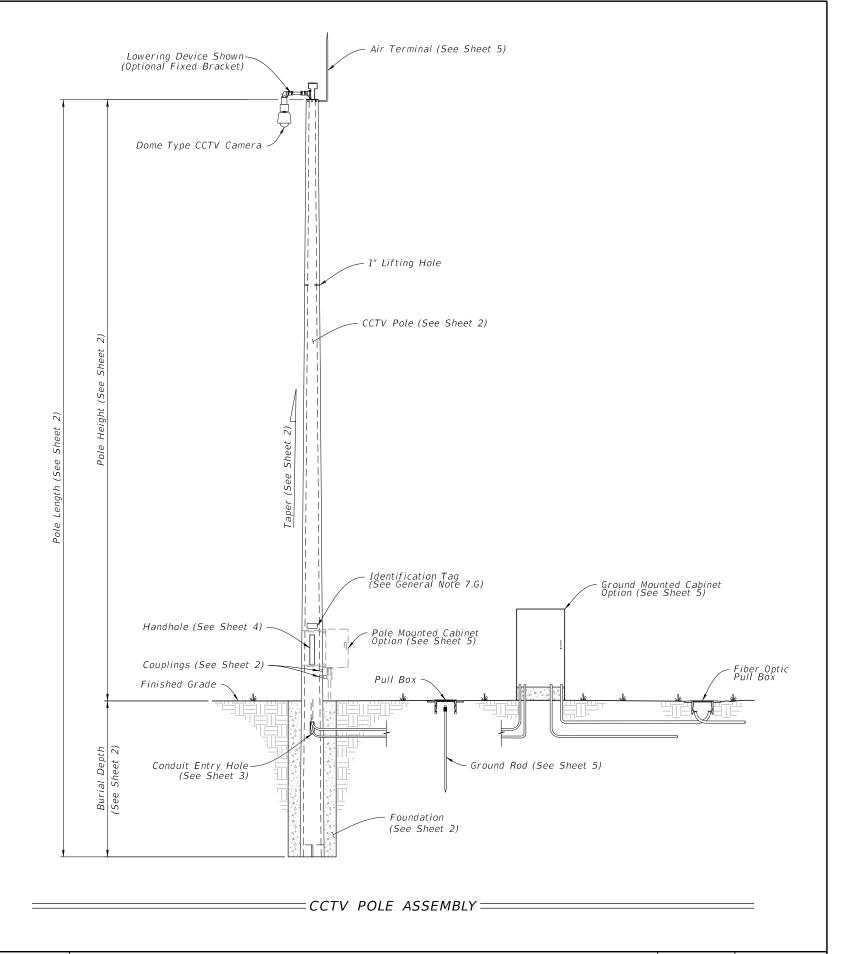
- H. Tie ground wires to the interior of reinforcing steel as necessary to prevent displacement during concreting operations.
- I. Storage, Handling and Erection locations shown may vary within  $\pm 3$ ".

### 8. Cabinet Installation:

- A. Splice fiber optic cables in cabinet to preterminated patch panel.
- B. Furnish and install Surge Protection Devices (SPDs) on all cabling in cabinet.
- C. Furnish and install secondary SPDs protection on outlets for equipment in cabinet
- D. Ensure that all electronic equipment power is protected and conditioned with SPDs.
- E. Ensure that equipment cabinet is bonded to CCTV pole grounding system.
- F. Install the pole mounted cabinet with the hinges next to the pole.
- G. Sizes and types of conduits and innerducts for network communications between the pullbox and cabinet are stated in the Contract Documents.

### 9. Lowering Device Installation:

- A. Place the lowering cable that moves within the pole in an interior conduit to prevent it from tangling or interfering with any electrical wire that is in the pole. Ensure that any electrical wire within the pole is routed securely and free from slack.
- B. Mount lowering arm perpendicular to the roadway or as shown in the plans. Position CCTV pole so that the camera can be safely lowered without requiring lane closures.
- C. Coordinate all lowering device hardware requirements (including Tenon, Tenon mounting plates, parking stand, etc.) with lowering device manufacturer.



**REVISION** 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

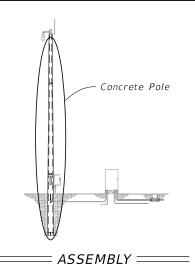
FDOT

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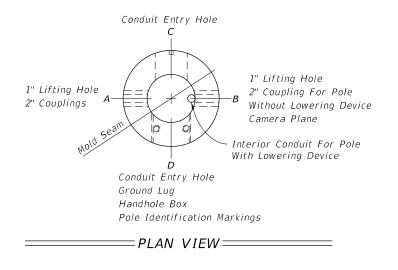
### NOTES:

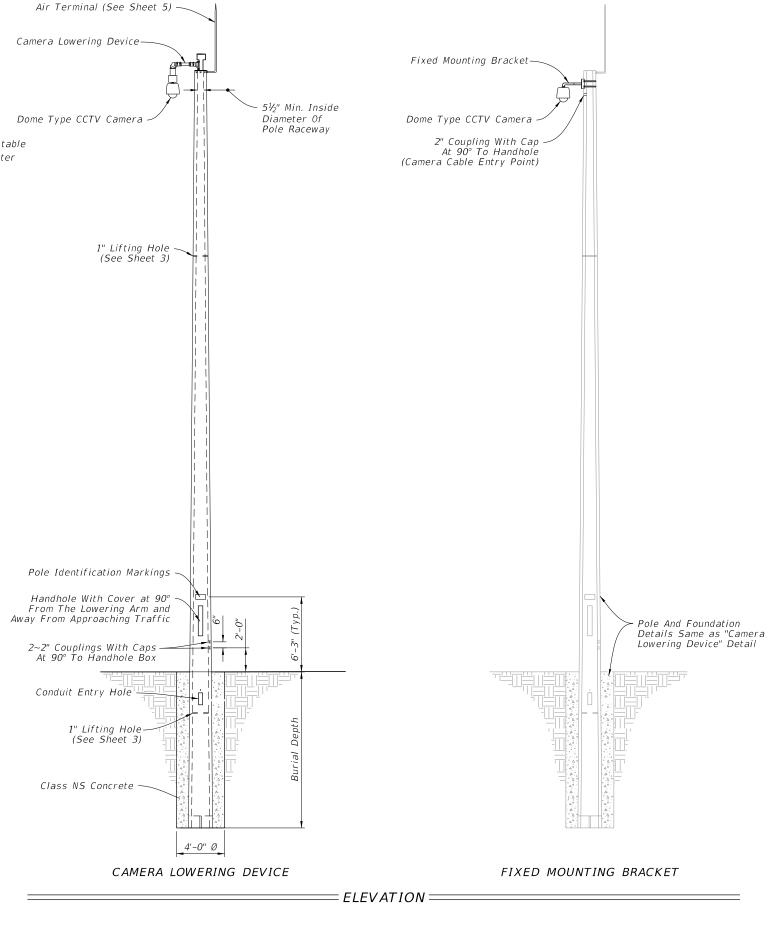
- 1. Diameter of 12-sided poles are measured flat to flat.
- 2. Total Taper applies to pole, strands and reinforcing.
- 3. For 12-Sided Pole and Round Roles Option 2, Stress prestressed strand to 70% of Ultimate before transfer. For Round Pole Option 1, stress prestressed strand to 60% of Ultimate before transfer.
- 4. Pole Design Tables, Burial Depth is based on level ground (flatter than 1:5). Increase the burial depth in accordance with the Additional Burial Depth Due To Ground Slope table for foundations with slopes 1:5 and steeper. Use the higher value for slope or diameter values that fall between those shown on the table.

ADDITIONAL BURIAL DEPTH DUE TO GROUND SLOPE							
Ground Slope	Additional Burial Depth (feet)						
1:5	3						
1:4	4						
1:3	5						
1:2	7						

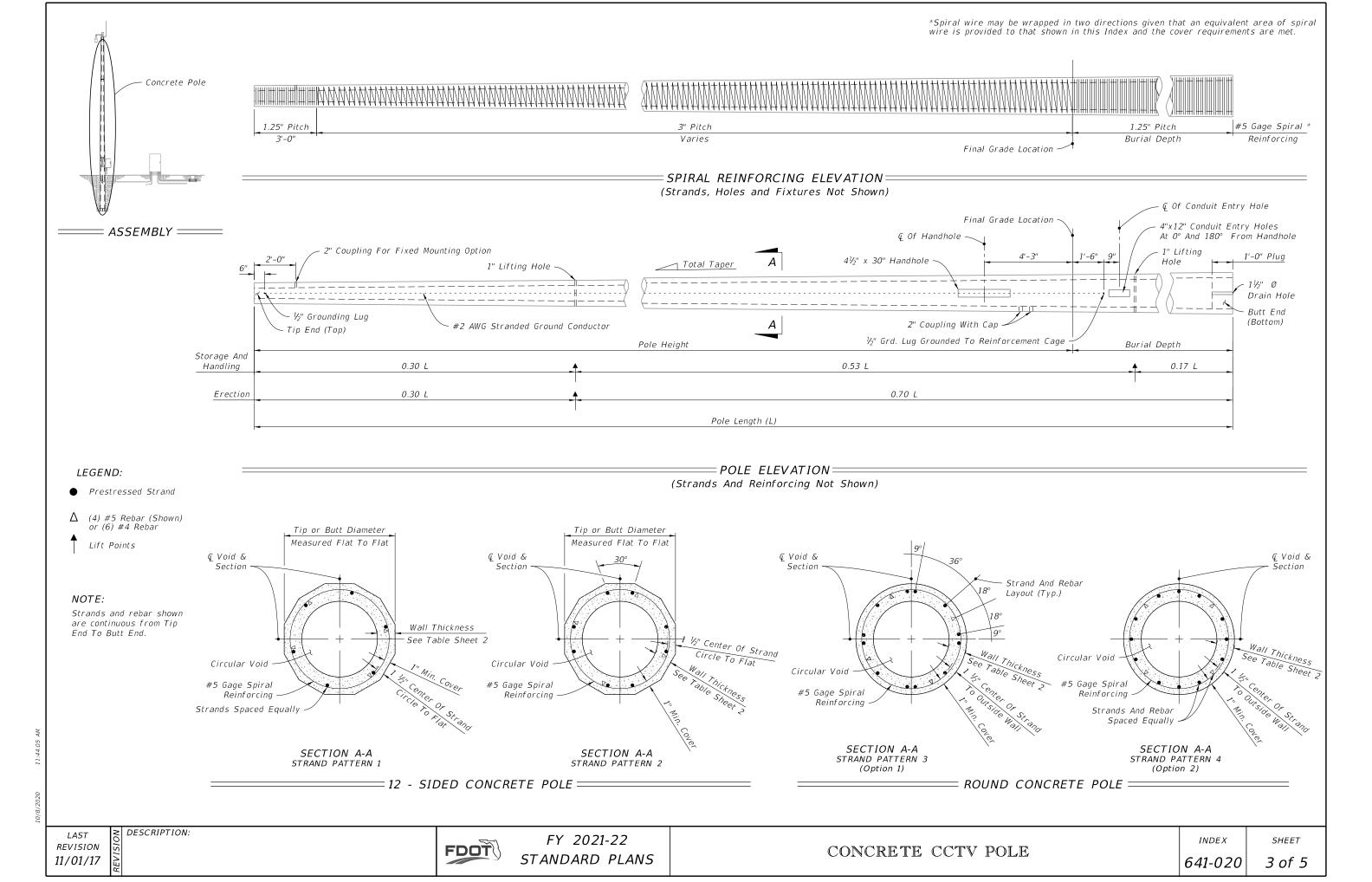
			12	-SIDEL	POLE	DESIGI	V TABL	<b>E</b> (See N	lote 1)	
Pole Length (ft)	Pole Height (ft)	Burial Depth (ft)	Laner	Void Taper (in/ft)	Min. Wall Thickness Tip (in)	Min. Wall Thickness Butt (in)	Tip Diameter (in)	Butt Diameter (in)	Strand Pattern	Strand Diameter
63	50	13	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	23.34	1	0.6"
69	55	14	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	24.42	1	0.6"
75	60	15	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	25.50	2	0.6"
80	65	15	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	26.40	2	0.6"
86	70	16	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	27.48	2	0.6"

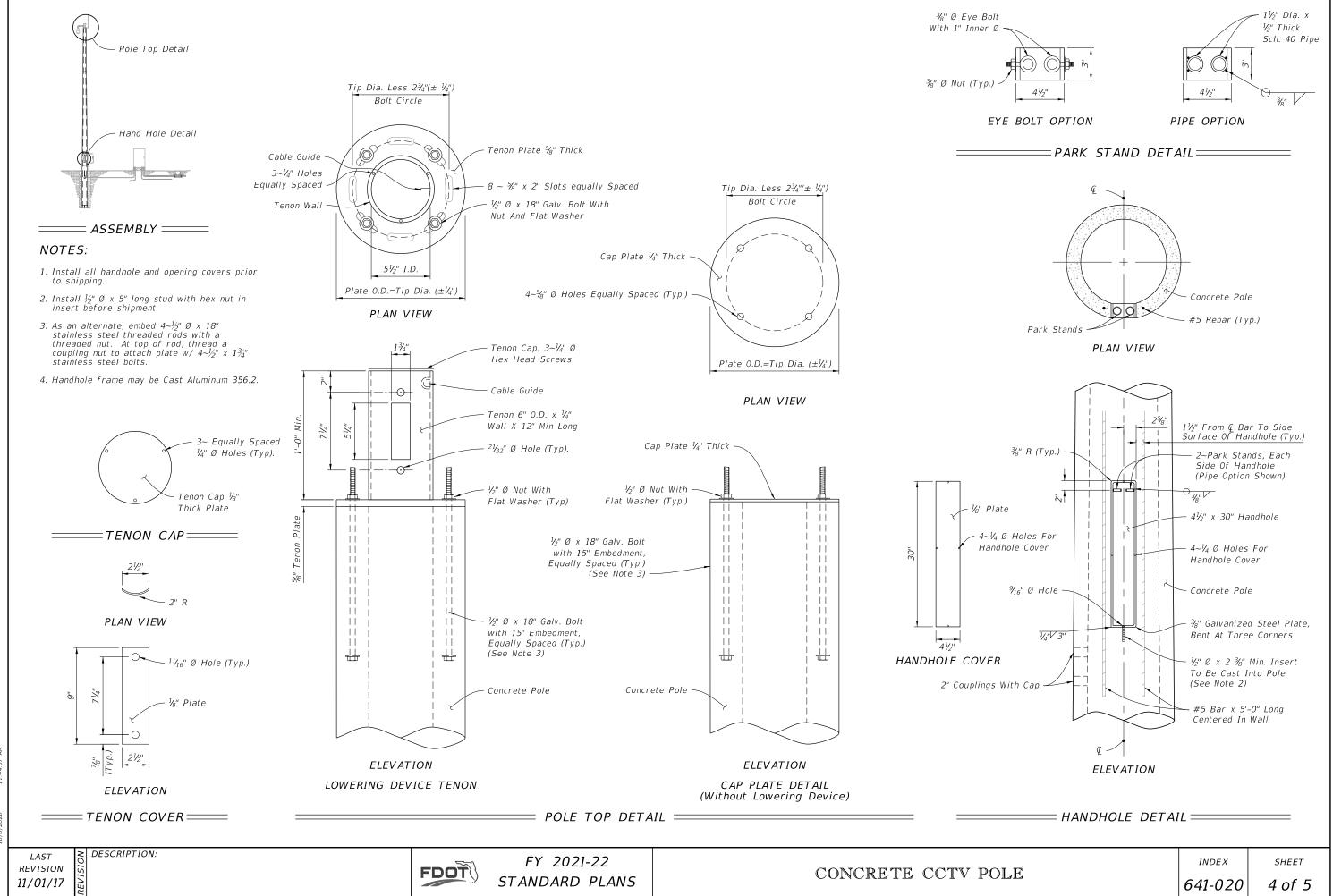
				ROUI	VD P	OLE DE.	SIGN T	ABLE			
Pole Length (ft)	Pole Height (ft)	Burial Depth (ft)	Design Option	Total Taper (in/ft) (See Note 2)	Void Taper (in/ft)	Min. Wall Thickness Tip (in)	Min. Wall Thickness Butt (in)	Tip Diameter (in)	Butt Diameter (in)	Strand Pattern	Strand Diameter
63	50	13	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.76	12.15	25.76	3	0.5"
0.5	30	13	Option 2	0.180	0.172	3	3.50	12.00	23.34	4	0.5"
69	55	14	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.83	12.15	27.05	3	0.5"
09	ر ر	14	Option 2	0.180	0.173	3	3.50	12.00	24.42	4	0.5"
7.5	60	15	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.90	12.15	28.35	3	0.5"
/3	00	15	Option 2	0.180	0.173	3	3.50	12.00	25.50	4	0.5"
80	65	15	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.96	12.15	29.43	3	0.5"
00	05	15	Option 2	0.180	0.174	3	3.50	12.00	26.40	4	0.5"
86	06 70 1		Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	4.03	12.15	30.73	3	0.5"
00	70	16	Option 2	0.180	0.174	3	3.50	13.00	28.48	4	0.5"

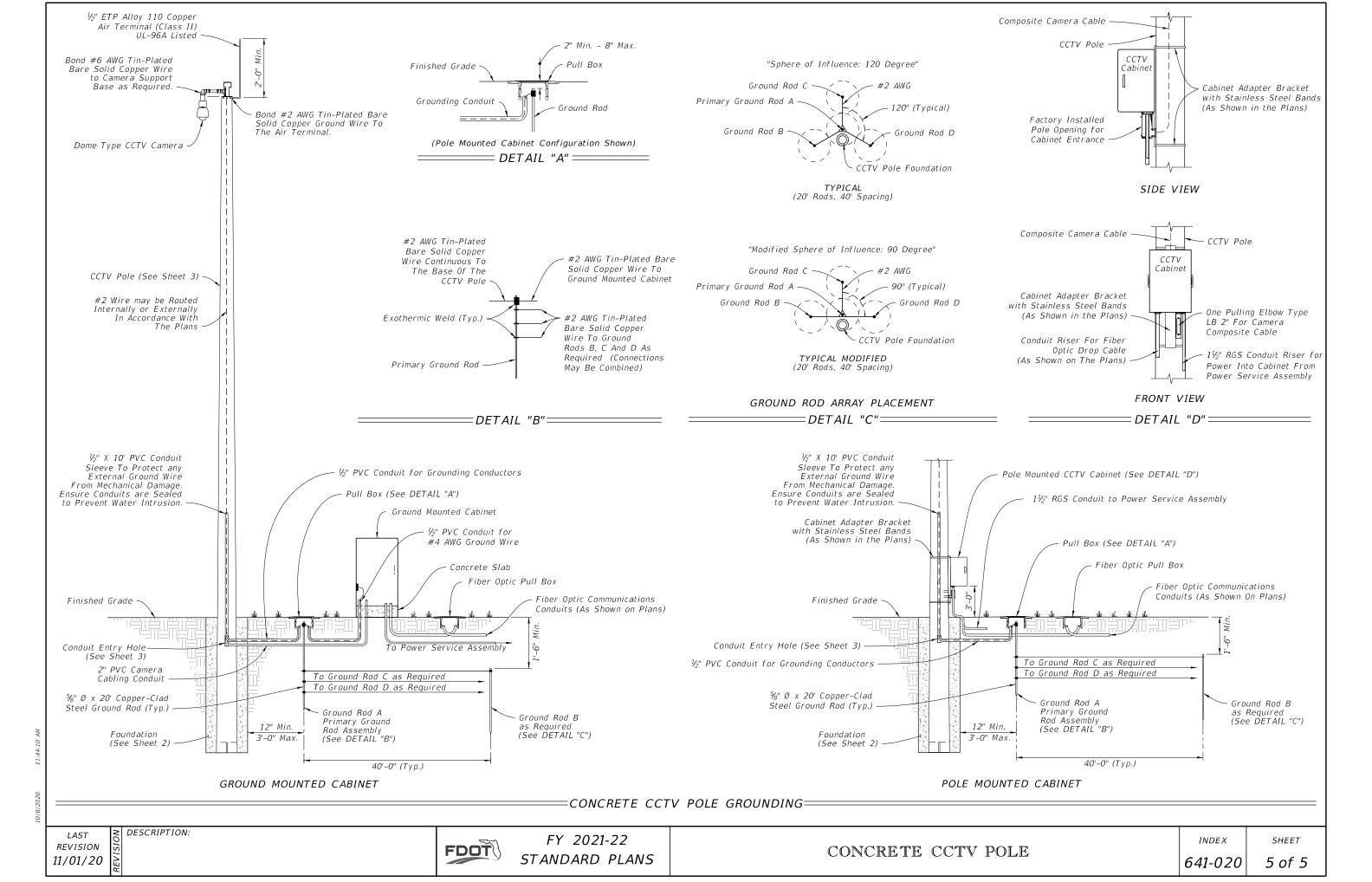




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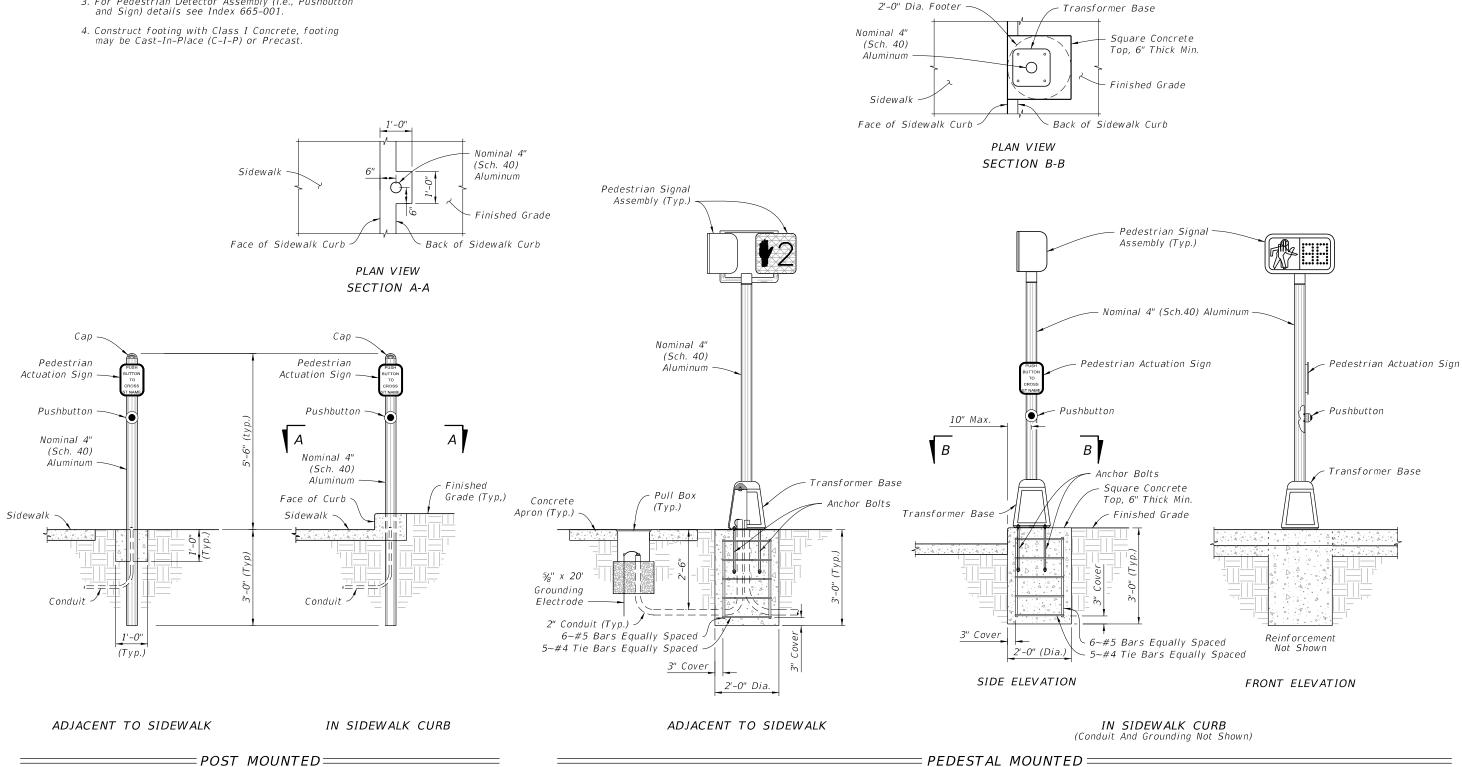






### NOTES:

- 1. Work this Index with Specification 646.
- 2. For Pedestrian Signals see Index 653-001.
- 3. For Pedestrian Detector Assembly (i.e., Pushbutton and Sign) details see Index 665-001.



LAST **REVISION** 11/01/20

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

ALUMINUM POST AND PEDESTAL MOUNTED

INDEX 646-001

SHEET 1 of 1

### **NOTES:**

- 1. Work with Index 634-001 for grounding and span wire details. See the Plans for clamp spacing, cable sizes and forces, signals and sign mounting locations and details.

This Index is considered fully detailed, only submit shop drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the Plans.

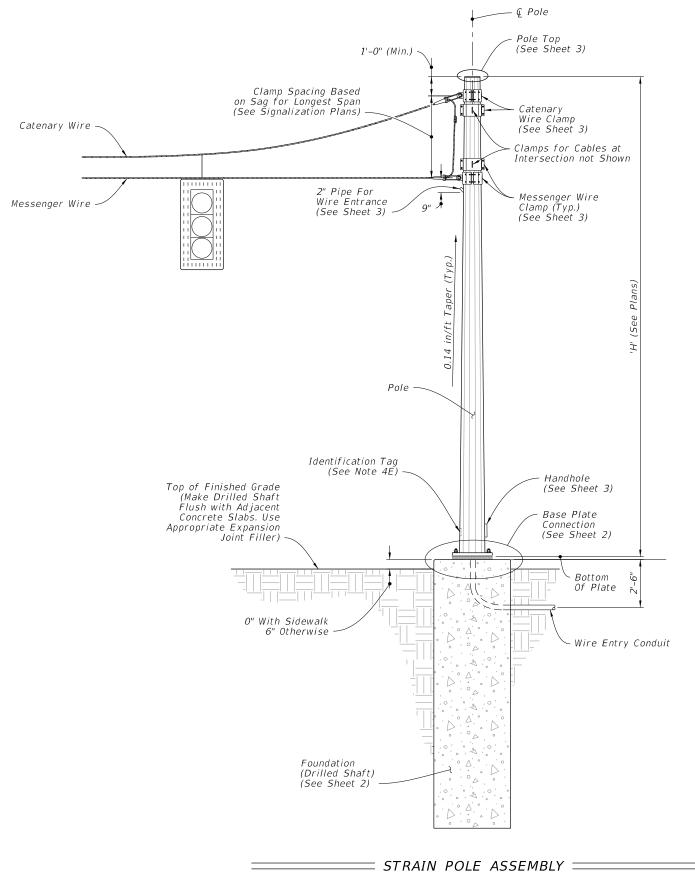
- - A. Strain Pole and Backing Rings:
    - a. Less than ¾<sub>16</sub>": ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
    - b. Greater than or equal to  $\frac{3}{16}$ ": ASTM A572 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
    - c. ASTM A595 Grade A (55 ksi yield) or Grade B (60 ksi yield)
  - B. Steel Plates: ASTM A36
  - C. Weld Metal: E70XX
  - D. Bolts, Nuts and Washers:
    - a. High Strength Bolts: ASTM F3125, Grade A325, Type 1
    - b. Nuts: ASTM A563 Grade DH Heavy-Hex
    - c. Washers: ASTM F436 Type 1, one under turned element
  - E. Anchor Bolts, Nuts and Washers.
    - a. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55
    - b. Nuts: ASTM A563 Grade A Heavy-Hex (5 per anchor bolt)
    - c. Plate Washers: ASTM A36 (2 per bolt). Split-lock washers and self-locking nuts are not permitted
  - F. Handhole Frame: ASTM A709 or ASTM A36, Grade 36
  - G. Handhole Cover: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
  - H. Aluminum Pole Caps and Nut Covers: ASTM B26 (319-F)
  - I. Stainless Steel Screws: AISI Type 316
  - J. Threaded Bars/Studs: ASTM A36 or ASTM A307
  - K. Concrete: Class IV (Drilled Shaft) for all environmental classifications.
  - L. Reinforcing Steel: Specification 415

#### 4. Fabrication:

- A. Pole Taper: Change diameter at a rate of 0.14 inches per foot, round or 12-sided (Min.)
- B. Upright splices are not permitted. Transverse welds are only permitted at the base.
- C. Provide bolt hole diameters as follows:
  - a. Bolts (except Anchor Bolts): Bolt diameter plus  $V_{16}$ ", prior to galvanizing.
  - b. Anchor Bolts: Bolt diameter plus 1/2", maximum.
- D. Locate handhole 180° from 2" wire entrance pipe.
- E. Identification Tag: (Submit details for approval.)
  - a. 2"x 4" (Max.) aluminum identification tag.
  - b. Locate on the inside of the pole and visible from the handhole.
  - c. Secure to pole with  $\frac{1}{8}$ " diameter stainless steel rivets or screws.
  - d. Include the following information on the ID Tag:
    - 1. Financial Project ID
    - 2. Pole Type
    - 3. Pole height
    - 4. Manufacturers' Name
    - 5. Fy of Steel
- 6. Base Wall Thickness F. Provide a 'J' or 'C' hook at the top of the pole for signal wiring support (See Sheet 3).
- G. Perform all welding in accordance with Specification 460-6.4.
  H. Fabricate longitudinal seam welds in pole with 60 percent minimum penetration or
- fusion welds except, within 6" of the base plate connection use full-penetration aroove welds
- I. Hot Dip Galvanize after fabrication.

### 5. Coatings:

- A. All Nuts, Bolts, Washers and Threaded Bars/Studs: ASTM F2329
- B. All other steel items including plate washers: ASTM A123
- - A. Foundation: Specification 455, except that payment is included in the cost of the strain pole.
  - B. After installation, place wire screen between top of foundation and bottom of base plate in accordance with Specification 649-6.



ELEVATION AND NOTES

REVISION 11/01/19

DESCRIPTION:

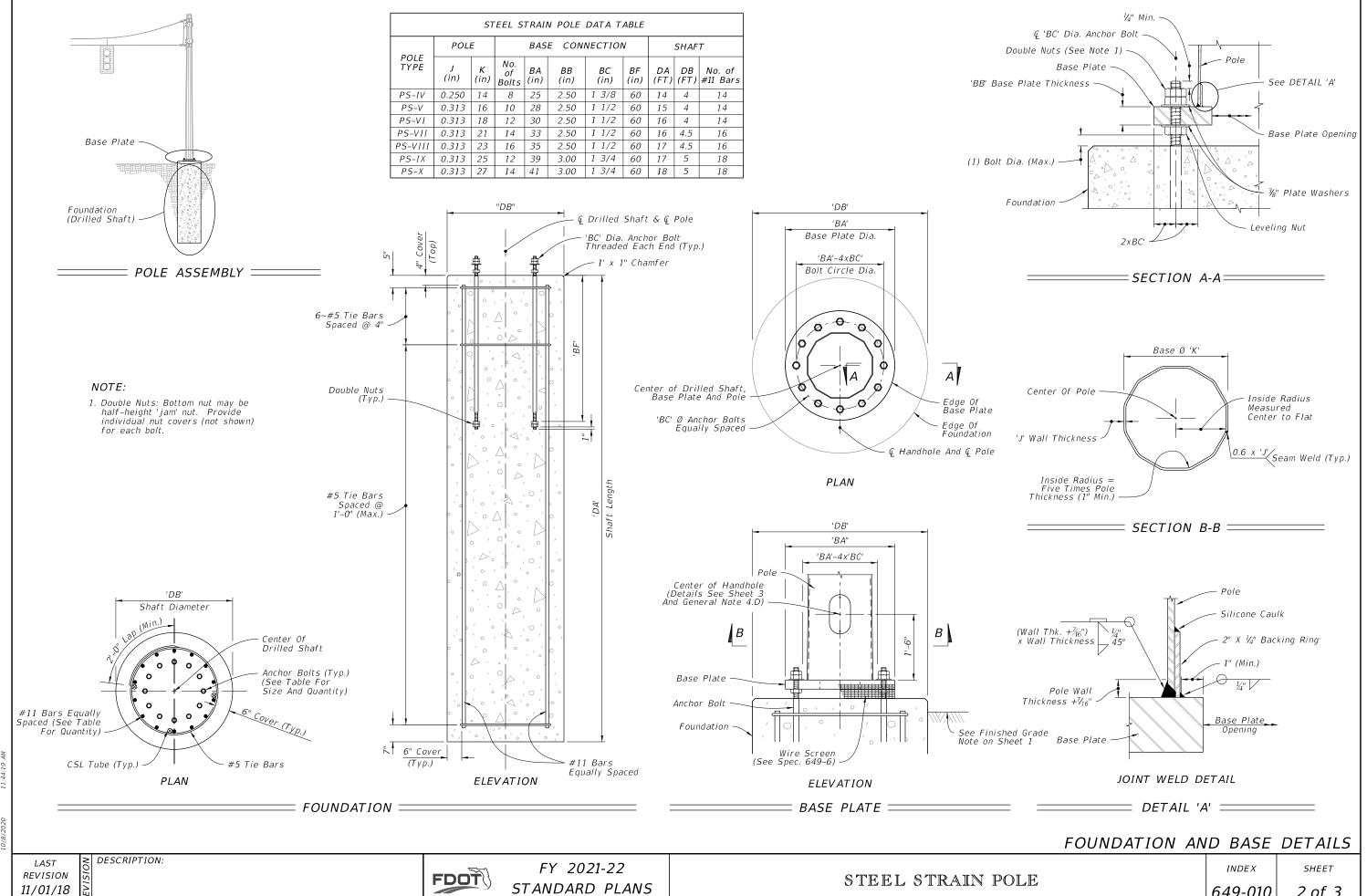
**FDOT** 

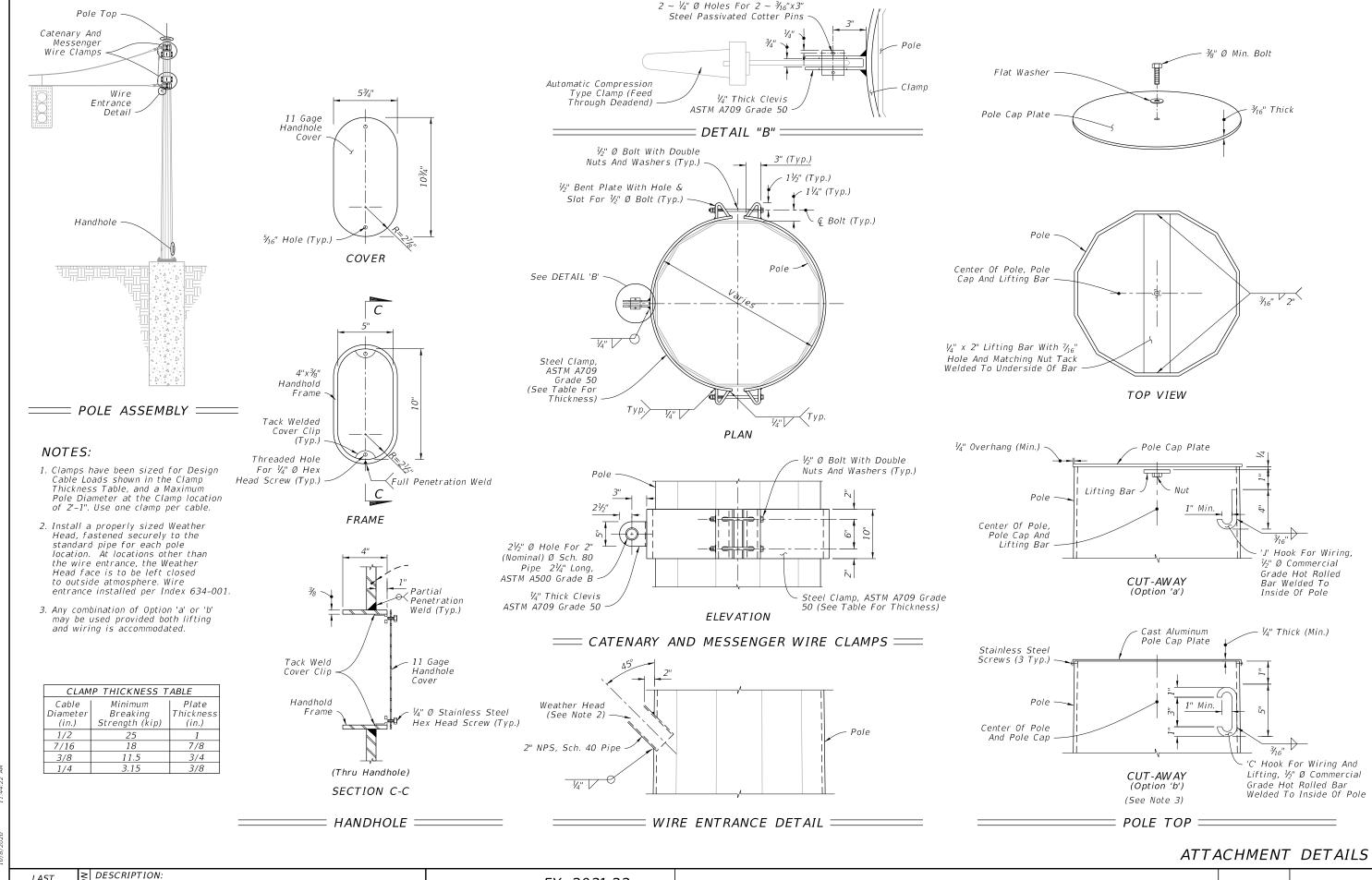
FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

STEEL STRAIN POLE

*INDEX* 

SHEET





**REVISION** 11/01/17

**FDOT** 

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649-010

### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Work this Index with Specification 649.
- 2. This Index is considered fully detailed; only submit shop drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the Plans.

#### 3. Materials.

- A. Pole: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65 (less than  $V_4$ ") or ASTM A572 Grade 50, 60 or 65 (greater than or equal to  $V_4$ ") or ASTM A595 Grade A (55 ksi yield) or Grade B (60 ksi yield).
- B. Steel Plates and Pole Cap: ASTM A36 or ASTM A709 Grade 50.
- C. Weld Metal: E70XX.
- D. Bolts: ASTM F3125, Grade A325, Type 1.
- Nuts: ASTM A563.
- Washers: ASTM F-436.
- E. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55 with ASTM A563 Grade A heavy-hex nuts and ASTM A36 plate washers.
- F. Handhole Frame: ASTM A709 Grade 36 or ASTM A36.
- G. Handhole Cover: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65.
- H. Stainless Steel Screws: AISI Type 316.
- I. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615 Grade 60.
- J. Galvanization: Bolts, nuts and washers: ASTM F2329 All other steel including plate washer: ASTM A123
- K. Concrete: Class IV (Drilled Shaft) for all environment classifications.

#### 4. Fabrication:

- A. Welding:
- a. Specification 460-6.4 and
- b. AASHTO RFD Specification for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals Section 14.4.4.
- B. Poles:
- a. Round or 16-sided (Min.)
- b. Taper pole diameter at 0.14 inches per foot
- c. Fabricate Pole longitudinal seam welds (2 maximum) with 60 percent minimum penetration or fusion welds except as follows:
- 1. Use a full-penetration groove weld within 6 inches of the circumferential tube-to-plate connection and
- 2. Use full-penetration groove welds on the female end section of telescopic (i.e., slip type) field splices for a minimum length of one and one-half times the inside diameter of the female section plus 6 inches.
- d. Pole shaft may be either one or two sections (with telescopic field splice)
- e. Circumferentially welded pole shafts and laminated pole shafts are not permitted
- C. Identification Tag: (Submit details for approval)
- a. 2"x 4" (Max.) aluminum tag
- b. Locate on the inside of the pole and visible from the handhole
- c. Secure with  $\frac{1}{8}$ " diameter stainless steel rivets or screws.
- d. Include the following information on the ID Tag:
  - 1. Financial Project ID
  - 2. Pole Type
  - 3. Pole Height
  - 4. Manufacturers' Name
  - 5. Yield Strength (Fy of Steel)
  - 6. Base Wall Thickness
- D. Except for Anchor Bolts, bolt hole diameters are bolt diameter plus  $\frac{1}{2}$  and anchor bolt holes are bolt diameter plus  $\frac{1}{2}$  (Max) prior to galvanizing.

### 5. Pole Installation:

- $\overline{\text{A. Do not install}}$  additional wire access holes (not shown in this Index) with a diameter that exceeds  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " in diameter.
- B. Install Anchor Bolts in accordance with Specification 649–5
- C. Cable Supports: Electrical Cable Guides and Eyebolts.
- a. Locate top and bottom cable guides within the pole aligned with each other.
- b. Position one cable guide 2" below the handhole.
- c. Position other cable guide 1" directly below the top of the tenon.
- d. Position Park Stands 2" below the top of the handhole.

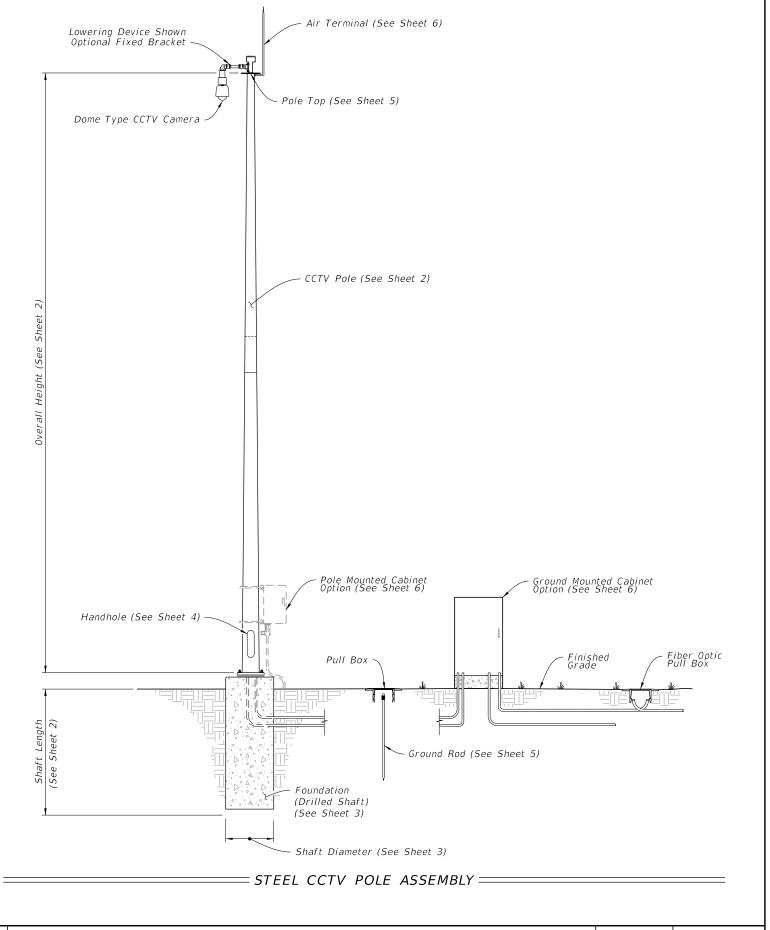
#### 6. Cabinet Installation:

- A. Splice fiber optic cables in cabinet to preterminated patch panel.
- B. Furnish and install Surge Protection Devices (SPDs) on all cabling in cabinet.
- C. Furnish and install secondary SPDs protection on outlets for equipment in cabinet.
- D. Ensure that all electronic equipment power is protected and conditioned with SPDs.
- E. Ensure that equipment cabinet is bonded to CCTV pole grounding system.
- F. Install the pole mounted cabinet with the hinges next to the pole.
- G. Sizes and types of conduits and inner ducts for network communications between the pullbox and cabinet are stated in the Contract Documents.

### 7. Lowering Device Installation:

DESCRIPTION:

- A. Place the lowering cable that moves within the pole in an interior conduit to prevent it from tangling or interfering with any electrical wire that is in the pole. Ensure that any electrical wire within the pole is routed securely and free from slack.
- B. Mount lowering device perpendicular to the roadway or as shown in the plans. Position CC TV pole so that the camera can be safely lowered without requiring lane closures.
- C. Coordinate all lowering device hardware requirements (including Tenon, Tenon mounting plates, parking stands, etc.) with lowering device manufacturer.

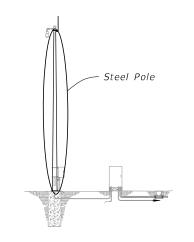


LAST REVISION 11/01/18

FDOT

FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS INDEX

SHEET



SHA	FT DE	SIGN T	ABLE
Pole Overall Height (ft)		Shaft Length	Longitudinal Reinforcement
50	4'-0"	11'-0"	(14) #11
55	4'-0"	12'-0"	(14) #11
60	4'-6"	13'-0"	(16) #11
65	4'-6"	13'-0"	(16) #11
70	5'-0"	14'-0"	(18) #11

### === ASSEMBLY =====

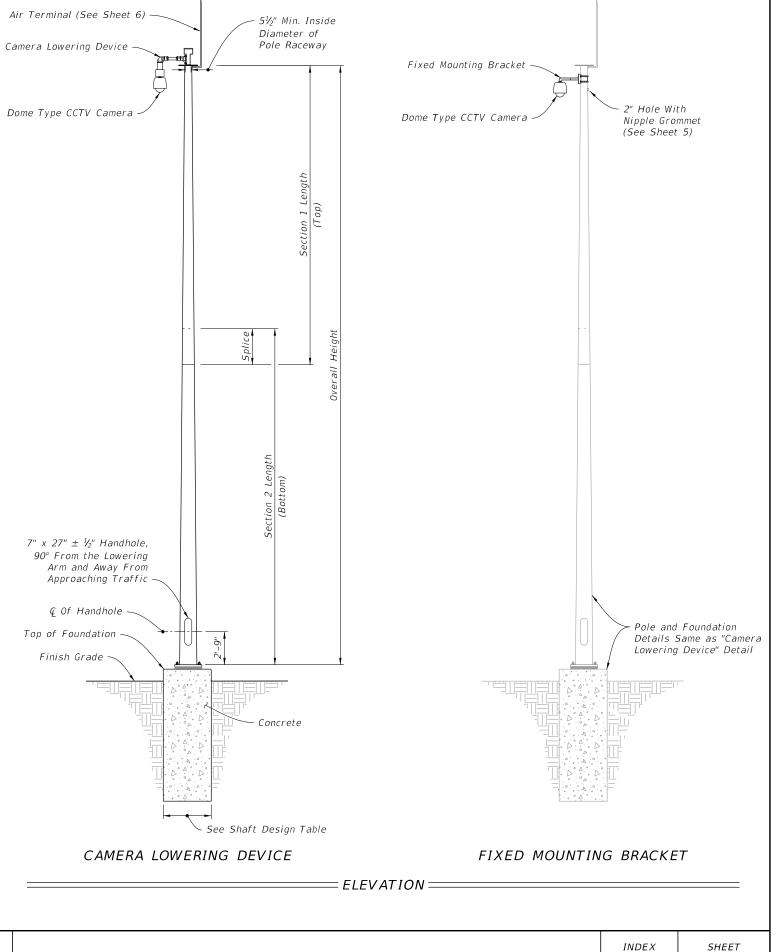
	ONAL SHAFT O GROUND	
Ground Slope	4'-0" Shaft Diameter	5'-0" Shaft Diameter
1:5	3'-0"	4'-0"
1:4	4'-0"	5'-0"
1:3	5'-0"	6'-0"
1:2	7'-0"	9'-0"

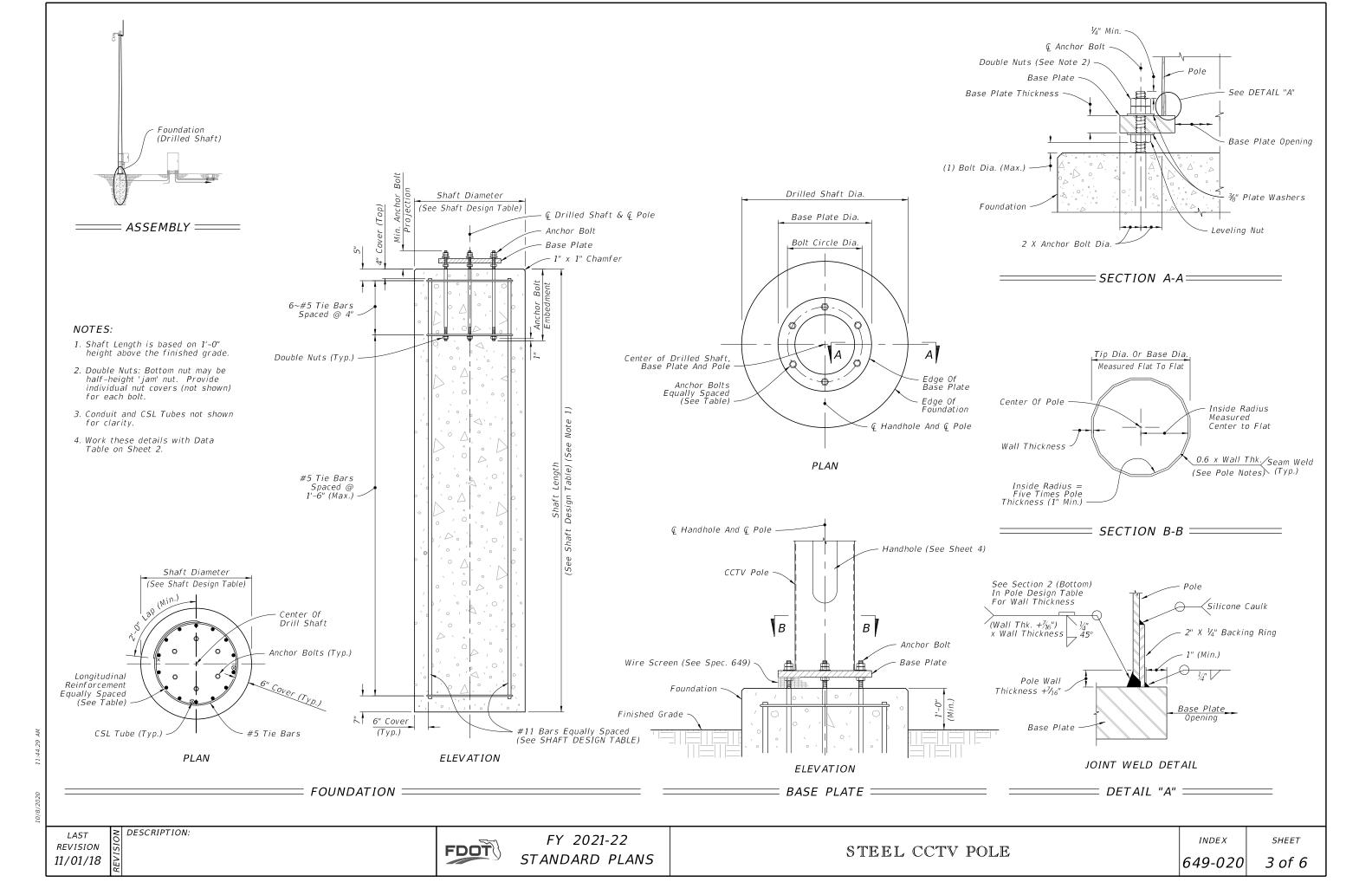
### **FOUNDATION NOTES:**

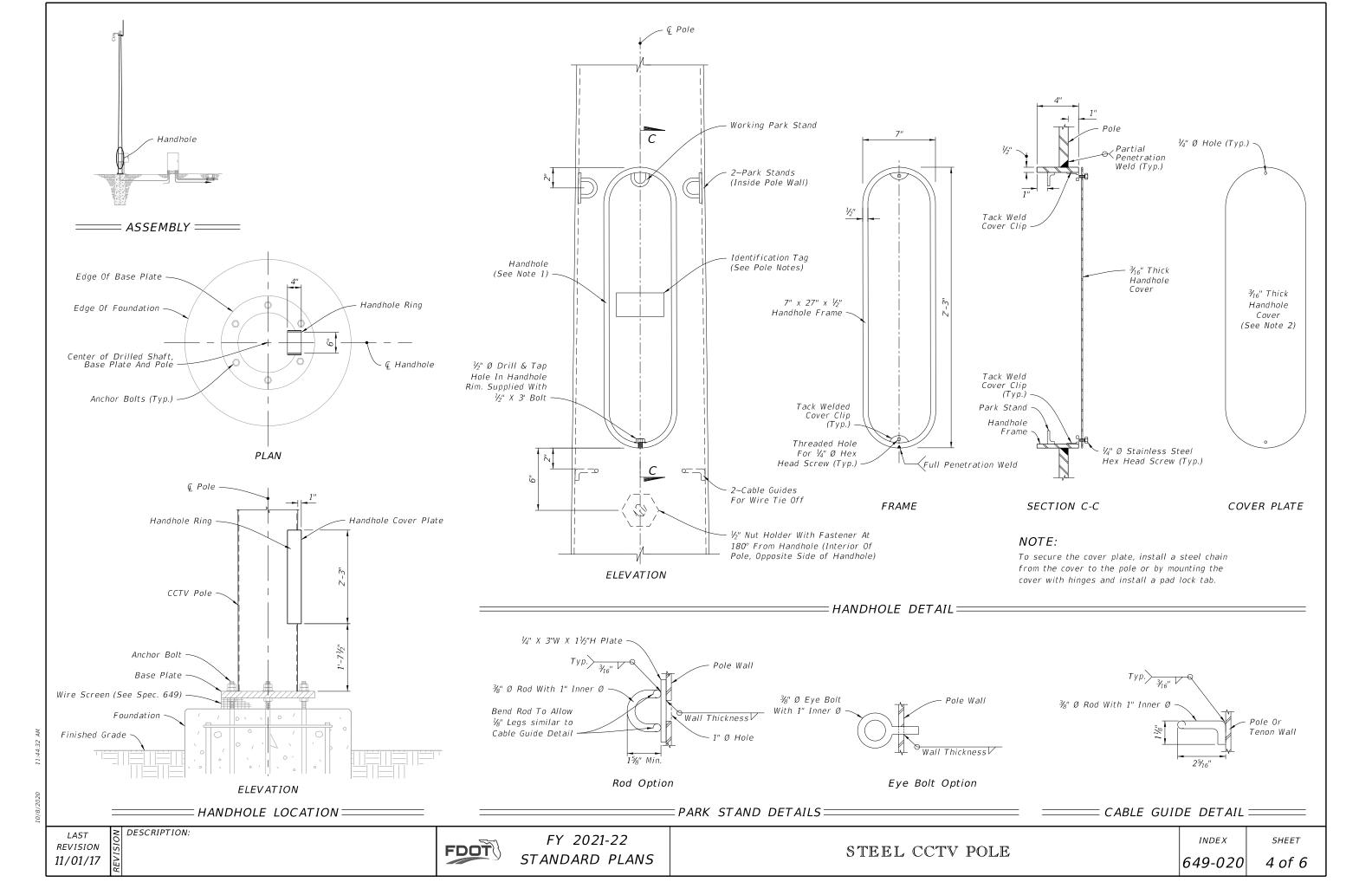
- 1. Shaft Length is based on 1'-0" height above the finished grade.
- 2. Shaft Design Table Shaft Length is based on level ground (flatter than 1:5). Increase the shaft depth in accordance with the Additional Shaft Depth Due To Ground Slope table for foundations with slopes 1:5 and steeper. Use the higher value for slope or diameter values that fall between those shown on the table.

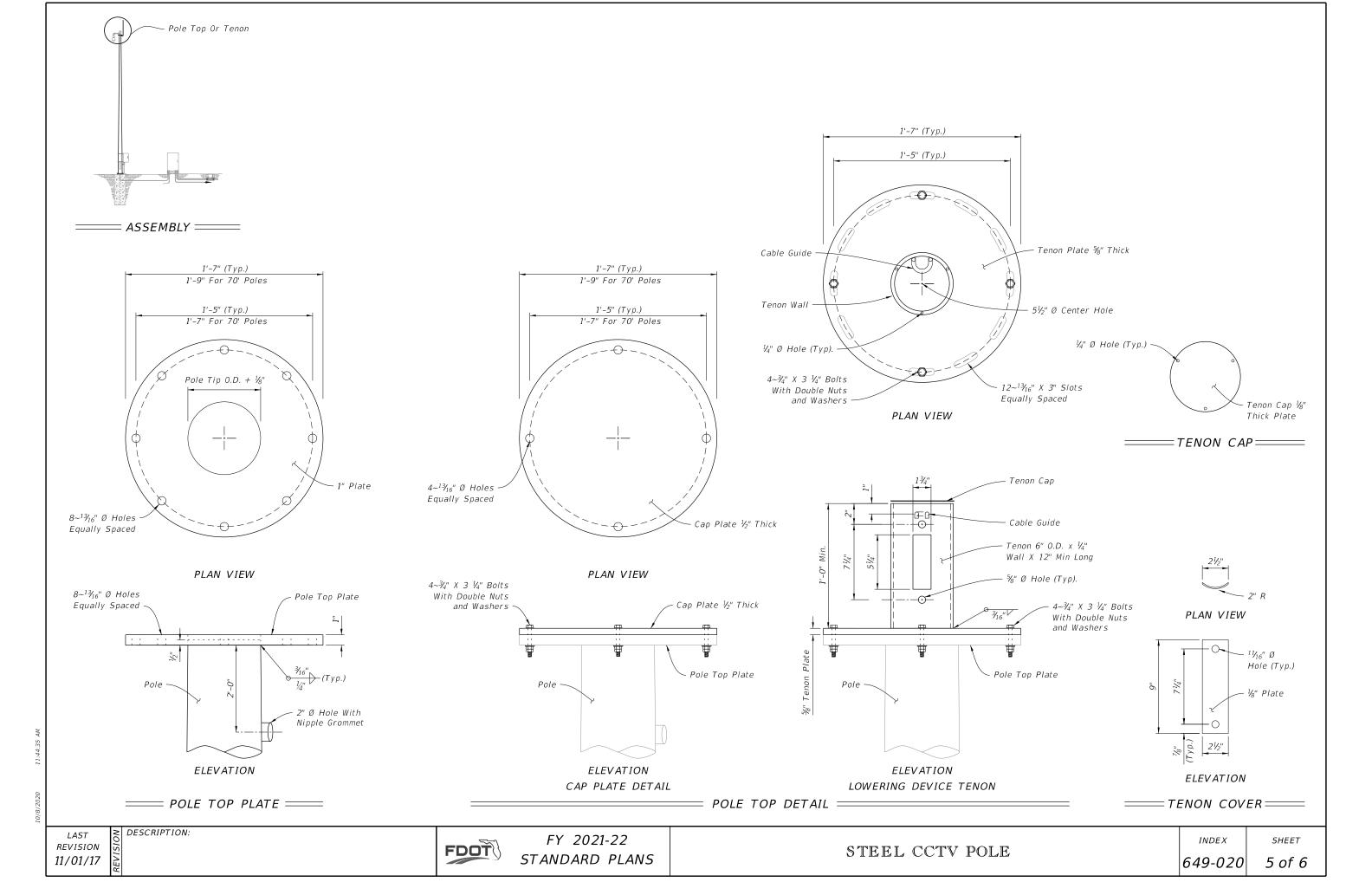
	BASE	PLATE A	ND ANCH	IOR BC	DLT DESI	GN TABL	E
Pole Overall Height (ft)		Base Plate Thickness (in.)		Number of Bolts			Minimum Anchor Bolt Projection (in.)
50	27	2.5	22	6	1.25	31	8.5
55	28	2.5	23	6	1.25	33	8.5
60	33	2.5	27	6	1.50	34	9.5
65	35	2.5	29	6	1.50	35	9.5
70	40	2.5	33	6	1.75	38	10.5

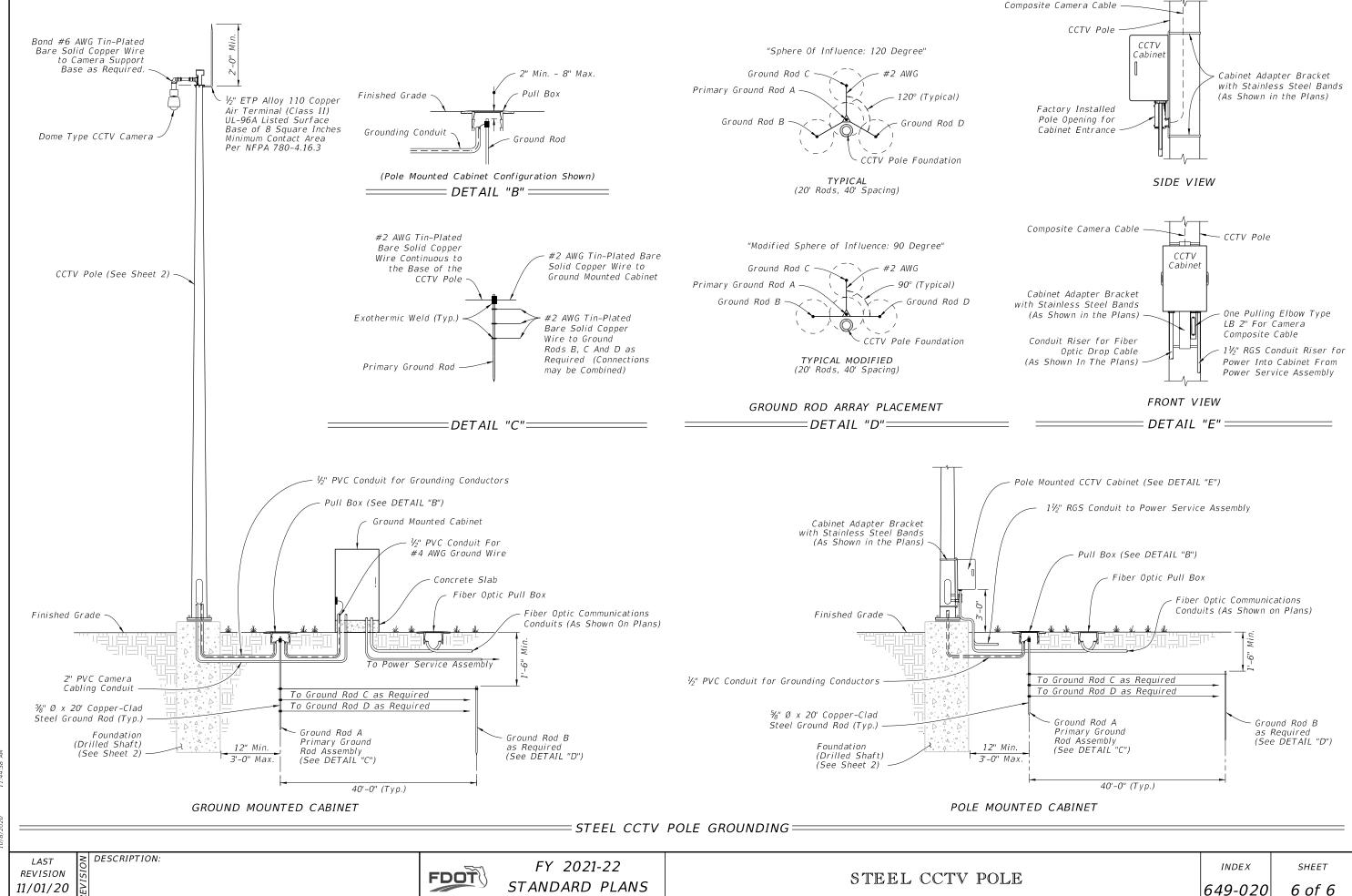
	POLE DESIGN TABLE							
Pole Overall	S	ection 1 (To	o)	Se	ction 2 (Botto	om)	Joint	
Height (ft)	Length	Wall Thickness (in.)	Base Diameter (in.)	Length	Wall Thickness (in.)	Base Diameter (in.)	Minimum Splice Length (in.)	
50				50'-0"	0.25	17		
] 30	25'-0"	0.25	14	28'-0"	0.25	17	27	
55	30'-0"	0.25	15	28'-0"	0.3125	18	30	
60	35'-0"	0.25	18	29'-0"	0.3125	21	33	
65	33'-0"	0.25	19	36'-0"	0.3125	23	33	
70	38'-0"	0.25	22	36'-0"	0.3125	26	39	











		,	ARM A	ND BA	SE PL	4 <i>T E</i>				
Arm ID Axx-ArmLength	Total Arm		Arm		Arn	n Extens	sion	Е	Base Pla	te
S-SingleArm D-DoubleArm H-HeavyDuty	Length (ft)	FA/SA (ft)	FC/SC (in)	FD/SD (in)	FE/SE (ft)	FG/SG (in)	FH/SH (in)	HT (in)	FJ/SJ (in)	FK/SK (in)
A30/S		30	11	0.250				22	25	
A30/S/H	30	30	12	0.250				22	23	3
A30/D		30	11	0.250				30	36	
A30/D/H		30	12	0.250				50	30	
A40/S		40	13	0.250				22	27	
A40/S/H	40	40	14	0.250				22	27	. 3
A40/D		40	13	0.250				30	36	
A40/D/H		40	14	0.250				30	30	
A50/S		32.5	12	0.250	20.5	14		22	29	
A50/S/H	50	32.5	13	0.250	20.5	15	0.313	22	29	3
A50/D		32.5	12	0.250	20.5	14		30	36	
A50/D/H		32.5	13	0.250	20.5	15		50	50	
A60/S		35.5	12	0.250	27.5	15				
A60/S/H	60	35.5	13	0.250	27.5	16	0.375	30	36	.3
A60/D		35.5	12	0.250	27.5	15	0.575	30	50	]
A60/D/H		35.5	13	0.250	27.5	16				
A70/S		38	13	0.250	35	17				
A70/S/H	70	38	14	0.250	35	18	0.375	30	36	3
A70/D		38	13	0.250	35	17	0.575	30	30	ر
A70/D/H		38	14	0.250	35	18				
A78/S		39	13	0.250	42	18				
A78/S/H	78	39	15	0.250	42	20	0.375	30	36	.3
A78/D	] ′°	39	13	0.250	42	18	0.5/5	50	30	)
A78/D/H		39	15	0.250	42	20				

						POLE,	BASE	PLATE	AND .	ARM C	ONNEC	TION									
Pole ID Px-PoleNo		Upr	ight			В	ase Plat	te					Arm-Up	right Co	nnection						
S-SingleArm D-DoubleArm L-Luminaire	UA (ft)	UD (in)	UE (in)	UG (ft)	No. Bolts	BA (in)	BB (in)	BC (in)	BF (in)	HT (in)	FJ/SJ (in)	FL/SL (in)	FN/SN (in)	F0/S0 (in)	FP/SP (in)	FR/SR (in)	FS/SS (in)	FT/ST (in)			
P1/S	25									22	25			14		2	8.5				
P1/S/L	39	16	0.375	37.5	6	32	2.5	2	40		25	0.75	0.438	14	1.25		0.5	0.438			
P1/D	25	10	0.575		Ü	32	2.5	_	10	30	36	0.73	0.750	23	1.23	2.75	12.5	0.750			
P1/D/L	39			37.5						30						2.73	12.3				
P2/S	25									22	27			15		2	8.5				
P2/S/L	39	18	0.375	37.5	6	34	2.5	2	40			0.75	0.438		1.25	_		0.438			
P2/D	25				_			_		30	36			23		2.75	12.5				
P2/D/L	39			37.5																	
P3/S	25									22	29			16		2	8.5				
P3/S/L	39	20	0.375	37.5	6	36	2.5	2	40			0.75	0.438		1.25			0.438			
P3/D	25									30	36			23		2.75	12.5				
P3/D/L	39			37.5																	
P4/S	25			27.5										17							
P4/S/L P4/D	39 25	22	0.375	37.5	8	38	2.5	2	40	30	36	0.75	0.438		1.25	2.5	12.5	0.438			
P4/D P4/D/L	39			37.5										23							
P5/S	25			37.3																	
P5/S/L	39			37.5										18							
P5/D	25	24	0.375	37.3	8	40	2.5	2	40	30	36	0.75	0.5		1.25	2.5	12.5	0.5			
P5/D/L	39			37.5										23							
P6/S	25			37.3																	
P6/S/L	39			37.5										18							
P6/D	25	24	0.5		8	40	2.5	2	40	30	36	0.75	0.625		1.5	2.5	12	0.625			
P6/D/L	39	1		37.5										23							
P7/S	25																				
P7/S/L	39			37.5										19							
P7/D	25	26	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5		8	42	2.5	2	40	30	36	36 0.75 0.625		1.5	2.5	5 12	0.625
P7/D/L	39	1		37.5										23							

### NOTE:

≥ DESCRIPTION:

1. Work this Index with Index 649-031.

		DR	ILLED	SHAF	Τ			
Drilled Shaft ID	DA (ft)	DB (ft)	RA	RB	RC	RD (in)	RE	RF (in)
DS/12/4.0	12	4.0	11	14	8	12		
DS/12/4.5	12	4.5	11	16	8	12		
DS/14/4.5	14	4.5	11	16	10	8		
DS/14/5.0	14	5.0	11	18	10	8		
DS/16/4.5	16	4.5	11	16	10	8		
DS/16/5.0	16	5.0	11	18	10	8		
DS/18/5.0	18	5.0	11	18	10	8		
DS/20/5.0	20	5.0	11	18	10	6	10	9
DS/25/5.0	25	5.0	11	18	10	6	10	9

			LUM	INAIF	RE AN	D COI	VNECT	TION			
LA (ft)	LB (ft)	LC (in)	LD (in)	LE	LF (ft)	LG (in)	LH (in)	LJ (in)	LK (in)	LL (deg)	UG (ft)
40	10	3	0.125	0.5	8	0.5	0.75	0.25	0.25	0	37.5

11:44

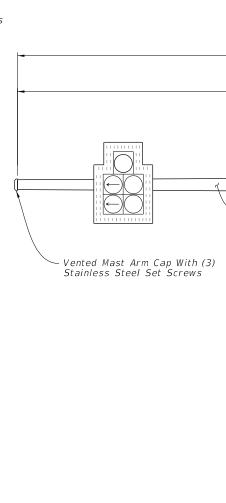
LAST REVISION 11/01/20

FDOT

- 2. Prior to Fabrication: Verify the installed foundation elevation will result in the required signal elevation and adjust the Pole height as needed.
- 3. Details for Signal and Sign locations, Signal Head attachment, Sign attachment, Pedestrian Head attachment, and Foundation Conduit are not shown for simplicity.
- 4. Materials:
  - A. Poles, Mast Arms and Backing Rings:
    - a. Less than ¾<sub>16</sub>": ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
    - b. Greater than or equal to  $\frac{3}{16}$ ": ASTM A572 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
    - c. ASTM A595 Grade A (55 ksi yield) or Grade B (60 ksi yield)
  - B. Steel Plates: ASTM A36
  - C. Weld Metal: E70XX
  - D. Bolts, Nuts and Washers:
    - a. High Strength Hex Head Bolts: ASTM F3125, Grade A325, Type 1
    - b. Nuts: ASTM A563 DH Heavy-Hex
    - c. Washers: ASTM F436 Type 1, one under turned element
  - E. Anchor Bolts, Nuts and Washers:
    - a. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55
    - b. Nuts: ASTM A563 Grade A Heavy-Hex (5 per anchor bolt)
  - c. Plate Washers: ASTM A36 (2 per bolt)
  - F. Threaded Bars/Studs: ASTM A36 or ASTM A307
  - G. Handhole Frame: ASTM A709 or ASTM A36, Grade 36 H. Handhole Cover: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
  - I. Aluminum Pole Caps and Nut Covers: ASTM B26 (319-F)
  - J. Stainless Steel Screws: AISI Type 316
  - K. Concrete: Class IV (Drilled Shaft) for all environmental classifications.
  - L. Reinforcing Steel: Specification 415

### 5. <u>Fabrication</u>:

- A. Welding:
- a. Specification 460-6.4 and
- b. AASHTO LRFD Specification for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals Section 14.4.4
- B. Poles and Mast Arms.
- a. Round or 12-sided (Min.)
- b. Taper pole diameter at 0.14 inches per foot
- c. Upright poles must be a single section. For arms and upright poles, circumferential welds and laminated sections are not permitted.
- d. Arms may be either one or two sections. See Sheet 4 for telescopic splice detail
- e. Fabricate longitudinal seam welds with 60 percent minimum penetration or fusion welds except:
  - 1. Use a full-penetration groove weld within 6 inches of the circumferential tube-to-plate connection.
  - 2. Use full-penetration groove welds on the female end section of telescopic (i.e., slip type) field splices for a minimum length of one and one-half times the inside diameter of the female section plus 6 inches.
- f. Locate longitudinal seams weld along the:
  - 1. Lower quadrant of the arms.
  - 2. Same side of the pole as the arm connections
- g. Face handhole perpendicular from arm on single arm poles, perpendicular from the first arm of double arms poles facing away from traffic or see special instructions on the Mast Arm Tabulation Sheet.
- h. Provide a 'J' or 'C' hook at the top of the pole for signal wiring support (See Sheet 6)
- i. First and Second arm camber angle =  $2^{\circ}$
- j. Bolt holes diameters as follows:
  - 1. Bolts (except Anchor bolts): Bolt diameter plus  ${1\over 1}$ 6" prior
  - to galvanizing.
- 2. Anchor Bolts: Bolt diameter plus  $\frac{1}{2}$ " (Max.).
- 6. <u>Coatings:</u>
  - A. All Nuts, Bolts, Washers and Threaded Bars/Studs: ASTM F2329
  - B. All other steel items including plate washers ASTM A123
- 7. Construction:
  - A. Foundation: Specification 455 Drilled Shaft, except that payment is included in the cost of the Mast Arm.
  - B. Install Pole vertically.
  - C. Place structural grout pad with drain between top of foundation and bottom of baseplate in accordance with Specification 649-7.
  - D. Attach Sign Panels and Signals centered on the elevation of the Mast Arm.
  - E. Wire Access holes are 11/2" or less in diameter.



Special Design
Financial Project ID
Manufacturer's Name
Pole Base (Fy of Steel)
$Arm (F_V of Steel)$
Pole Wall Thickness (in.
Arm Wall Thickness (in.)

Free-Swinging, Internally Illuminated Street Sign

(See Index 700-050)

'FA' + 'FE' - Splice

'SA' + 'SE' - Splice

Mast Arm Splice

Aluminum Identification Tag not to exceed 2" x 4". Secure to pole by  $V_8$ " stainless steel rivets or screws. Fabricators to provide

details for approval. Identification Tag located on inside of pole

Compartment. Tag to be stamped with the following information:

visible from handhole, or on outside of pole inside Terminal

(Single Arm See Sheet 3) (Double Arm See Sheet 4)

'FA'

'SA'

<u>Standard Design</u> Financial Project ID

Manufacturer's Name

 $Arm (F_V of Steel)$ 

Pole Base (F<sub>v</sub> of Steel)

Pole Type

Arm Type

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUBJECT

Elevation and Notes

Foundation and Base Plate Details

Handhole and Pole Top Details

Single Arm Connection and Splice Details

Luminaire Arm and Connection Details

Double Arm Connection and Splice Details

SHEET

3

O" With Sidewalk
6" Otherwise —

1~2" Conduit Per Assembly
1~1" Additional Conduit in
Quadrant With Controller —

Foundation
(Drilled Shaft)

Top of Finished Grade

Face Of Arm Base Plate At G Arm -

Pole Connection

0.14 in/ft Taper (Typ.)

Mast Arm

Extension

Pole

Handhole

(See Sheet 6)

(Single Arm See Sheet 3)

(Double Arm See Sheet 4)

Provide 1/2" Ø Weep Hole

Located At Bottom Of Arm.

1'-0" From Arm Base Plate.

Base Plate Connection

(See Sheet 2)

(See Sheet 2)

'FE'

'SE'

Street Name

€ Pole

Pole Top

Mast Arm

Handhole

(See Sheet 6)

(See Sheet 6)

649-030)

Bottom

Signal Conduit

(For No. & Size

See Signal Plans)

Of Plate

Plans) (See

(See

'F0'

'S0'

Single Arm Shown, Double Arm Similar (Luminaire Arm Not Shown)

MAST ARM ASSEMBLY

ELEVATION AND NOTES

LAST REVISION 11/01/18



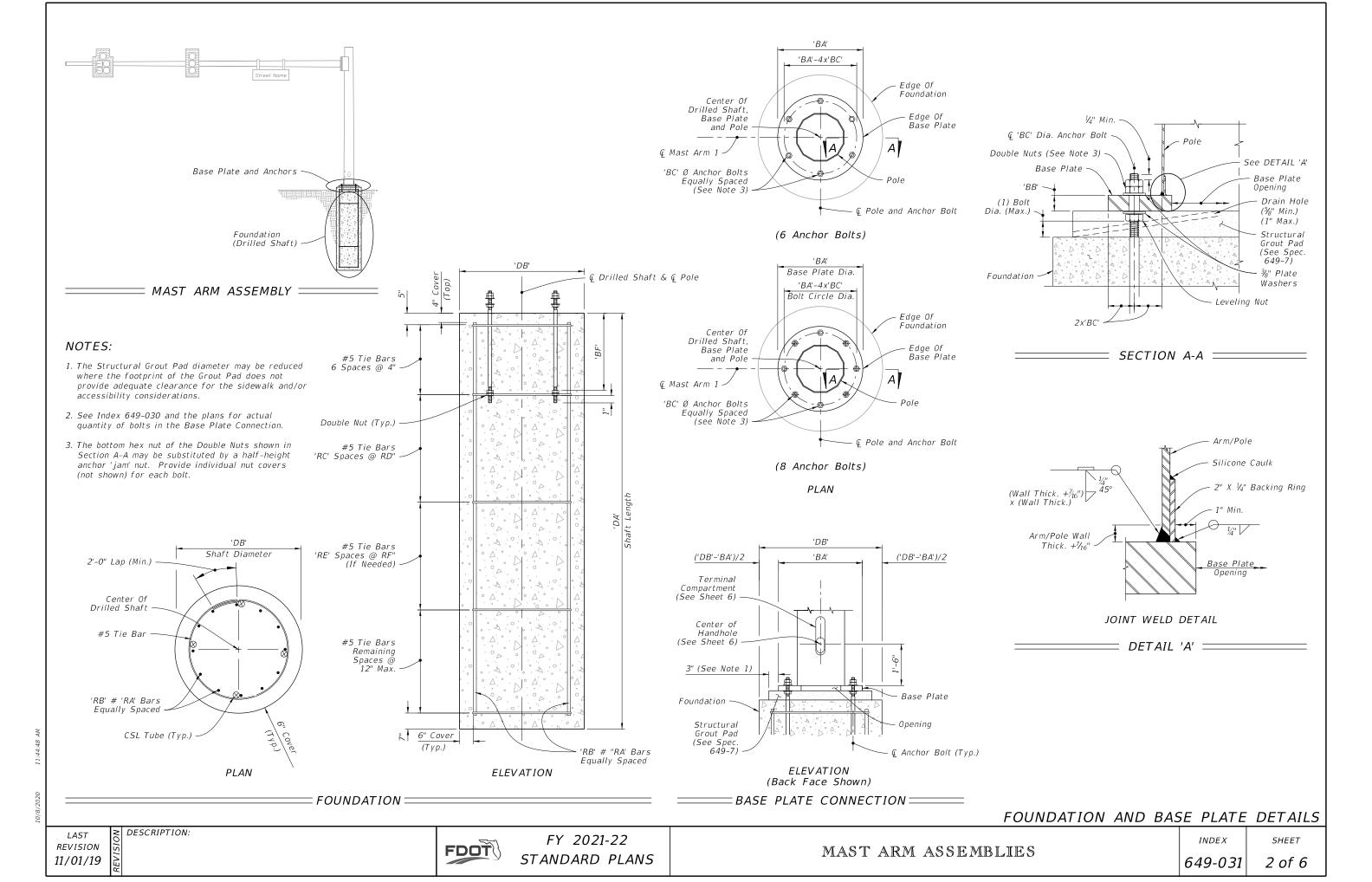
FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

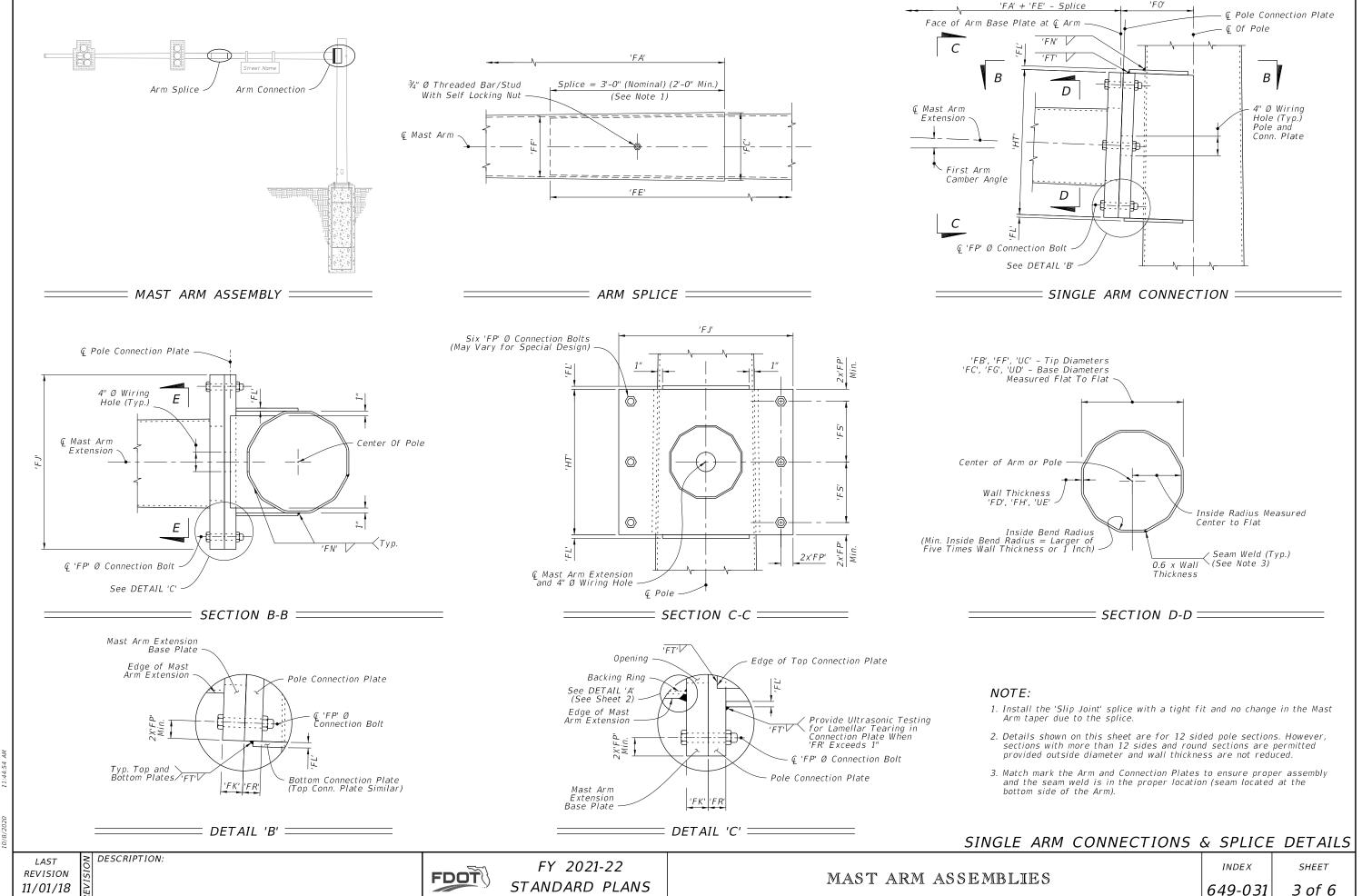
MAST ARM ASSEMBLIES

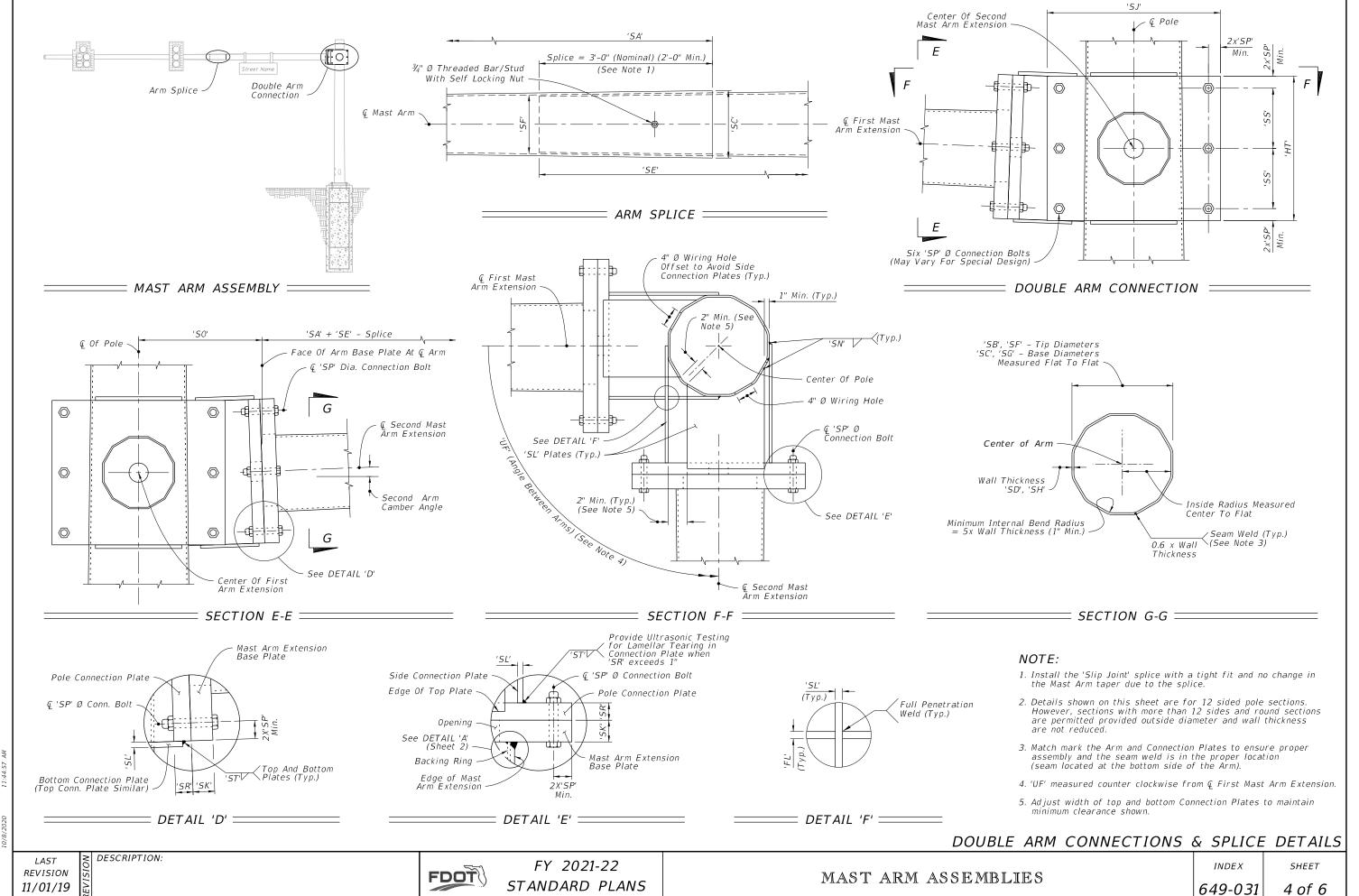
INDEX 649-031 <sub>SHEET</sub> 1 of 6

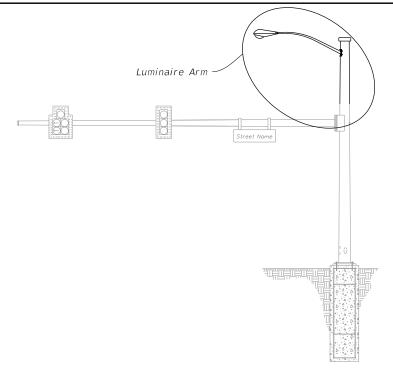
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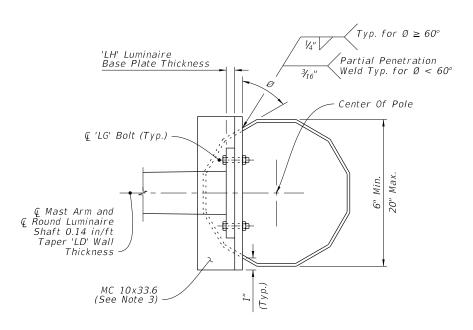




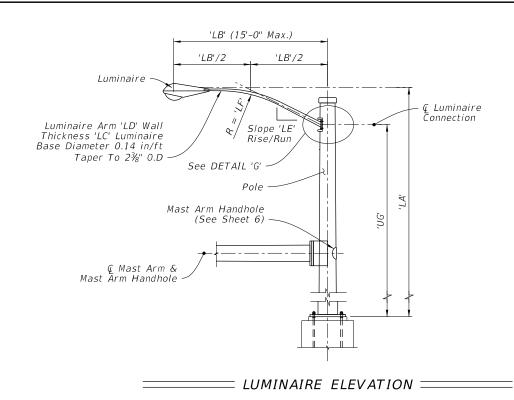


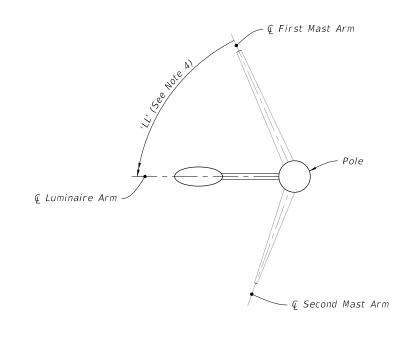


- Galvanized steel luminaire type and luminaire length may be found in the Lighting Plans.
- 2. Align Luminaire Arm with Single Mast Arm or First Arm of Double Mast Arm unless indicated otherwise in the plans.
- 3. The fabricator may substitute a ½" thick bent plate with the same flange width, height, and length as the MC 10x33.6 Channel section.
- 4. 'LL' measure counter clockwise from First Mast Arm.



= SECTION H-H =





 $\equiv$  LUMINAIRE ORIENTATION  $\equiv$ 

7½" 5½" Center Of Round Luminaire Shaft MC 10x33.6 (See Note 3) € Pole

= SECTION I-I =

'LH' Luminaire Base Plate Thickness ½" (Pole Dia. > 10") 1½" (6" < Pole Dia. ≤ 10") © Round Luminaire Shaft 0.14 in/ft Taper 'LD' Wall Thickness H**Q** Luminaire Connection 6" Min. Pole & 'LG' Bolt (Typ.) Dia. At Luminaire Connection MC 10x33.6 (See Note 3)

LUMINAIRE CONNECTION ELEVATION

= DETAIL 'G' =====

LUMINAIRE ARM AND CONNECTION DETAILS

**REVISION** 11/01/19

DESCRIPTION:

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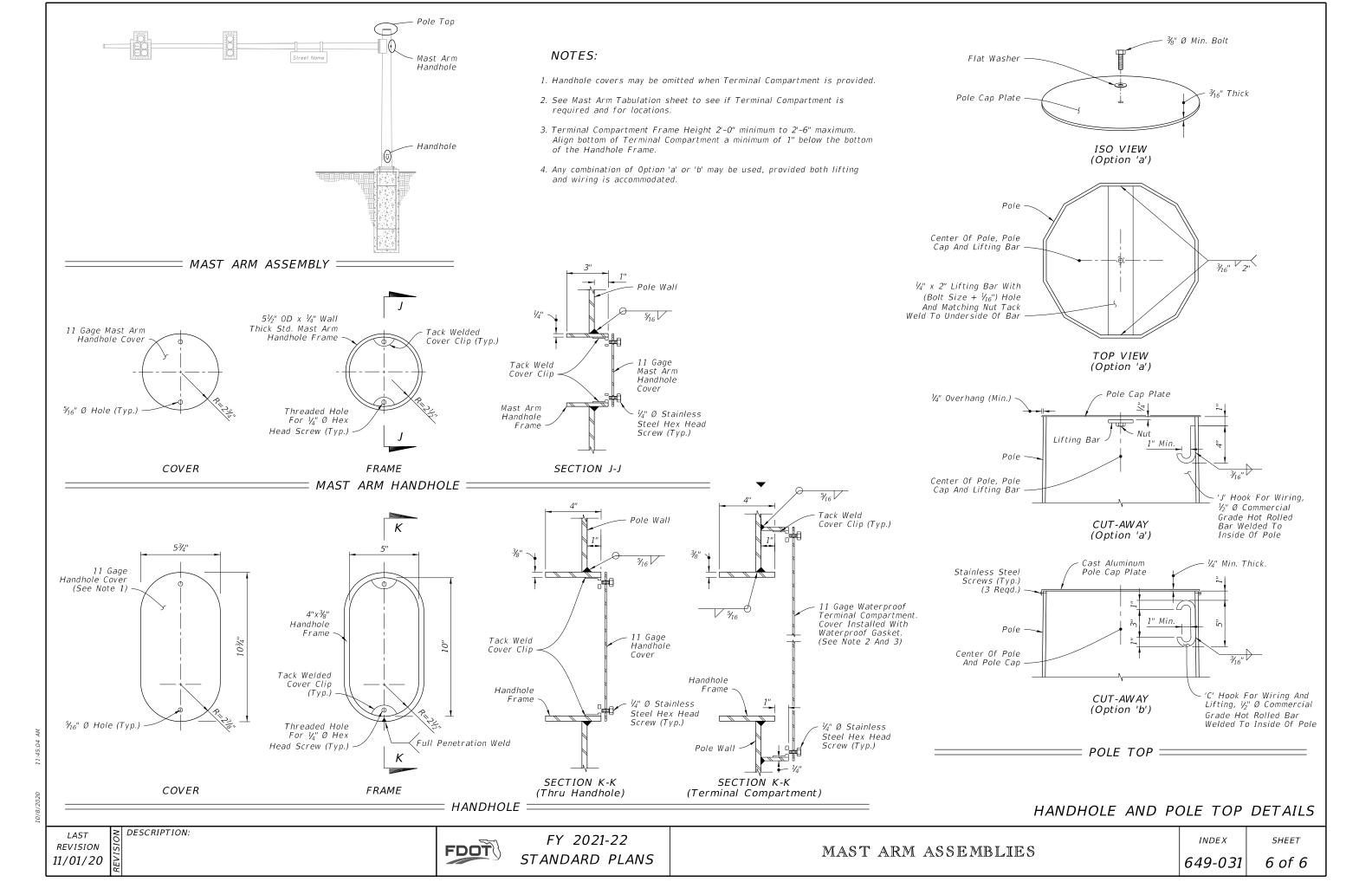
FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

2½" Ø Connection Plate Wiring Hole -

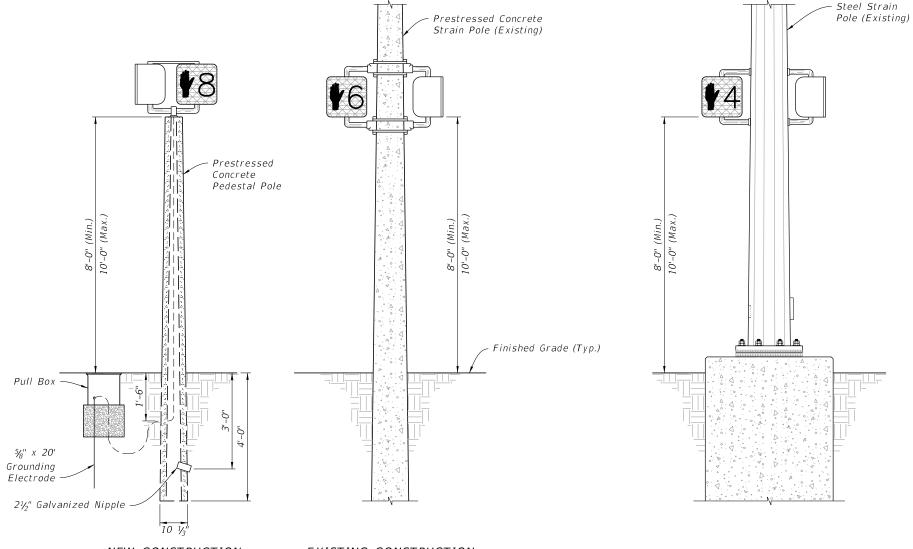
MAST ARM ASSEMBLIES

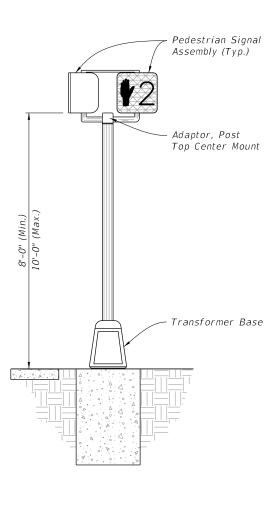
INDEX

SHEET



- As an option, pedestrian signals may be installed on concrete poles and pedestals using lead anchors (two bolts same size per hub) in lieu of the stainless steel bands.
- Repair drilled or punched holes in galvanized steel poles or pedestals in accordance with Specification 562. Install grommets or bushings in each hole.
- 3. Meet grounding requirements of Specification 620.
- 4. See APL for Department-approved Pedestrian Signal Assemblies and hardware.
- 5. For Prestressed Concrete Poles see Index 641-010.
- 6. For Steel Strain Poles see Index 649-010.
- 7. For Pedestal Mounted Signal posts and foundations see Index 646-001





NEW CONSTRUCTION

EXISTING CONSTRUCTION

=== CONCRETE POLE MOUNTED SIGNAL ======

=== STRAIN POLE MOUNTED SIGNAL =======

===== PEDESTAL MOUNTED SIGNAL ======

10/8/2020

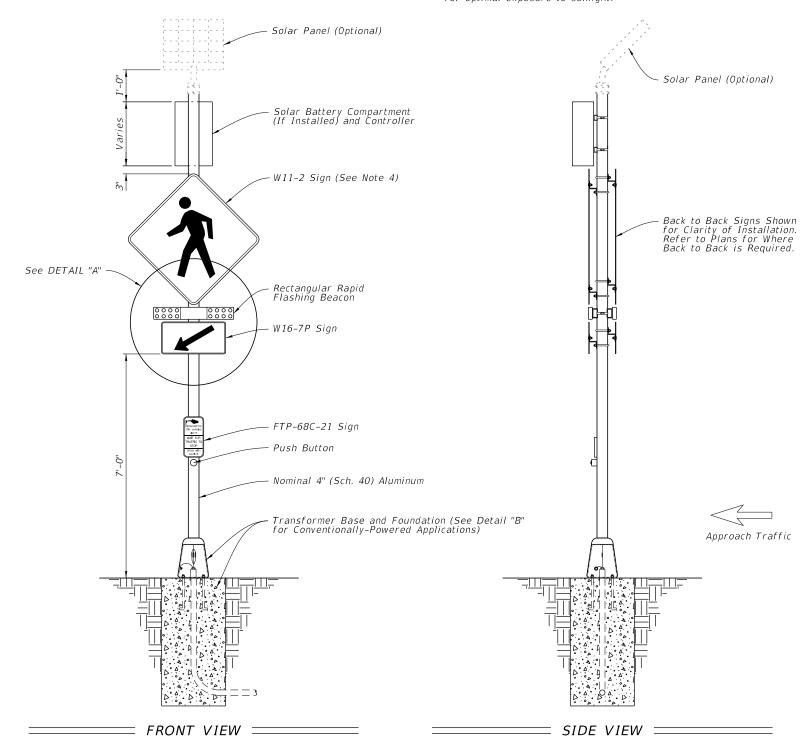
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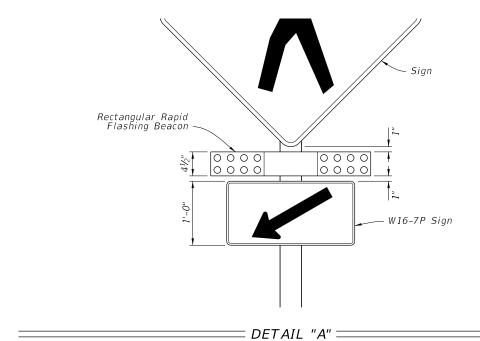
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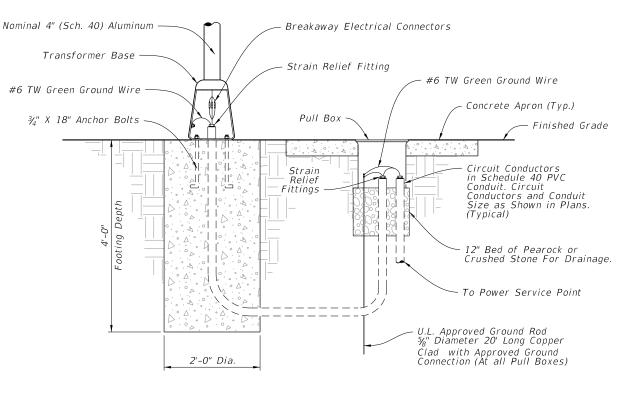


- 1. A transformer base is required for both conventionally-powered and solar-powered applications (conventional power shown).
- 2. Install the RRFB in pairs, one on either side of approach traffic.
- 3. Install controller on the backside of post from approach traffic.
- 4. Install a 30" X 30" W11-2 sign on two-lane roadways and a 36" X 36" W11-2 sign for multilane roadways.
- 5. Install push button and FTP-68C-21 sign in accordance with Index 665-001.
- 6. Engage all threads on the transformer base and post unless the aluminum post is fully seated into base.

- 7. Meet the requirements of Specification 646 for aluminum poles and transformer bases.
- 8. Install a concrete slab around all pull boxes. The minimum slab dimension is 4'-0" by 4'-0". In urban areas where space is limited slab dimensions may be adjusted as shown in the Plans.
- 9. For assemblies connected to conventional power, provide single pole non-fused watertight breakaway electrical connectors in the frangible transformer base.
- 10. When wire entry holes are drilled in the sign column, use a bushing or rubber grommet to protect conductors.
- 11. For solar-powered applications, orient solar panel to face South for optimal exposure to sunlight.







POLE WIRING AND FOOTING DETAIL

DETAIL "B"

**REVISION** 11/01/20

DESCRIPTION:

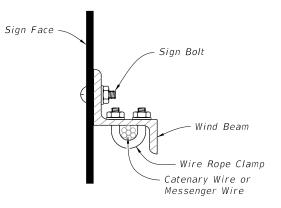
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FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS

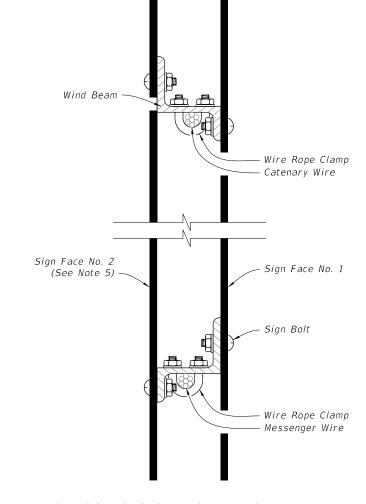
- A. Sign panels, wind beams and associated hardware: See Index 700-020
- B. Sign adjustable hangers, wire rope clamps and associated hardware: See APL
- C. Wire and additional hardware requirements: See Specification 634
- 2. Type B and C Attachments:
  - A. Extend wind beams to within 6" of the sign edge.
- B. Number of sign hangers required based on sign width:
- a. Sign width < 4'-0": One
- b. 4'-0" ≤ sign width ≤ 7'-0" : Two
- C. Number of wind beams required based on sign depth:
- a. Sign depth < 3'-6": One
- b. 3'-6" ≤ Sign depth ≤ 7'-0": Two
- 3. Type D Attachments:

Maximum sign width = 3'-0"

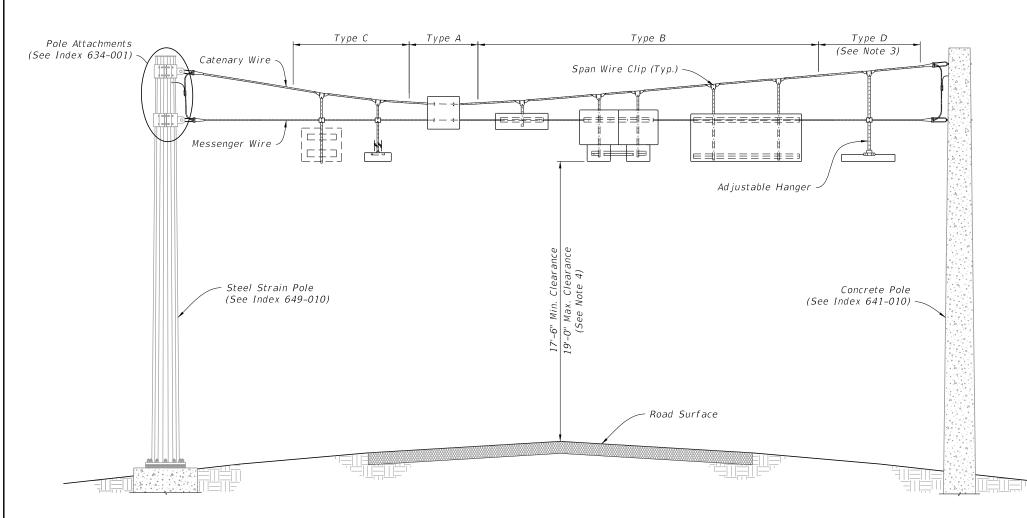
- 4. Align the bottom edges of signs to approximately the same elevation.
- 5. Use a minimum of 2 bolts with a minimum spacing of 2" for overlapped connection of the adjustable hangers.



====SIGN MOUNTING DETAIL====



—OPPOSING SIGN MOUNTING DETAIL——



= TYPICAL INSTALLATIONS FOR SIGN PANEL(S) MOUNTED ON SPAN WIRE =

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**GENERAL NOTES:** 

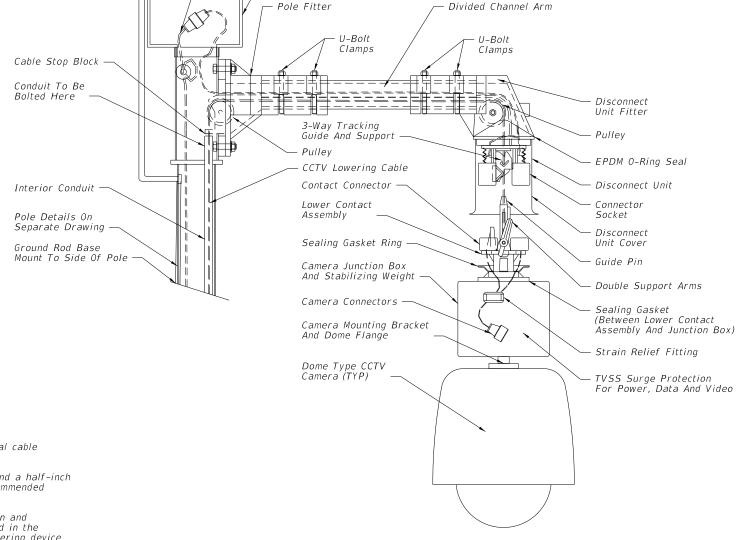
DESCRIPTION:



LAST

**REVISION** 

11/01/17



½" ETP Alloy 110 Copper Air Terminal Class II

Connectors And Camera Wiring

Pole Top Junction Box

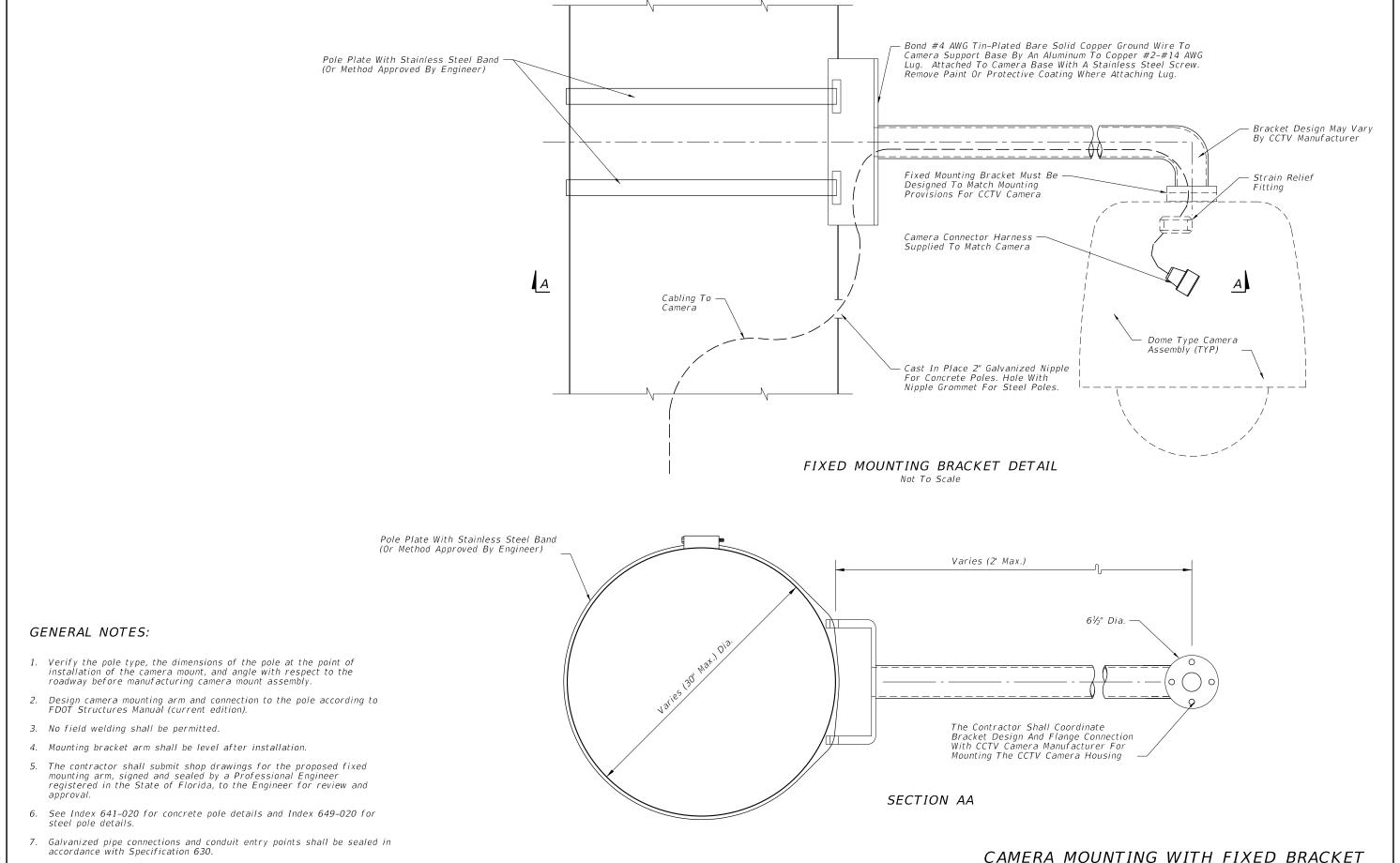
Removable Top Cap

# 1. Lowering device to be shipped ready for pole attachment to include 100 ft. of composite power and signal cable prewired to lowering device at the factory.

- 2. The lowering device manufacturer shall supply both a portable lowering tool with a manual hand crank and a half-inch chuck variable-speed reversible industrial-duty electric drill that matches the winch's manufacturer-recommended revolutions per minute. One lowering tool per every 10 lowering devices is required.
- 3. The lowering device manufacturer shall provide an on-site installation inspection and operator instruction and certification. This ensures the product is assembled correctly and that all necessary persons are trained in the proper, safe operation of the system. Before erecting the first pole the contractor must contact the lowering device supplier and schedule a manufacturer's representative to be on-site.
- 4. Design camera mounting arm and connection to tenon according to FDOT Structures Manual (current edition).
- 5. Camera to be mounted to camera junction box and stabilizing weight via 1½" Standard NPT Pipe Thread.
- 6. Use air terminal extension when the pole top junction box is wider than top of pole.
- 7. The stainless steel device lowering cable shall be installed inside the pole within a 1 1/4" diameter PVC conduit.
- 8. All communication and power cables must be neatly bundled and secured.
- 9. Use a Camera Lowering Device listed on the Approved Product List (APL).
- 10. See Index 641-020 for concrete pole details and Index 649-020 for steel pole details.

CAMERA MOUNTING WITH LOWERING DEVICE

FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS CAMERA LOWERING DEVICE DETAIL



DESCRIPTION: **REVISION** 

11/01/17

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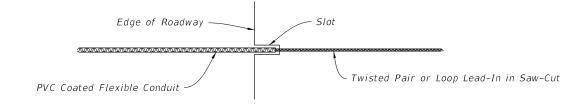
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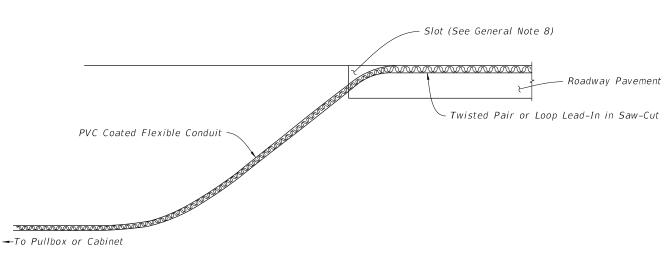
SHEET

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. If the loop lead-in is 75' or less from the edge of the loop detector to controller cabinet, continue the twisted pair to the cabinet. If the loop lead-in is greater than 75' continue the twisted pair an Intermediate Pullbox, splice to shielded lead-in wire and continue to the controller cabinet.
- 2. Provide sufficient saw-cut width to allow unforced placement of loop wires or lead-in cables into the saw-cut. Except across expansion joints, saw-cut to a standard depth of 3", but no more than 4" below the top of the final surface.
- 3. On resurfacing or new roadway construction projects, install the loop wires and lead-in cables in the asphalt structural course prior to the placement of the asphalt friction course. Place the loop wires and lead-in cables in a saw cut in the structural course.
- 4. Use nonmetallic hold down material to secure loop wires and lead-ins to the bottom of saw-cuts. Place the hold down material approximately 12" intervals around loops and 24" intervals on lead-ins.
- 5. The minimum distance between the twisted pairs of loop lead-in wire is 6" from the loop to 12" from the pavement edge or curb.
- 6. Splice Connections in pull boxes with UL listed, watertight, insulated enclosures. Place one enclosure over the end of each conductor and place a third enclosure over the exposed end of the shielded cable. As an alternate, a larger diameter enclosure that will accommodate both the splices of the conductors and the exposed end of the shielded cable may be used.
- 7. Do not disturb more than a 6" x 6" area of asphalt. Restore asphalt as directed by the Engineer.
- 8. Alternative installations may be approved by the State Traffic Operations Engineer.



#### PLAN



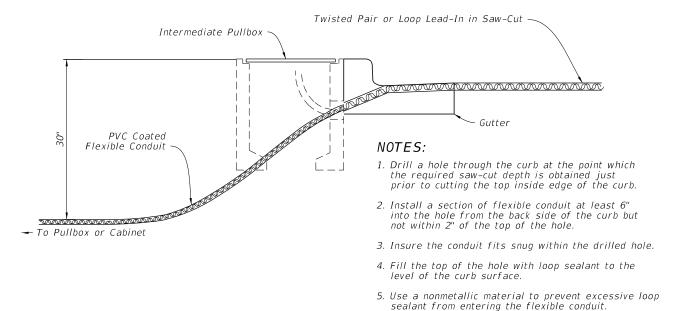
#### NOTES:

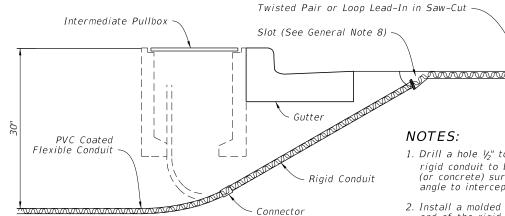
- 1. Cut a slot in the edge of the roadway of sufficient size and depth to snugly place the end of the flexible conduit.
- 2. Install the conduit at least 6" into the roadway pavement and approximately 2" below the top of the roadway surface.
- 3. The departure angle of the conduit from the roadway is between 30° to 45°.

#### ELEVATION

#### = INSTALLATION WITHOUT CURB & GUTTER =

→ To Pullbox or Cabinet





- 1. Drill a hole ½" to 1" larger in diameter than the rigid conduit to be used through the roadway asphalt (or concrete) surface and base at an appropriate angle to intercept the trench or pull box hole.
- 2. Install a molded bushing (nonmetallic) on the roadway end of the rigid conduit.
- Place the top of the rigid conduit approximately 2" below the roadway surface.
- 4. Fill the hole with loop sealant to the level of the roadway surface.
- 5. Use a nonmetallic material to prevent excessive loop sealant from entering the rigid conduit.

ALTERNATIVE 1 ALTERNATIVE 2

INSTALLATION WITH CURB & GUTTER:

## TWISTED PAIR AND LOOP LEAD-IN INSTALLATION

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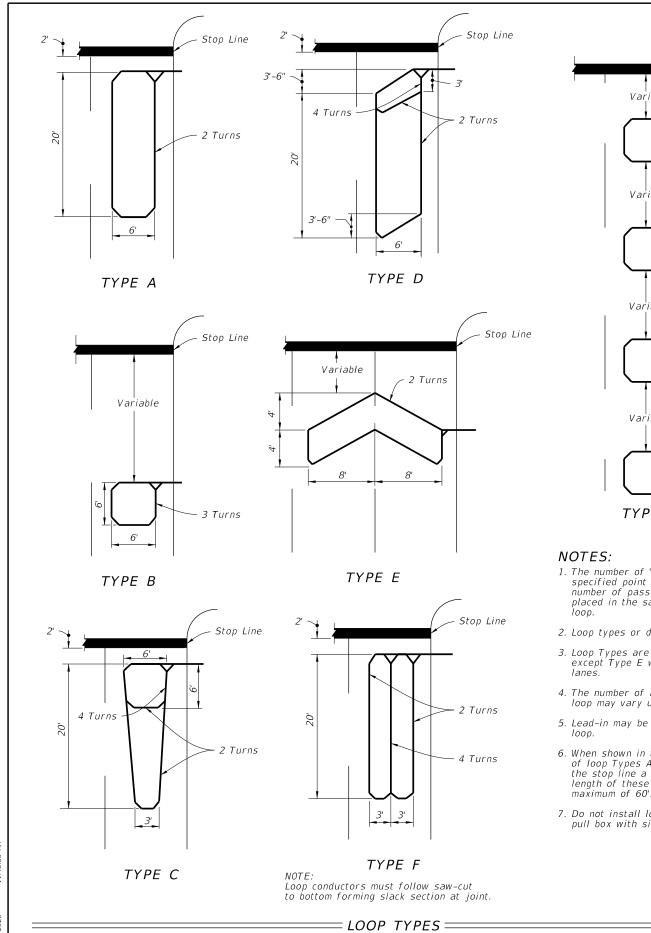
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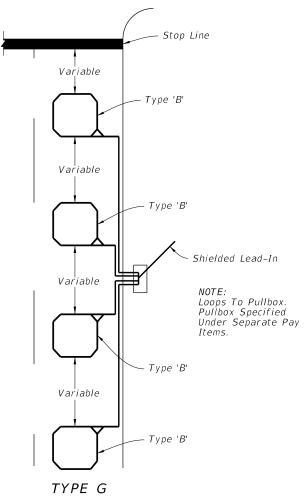
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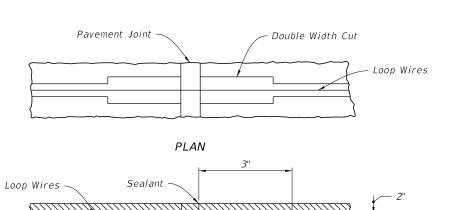
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<sub>SHEET</sub> 1 of 2





- The number of "Turns" indicated at the specified point on the loop refers to the number of passes of loop wires which are placed in the saw-cut forming the complete loop.
- 2. Loop types or details not drawn to scale.
- 3. Loop Types are centered in a single lane except Type E which is centered on two lanes.
- 4. The number of individual loops in the Type G loop may vary up to a maximum of four (4).
- 5. Lead-in may be connected to either end of loop.
- 6. When shown in the Plans, the leading edge of loop Types A, C, D, & F may extend past the stop line a maximum of 10' and the length of these loops may be extended to a maximum of 60'
- 7. Do not install loop lead-in wires in the same pull box with signal power cable.

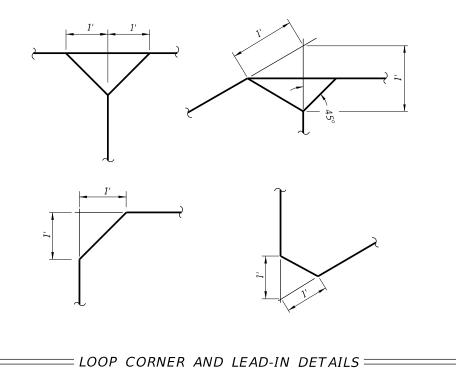


Deep Section of Groove Over Wire

VERTICAL SECTION

Soft-Setting Sealer Injected Into

CONCRETE PAVEMENT EXPANSION JOINTS

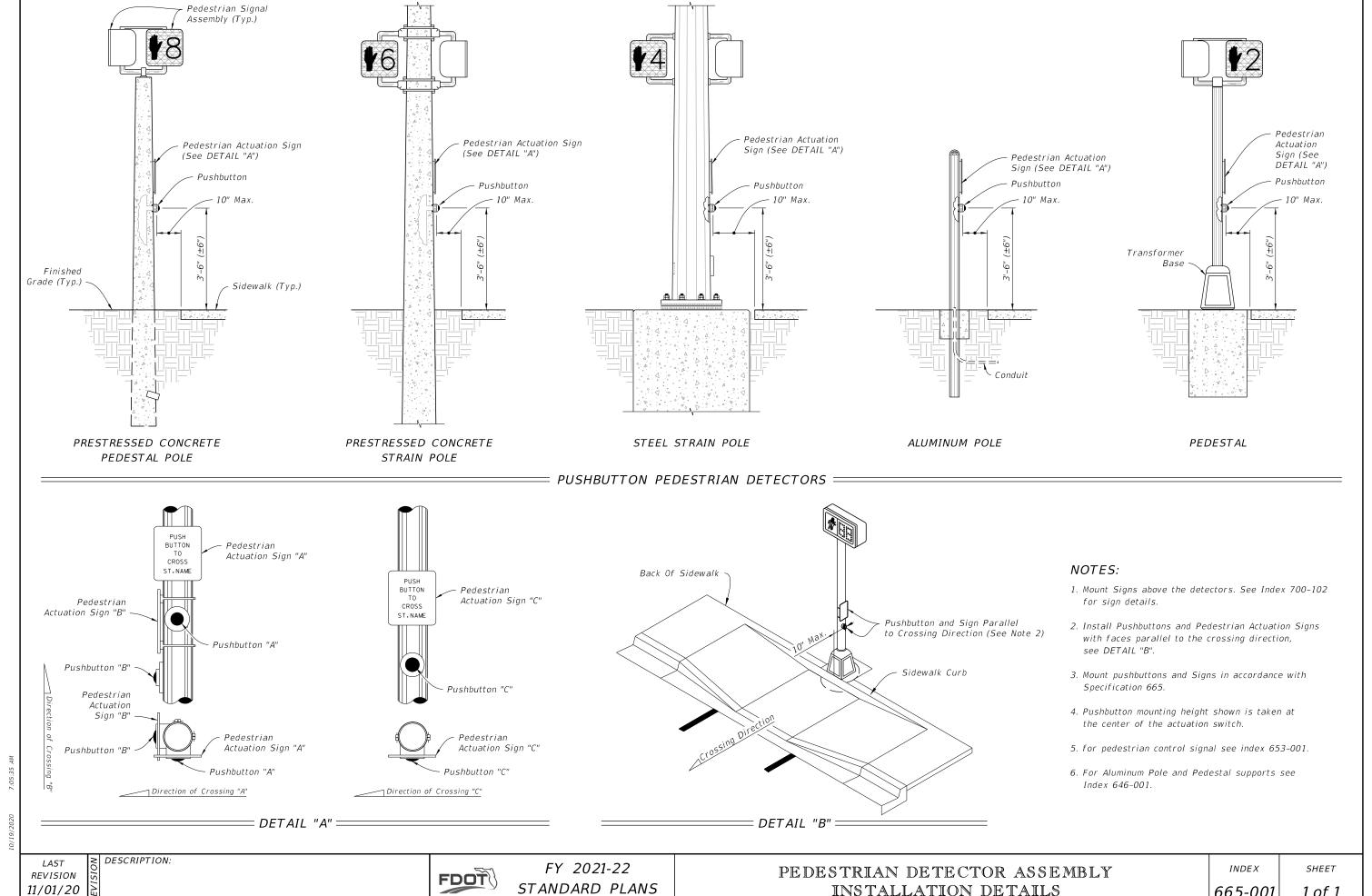


LOOP TYPES, EXPANSION JOINTS, AND DETAILS

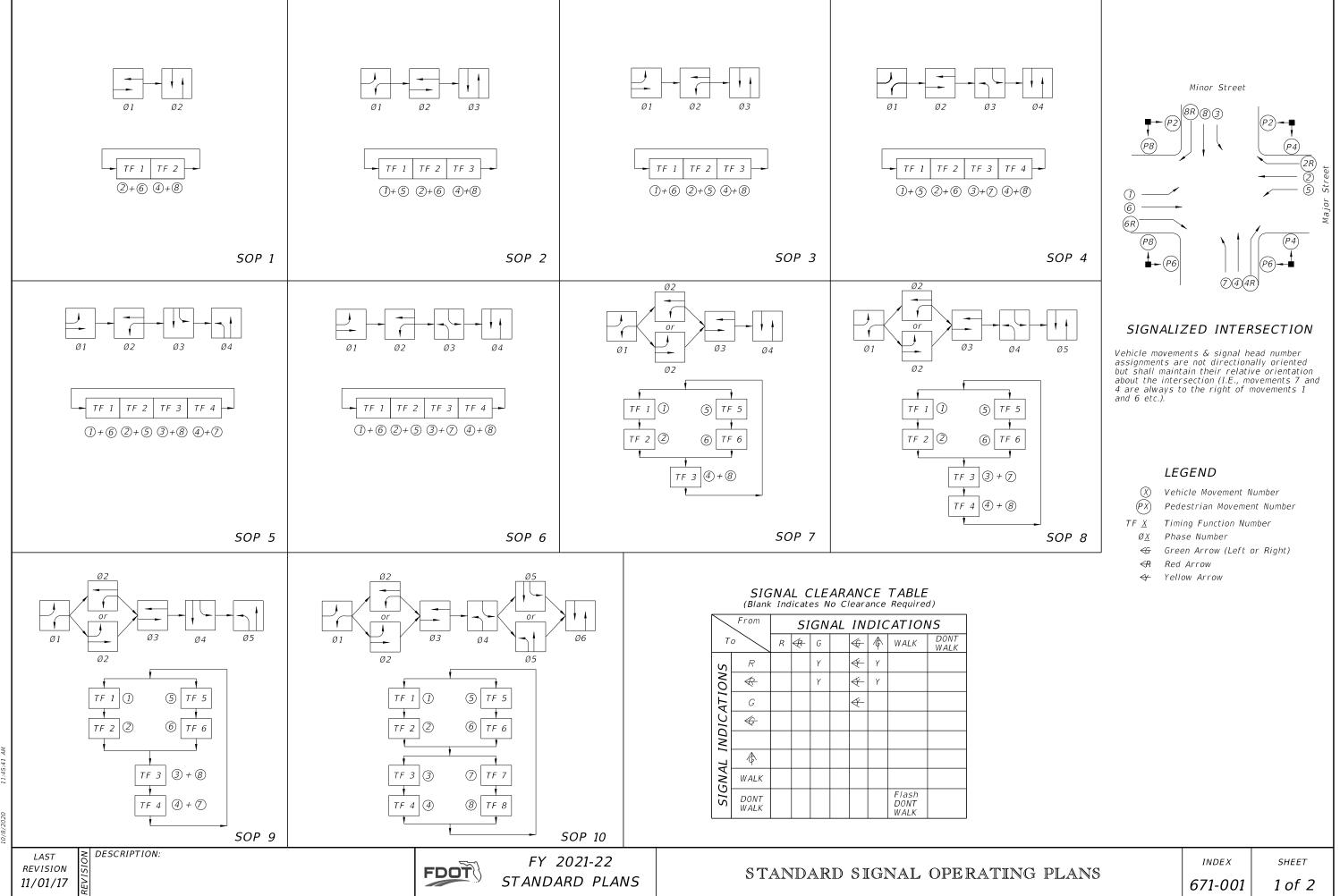
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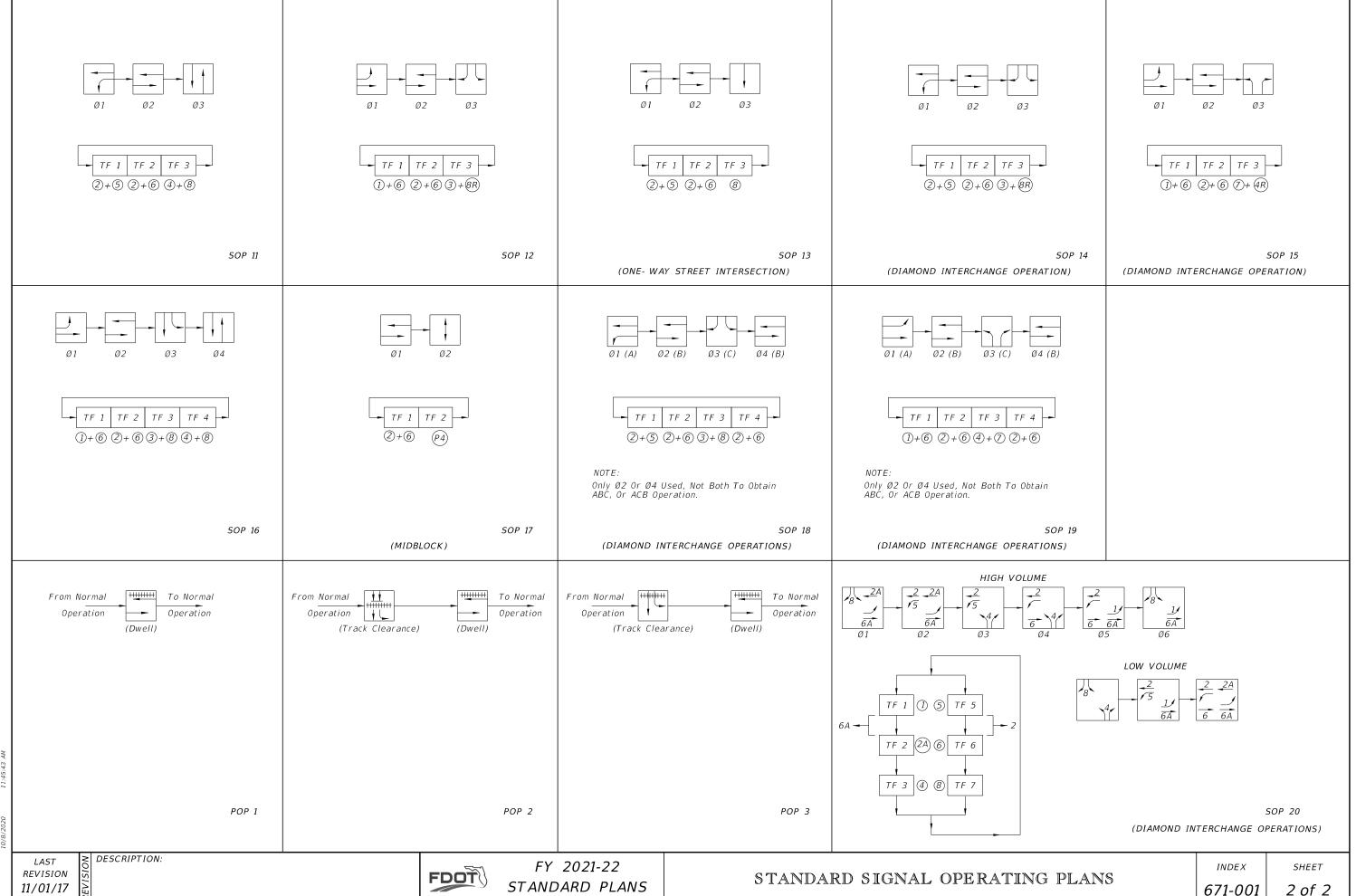
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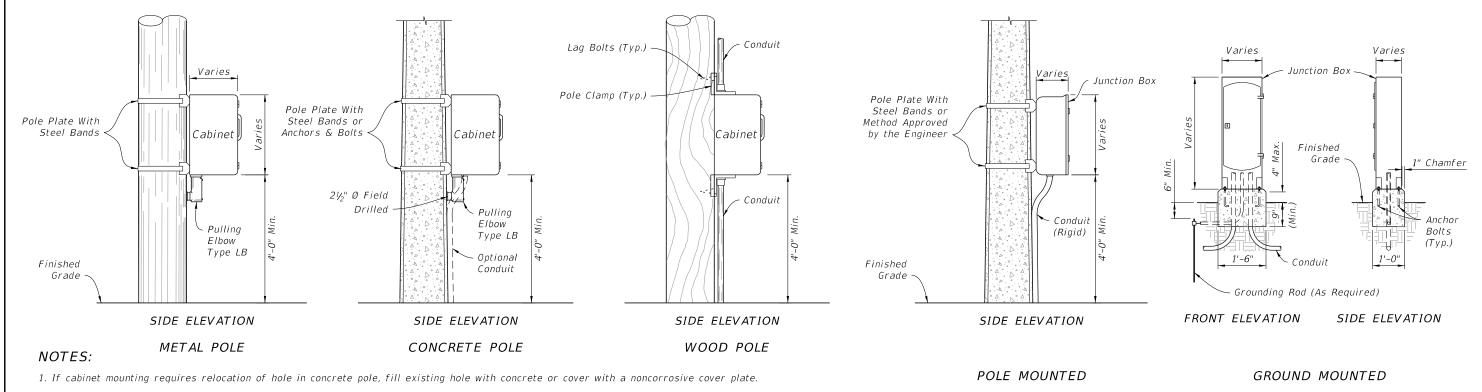


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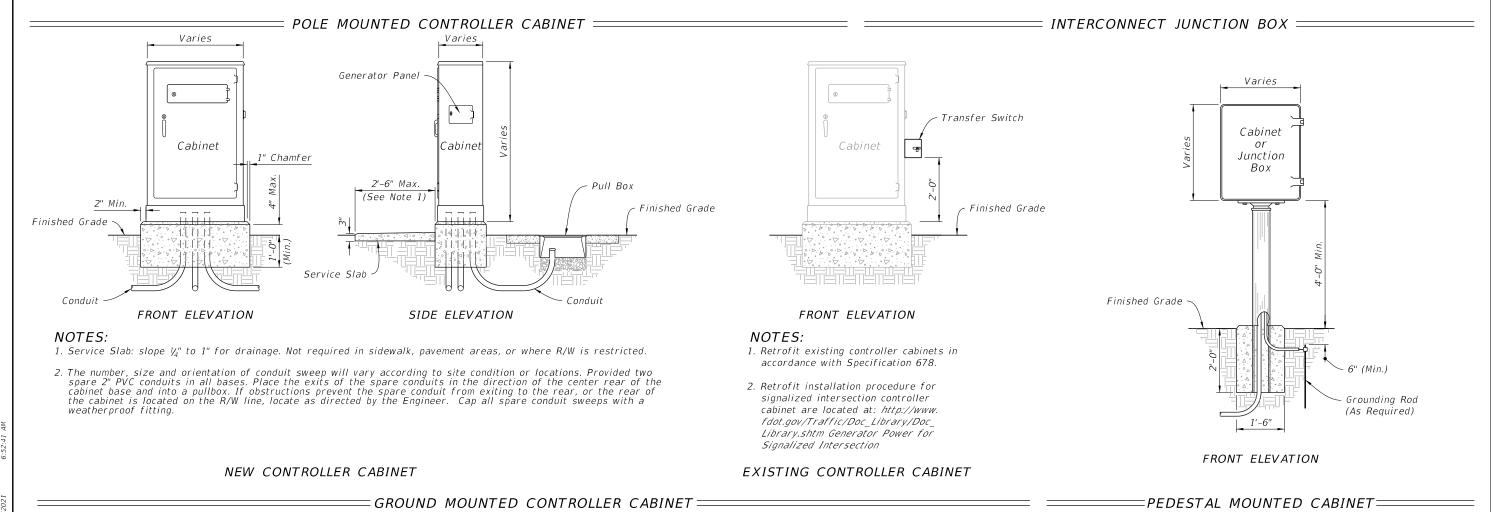




STANDARD PLANS

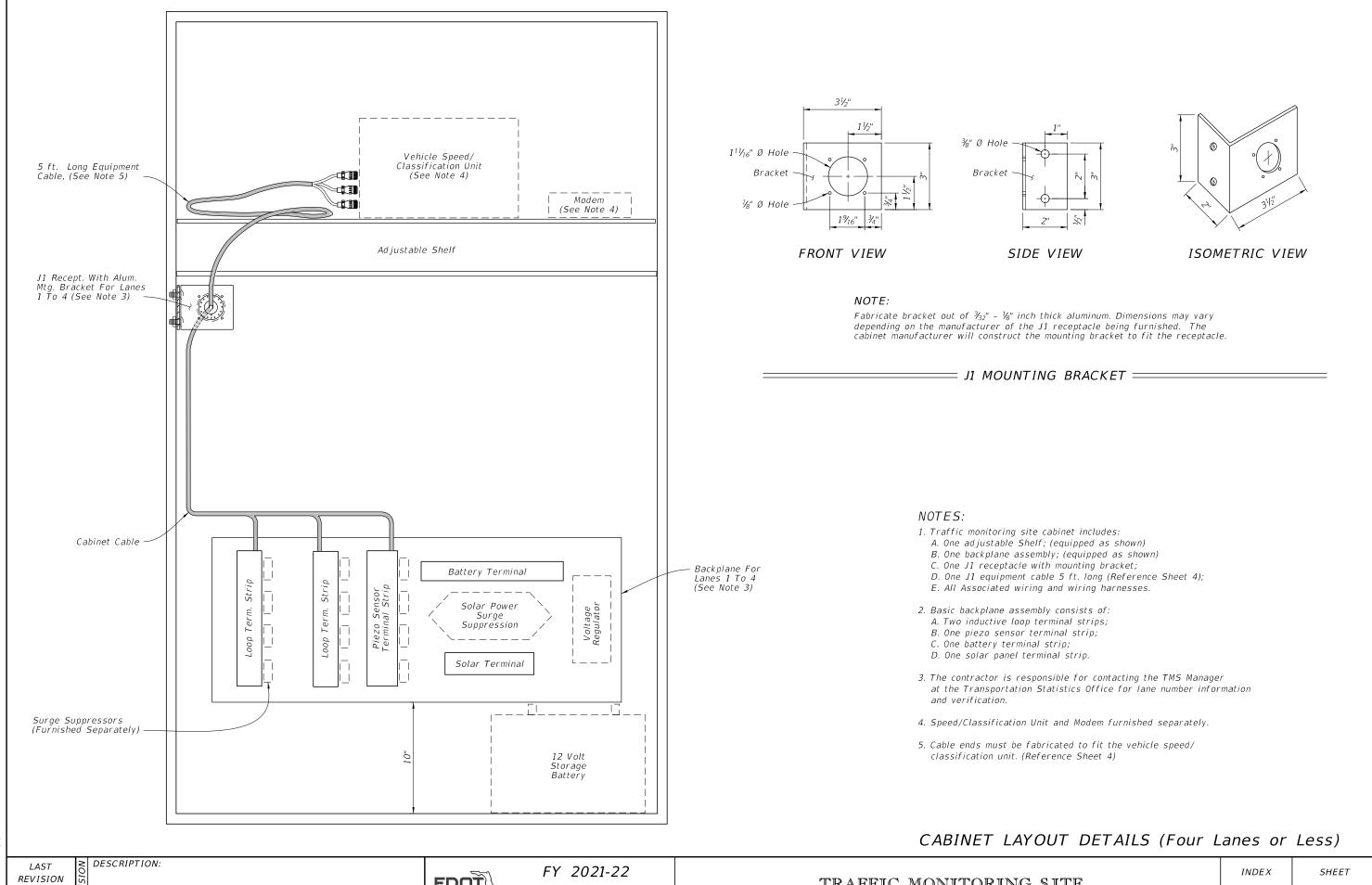


2. Liquidtight flexible conduit is approved for use from the electrical disconnect to the cabinet when both are installed on the same pole.



DESCRIPTION:

SHEET



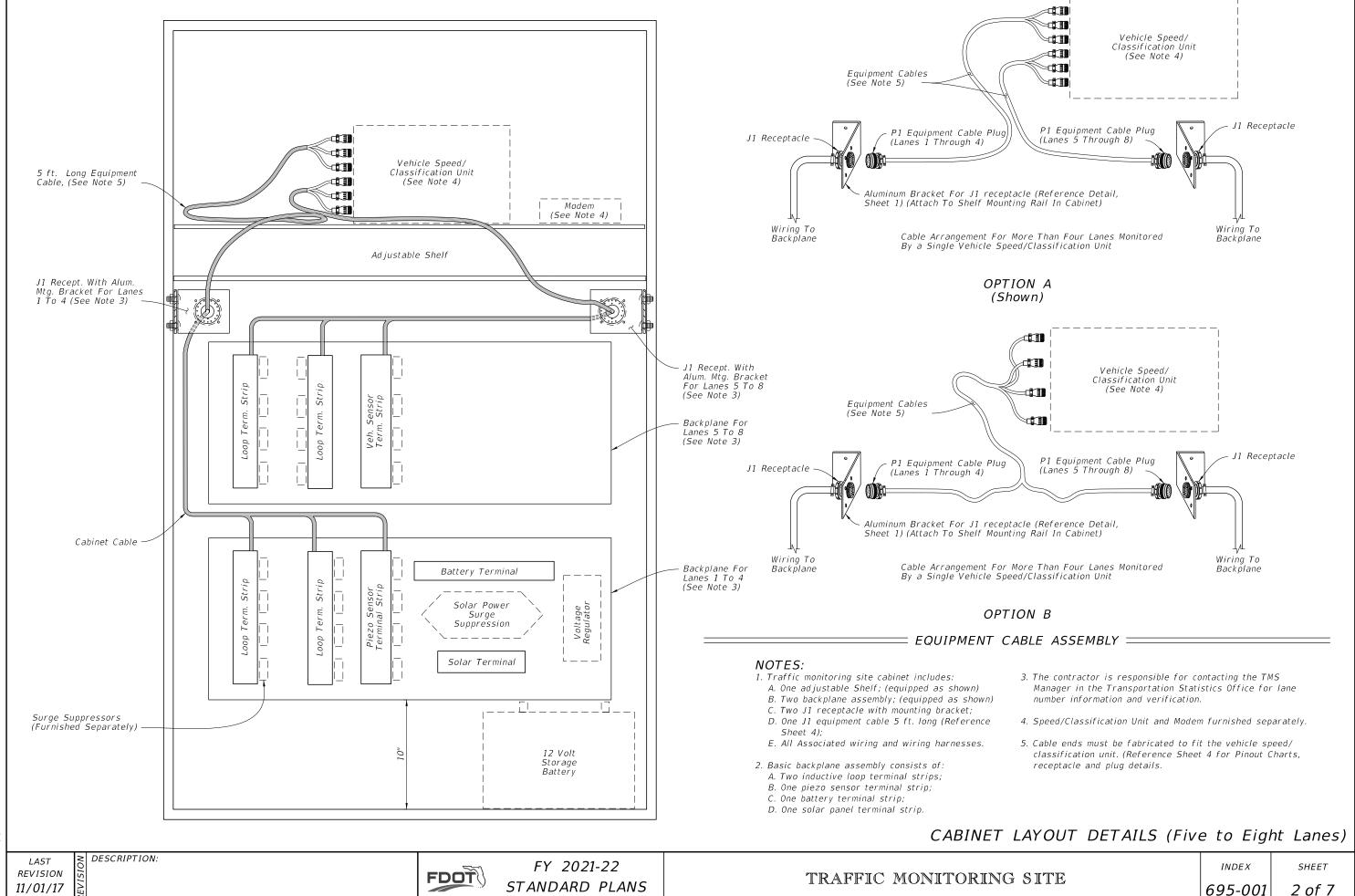
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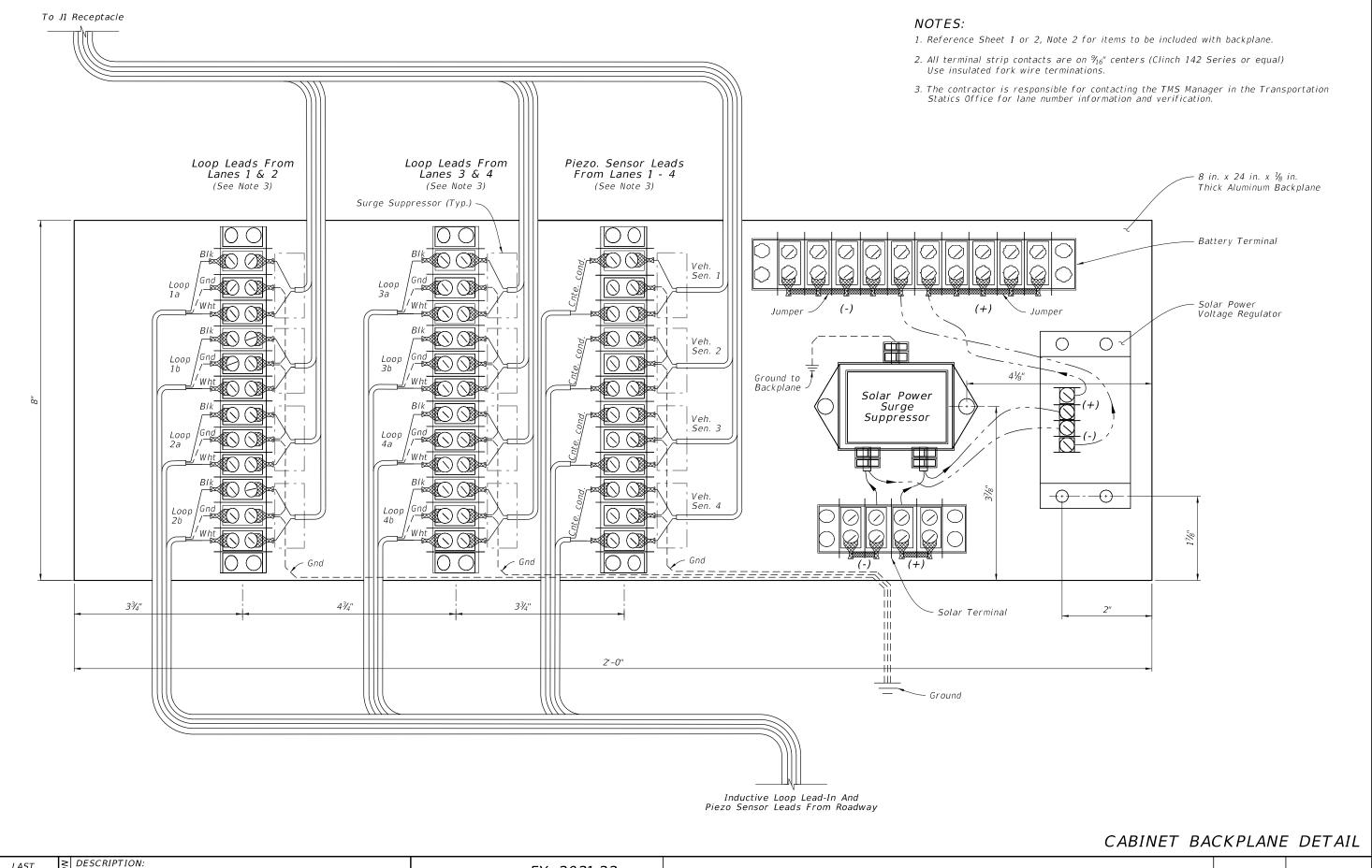
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STANDARD PLANS

TRAFFIC MONITORING SITE

1 of 7



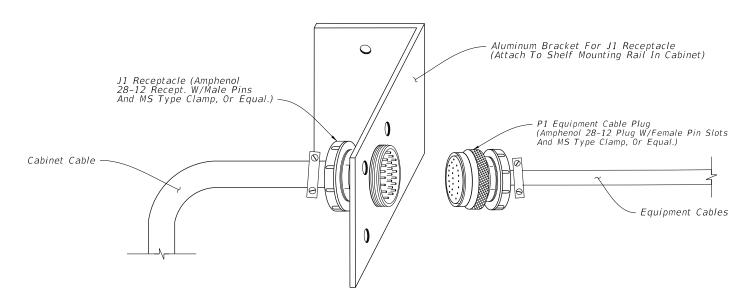


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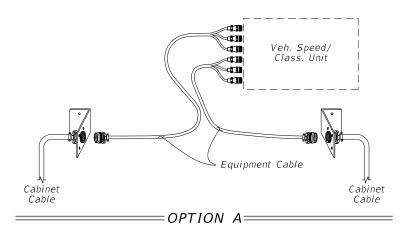
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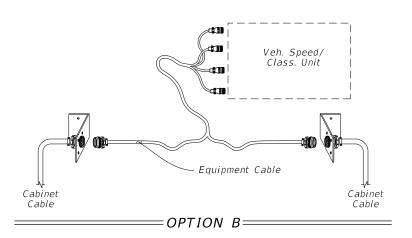
FY 2021-22 STANDARD PLANS



J1 RECEPTACLE PINOUT		
26 Recessed Male Pins		
А	Loop 1a (5a) yellow	
В	Loop 1a (5a) purple	
С	Loop 1b (5b) gray	
D	Loop 1b (5b) pink	
Ε	Loop 2a (6a) brown	
F	Loop 2a (6a) blue	
G	Loop 2b (6b) orange	
Н	Loop 2b (6b) tan	
J	Loop 3a (7a) white	
К	Loop 3a (7a) green	
L	Loop 3b (7b) red	
М	Loop 3b (7b) black	
N	Gnd	
Р	Loop 4a (8a) w/yellow	
R	Loop 4a (8a) w/purple	
S	Loop 4b (8b) w/gray	
T	Loop 4b (8b) w/brown	
U	Piezo 1 (5) (+) w/blue	
V	Piezo 1 (5) sh w/orange	
W	Piezo 2 (6) (+) w/green	
Х	Piezo 2 (6) sh w/red	
Y	Piezo 3 (7) (+) w/black	
Z	Piezo 3 (7) sh w/red/blk	
а	Piezo 4 (8) (+) red/ green	
b	Piezo 4 (8) sh red/yellow	
d	Gnd red/black	

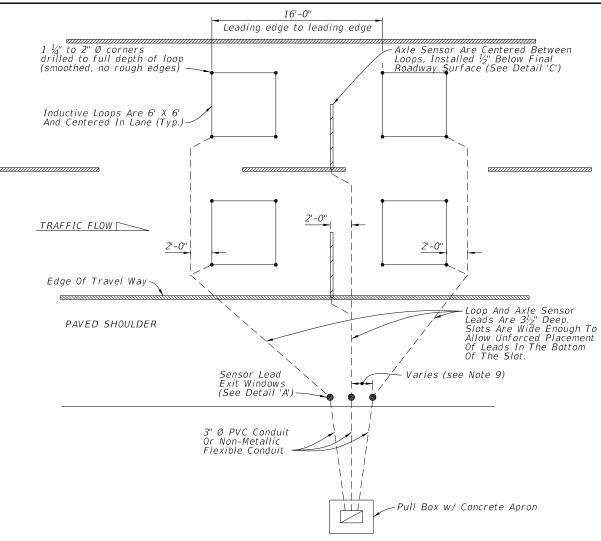
J1 EQUIPMENT CABLE PLUG			
26 Female Pin Slots			
А	Loop 1a (5a)		
В	Loop 1a (5a)	Connect To Electronics Unit	
С	Loop 1b (5b)		
D	Loop 1b (5b)		
Е	Loop 2a (6a)		
F	Loop 2a (6a)		
G	Loop 2b (6b)		
Н	Loop 2b (6b)		
N	Gnd		
J	Loop 3a (7a)		
К	Loop 3b (7b)		
L	Loop 3b (7b)	Connect To Electronics Unit	
М	Loop 3b (7b)		
Р	Loop 4a (8a)		
R	Loop 4a (8a)		
S	Loop 4b (8b)		
Т	Loop 4b (8b)		
d	Gnd		
U	Piezo 1 (5) (+)	Connect To ectronics Unit	
V	Piezo 1 sh		
W	Piezo 2 (6) (+)		
Х	Piezo 2 sh		
Υ	Piezo 3 (7) (+)	roni	
Z	Piezo 3 sh	Co. Elect	
а	Piezo 4 (8) (+)		
b	Piezo 4 sh		





- 1. The contractor is responsible for contacting the TMS Manager in the Transportation Statistics Office for lane number information and verification.
- 2. The equipment cable can accommodate up to four lanes of inductive loop and piezo sensor inputs. (Reference Sheet 1 for cabinet layout)
- 3. For more than four lanes and up to eight lanes of inputs, the following options are available:
- A. Second Vehicle Speed/Class. Unit and separate equipment cable connecting to a second J1 receptacle; or
- B. Single Vehicle Speed/Class. Unit capable of up to eight lanes of inputs and a single equipment cable with split ends to fit two J1 receptacles. (Reference Sheet 2 detail)
- 4. Numbers in parenthesis in the pinout chart identify lane numbers when a second backplane for lanes 5 through 8 is required.
- 5. Cable Ends must be fabricated to fit the vehicle Speed/Classification Unit.

10/8/2020



- 2. Cut a  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " deep slot for the Inductive loops. Loop slots will be cut wide enough to allow unforced placement of the wire into the bottom of the slot. Four turns of #14 AWG, place the IMSA 51-7 copper wire in the slot. Place short pieces of backer rod (2" to 3" in length) every 18" to 24" to hold the loop wire in the bottom of the slot.
- 3. Twist loop leads at the rate of 8 to 16 twists per foot. Loops that are within 150' of the cabinet, extend the twisted pair loop wire directly to the cabinet. For distances over 150', #14 IMSA 50-2 shielded lead-in cable must be spliced to the loop wire twisted pair at the first pull box to which the loop wire is pulled.
- 4. Marking will consist of two rounds of contrasting colored tape, one color for the lane number and the second color for the lead loop location in the lane. The first band closest to the cabinet will represent the lane number, one round of tape will be for lane 1 and two rounds will be lane 2, etc. The lead loop in lane one would have one round of tape and a second round of a contrasting colored tape for the lead loop in the lane. The trailing loop would not have a second contrasting colored band of tape.
- 5. See Index 635-001 for pull box and apron details.
- 6. All splices will be performed using splice kits designed for direct burial. Splice kits will include screw on wire connectors and a housing with sufficient sealant to fully encapsulate the spliced connections. Taped splices are not permitted.
- 7. Use a chalk line or string and paint to layout the position of the sensor and lead-in cable slots. Ensure saw cuts do not deviate more than 0.5 inches from the chalk line. Use a single blade or ganged blade saw wide enough to cut the axle sensor slot at full width in a single pass. Cutting two slots and chipping out roadway material between
- 8. All sensor slots and any cuts in the roadway will be thoroughly blown out to ensure there is no dust or debris prior to installation of sensors or leads.
- 9. Install Exit Windows at least 2' apart.

= TYPICAL FOR UP TO 4 LANES OF SENSOR LEADS PULLED TO ONE SIDE OF THE ROADWAY ==

LANE LAYOUT FOR TMS INDUCTIVE LOOP AND AXLE SENSOR

(Axle Sensor Slot) \_\_\_\_\_ DETAIL 'C' \_\_\_\_

**REVISION** 11/01/19

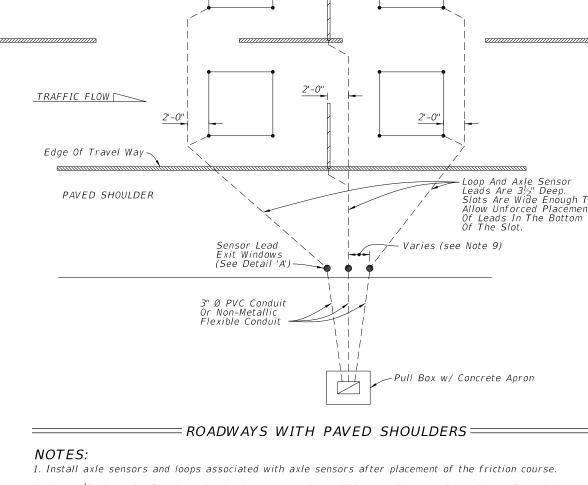


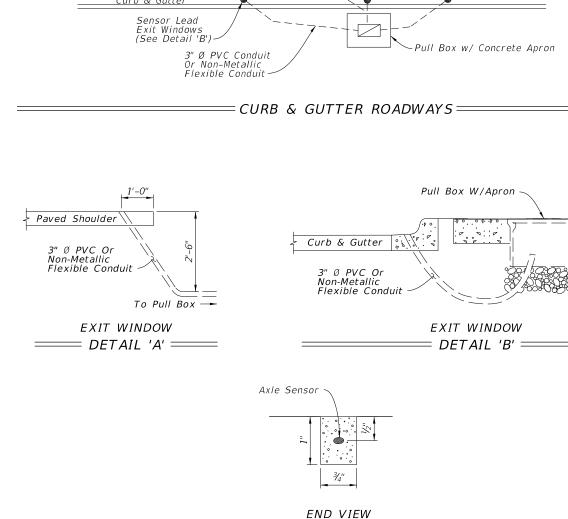
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TRAFFIC MONITORING SITE

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SHEET 5 of 7





16'-0"

Leading edge to leading edge

End Of Sensor Extends Into The Edge/Lane Stripe

1½" to 2" Ø corners drilled to full depth of loop (smoothed, no rough edges)

Inductive Loops Are 6' X 6' And Centered In Lane (Typ.)

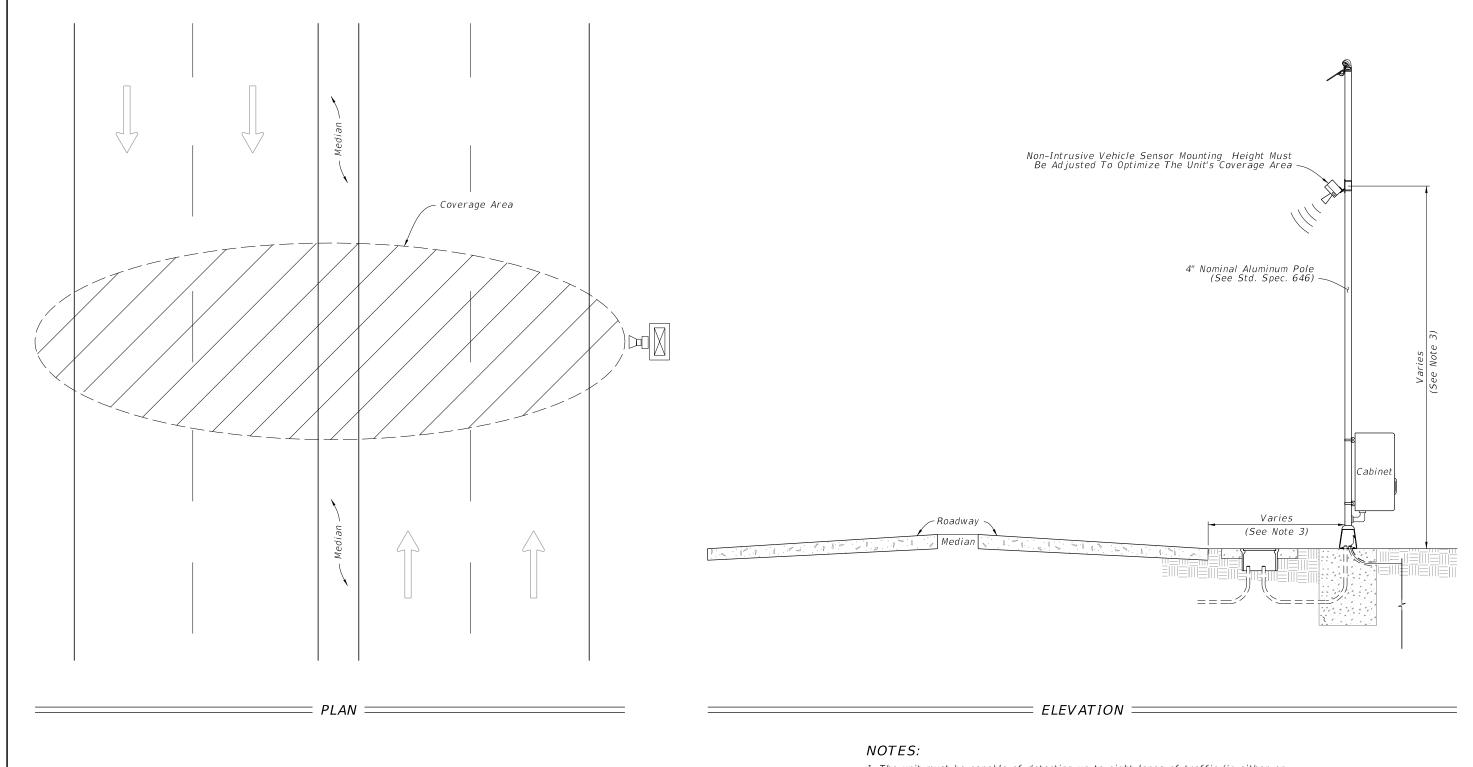
2'-0"

TRAFFIC FLOW

Edge Of Travel Way

-Axle Sensor Are Centered Between Loops, Installed ½" Below Final Roadway Surface (See Detail 'C')

Loop And Axle Sensor Leads Are 3½" Deep. Slots Are Wide Enough To Allow Unforced Placement Of Leads In The Bottom Of The Slot.



- 1. The unit must be capable of detecting up to eight lanes of traffic (in either or both directions) when mounted perpendicular to the roadway.
- 2. Coverage area of the unit is affected by the roadway geometry: distance from the travel lanes, median type and width, barrier walls, etc.
- 3. Mounting height of the unit and offset from the roadway must be determined on a site-by-site basis, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended guidelines. Offset of pole must be greater than or equal to minimum clear zone requirements.

NON-INTRUSIVE VEHICLE SENSOR

REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

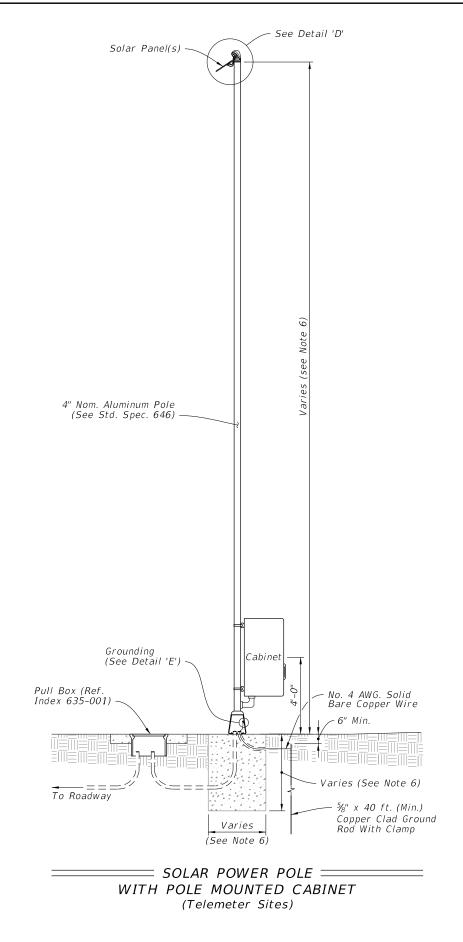
FDOT

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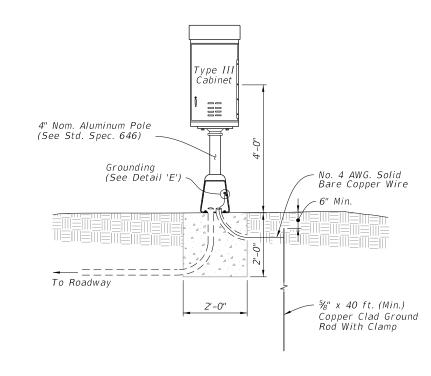
TRAFFIC MONITORING SITE

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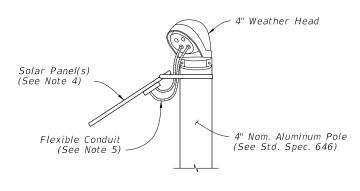
SHEET 6 of 7



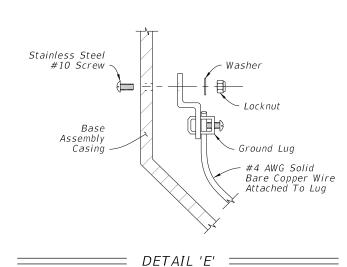
- 1. Cabinet installed per Index 676-010 except cabinet center will be 4 feet above grade.
- 2. Place pole in accordance with the Standard Specification 125.4 and 125.8.2.
- 3. Use #10 AWG stranded copper wire for Solar Panel Array installations, Red insulation is THHN or THWN for positive 12 volts wiring, Black insulation is THHN or THWN for negative, 12 volts wiring, Green insulation is THHN or THWN for ground bonding of the solar panel frame to the pole and earth.
- 4. Solar panel should be installed facing due south with angle of tilt equal to the sum of the following equation. The Latitude of the panel's location, multiplied by 0.76, plus 3.1 degrees. Equation expressed as (LAT)X(0.76)+(3.1°)
- 5. Encase all wiring from the weather head to the solar panel in outdoor flexible conduit.
- 6. Concrete Base Requirements:
- a. 4' poles: 2'-0" X 2'-0" wide, a depth of 2'-0"
- b. 12', 15' or 20' poles: 3'-0" X 3'-0" wide, a depth of 3'-0"
- c. 30' or 35' poles: 3'-0" X 3'-0" wide, a depth of 4'-0"



PEDESTAL MOUNTED CABINET (Portable Traffic Monitoring Sites)



DETAIL 'D' =



**REVISION** 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

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