

FOR USE IN INSTALLING CONDUIT UNDER EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT NOT ADJACENT TO GUTTER WHEN JACKING OR DIRECT BORING IS NOT FEASIBLE.

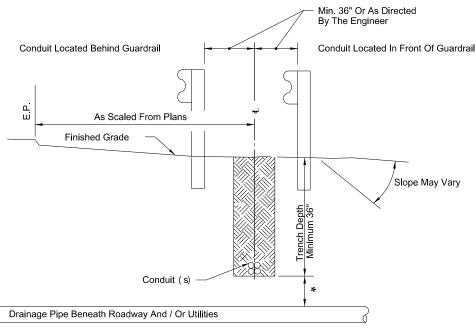
FIGURE C

Tamped Or

See Note 3

Conduit

- Rigid conduit must be used when jacking under existing pavement at 36" minimum depth.
- 2. Asphalt to be sawcut at the edges of the trench.
- The removal and replacement of the additional pavement width (6") will not be required when the trench can be constructed without disturbing the asphalt surface on either side.



* Maintain 12" Minimum Vertical Clearance When Crossing Over Pipe And / Or Utilities. If Minimum Vertical Clearance Cannot Be Maintained, Then Conduit Is To Be Routed Under Pipe Maintaining 12" Minimum Vertical Clearance.

FOR USE IN AREAS NOT EXPOSED TO VEHICULAR TRAFFIC

FIGURE A

- 1. Sidewalk patches to match existing joints.
- 2. Entire sidewalk slab must be replaced when specified in the plans.
- Backfill and tamp with material from trench except at driveways. At driveways, backfill a length of trench within the driveway entirely with Flowable Fill.

THE PAVEMENT IS NOT FEASIBLE. FIGURE B

FOR USE IN ASPHALT ROADWAY ADJACENT TO GUTTER WHEN PLACEMENT OUTSIDE OF

Note:

- Trench not to be open more than 250' at a time when construction area is subject to vehicular or pedestrian traffic
- 2. Asphalt to be sawcut to leave neat lines at the pavement cut.
- 3. See note 3 Figure C.

*May be adjusted due to field conditions upon approval of project engineer

R/W

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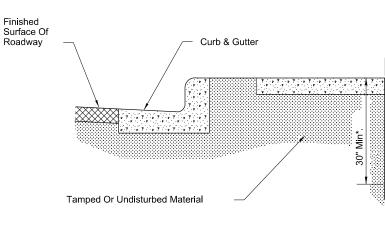
Finished

Surface Of

Backfill And Tamp

Roadway

Conduit



Tamped Or Undisturbed Material FOR USE INSTALLING CONDUIT UNDER A NEW ROADWAY PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF BASE AND PAVEMENT

FOR USE IN INSTALLING CONDUIT UNDER

FIGURE E

FIGURE D

DESCRIPTION:

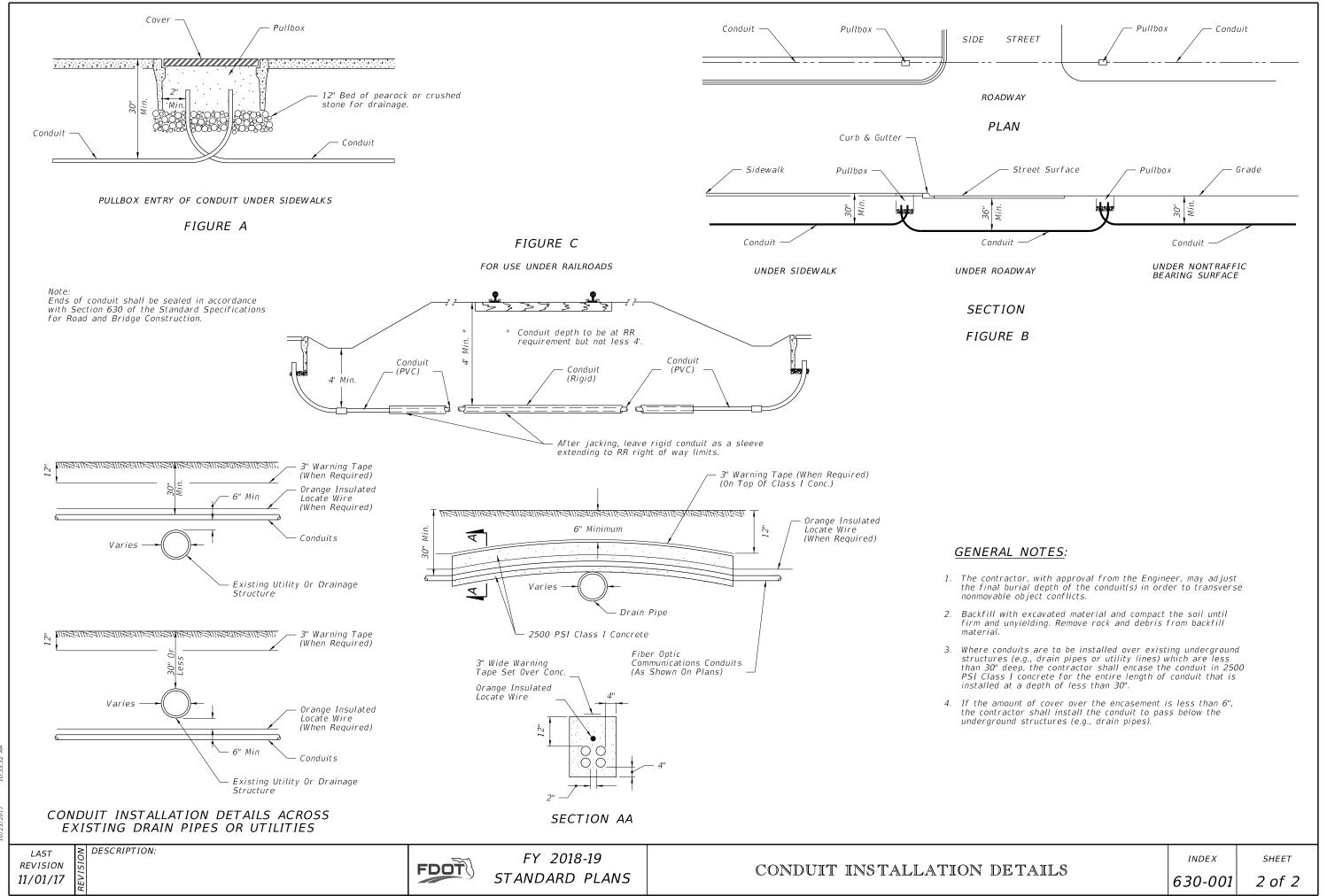
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FY 2018-19 STANDARD PLANS FIGURE F

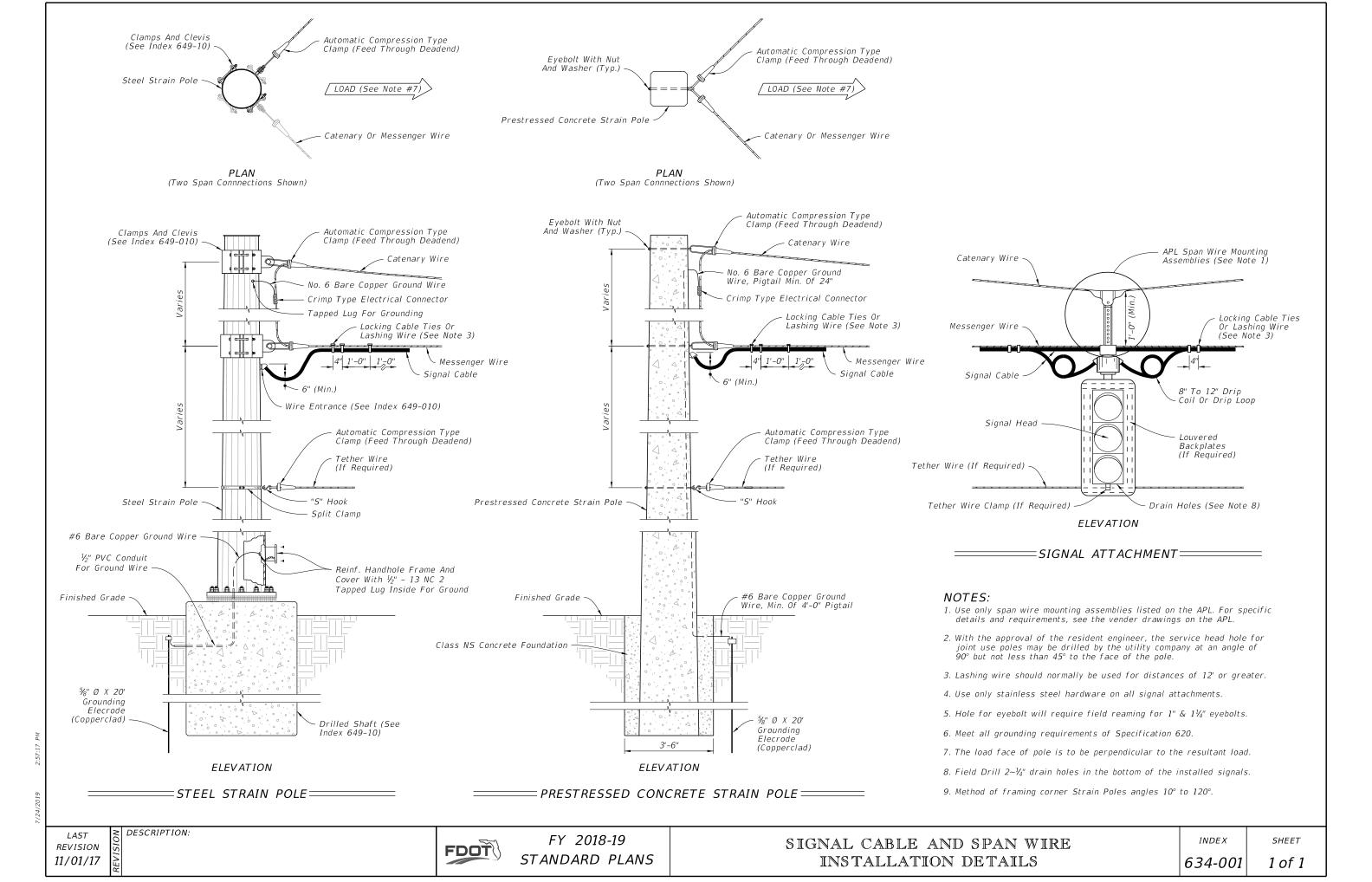
REVISION 11/01/17

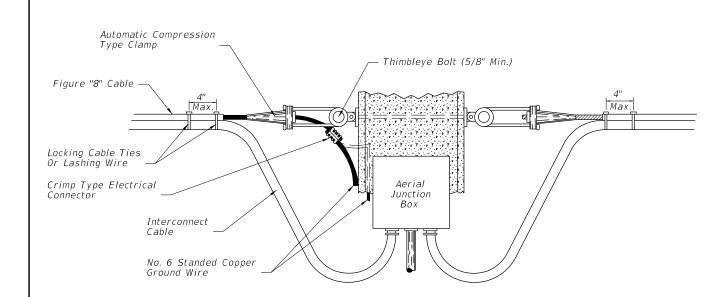
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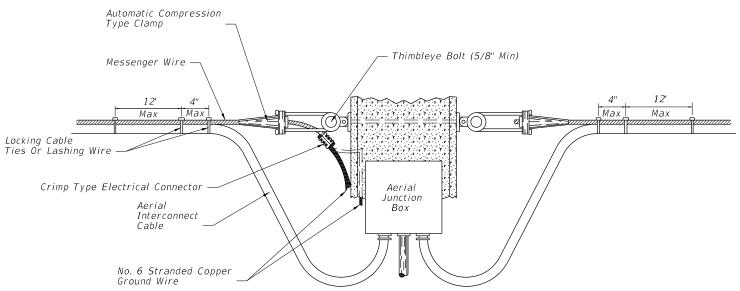


FIGURE A
CABLE DROP AND
TERMINATION DETAIL
AERIAL INTERCONNECT FIGURE "8"

FIGURE B
CABLE DROP AND
TERMINATION DETAIL
AERIAL INTERCONNECT MESSENGER
WIRE WITH CLAMPS

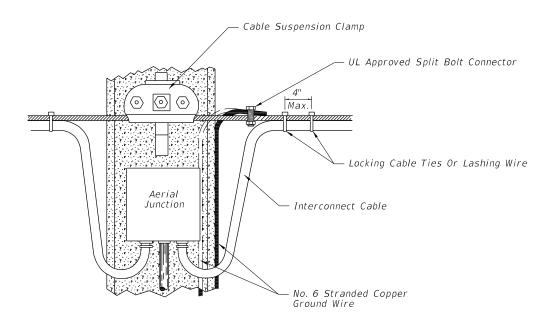
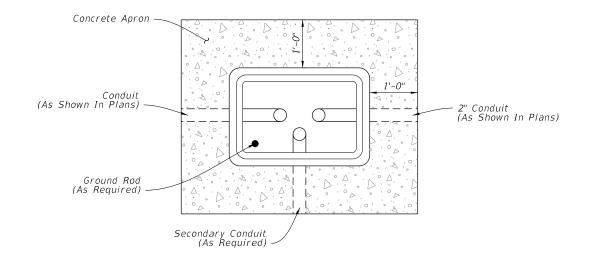


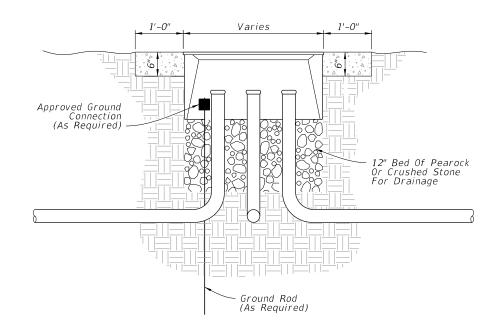
FIGURE C CABLE DROP DETAIL AERIAL INTERCONNECT MESSENGER WIRE WITH CLAMPS

Notes:

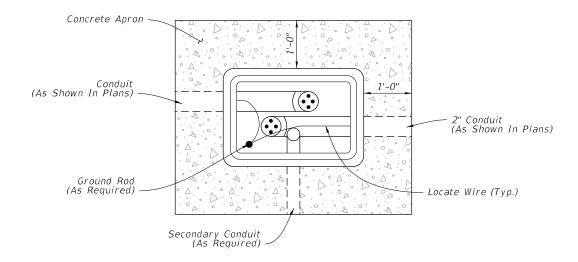
- The messenger wire of the interconnect cables shall be grounded to the copper ground wire of the pole or to the external wire extending down the pole.
- When utilizing the external ground wire to the pole, a piece of ½" conduit shall extend up the pole externally to a point 8" above finish grade to protect the ground wire connecting the messenger wire to the ground rod.
- 3. Locking cable ties or lashing wire when used shall be placed no further than 12" apart except at the point of cable drop or terminations where one (1) shall be placed at the point where the cables separate from the messenger wire and another placed 4" (max) from that tie. When using figure "8" interconnect cable only the locking cable ties shall be used.
- 4. If accessible the internal ground wire of the support pole may be used to ground the messenger wire.
- 5. Lashing wire should normally be used for distances of 12' or greater.
- 6. Meet all grounding requirements of Section 620 of the Standard Specifications.

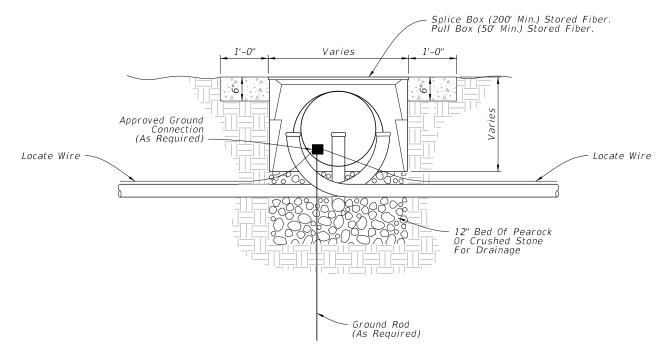
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PULL BOX





FIBER OPTIC BOX

Rectangular boxes are depicted. Round fiber optic splice boxes and lids are allowed.

NOTES:

- 1. Boxes shall not be installed in roadways or driveways.
- 2. Boxes shall be on the Approved Product List (APL).
- 3. Boxes shall be installed flush with the finished grade surface.
- 4. Fiber Optic splice boxes shall be provided with cable hanger racks designed to support cables and splice enclosures. Cost of racks to be included in cost of splice box.
- 5. Fiber optic boxes shall contain only Fiber Optic Cable, Conduit, and Locate Wire.
- 6. Conduit center line shall be aligned to top edge of box to facilitate cable pulling.

- 6. Conduit center line shall be aligned to top edge of box to facilitate cable pulling.
- 7. All boxes shall have 1'-0" wide (Min.) concrete apron. Concrete for concrete aprons shall be Class NS with a minimum strength at 28 days of f'c=2.5 Ksi. Aprons shall be sloped away from box. Cost of apron to be included in the cost of each box.
- 8. Prevent the ingress of Water, Dirt, Sand, and other foreign materials into the conduit prior to, during and after construction using a foam-sealing material, rubber plug, or other device designed for this application.
- 9. Where multiple pull boxes are placed side by side, maintain at least 8" between the pull boxes.

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DESCRIPTION:

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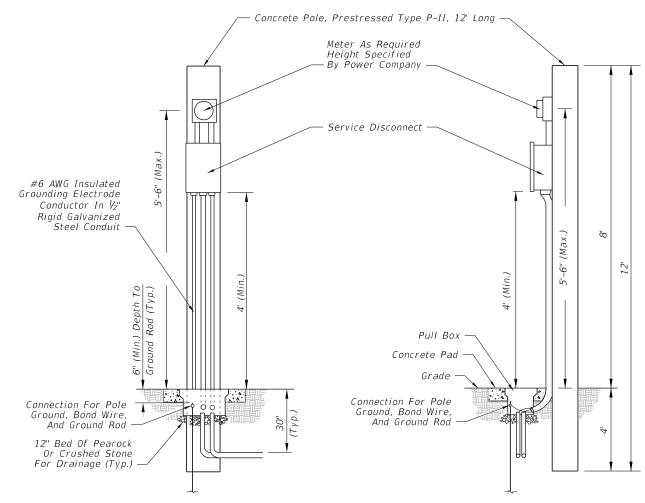
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Concrete Pole Prestressed Type P-II, 36' Long -Clevis With Insulators Conductor Weatherhead Height As Required By Power Company Meter As Required Height Specified By Power Company Service Disconnect #6 AWG Insulated Grounding Electrode (Max.) Conductor In 1/2" Rigid Galvanized Steel Conduit 2,-6" Pull Box Concrete Pad Grade 12" Bed Of Pearock Or Crushed Stone For Drainage (Typ.) U.L. Approved Ground Rod, ⅓" Dia. 40' Long Copper Clad (All Service Points)

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. It shall be the contractors responsibility to provide a complete service assembly as per the plans and service specifications.
- 2. The service installation shall meet the requirements of the national electric code and applicable local codes.
- 3. Shop drawings are not required for service equipment, unless noted in the plans.
- 4. A Pull Box is required at each service point, see Index 635-001.



DETAIL B UNDERGROUND FEED

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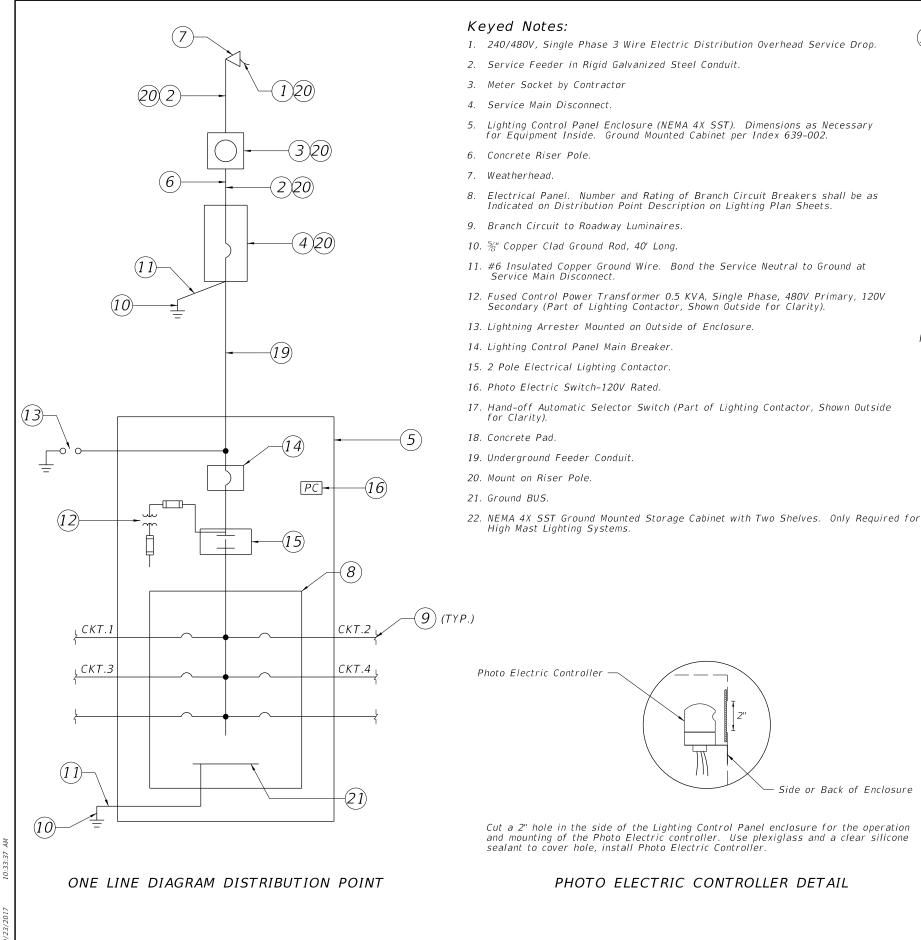
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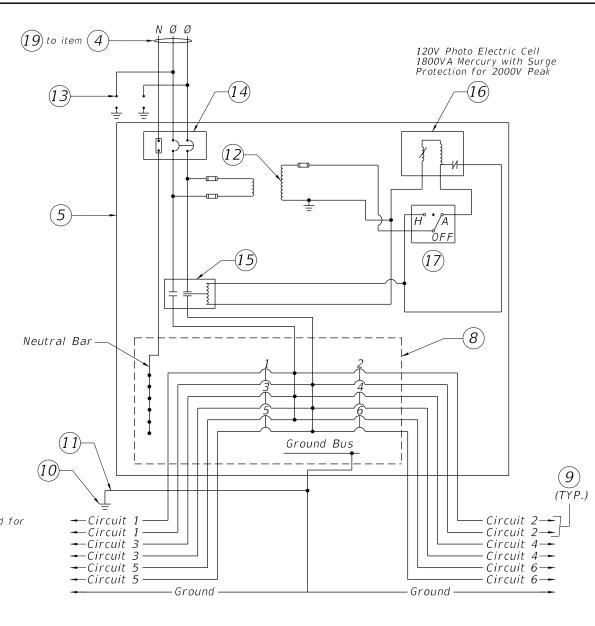
DETAIL A

AERIAL FEED

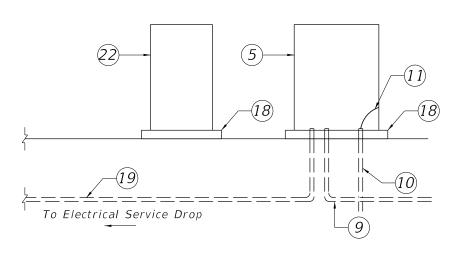
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TYPICAL DISTRIBUTION POINT SCHEMATIC DETAIL



RISER DIAGRAM - TYPICAL DISTRIBUTION POINT

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DESCRIPTION:

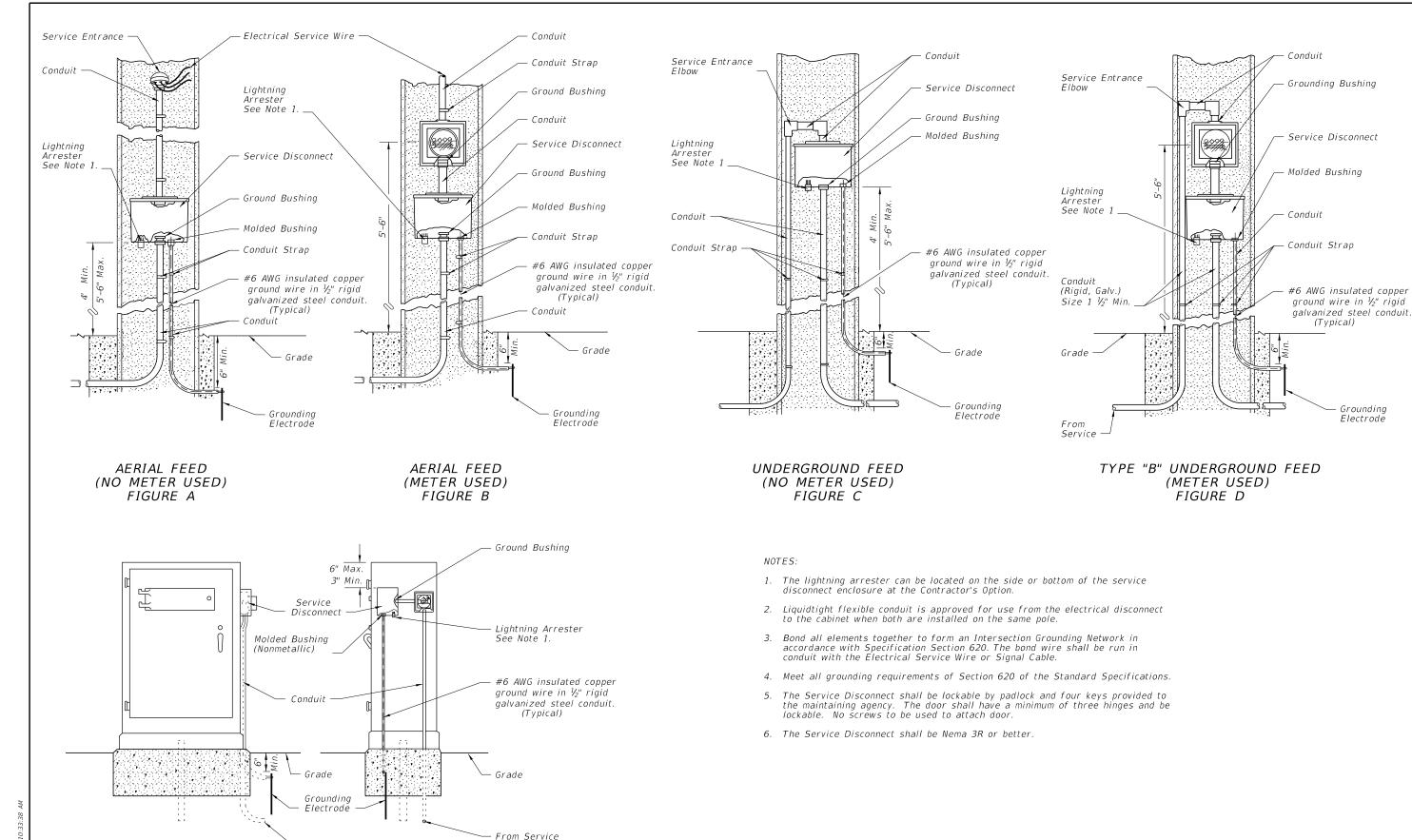
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SERVICE POINT DETAILS

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DESCRIPTION: **REVISION**

FDOT

From Service

UNDERGROUND CABINET MOUNTED (METER USED) FIGURE E

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Grounding

Electrode

GENERAL NOTES:

- Work these Index drawings with the Strain Pole Schedule in the Plans. Shop Drawings: This Index is considered fully detailed and no shop drawings are necessary. Submit shop drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the plans.
- Materials:

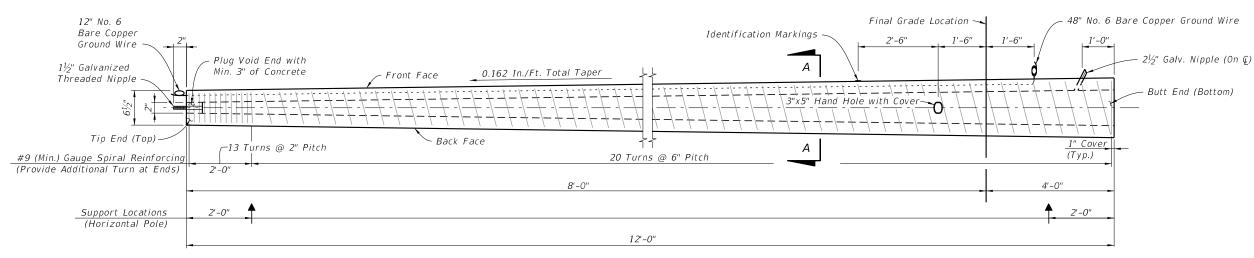
 - Concrete: Class V Special or Class VI
 Prestress Strands & Spiral Reinforcing: Specification Section 641
 Hand and coupler cover plates: Hand and coupler cover plates: Non-corrosive material
 - Screws: Round headed, chrome plated
- 4. Fabrication:
 - A. Pole Taper for pole width, strands, reinforcing and void: 0.081 in/ft per face. B. Concrete Cover: 1" minimum

 - Spiral Reinforcing: As shown, plus one turn for splices and two turns at both the tip and butt ends
 - The design dimensions for Front Face (FF) and Back Face (BF) of the poles may vary transversely from the section shown by $\pm \frac{1}{4}$ " to assist with removal from forms. Balance addition and subtraction of the face widths to maintain section areas shown.
 - Tie ground wires to the interior of reinforcing steel to prevent displacement during concreting operations.
 - Cut the tip end of the prestressed strand first or simultaneously with the butt end
 - Provide cover plates and screws for hand hole and couplers. Attach cover plates to the poles using lead anchors or embedded threaded inserts.
 - Provide Aluminum Identification Tags on the poles with the following information:
 - Financial Project ID.
 - Pole Manufacturer
 - Standard Pole Type Number
 - d. Pole Length (L)
- Support locations are for strand release, storage, lifting and transport. Keep BF oriented downward until final erection.
- Pick-up and support locations shown may vary within a tolerance of ± 3 ".
- 7. Two point attachment: provide an eye bolt hole for the messenger wire. 8. Tether Wire: When required, field-drill the eyebolt hole prior to installation

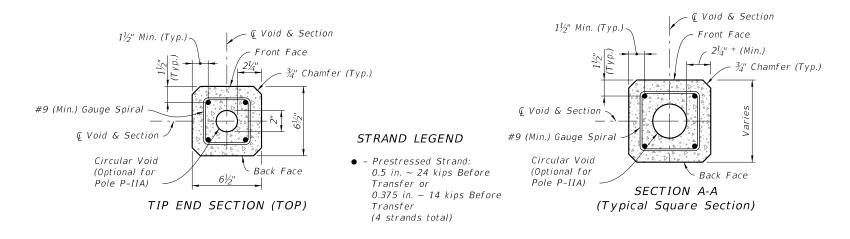
DESCRIPTION: LAST **REVISION** 11/01/17



SERVICE POLE P-IIA (12 Ft.) & P-IIB (36 Ft.) ELEVATION (Strands Not Shown)



PEDESTAL POLE P-IIC (12 Ft.) ELEVATION (Strands Not Shown)



NOTES:

Strands shown are continuous from Tip End to Butt End.

Elevation view scale is exaggerated vertically for clarity.

For final erection, tilt pole upright with single point attachment located a distance of 4 Ft. (for P-IIA & P-IIC) or 10 Ft. (for P-IIB) from the Tip End.

* Dimension may vary from $2\frac{1}{4}$ " to $3\frac{1}{2}$ " to accommodate smaller radius of optional stepped (PVC) void. The void diameter shall not be less than 2".

SERVICE AND PEDESTAL POLE TYPE P-II

LAST REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

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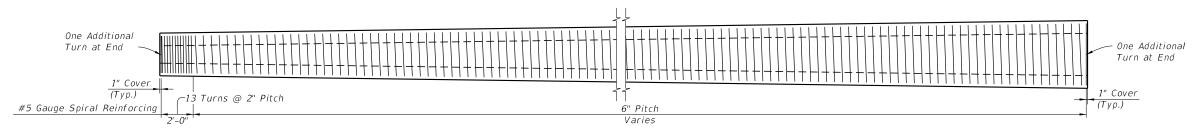
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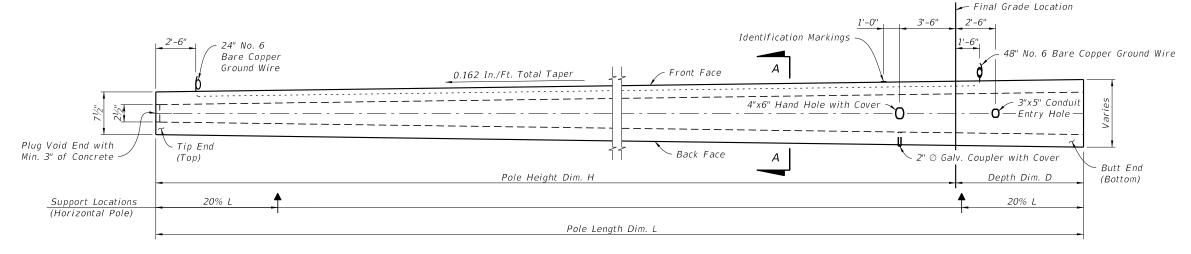
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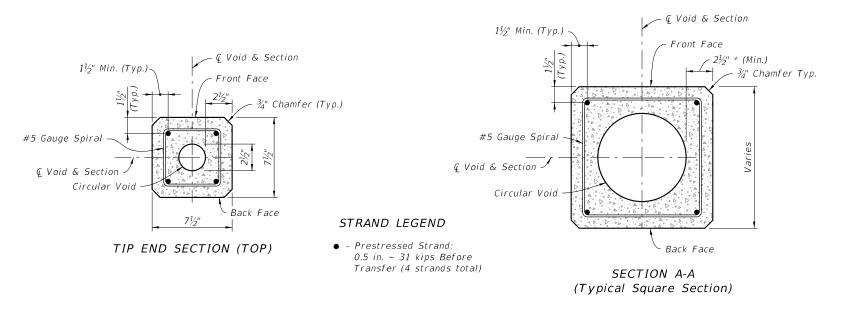
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SPIRAL REINFORCING ELEVATION (Strands, Holes, and Fixtures Not Shown)



POLE ELEVATION (Strands and Reinforcing Not Shown)



NOTES:

Strands shown are continuous from Tip End to Butt End.

Elevation view scale is exaggerated vertically for clarity.

For final erection, tilt pole upright with single point attachment located a distance 33.3% L from Tip End.

* Dimension may vary from $2\frac{1}{2}$ " to $3\frac{3}{4}$ " to accommodate smaller radius of optional stepped (PVC) void. The void diameter shall not be less than $2\frac{1}{2}$ ".

POLE TYPE P-III

REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

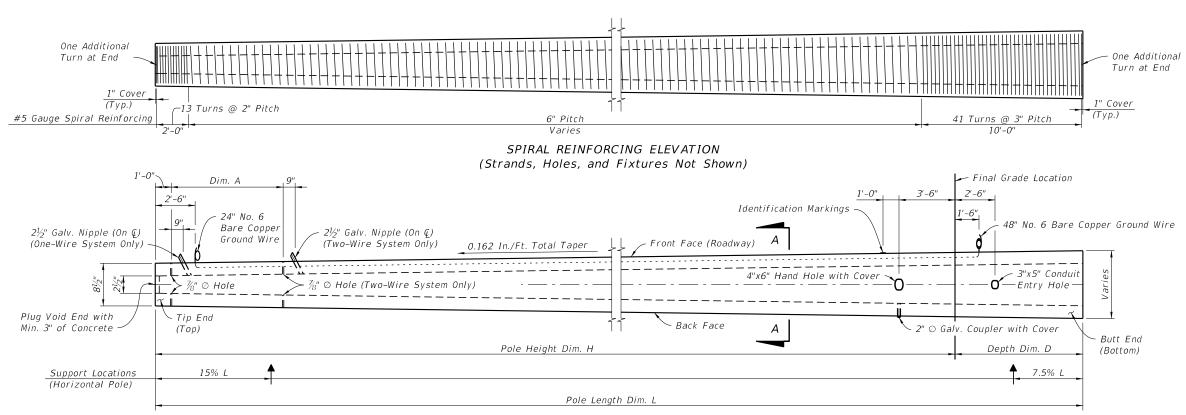
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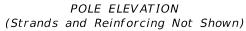
CONCRETE POLES

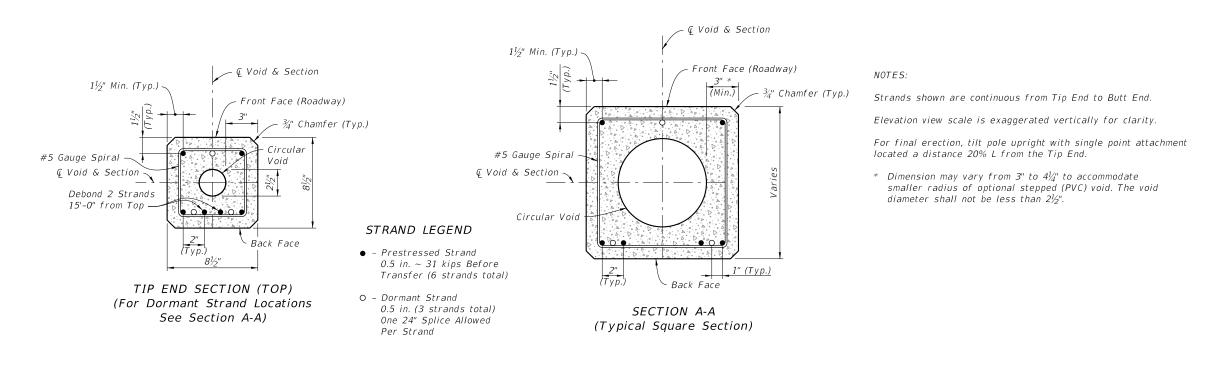
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STRAIN POLE TYPE P-IV

LAST **REVISION** 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

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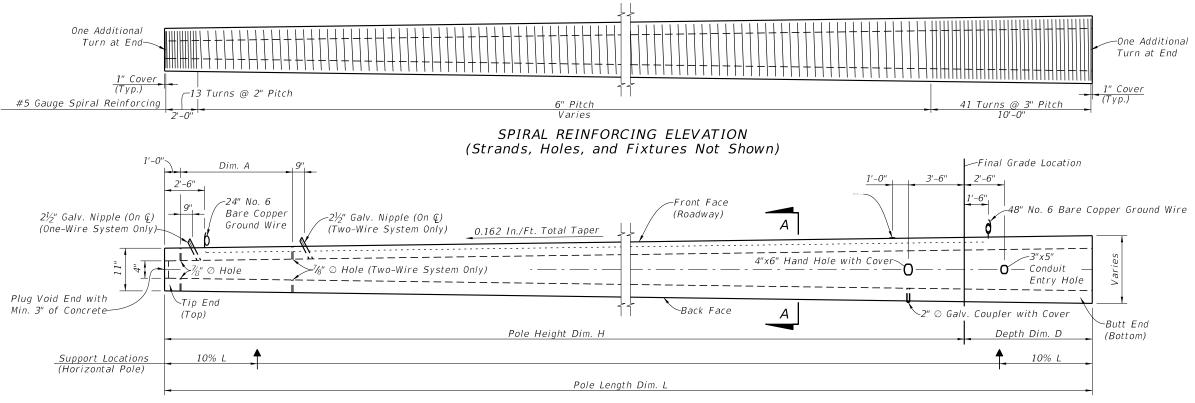
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CONCRETE POLES

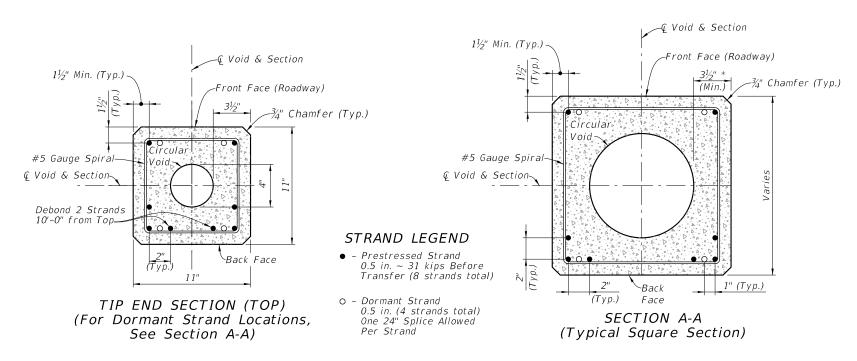
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POLE ELEVATION (Strands and Reinforcing Not Shown)



NOTES:

Strands shown are continuous from Tip End to Butt End.

Elevation view scale is exaggerated vertically for clarity.

For final erection, tilt pole upright with single point attachment located a distance 12.5% L from the Tip End.

* Dimension may vary from $3\frac{1}{2}$ " to $4\frac{3}{4}$ " to accommodate smaller radius of optional stepped (PVC) void. The void diameter shall not be less than 4".

STRAIN POLE TYPE P-V

LAST REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

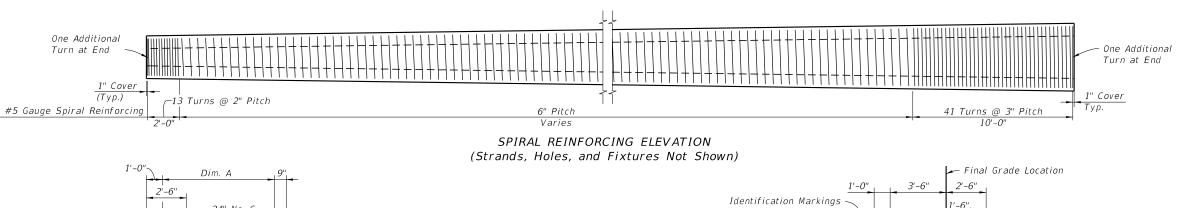
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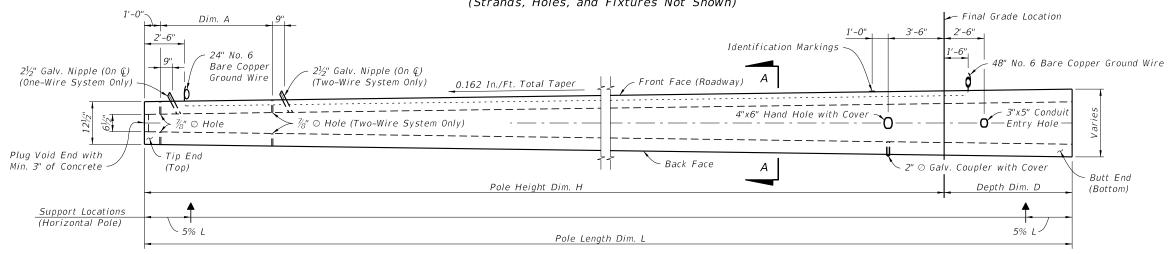
CONCRETE POLES

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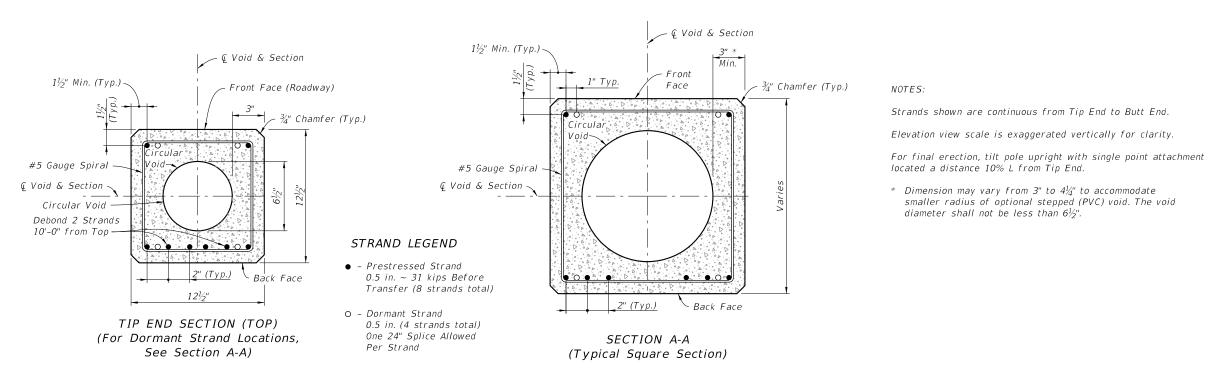
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POLE ELEVATION (Strands and Reinforcing Not Shown)



STRAIN POLE TYPE P-VI

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DESCRIPTION:

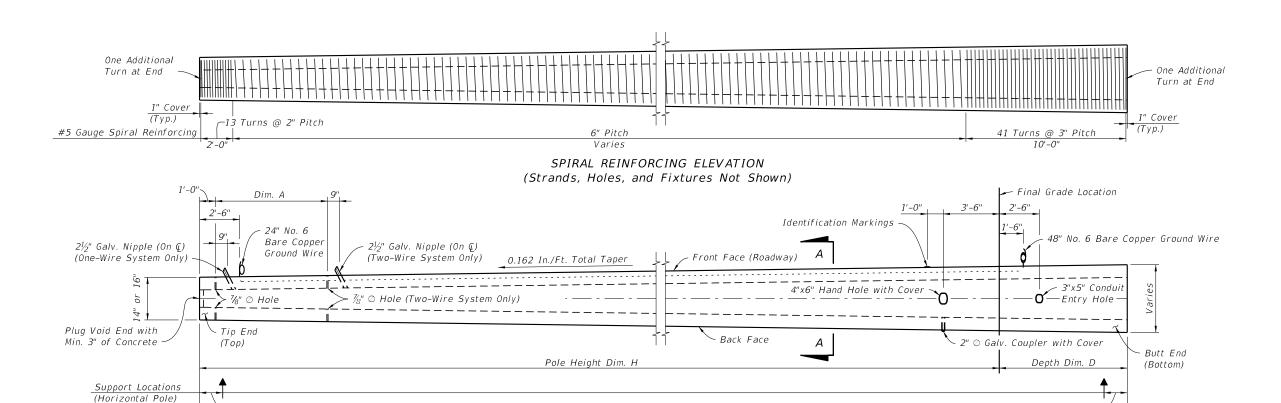
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CONCRETE POLES

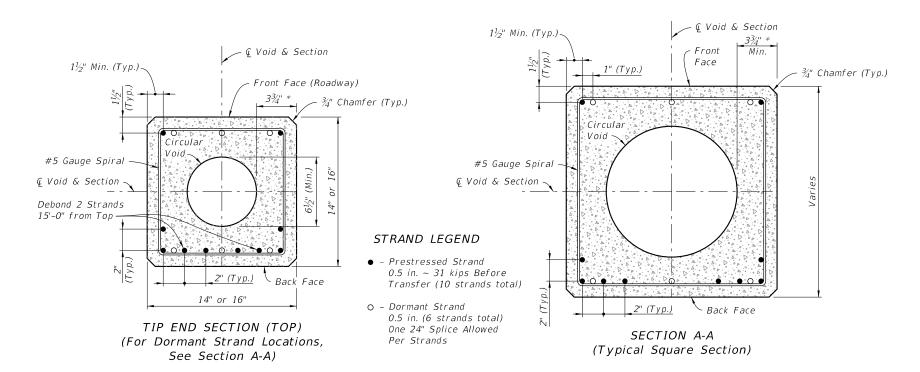
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POLE ELEVATION (Strands and Reinforcing Not Shown)

Pole Length Dim.



NOTES:

≤ 2.5% L

Strands shown are continuous from Tip End to Butt End.

Elevation view scale is exaggerated vertically for clarity.

For final erection, tilt pole upright with single point attachment located a distance 10% L from the Tip End.

* Dimension may vary from $3\frac{3}{4}$ " to 5" to accommodate smaller radius of optional stepped (PVC) void. The void diameter shall not be less than 61/2".

STRAIN POLE TYPE P-VII

REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

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≤ 2.5% L

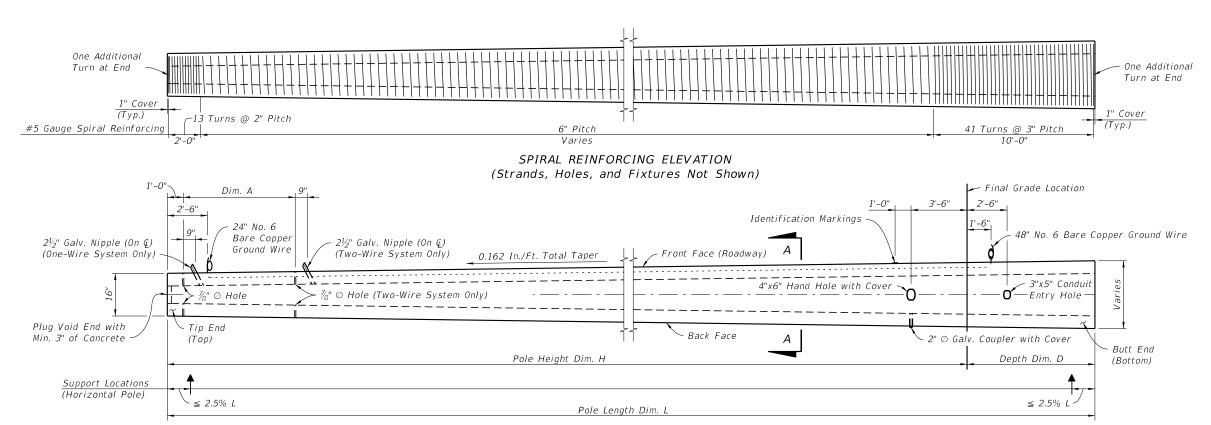
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CONCRETE POLES

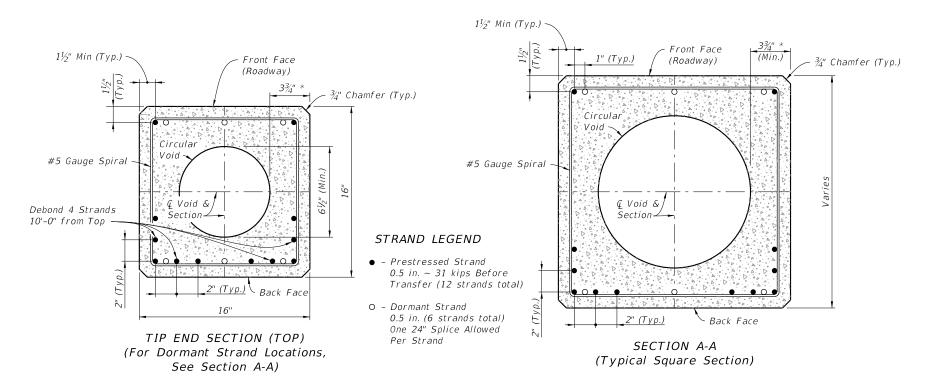
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POLE ELEVATION (Strands and Reinforcing Not Shown)



NOTES:

Strands shown are continuous from Tip End to Butt End.

Elevation view scale is exaggerated vertically for clarity.

For final erection, tilt pole upright with single point attachment located a distance 10% L from the Tip End.

* Dimension may vary from 3¾" to 5" to accommodate smaller radius of optional stepped (PVC) void. The void diameter shall not be less than 6½".

STRAIN POLE TYPE P-VIII

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DESCRIPTION:

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GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Work this Index with Specifications 641.
- 2. This Index is considered fully detailed and no shop drawings are necessary. Submit Shop Drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the Plans.
- 3. Install pole plumb
- 4. Provide either round or 12-sided Poles.
- 5. See Index 635-001 for additional details for Pull Boxes.
- 6. Materials:
 - A. Pole: Use Class VI concrete with 6 ksi minimum strength at transfer.
- B. Prestressing Strands: ASTM A416, Grade 270 low relaxation.
- C. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615, Grade 60
- D. Sprial Reinforcing: ASTM A1064 Cold-Drawn
- E. Bolts: ASTM F1554, Grade 55
- Nuts: ASTM A563, Grade A Heavy Hex
- Washers: ASTM F436
- F. Steel plates and Pole Cap: ASTM A36 or ASTM A709, Grade 50
- G. Galvanization: Bolts, nuts and washers: ASTM F2329 All other steel: ASTM A123

7. Pole Fabrication:

- A. Cut the tip end of the prestressed strand first or simultaneously with the butt end.
- B. For spiral reinforcing, one turn is required for spiral splices and two turns are required at the top and bottom of poles.
- C. For Reinforcing Steel, lap splice to consist of a 3'-0" lap length at each splice. No more
- than two opposing rebar to be spliced at the same cross section. Stagger lap splices as needed.
- D. Provided a Class 3 surface finish in accordance with Specification 400.
- E. Provide a 1" minimum cover.
- F. Provide handhole and coupler cover plates made of non-corrosive materials. Attach cover plates to poles using lead anchors or threaded inserts embedded in the poles in conjunction with round headed chrome plated screws.
- G. Provide Identification Markings on the poles where indicated on the following sheets. Include the following information using inset numerals with 1" height or as approved in the Producers' Quality Control Program:

Financial Project ID Pole Manufacturer Pole Length

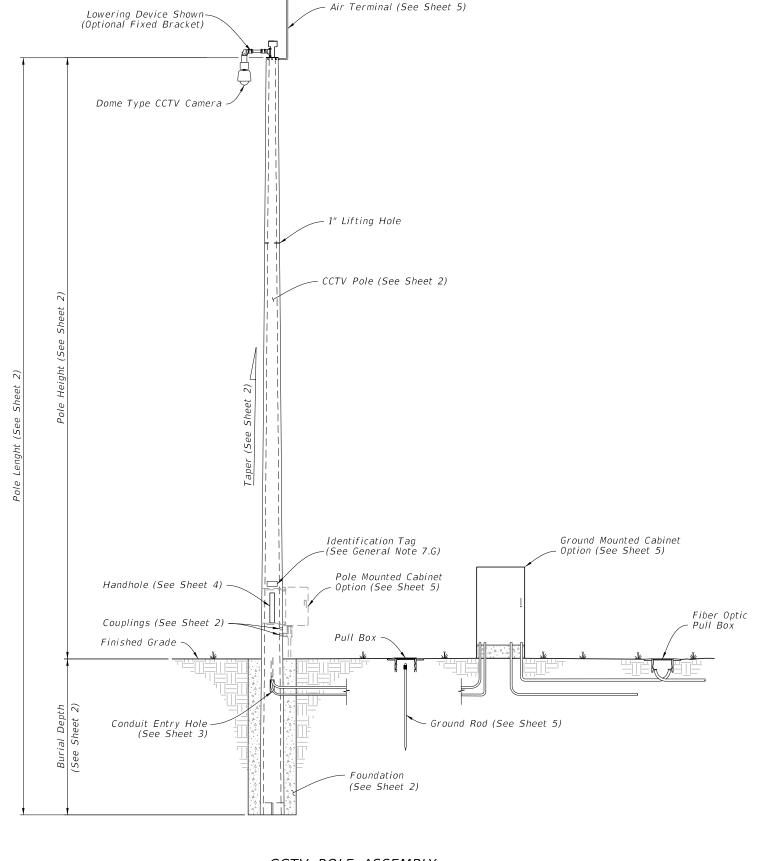
- H. Tie ground wires to the interior of reinforcing steel as necessary to prevent displacement during concreting operations.
- I. Storage, Handling and Erection locations shown may vary within ± 3 ".

8. Cabinet Installation:

- A. Splice fiber optic cables in cabinet to preterminater patch panel.
- B. Furnish and install TVSS protection on all cabling in cabinet.
- C. Furnish and install secondary TVSS protection on outlets for equipment in cabinet.
- D. Ensure that all electronic equipment power is protected and conditioned with TVSS devices.
- E. Ensure that equipment cabinet is bonded to CCTV pole grounding system.
- F. Install the pole mounted cabinet with the hinges next to the pole.
- G. Sizes and types of conduits and innerducts for network communications between the pullbox and cabinet are stated in the Contract Documents.

9. Lowering Device Installation:

- A. Place the lowering cable that moves within the pole in an interior conduit to prevent it from tangling or interfering with any electrical wire that is in the pole. Ensure that any electrical wire within the pole is routed securely and free from slack.
- B. Mount lowering arm perpendicular to the roadway or as shown in the plans. Position CCTV pole so that the camera can be safely lowered without requiring lane closures.
- C. Coordinate all lowering device hardware requirements (including Tenon, Tenon mounting plates, parking stand, etc.) with lowering device manufacturer.



CCTV POLE ASSEMBLY

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- Concrete Pole

= ASSEMBLY =====

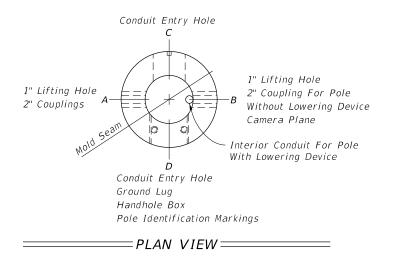
NOTES:

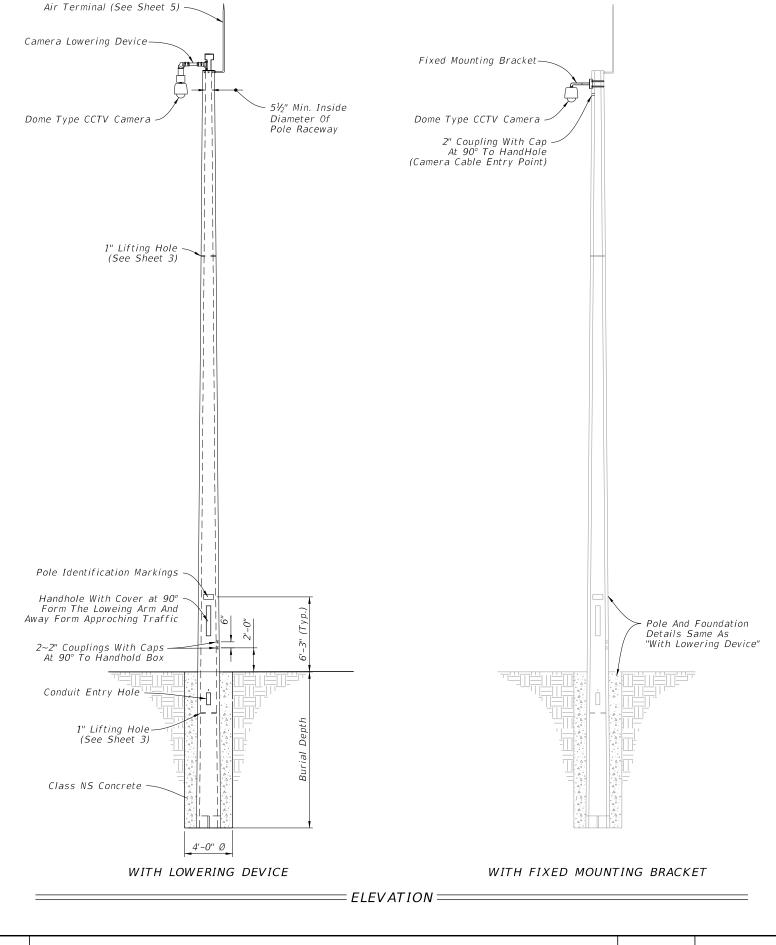
- 1. Diameter of 12-sided poles are measured flat to flat.
- 2. Total Taper applies to pole, strands and reinforcing.
- 3. For 12-Sided Pole and Round Roles Option 2, Stress prestressed strand to 70% of Ultimate before transfer. For Round Pole Option 1, stress prestressed strand to 60% of Ultimate before transfer.
- 4. Pole Design Tables, Burial Depth is based on level ground (Flatter than 1:5). For poles within slopes 1:5 and greater, increase the burial depth in accordance with the Addition Burial Depth Due To Ground Slope table. For values in-between those shown in the table, use the higher value.

	DNAL BURIAL DEPTH O GROUND SLOPE
Ground Slope	Additional Burial Depth (feet)
1:5	3
1:4	4
1:3	5
1:2	7

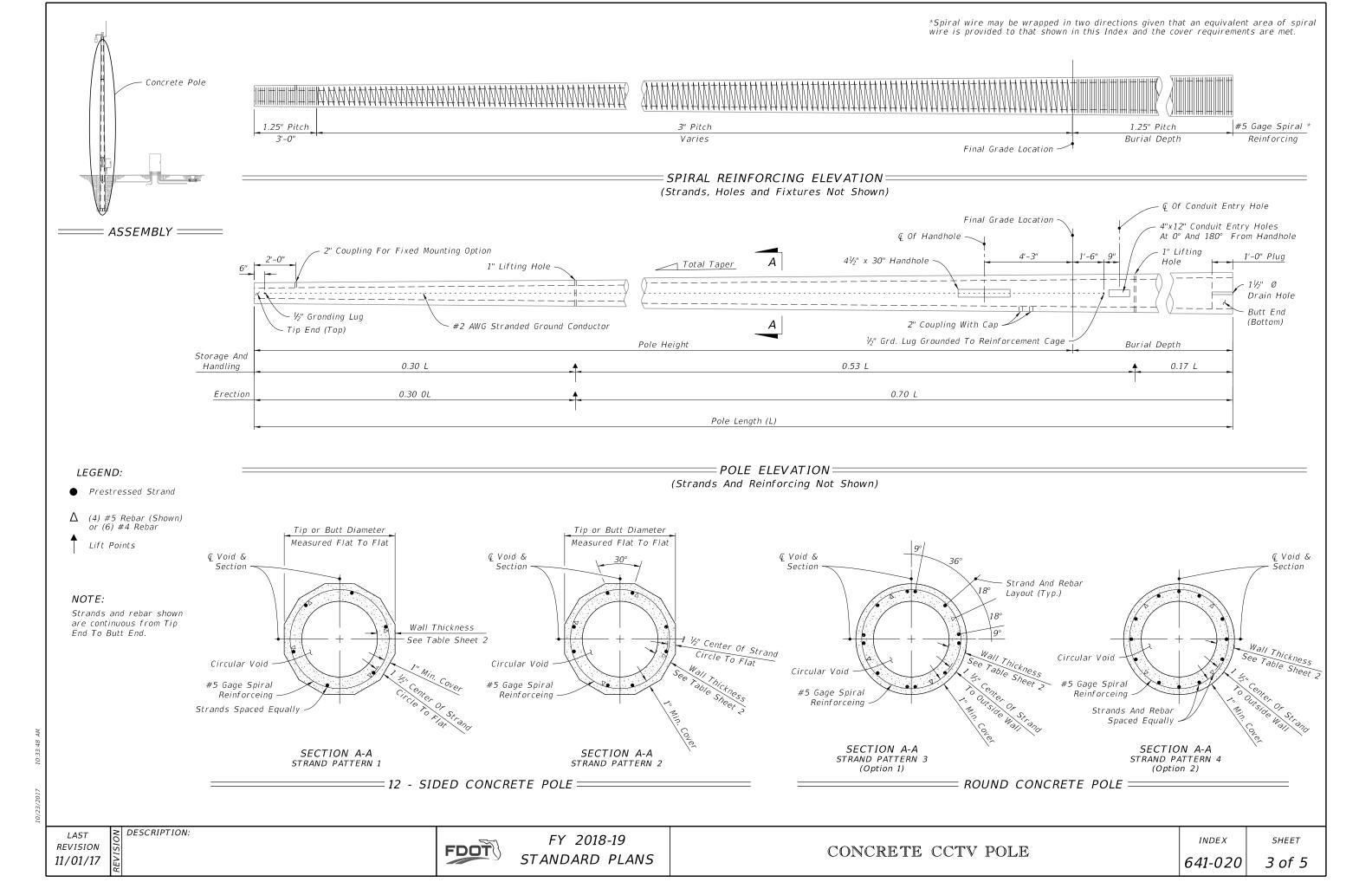
	12-SIDED POLE DESIGN TABLE (See Note 1)														
Pole Length (ft)	Pole Height (ft)	Burial Depth (ft)		Void Taper (in/ft)	Min. Wall Thickness Tip (in)	Min. Wall Thickness Butt (in)	Tip Diameter (in)	Butt Diameter (in)	Strand Pattern	Strand Diameter					
63	50	13	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	23.34	1	0.6"					
69	55	14	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	24.42	1	0.6"					
75	60	15	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	25.50	2	0.6"					
80	65	15	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	26.40	2	0.6"					
86	70	16	0.18	0.18	3	3	12	27.48	2	0.6"					

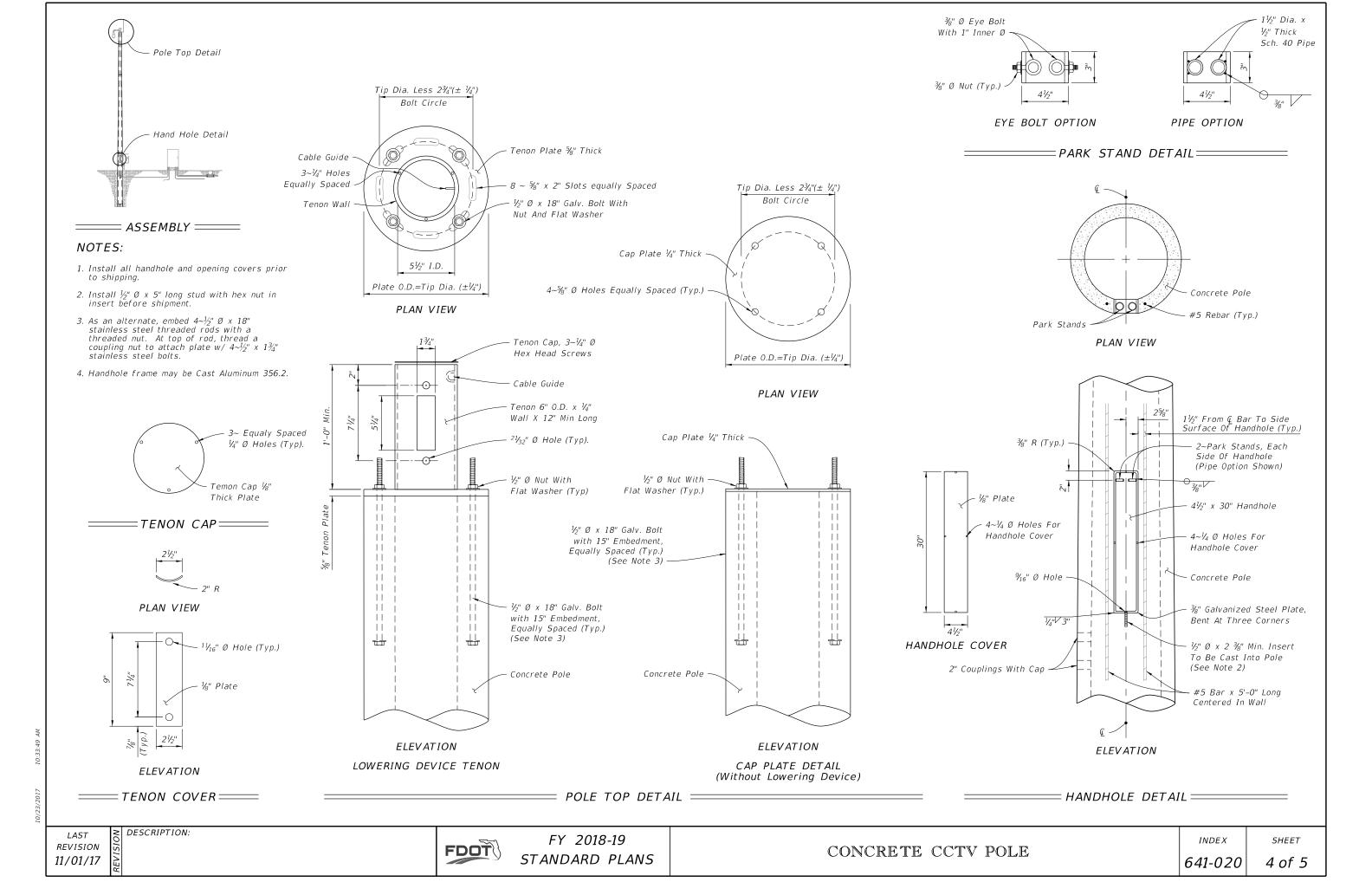
	ROUND POLE DESIGN TABLE													
Pole Length (ft)	Pole Height (ft)	Burial Depth (ft)	Design Option	Total Taper (in/ft) (See Note 2)	Void Taper (in/ft)	Min. Wall Thickness Tip (in)	Min. Wall Thickness Butt (in)	Tip Diameter (in)	Butt Diameter (in)	Strand Pattern	Strand Diameter			
63	50	13	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.76	12.15	25.76	3	0.5"			
03	30	15	Option 2	0.180	0.172	3	3.50	12.00	23.34	4	0.5"			
69	55	14	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.83	12.15	27.05	3	0.5"			
09		14	Option 2	0.180	0.173	3	3.50	12.00	24.42	4	0.5"			
7.5	60	1.5	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.90	12.15	28.35	3	0.5"			
/ 3	00	15	Option 2	0.180	0.173	3	3.50	12.00	25.50	4	0.5"			
80	65	15	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	3.96	12.15	29.43	3	0.5"			
00	05	15	Option 2	0.180	0.174	3	3.50	12.00	26.40	4	0.5"			
86	70	16	Option 1	0.216	0.192	3	4.03	12.15	30.73	3	0.5"			
00	//	10	Option 2	0.180	0.174	3	3.50	13.00	28.48	4	0.5"			

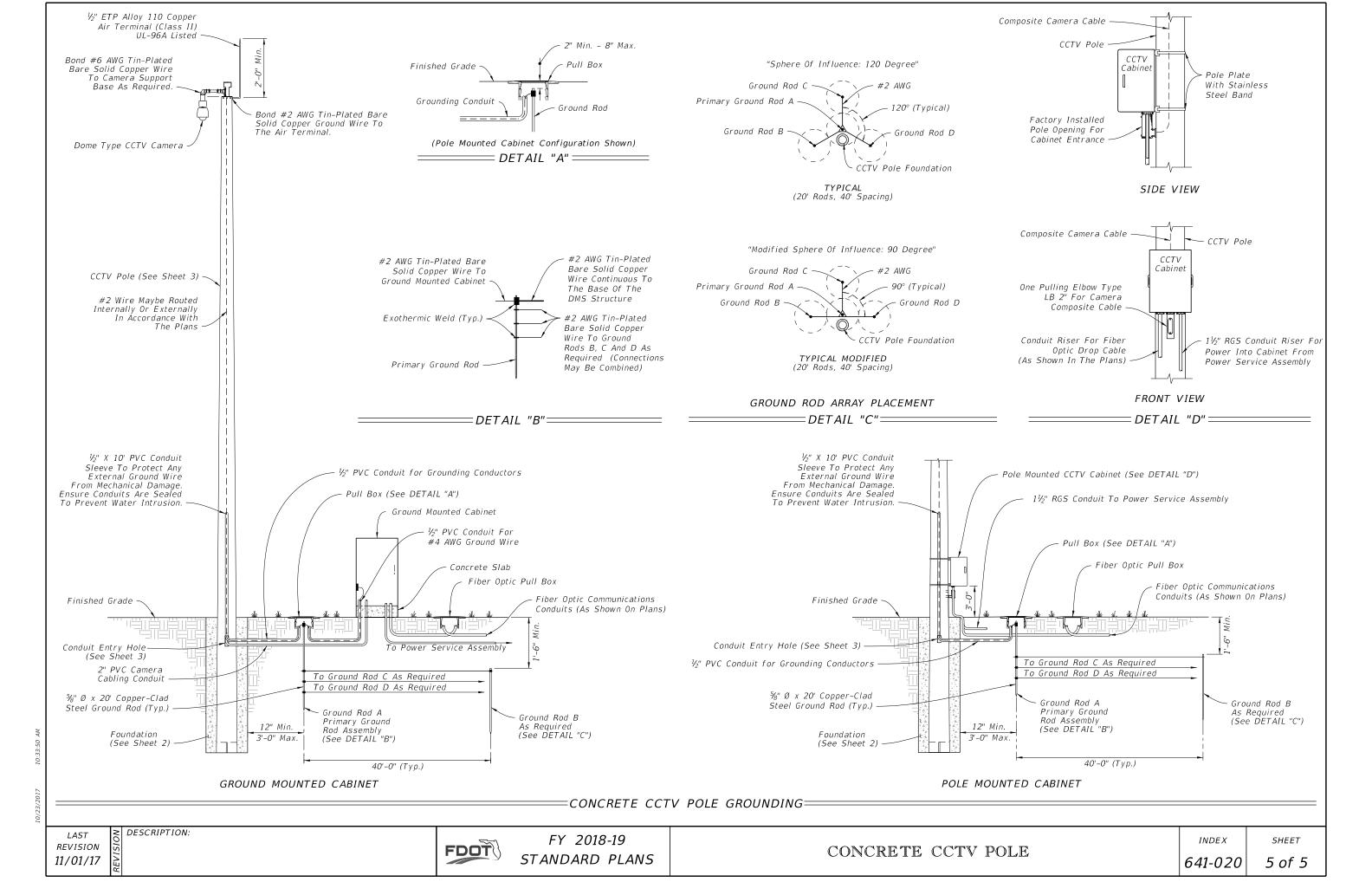




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NOTES:

- 1. Work with Index 634-001 for grounding and span wire details. See the Plans for clamp spacing, cable sizes and forces, signals and sign mounting locations and details.

This Index is considered fully detailed, only submit shop drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the Plans.

- A. Strain Pole and Backing Rings:
 - a. Less than ¾₁₆": ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
 - b. Greater than or equal to $\frac{3}{16}$ ": ASTM A572 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
 - c. ASTM A595 Grade A (55 ksi yield) or Grade B (60 ksi yield)
- B. Steel Plates: ASTM A36
- C. Weld Metal: E70XX
- D. Bolts, Nuts and Washers:
 - a. High Strength Bolts: ASTM F3125, Grade A325, Type 1
 - b. Nuts: ASTM A563 Grade DH Heavy-Hex
- c. Washers: ASTM F436 Type 1, one under turned element
- E. Anchor Bolts, Nuts and Washers.
 - a. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55
 - b. Nuts: ASTM A563 Grade A Heavy-Hex (5 per anchor bolt)
 - c. Plate Washers: ASTM A36 (2 per bolt). Split-lock washers and self-locking nuts are not permitted
- F. Handhole Frame: ASTM A709 or ASTM A36, Grade 36
- G. Handhole Cover: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
- H. Aluminum Pole Caps and Nut Covers: ASTM B26 (319-F)
- I. Stainless Steel Screws: AISI Type 316
- J. Threaded Bars/Studs: ASTM A36 or ASTM A307
- K. Concrete: Class IV (Drilled Shaft) for all environmental classifications.
- L. Reinforcing Steel: Specification Section 415

4. Fabrication:

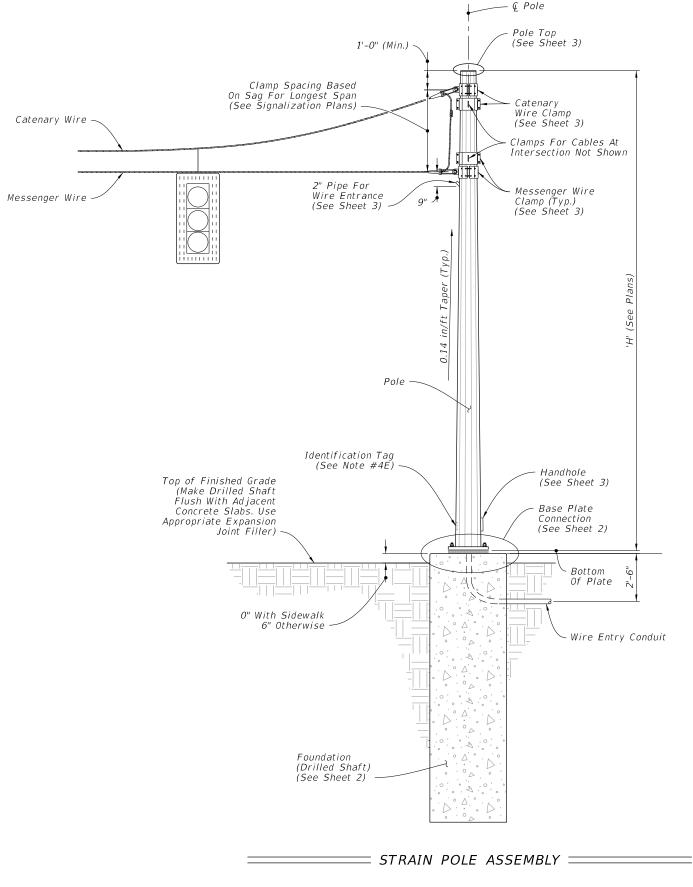
- A. Pole Taper: Change diameter at a rate of 0.14 inches per foot, round or 12-sided (Min.)
- B. Upright splices are not permitted. Transverse welds are only permitted at the base.
- C. Provide bolt hole diameters as follows:
 - a. Bolts (except Anchor Bolts): Bolt diameter plus V_{16} ", prior to galvanizing.
 - b. Anchor Bolts: Bolt diameter plus 1/2", maximum.
- D. Locate handhole 180° from 2" wire entrance pipe.
- E. Identification Tag: (Submit details for approval.)
 - a. 2"x 4" (Max.) aluminum identification tag.
 - b. Locate on the inside of the pole and visible from the handhole.
 - c. Secure to pole with $\frac{1}{8}$ " diameter stainless steel rivets or screws.
 - d. Include the following information on the ID Tag:
 - 1. Financial Project ID
 - 2. Pole Type
 - 3. Pole height
 - 4. Manufacturers' Name
 - 5. Fy of Steel
- 6. Base Wall Thickness
 F. Provide a 'J' or 'C' hook at the top of the pole for signal wiring support (See Sheet 3).
 G. Perform all welding in accordance with Specification Section 460-6.4.
- H. Hot Dip Galvanize after fabrication.

5. Coatings:

- A. All Nuts, Bolts, Washers and Threaded Bars/Studs: ASTM F2329
- B. All other steel items ASTM A123

6. Construction:

- A. Foundation: Specification Section 455, except that payment is included in the cost of the strain pole.
- B. After installation, place wire screen between top of foundation and bottom of baseplate in accordance with Specification Section 649-6.



ELEVATION AND NOTES

LAST **REVISION** 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

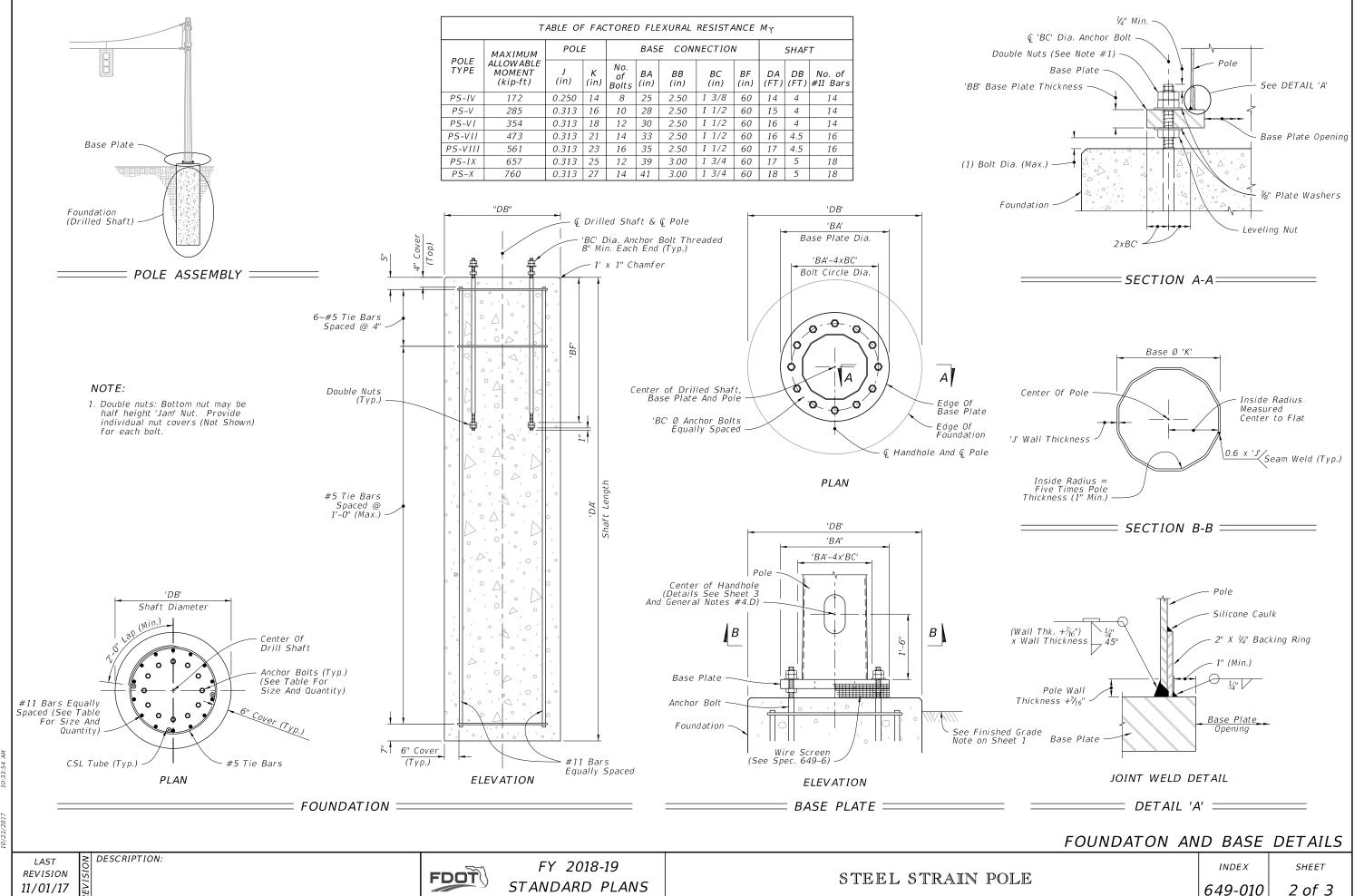
FDOT

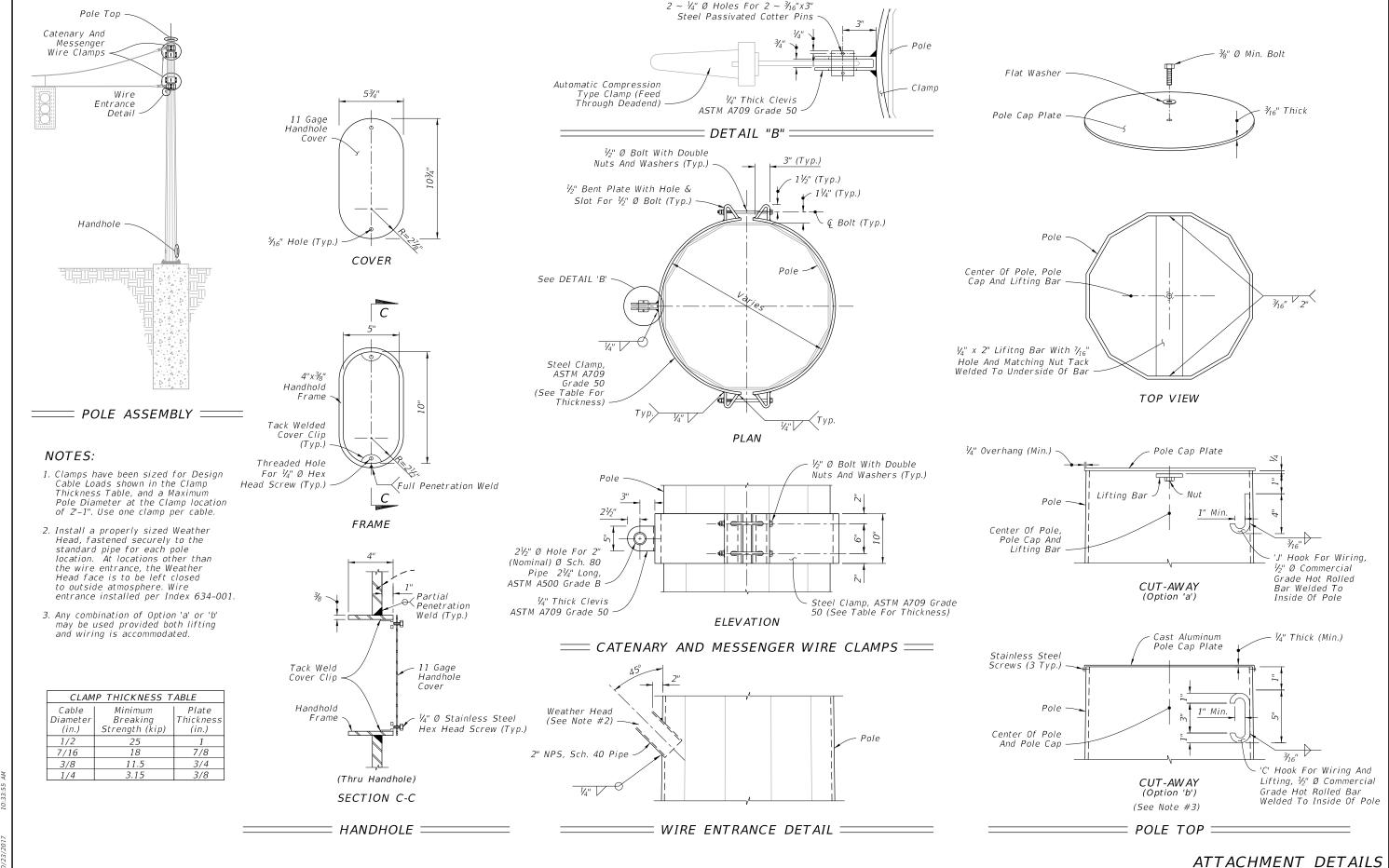
FY 2018-19 STANDARD PLANS

STEEL STRAIN POLE

INDEX 649-010

SHEET 1 of 3





REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

FY 2018-19 STANDARD PLANS

INDEX 649-010

SHEET

STEEL STRAIN POLE

3 of 3

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Work this Index with Specification 649.
- 2. This Index is considered fully detailed and no shop drawings are necessary. Submit Shop Drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the Plans.

3. Materials:

- A. Pole: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65 (less than 1/4") or ASTM A572 Grade 50, 60 or 65 (greater than or equal to 1/4") or ASTM A595 Grade A (55 ksi yield) or Grade B (60 ksi yield).

 B. Steel Plates and Pole Cap: ASTM A36 or ASTM A709 Grade 50.
- C. Weld Metal: E70XX.
- D. Bolts: ASTM F3125, Grade A325, Type 1.
- Nuts: ASTM A563. Washers: ASTM F-436.
- E. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55 with ASTM A563 Grade A heavy-hex nuts and plate washers. ASTM F2329 galvanization.
 F. Handhole Frame: ASTM A709 Grade 36 or ASTM A36.
- G. Handhole Cover: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65.
- H. Stainless Steel Screws: AISI Type 316.
- I. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615 Grade 60.
- J. Galvanization: Bolts, nuts and washers: ASTM F2329 All other steel: ASTM A123
- K. Concrete: Class IV (Drilled Shaft) for all environment classifications.

4. Pole Faberication:

- A. Provide either a round or 16 sided pole with a constant taper of 0.14 inches per foot
- B. Pole shaft may be either One or Two sections (with telescopic field splice)
- C. Up to two longitudinal seam welds are permitted.
- D. Use only circumferential welds at base.
- E. Use a complete penetraton weld for longitudinal seam welds within 6" of circumferential welds. Use a complete penetraton weld on female section of telescopic field splices, splice length plus six inches. All other areas, size the partial penetration welds to at least 60% of the pole tube
- F. Perform all welding in accordance with the American Welding Society Structural Welding Code (Steel) ANSI/AWS D̃1.1 (current edition). For additional welding requirements see AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, Section 5.15, Welded Connections.
- G. Provide a 2"x4" (Max.) aluminum identification tag on the pole. Secured tag to pole with stainless steel screws. Locate the tag inside pole and visible from handhole. Include the following information:

Financial Project ID, Pole Height Manufacturer's Name Yield Strength (Fy of Steel) Pole Base Wall Thickness

H. Except for Anchor Bolts, all bolt hole diameters are equal to the bolt diameter plus 1/16", prior to galvanizing. Hole diameters for anchor bolts are not exceed the bolt diameter plus 1/2".

5. Pole Installation:

- A. Do not install additional wire access holes (not shown in this Index) with a diameter that exceeds $1\frac{1}{2}$ " in diameter.
- B. Install Anchor Bolts in accordance with Specification 649-5
- C. Cable Supports: Electrical Cable Guides and Eyebolts.
- a. Locate top and bottom cable guides within the pole aligned with each other.
- b. Position one cable guide 2" below the handhole.
- c. Position other cable guide 1" directly below the top of the tenon.
- d. Position Park Stands 2" below the top of the handhole

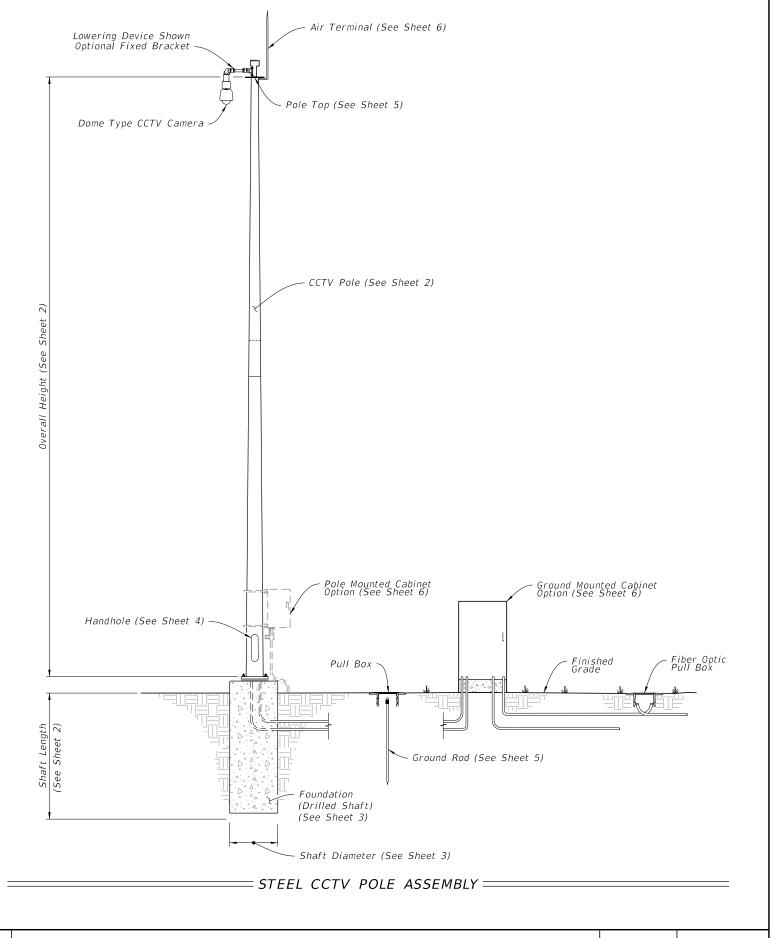
6. Cabinet Installation:

- A. Splice fiber optic cables in cabinet to preterminater patch panel.
- B. Furnish and install TVSS protection on all cabling in cabinet.
- C. Furnish and install secondary TVSS protection on outlets for equipment in cabinet
- D. Ensure that all electronic equipment power is protected and conditioned with TVSS devices.
- E. Ensure that equipment cabinet is bonded to CCTV pole grounding system.
- F. Install the pole mounted cabinet with the hinges next to the pole.
- G. Sizes and types of conduits and innerducts for network communications between the pullbox and cabinet are stated in the Contract Documents.

7. Lowering Device Installation:

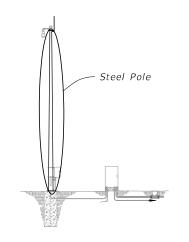
- A. Place the lowering cable that moves within the pole in an interior conduit to prevent it from tangling or interfering with any electrical wire that is in the pole. Ensure that
- any electrical wire within the pole is routed securely and free from slack.

 B. Mount lowering device perpendicular to the roadway or as shown in the plans. Position CCTV pole so that the camera can be safely lowered without requiring lane closures.
- C. Coordinate all lowering device hardware requirements (including Tenon, Tenon mounting plates, parking stands, etc.) with lowering device manufacturer.



REVISION 11/01/17

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SHA	FT DE	SIGN T	ABLE
Pole Overall Height (ft)	Shaft Diameter	Shaft Length	Longitudinal Reinforcement
50	4'-0"	11'-0"	(14) #11
55	4'-0"	12'-0"	(14) #11
60	4'-6"	13'-0"	(16) #11
65	4'-6"	13'-0"	(16) #11
70	5'-0"	14'-0"	(18) #11

ACCEMBLY	
== ASSEMBLY	

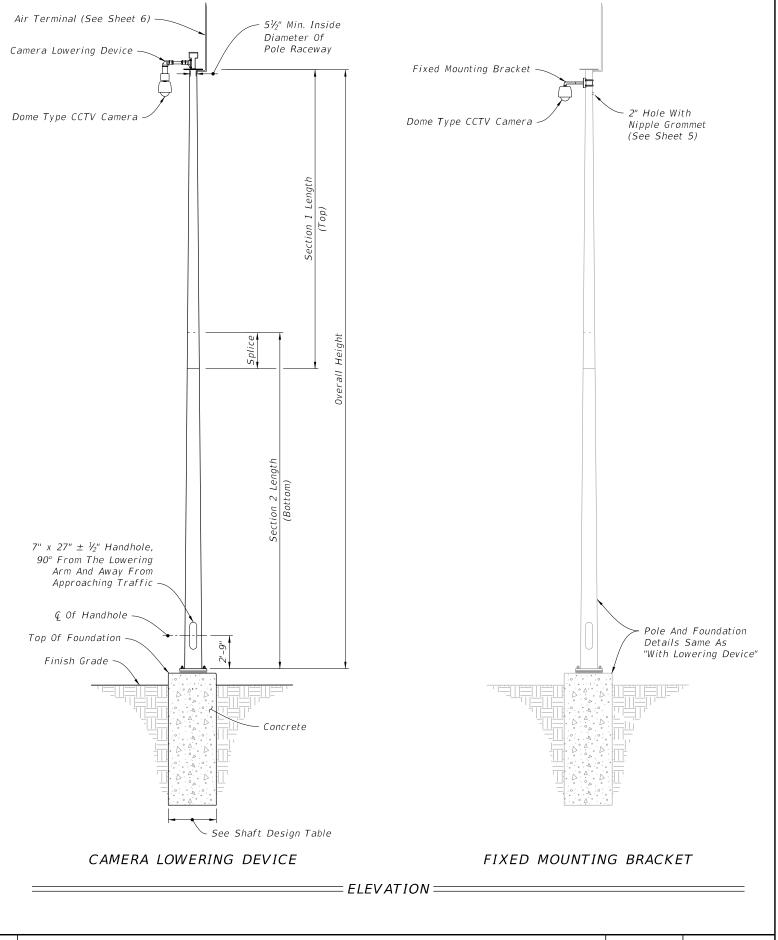
	ONAL BURIA O GROUND	
Ground Slope	4'-0" Shaft Diameter	5'-0" Shaft Diameter
1:5	3'-0"	4'-0"
1:4	4'-0"	5'-0"
1:3	5'-0"	6'-0"
1:2	7'-0"	9'-0"

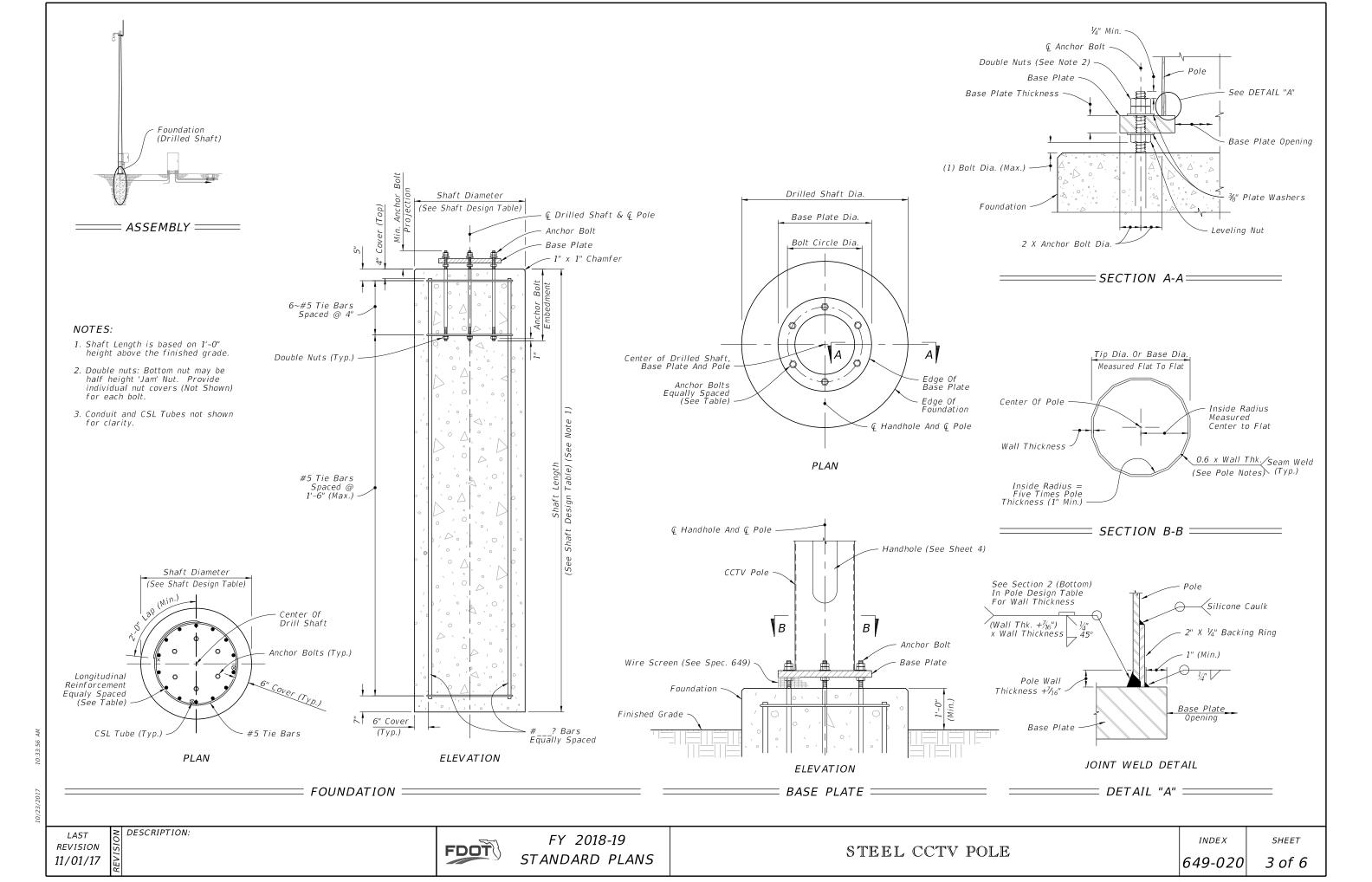
FOUNDATION NOTES:

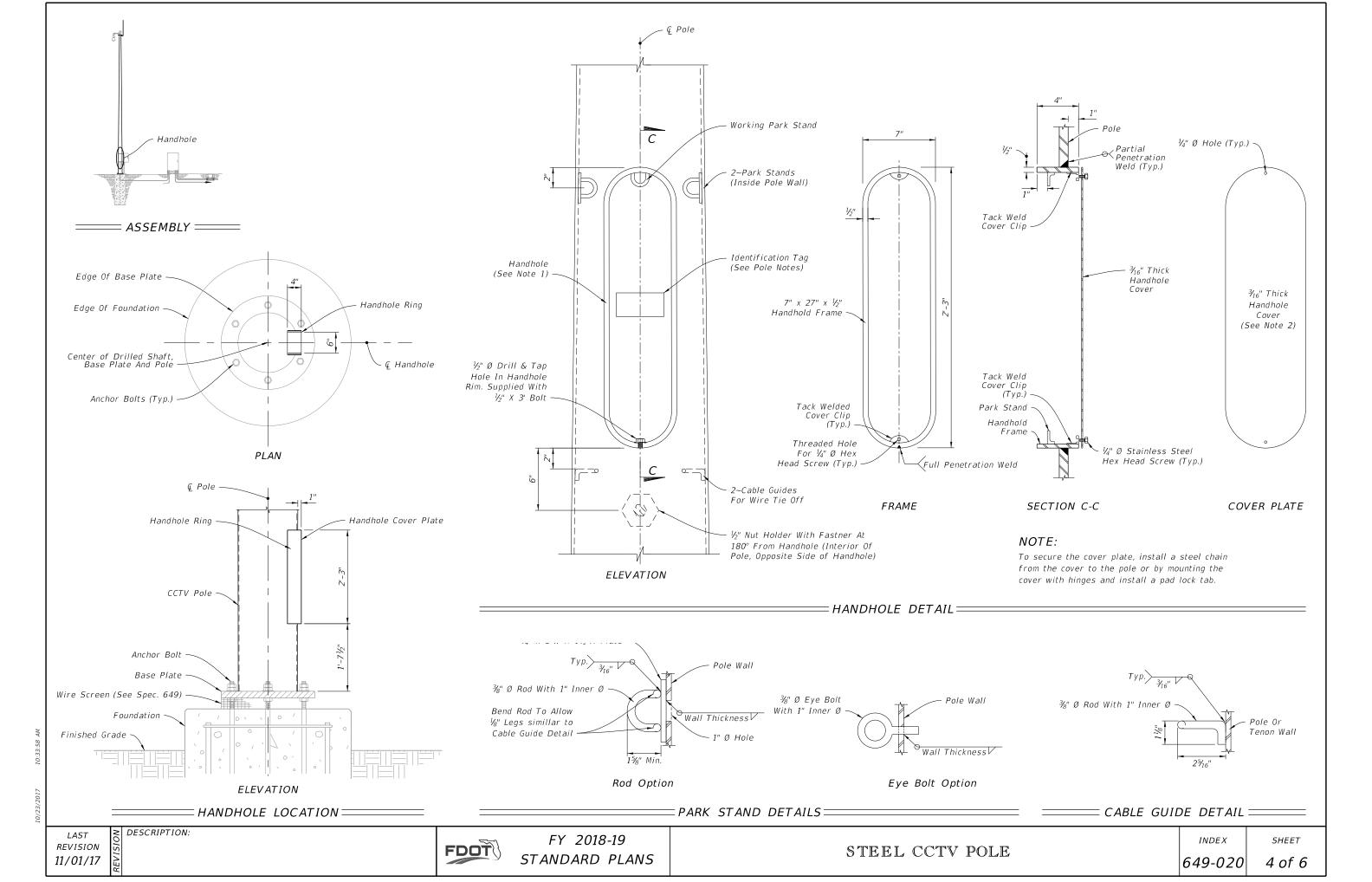
- 1. Shaft Length is based on 1'-0" height above the finished grade.
- 2. Shaft Design Table values are based on level ground (Flatter than 1:5). For foundation within slopes 1:5 and greater, increase the foundation depth in accordance with the Additonal Burial Depth Due To Ground Slope table. For values in-between those shown in the table, use the higher value.

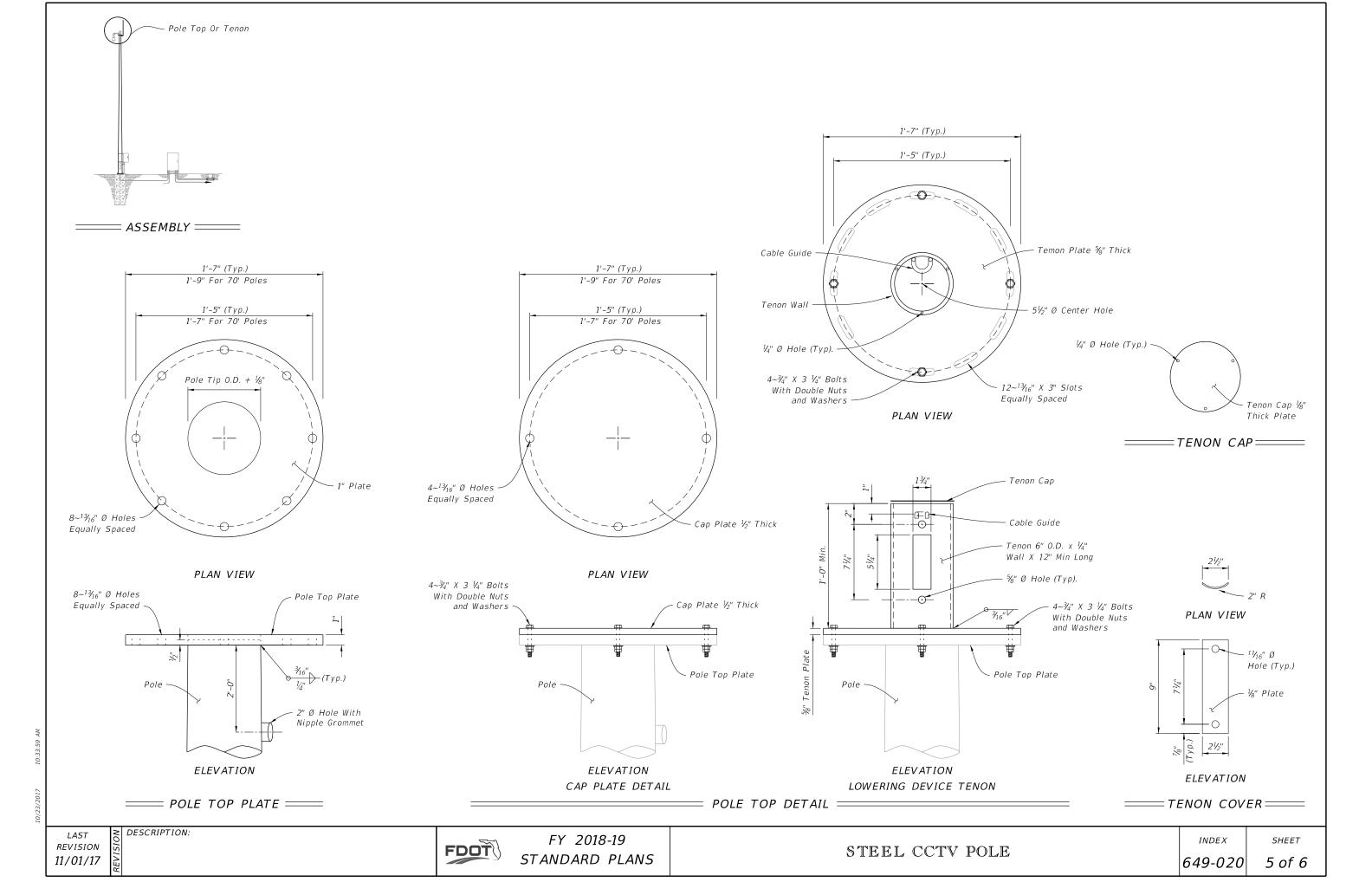
	BASE PLATE AND ANCHOR BOLT DESIGN TABLE														
Pole Overall Height (ft)	Base Plate Diameter (in.)	Base Plate Thickness (in.)	Anchor Bolt Circle (in.)	Number of Bolts	Anchor Bolt Diameter (in.)	Anchor Bolt Embedment (in.)	Minimum Anchor Bolt Projection (in.)								
50	27	2.5	22	6	1.25	31	8.5								
55	28	2.5	23	6	1.25	33	8.5								
60	33	2.5	27	6	1.50	34	9.5								
65	35	2.5	29	6	1.50	35	9.5								
70	40	2.5	33	6	1.75	38	10.5								

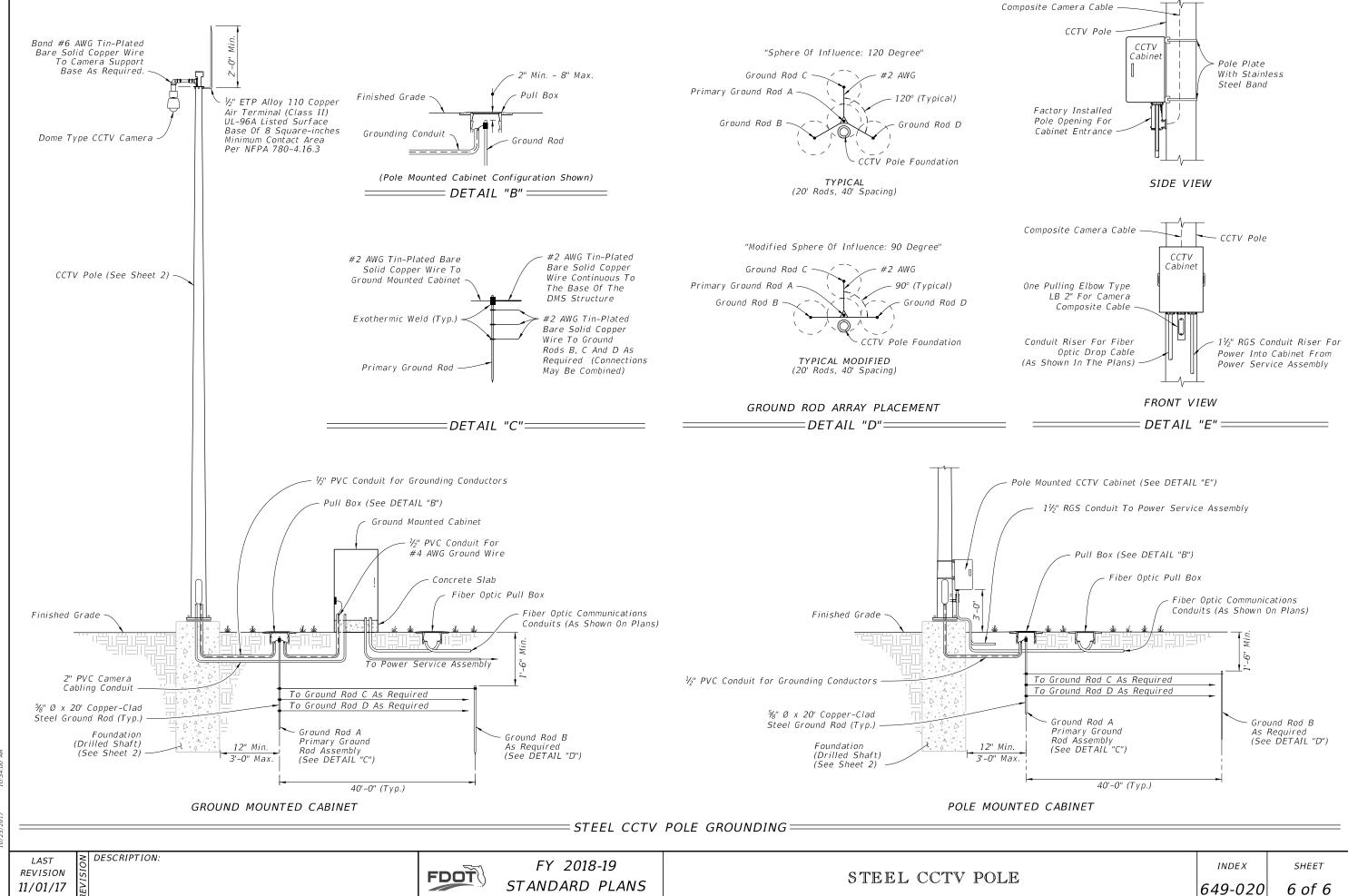
	POLE DESIGN TABLE														
	S	ection 1 (To	p)	Se	ction 2 (Botte	om)	Joint								
Pole Overall Height (ft)	Length	Wall Thickness (in.)	Base Diameter (in.)	Length	Wall Thickness (in.)	Base Diameter (in.)	Minimum Splice Length (in.)								
50				50'-0"	0.25	17									
30	25'-0"	0.25	14	28'-0"	0.25	17	27								
55	30'-0"	0.25	15	28'-0"	0.3125	18	30								
60	35'-0"	0.25	18	29'-0"	0.3125	21	33								
65	33'-0" 0.25		19	36'-0"	0.3125	23	33								
70	38'-0"	0.25	22	36'-0"	0.3125	26	39								











		,	ARM A	ND BA	SE PL	4 <i>TE</i>				
Arm ID Axx-ArmLength	Total		Arm		Arn	n Extens	sion	Е	Base Pla	te
S-SingleArm D-DoubleArm H-HeavyDuty	Arm Length (ft)	FA/SA (ft)	FC/SC (in)	FD/SD (in)	FE/SE (ft)	FG/SG (in)	FH/SH (in)	HT (in)	FJ/SJ (in)	FK/SK (in)
A30/S		30	11	0.250				22	25	
A30/S/H	30	30	12	0.250				22	23	3
A30/D] 30	30	11	0.250				30	36	ا ا
A30/D/H		30	12	0.250				30	30	
A40/S		40	13	0.250				22	27	
A40/S/H	40	40	14	0.250				22	2/	3
A40/D] 40	40	13	0.250				30	36	ا ا
A40/D/H		40	14	0.250				30	30	
A50/S		32.5	12	0.250	20.5	14		22	29	
A50/S/H	50	32.5	13	0.250	20.5	15	0.313	22	29	3
A50/D] 30	32.5	12	0.250	20.5	14	0.313	30	36] 3
A50/D/H		32.5	13	0.250	20.5	15		30	30	
A60/S		35.5	12	0.250	27.5	15				
A60/S/H	60	35.5	13	0.250	27.5	16	0.375	30	36	.3
A60/D] 00	35.5	12	0.250	27.5	15	0.373	30	30	3
A60/D/H		35.5	13	0.250	27.5	16				
A70/S		38	13	0.250	35	17				
A70/S/H	70	38	14	0.250	35	18	0.375	30	36	3
A70/D] //	38	13	0.250	35	17	0.373	30	30	3
A70/D/H		38	14	0.250	35	18				
A78/S		39	13	0.250	42	18				
A78/S/H	78	39	15	0.250	42	20	0.375	30	36	.3
A78/D] ′°	39	13	0.250	42	18	0.5/5	30	30	د
A78/D/H		39	15	0.250	42	20				

					POLE,	BASE	PLATE	AND .	ARM C	ONNEC	TION						
	Upr	ight			Base Plate							Arm-Up	right Co	nnection			
UA (ft)	UD (in)	UE (in)	UG (ft)	No. Bolts	BA (in)	BB (in)	BC (in)	BF (in)	HT (in)	FJ/SJ (in)	FL/SL (in)	FN/SN (in)	F0/S0 (in)	FP/SP (in)	FR/SR (in)	FS/SS (in)	FT/ST (in)
25									22	25			1.1		2	8.5	
39	16	0 375	37.5	6	30	25	175	40		23	0.75	0.438	17	1 25		0.5	0.438
	'	0.575		Ü	30	2.3	1., 3	10	30	36	0.73	0.750	23	1.23	275	125	0.750
39			37.5						30	30			23		2.73	12.5	
									22	27			15		2	8.5	
	18	0.375	37.5	6	34	2.5	2	40			0.75	0.438		1.25		0.5	0.438
		0,5,5		Ü		2.5	_	, ,	30	36	017 5	0,,50	23	1.23	2.75	12.5	07,00
			37.5													12.0	
									22	29			16		2	8.5	
	20	0.375	37.5	6	36	2.5	2	40			0.75	0.438		1.25			0.438
									30	36			23		2.75	12.5	
			37.5														
													17				
	22	0.375	37.5	6	38	2.5	2	40	30	36	0.75	0.438		1.25	2.5	12.5	0.438
			27.5										23				
			3/.5														
			27.5										18				
	24	0.375	37.5	6	40	2.5	2	40	30	36	0.75	0.5		1.25	2.5	12.5	0.5
			27.5										23				
			37.3														
			27.5										18				
	24	0.5	37.3	6	42	2.5	2.25	45	30	36	0.75	0.625		1.5	2.5	12	0.625
			27.5										23				
			57.5														
			37.5										19				
	26	0.5	J, .J	6	44	2.5	2.25	45	30	36	0.75	0.625		1.5	2.5	12	0.625
	1		37.5										23				
	(ft) 25 39 25	UA (ft) (ft) (in) 25 39 26	(ft) (in) (in) 25 39 16 0.375 39 25 39 25 39 25 39 20 0.375 39 25 39 20 0.375 39 25 39 22 0.375 39 25 39 24 0.375 39 25 39 24 0.5 39 25 39 24 0.5 39 25 39 24 0.5 39 25 39 24 0.5 39 25 39 26 0.5	UA (ft) (in) UE (in) UG (ft) 25 4 37.5 25 39 37.5	Upright UA (ft) UD (in) UE (in) UG (ft) No. Bolts 25 A 39 37.5 6 39 16 37.5 37.5 6 39 18 0.375 37.5 6 39 37.5 37.5 6 25 39 37.5 6 39 20 37.5 6 25 39 37.5 6 39 24 0.375 37.5 6 39 24 0.375 37.5 6 39 24 0.375 37.5 6 39 24 0.375 37.5 6 39 24 0.375 37.5 6 39 37.5 6 6 39 37.5 6 6 39 37.5 6 6 39 37.5 6 6 39 37.5 6 6 39 37.5 6 6 39 37.5 6 6 39 37.5 6 6 39 37.5 6 6 39 37.5 6 6 </td <td>$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$</td> <td>Upright Base Plan UA (ft) UD (in) UE (in) UG (ft) No. BA (in) BB (in) 25 A (in) A (in) BB (in) 25 A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 25 A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 25 A (in) A (</td> <td>UA (ft) UD (in) UE (in) UG (ft) No. Base Plate 25 (in) A (in) BB (in) BB (in) BB (in) 25 (in) A (in) BB (in) BB (in) BC (in) 39 (in) A (in) BB (in) BB (in) BB (in) BB (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) BB (in) BB (in) BB (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in)</td> <td>Upribit Base Plate UAA (ft) (in) (in) (in) (in) (in) (in) (in) (in</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td> <td> Variable Variable</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td> <td> Upright Upri</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td> <td> Variable Variable</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td>	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Upright Base Plan UA (ft) UD (in) UE (in) UG (ft) No. BA (in) BB (in) 25 A (in) A (in) BB (in) 25 A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 25 A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 25 A (in) A (UA (ft) UD (in) UE (in) UG (ft) No. Base Plate 25 (in) A (in) BB (in) BB (in) BB (in) 25 (in) A (in) BB (in) BB (in) BC (in) 39 (in) A (in) BB (in) BB (in) BB (in) BB (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) BB (in) BB (in) BB (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) 39 (in) A (in) A (in) A (in) A (in)	Upribit Base Plate UAA (ft) (in) (in) (in) (in) (in) (in) (in) (in	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Variable Variable	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Upright Upri	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Variable Variable	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

NOTE:

≥ DESCRIPTION:

1. Work this Index with Index 649-031.

	DRILLED SHAFT													
Drilled Shaft ID	DA (ft)	DB (ft)	RA	RB	RC	RD (in)	RE	RF (in)						
DS/12/4.0	12	4.0	11	14	8	12								
DS/12/4.5	12	4.5	11	16	8	12								
DS/14/4.5	14	4.5	11	16	10	8								
DS/14/5.0	14	5.0	11	18	10	8								
DS/16/4.5	16	4.5	11	16	10	8								
DS/16/5.0	16	5.0	11	18	10	8								
DS/18/5.0	18	5.0	11	18	10	8								
DS/20/5.0	20	5.0	11	18	10	6	10	9						

			LUM	INAIR	RE AN	D COI	VNECT	ΓΙΟΝ			
LA LB LC LD LE LF LG LH LJ LK LL UG (ft) (ft) (in) (in) (in) (in) (in) (in) (in) (in)											
40	10	3	0.125	0.5	8	0.5	0.75	0.25	0.25	0	37.5

0/23/2017 10

LAST REVISION 11/01/17

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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Shop Drawings: This Index is considered fully detailed, only submit shop drawings for minor modifications not detailed in the Plans.
- 2. Prior to Fabrication: Verify the installed foundation elevation will result in the required signal elevation and adjust the Pole height as needed.
- 3. Details for Signal and Sign locations, Signal Head attachment, Sign attachment, Pedestrian Head attachment, and Foundation Conduit are not shown for simplicity.
- 4. Materials:
 - A. Poles, Mast Arms and Backing Rings:
 - a. Less than ¾₁₆": ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
 - b. Greater than or equal to $\frac{3}{16}$ ": ASTM A572 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
 - c. ASTM A595 Grade A (55 ksi yield) or Grade B (60 ksi yield)
 - B. Steel Plates: ASTM A36
 - C. Weld Metal: E70XX
 - D. Bolts, Nuts and Washers:
 - a. High Strength Bolts: ASTM F3125, Grade A325, Type 1
 - b. Nuts: ASTM A563 DH Heavy-Hex
 - c. Washers: ASTM F436 Type 1, one under turned element
 - E. Anchor Bolts, Nuts and Washers:
 - a. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 55
 - b. Nuts: ASTM A563 Grade A Heavy-Hex (5 per anchor bolt)
 - c. Plate Washers: ASTM A36 (2 per bolt)
 - F. Threaded Bars/Studs: ASTM A36 or ASTM A307
 - G. Handhole Frame: ASTM A709 or ASTM A36, Grade 36
 - H. Handhole Cover: ASTM A1011 Grade 50, 55, 60 or 65
 - I. Aluminum Pole Caps and Nut Covers: ASTM B26 (319-F)
 - J. Stainless Steel Screws: AISI Type 316
 - K. Concrete: Class IV (Drilled Shaft) for all environmental classifications.
 - L. Reinforcing Steel: Specification 415

5. Fabrication:

- A. Pole and Mast Arm Taper: Change diameter at a rate of 0.14 inches per foot.
- B. Upright splices are not allowed. Transverse welds are only permitted at the base.
- C. First and Second arm camber angle = 2°
- D. Provide bolt hole diameters as follows:
 - a. Bolts (except Anchor Bolts): Bolt diameter plus 1/16", prior to galvanizing.
 - b. Anchor Bolts: Bolt diameter plus 1/2" (Max.)
- E. Face handhole perpendicular from arm on single arm poles, perpendicular from first arm of double arm poles facing away from traffic or see special instructions on the Mast Arm Tabulation Sheet.
- F. Seam weld on bottom side of arm. Seam weld under Arm 1 side of pole.
- G. Provide a 'J' or 'C' hook at the top of the pole for signal wiring support (See Sheet 6).
- H. Perform all welding in accordance with Specification 460-6.4.
- I. Hot Dip Galvanize after fabrication.

6. Coatings:

- A. All Nuts, Bolts, Washers and Threaded Bars/Studs: ASTM F2329
- B. All other steel items ASTM A123

- A. Foundation: Specification 455 Drilled Shaft, except that payment is included in the cost of the Mast Arm.
- B. Install Pole vertically.
- C. Place structural grout pad with drain between top of foundation and bottom of baseplate in accordance with Specification 649-7.
- D. Attach Sign Panels and Signals centered on the elevation of the Mast Arm.
- E. Wire Access holes are $1\frac{1}{2}$ " or less in diameter.

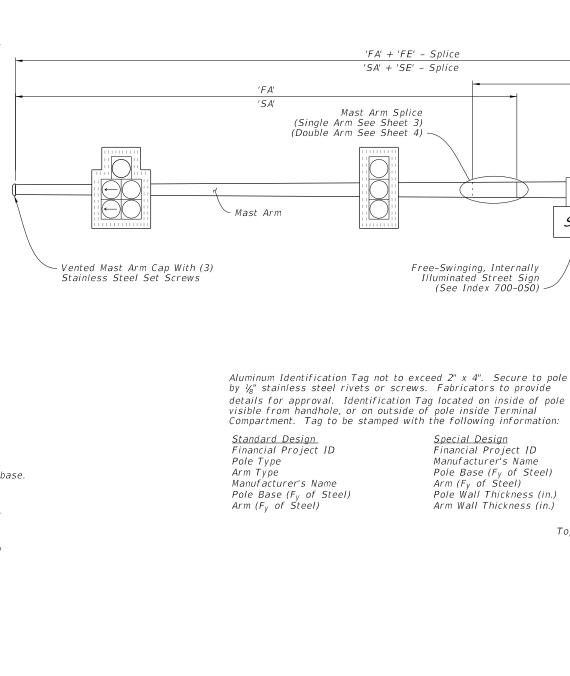


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SHEET NO.	SUBJECT
1	Elevation and Notes
2	Foundation and Base Plate Details
3	Single Arm Connection and Splice Details
4	Double Arm Connection and Splice Details
5	Luminaire Arm and Connection Details

Handhole and Pole Top Details

'FA' + 'FE' - Splice

'SA' + 'SE' - Splice

Free-Swinging, Internally Illuminated Street Sign

Special Design

Financial Project ID

Arm (F_V of Steel)

(See Index 700-050)

Mast Arm Splice

(See Pole UB' Handhole Manufacturer's Name (See Sheet 6) Pole Base $(F_y \text{ of Steel})$ Pole Wall Thickness (in.) Base Plate Connection Arm Wall Thickness (in.) (See Sheet 2) Bottom Top of Finished Grade Of Plate O" With Sidewalk 6" Otherwise Signal Conduit 1~2" Conduit Per Assembly (For No. & Size 1~1" Additional Conduit in See Signal Plans) Quadrant With Controller Foundation (Drilled Shaft) (See Sheet 2)

Face Of Arm Base Plate At G Arm -

Pole Connection

0.14 in/ft Taper (Typ.)

Mast Arm

Extension

(Single Arm See Sheet 3)

(Double Arm See Sheet 4)

Provide 1/2" Ø Weep Hole

Located At Bottom Of Arm.

1'-0" From Arm Base Plate.

'FE'

'SE'

Street Name

€ Pole

Pole Top

Mast Arm

Handhole

Plans) (See

(See Sheet 6)

(See Sheet 6)

'F0'

'S0'

Single Arm Shown, Double Arm Similar (Luminaire Arm Not Shown)

 \equiv MAST ARM ASSEMBLY \equiv

ELEVATION AND NOTES

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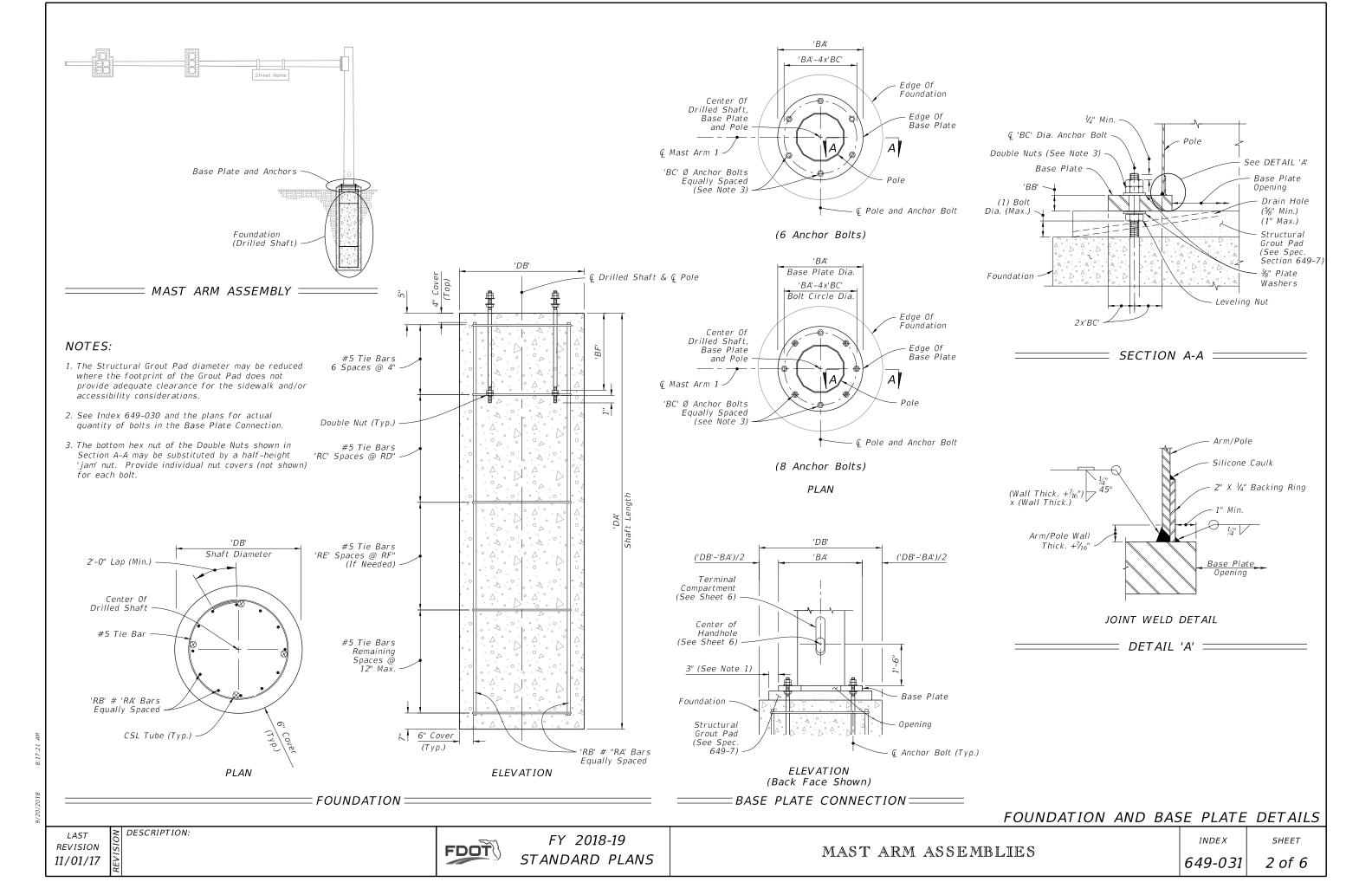
FDOT

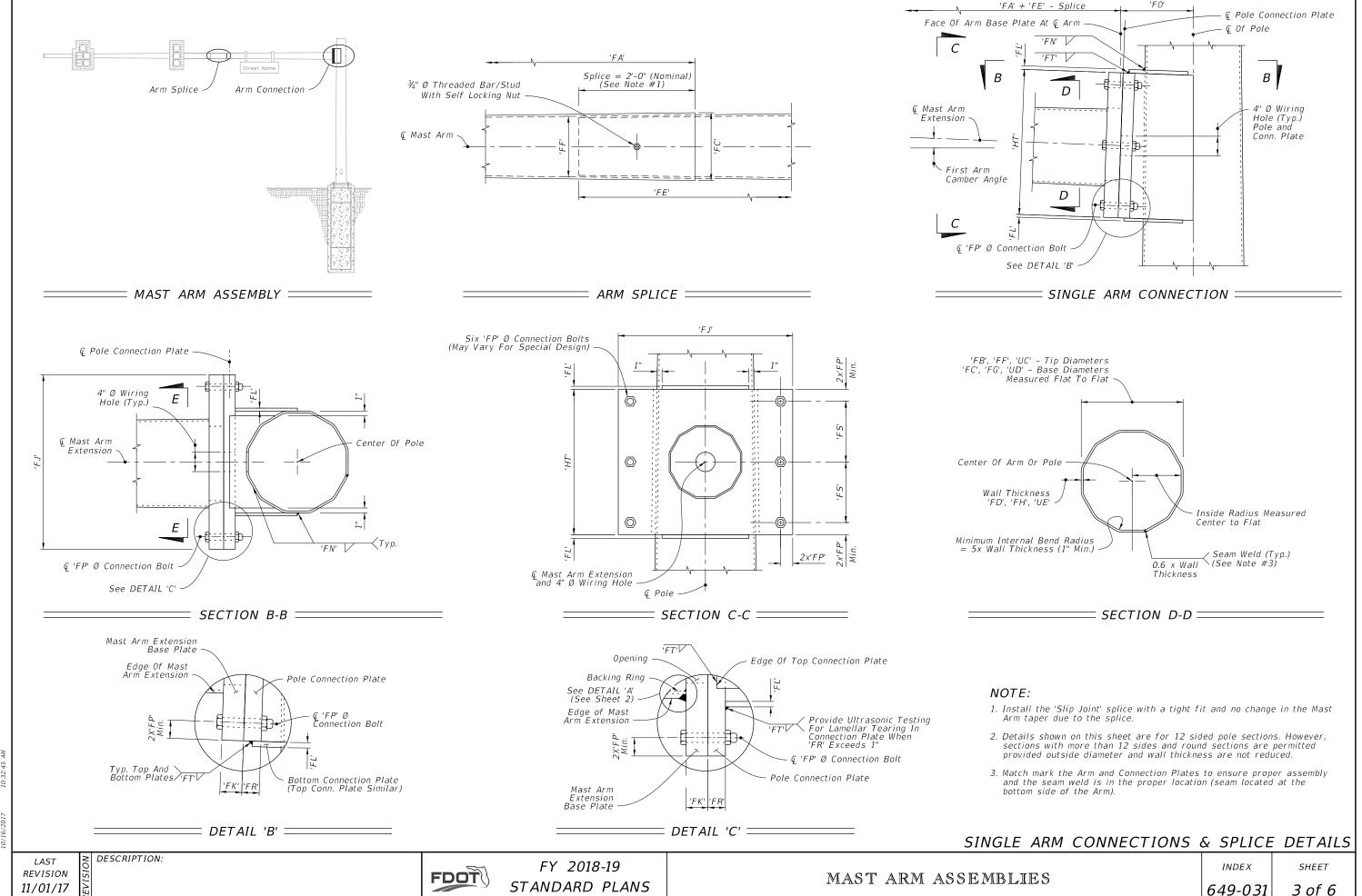
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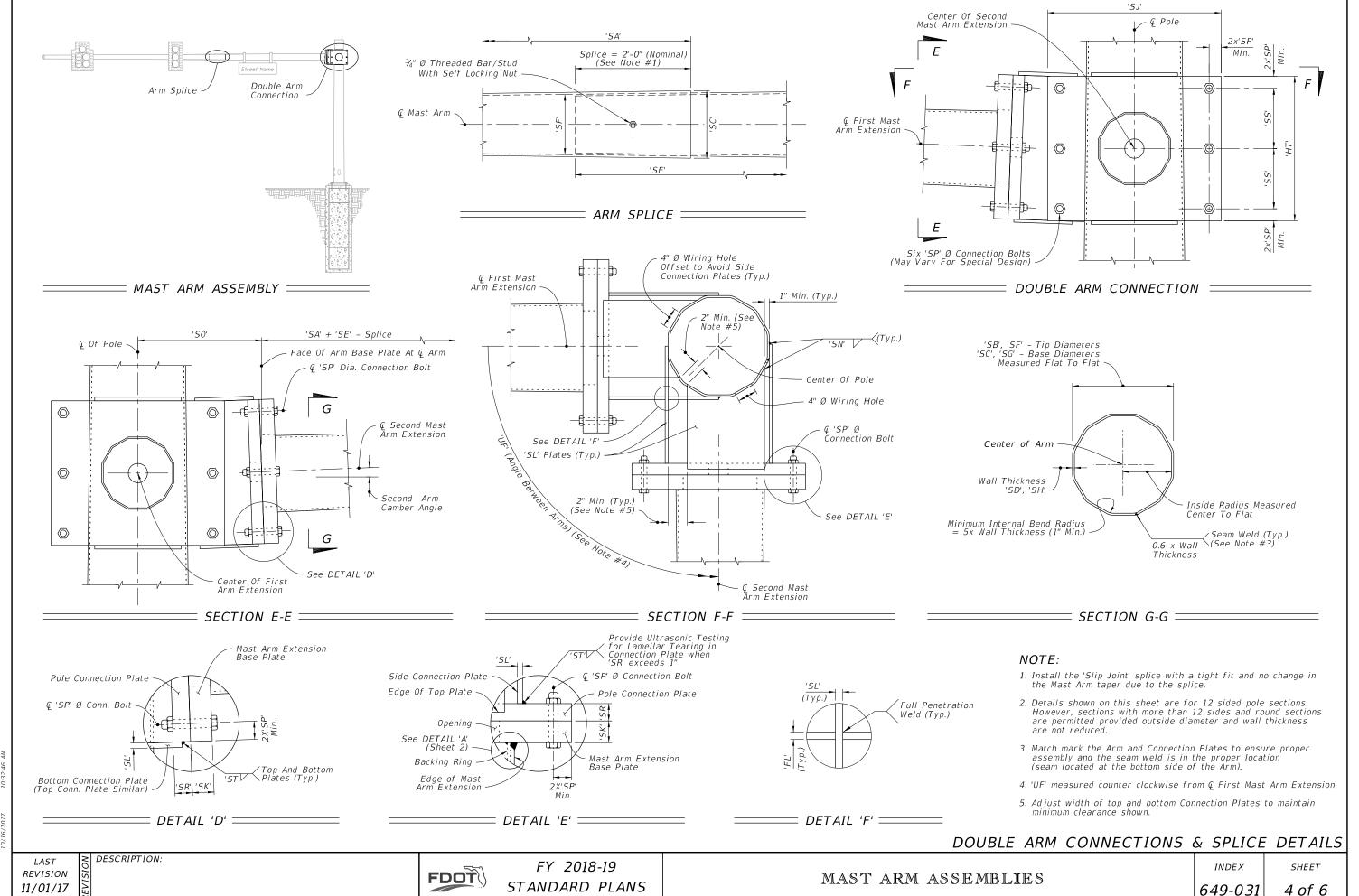
MAST ARM ASSEMBLIES

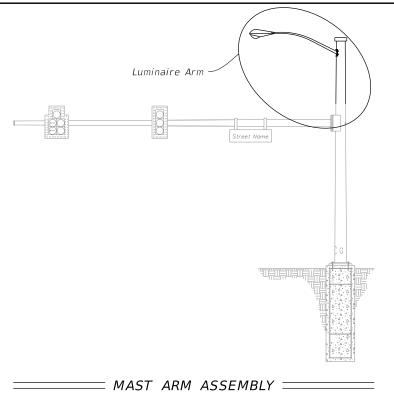
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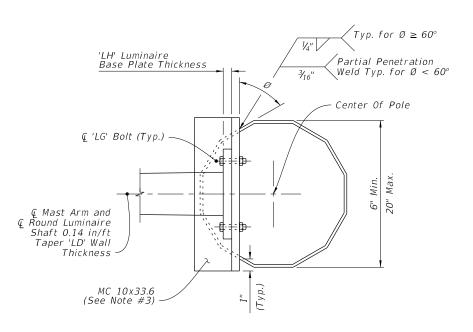




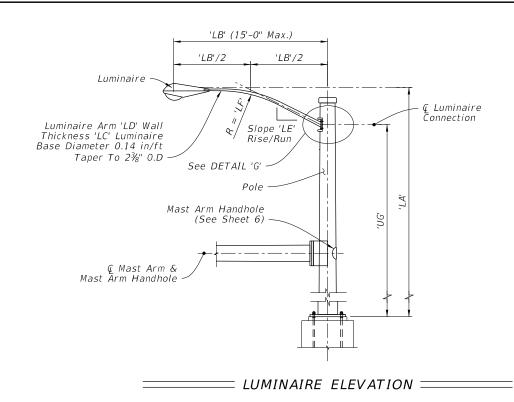


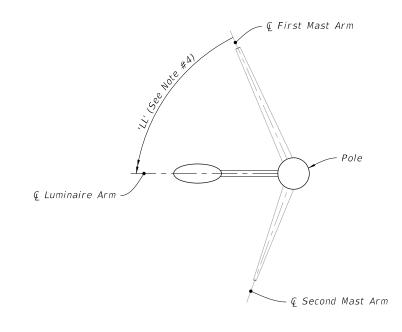
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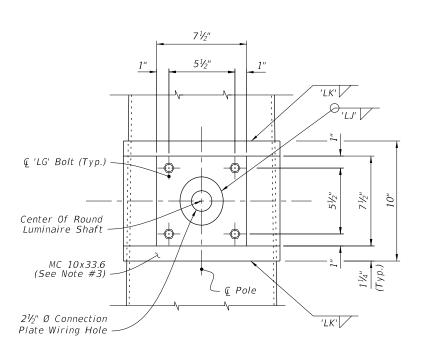
- 1. Luminaire type and luminaire length may be found in the Lighting Plans.
- 2. Align Luminaire Arm with Single Mast Arm or First Arm of Double Mast Arm unless indicated otherwise in the plans.
- 3. The fabricator may substitute a $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick bent plate with the same flange width, height, and length as the MC 10x33.6 Channel section.
- 4. 'LL' measure counter clockwise from First Mast Arm.



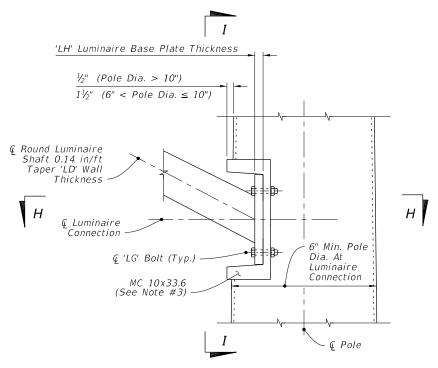
= SECTION H-H =







= SECTION I-I =



 \equiv LUMINAIRE ORIENTATION \equiv

LUMINAIRE CONNECTION ELEVATION

= DETAIL 'G' =====

LUMINAIRE ARM AND CONNECTION DETAILS

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FDOT

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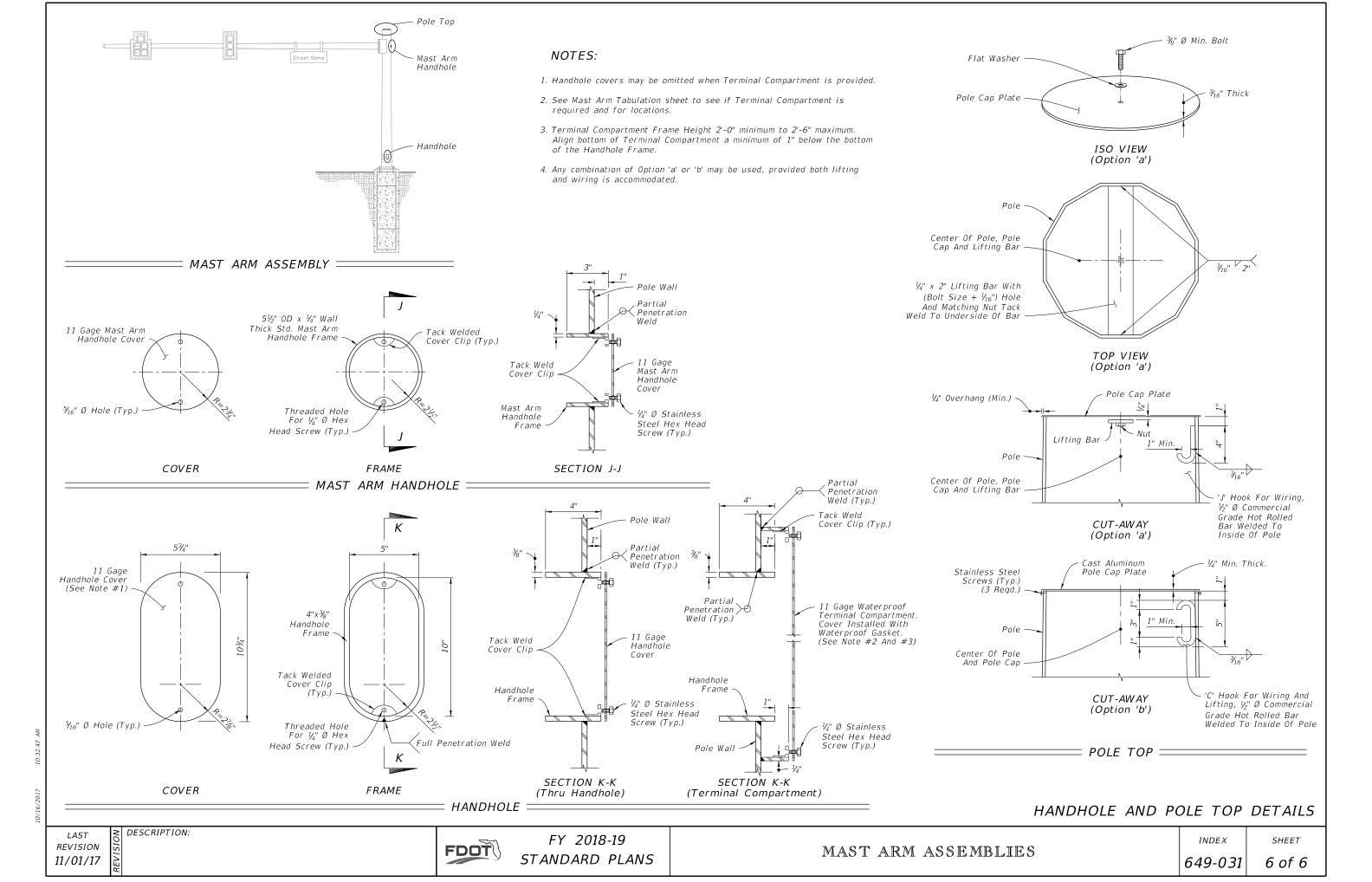
MAST ARM ASSEMBLIES

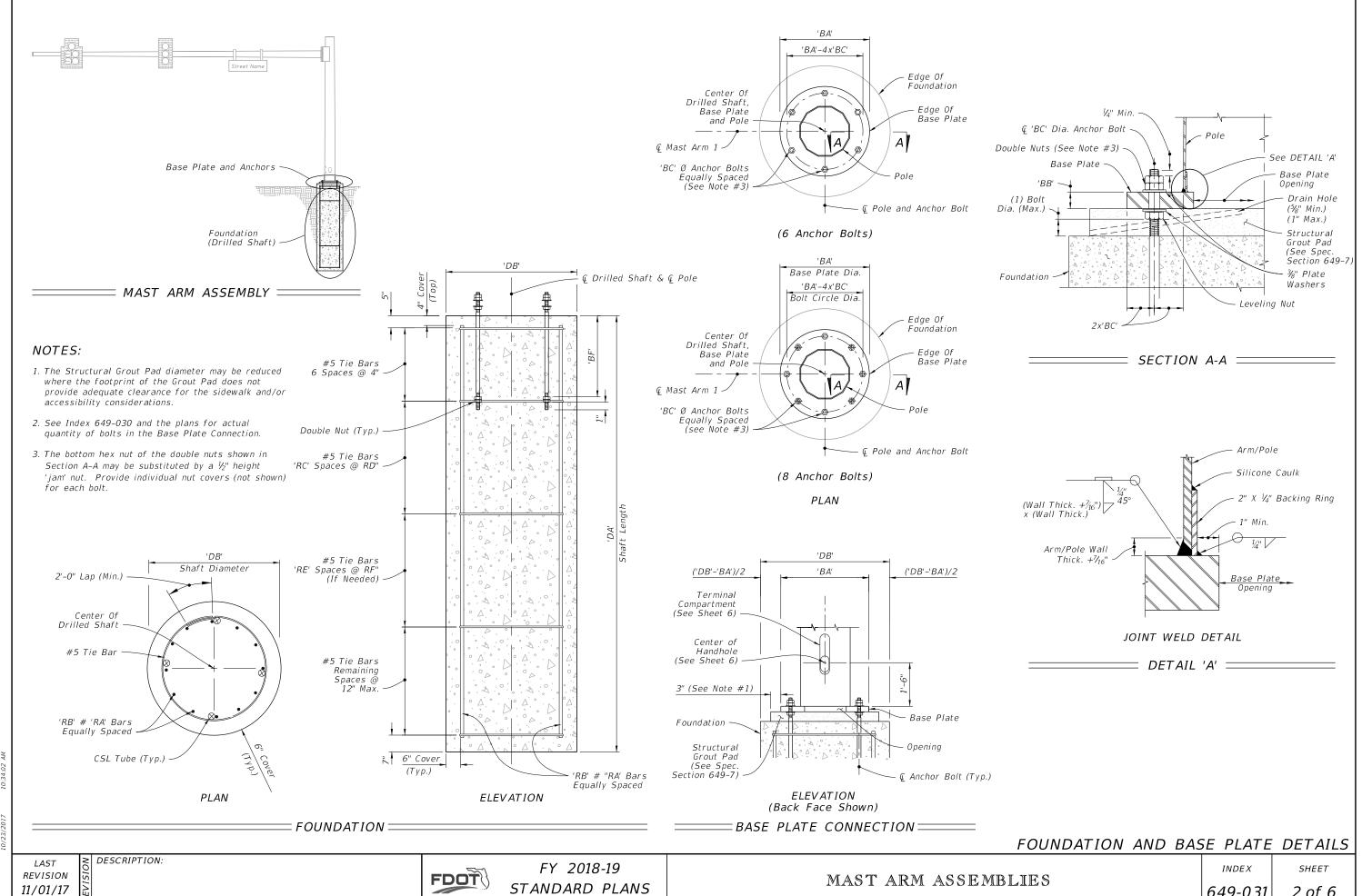
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SHEET

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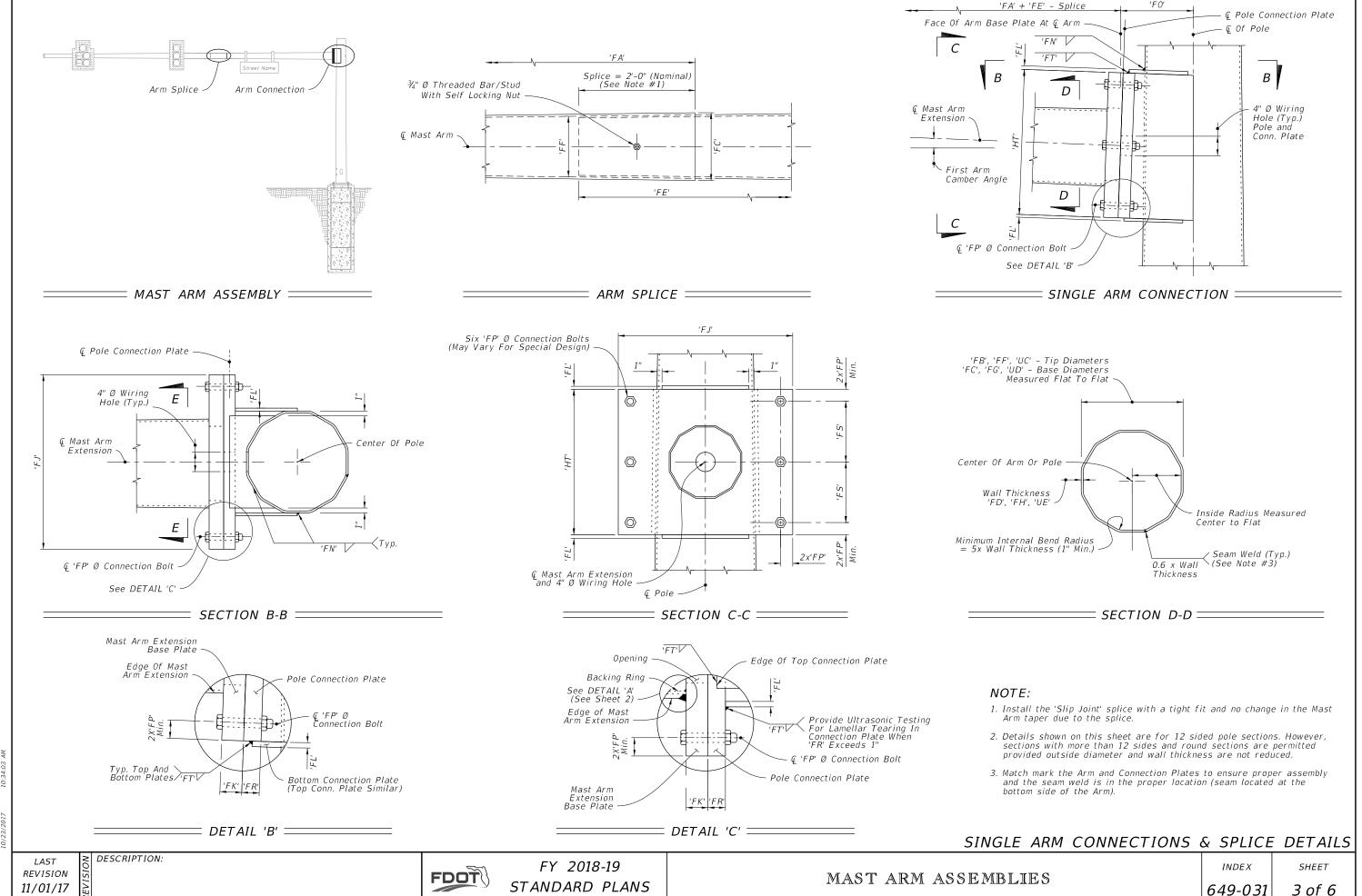
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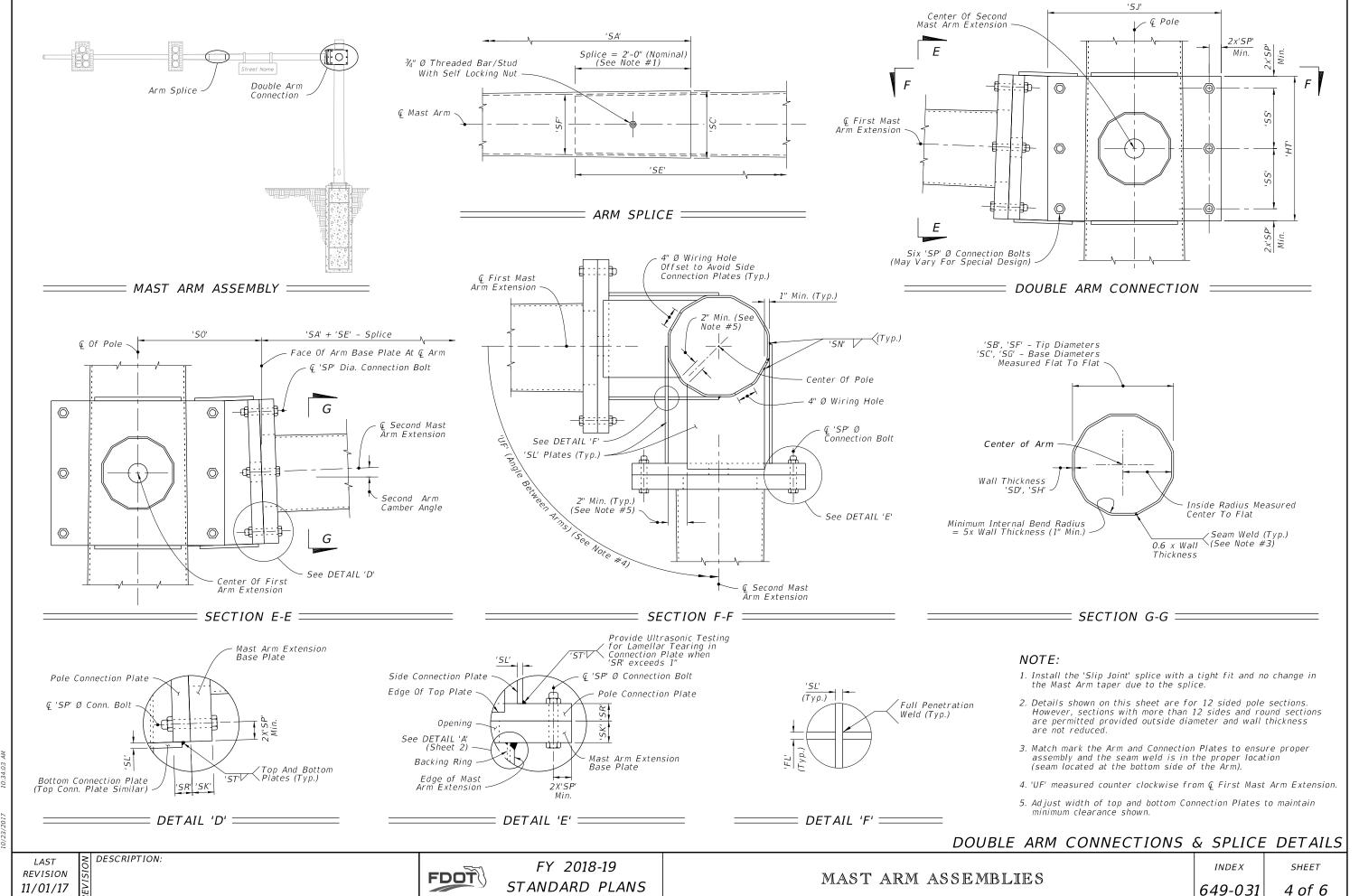


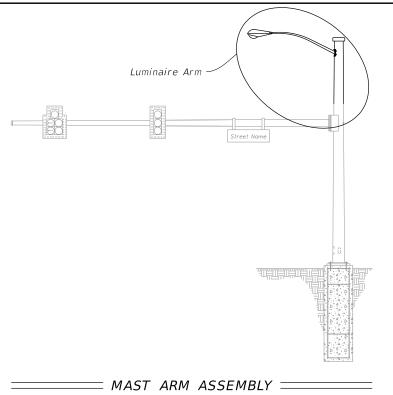


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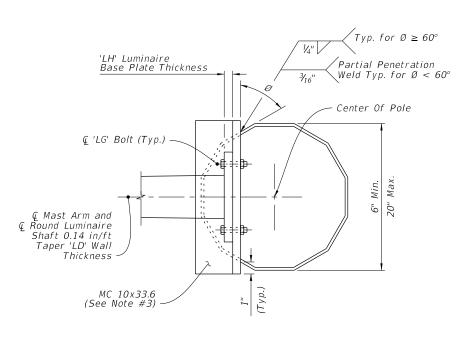




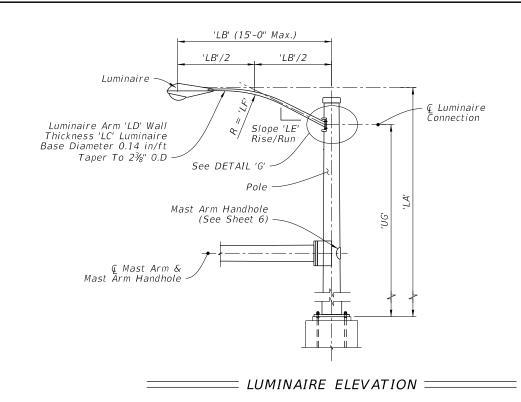


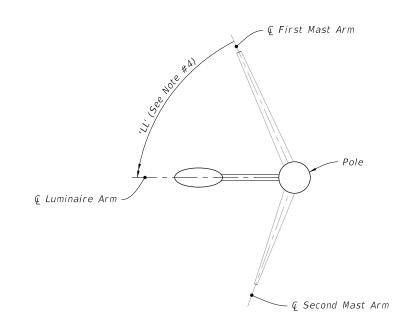
NOTES:

- 1. Luminaire type and luminaire length may be found in the Lighting Plans.
- 2. Align Luminaire Arm with Single Mast Arm or First Arm of Double Mast Arm unless indicated otherwise in the plans.
- 3. The fabricator may substitute a $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick bent plate with the same flange width, height, and length as the MC 10x33.6 Channel section.
- 4. 'LL' measure counter clockwise from First Mast Arm.

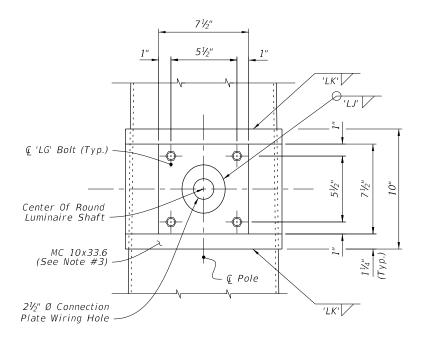


= SECTION H-H =

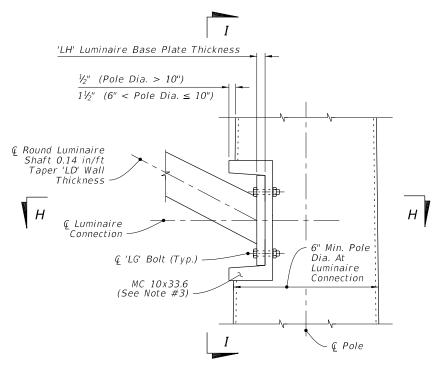




 \equiv LUMINAIRE ORIENTATION \equiv



= SECTION I-I =



LUMINAIRE CONNECTION ELEVATION

= DETAIL 'G' =====

LUMINAIRE ARM AND CONNECTION DETAILS

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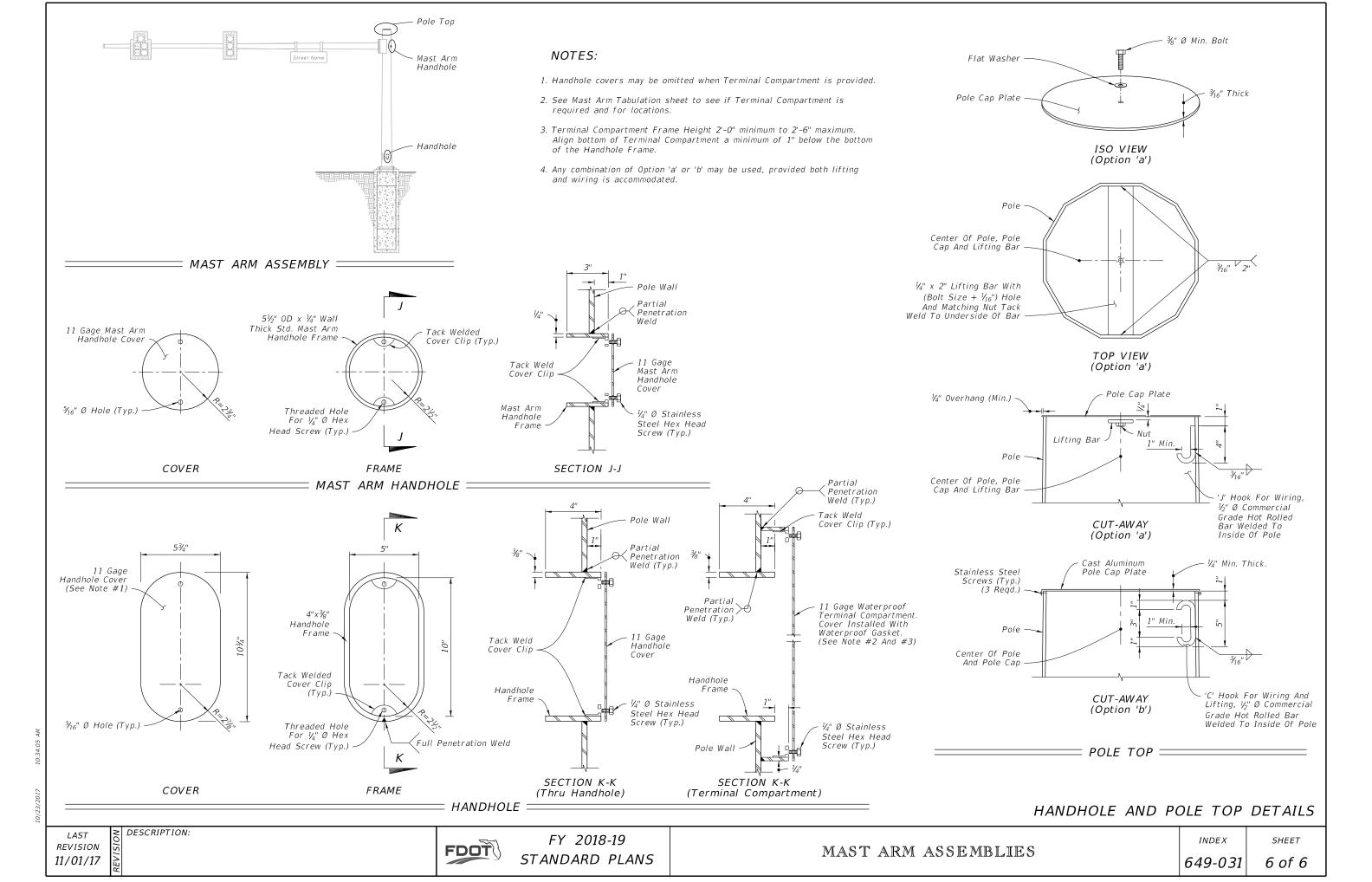
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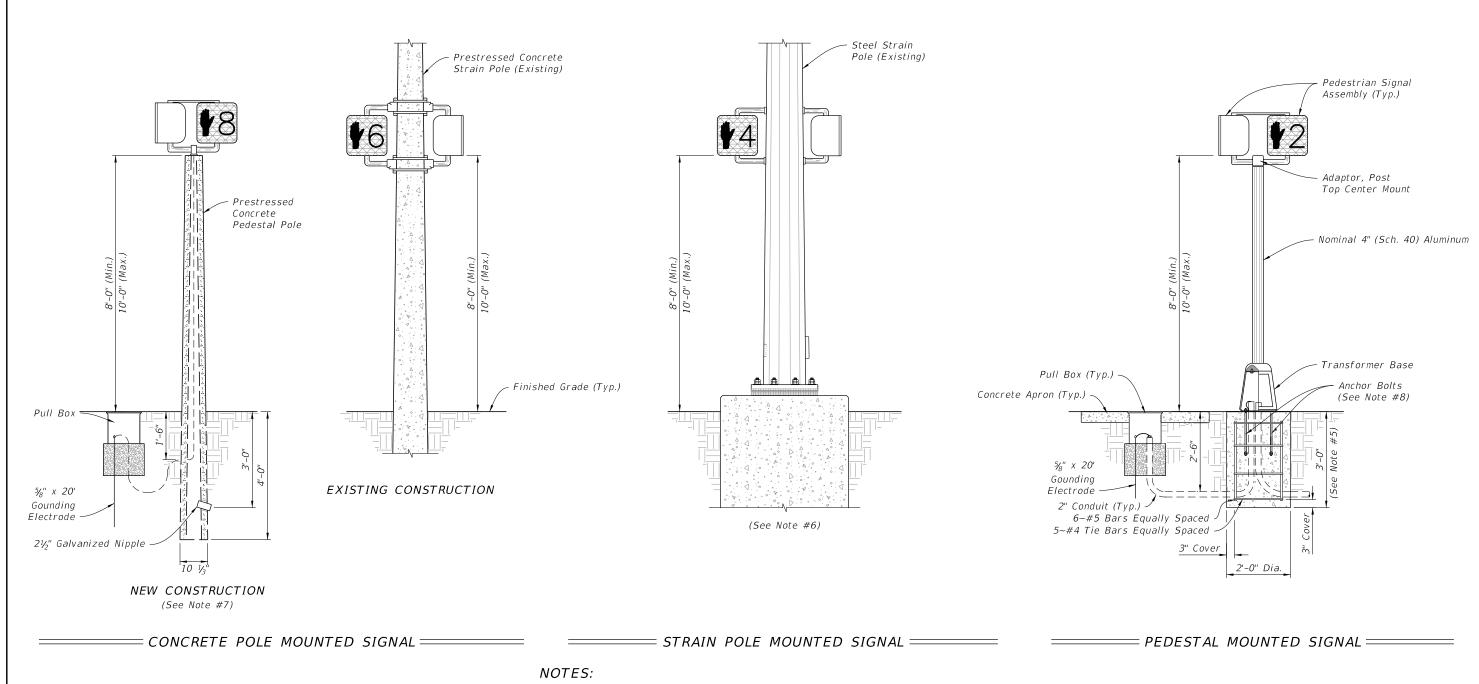
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- 1. As an option, pedestrian signals may be installed on concrete poles and pedestals using lead anchors (two bolts same size per hub) in lieu of the stainless steel bands.
- 2. Repair drilled or punched holes in galvanized steel poles or pedestals in accordance with Specifications 562. Install grommets or bushings in each hole.
- 3. Meet grounding requirements of Specifications 620.
- 4. See APL for Department-approved Pedestrian Signal Assemblies and hardware.
- 5. Construct footing with Class I Concrete, footing may be Cast-In-Place (CIP) or Precast.
- 6. For Steel Strain Poles see Index 649-010.
- 7. For Prestressed Concrete Poles see Index 641-010.
- 8. Install 4 \sim $\frac{3}{4}$ " x 18" Anchor Bolts With Double Nuts. (ASTM F1554 Grade 55)
- 9. Meet the requirements of Specifications 646 for aluminum poles and transformer bases.

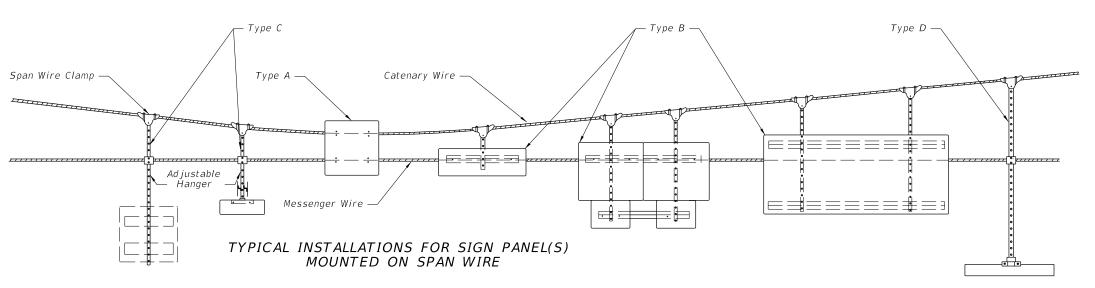
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DESCRIPTION:

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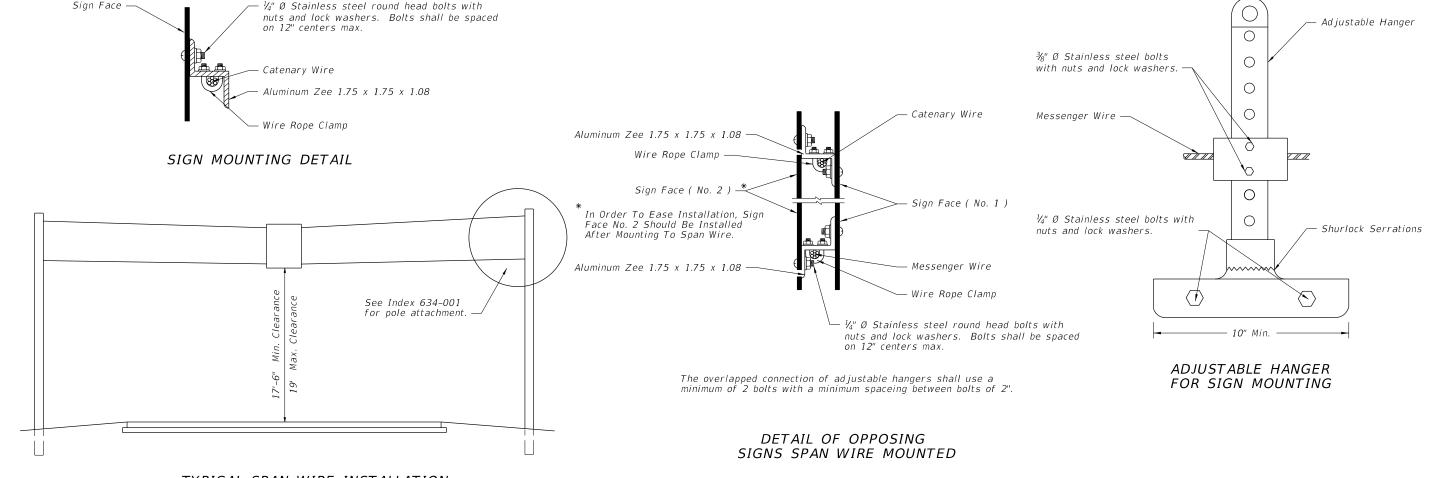
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INDEX 653-001 SHEET



Notes:

- 1. Bottom edge of signs shall be approximately at the
- 2. Type B & C attachments with one hanger shall have wind beams for signs wider than $3\frac{1}{2}$. The beams shall extend to within 6" of the sign edge.
- Type B & C attachments for signs 4' and wider shall have 2 hangers. Signs 7' and wider shall have wind beams that extend to within 6" of the sign edge.
- 4. Type D attachments shall be for signs $3\frac{1}{2}$ wide or less.
- 5. Sign panels shall meet the requirements of Index 700-020.
- Refer to section 634 of the Standard Specifications For Road And Bridge Construction.
- 7. All bolts, nuts, and washers shall be passivated stainless steel, AISI 300 series, commercial grade,



TYPICAL SPAN WIRE INSTALLATION

TWO POINT ATTACHMENT

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SPAN WIRE MOUNTED SIGN DETAILS

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DESCRIPTION:



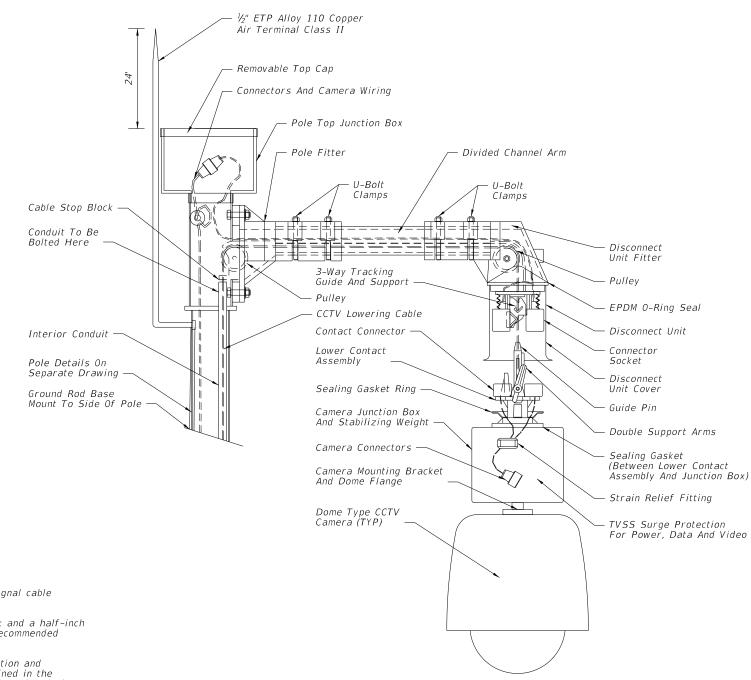


LAST

REVISION

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GENERAL NOTES:

DESCRIPTION:

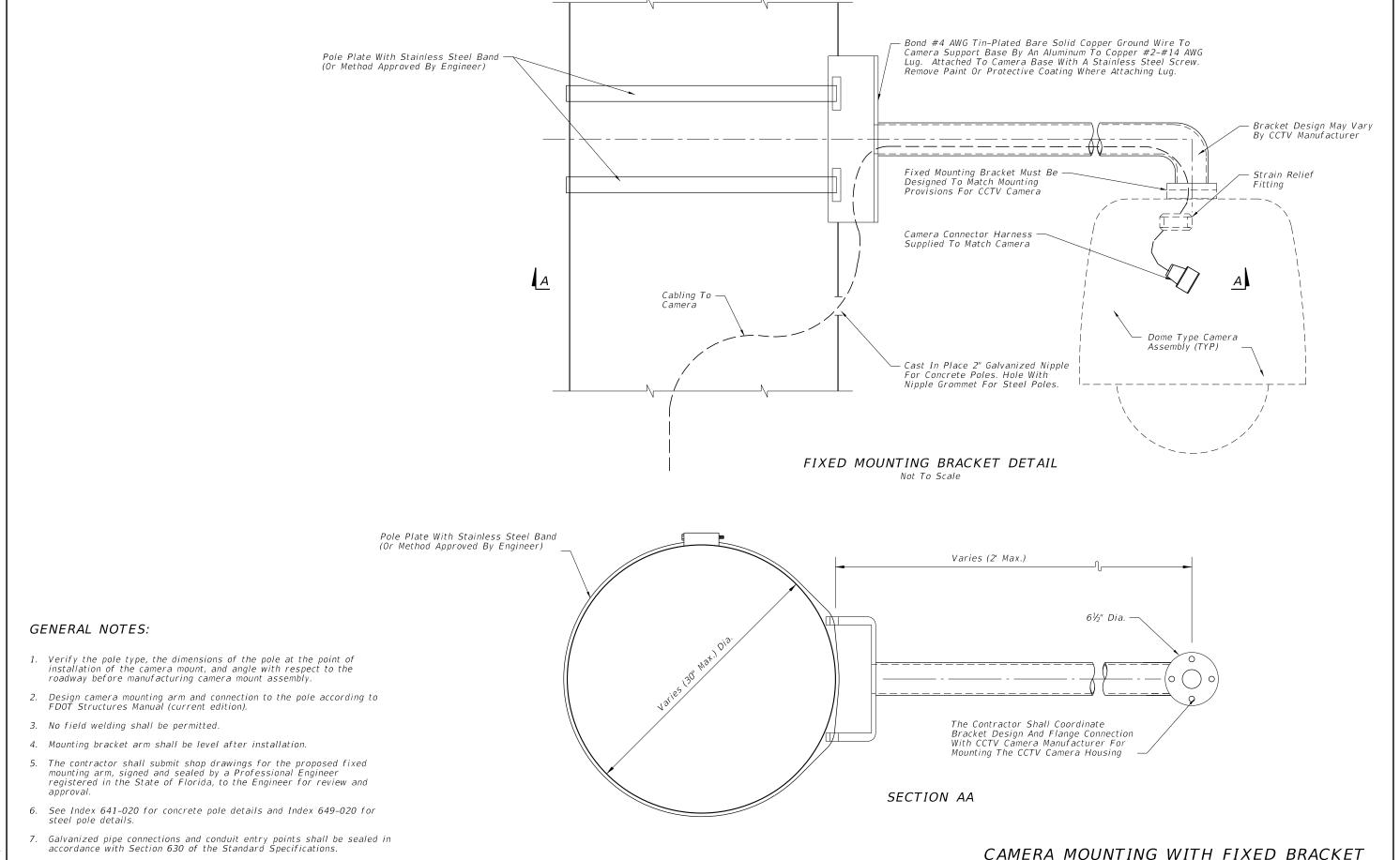
- 1. Lowering device to be shipped ready for pole attachment to include 100 ft. of composite power and signal cable prewired to lowering device at the factory.
- 2. The lowering device manufacturer shall supply both a portable lowering tool with a manual hand crank and a half-inch chuck variable-speed reversible industrial-duty electric drill that matches the winch's manufacturer-recommended revolutions per minute. One lowering tool per every 10 lowering devices is required.
- 3. The lowering device manufacturer shall provide an on-site installation inspection and operator instruction and certification. This ensures the product is assembled correctly and that all necessary persons are trained in the proper, safe operation of the system. Before erecting the first pole the contractor must contact the lowering device supplier and schedule a manufacturer's representative to be on-site.
- 4. Design camera mounting arm and connection to tenon according to FDOT Structures Manual (current edition).
- 5. Camera to be mounted to camera junction box and stabilizing weight via 1½" Standard NPT Pipe Thread.
- 6. Use air terminal extension when the pole top junction box is wider than top of pole.
- 7. The stainless steel device lowering cable shall be installed inside the pole within a 1 1/4" diameter PVC conduit.
- 8. All communication and power cables must be neatly bundled and secured.
- 9. Use a Camera Lowering Device listed on the Approved Product List (APL).
- 10. See Index 641-020 for concrete pole details and Index 649-020 for steel pole details.

CAMERA MOUNTING WITH LOWERING DEVICE

CAMERA LOWERING DEVICE DETAIL

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DESCRIPTION:

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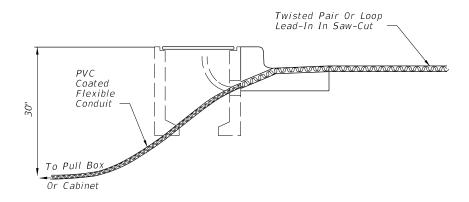
INDEX 659-020

SHEET 2 of 2

TWISTED PAIR AND LOOP LEAD-IN INSTALLATION WITH CURB & GUTTER

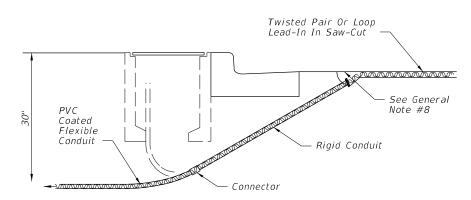
ALTERNATIVE 1

Drill A Hole Through The Curb At The Point Which The Required Saw-Cut Depth Is Obtained Just Prior To Cutting The Top Inside Edge Of The Curb. Slide A Section Of Flexible Conduit At Least 6" Into The Hole From The Back Side Of The Curb But Not Within 2" Of The Top Of The Hole. The Conduit Shall Fit Snug Within The Drilled Hole. Fill The Top Of The Hole With Loop Sealant To The Level Of The Curb Surface. A Nonmetallic Material Should Be Used To Prevent Excessive Loop Sealant From Entering The Flexible Conduit.



ALTERNATIVE 2

Drill A Hole ½" To 1" Larger In Diameter Than The Rigid Conduit To Be Used Through The Roadway Asphalt (Or Concrete) Surface And Base At An Appropriate Angle To Intercept The Trench Or Pull Box Hole. Place A Predetermined Length Of Rigid Conduit In The Hole And Drive The Conduit Into The Trench Or Hole. Install A Molded Bushing (Nonmetallic) On The Roadway End Of The Rigid, Conduit. The Top Of The Rigid Conduit Shall Be Approximately 2" Below The Roadway Surface. Fill The Hole With Loop Sealant To The Level Of The Roadway Surface. A Nonmetallic Material Should Be Used To Prevent Excessive Loop Sealant From Entering The Rigid Conduit.

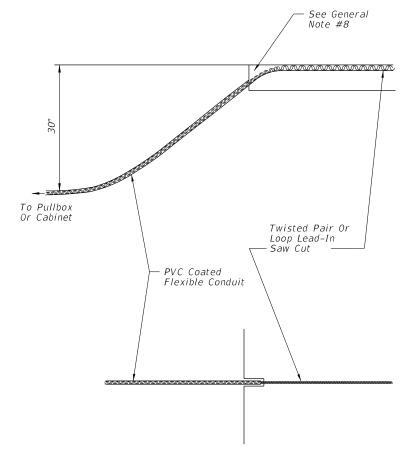


Other alternatives may be approved by the State Traffic Operations Engineer.

DESCRIPTION:

TWISTED PAIR AND LOOP LEAD-IN INSTALLATION WITHOUT CURB & GUTTER

Cut A Slot In The Edge Of The Roadway Of Sufficient Size And Depth To Snugly Place The End Of The Flexible conduit. The End Of The Conduit Shall Be At Least 6" Into The Roadway And approximately 2" Below The Top Of The Roadway Surface. The Departure Angle Of The Conduit From The Roadway Shall Be 30° To 45°.

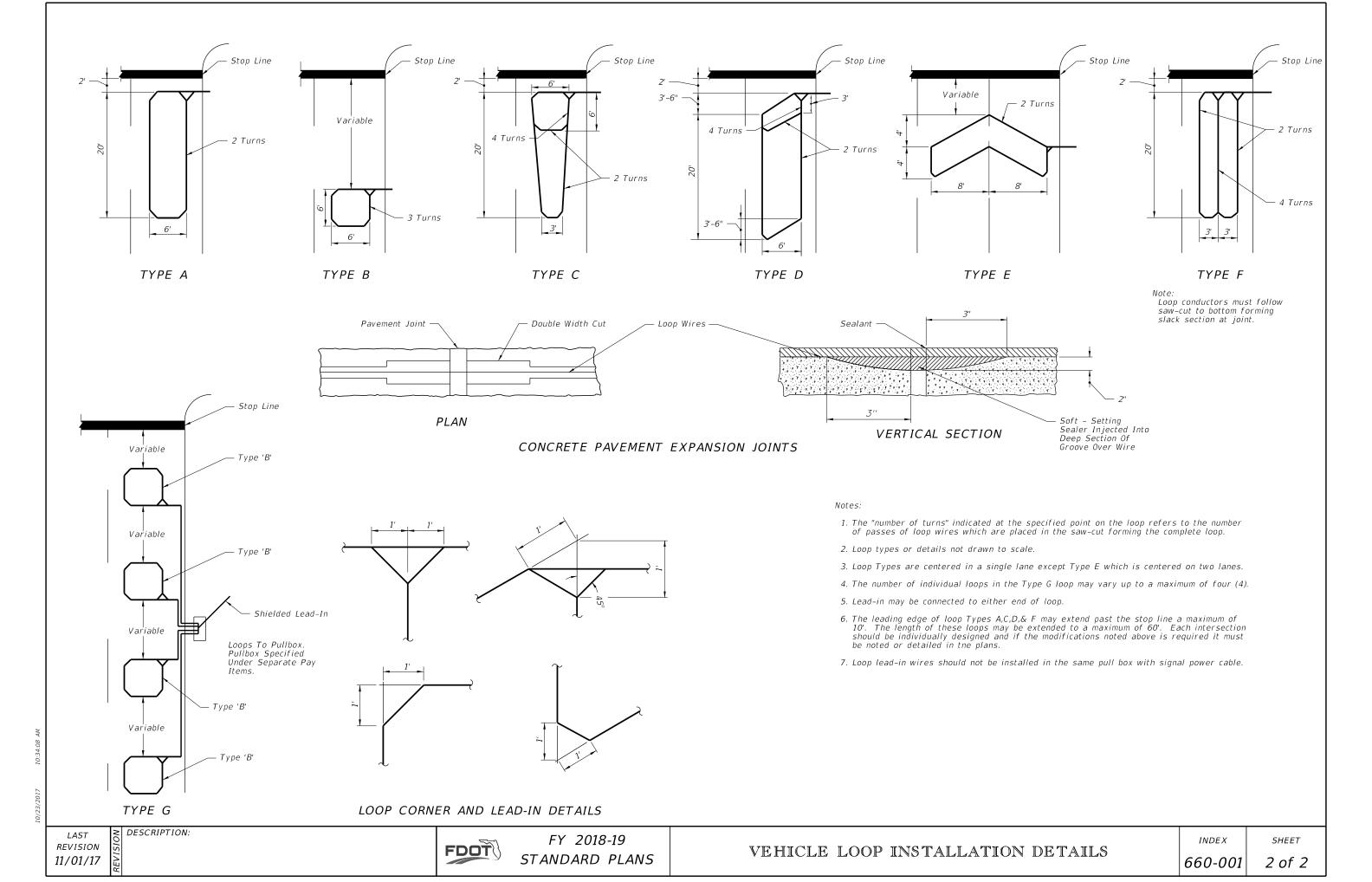


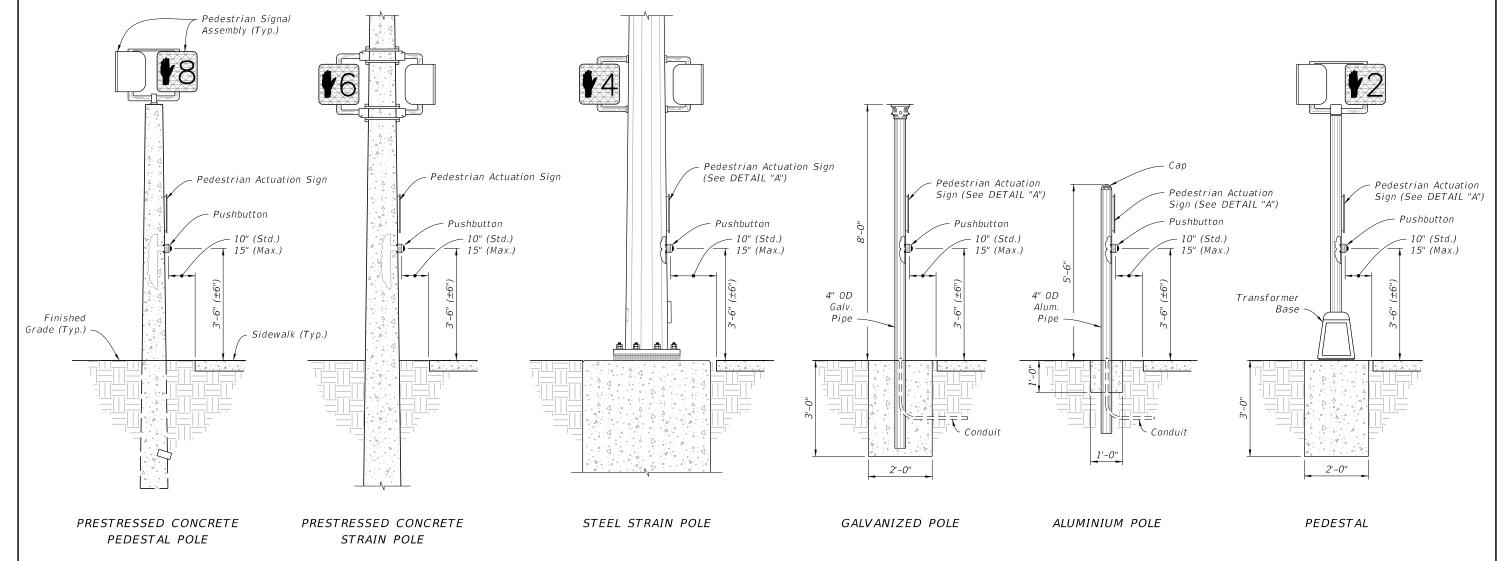
Other alternatives may be approved by the State Traffic Operations Engineer

GENERAL NOTES

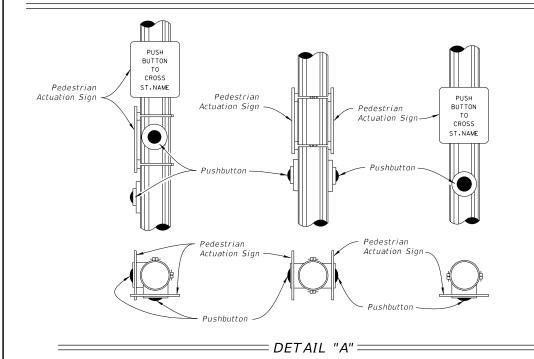
- 1. If the loop lead-in is 75' or less from the edge of the loop detector to controller cabinet, continue the twisted pair to the cabinet. If the loop lead-in is greater than 75' continue the twisted pair to the specified pullbox, splice to shielded lead-in wire and continue to the controller
- 2. The width of all saw cuts shall be sufficient to allow unforced placement of loop wires or lead-in cables into the saw cut. The depth of all saw cuts, except across expansion joints, shall be 3" standard with a maximum of 4".
- 3. On resurfacing or new roadway construction projects, the loop wires and lead-in cables will be installed in the asphalt structural course prior to the placement of the final asphalt wearing course. The loop wires and lead-in cables shall be placed in a saw cut in the structural course. The depth of the cables below the top of the final surface shall comply with note 2.
- 4. A nonmetallic hold down material shall be used to secure loop wires and lead-ins to the bottom of saw-cuts. Hold down material shall be placed at approximately 12" intervals around loops and 24" intervals on lead-ins.
- 5. The minimum distance between the twisted pairs of loop lead-in wire is 6" from the loop to 12" from the pavement edge or curb.
- 6. Splice Connections in pull boxes with UL listed, watertight, insulated enclosures. Place one enclosure over the end of each conductor and place a third enclosure over the exposed end of the shielded cable.
- 7. As an alternate, a larger diameter enclosure that will accommodate both the splices of the conductors and the exposed end of the shielded cable may be
- 8. The maximum area of asphalt to be disturbed shall be 6"x 6". This area shall be restored as directed by the Engineer.

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NOTES:

- 1. Mount Signs above the detectors. See Index 700-102 or MUTCD for sign details.
- 2. Position the pedestrian pushbutton to clearly indicate which crosswalk signal is actuated by each pushbutton.
- 3. Mount pushbuttons and Signs in accordance with Specification 665.
- 4. Install all grounding per Specification 620.
- 5. Pushbutton mounting height shown above is taken at the center of the actuation switch.

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DESCRIPTION:

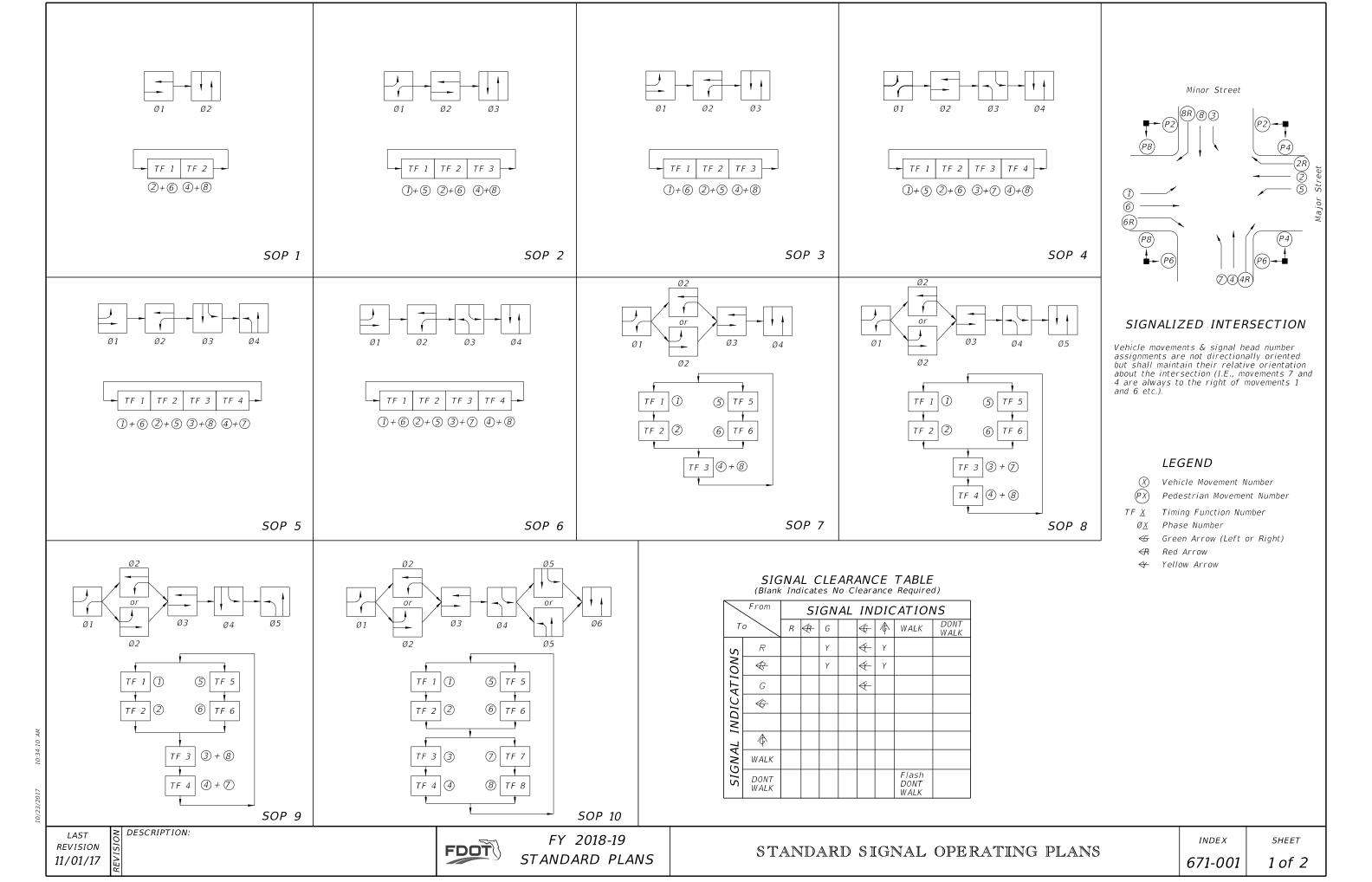
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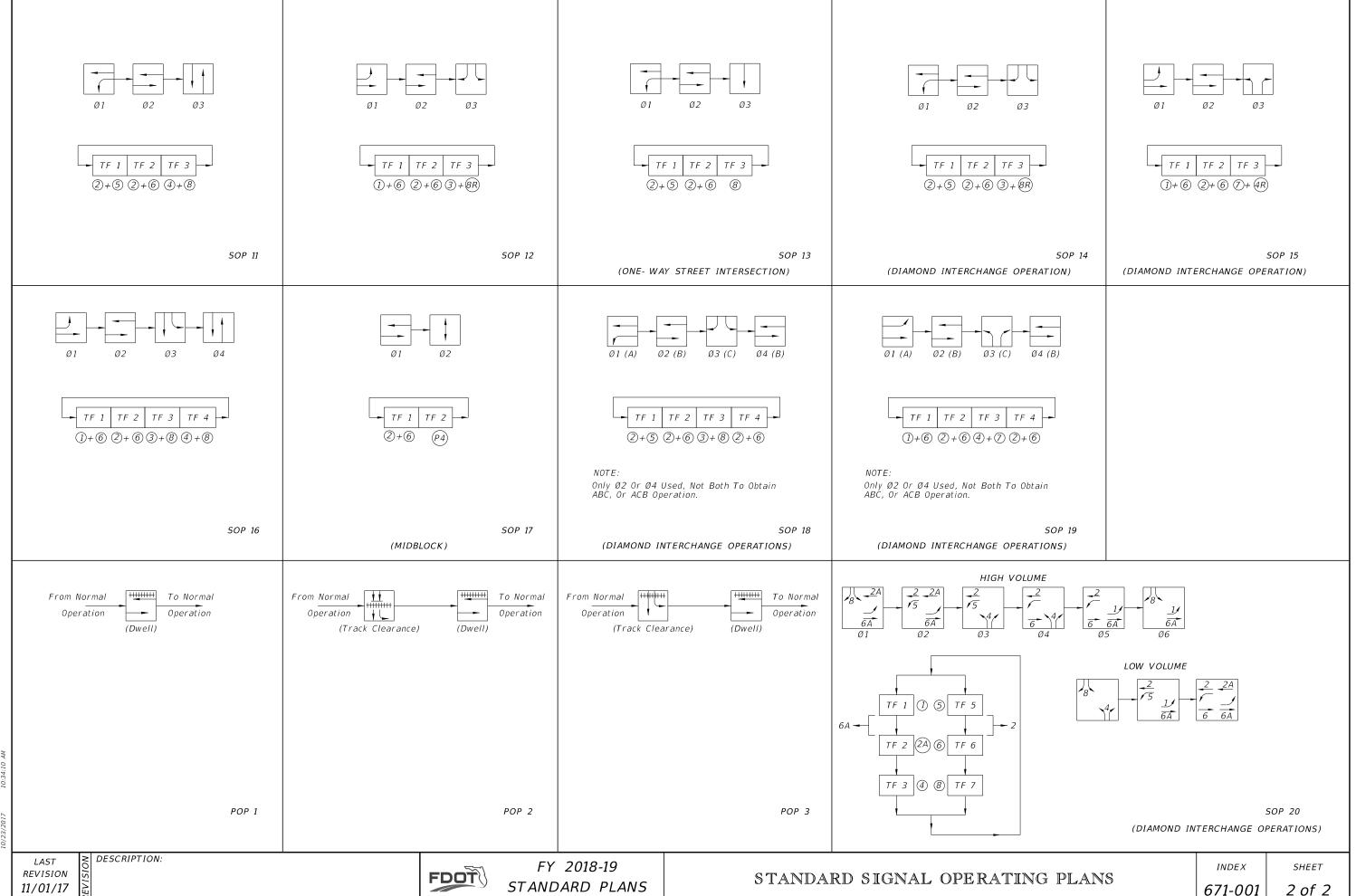
PEDESTRIAN DETECTOR ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION DETAILS

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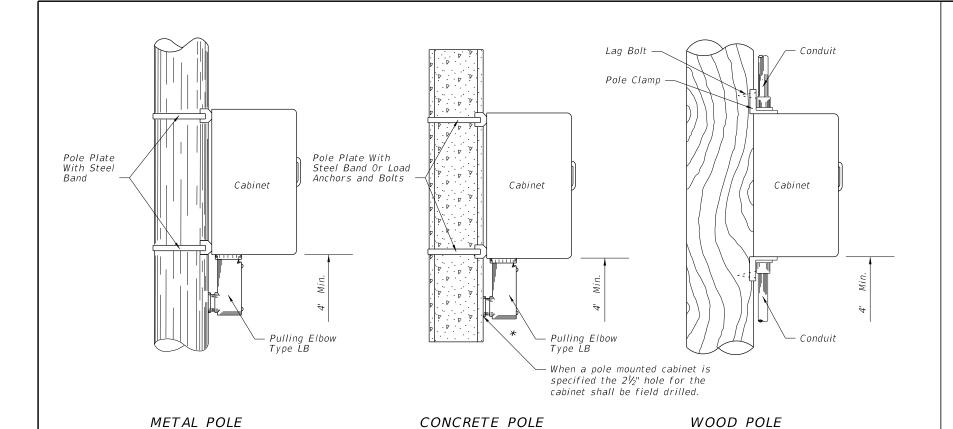
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STANDARD PLANS

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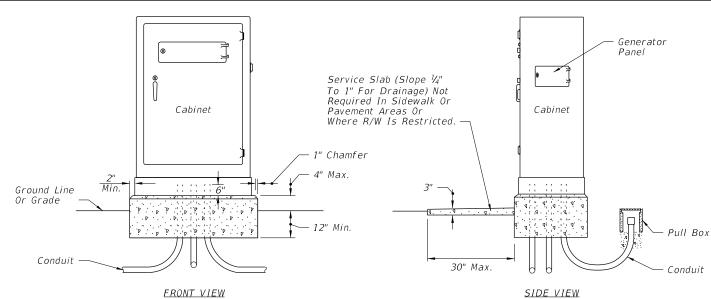
POLE MOUNTED CABINET

Junction Box Junction Box Pole Plate With Steel Band (Or Method Approved By The Engineer) 1" Chamfer Conduit Bolts (Rigid) Conduit %" x 20' Grounding Electrode

> POLE MOUNTED BASE MOUNTED INTERCONNECT JUNCTION BOX

Liquidtight flexible conduit is approved for use from the electrical disconnect to the cabinet when both are installed on the same pole.

* If holes for cabinet mounting require relocation, original holes shall be filled in with concrete or covered with a noncorrosive cover plate.



Notes:

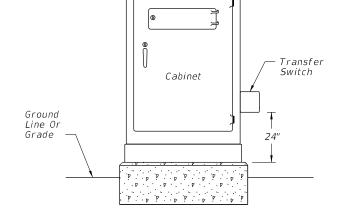
DESCRIPTION:

1. The number, size and orientation of conduit sweep will vary according to site condition or locations. Two spare 2" PVC conduits shall be provided in all bases. The spares shall exit in the direction of the center rear of the cabinet base, into a pullbox and capped with a weathertight fitting. If obstructions prevent the spare conduit from exiting to the rear, or the rear of the cabinet is located on the R/W line, a side exit of the spare conduits will have to be approved by the project engineer. All spare conduit sweeps shall be capped with a weatherproof fitting.

NEW CONTROLLER CABINET

- 2. Meet all grounding rquirements of the Standard Specifications 620.
- 3. New Controller Cabinet installation shall meet the requirements of the Standard Specifications 676.

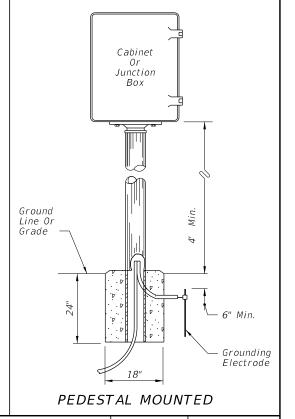




ERONT VIEW Notes:

1. Existing controller cabinets to be retrofitted shall meet the requirements of the Standard Specifications 678.

2. The signalized intersection controller cabinet retrofit installation procedures are located at: http://www.fdot.gov/Traffic/Doc Library/Doc Library.shtm for Generator Power for Signalized Intersection



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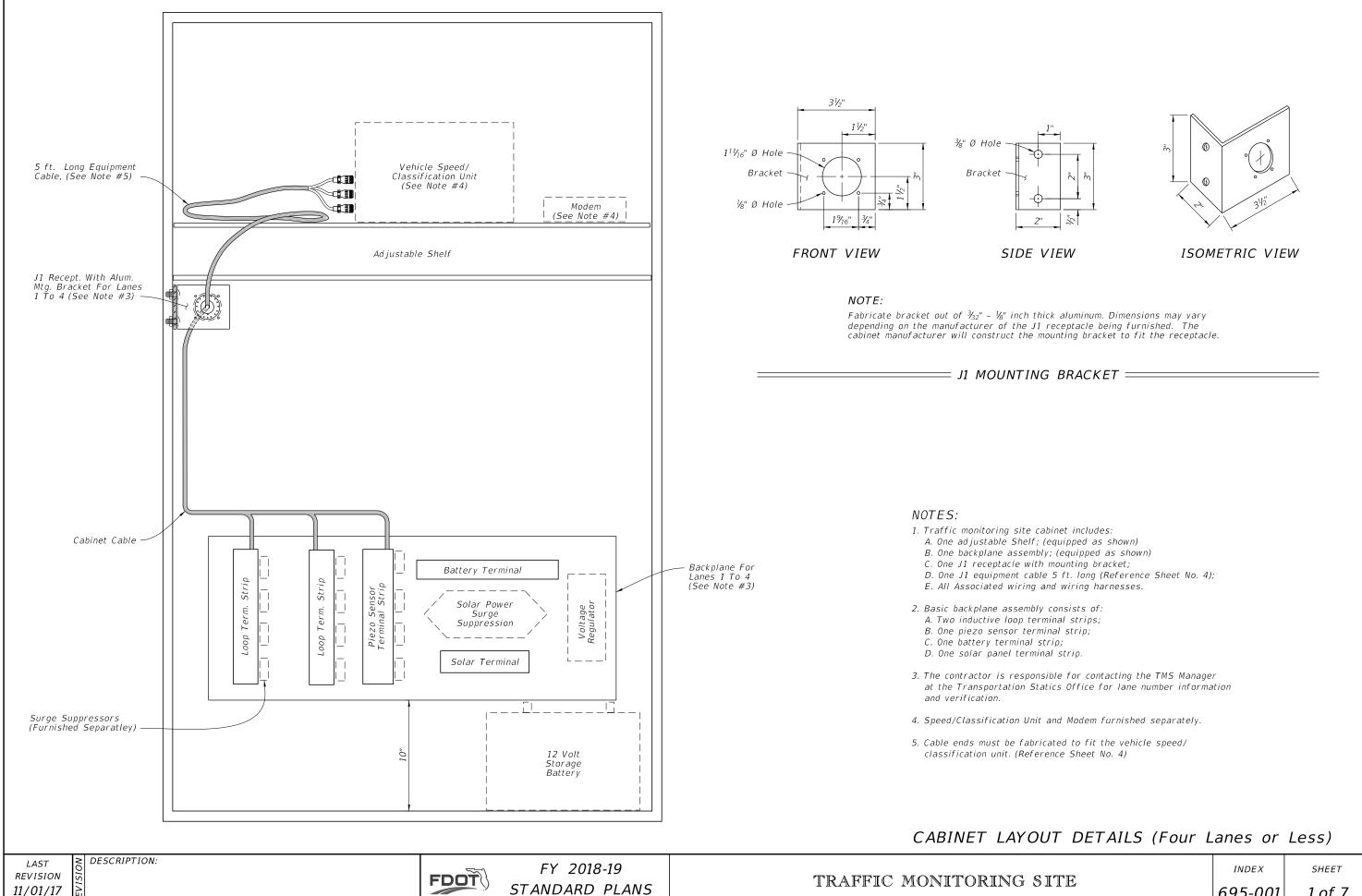
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CABINET INSTALLATION DETAILS

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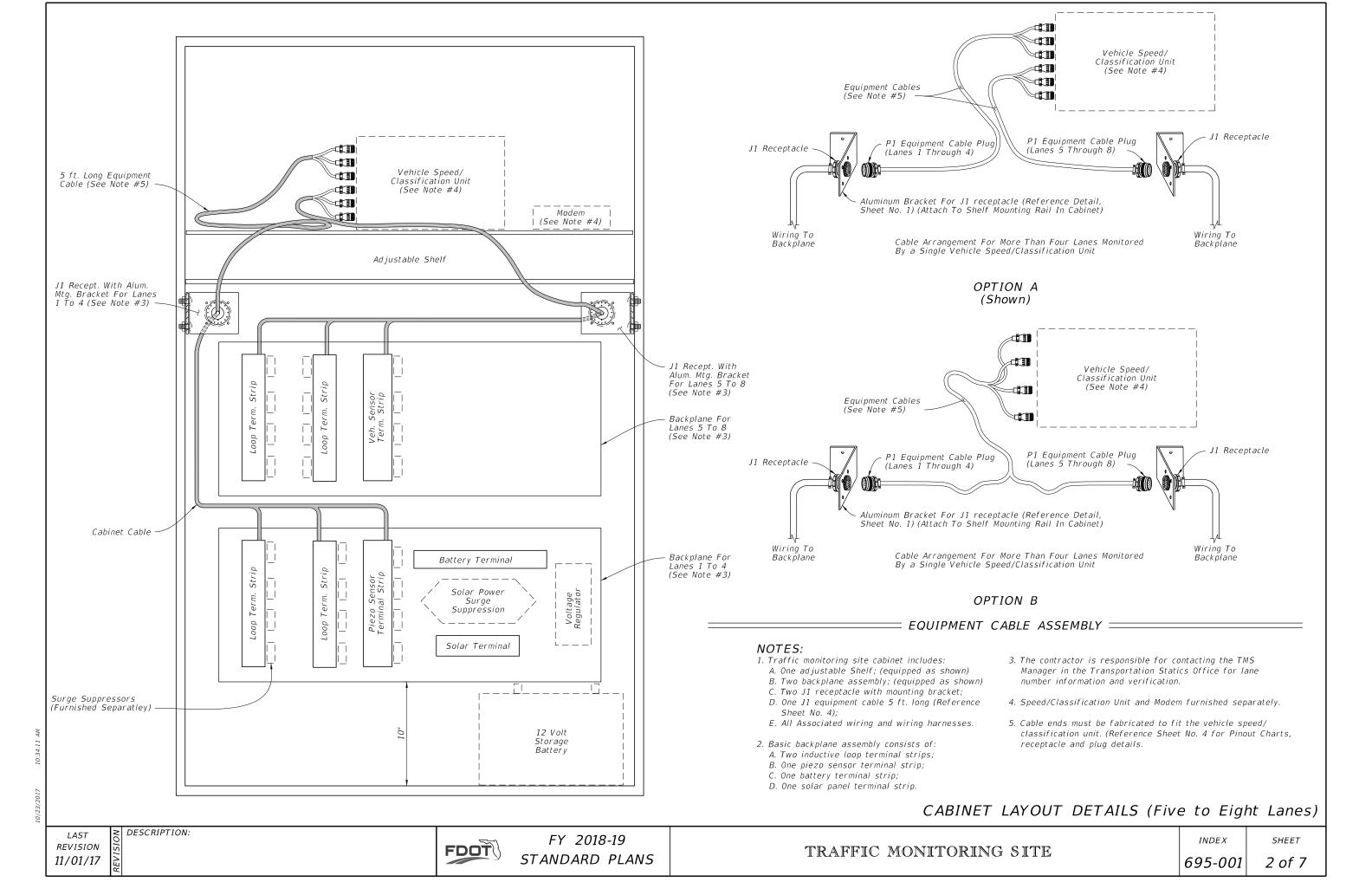
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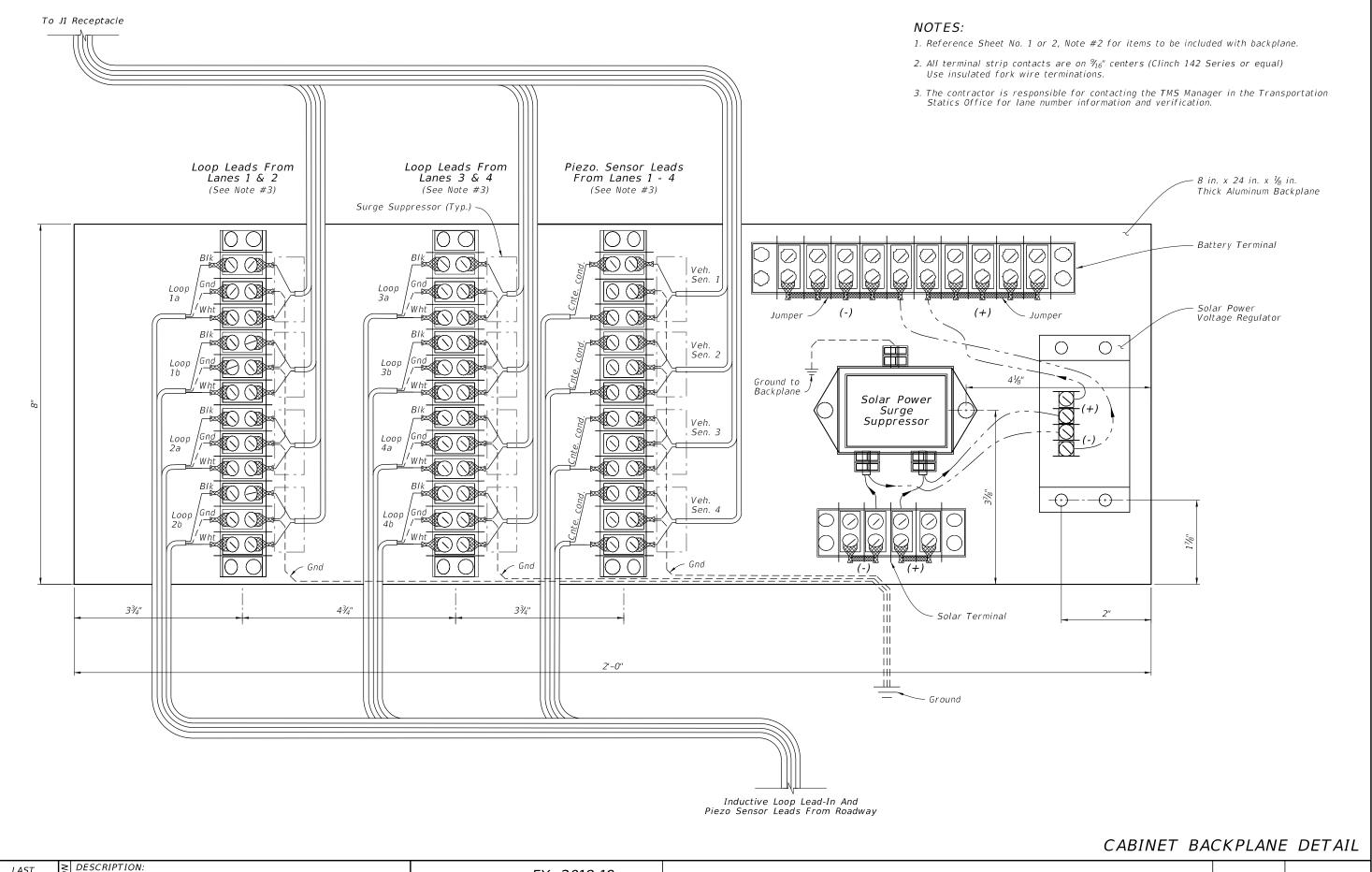


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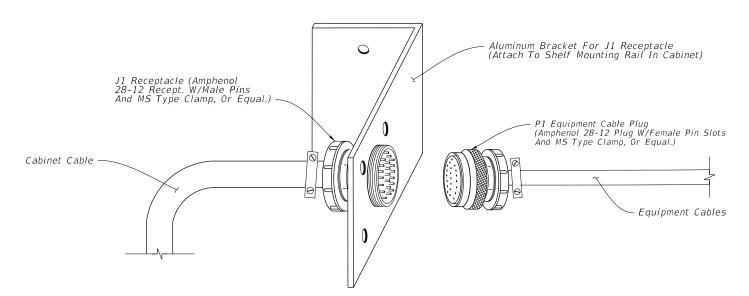


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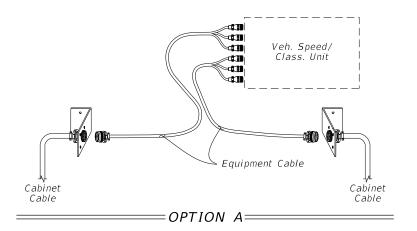
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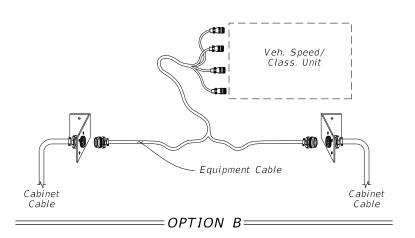
SHEET



	J1 RECEPTACLE PINOUT		
26 Recessed Male Pins			
Α	Loop 1a (5a) yellow		
В	Loop 1a (5a) purple		
С	Loop 1b (5b) gray		
D	Loop 1b (5b) pink		
Ε	Loop 2a (6a) brown		
F	Loop 2a (6a) blue		
G	Loop 2b (6b) orange		
Н	Loop 2b (6b) tan		
J	Loop 3a (7a) white		
К	Loop 3a (7a) green		
L	Loop 3b (7b) red		
М	Loop 3b (7b) black		
N	Gnd		
Р	Loop 4a (8a) w/yellow		
R	Loop 4a (8a) w/purple		
S	Loop 4b (8b) w/gray		
T	Loop 4b (8b) w/brown		
U	Piezo 1 (5) (+) w/blue		
V	Piezo 1 (5) sh w/orange		
W	Piezo 2 (6) (+) w/green		
Х	Piezo 2 (6) sh w/red		
Y	Piezo 3 (7) (+) w/black		
Z	Piezo 3 (7) sh w/red/blk		
а	Piezo 4 (8) (+) red/ green		
b	Piezo 4 (8) sh red/yellow		
d	Gnd red/black		

J1	J1 EQUIPMENT CABLE PLUG			
26 Female Pin Slots				
Α	Loop 1a (5a)			
В	Loop 1a (5a)	Connect To Electronics Unit		
С	Loop 1b (5b)			
D	Loop 1b (5b)			
E	Loop 2a (6a)			
F	Loop 2a (6a)			
G	Loop 2b (6b)			
Н	Loop 2b (6b)			
N	Gnd			
J	Loop 3a (7a)			
К	Loop 3b (7b)			
L	Loop 3b (7b)	t		
М	Loop 3b (7b)	Connect To Iectronics Unit		
P	Loop 4a (8a)			
R	Loop 4a (8a)			
S	Loop 4b (8b)	E/e		
T	Loop 4b (8b)			
d	Gnd			
U	Piezo 1 (5) (+)			
V	Piezo 1 sh			
W	Piezo 2 (6) (+)	nit		
Х	Piezo 2 sh	Connect To Electronics Un		
Υ	Piezo 3 (7) (+)			
Z	Piezo 3 sh			
а	Piezo 4 (8) (+)			
b	Piezo 4 sh			





NOTES

- 1. The contractor is responsible for contacting the TMS Manager in the Transportation Statics Office for lane number information and verification.
- 2. The equipment cable can accommodate up to four lanes of inductive loop and piezo sensor inputs. (Reference Sheet No. 1 for cabinet layout)
- 3. For more than four lanes and up to eight lanes of inputs, the following options are available:
- A. Second Vehicle Speed/Class. Unit and separate equipment cable connecting to a second J1 receptacle; or
- B. Single Vehicle Speed/Class. Unit capable of up to eight lanes of inputs and a single equipment cable with split ends to fit two J1 receptacles. (Reference Sheet 2 detail)
- 4. Numbers in parenthesis in the pinout chart identify lane numbers when a second backplane for lanes 5 through 8 is required.
- 5. Cable Ends must be fabricated to fit the vehicle Speed/Classification Unit.

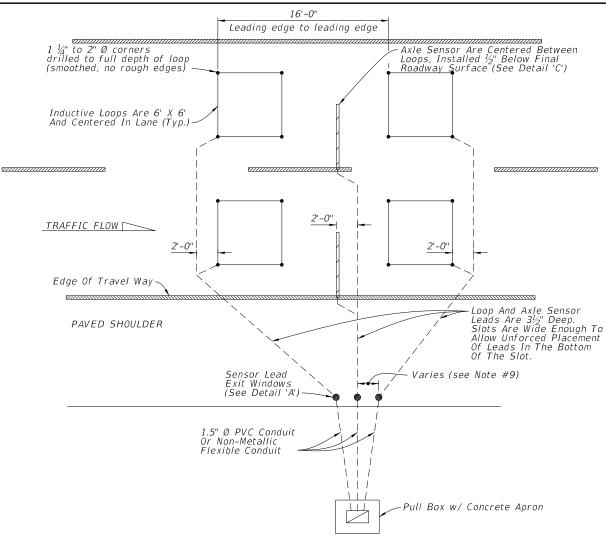
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DESCRIPTION:

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- 2. Cut a $3\frac{1}{2}$ " deep slot for the Inductive loops. Loop slots will be cut wide enough to allow unforced placement of the wire into the bottom of the slot. Four turns of #14 AWG, place the IMSA 51-7 copper wire in the slot. Place
- 3. Twist loop leads at the rate of 8 to 16 twists per foot. Loops that are within 150' of the cabinet, extend the twisted pair loop wire directly to the cabinet. For distances over 150', #14 IMSA 50-2 shielded lead-in cable must be spliced to the loop wire twisted pair at the first pull box to which the loop wire is pulled.
- 4. Marking will consist of two rounds of contrasting colored tape, one color for the lane number and the second color for the lead loop location in the lane. The first band closest to the cabinet will represent the lane number, one round of tape will be for lane 1 and two rounds will be lane 2, etc. The lead loop in lane one would have one round of tape and a second round of a contrasting colored tape for the lead loop in the lane. The trailing loop would not have a second contrasting colored band of tape.
- 5. See Index 635-001 for pull box and apron details.
- 6. All splices will be performed using splice kits designed for direct burial. Splice kits will include screw on wire connectors and a housing with sufficient sealant to fully encapsulate the spliced connections. Taped splices are not permitted.
- 7. Use a chalk line or string and paint to layout the position of the sensor and lead-in cable slots. Ensure saw cuts do not deviate more than 0.5 inches from the chalk line. Use a single blade or ganged blade saw wide enough to cut the axle sensor slot at full width in a single pass. Cutting two slots and chipping out roadway material between
- 8. All sensor slots and any cuts in the roadway will be thoroughly blown out to ensure there is no dust or debris prior to installation of sensors or leads.
- 9. Install Exit Windows at least 2' apart.

DESCRIPTION:

= TYPICAL FOR UP TO 4 LANES OF SENSOR LEADS PULLED TO ONE SIDE OF THE ROADWAY ==

LANE LAYOUT FOR TMS INDUCTIVE LOOP AND AXLE SENSOR

REVISION 11/01/17

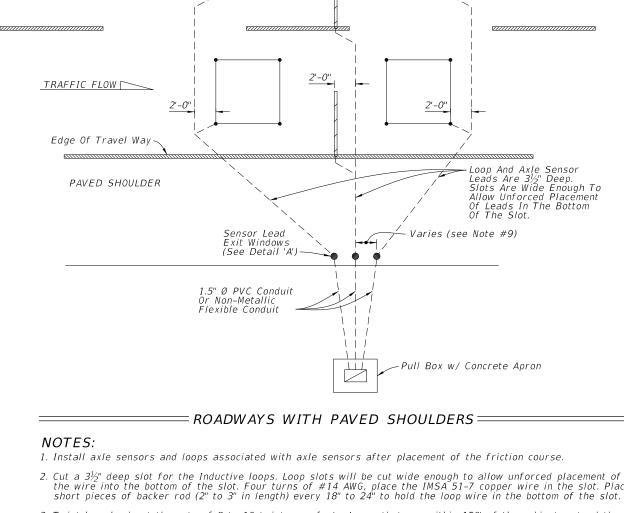


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1.5" Ø PVC Conduit Or Non-Metallic Flexible Conduit — *=CURB & GUTTER ROADWAYS=* Paved Shoulder Curb & Gutter 1.5" Ø PVC Or Non-Metallic Flexible Conduit

2'-0"

Sensor Lead Exit Windows

(See Detail 'B')

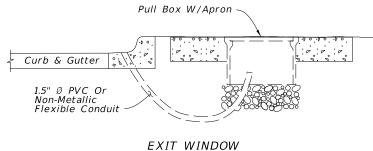


1½" to 2" Ø corners drilled to full depth of loop (smoothed, no rough edges)

Inductive Loops Are 6' X 6' And Centered In Lane (Typ.)

TRAFFIC FLOW

Edge Of Travel Way

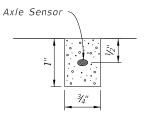


= DETAIL 'B' =

Pull Box w/ Concrete Apron

-Axle Sensor Are Centered Between Loops, Installed ½" Below Final Roadway Surface (See Detail 'C')

Loop And Axle Sensor Leads Are 3½" Deep. Slots Are Wide Enough To Allow Unforced Placement Of Leads In The Bottom Of The Slot.

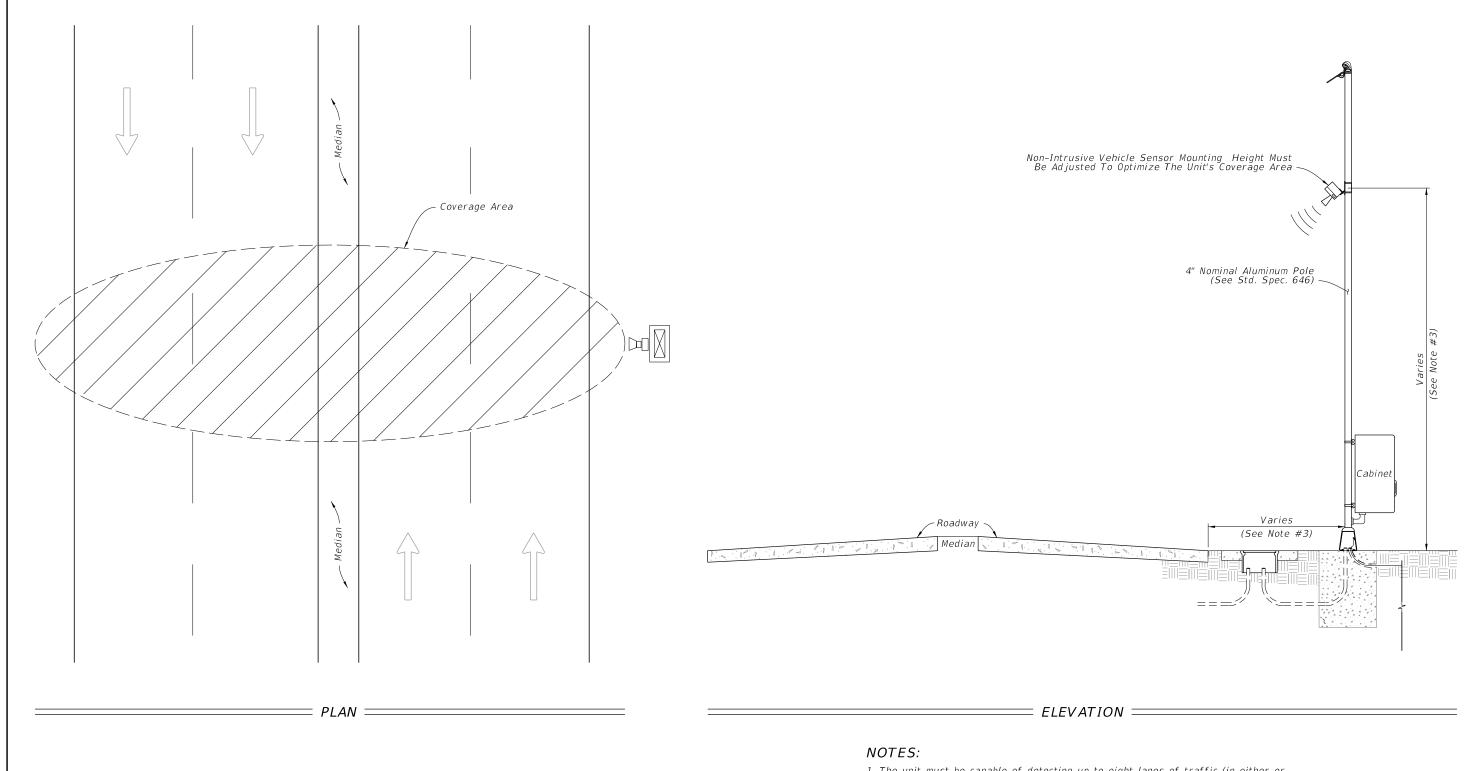


16'-0"

Leading edge to leading edge

End Of Sensor Extends Into The Edge/Lane Stripe

END VIEW (Axle Sensor Slot) _____ DETAIL 'C' ____



- 1. The unit must be capable of detecting up to eight lanes of traffic (in either or both directions) when mounted perpendicular to the roadway.
- 2. Coverage area of the unit is affected by the roadway geometry: distance from the travel lanes, median type and width, barrier walls, etc.
- 3. Mounting height of the unit and offset from the roadway must be determined on a site-by-site basis, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended guidelines. Offset of pole must be greater than or equal to minimum clear zone requirements.

NON-INTRUSIVE VEHICLE SENSOR

REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

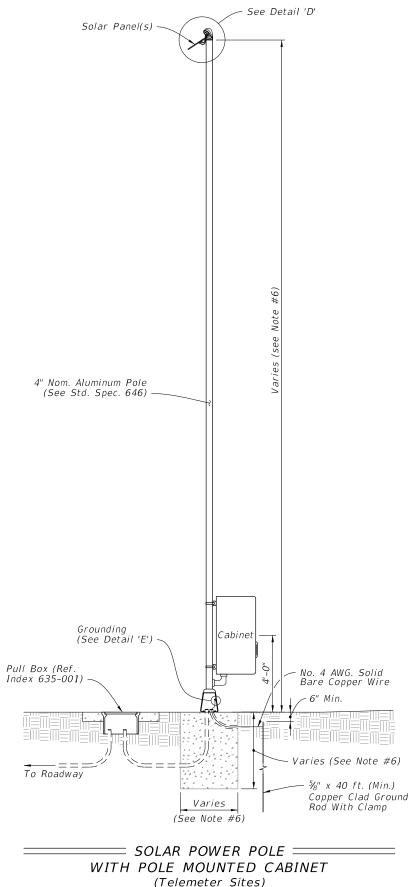
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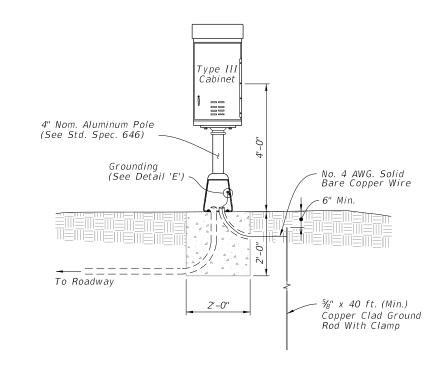
695-001



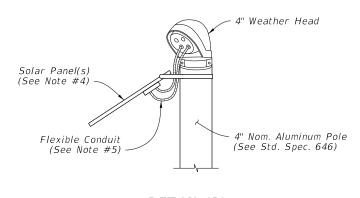
(Telemeter Sites)

NOTE:

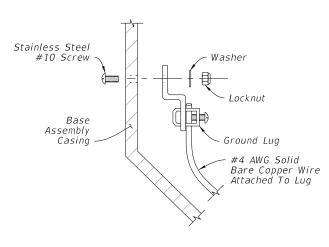
- 1. Cabinet installed per Index 676-010 except cabinet center will be 4 feet
- 2. Place pole in accordance with the Standard Specification 125.4 and 125.8.2.
- 3. Use #10 AWG stranded copper wire for Solar Panel Array installations, Red insulation is THHN or THWN for positive 12 volts wiring, Black insulation is THHN or THWN for negative, 12 volts wiring, Green insulation is THHN or THWN for ground bonding of the solar panel frame to the pole and earth.
- 4. Solar panel should be installed facing due south with angle of tilt equal to the sum of the following equation. The Latitude of the panel's location, multiplied by 0.76, plus 3.1 degrees. Equation expressed as (LAT)X(0.76)+(3.1°)
- 5. Encase all wiring from the weather head to the solar panel in outdoor flexible conduit.
- 6. Concrete Base Requirments:
- a. 4' poles: 2'-0" X 2'-0" wide, a depth of 2'-0"
- b. 12', 15' or 20' poles: 3'-0" X 3'-0" wide, a depth of 3'-0"
- c. 30' or 35' poles: 3'-0" X 3'-0" wide, a depth of 4'-0"







DETAIL 'D' =



DETAIL 'E' =

REVISION 11/01/17

DESCRIPTION:

FDOT

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SHEET