### JANUARY 1, 2008 UPDATES

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**Status Key:**

- **P** - Preliminary
- **C** - Complete but subject to change
- **F** - Final

* Projects which have a structures plans component are required to submit the latest set of structures plans with the Phase II roadway submittal.
2.3.2.1 Requirements for Phase I Submittal

Unless otherwise directed by the district, the following elements are required for a Phase I set of plans.

**KEY SHEET**
- Location Map w/ location of project on map
- All applicable Financial Project ID's
- (Federal Funds) notation, if applicable
- Exceptions & Equations
- County Name
- State Road Number
- Length of project box
- North arrow and scale
- Approval signature lines
- Railroad crossing (if applicable)
- Revision box
- Governing Standards & Specifications dates
- Project Manager's Name
- Begin & end project station and begin mile post
- Begin & end bridge stations
- Consultant's name, address, contract number, Certificate of Authorization number and vendor number (if applicable)

**DRAINAGE MAP - PROFILE VIEW**
- Preliminary profile grade & existing ground line
- Horizontal & vertical scale
- Begin & end stations of project, bridges, bridge culverts & exceptions
- Equations

**INTERCHANGE DRAINAGE MAP**
- North arrow and scale
- Stationing along baselines
- Ramp baselines with nomenclature
- Begin and end bridge stationing
- Preliminary interchange configuration
- R/W lines
- Preliminary interchange drainage with drainage areas and flow direction arrows

**DRAINAGE MAP - PLAN VIEW**
- North arrow and scale
- Drainage divides and ground elevations
- Drainage areas and flow direction arrows
- Equations
- High water information as required
- Preliminary horizontal alignment
- Section, township, range lines
- Street names
- Begin & end stations of project, bridge, bridge culverts & exceptions
- Existing structures & pipes with relevant information

**TYPICAL SECTIONS**
- Mainline and crossroad typicals
- R/W lines
- Special details (bifurcated sections, high fills, etc.)
- Traffic data

**PROJECT LAYOUT / Reference Points**
- Plan-profile sheet sequence (mainline and crossroads)
- Reference points (if layout sheet is required)
PLANNED AND PROFILE - PLAN VIEW
North arrow and scale
Baseline of survey, equations
Curve data (including superelevation)
Existing topography including utilities
Preliminary horizontal geometrics/dimensions
Existing & proposed R/W lines (if available)
Centerline of construction (if different from the baseline of survey)
Begin and end stations for the project, bridges, bridge culverts and exceptions
Reference points (if project layout sheet not included in plans set)

PLAN AND PROFILE - PROFILE VIEW
Scale
Appropriate existing utilities
Bench mark information
Preliminary profile grade line
Equations
Existing ground line with elevations at each end of sheet
Begin and End Stations for the Project, bridges, bridge culverts and exceptions.

SPECIAL PROFILE
Scale
Ramp profile worksheet including nose sections
Existing ground line of intersections
Preliminary grade line of intersections
Preliminary curb return profiles, if applicable

BACK-OF-SIDEWALK PROFILE (Worksheet)
Scale
Begin and end project stations
Begin and end sidewalk stations
Cross-street locations and elevations
Drainage flow direction arrows
Mainline equations
Existing driveway locations and details
Superelevation details
Back-of-side walk profile grades and vertical curve information
Building floor elevations with offset distance left and right
Gradeline notation: Specifically the numeric difference relative to roadway profile gradeline

INTERCHANGE DETAIL
North arrow and scale
Schematic of traffic flow and volumes
Proposed bridge limits
R/W lines
Preliminary configuration and geometrics
Quadrant Identification
Ramp Labels

INTERSECTION LAYOUT
North arrow and scale
Existing topography (if applicable)
Proposed R/W limits
Length of turn lanes
Taper lengths
Existing Utilities
Geometric dimensions (radii, offsets, widths)

CROSS SECTIONS*
Scale
Existing ground line
Existing survey baseline elevations
Station numbers
Baseline of survey labeled
Existing utilities
Proposed template with profile grade elevations along mainline and cross-streets as necessary

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS
Project specific
Other worksheets as necessary to convey concept and scope.

LANDSCAPE PLANS
Conceptual landscape plan

*May require accompanying cross section pattern sheet
2.3.2.2 Requirements for Phase II Submittal

Unless otherwise directed by the district, the following elements are required for a Phase II set of plans.

**KEY SHEET**
- Index of sheets
- Contract plans and component plans list

**SUMMARY OF PAY ITEMS**
- Item numbers with descriptions (on 8 ½” x 11” paper until the project proposal has been created)

**DRAINAGE MAP - PLAN VIEW**
- Proposed structures with structure numbers
- Proposed storm drain pipes
- Flow arrows along proposed ditches
- Retention/Detention ponds, pond number and area size
- Cross drains with pipe sizes and structure numbers
- Bridges/bridge culverts with begin and end stations
- Flood data (if applicable)

**DRAINAGE MAP - PROFILE VIEW**
- Ditch gradients including DPIs
- Final roadway profile grade line
- Mainline storm drain pipes
- Mainline flow line elevations
- Mainline structures with structure numbers and pipes
- Bridge, Bridge Culvert
- Cross drains with pipe sizes, structure numbers and flow line elevation

**INTERCHANGE DRAINAGE MAP**
- Final geometrics including PC and PT
- Proposed structures with structure numbers
- Proposed storm drain pipes
- Special ditches with DPI and elevation

**TYPICAL SECTIONS**
- Pavement Design

**OPTIONAL MATERIALS TABULATION**
- Material type
- Structure number station and description
- Durability, cover requirements
- Optional culvert material application
- Culvert service life estimator
- Design service life

**PROJECT LAYOUT**
- Complete

**PLAN AND PROFILE - PLAN VIEW**
- Curb return numbers, station ties and elevations
- Proposed drainage structures with structure no.
- Proposed R/W lines
- Existing utilities
- Proposed side drain pipe requirements (including size) for access and intersections
- Final geometrics and dimensions including radii, station pluses, offsets, widths, taper/transition lengths, curve data
- General notes (if project layout sheet not included)
- Flood data if not shown elsewhere
- Limits of wetlands

**PLAN AND PROFILE - PROFILE VIEW**
- Final profile grades and vertical curve data
- Mainline storm drain pipes
- Proposed special ditches
- Ditch gradients with DPI station and elevation
- Non-standard superelevation transition details
- High water elevations
- Existing utilities
- Mainline drainage structures with structure numbers
- Cross drains with structure number, size and flow line elevations
SPECIAL PROFILE
Final intersection profile grades
Final curb return profiles (if applicable)
Superelevation diagrams as required
Final ramp profile grades including nose sections
Preliminary access and frontage road profiles (may contain one or more types of special profiles.)

BACK-OF-SIDEWALK PROFILE
Complete

INTERCHANGE LAYOUT
Curve data including superelevation and design speed
Coordinate data, stationing and ties
Access and/or frontage roads with dimensions and R/W
Fence location
Ramp identification

RAMP TERMINAL DETAILS
Preliminary geometrics
Radii, transition/taper lengths
Ramp identification

INTERSECTION LAYOUT
Limits of proposed construction along side roads
Applicable notes
Cross drains with structure numbers and pipe sizes
Storm drain pipes including sizes
Final geometrics including dimensions, radii, offsets, station pluses and taper/transition lengths

DRAINAGE STRUCTURES
Vertical and horizontal scale
Roadway template with profile grade elevation
Underground utilities
Special sections at conflict points
R/W lines (at critical locations)
Flow arrows
Applicable notes
Structure numbers and location station along right side of sheet
Drainage structures with numbers in numerical order, type, size, location and flowline elevations

OUTFALL / LATERAL DITCH SYSTEM - PLAN VIEW
North arrow and scale
Roadway centerline
Existing and/or survey ditch centerline
Proposed ditch centerline with stationing
Begin and end ditch stations
Equations
Ditch centerline intersection stations
R/W lines
Bearings of ditch and mainline centerlines
Proposed storm drain pipes
Ditch PI stations with deflection angle left or right
Proposed drainage structures with structure numbers
Existing topography, drainage structures, utilities
Limits of wetlands
OUTFALL / LATERAL DITCH SYSTEM - PROFILE VIEW
- Bench mark information
- Scale
- Existing ground line
- Proposed ditch profile with grades
- Begin and end ditch stations
- High water elevations
- Proposed storm drain pipes with size
- Existing Utilities
- Overland flow or overtopping elevations
- Proposed drainage structures with structure numbers
- Typical section can be placed in either plan or profile

LATERAL DITCH CROSS SECTIONS
- Horizontal and vertical scale
- Existing ground line
- Station numbers
- Survey centerline and elevation
- R/W
- Begin and end ditch stations
- Begin and end excavation stations
- Earthwork quantities
- Existing utilities
- Total earthwork quantity in cubic yards (CY)
- Proposed template with ditch bottom elevation

RETENTION/DETENTION POND DETAILS
- North arrow and scale
- Roadway centerline ties
- Proposed pond centerline with stationing
- Begin and end pond stations
- Side slopes, dimensions, and elevations
- R/W lines
- Berm, fence and gate locations
- Soil boring information
- Proposed pond drainage structures with structure numbers
- Existing topography, drainage structures, utilities
- Pond sections (2 perpendicular to each other)
- Pond Typical Section
- Limits of wetlands

RETENTION/DETENTION POND CROSS SECTIONS
- Horizontal and vertical scale
- Existing ground line
- Station numbers
- Begin and end pond stationing
- Pond centerline and elevations
- R/W
- Soil borings
- Water table
- Extent of unsuitable material
- Earthwork quantities
- Existing utilities
- Proposed template with bottom elevation

CROSS SECTION PATTERN
- North arrow and scale
- Interchange layout
- Access and frontage roads
- Mainline and ramp stationing
- Begin and end bridge stations
- Cross section location lines
- Ramp baselines with nomenclature and stationing

ROADWAY SOIL SURVEY
- Soil data
- Project specific

CROSS SECTIONS
- R/W
- Special ditch bottom elevations
- Equivalent stations for ramps and mainline
- Mainline equation stations
- Soil borings
- Water table
- Extent of unsuitable material
- Proposed template with profile grade elevation
- Earthwork Columns
- Begin and end stationing for project, construction and earthwork, bridge and bridge culvert
- Existing utilities affected by the template and where unsuitable materials are present
Chapter 3

Key Sheet

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Chapter 3

Key Sheet

3.1 General

This is the first sheet in the contract plans. It describes the project, the contents of the plans, and identifies those responsible for preparing the plans. The key sheet cell can be found in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software. Levels and fonts for additional data can be found in the FDOT CADD Production Criteria Handbook.

For key sheet example, see Exhibit KS-1.
3.2 Project Identification

Background: On May 21, 1997, the State Highway Engineer instructed District Secretaries on the implementation of the Financial Management System. This system replaces the Work Program Administration, the Job Cost Reporting and the Federal Project Accounting systems. Once implemented, all contract documents/sheets that historically had shown project or WPI numbers were to have the new project number on every sheet. Beginning March 16, 1998, a Financial Project ID was assigned to each old project, and from then on new projects have been assigned the Financial Project ID only. In his memorandum to the District Design Engineers dated April 22, 1998, the State Roadway Design Engineer requested that, starting with the plans packages mailed to Tallahassee for the January 1999 letting, the new number be printed on all sheets. On June 30, 1998, the Secretary instructed the Department to use the Financial Project ID in all project documents.

3.2.1 Financial Project ID, Federal Funds, County Name and State Road Number

The Financial Project ID is the main number identifying each individual project within the Department. On the key sheet, this number is located immediately under the heading "CONTRACT PLANS", as shown in the exhibits. Where Federal funds are involved, the words "(Federal Funds)" are to be placed under the Financial Project ID. The county name and the state road number will be included under the Financial Project ID. Also, the "county and roadway section number" associated with Straight Line Diagrams will be placed within parentheses to the right of the county name, as shown on Exhibit KS-1.

Strung projects, those that are independently prepared but are to be let in the same construction contract, shall have the additional Financial Project IDs noted on the right side of the key sheet.

On projects which have one Contract plans set, but multiple Financial Project ID's, all of the Financial Project ID's are located immediately under the heading "CONTRACT PLANS" on the key sheet. On all other plan sheets, the lead Financial Project ID is to be shown. See Exhibits 3-1 and KS-1 for an example of this note.
3.2.2 Fiscal Year and Sheet Number

The construction fiscal year to be entered in the fiscal year box on the bottom right corner is the second year in the fiscal year, i.e., enter 01 for fiscal year beginning July 2000 and ending June 2001. The key sheet of each component of the plans set will be numbered as the first sheet of that component.

3.2.3 Length of Project Box

Lengths of roadway, bridges, bridge culverts, exceptions, and net and gross lengths of the project shall be shown in a box in the center of the sheet below the location map. The length of the project is computed as follows:

1. Roadway = End Project - Begin Project - Exceptions - Bridges (not including bridge culverts) adjusted for Equations
2. Net = Roadway + Bridges
3. Gross = End Project - Begin Project (adjusted for Equations)

The roadway and bridge length shall be computed in feet and converted to miles, to three decimal places, without rounding off. The roadway and/or bridge mileage shall then be rounded so that their total equals the net length. The survey line should be used to compute the length of the project unless: the construction line is substantially different in length (100 feet or more), or the survey line is outside the right of way, or the survey line bridge length is different from the construction line bridge length. The use of the survey line will generally result in fewer equations on the key map. If a line other than the baseline of survey is used to compute the length of a project, a note stating which line was used is to be placed adjacent to the length of the project box.

If divided highways have significantly different lengths for the left and right roadways, the project length shall be based on the longer roadway. A note stating which roadway was used shall be placed adjacent to the project length box.

The "Begin Project" and "End Project" stations are the basis for computing the length. Begin and end construction stations are not to be used in computing the length of the project.

A length of project box is not required on component key sheets.
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3.3 Project Location Map

This map is placed in the center of the sheet and consists of a reproduced portion of one or more maps showing the project location. The map may be a county map or other appropriate map. County maps in Microstation(*.dgn) format are available from the Survey and Mapping Office on CD or can be individually downloaded by county and included as a reference attachment. Information on the county maps is available at:

http://www.dot.state.fl.us/surveyingandmapping/geographic.htm

A utility to download the county map and clip out the project location area is provided in the FDOT CADD Software. Requests for county maps on CD should be in writing and include the county requested, the purpose for the use, the anticipated duration of the use, the Department of Transportation project manager's name and a CD upon which to copy the data. Requests should be directed to:

Florida Department of Transportation
Survey & Mapping Office
605 Suwannee Street, MS 5L
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0450
(850) 414-1555

The intent of the location map is to provide enough information so that the project location is easily understood. This may make it necessary to show the Section, Township, Range and County lines together with Section, Township and Range numbers to make the location clear. City and urban limits should be shown where applicable.

Streets shall be designated by name and State Road number or U.S. Highway number, if appropriate. The name of the next incorporated city to which these roads lead shall be placed at the edge of the map. Roads and topography shall be indicated by standard symbols as shown in the Design Standards, Index 002 and FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software.

Project location shall be shown by a heavy solid line of substantial width. It is sometimes advantageous to show station numbers at regular intervals, particularly with city street projects. The begin and end of projects, any station equations, begin and end of proposed bridges along the state project, bridge culverts and exceptions shall be stationed and flagged. Begin stations shall be shown for each project. The begin milepost, correct to three decimal places shall be shown under the begin project station. Except for begin stations at the beginning of each project, description by milepost may be permitted if station information is not available. All station information is to be consistent with the station...
information entered into the Work Program Administration system during final design. See *Volume I, Section 14.2.*

When several projects are covered by the same set of plans, the beginning and end of each project shall be indicated clearly by the Financial Project ID and stationing. The beginning of each project shall also be indicated by a milepost correct to three decimal places.

The scale of the location map should be chosen so that it will not interfere with other features on the key sheet. A common error is to position the location map on the sheet and then discover that insufficient space remains for the index of sheets, project title or the length of project box.

A location map is not required on component key sheets.
3.4 North Arrow and Scale

The north arrow shall be placed on either side of the location map, preferably to the right. The map scale shall be shown directly below the north arrow. The scale shall be indicated by using a bar scale. The scale distance shall be shown between the ticks. The map shall be oriented so that the arrow will point toward the top of the sheet. If the arrow cannot be oriented to the top, then it must be oriented to point to the right.
3.5 Component Plans in Contract Plans Set

A list of component plans included in the contract plans set shall be shown in the upper left corner. The order of listing shall be:

1. Roadway
2. Signing and Pavement Marking
3. Signalization
4. Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS)
5. Lighting
6. Landscape
7. Architectural
8. Structures

If sheets covering items such as signing and pavement markings, signalization, ITS, lighting and landscape are included and numbered consecutively within the roadway plans (or structures plans if lead project), these are not to be shown as components of the contract plans set.

If the plans are structures plans and there is no work on the approach roadway, the structures plans become the lead project. Any other sheets incidental to the project typically found within the roadway plans or other component plans (i.e., traffic control plans, signing and marking, etc.), may be included in the structures plans and numbered consecutively in accordance with the Structures Manual, Volume 2 – Structures Detailing Manual.
3.6 Index of Sheets

A complete index of roadway plan sheets shall be placed on the left side of the key sheet under the heading. When projects contain component plans, each component plans set shall have an index of sheets on its respective key sheet.

Roadway plans sheets shall be assembled as follows:

1. Key Sheet
2. Summary of Pay Items
3. Drainage Map (optional)
4. Interchange Drainage Map
5. Typical Section
6. Summary of Quantities
7. Summary of Drainage Structures
8. Optional Materials Tabulation
9. Project Layout (optional)
10. General Notes (optional)
11. Roadway Plan-Profiles
12. Special Profiles
14. Interchange Layout
15. Ramp Terminal Details
16. Intersection Layout/Detail
17. Drainage Structures
18. Three-Sided/Box Culvert Details
19. Outfall/Lateral Ditch Plan-Profiles
20. Outfall/Lateral Ditch Cross Sections
21. Special Details
22. Cross Section Pattern
23. Roadway Soil Survey
24. Cross Sections
25. Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plans (SWPPP)
26. Traffic Control Plans
27. Utility Adjustments
28. Selective Clearing and Grubbing
29. Signing and Pavement Marking Plans*
30. Signalization Plans*
31. ITS Plans*
32. Lighting Plans*
33. Landscape Plans*
34. Mitigation Plans
35. Miscellaneous Structures Plans
   * When not separate component plans.

In addition, the roadway plans may contain sheets which were prepared separately (perhaps by a sub-consultant) and incorporated into the roadway plans early in the design process (prior to the establishment of sheet numbering). As an option, these may be identified with the following prefixes and placed at the end of the numbered sequence of the roadway plans:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prefix</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CTL-#</td>
<td>Project Survey Control Sheets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GR-#</td>
<td>Soil Survey and Report of Core Borings normally associated with the roadway plans set (including miscellaneous structures but excluding bridges and walls)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TR-#</td>
<td>Tree Survey Sheets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UTV-#</td>
<td>Verified Utility Locate Sheets</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Other component plans may also utilize the sheet prefixes defined in their respective chapters.
3.7  Professional Responsibility

The name of the Engineer of Record, Architect or Landscape Architect of Record and registration number shall be included on the right side of the sheet. For specific instructions on sealing plans see Volume I, Chapter 19.

For plans prepared by a consulting firm, the name, address, consultant contract number, certificate of authorization number and vendor number of the firm shall be shown on the right side of the sheet.

The Department Project Manager's name shall be shown below the length of project box for consultant and Department prepared plans. For key sheets where length of project is not required, the Department Project Manager's name shall be shown in the same relative location on the sheet.

If shop drawings are anticipated for a project, the name(s) and address(es) of the Delegated Engineer(s) for shop drawing review(s) shall be shown on the right side of the sheet.
3.8 Governing Standards and Specifications

The dates of the governing Design Standards and the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction shall be inserted in a note at the lower left corner of the lead key sheet of each plan set.

A document entitled Design Standards Modifications includes a listing of all Interim Design Standards issued since publication of the applicable booklet, plus all changes and corrections to notes and text within the booklet that do not warrant the issuance of Interim Indexes (previously handled by Special Provision). The Design Standards Modifications documents will be dated, and posted on the same web site as the Design Standards. The Design Standards Modifications will typically be updated and posted in January and July, 6 months prior to the effective letting date. For example, Design Standards Modifications dated July 1, 2005 will be posted on the web site in January 2005, but will be effective beginning with the July 2005 letting. Special updates to the Design Standards Modifications posted in between January and July will only be issued when necessary to address changes of immediate concern. When this occurs, email notification will be sent to the Districts and registered Plans Preparation Manual holders.

The applicable Design Standards Modifications and date, and Internet address shall be shown on the lower left corner of the lead key sheet of each plan set, below the Governing Specifications and Standards note, and above the Revisions area. Note that all Interim Indexes listed in the Design Standards Modifications document will be applicable. Interim Standards shall not be attached to the Contract Plans Set.

The Governing Specifications and Standards note and the Design Standards Modifications note shall not be shown on the key sheets of component plans that are listed on the lead key sheet of each plan set. Exhibits 3-1 and KS-1 give examples on how these notes are shown.

3.9 State Map

A small-scale state map shall be shown at the upper right portion of the key sheet. The location of the project shall be indicated thereon.
3.10 Railroad Crossing

The location of any railroad crossing within the limits of construction will be identified on the key sheet as follows: DOT/AAR crossing number, railroad milepost, name of railroad, and the highway project station number.

3.11 Revisions

The lead key sheet (usually roadway) shall show a complete record of all plans revisions. The component (such as roadway, structures, signing and pavement marking), the sheet numbers involved, and the date when the sheet was revised shall be listed. The unique numbered symbol that corresponds to the Revision Number on the Revision Memo and modified sheets shall be listed here as well.

A newly sealed lead key sheet is required when any sheet is revised.

Revisions shall be shown on the lower left corner of the key sheet in the “Revisions” area. Revisions to strung project sheets shall be listed here, under the respective Financial Project ID.

A Key Sheet Revisions Block shall be shown on the right side of each component key sheet that shall contain a record of all revisions particular to that sheet. It shall list the revision date and a brief description of the revision.

If the changes to a key sheet only involve notes in the Revisions area, no entry is made in the Key Sheet Revisions Block at the lower right corner. The Key Sheet Revisions Block is only used to record changes other than revisions notes.
Exhibit 3-1  Standard Key Sheet Notes

The following are standard Key Sheet notes that shall be shown as applicable:

1. The following note should be used on all strung jobs:
   
   NOTE:  THIS PROJECT TO BE LET TO CONTRACT WITH FINANCIAL
   PROJECT ID(S)________________.

2. The following note to be used on all jobs:
   
   NOTE: THE SCALE OF THESE PLANS MAY HAVE CHANGED DUE TO
   REPRODUCTION.

3. The following note should be used on all jobs:
   
   GOVERNING STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS:

   FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, DESIGN
   STANDARDS DATED 20__, AND STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR
   ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION DATED 20__, AS AMENDED BY
   CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

4. The following notes should be used on all jobs and shown below the Governing
   Standards and Specifications:

   APPLICABLE DESIGN STANDARDS MODIFICATIONS: MM-DD-YY

   For Design Standards Modifications click on “Design Standards” at the
   following web site:  http://www.dot.state.fl.us/rddesign/
STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

CONTRACT PLANS

FINANCIAL PROJECT ID 000001-1-52-01
(FEDERAL FUNDS)
BAY COUNTY (46001)
STATE ROAD NO. 220

INDEX OF ROADWAY PLANS

Sheet No. | Sheet Description
--- | ---
1 | Key Sheet
2-2A | Summary of Pay Items
3 | Drainage Map
4-5 | Typical Sections
6 | Typical Section Details
7 | Summary of Quantities
8-9 | Summary of Drainage Structures
10 | Project Layout
1-15 | roadway Plan-Details
16-17 | Special Profiles
18-25 | Intersection Layout/Detail
21-32 | Box Culvert Details
33 | Lateral Ditch Plan-Profiles
34 | Lateral Ditch Cross Sections
35 | Special Details
36 | roadway Soil Survey
37-47 | Cross Sections
48 | Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan
49-52 | Traffic Control Plans
53-57 | Utility Adjustments
58-62 | Selective Clearing and Grubbing

GOVERNMENT STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS:
Florida Department of Transportation,
Design Standards 2005,
and Standard Specifications for Road and
Bridge Construction dated 1999,
as amended by contract documents.

APPLICABLE DESIGN MODIFICATIONS: 1-08

For Design Standards Modifications see "Design Standards" at the following web site:
http://www.dot.state.fl.us/rddesign/

LEFT HAND SIDE OF SHEET IS TOP.

LENGTH OF PROJECT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Linear Feet</th>
<th>Miles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Roadway</td>
<td>64,006.58</td>
<td>10.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Length of Proj.</td>
<td>64,006.58</td>
<td>10.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross Length of Proj.</td>
<td>64,006.58</td>
<td>10.06</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

KEY SHEET REVISIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sheet No.</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXHIBIT KS-1

NOTE: THE SCALE OF THESE PLANS MAY HAVE CHANGED DUE TO REPRODUCTION.

NOTE: THIS PROJECT TO BE LET TO CONTRACT WITH FINANCIAL PROJECT ID 000001-1-52-02.

NOTE: THE NAME, ADDRESS, CONTRACT NUMBER, VENDOR NUMBER AND CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NUMBER OF THE CONSULTANT WHEN THE PLANS ARE PREPARED BY A CONSULTANT.

NOTE: THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF ENGINEERS RESPONSIBLE FOR REVIEW AND CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NUMBER OF THE CONSULTANT, IF THE PLANS ARE PREPARED BY A CONSULTANT.

NOTICE OF CONSTRUCTION LOCATION.

PROJECT MANAGER:

FINANCIAL PROJECT ID: 0000001-1-52-02
PREPARED BY CONSULTANT

NAME, ADDRESS, CONTRACT NUMBER, VENDOR NUMBER, AND CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NUMBER OF CONSULTANT WHEN THE PLANS ARE PREPARED BY A CONSULTANT.

NOTE: THE SCALE OF THESE PLANS MAY HAVE CHANGED DUE TO REPRODUCTION.

NOTE: THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF ENGINEERS RESPONSIBLE FOR REVIEW AND CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NUMBER OF THE CONSULTANT, IF THE PLANS ARE PREPARED BY A CONSULTANT.

NOTE: THE NAME, ADDRESS, CONTRACT NUMBER, VENDOR NUMBER AND CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NUMBER OF THE CONSULTANT, IF THE PLANS ARE PREPARED BY A CONSULTANT.
Chapter 5

Drainage Map and Bridge Hydraulic Recommendation Sheet

5.1 Drainage Map........................................................................................................5-1
  5.1.1 Plan Portion ................................................................5-2
  5.1.2 Profile Portion .........................................................................................5-3
  5.1.3 Flood Data Summary Box ........................................................................5-4
  5.1.4 Interchange Drainage Map ......................................................................5-4

5.2 Bridge Hydraulic Recommendation Sheet ..................................................5-5
  5.2.1 Required Information on BHRS ..............................................................5-5
    5.2.1.1 Plan View ..........................................................................................5-6
    5.2.1.2 Profile View ......................................................................................5-6
    5.2.1.3 Location Map and Drainage Area .................................................5-7
    5.2.1.4 Existing Structures Data, Hydraulic Design
           Data and Hydraulic Recommendations .....5-7

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Chapter 5

Drainage Map and Bridge Hydraulic Recommendation Sheet

5.1 Drainage Map

When a drainage map is required (see FDOT Drainage Manual, Topic No. 625-040-002) it shall be prepared and included in the project file. Inclusion of a drainage map in the contract plans set is optional at the district’s discretion.

Preformatted drainage map sheet cells are located in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software. The upper (grid) portion of each sheet is used for plotting the project profile, which is optional at the discretion of the district. The standard grid pattern for the profile portion of the sheet is five lines per inch, both in the horizontal and vertical. This will accommodate most scales. An optional grid with four lines per inch is available. This sheet may be used if approved by the district.

Topography of the project area shall be located in the remaining portion of the sheet. Aerial photography may be used to develop a drainage map but must not be used in the contract plans set.

The horizontal and vertical scales of the profile should be such that the stations and elevations can be read directly from the grid without the use of a scale. The horizontal scale must be the same for both the plan and profile views. Recommended scales for facility types are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Facility</th>
<th>Horizontal Scale</th>
<th>Vertical Scale</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interstate Urban</td>
<td>1&quot; = 500'</td>
<td>1&quot; = 5'/1&quot;=10'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interstate &amp; Other Rural</td>
<td>1&quot;=1000'/2000'</td>
<td>1&quot; = 10'/1&quot;=20'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Municipal &amp; Other</td>
<td>1&quot;=200'/500'</td>
<td>1&quot;= 5'/1&quot; =10'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.1.1 Plan Portion

The plan portion shall comply with the following requirements:

1. Stationing shall be shown every 500 feet for scales of 1" = 100'/200', every 1000 feet for a scale of 1" = 500' and every 5000 feet for scales of 1" = 1000'/2000'. For additional information see Figure 10.1 in Chapter 10 of this volume.

   Station equations and exceptions shall be shown. Begin and end stations of project, construction, bridge and bridge culverts shall also be shown.

2. Existing physical land features affecting drainage, such as lakes, streams and swamps, shall be clearly labeled by name and direction of flow. Past high water elevations and date of occurrence, if available, and present water elevations along with the dates the readings were taken shall be shown.

   Drainage divides and other information (such as pop-off elevations and spot elevations) shall be shown, where applicable, to indicate the overland flow of water. Drainage areas on maps shall be shown in acres.

   Inserts shall be used to show areas that are of such magnitude that the boundaries cannot be plotted at the selected scale.

3. Existing road numbers and street names, drainage structures with type, size, flow line elevations, flow arrows and any other pertinent data shall be shown. Refer to the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software and the Design Standards, Index No. 002 for correct symbols for existing drainage facilities. In a situation of limited space, all data relating to existing drainage structures and pipes may be compiled in a table format and shown in either the plan or profile portion of the sheet. Should the space limitations be such that a table will not fit within the plan or profile view, a supplemental drainage data sheet is acceptable.

4. Proposed drainage structures, pipes, outfall structures and retention/detention pond locations, shall be shown. Structures and pipes shall be noted by structure number, and ponds by pond number. Arrows shall be shown to indicate direction of flow along proposed ditches.

5. Section, Township, Range and county lines shall be indicated for rural and urban projects when occurring within the project limits.

6. A north arrow and scale shall be shown, preferably in the upper right corner of the plan view.

7. If the drainage map is to be included in the contract plans set, include Note No. 1 (see Exhibit 5-1).
5.1.2 Profile Portion

The profile portion, if shown, shall comply with the following requirements:

1. The recommended vertical scale for rural and urban projects is 1" = 5' in level terrain and 1" = 10' in rolling terrain. A scale of 1" = 20' may sometimes be used for rural projects through rough terrain to avoid numerous profile breaks. The profile can be broken for rolling terrain in urban areas. However, a scale of 1" = 20' should never be used at locations of proposed storm drain systems.

2. Elevation datum shall be shown at each side of the sheet. In cases where the profile block is insufficient and excess space is available on the plan portion of the sheet, the profile block may be expanded.

3. The profile of the existing natural ground shall be plotted and labeled and the existing elevation noted at each end.

4. The proposed profile grade line shall be plotted. Percent of grade need not be shown. The PC, PI, and PT of vertical curves shall be plotted using their respective standard symbols; however, no data (station, elevation, length of curve) needs be noted. Begin and end project, bridge and bridge culvert stations, station equations and exceptions shall be flagged. Profile grade line elevations shall be shown at begin and end project stations and at the beginning and end of each additional drainage sheet.

5. Proposed cross drains shall be plotted and identified by structure number. Do not show skew or pipe slope in plotting, but plot to elevation and location at point of crossing the construction centerline.

6. For projects with storm drain systems, only the mainline structure and pipes shall be shown. Laterals need not be shown. Each structure shall be flagged with its appropriate structure number, and flow line elevations noted for the incoming and outgoing pipes.

7. All high water elevations affecting base clearance or roadway grades shall be shown.
5.1.3 **Flood Data Summary Box**

The flood data shall be shown on the drainage map, either in the plan or in the profile portion. If the drainage map is not included in the plans the flood data shall be shown on the summary of quantities sheet or on the first plan-profile sheet.

Design, base and overtopping or greatest flood discharge and stage values are required for all cross structures (culverts and bridges), regardless of size, under the following conditions:

1. All new cross structures
2. All cross structures that are being modified (extended, new end section, replaced, etc.)
3. All cross structures that have a history of flooding or other hydraulic problems, even if the structure is not to be modified; or
4. Cross structures that are not being modified but are being impacted by the modification of another cross structure within the same drainage basin.

A "disclaimer" and definitions are required to avoid misuse and possible responsibility for changes in the flood information values over which the FDOT has no control (see Exhibit 5-1). A preformatted summary box with disclaimer and definitions is located in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software.

The project drainage engineer shall provide the information required to complete the box.

5.1.4 **Interchange Drainage Map**

If projects include interchanges or rest areas, a drainage map on a 1" = 200' or 1" = 500' scale shall be included. The purpose of this detail is to show the small areas needed to calculate pipe sizes for the tabulation of drainage structures within these special areas. Should major drains pass through one of these areas, a cross reference note should indicate the proper sheet which reflects the drainage area for that through-structure.
5.2 Bridge Hydraulic Recommendation Sheet

When a Bridge Hydraulic Recommendation Sheet (BHRS) is required (see FDOT Drainage Manual, Topic No. 625-040-002), it shall be prepared on a preformatted sheet. The cell for this sheet is located in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software.

The inclusion of this sheet in the plans set is optional at the discretion of the district. When included in the plans, the BHRS shall be placed in the structures plans. If the BHRS is not included in the plans, sufficient details to show the location and extent of bottom and slope protection shall be contained in the plans.

Parallel (dual) bridges may be shown on one sheet, although a second sheet should be used, if necessary, to clearly convey the fit of the bridge to the stream bank. When two sheets are used, only the plan and profile information needs to be furnished on the second sheet.

A completed Bridge Hydraulic Recommendation Sheet is shown as Exhibit BHD-1.

5.2.1 Required Information on BHRS

The preformatted BHRS is divided into the four regions listed below. The required information for each region is described in the following sections.

1. Plan View
2. Profile View
3. Location Map and Drainage Area
4. Existing Structures, Hydraulic Design Data and Hydraulic Recommendations
5.2.1.1 Plan View

1. Stationing, scale, and north arrow.
2. Existing topography (i.e., including existing bridge) and contours (i.e., show elevations). Sufficient detail shall be shown in the vicinity of the proposed bridge to depict how the structure will tie to natural ground.
3. Label the name of the water body (i.e., St. Johns River).
4. Arrows showing the direction of the flow.
5. Proposed bridge begin and end station.

5.2.1.2 Profile View

1. Stationing and scale.
2. One cross section which most represents the section at the proposed crossing.
3. Road profile for the proposed structure (i.e., stationing and elevation).
4. Proposed bridge with low member, and pier locations (when practical).
5. Abutment locations (i.e., toe of slope).
6. Flood elevations. For non-tidal crossings, the Normal High Water (NHW) and Design Flood elevations shall be shown. For tidal crossings, the Mean High Water (MHW) and Design Flood Stage elevations shall be shown.
7. Present water elevation with month, day and year of survey.
8. Bridge Number. The bridge number should be for the new (proposed) structure.
5.2.1.3 Location Map and Drainage Area

1. A north arrow.
2. The range and township.
3. An arrow showing the project location.
4. A location map similar to that used on the key sheet for most projects. The map shall be of a scale so that the entire drainage area for the proposed structure is shown. (For projects with very large drainage areas, the map shall be of a scale that clearly shows the project location rather than a scale that shows the entire drainage area).

The drainage area boundaries shall be shown using a very heavy, broken line, with the area (in acres or square miles) shown within the boundary. The proposed structure location should be shown. Existing structures over the same water body and those structures that affect the hydraulics of the proposed structure should be located and numbered and corresponding existing structure information listed in the appropriate columns.

5.2.1.4 Existing Structures Data, Hydraulic Design Data and Hydraulic Recommendations

The Cross Drain Handbook provides guidance for filling out this section. Updated guidance will soon be found in the new BHR Handbook (which was not available at the time of this publication).
**Exhibit 5-1 Drainage Map Notes**

Below are standard notes which shall be placed on the drainage map as applicable.

1. **(To be placed on the drainage map when it is to be included in the plans):**

   *DO NOT USE THE INFORMATION ON THIS SHEET FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES. This sheet is in the plans for documentation and to assist construction personnel with drainage concerns.*

2. **(To be placed under Flood Data Box):**

   Note: The hydraulic data is shown for informational purposes only, to indicate the flood discharges and water surface elevations which may be anticipated in any given year. This data was generated using highly variable factors determined by a study of the watershed. Many judgments and assumptions are required to establish these factors. The resultant hydraulic data is sensitive to changes, particularly of antecedent conditions, urbanization, channelization and land use. Users of this data are cautioned against the assumption of precision which can not be attained. Discharges are in cubic feet per second (cfs) and stages are in feet, NAVD 88.
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**TRAFFIC DATA**

**CURRENT YEAR**
- Current Year = 1998
- AADT = 6800

**ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR**
- Estimated Design Year = 2000
- AADT = 7600

**K = 6.2%**
**D = 55%**
**T = 2% (104 HOURS)**

**DESIGN SPEED = 55 MPH**

**NEW CONSTRUCTION**

**OPTIONAL BASE GROUP B WITH**
- Type SP Structural Course (Traffic C)(2")
- AND FRICTION COURSE FC-12.5 (Traffic C)(1 1/2") (RUBBER)

**SHOULDER PAVEMENT**

**OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH**
- FRICTION COURSE FC-12.5 (Traffic C)(1") (RUBBER)

**HEIGHT OF FILL IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE EDGE OF THE OUTSIDE TRAVEL LANE TO TPE OF FRONT SLOPE.**

**NOTICE:**
- The official record of this work is the electronic file signed and sealed under Rule 61G15-23.003, F.A.C.
**TRAFFIC DATA**

Traffic data is required to be noted for current year, opening year, and design year. Post speed (mph) is optional.

- **CURRENT YEAR** = 1998 AADT = 22300
- **ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR** = 2000 AADT = 23300
- **ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR** = 2020 AADT = 51500

$K = 9\%$  $D = 56\%$  $T = 10\%$ (24 HOUR)

$K = 5\%$  $D = 56\%$  $T = 10\%$ (24 HOUR)

**DESIGN SPEED** = 70 MPH

**NOTE:**
- Height of fill is the vertical distance from the edge of the outside travel lane to toe of front slope.

- Height of fill is the vertical distance from the edge of the cleared zone to toe of front slope.

**NEW CONSTRUCTION**

- **OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9** with
  - Type SP Structural Course (Traffic D) (1 1/2") (PG 76-22)
  - Friction Course FC-5 (3/4") (PG 76-22)

**SHOULDER PAVEMENT**

- **OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1** with
  - Type SP Structural Course (Traffic D) (1 1/2") (PG 76-22)
  - Friction Course FC-5 (3/4") (PG 76-22)

**FOR STANDARD SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1, THIS CHAPTER.**

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

- Designated bike lanes shall be labeled on typical, undesignated bike lanes should not be labeled on typical.

**EXHIBIT TYP-2**

- Date: 1/1/08

**STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**TYPICAL SECTION**

- **ROAD NO.**
- **COUNTY**
- **FINANCIAL PROJECT ID** 12345-6-1-52-01
**NEW CONSTRUCTION**

**5-LANE SECTIONS ARE TO INCLUDE SECTIONS OF RAISED OR RESTRICTIVE MEDIAN. SEE PPM TABLE 2.2.**

5-LANE ARTERIAL/COLLECTOR

NEW CONSTRUCTION UNDIVIDED URBAN WITH DESIGNATED OR UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANE MINIMUM RIGHT OF WAY DESIGN SPEED 40 MPH OR LESS WITH PROJECTED 20 YR. AADT OF 1500 OR GREATER

---

**TYPICAL SECTION**

**SR 00 (DUVAL STREET)**

STA. 252+12.00 TO STA. 323+19.42

**NEW CONSTRUCTION**

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 8 WITH TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC B) (1/2") AND FRICTION COURSE FC-12.5 (TRAFFIC B) (1/2") (RUBBER)

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR CURRENT YEAR, OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR. POSTED SPEED MPH IS OPTIONAL.

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1, THIS CHAPTER.

---

**STATE OF FLORIDA**

**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**TYPICAL SECTION**

**REVISIONS**

**STATEMENT: THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF THIS SHEET IS THE ELECTRONIC FILE SIGNED AND SEALED UNDER RULE 61G15-23.003, F.A.C.**

**TRAFFIC DATA**

CURRENT YEAR = 1998 AADT = 9900
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 2000 AADT = 10600
ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2020 AADT = 14000
K = 6%  D = 55%  T = 2% (24 HOUR)
DESIGN HOUR T = 1%
DESIGN SPEED = 40 MPH

---

**Traffic Data**

**Current Year = 1998 AADT = 9900**
**Estimated Opening Year = 2000 AADT = 10600**
**Estimated Design Year = 2020 AADT = 14000**
**K = 6%  D = 55%  T = 2% (24 Hour)**
**Design Hour T = 1%**
**Design Speed = 40 MPH**
TRAFFIC DATA

CURRENT YEAR = 1998 AADT = 20819
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 2003 AADT = 24100
ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2023 AADT = 24900

K = 9%  D = 60%  T = 2% (24 HOUR)
DESIGN HOUR T = 1%
DESIGN SPEED = 40 MPH

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR CURRENT YEAR, OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR.
POSTED SPEED (MPH) IS OPTIONAL.

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1, THIS CHAPTER.

TYPICAL SECTION
SR 00 (MATTHEWS STREET)
STA. 202+42.00 TO STA. 263+29.68
NEW CONSTRUCTION

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 8 WITH
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC B)(1½")
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-125 (TRAFFIC B)(1½") (RUBBER)

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR CURRENT YEARS, OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR.
POSTED SPEED (MPH) IS OPTIONAL.

STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

LEON
123456-1-52-01

EXHIBIT TYP-4
Date: 1/1/08
**EXHIBIT TYP-5**

**TYPICAL SECTION**

**SR 00 (WILSON STREET)**

STA. 98+40.00 TO STA. 202+33.00

**NEW CONSTRUCTION**

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC B) 1/2"
AND FRICITION COURSE FC-12.5 (TRAFFIC B) 1/2" (RUBBER)

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR CURRENT YEAR, OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR.
POSTED SPEED (MPH) IS OPTIONAL.

TRAFFIC DATA

CURRENT YEAR = 1998 AADT = 22800
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 2000 AADT = 25800
ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2020 AADT = 30600

K = 65, D = 55%, T = 65 (24 HOUR)
DESIGN HOUR T = 1%
DESIGN SPEED = 45 MPH

**NOTE:** THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF THIS SHEET IS THE ELECTRONIC FILE SIGNED AND SEALED UNDER RULE 61G15-23.003, F.A.C.
DESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHALL BE LABELED ON TYPICAL. UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHOULD NOT BE LABELED ON TYPICAL.

LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION

STANDARD CLEARING AND GRUBBING

LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION

TYPICAL SECTION

SR 00 (JACKSON STREET)

STA. 101+21.00 TO STA. 221+44.00

NEW CONSTRUCTION

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH

TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC C/12")
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-12.5 (TRAFFIC C/1½") (RUBBER)

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR CURRENT YEAR OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR.

EXHIBIT TYP-6

Date 1/1/08

---

Estado de Florida

Ministerio del Transporte

Nombre del Proyecto Federal

FED-005-1-01-01

LEON

123456-1-52-01

12345
BIKE LANE

STANDARD CLEARING AND GRUBBING

LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION

TRAFFIC DATA

CURRENT YEAR = 1998 AADT = 22800
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 2000 AADT = 25800
ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2020 AADT = 30600
K = 6%  D = 55%  T = 2% (24 HOUR)
DESIGN HOUR T = 1%
DESIGN SPEED = 45 MPH

NOTE: THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF THIS SHEET IS THE ELECTRONIC FILE SIGNED AND SEALED UNDER RULE 61G15-23.003, F.A.C.

THIS SHEET IS THE ELECTRONIC FILE SIGNED AND SEALED UNDER RULE 61G15-23.003, F.A.C.

TYPICAL SECTION

SR 00 (JACKSON STREET)
STA. 101+21.00 TO STA. 221+44.00

NEW CONSTRUCTION

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 (TYPE B-12.5 ONLY), WITH TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC C) (13") AND FRICTION COURSE FC-12.5 (TRAFFIC C) (1 1/2") (RUBBER)

DETAIL OF ASPHALT BASE CURB PAD

EXHIBIT TYP-6A
Dot No 1/1/08
MILLING

RESURFACING

Existing Base
Existing Stabilization

SHOULDER PAVEMENT DETAIL

TYPICAL SECTION

SR 00

STA. 10+53.00 TO STA. 130+77.00

STA. 206+82.28 TO STA. 368+41.21

MILLING

MILL EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT (2" AVG. DEPTH)

RESURFACING

TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC B) (2")
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-9.5 (TRAFFIC B) (1") (RUBBER)

SHOULDER PAVEMENT RESURFACING

FRICTION COURSE FC-9.5 (TRAFFIC B) (1") (RUBBER)

MILLED PAVEMENT

RESURFACING

TREATMENT I

(INDEX 105)

EXHIBIT TYP-7

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1, THIS CHAPTER.

SOME PROJECTS MAY REQUIRE SHOULDER WORK. WHEN REQUIRED THIS SHOULD BE IDENTIFIED ON THE TYPICAL SECTION SHEET.

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR CURRENT YEAR, OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR.

TRAFFIC DATA

STA. 10+53.00 TO STA. 130+77.00

CURRENT YEAR = 1998 AADT = 9670
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 2000 AADT = 10600
ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2010 AADT = 15000
K = 10%  D = 65%  T = 7% (24 HOUR)
DESIGN HOUR T = 3%
DESIGN SPEED = 55 MPH

STA. 206+82.28 TO 368+41.21

CURRENT YEAR = 1998 AADT = 6835
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 2000 AADT = 8600
ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2010 AADT = 15100
K = 10%  D = 65%  T = 7% (24 HOUR)
DESIGN HOUR T = 3%
DESIGN SPEED = 55 MPH

STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

REV. SHEET NO.

10
LEON
123456-1-52-01

NOTICE: THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF THIS SHEET IS THE ELECTRONIC FILE SIGNED AND SEALED UNDER RULE 61G15-23.003, F.A.C.
TRAFFIC DATA

STA. 20+25.00 TO STA. 48+16.56
CURRENT YEAR = 1998 AADT = 6835
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 2000 AADT = 8600
K = 10%  D = 65%  T = 7%  (24 HOUR)
DESIGN HOUR T = 3%
DESIGN SPEED = 55 MPH

STA. 57+82.78 TO STA. 93+41.21
CURRENT YEAR = 1998 AADT = 8700
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 2000 AADT = 9200
ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2020 AADT = 23600
K = 10%  D = 56%  T = 5%  (24 HOUR)
DESIGN HOUR T = 3%
DESIGN SPEED = 55 MPH

NOTE:
HEIGHT OF FILL IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE
FROM THE EDGE OF THE OUTSIDE TRAVEL LANE
TO TOE OF FRONT SLOPE.

MILLING
MILL EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT (2" AVG. DEPTH)

RESURFACING
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC C) (1 1/2")
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-12.5 (TRAFFIC C) (1 1/2") (RUBBER)

WIDENING
OPTIONAL BASE GROUP II
WITH
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC C) (3")
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-12.5 (TRAFFIC C) (1/2") (RUBBER)
THE NEED FOR STABILIZATION IN THE SHOULDER AREA ON RPR PROJECTS IS SITE SPECIFIC AND NOT ALWAYS REQUIRED. THE USE OF STABILIZING IN NARROW TRENCH WIDENING STRIPS IS NOT RECOMMENDED GENERALLY. SEE THE FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DESIGN MANUAL FOR FURTHER CRITERIA.

NOTE:
ACTUAL WIDTH OF BASE WIDENING MAY VARY DUE TO ACTUAL PAVEMENT WIDTH. CONTRACTOR MAY ELECT TO PLACE UNIFORM BASE WIDENING AT NO ADDITIONAL COST.

WIDENING &
SHOULDER PAVEMENT DETAIL

WIDENING

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP II WITH
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC C) (13")
FRICITION COURSE FC-12.5 (TRAFFIC C) (1/2") (RUBBER)

SHOULDER PAVEMENT

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP I WITH
FRICITION COURSE FC-12.5 (TRAFFIC C) (1/2") (RUBBER)

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1, THIS CHAPTER

STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

TYPICAL SECTION

EXHIBIT TYP-8A
Date: 1/1/08

THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF THIS SHEET IS THE ELECTRONIC FILE SIGNED AND SEALED UNDER RULE 61G15-23.003, F.A.C.
TYPICAL SECTION
SR 500
STA. 204+34.58 TO STA. 288+95.16

MILLING
MILL EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT (1 1/2" AVG. DEPTH)
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (1 1/2"
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (3/4") (PG 76-22)

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (1 1/2"
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (3/4") (PG 76-22)

AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (3/4") (PG 76-22)
MILL EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT (1 1/2"
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (1 1/2"

RESURFACING
MILL EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT (1 1/2" AVG. DEPTH)
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (1 1/2"
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (3/4") (PG 76-22)

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (1 1/2"
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (3/4") (PG 76-22)

AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (3/4") (PG 76-22)

NOTES
HEIGHT OF FILL IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE
FROM THE EDGE OF THE OUTSIDE TRAVEL LANE
TO TOP OF FRONT SLOPE.

"Y" THE AREA DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION VARIES.

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES
REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1, THIS CHAPTER.

FOR MILLING AND RESURFACING DETAILS SEE
TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS SHEET 2 AND 3

STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

10  LEON  023456-1-52-01

1/1/08

EXHIBIT TYP-9

SHEET 10 OF 3
When cross slope correction is necessary, special milling and layering details must be provided to supplement typical section. The need for and location of profile grade points will depend on site specific conditions.

Example of cross slope correction by milling.

For standard typical section notes refer to Exhibit 6-1, this chapter.

Existing Asphalt Pavement

Existing Base

MILLED

MILLED SURFACE

Existing Asphalt Pavement

RESURFACING

RESURFACING DETAIL

STA. 204+34.58 TO STA. 288+95.16

EXHIBIT TYP-9A

Date: 1/1/08

STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS

LEON

FL-566-H-52-01

SHEET 2 OF 3

R E V I S I O N S

DATE

DESCRIPTION

DATE

DESCRIPTION

123456-1-52-01

BILL

COUNTY

FINANCIAL PROJECT ID

SHEET NO.

$DATE$

$TIME$

$FILE$

$USER$
WHEN CROSS SLOPE CORRECTION IS NECESSARY
SPECIAL MILLING, OVERBUILD AND LAYERING DETAILS
MUST BE PROVIDED TO SUPPLEMENT TYPICAL SECTION.
THE NEED FOR AND LOCATION OF PROFILE GRADES
POINTS WILL DEPEND ON SITE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS.

EXAMPLE OF CROSS SLOPE CORRECTION
BY MILLING AND OVERBUILD.

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES
REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1, THIS CHAPTER.

OVERBUILD AND RESURFACING DETAIL

SUGGESTED CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCES SHOWN.
OTHER SEQUENCES THAT MEET SPECIFICATIONS,
THICKNESS AND CROSS SLOPE REQUIREMENTS MAY
BE CONSIDERED BY THE ENGINEER.

STA. 316+53.67 TO STA. 527+82.00
TYPICAL SECTION
SR 8
STA. 567+25.67 TO STA. 1056+84.35

NEW CONSTRUCTION

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (1\(\frac{1}{2}\)"")
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (1\(\frac{1}{2}\)"") (PG 76-22) AND
FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (1\(\frac{1}{4}\)"") (PG 76-22)

MIDDLE SHOULDER PAVEMENT

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (1\(\frac{1}{2}\)"")
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (1\(\frac{1}{2}\)"") (PG 76-22) AND
FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (1\(\frac{1}{4}\)"") (PG 76-22)

OUTSIDE SHOULDER PAVEMENT

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC B) (1\(\frac{1}{2}\)"")
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (1\(\frac{1}{2}\)"") (PG 76-22) AND
FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (1\(\frac{1}{4}\)"") (PG 76-22)
RAMP "B"
STA. 415+67.28 TO STA. 421+23.68
(SINGLE LANE RAMP)

NEW CONSTRUCTION

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (2 1/2") (PG 76-22) AND
FRICITION COURSE FC-5 (3/4") (PG 76-22)

SHOULDER PAVEMENT

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (2 1/2") (PG 76-22) AND
FRICITION COURSE FC-5 (3/4") (PG 76-22)

SHOULDER PAVEMENT & SHOULDER GUTTER DETAIL
FOR SINGLE LANE RAMP

NOTE:
HEIGHT OF FILL IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE
FROM THE EDGE OF THE OUTSIDE TRAVEL LANE
TO TOE OF FRONT SLOPE.

SHOULDER PAVEMENT LESS THAN 6' IN WIDTH
THAT ADJOINS SHOULDER GUTTER, SHALL BE THE
SAME TYPE, DEPTH AND SLOPE AS THE RAMP PAVEMENT.

SLOPE VARIATES WITH GUARDRAIL
1:3 OR FLATTER WITHOUT GUARDRAIL.

SHOULDER PAVEMENT & SHOULDER GUTTER DETAIL
FOR SINGLE LANE RAMP

EXHIBIT TYP-11
Date 1/1/08
NEW CONSTRUCTION

STANDARD CLEARING AND GRUBBING

LEFT SHOULDER PAVEMENT

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (PG 76-22) AND
FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (3/4") (PG 76-22)

RIGHT SHOULDER PAVEMENT

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (PG 76-22) AND
FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (3/4") (PG 76-22)

SHOULDER PAVEMENT & SHOULDER GUTTER DETAIL

MAINLINE AND MULTILANE RAMPS

TYPICAL SECTION

RAMP "C"

STA. 623+28.64 TO STA. 629+13.78

(TWO LANE RAMP)

NOTE:

HEIGHT OF FILL IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE EDGE OF THE OUTSIDE TRAVEL LANE TO TOE OF FRONT SLOPE.

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-4, THIS CHAPTER.

"Y" THE AREA DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION VARIES.

HEIGHT OF FILL IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE EDGE OF THE OUTSIDE TRAVEL LANE TO TOE OF FRONT SLOPE.

DATE: 1/1/08

EXHIBIT TYP-12

STATE OF FLORIDA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

RAMP TYPICAL SECTION

FINANCIAL PROJECT ID: 123456-11-52-01

COUNTY: LEON

ROAD NO.: 10

REVISIONS

DESCRIPTION

SP. NO.

SHEET NO.

NOTICE: THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF THIS SHEET IS THE ELECTRONIC FILE SIGNED AND SEALED UNDER RULE 61G15-23.003, F.A.C.
SUBURBAN TYPICAL SECTION
SR 00 (SARA AVE.)
STA. 50+40.00 TO STA. 125+50.00

NEW CONSTRUCTION

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC C1(3/4")
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (1/4") (RUBBER)

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES
REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1, THIS CHAPTER.
**SUBURBAN TYPICAL SECTION**

**SR 00 (CODY ROAD)**

STA. 100+40.00 TO STA. 225+50.00

**NEW CONSTRUCTION**

**OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH**

TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC C) (1 1/2")
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (3/4") (RUBBER)

**SHOULDER PAVEMENT**

**OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH**

TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC C) (3 1/2")
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (3/4") (RUBBER)

**TRAFFIC DATA**

- CURRENT YEAR: 1999 AADT = 22800
- ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR: 2002 AADT = 25800
- ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR: 2022 AADT = 30600
- DESIGN HOUR T = 1%
- DESIGN SPEED = 55 MPH

**POSTED SPEED (MPH) IS OPTIONAL.**

**FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1, THIS CHAPTER.**

**STATE OF FLORIDA**

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

**SUBURBAN TYPICAL SECTION**

**EXHIBIT TYP-14**

Date: 1/1/08

---

**NOTICE:** THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF THIS SHEET IS THE ELECTRONIC FILE SIGNED AND SEALED UNDER RULE 61G15-23.003, F.A.C.
TYPICAL SECTION
SHARED USE PATH
SR 00 (WILLOW WAY)
STA. 22+00.000 TO STA. 51+65.000

NOTE:
The design speed for shared use paths is 20 MPH.

FOR ROADWAYS WITH FLUSH SHOULDERs, A MINIMUM
SEPARATION OF 5 FEET MEASURED FROM THE OUTSIDE EDGE OF
SHOULDER TO THE INSIDE EDGE OF THE SHARED USE PATH
SHOULD BE PROVIDED.

SLOPE VARIES:
NOT STEEPER THAN 1:2

WIDTH VARIES

STANDARD CLEARING AND GRUBBING

12" TYPE B STABILIZATION
LBR 40

PROFILE GRADE POINT

SOD

LEVEL

Natural Ground

FOR ROADWAYS WITH CURBS, A MINIMUM SEPARATION
OF 4 FEET MEASURED FROM THE BACK OF CURB
SHOULD BE PROVIDED.

SLOPE VARIES:
NOT STEEPER THAN 1:2

WIDTH VARIES

STANDARD CLEARING AND GRUBBING

12" TYPE B STABILIZATION
LBR 40

PROFILE GRADE POINT

SOD

LEVEL

Natural Ground

* FOR ROADWAYS WITH CURBS, A MINIMUM SEPARATION
OF 4 FEET MEASURED FROM THE BACK OF CURB
SHOULD BE PROVIDED.
**TYPICAL SECTION**

**SR 00 (SOUTH INDEPENDENCE STREET)**

STA. 401+30.00 TO STA. 788+66.00

6-LANE ARTERIAL
MIN CONSTRUCTION DIVIDED
URBAN
DESIGN SPEED 50 MPH

---

**TYPICAL SECTION NOTES**

- PROVIDES FOR 8' OF USABLE SHOULDER
- 24' CLEAR ZONE
- DUAL LEFT TURN LANES (11' lanes, 4' separator in median shoulder)
- DIRECTIONAL MEDIAN OPENING (4' separators in median shoulder)
- WE OR TO SUIT PROPERTY OWNER, NOT FLATTER THAN 1:6
- PROVIDES FOR 8' OF USABLE SHOULDER

---

**TRAFFIC DATA**

- CURRENT YEAR = 1998 AADT = 22800
- ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 2000 AADT = 25800
- ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2020 AADT = 30600
- K = 6%  D = 55%  T = 2% (24 HOUR)
- DESIGN HOUR T = 1%
- DESIGN SPEED = 50 MPH

---

**NEW CONSTRUCTION**

- OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH TYPE S5 STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC C) (3 1/2") AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (3/4") (RUBBER)

---

**LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION**

- IF LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION EXCEED RIGHT OF WAY, A PROPERTY AGREEMENT IS REQUIRED.

---

**EXHIBIT TYP-16**

Date: 1/1/08

---

**STATE OF FLORIDA**

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

TYPICAL SECTION
Chapter 7

Summary of Quantities

7.1 General ....................................................................................... 7-1
7.2 Item Quantity "Boxes" and Format..............................................7-2
7.3 Box Culvert Data Table ...............................................................7-3

Exhibits
Exhibit 7-1 Standard Notes for Summary of Quantities Sheet......7-5
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Chapter 7

Summary of Quantities

7.1 General

The summary of quantities sheet shows individual summaries of guardrail, crash cushions, fence, turnouts, sodding, ditch pavement, side drains, mitered end sections, underdrains, and earthwork when applicable. The tabulation shall show location and quantities in the plan quantity column (P). The final quantity column (F) is reserved for construction and final estimates. As noted in Chapter 4, the necessary pay items and the quantities shall be shown on the summary of pay items sheet.

For examples of summary of quantities sheets see Exhibits SQ-1 thru 4.
7.2 Item Quantity "Boxes" and Format

The various "boxes" used for each type of summary are contained in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software. Each box is identified by the appropriate Form Number required for the Computation Book. The arrangement of these "boxes" on the sheet is dependent on the number used and the size each one must be to contain all of the necessary information.

On contracts with multiple Financial Project ID’s or federal aid and non-federal aid quantities, provisions shall be made to tabulate and summarize their respective quantities.

Standard notes (see Exhibit 7-1) shall be shown under the appropriate box.

Applicable pay item notes, listed in Exhibit 7-1, shall also be included on this sheet.
7.3 Box Culvert Data Table

The structural design of box culverts may be done by computer program as described in Chapter 33.

The program is the **LRFD Box Culvert Program** and designs the culvert based on the details shown on **Index 289** of the **Design Standards**. When this program is used the Box Culvert Data Table (from the Structures Sitemenu CADD cells) and the Reinforcing Bar List shall be completed and placed on normally formatted plan sheets. These sheets should generally be placed, behind the drainage structure sheets in the contract plans.
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Exhibit 7-1  Standard Notes for Summary of Quantities Sheet  
Sheet 1 of 2

Below are standard notes that should be used on the summary of quantities sheet, as applicable:

(Under Summary of Earthwork):

Earthwork has been calculated using the ______ base option. If another option is constructed, there shall be no revision to the earthwork quantities for which payment is made by plan quantity.

Pay Item Notes

1. 102- 1-  Includes approximately ______ SY of Temporary Pavement.
2. 104- 13- 1 Based on replacement every 12 months.
3. 110- 86- All salvageable material designated to be delivered by the contractor shall be delivered to:
   (Provide address of nearest FDOT Maintenance Yard.)

   (On applicable Utility JPA plans, also include the following note):
   All utility infrastructure designated in the utility plans to be salvaged and delivered by the contractor shall be delivered to:
   (Provide applicable Utility/Agency Owner address.)

4. 334- 1  Includes ______ TN for turnouts, connections to existing drives, streets, etc., as directed by the Engineer.
5. 400- 1- 15 Includes ______ CY for miscellaneous construction, as directed by the Engineer.

6. (For new construction projects with Asphalt Base, Type B-12.5 Only):
   520-1-7 or 520-1-10
   Cost of asphalt curb pad and additional curb thickness required to be included in the cost of curb and gutter.

7. 536- 73- (To be used for the removal of existing guardrail when FDOT Maintenance wants materials).
   Existing guardrail to be dismantled and stockpiled within the right of way in areas designated by the Engineer for removal by FDOT maintenance forces.
Exhibit 7-1  Standard Notes for Summary of Quantities Sheet  
Sheet 2 of 2

8. 538- 1- This is to include replacement of _____ panels, _____ regular posts and _____ special posts which have been determined to be non-salvageable. Additional posts and panels determined to be non-salvageable during resetting shall be paid for under 538-5 of the Specifications.

9. Temporary Turf: When required by the project design, these items shall be included in the cost of the Performance Turf items (Note: When 570-1-A items are used in the plans, 104-4 (Mowing) shall not be used). A pay item note should show the approximate quantities. For example:

   570- 1- 1 Includes approximately _____ SY Turf for temporary erosion control.
   570- 1- 2 Includes approximately _____ SY Sod for temporary erosion control.

10. 639- 2- 1 Payment shall be based on the linear feet of a single conductor.

11. The following pay item note should be shown in the Roadway Plans:

   710-  The totals shown on the Summary of Roadway Pay Items are for painted pavement markings used for Maintenance of Traffic.
### SUMMARY OF PERFORMANCE TURF, SOD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LOCATION</th>
<th>P</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>FIELD BOOK REFERENCE</th>
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<td>SIDE</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>W</td>
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<tr>
<td>NB - GO</td>
<td>570+00 - 580+62</td>
<td>Med.</td>
<td>1062</td>
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<tr>
<td>570+00 - 574+57</td>
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<td>457</td>
<td>1.33</td>
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<tr>
<td>575+45 - 576+40</td>
<td>Rr.</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>1.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>576+40 - 579+95</td>
<td>Lt.</td>
<td>315</td>
<td>1.33</td>
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<tr>
<td>579+95 - 580+62</td>
<td>Rr.</td>
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<tr>
<td>580+62 - 586+37</td>
<td>Med.</td>
<td>575</td>
<td>1.33</td>
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### SUMMARY OF SIDE DRAIN & MITERED END SECTIONS

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<tr>
<th>LOCATION</th>
<th>PIPE LENGTH (LF)</th>
<th>MES (EA)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STA. TO STA.</td>
<td>UP TO 24°</td>
<td>25° TO 36°</td>
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<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>15°</td>
<td>16°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>15°</td>
<td>16°</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| RAMP A | 182+99 - 187+24 | Lt. | 425 | 1.33 | 63 |
| 180+07 - 187+47 | Rr. | 687 | 1.33 | 102 |

| RAMP B | 276+62 - 280+75 | Lt. | 513 | 1.33 | 76 |
| 274+47 - 280+29 | Rr. | 582 | 1.33 | 86 |

| RAMP C | 382+45 - 386+98 | Rr. | 443 | 1.33 | 65 |
| 380+05 - 388+30 | Lt. | 635 | 1.33 | 94 |

| RAMP D | 482+05 - 485+63 | Lt. | 458 | 1.33 | 68 |
| 483+64 - 487+31 | Rr. | 667 | 1.33 | 99 |

| DRAINAGE STRUCTURES | 807 |
| PAVED DITCHES | 276 |
| TOTAL | 6536 |

### SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

- **STATE OF FLORIDA**
- **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**
- **SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES**

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**EXHIBIT SQ-1**

**Date:** 1/1/08
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EXHIBIT SQ-2
Dated 1/1/08

**NOTICE:** The official record of this sheet is the electronic file signed and sealed under Rule 61G15-23.003, F.A.C.
### SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK

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Earthwork has been calculated using the ______ base option. If another option is constructed, there shall be no revision to the earthwork quantities for which payment is made by Plan Quantity.

### SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK

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For projects with cross sections:
- Adjustment percentages shown are for example only.
- Contact District Materials Office or Construction for actual percentages to be used for each project.

For projects without cross sections:
- Adjustment percentages shown are for example only.
- Contact District Materials Office or Construction for actual percentages to be used for each project.
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**EXHIBIT SQ-4**

**STATE OF FLORIDA**

**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES**

**COUNTY**

**PROJECT NO.**

**DATE**

**FILE NO.**

**SHEET NO.**

**NOTICE:** THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF THIS SHEET IS THE ELECTRONIC FILE SIGNED AND SEALED UNDER RULE 61G15-23.003, F.A.C.
Chapter 8

Summary of Drainage Structures and Optional Materials Tabulation

8.1  Summary of Drainage Structures................................................ 8-1
8.1.1 Sheet Setup and Data............................................................... 8-2
8.2  Optional Materials Tabulation .................................................... 8-4
Chapter 8

Summary of Drainage Structures and Optional Materials Tabulation

8.1 Summary of Drainage Structures

The summary of drainage structures sheet shows the location, size, length, number and type of drainage structures used in a project. The sheet format is available in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software. Specific levels and fonts which shall be used are given in the FDOT CADD Production Criteria Handbook.

For an illustration of the summary of drainage structures sheet, see Exhibit SDS-1a.
8.1.1 Sheet Setup and Data

A summary of drainage structures shall be prepared and included in the plans. The structures shall be listed by structure number in numerical order. The location of each structure shall be identified by station along the construction centerline (Exhibit SDS-1a).

For storm and cross drains, the summary of drainage structures shall be tabulated by structure number, providing the station, size, length and incidental quantities appropriate for the material detailed in the plans. Optional culvert material will be provided and a tabulation form shall be prepared and included (see Section 8.2).

Various drainage elements shall be shown in columns. This information shall be obtained from drainage structure sheets and plan-profile sheets. The order in which the elements are listed should be as follows:

1. Pipe Sizes for
   a. Storm and Cross Drains
   b. Gutter Drain
2. Curb Inlets
3. Manholes
4. Junction Boxes
5. Ditch Bottom Inlets
6. Gutter Inlets
7. Flared End Sections
8. Mitered End Sections
9. Performance Turf, Sod
10. Class of Concrete
11. Reinforcing Steel
12. Riprap

The "Description" column shall be used to specify the type of structure, the outgoing pipe and the end treatment of that pipe, if applicable.
The remarks column shall contain all special notes pertaining to the structure. The "Final Quantity" line is for construction to use and shall be left blank.

On smaller projects the summary of quantities and the summary of drainage structures may be combined on one sheet.

It is recommended that structure numbers be established using the convention shown in the exhibits and described as follows:

1. For simple cross drains, one structure number is appropriate for the inlet and outlet treatments and the pipe.
   
   Example #1 (cross drain w/o median inlet)

   ![Simple Cross Drain Diagram]

2. For complex cross drains, it is suggested that the first and all intermediate structure numbers identify the hydraulically upper end treatment and pipe. The last structure number should identify the hydraulically upper end treatment, pipe and hydraulically lower end treatment.

   Example #2 (Double pipe cross drain and median inlet)

   ![Complex Cross Drain Diagram]

S-19A pipe only (barrel #2)

S-19 endwall and pipe

S-19B inlet, pipe and endwall
8.2 Optional Materials Tabulation

An optional materials tabulation shall be prepared and included in the plans (see Exhibits SDS-2a and SDS-3a). The sheet format is available in the FDOT Engineering Systems Software.

As a minimum, the optional pipe material tabulation should include size, thickness or class, corrugation requirements, if necessary, and protective coating, if any. Additional information such as structure number, design service life (DSL), length, and flow line information may be included.

The general notes shown on the exhibits are also required.
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**Grand Totals**

**Summary of Drainage Structures**

*State of Florida Department of Transportation*

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*Disclaimer: The information on this sheet is the official record of the Department of Transportation and should be used for reference purposes only.*

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**Exhibit SDS-10**

*Dates: 1/1/08*
2. Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increase or decrease in structure size, shape, length, width, depth or accessory construction necessary to accommodate the use of an optional pipe material other than the "plotted" option; likewise there will be no added or reduced compensation for structure alterations required to relieve utility conflicts which arise from the use of an optional material other than the "plotted" option.

3. Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increased or decreased excavation, bedding, borrow, backfilling, compaction, special installation requirements or disposal of excess materials due to use of any of the pipe optional materials. Likewise, adjustment in the quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to differences in end treatment size or types, pipe length, alternate jointing and connecting materials, saddles, cradles, filter fabrics, shoring or similar features due to the use of an optional material other than the "plotted" option.

4. If adjustments are required due to plan errors or omissions or authorized field changes, the "plotted" material and not the material elected by the Contractor would be used to establish new pay quantities.

5. The Contractor shall notify the Department in writing as to which optional pipe materials he chooses to use at the preconstruction conference. Once identified the Contractor may not change pipe material selected without the approval of the Engineer.

6. Pipe shapes other than round (Elliptical/Arch) are summarized and paid for using equivalent round pipe diameter.

GENERAL NOTES

1. The Contractor may use any of the optional pipe materials tabulated for a given structure. Only the material options tabulated for a given structure can be used.

2. Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increase or decrease in structure size, shape, length, width, depth or accessory construction necessary to accommodate the use of an optional pipe material other than the "plotted" option; likewise there will be no added or reduced compensation for structure alterations required to relieve utility conflicts which arise from the use of an optional material other than the "plotted" option.

3. Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increased or decreased excavation, bedding, borrow, backfilling, compaction, special installation requirements or disposal of excess materials due to use of any of the pipe optional materials. Likewise, adjustment in the quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to differences in end treatment size or types, pipe length, alternate jointing and connecting materials, saddles, cradles, filter fabrics, shoring or similar features due to the use of an optional material other than the "plotted" option.

4. If adjustments are required due to plan errors or omissions or authorized field changes, the "plotted" material and not the material elected by the Contractor would be used to establish new pay quantities.

5. The Contractor shall notify the Department in writing as to which optional pipe materials he chooses to use at the preconstruction conference. Once identified the Contractor may not change pipe material selected without the approval of the Engineer.

6. Pipe shapes other than round (Elliptical/Arch) are summarized and paid for using equivalent round pipe diameter.

EXHIBIT SDS-2a
Date: 1/1/08

NOTICE: THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF THIS SHEET IS THE ELECTRONIC FILE SIGNED AND SEALED UNDER RULE 61G15-23.003, F.A.C.
GENERAL NOTES

1. The Contractor may use any of the optional pipe materials tabulated for a given structure. Only the material options tabulated for a given structure can be used.

2. Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increase or decrease in structure size, shape, length, width, depth or accessory construction necessary to accommodate the use of an optional pipe material other than the "plotted" option; likewise there will be no added or reduced compensation for structure alterations required to relieve utility conflicts which arise from the use of an optional material other than the "plotted" option.

3. Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increased or decreased excavation, bedding, borrow, backfilling, compaction, special installation requirements or disposal of excess materials due to use of any of the pipe optional materials. Likewise, adjustment in the quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to differences in end treatment size or types, pipe lengths, alternate jointing and connecting materials, saddles, cradles, filter fabrics, shoring or similar features due to the use of an optional material other than the "plotted" option.

4. If adjustments are required due to plan errors or omissions or authorized field changes, the "plotted" material and not the material elected by the Contractor would be used to establish new pay quantities.

5. The Contractor shall notify the Department in writing as to which optional pipe materials he chooses to use at the preconstruction conference. Once identified the Contractor may not change pipe material selected without the approval of the Engineer.

6. Pipe shapes other than round (Elliptical/Arch) are summarized and paid for using equivalent round pipe diameter.

THIS EXAMPLE SHOULD BE USED WHEN MATERIAL OPTIONS ARE THE SAME FOR THE DIFFERENT PIPE SIZES AND WHEN LIMITED EXCEPTIONS ARE NOTED.
9.3 Survey Reference Points

Generally, survey reference points should be shown on the project layout sheet just beneath the alignment sheet sequence plan or where other space allows. Baseline survey and reference points, with all ties, shall be clearly indicated. Complete length of survey baseline between two consecutive reference points need not be shown. Each reference point shall be clearly labeled, beginning at the first reference point within the limits of the project, and progressing in the direction of stationing. Usually, reference points need not be drawn to any particular scale, but distances and angles shown shall be proportionate. Care should be taken to ensure that clarity and legibility are maintained.
9.4 General Notes

When the layout sheet is included in the plans set, applicable general notes should be included on the layout sheet instead of the first plan-profile sheet to help simplify the plan-profile sheets. If the general notes for the project are numerous enough that putting them on the layout sheet (or the first plan sheet) becomes prohibitive, then a separate General Notes Sheet may be used (See Exhibit GN-1).

Refer to Section 10.4 and Exhibit 10-1 in Chapter 10 of this volume for general note requirements and a list of standard general notes.
GENERAL NOTES

1. Benchmark elevations shown on the plans are North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88).

2. Existing drainage structures within construction limits shall remain unless otherwise noted.

3. The location(s) of the utilities shown in the plans (including those designated Vv, Vh, and Vvh) are based on limited investigation techniques and should be considered approximate only. The verified locations/elevations apply only at the points shown. Interpolations between these points have not been verified.

4. Existing utilities are to remain in place unless otherwise noted.

5. Utility/agency owners:
   - Sprint/Florida, Inc.
     Cheryl Flores (850) 555-1234
   - Qwest
     Jim West (850) 555-2345
   - MCI WorldCom
     Andy Murphy (407) 555-3456
   - Sprint Communications
     Rob Spriniter (404) 555-4567
   - City of Tallahassee Utilities
     Chester Digger (850) 555-5678

6. Special attention is directed to the fact that portions of some drainage structures extend into the stabilized portion of the roadway and extreme caution will be necessary in stabilization operations at these locations.

7. All drainage structures have optional materials. The optional materials tabulation sheet(s) shows all materials allowed as well as indicating which material is plotted on these sheets and used as the basis for pay quantities.

8. Any public land corner within the limits of construction is to be protected. If a corner monument is in danger of being destroyed and has not been properly referenced, the engineer should notify the district location surveyor, without delay, by telephone.

9. Existing driveways within the limits of this project are to be replaced at the same location and width, unless otherwise shown in the plans.

10. Plan notes are intended to be used to clarify design detail, construction practices or method for payment. In general, plan notes should be kept to a minimum; only those notes that are job specific should be used. Plan notes should only be used to detail uniqueness and not to broaden or curtail requirements in the specifications. Notes that restate the standard specifications or standard indexes shall not be used. This will help to place proper emphasis on those notes that are job specific and avoid discrepancy of documents.
10.2.6 Drainage Structures and Bridges

Proposed cross drain pipes and box and three-sided culverts shall be indicated in the plan by a symbol and identified by a drainage structure number. Cross drain pipe sizes and lengths shall be shown. (Box and three-sided culvert lengths shall be shown on the drainage structure sheets).

Box and three-sided culverts (single or multiple) of 20 feet total span or more between inside faces of end supports, measured along the center of the roadway, shall be designated as bridge culverts and shall be identified by both a bridge number and a drainage structure number. The beginning and ending stations (outside wall to outside wall) shall be flagged.

Proposed bridges and approach slabs shall be shown by simple outline. Bridges shall be identified by bridge number and their beginning and ending stations noted by station flags. The beginning and ending stations of approach slabs shall be noted.

A short section of lateral ditch/outfall centerline shall be shown, when appropriate, on the roadway plan-profile sheet, together with a note referring to lateral ditch/outfall sheets for details.

The proposed drainage system is indicated by showing storm drain pipes with a single line, and the outline of inlets, manholes and junction boxes. The outline of structure bottoms may be shown at the designer’s discretion. The pipe size and length between structures shall be given. Structure numbers shall be provided for inlets, manholes, junction boxes and special structures.

10.2.7 Plan Layout

1. Right of way lines shall be shown. Right of way shall be dimensioned only if the applicable typical section shows a varying dimension from the baseline or centerline. Dimensions of the R/W line shall be from the centerline or baseline, if survey and construction lines are parallel; otherwise it shall be dimensioned from the construction centerline.

2. The showing of detailed information regarding median openings or intersections should be avoided when they are of a type that can be detailed and grouped on a separate sheet. When this is the case, median openings and intersections shall be identified by station location.
3. At locations along the alignment where traveled way dimensions change, or begin to change, the station and dimensions of the traveled way shall be shown.

4. Curb, curb and gutter, traffic separators, sidewalks, curb ramps, retaining walls, etc. shall be shown. Driveways shall be shown as required by Volume I, Section 1.8.

5. Stations of return points shall be shown in tabular form or shown on the plan, unless shown on an intersection detail sheet. Offsets shall also be shown, if not governed by a typical.

6. Station of radius points of traffic separator or median curb at median openings shall be shown in the plan. Elevation of these points shall also be shown if not shown in the intersection details sheet or unobtainable in plans.

7. Control radii for traffic turns that set median nose locations shall be indicated, unless shown on the intersection detail sheet.

8. Station of end of curb and gutter at side street intersections (when end is not at a return point) shall be shown with proposed gutter grade elevation of these points.

9. Limits of pavement and grading at side street intersections shall be indicated.

10. When incidental construction extends beyond the right of way lines, construction easements or license agreements may be required and should be shown on the plan sheets.

11. Limits of wetlands shall be shown based on permit or regulatory requirements.

12. All utilities shall be shown in the plan. All major utilities that have been field verified (see Quality Level "A" locates, Volume I, Chapter 5) shall be labeled in accordance with the following symbol:

\[ V_{vh} = \text{Verified Vertical Elevation and Horizontal Location} \]

Projects with minor utility work or impacts may include these features on the roadway plan or plan-profile sheets.

13. All traffic monitoring sites on or within one-half mile of the project shall be identified with the following notation:

Traffic Monitoring Site Number (XXXX)

Roadway Identifying Number (RCI Section #) Milepost (XX.XXX)

Site includes vehicle detectors in roadway and pedestal, pole or base mounted cabinet, buried cable, and solar power unit on right of way.

Inquiries about monitoring sites should be addressed to the Traffic Data Section Manager of the Transportation Statistics Section, Office of Planning.
10.3.5 Other Profile Features

For rural construction projects, special ditches shall be indicated in the profile and labeled. Percent of ditch grade and a beginning or ending ditch PI with elevation and station plus shall be shown. For multi-lane divided projects, three special ditch grades (right and left roadway ditches and median ditch) sometimes occur at the same location. In such cases it may be advantageous to show the median ditch at a convenient location on the sheet with a separate elevation datum.

Uniform ditches of non-standard depth should be indicated by a dimension line in the lower portion of the grid and noted as a special ditch with location and depth, or they should be indicated by flagging the DPI's at each end with station elevation and side. Standard depth ditches are not shown.

Special gutter grades shall be shown in profile for cases where the gutter grades are not controlled by the typical section and no "special profiles" are included in the plans set.

Prolongations of gutter profile grades across street intersections shall be included on plan-profile sheets if an inlet is not provided before the intersection.

Storm drain pipes, inlets and manholes along the main line shall be shown. Pipes shall be noted by size. Proposed structures may be shown by structure number only. Flow line elevations shall be shown for all pipes entering and leaving the structure.

Proposed cross drain pipes and culverts shall be plotted. The section shall be shown at the correct location and elevation of the proposed structure crossing the centerline of construction. Cross drains shall be identified by structure number only.

Where the project overpasses a road or railroad, the cross section template of the road/railroad under the bridge shall be shown at the appropriate location in profile.

Except for transverse utilities, no underground utilities shall be shown in profile.
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10.4 General Notes for Roadway Plan and Roadway Plan-Profile Sheets

General notes are intended to be used to clarify design detail, construction practices or method for payment. General notes should be kept to a minimum. Only those notes that are job specific should be used. General notes should only be used to detail uniqueness and not to broaden or curtail requirements in the specifications. Notes that restate the standard specifications or standard indexes shall not be used. This will help to place proper emphasis on those notes that are job specific and avoid discrepancy of documents.

General notes for the project shall be placed on the left portion of the first plan-profile sheet if a project layout sheet is not included in the plans set, otherwise, they shall be included on the layout sheet. If the general notes for the project are numerous enough that putting them on the layout sheet (or the first plan sheet) becomes prohibitive, then a separate General Notes Sheet may be used (See Exhibit GN-1).

See Exhibit 10-1 for a list of standard General Notes required.
Exhibit 10-1  General Notes for Roadway Plan and Roadway Plan-Profile Sheets

1. (The bench mark datum used for the plans (NAVD 88 or other) shall be noted in the first General Note.)

2. Buildings to be removed by others, unless otherwise noted.

3. Existing drainage structures within construction limits shall (be removed/remain) unless otherwise noted.

4. (When there are no utility adjustment sheets in the plans, the notes shown in Exhibit 20-1 shall be included here as part of the general notes).

5. (If there are no drainage structure sheets in the plans, the following notes shall be included in the general notes, if applicable):
   a. Special attention is directed to the fact that portions of some drainage structures extend into the stabilized portion of the roadbed and extreme caution will be necessary in stabilization operations at these locations.
   b. All drainage structures have optional materials. The Optional Materials Tabulation Sheet(s) shows all materials allowed as well as indicating which material is plotted on these sheets and used as the basis for pay quantities.

6. Any public land corner within the limits of construction is to be protected. If a corner monument is in danger of being destroyed and has not been properly referenced, the Engineer should notify the District Location Surveyor, without delay, by telephone.

7. Existing driveways within the limits of this project are to be replaced at the same location and width, unless otherwise shown in the plans.

8. (Any abbreviations used in the plans, that are not in Index 001 of the Design Standards, shall be defined here as part of the general notes).
Chapter 14

Drainage Structures

14.1 General

Drainage structure sheets show the drainage structures, their location, cross section, flow line elevations of all weirs or slots, top of grates, culverts and top of manhole elevations, and similar data. Drainage structure sheets also show the vertical relationships of the entire drainage system. During the process of design/placement of the drainage structures, potential conflicts with existing or proposed utilities shall be identified and resolved early, thereby avoiding costly time delays during the construction phases.

All projects require the plotting of drainage structures. When only cross drains are to be constructed or modified, drainage structures may be plotted on the cross section sheets. Otherwise drainage structures should be plotted on separate drainage structure sheets, utilizing the cross section sheet cell available in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software (see Exhibit DS-2). See Chapter 22 for additional requirements for box and three-sided culverts utilized as drainage structures.

14.2 Required Information

The existing ground line for rural projects shall be shown at the location of the structure, with the existing elevation placed immediately below the ground line at the survey baseline. No existing structures shall be shown except those to be incorporated into the proposed drainage system or otherwise modified. These shall be shown and their flow line elevations noted. Where storm drains run laterally or diagonally across the project, the drawing should show the pipe cover.

The roadway template and proposed structures shall be shown, with the proposed profile grade elevation placed above the grade point. The structure shall be located by station and offset to the centerline of construction. Flow line information shall be provided at each structure and at each culvert end. Structures are to be plotted in detail according to the applicable index of the Design Standards, with walls, grates, tops, pipes, etc. shown.

Cross drain sections shall include the size and length for each proposed structure.
Sections for skewed cross drains shall be depicted along the centerline of the structure. Clear zone distances are to be measured at right angles to the traffic lane for all structures.

All structure locations should be checked and R/W shown where the R/W may have potential impact on construction of a structure.

For each drainage structure, all necessary information shall be shown by note, including, as appropriate: size, end treatment and flow lines, as well as structure, index and station number. The note shall be placed as close to the structure as possible, preferably below the plotted structure. Elevations shall be given for manhole tops, and ditch bottom inlet grates and slots. Grate elevations for gutter inlets and edge of pavement elevations for curb and gutter inlets shall be shown.

Alternate "G" or other special grate treatment shall be included with the inlet note. Additional details, such as special bedding, 36" manhole rings, etc., shall be indicated. Flow direction arrows shall be shown.

Material options shall be shown on the Optional Materials Tabulation Sheet. (See Exhibits SDS-2a and SDS-3a at the back of Chapter 8 of this volume).

If existing structures are to be filled and/or plugged and are to remain in place, they should be shown in the plans with an appropriate note.

Applicable notes to be shown on the first drainage structure sheet are given in Exhibit 14-1.
STATE OF FLORIDA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DRAINAGE STRUCTURES

EXHIBIT DS-2

Date: 1/1/08

- [Diagram of drainage structures with dimensions and notes]
- [Legend and scale: 1"=10' HORIZ. 1"=10' VERT.]

NOTICE: THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF THIS SHEET IS THE ELECTRONIC FILE SIGNED AND SEALED UNDER RULE 61G15-23.003, F.A.C.
The material from Stratum Number 1 is Rock Base under Asphaltic Concrete.

The material from Stratum Number 2 appears satisfactory for use in the embankment when utilized in accordance with Index 505.

The material from Stratum Number 3 appears satisfactory for use in the embankment when utilized in accordance with Index 505. However, this material is likely to retain excess moisture and may be difficult to dry and compact. It should be used in the embankment above the water level existing at the time of construction.

This material may not be used in the subgrade portion of the roadbed due to its organic content.

The material from Stratum Numbers 4 and 5 are plastic materials and shall be removed in accordance with Index 500, except where noted in the cross sections.

The material from Stratum Numbers 6 and 8 is ORGANIC/A-8 material and shall be removed in accordance with Index 500, except where noted in the cross sections.

The material from Stratum Number 7 is Highly Plastic material and shall be removed in accordance with Index 500. It may be used within the project limits as indicated in Index 505 only when excavated within the project limits and is not to be used when obtained from outside the project limits.

The material from Stratum Number 8 is Organic/A-8 material and shall be removed in accordance with Index 500, except where noted in the cross sections.

The material from Stratum Number 9 is the Natural Limestone Formation. Special tools and equipment may be required to excavate and/or dewater this material.

The material from Stratum Number 10 is Rock Base under Asphaltic Concrete.

The material from Stratum Number 11 is Subgrade, Grey Silty Sand W/Trace Clay and Limestone Fragments.

The material from Stratum Number 12 is Mud, Organic Dark Brown Silty Sand W/Some Clay.

The material from Stratum Number 13 is Mud, Organic Dark Brown Silty Sand W/Some Clay and Trace Shell.

The material from Stratum Number 14 is Mud, Organic Dark Brown Silty Sand W/Some Clay and Trace Shell.
Chapter 20

Utility Adjustments

20.1 General

The purpose of utility adjustment sheets is to provide coordination between the contractor and the affected utility companies. These sheets show the contractor the approximate locations of existing, proposed and relocated utilities, and thus aid the contractor in avoiding possible conflicts or damage to the utilities involved. Projects with minor utility work or impacts may include these features on the roadway plan or plan-profile sheets or appropriate component plan sheets.
20.2 Required Information

Locations of all existing and proposed utilities within the project limits shall be shown on the plans.

All proposed and relocated utilities shall be clearly shown on the plan using lines and standard utility symbols, and shall be labeled (see Index No. 002 of the Design Standards and the FDOT CADD Production Criteria Handbook). Disposition of all existing utilities that are not to remain in place and in service shall be clearly indicated: for example "To Be Removed", "To Be Adjusted", "To Be Relocated", etc. The disposition of existing utilities that are to remain in place and in service need not be labeled. All proposed utilities shall be appropriately labeled.

Applicable general notes shall also be shown on the first utility adjustment sheet (see Exhibit 20-1).
**SELECTIVE CLEARING AND GRUBBING - GENERAL NOTES**

- **Designates areas to remain natural**: No clearing or grubbing in these areas. No equipment shall enter these areas. No staging, storage, or dumping in this area.

- **Designates areas where trees and stumps over 3" in diameter shall be cut flush with the ground or removed**: All undergrowth is to remain natural. No equipment shall enter these areas. No staging, storage, or dumping in this area.

- **Designates areas where trees of 3" in diameter or greater are to remain**: All undergrowth is to be removed. Only rubber tire equipment shall enter these areas. Remaining trees shall be protected from root and trunk damage. No staging, storage, or dumping in this area.

- **Designates areas where the type and extent of clearing and grubbing shall be determined by the engineer according to field conditions**: Areas where equipment is not allowed and other locations, as directed by the engineer, that must be protected by tree guards. The location for tree guards shall be shown in the plans.

- **Designates areas that shall remain natural when, in the opinion of the engineer, adequate and desirable natural vegetation or grass exist**. Where this type vegetation does not exist, only harrowing, disking, leveling, and/or clean-up shall be undertaken, to a degree sufficient to prepare the area for grassing operations.

- **Areas where equipment is not allowed and other locations, as directed by the engineer, that must be protected by tree guards**. The location for tree guards shall be shown in the plans.

**ALL OTHER AREAS NOT INCLUDED IN ONE OF THE ABOVE CATEGORIES, OR THOSE DESIGNATED BY THE TYPICAL SECTIONS, SHALL BE STANDARD CLEARING AND GRUBBING.**

WHERE UNFORESEEN SITE CONDITIONS EXIST, ADJUSTMENTS OR EXCEPTIONS MAY BE MADE TO THE ABOVE PROCEDURE AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER.
NOTE: FOR LEGEND SEE SHEET SCG-1
Chapter 22

Miscellaneous Structures Plans

22.1 General

Miscellaneous structures not included in the bridge plans shall be included in the appropriate component plans. This includes box or three-sided culvert details, high mast lighting supports, traffic mast arm supports, signal strain poles, overhead sign supports, rest area structures or buildings, barrier walls (traffic or sound), retaining walls and toll facilities. Box and three-sided culvert details should generally be placed immediately following the Drainage Structures sheets.

For guidelines on structural detailing, refer to the Structures Detailing Manual (Topic No. 625-020-200).
22.2 Approach Slabs

As of the July, 1999 letting, approach slab details sheets are included in the structures plans. However, some roadway elements may need to be carried onto the approach slab, and in these cases special attention must be given to clarifying in the plans which elements are to be included as part of the roadway.

The stabilization required under the approach slabs shall be paid for using the standard roadway pay item and the quantity included in the roadway plans. In addition, roadway elements such as guardrail, earthwork, sidewalks, approach slab surfacing, etc., which are part of the roadway approaches to the bridge and which interface with the approach slabs areas, will also be included and paid for in the roadway quantities.
22.3 Retaining Walls (Cast in Place, Proprietary, Temporary)

When cast in place retaining walls other than standard gravity walls are required, complete design and construction details, including pay items and quantities are required in the contract plans. The same is true for steel or concrete sheet piles for either permanent or temporary retaining walls.

Proprietary walls are handled differently than cast in place, steel and concrete sheet pile retaining walls. A set of control plan details must be developed for retaining walls. (See Chapter 30, Volume I for a discussion concerning the requirements for control plan details).

On projects with bridges the control plan details shall be included in the bridge plans. When there are no bridge plans the control plan details shall be included in the appropriate component plans. Examples of control plan details are included as exhibits at the back of this chapter.

Standard drawings from the preapproved wall companies are included in the Design Standards (available as Interim Index Drawings).
22.4 Concrete Box Culverts

Complete design and construction details, including pay items and quantities are required in the contract plans for concrete box culverts. Include the following minimum design details:

1. Plan view (usually shown on the Plan-Profile sheet – see Chapter 10, Exhibit PP-2) showing: Grid north arrow; scale bar; existing highway boundaries including existing ROW monuments; new right of way line(s) including proposed ROW monuments; culvert or bridge identification number; culvert and highway alignment; survey baseline; profile grade line; direction of stationing; stream channel alignment; stream flow direction; skew angle of the culvert relative to the centerline of roadway; stationing along the profile grade line including begin and end station of culvert (outside face of sidewalls); length of culvert; subsurface exploration locations (e.g., boring locations); culvert end treatment (headwall and wing wall orientation); scour protection; slope protection; limit of stream work; utilities; traffic railing and pedestrian/bicycle railing type.

2. Elevation view (usually shown on the Plan-Profile sheet – see Chapter 10, Exhibit PP-2) showing: Elevation vertical scale; profile grade line and vertical data; existing stream bottom and ground line (along PGL); utilities.

3. A longitudinal section along the culvert centerline (usually shown on the Drainage Structures sheet – see Chapter 14, Exhibit DS-2) showing: Culvert or bridge identification number; invert elevations; existing stream bottom or original ground; culvert stationing at centerline; typical highway section (including rail treatment); design earth cover height (measured from the top of the top slab to the top of pavement); limits of scour protection (including any keyways or geotextile fabric lining); channel work; culvert end treatments; utility (either attached to the fascia, or in the embankment, traffic railing or sidewalk); wing walls; headwalls; cutoff walls; reference to the appropriate Design Standard Indexes.

4. Data Sheets (see Chapter 7.3):
   - Box Culvert Data Table and Reinforcing Bar List.

5. Miscellaneous details showing (usually shown on Box Culvert Detail sheets, located after the Drainage Structure sheets): Construction phasing information (affects lengths of precast segments and potential need for skewed segments) including appropriate excavation support and protection systems (e.g., critical temporary walls); traffic railing details including connection details; slope and/or stream bank protection; channel section detail; culvert-end safety grate, guardrail or fencing details when applicable; removal of existing culvert(s); cofferdams or water diversion.
Chapter 23

Signing and Pavement Marking Plans

23.1 General

Signing and pavement marking plans are usually a component set of plans. Projects with minor signing and pavement markings may include these features on sheets in the roadway plan set or detailed on roadway sheets. When prepared as component plans they shall be assembled as a separate plans set complete with a key sheet, tabulation of quantities and all other signing and pavement marking sheets. When prepared as component plans, the sheets shall be numbered consecutively with the sheet numbers prefixed by the letter “S”.

A complete set of signing and pavement marking plans shall include the following sheets:

1. Key Sheet
2. Tabulation of Quantities
3. Plan Sheets
4. Guide Sign worksheet (if required)
5. Overhead Sign Cross Section Sheet (if required)
6. Overhead Sign Support Design (if required)
7. Foundation Details (if required)
8. Boring Data Sheets (if required)

In addition, the signing and pavement marking plans may contain sheets which were prepared separately (perhaps by a sub-consultant) and incorporated into the signing and pavement marking plans early in the design process (prior to the establishment of sheet numbering). As an option, these may be identified with the following prefixes and placed at the end of the numbered sequence of the signing and pavement marking plans:

GS-# Soil Survey and Report of Core Borings normally associated with the signing and pavement marking plans set (including miscellaneous structures but excluding bridges and walls)

Pavement marking material on projects that include new asphalt surfaces will generally be paint, rather than thermoplastic. This is based on the requirement of a 90-day curing
period for new asphalt. Thermoplastic markings on these projects must be placed using a separate contract. Exceptions must be coordinated with the District Construction Office.

Section 23.9 provides guidance for preparation of separate plans for Thermoplastic Markings.

Thermoplastic may be called for in the plans on those projects that are exclusively of concrete pavement surfaces.

23.2 Key Sheet

The key sheet is the first sheet in the set and shall be prepared on a standard key sheet format as described in Chapter 3 of this volume. Contract plans set information, location map and length of project box are not required on this sheet when shown on the lead key sheet. A complete index of signing and pavement marking plans shall be shown on the left side of the sheet.

Other data, including name, consultant contract number, vendor number, and certificate of authorization number of the firm (when plans are prepared by a consultant) shall be shown as described in Chapter 3 of this volume.

If shop drawings are anticipated, the name(s) and address(es) of the Delegated Engineer(s) for shop drawing review(s) shall be shown on the right side of the sheet.
Chapter 24

Signalization Plans

24.1 General

Signalization Plans are usually a component set of plans. Projects with minor signalization may include these features on sheets in the roadway plans set or on the roadway sheets (or in another component plans set or on that component's sheets when appropriate). When prepared as component plans they shall be assembled as a separate plans set complete with a key sheet, tabulation of quantities and all other relevant signal sheets. When prepared as component plans, the sheets shall be numbered consecutively with the sheet numbers prefixed by the letter “T”.

The signalization plans show the construction details, electrical circuits, signal phasing and other relevant data.

A complete set of signalization plans shall include the following sheets:

1. Key Sheet
2. Tabulation of Quantities
3. Plan Sheets
4. Mast Arm Details (if required)
5. Foundation Details - Mast Arms (if required)
6. Boring Data Sheets - Mast Arms (if required)

In addition, the signalization plans may contain sheets which were prepared separately (perhaps by a sub-consultant) and incorporated into the signalization plans early in the design process (prior to the establishment of sheet numbering). As an option, these may be identified with the following prefixes and placed at the end of the numbered sequence of the signalization plans:

GT-# Soil Survey and Report of Core Borings normally associated with the signalization plans set
PTM-# Portable Traffic Monitoring Site Sheets
24.2 Key Sheet

The key sheet is the first sheet in the component plans set and shall be prepared as described in Chapter 3 of this volume. The location map, length of project box and contract plans set information are not required on this sheet when shown on the lead key sheet. The index of signalization plans shall be shown on the left of the sheet. Other data, including name, consultant contract number, vendor number, and certificate of authorization number of the firm (when plans are prepared by a consultant), shall be shown as described in Chapter 3 of this volume.

If shop drawings are anticipated, the name(s) and address(es) of the Delegated Engineer(s) for shop drawing review(s) shall be shown on the right side of the sheet.
Following are examples for use with the Standard Mast Arm Assemblies Data Table:

**EXAMPLE 1**

1. **Select Arm Type.**
   
   Investigate Arm F1. Compare attachment sizes and locations with design loading tree in *Figure 29.2 of Volume 1*. All signals and signs are no further from the pole than shown in the Arm F1 design loading tree. Select Arm Type F1.

2. **Select Pole Type.**
   
   Use Pole Selection Tables in *Index 17743 of the Design Standards*. Select Pole Type W1.

3. **Determine Arm Mounting Height.**
   
   \[ UB + 10' = 12.5' + 17.5'min. + 2' \]
   \[ UB = 22'min. \] Use 22'
EXAMPLE 2

1. Select First Arm Type.
   Designate longest arm as First Arm. For 52’ arm, investigate Arm D5. Compare
   attachment sizes and locations with design loading tree. All signals and signs are
   no larger than and are no further from the pole than shown in the Arm D5 design
   loading tree. Select Arm Type D5.

2. Specify shorter arm.
   Enter 28’ under FAA.
   FAA + FE – Splice = 28’ + 26’ - 2’ = 52’
   Determine actual tip diameter.
   FBA = FB + (60’ – 52’) x taper = 7.96” + 8’ (0.14”/ft) = 9.08”

3. Select Second Arm Type.
   Select Arm Type D2.

4. Enter angle between arms.
   Angle UF is measured counter-clockwise from the First Arm and must be either 90°
   or 270°.

5. Select Pole Type.
   Use Pole Selection Tables. Select Pole Type S3.

6. Determine Arm Mounting Height.
   UB + 10’ = 9.5’ + 17.5’min. + 2’
   UB = 19’ min. Use 20’

7. Specify shorter pole.
   Enter 22’ under UAA.
   Determine actual tip diameter.
   UCA = UC + (24’ – 22’) x taper = 17.64” + 2’ (0.14”/ft) = 17.92”
24.8 Monotube Sheets

Monotube assemblies require a special design. The Structures Design Engineer will provide all design details for a special design to be included in the plans. For a special design, place a note in the plans stating “Shop drawings will be required.”
Chapter 25

Lighting Plans

25.1 General

Lighting Plans are usually a component set of plans. Projects with minor lighting may include these features on sheets in the roadway plan set or detailed on the roadway plans. When prepared as component plans they shall be assembled as a separate plans set complete with a key sheet, tabulation of quantities and all other relevant lighting sheets. When prepared as component plans, the sheets shall be numbered consecutively with the sheet numbers prefixed by the letter “L”.

The lighting plans shall show the construction details, electrical circuits, pole data, conduits, service points, luminaires, foundations, boring details and other relevant data.

A complete set of lighting plans shall include the following sheets:

1. Key Sheet
2. Tabulation of Quantities
3. Pole Data and Legend Sheet
4. Plan Sheets or Layout Sheets
5. Foundation Details - High Mast (if required)
6. Boring Data Sheets - High Mast (if required)

In addition, the lighting plans may contain sheets which were prepared separately (perhaps by a sub-consultant) and incorporated into the lighting plans early in the design process (prior to the establishment of sheet numbering). As an option, these may be identified with the following prefixes and placed at the end of the numbered sequence of the lighting plans:

GL-# Soil Survey and Report of Core Borings normally associated with the lighting plans set
25.2 Key Sheet

The key sheet is the first sheet in the component plans set and shall be prepared as described in Chapter 3. The location map, length of project box and contract plans set information are not required on this sheet when shown on the lead key sheet. Index of lighting plans shall be shown on the left of the sheet. Other data, including name, consultant contract number, vendor number, and certificate of authorization number of the firm (when plans are prepared by a consultant), shall be shown as described in Chapter 3.

If shop drawings are anticipated, the name(s) and address(es) of the Delegated Engineer(s) for shop drawing review(s) shall be shown on the right side of the sheet.
<table>
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<tr>
<th>PAY ITEM NO.</th>
<th>PAY SIZE</th>
<th>BOTANICAL NAME</th>
<th>COMMON NAME</th>
<th>INSTALLED SIZE</th>
<th>MAINTAINED SIZE</th>
<th>SPACING</th>
<th>REMARKS</th>
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**NOTICE:** THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF THIS SHEET IS THE ELECTRONIC FILE SIGNED AND SEALED UNDER RULE 61G10-11.011, F.A.C.
The following narrative of the stormwater pollution prevention plan contains references to the standard specifications for road and bridge construction, the design standards, and other sheets of these construction plans. The first sheet of the construction plans (called the key sheet) contains an index to the other sheets. The complete stormwater pollution prevention plan includes several items. This narrative description of the documents referenced in this narrative, the contractor’s approved erosion control plan required by specification section 104, and reports of inspections made during construction.

1. Description

1.1. Nature of Construction Activity

The project is the reconstruction of SR 417 (James Brown Boulevard) to a major urban roadway. This involves constructing roadway surface, curb and gutter, sidewalk, underground storm drain systems, and stormwater management facilities. The project extends from north of Paul Russell Road to Perkins Street, a distance of approximately 1.1 miles.

1.2. Sequence of Major Soil Disturbing Activities

In section 104 erosion control plans, the contractor shall provide a detailed sequence of construction for all construction activities. The contractor shall follow the sequence of major activities described below, unless the contractor proposes a different sequence that is equal or better at controlling erosion and trapping sediment and is approved by the engineer.

1.3. Soil Borings

Soil borings done in the ponds are shown on the pond detail sheets. The results of the soil borings along the roadway are shown in the roadway soil survey sheets. The results of soil borings done in the ponds are shown on the pond detail sheets. The numbers for these sheets are identified on the key sheet of these construction plans. In general, the soils are clayey sands.

1.4. Outfall Information

There are four outfalls.

1) Description existing pond at Laura Lee.
   Location: Latitude 30° 24' 45" , Longitude 84° 16' 45"
   Est. Drainage Area Size: 13.6 acres.
   Receiving water name: Not applicable.

2) Description pond 1. This discharges to the storm drain system that runs under orange avenue. This system in turn discharges to the box culvert at STA 531+00.
   Location: Latitude 30° 25' 00", Longitude 84° 17' 00"
   Est. Drainage Area Size: 3 acres.
   Receiving water name: East ditch.

3) Description box culvert at STA 531+00.
   Location: Latitude 30° 24' 45", Longitude 84° 17' 00"  
   Est. Drainage Area Size: 4.3 square miles.
   Receiving water name: East ditch.

4) Description pond 2. This discharges to the SR 417 storm drain system that drains to the box culvert at STA 531+00.
   Location: Latitude 30° 25' 00", Longitude 84° 17' 00"
   Est. Drainage Area Size: 3.5 acres.
   Receiving water name: East ditch.

1.5. Site Map

The construction plans are being used as the site maps. The location of the outfall locations and receiving water names is shown on the site map. The section 104 erosion control plans, the primary permanent stormwater management controls, are shown on the pond detail sheets.

1.6. Receiving Waters

See item 1.4 for the outfall locations and receiving water names. There are no wetland areas on the project site.

1.7. Approximate Slopes

The slopes of the site can be seen in the cross section sheets and the plan-profile sheets. There are pond cross sections located with the pond detail sheets.

1.8. Areas of Soil Disturbance

The areas to be disturbed are indicated on the plan-profile sheets, the cross section sheets, and the pond detail sheets. Any areas where permanent features are shown to be constructed above or below ground will be disturbed.

1.9. Areas Not to Be Disturbed

Essentially the whole project will be disturbed during construction.

1.10. Locations of Temporary Controls

These are shown on the erosion control plans except for the controls associated with the box culvert replacement which are shown on the box culvert construction detail sheet. These are shown on the pond detail sheets.

1.11. Locations of Permanent Controls

The stormwater ponds are the primary permanent stormwater management controls. These are shown on the pond detail sheets.

1.12. Areas to Be Stabilized

Temporary stabilization practices are shown in the same location as the temporary controls mentioned above. Permanent stabilization is shown on the typical section sheets, the plan-profile sheets and the pond detail sheets.

1.13. Surface Waters

The only surface water within the site is the east ditch, which flows through the culvert at station 531+00. This is located on the plan-profile sheets and the box culvert construction detail sheet.

1.14. Discharge Points to Surface Waters

There is one only. This is shown on the plan-profile sheets at the east ditch culvert at station 531+00.

1.15. Receiving Waters

See item 1.4 for the outfall locations and receiving water names. There are no wetland areas on the project site.

1.16. Approximate Slopes

The slopes of the site can be seen in the cross section sheets and the plan-profile sheets. There are pond cross sections located with the pond detail sheets.

1.17. Areas of Soil Disturbance

The areas to be disturbed are indicated on the plan-profile sheets, the cross section sheets, and the pond detail sheets. Any areas where permanent features are shown to be constructed above or below ground will be disturbed.

1.18. Areas Not to Be Disturbed

Essentially the whole project will be disturbed during construction.

1.19. Locations of Temporary Controls

These are shown on the erosion control plans except for the controls associated with the box culvert replacement which are shown on the box culvert construction detail sheet. These are shown on the pond detail sheets.

1.20. Locations of Permanent Controls

The stormwater ponds are the primary permanent stormwater management controls. These are shown on the pond detail sheets.

1.21. Areas to Be Stabilized

Temporary stabilization practices are shown in the same location as the temporary controls mentioned above. Permanent stabilization is shown on the typical section sheets, the plan-profile sheets and the pond detail sheets.

1.22. Surface Waters

The only surface water within the site is the east ditch, which flows through the culvert at station 531+00. This is located on the plan-profile sheets and the box culvert construction detail sheet.

1.23. Discharge Points to Surface Waters

There is one only. This is shown on the plan-profile sheets at the east ditch culvert at station 531+00.

1.24. Receiving Waters

See item 1.4 for the outfall locations and receiving water names. There are no wetland areas on the project site.

Exhibit SWP-1

Date: 1/1/08
2.0  Controls:

2.0.1 Erosion and Sediment Controls:

In the Section 104 Erosion Control Plan, the Contractor shall describe the proposed stabilization and structural practices based on the Contractor's proposed temporary traffic control (TTC) plan. The following recommended guidelines are based on the temporary traffic control plan outlined in the construction plans. Where following the temporary traffic control plan outlined in the construction plans, the Contractor may choose to accept the following guidelines or modify them in the Section 104 Erosion Control Plan, subject to approval by the Engineer, as work progresses. The Contractor shall modify the plan to adapt to seasonal variation, changes in construction activities, and the need for better practices.

For each construction phase, install perwater controls after clearing and grubbing necessary for installation of controls but before beginning other work for the construction phase. Remove perwater controls only after all upstream areas are stabilized.

Phase I of Temporary Traffic Control Plans:

Roadway, Station 501+40 to 520+40 Right:

Immediately after constructing the temporary pavement, stabilize the entire area between the temporary pavement and the right of way line using temporary SOD.

Outfall of Pond 1:

Construct the outfall pipe from S-106 towards the pond. The Contractor shall have sandbags available at all times during the construction of the pipe. Construct pipe to the pond and construct the outlet structure of the pond.

Pond 1 Construction:

Clear and grub the pond site. Initially excavate the pond only enough to construct Type IV Silt Fence as detailed in the TTC plan. Then, excavate the pond to approximate proposed dimensions. Turn all disturbed areas of the pond site above elevation S10-2. Final grading will be done at the end of Phase Two of the TTC plan.

Roadway, Station 501+40 to 520+40 Left:

Construct the storm drain from the pond to the roadway and then in the upstream direction along the left side of the project. During the subsurface excavation, and construction of the roadway underdrain, storm drain, and wall, use S-19 as the primary inlet for conveyance to the pond. Construct the inlet as detailed in the TTC plan.

Roadway, Station 501+40 to 510+40 Left:

During the subsurface excavation and construction of the underdrain, storm drain, and wall, use S-19 as the primary inlet for conveyance to the pond. Construct and protect the inlet in a manner similar to S-19 in Phase I of the TTC plan.

Phase I of the Temporary Traffic Control Plan:

Roadway, Station 510+10 to 525+10 Right:

During the subsurface excavation and construction of the roadway underdrain and storm drain, use S-20 as the primary inlet for conveyance to Pond 1. Construct and protect the inlet in a manner similar to S-20 in Phase I of the TTC plan.

Roadway, Station 510+40 to 510+40 Right:

During the subsurface excavation and construction of the underdrain, storm drain, and wall, use S-10 as the primary inlet for conveyance to the Laura Lee Pond. Stage construct and protect the outlet in a manner similar to S-10 in Phase I of the TTC plan.

Pond 1 Construction:

After entire basin is permanently stabilized, construct underdrain in the pond bottom.

2.0.2 Structural Practices:

In the Section 104 Erosion Control Plan, the Contractor shall describe the proposed structural practices to control or trap sediment and otherwise prevent the discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site. Sediment controls shall be in place before disturbing soil upstream of the controls. The structural practices shall include at least the following, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer:

Temporary:

* Silt fence in accordance with Design Standard 102 and Specification Section 104.

Permanent:

* Synthetic silt fence in accordance with Design Standard 102 and Specification Section 104.

2.0.3 Structural Practices:

Several storm drain systems will be constructed to convey runoff to three (3) stormwater retention/detention ponds. The facilities have been permitted by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) and the City of Narcoossee and comply with applicable design standards.

2.0.4 Structural Practices:

The paragraph above refers to a 7 day limit before initiating stabilization. The DEP Generic Permit specifies 7 days, but other stormwater permitting agencies will often apply and should be noted. For example, St. Johns River Water Management District has a 7 day limit in 40C-42 F.A.C.
2.C OTHER CONTROLS

2.C.1 WASTE DISPOSAL

IN THE SECTION 104 EROSION CONTROL PLAN, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED METHODS TO PREVENT THE DISCHARGE OF SOLID MATERIALS, INCLUDING BUILDING MATERIALS, TO WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES. THE PROPOSED METHODS SHALL INCLUDE AT LEAST THE FOLLOWING, UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER:

* PROVIDING LITTER CONTROL AND COLLECTION WITHIN THE PROJECT DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES;

* DISPOSING OF ALL FERTILIZER OR OTHER CHEMICAL CONTAINERS ACCORDING TO EPA’S STANDARD PRACTICES AS DETAILED BY THE MANUFACTURER;

* DISPOSING OF SOLID MATERIALS INCLUDING BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS OFF THE PROJECT SITE BUT NOT IN SURFACE WATERS, OR WETLANDS;

2.C.2 OFF-SITE VEHICLE TRACKING & DUST CONTROL

IN THE SECTION 104 EROSION CONTROL PLAN, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED METHODS FOR MINIMIZING OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING OF SEDIMENT AND GENERATING DUST. THE PROPOSED METHODS SHALL INCLUDE AT LEAST THE FOLLOWING, UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER:

* COVERING LOADED HAUL TRUCKS WITH TARPAULINS;

* REMOVING EXCESS DIRT FROM ROADS DAILY;

* COVERING LOADED HAUL TRUCKS WITH TARPAULINS;

* STABILIZING CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES ACCORDING TO DESIGN STANDARD 105;

* USING ROADWAY SWEEPERS DURING DUST GENERATING ACTIVITIES SUCH AS EXCAVATION AND WILLING OPERATIONS;

2.C.3 STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS FOR WASTE DISPOSAL, SANITARY SEWER, OR SEPTIC TANK REGULATIONS

IN THE SECTION 104 EROSION CONTROL PLAN, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED PROCEDURES TO COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS FOR WASTE DISPOSAL, SANITARY SEWER OR SEPTIC SYSTEMS.

2.C.4 FERTILIZERS AND PESTICIDES

IN THE SECTION 104 EROSION CONTROL PLAN, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DESCRIBE THE PROCEDURES FOR APPLYING FERTILIZERS AND PESTICIDES. THE PROPOSED PROCEDURES SHALL COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE SUBSECTIONS OF SECTION 900 OF THE SPECIFICATIONS.

2.C.5 TOXIC SUBSTANCES

IN THE SECTION 104 EROSION CONTROL PLAN, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A LIST OF TOXIC SUBSTANCES THAT ARE LIKELY TO BE USED ON THE JOB AND PROVIDE A PLAN ADDRESSING THE GENERATION, APPLICATION, MIGRATION, STORAGE, AND DISPOSAL OF THESE SUBSTANCES.

2.C.6 APPROVED STATE AND LOCAL PLANS AND PERMITS

* FED RULE CHAPTER 62-25 F.A.C.

* CITY OF NARCOOSSEE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT ORDINANCE NUMBER 90-0-0044AA.

3.0 MAINTENANCE

IN THE SECTION 104 EROSION CONTROL PLAN, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A PLAN FOR MAINTAINING ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION. THE MAINTENANCE PLAN SHALL SUBMIT A PLAN FOR MAINTAINING ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS DURING CONSTRUCTION.

* SILT FENCE MAINTAIN PER SECTION 104, THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD ANTICIPATE REPLACING SILT FENCE ON 12 MONTH INTERVALS.

* SYNTHETIC BALES & REMOVE SEDIMENT WHEN IT REACHES 1/2 THE HEIGHT OF BALES OR WHEN WATER PONDS IN UNACCEPTABLE AMOUNTS.

* PONDS ONE AND TWO THE PONDS ARE TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASINS UNTIL THE AREAS THAT DRAIN TO THEM ARE STABILIZED, SO UNTIL THEN, REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM THE POND WHEN IT BECOMES 1.5 DEEP AT ANY POINT.

4.0 INSPECTIONS

QUALIFIED PERSONNEL SHALL INSPECT THE FOLLOWING ITEMS AT LEAST ONCE EVERY SEVEN CALENDAR DAYS AND WITHIN 48 HOURS OF THE END OF A STORM THAT IS 0.50 INCHES OR GREATER. TO COMPLY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL AND MAINTAIN RAIN GAUGES AND RECORD THE DAILY RAINFALL. WHERE SITES HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED, INSPECTIONS SHALL BE CONDUCTED AT LEAST ONCE EVERY MONTH. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO INSPECT THAT CONTROLS INSTALLED IN THE FIELD AGREE WITH THE LATEST STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN.

* POINTS OF DISCHARGE TO WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

* POINTS OF DISCHARGE TO MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM DRAIN SYSTEMS.

* DISTURBED AREAS OF THE SITE THAT HAVE NOT BEEN FINALLY STABILIZED.

* AREAS USED FOR STORAGE OF MATERIALS THAT ARE EXPOSED TO PRECIPITATION.

* STRUCTURAL CONTROLS.

* STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS.

* LOCATIONS WHERE VEHICLES ENTER OR EXIT THE SITE.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ADDITIONAL MEASURES, AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

5.0 NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES

IN THE SECTION 104 EROSION CONTROL PLAN, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED PROCEDURES TO COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS FOR WASTE DISPOSAL, SANITARY SEWER OR SEPTIC SYSTEMS.

4.0 INSPECTIONS

QUALIFIED PERSONNEL SHALL INSPECT THE FOLLOWING ITEMS AT LEAST ONCE EVERY SEVEN CALENDAR DAYS AND WITHIN 48 HOURS OF THE END OF A STORM THAT IS 0.50 INCHES OR GREATER. TO COMPLY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL AND MAINTAIN RAIN GAUGES AND RECORD THE DAILY RAINFALL. WHERE SITES HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED, INSPECTIONS SHALL BE CONDUCTED AT LEAST ONCE EVERY MONTH. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO INSPECT THAT CONTROLS INSTALLED IN THE FIELD AGREE WITH THE LATEST STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN.

* POINTS OF DISCHARGE TO WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

* POINTS OF DISCHARGE TO MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM DRAIN SYSTEMS.

* DISTURBED AREAS OF THE SITE THAT HAVE NOT BEEN FINALLY STABILIZED.

* AREAS USED FOR STORAGE OF MATERIALS THAT ARE EXPOSED TO PRECIPITATION.

* STRUCTURAL CONTROLS.

* STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS.

* LOCATIONS WHERE VEHICLES ENTER OR EXIT THE SITE.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ADDITIONAL MEASURES, AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.