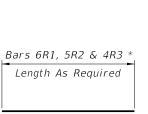
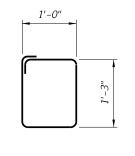


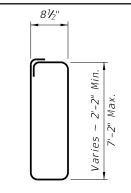
- \* Bars 4P5 and 4R3 are to be used with a curb only.
- \*\* Bend Bars 451, 452 & 453 around a #3 Stirrup Pin.
- \*\*\* Bars 7P4 & 4V2 are to be used on C-I-P Concrete Retaining Walls.



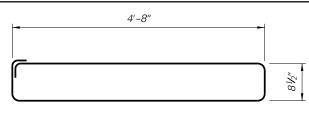
Bars 6R1, 5R2 & 4R3



Stirrup Bar 4S1



CONVENTIONAL REINFORCING STEEL BENDING DIAGRAMS

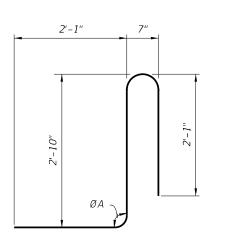


5'-4" 101/2"

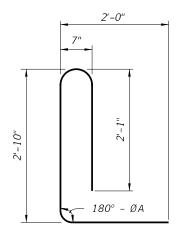
Stirrup Bar 4S3

Stirrup Bar 6T

Stirrup Bar 4S2



Bar 7P1



Bar 7P2

Parallel to Joint -Line Perpendicular or Radial to Gutter Skew Angle (measured in the horizontal plane, see Structures Plans, Superstructure Sheets) Bar 7P3 (Requires

2'-3" 2¾" ⊘ Pin

Bar 4P5 \* Stirrup Bar 5U

Top of C-I-P Concrete Retaining Wall

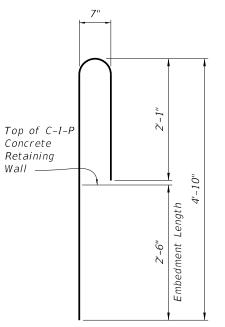
3 Dimensional Bend)

REINFORCING STEEL NOTES:

- 1. All bar dimensions in the bending diagrams are out to out.
- 2. The reinforcement for the railing on a C-I-P Concrete Retaining Wall shall be the same as detailed above for a 8" deck with  $\emptyset A = 90^{\circ}$ , where applicable. If bottom horizontal legs of Bars 7P1, 7P3 and 4V1 prohibit placement, Bars 7P4 and 4V2 may be substituted for Bars 7P1, 7P3 and 4V1 as shown.
- 3. All reinforcing steel at the open joints shall have a 2" minimum cover unless otherwise noted.
- 4. At Construction Joints Bars 6R1, 5R2 and 4R3 may be continuous or spliced. Where bars are spliced provide a 2'-6" Min. lap length for Bar 6R1, a 2'-0" Min. lap length for Bars 5R2 and a 1'-3" Min. lap length for Bars 4R3.
- 5. The skew angle for Bars 7P3 may vary from joint to joint and side to side, see Structures Plans, Superstructure Sheets for details.

ROADWAY OR SIDEWALK	HIGH SIDE	LOW SIDE
CROSS-SLOPE	ØA	ØA
0% to 2%	90°	90°
2% to 6%	93°	87°
6% to 10%	96°	84°

ØA shall be 90° if Contractor elects to place Railing Perpendicular to the Deck.



ESTIMATED TRAFFIC RAILING QUANTITIES			
ITEM	CONCRETE QUANTITY (CY)	REBAR QUANTITY (LB)	
Typical 10'-0" Section w/Curb	1.13	451	
Typical 10'-0" Section w/o Curb	1.03	428	
Approach Slab with Guardrail End Section	0.14 (per LF)	44 (per LF)	

Bar 4V1

Bar 7P4 \*\*\*

≥ DESCRIPTION: LAST REVISION 07/01/05



FDOT 2014 DESIGN STANDARDS

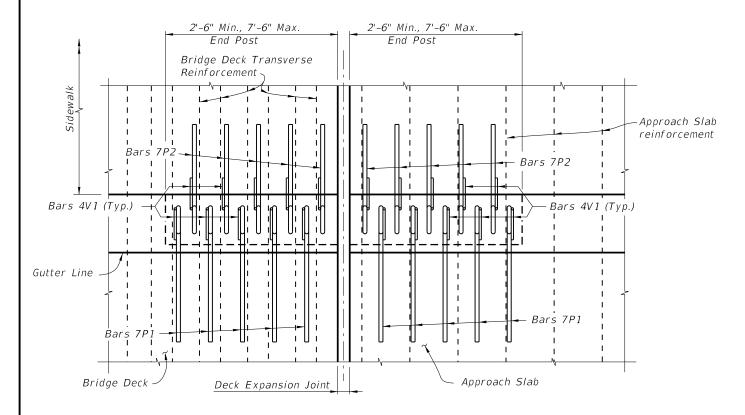
TRAFFIC RAILING - (CORRAL SHAPE)

INDEX SHEET NO. NO. 424 5 of 7

Bar 4V2 \*\*\*

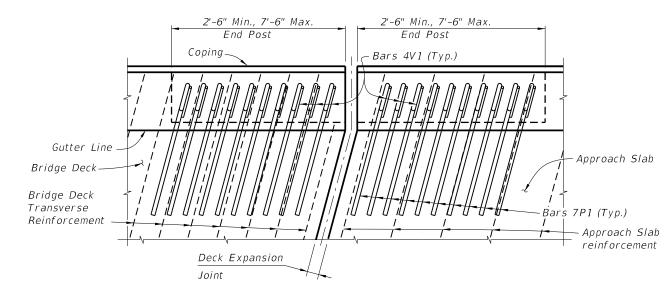
PARTIAL PLAN VIEW OF BRIDGE DECK AND APPROACH SLAB - SKEW ANGLE GREATER THAN 15 DEGREES

- 1) Railing expansion joint shall match the deck expansion joint which shall be turned perpendicular or radial to the gutter line. See Structures Plans, Superstructure and Approach Slab Sheets for details.
- 2) Bars 4S1 (not shown) shall be placed perpendicular or radial to the gutter. BRIDGE DECK AND APPROACH SLAB WITHOUT GUARDRAIL ATTACHED (SHOWN):
- 3) End Post & Approach Slab End Section Place Bars 7P1 & 4V1 in obtuse corners of intersection of deck joint and gutter line. Place Bars 7P3 & 4V1 in acute corners of intersection of deck joint and gutter line as required. Interior Post - use Bars 7P1 and 4V1 placed with bottom mat of reinforcement. Shift deck or slab reinforcement minimally to allow proper placement of Bars 7P and 4V and to facilitate placement of concrete.
- APPROACH SLAB WITH GUARDRAIL ATTACHED (NOT SHOWN):
- 4) Place Bars 7P1 & 4V1 in obtuse corners of intersection of deck joint and gutter line and Bars 7P3 & 4V1 in acute corners of intersection of deck joint and gutter line as required. Shift deck or slab reinforcement minimally to allow proper placement of Bars 7P & 4V and to facilitate placement of concrete.
- 5) Begin placing Railing Bars 7P & 4V on Approach Slab at the railing end and proceed toward Begin or End Bridge to ensure placement of guardrail bolt holes. If required, adjustments to the bar spacing for Bars 7P & 4V shall be made immediately adjacent to Begin or End Bridge.



PARTIAL PLAN VIEW OF BRIDGE DECK AND APPROACH SLAB WITH SIDEWALK - 0 DEGREE SKEW ANGLE

- 1) Alternate Bars 7P1 with Bars 7P2 and reverse direction of every other Bar 4V1 as detailed above to facilitate placement of concrete.
- 2) Shift deck transverse reinforcement minimally to allow placement of Bars 7P & 4V.



PARTIAL PLAN VIEW OF BRIDGE DECK AND APPROACH SLAB - SKEW ANGLE 15 DEGREES OR LESS

# NOTES:

- 1) Railing expansion joint shall match the deck expansion joint which shall be turned perpendicular or radial to the gutter line. See Structures Plans, Superstructure and Approach Slab Sheets for details.
- 2) Bars 4S1 (not shown) shall be placed perpendicular or radial to the gutter.
- 3) Bars 7P & 4V in the Approach Slab may be rotated to match Approach Slab reinforcement or placed perpendicular or radial to the gutter line.

BRIDGE DECK AND APPROACH SLAB WITHOUT GUARDRAIL ATTACHED (SHOWN):

- 4) Rotate vertical Bars 7P & 4V to match bridge deck reinforcement. Shift deck & slab transverse reinforcement to allow proper placement of Bars 7P & 4V and to facilitate placement of concrete. APPROACH SLAB WITH GUARDRAIL ATTACHED (NOT SHOWN):
- 5) Begin placing Railing Bars 7P & 4V on Approach Slab at the railing end and proceed toward Begin or End Bridge to ensure placement of guardrail bolt holes. If required, adjustments to the bar spacing for Bars 7P & 4V shall be made immediately adjacent to Begin or End Bridge.
- 6) Bars 7P at end of the railing shall be field cut and shifted to maintain clearance, see Railing End Taper Detail Sheet 2 for similar details.

- 1) Deck Expansion Joint at begin or end bridge shown. Deck Expansion Joints at & Pier or Intermediate Bents are similar.
- 2) Partial Plan Views shown are intended as guides only. See Structures Plans, Superstructure and Approach Slab Sheets for skew angles, joint orientation, dimensions and details.

∠ DESCRIPTION: LAST REVISION 07/01/05



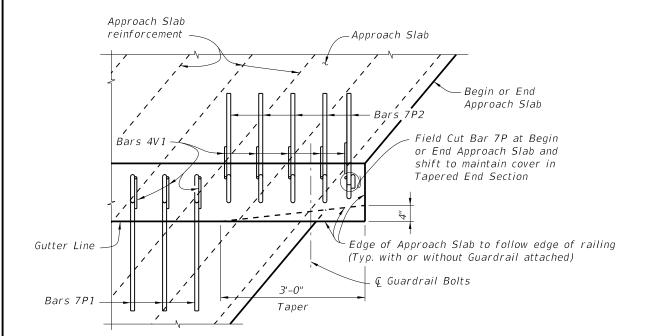
FDOT 2014 **DESIGN STANDARDS** 

TRAFFIC RAILING - (CORRAL SHAPE)

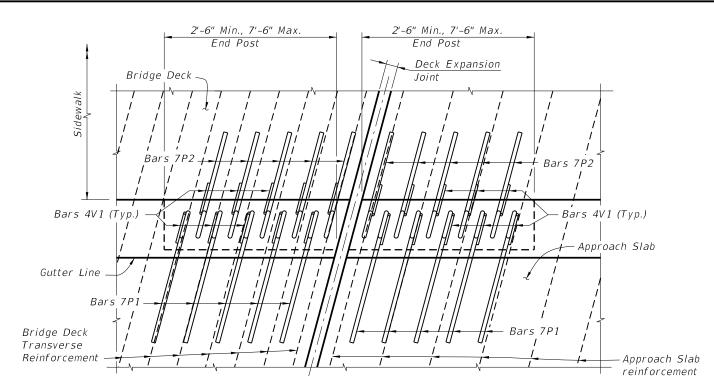
INDEX NO. 424

SHEET NO. 6 of 7

PARTIAL PLAN VIEW OF BRIDGE DECK AND APPROACH SLAB WITH SIDEWALK
- SKEW ANGLE GREATER THAN 15 DEGREES



PARTIAL PLAN VIEW AT BEGIN OR END APPROACH SLAB WITH
SIDEWALK AND RAILING WITH GUARDRAIL ATTACHED
- SKEW ANGLE GREATER THAN 15 DEGREES SHOWN, 15 DEGREES OR LESS SIMILAR



PARTIAL PLAN VIEW OF BRIDGE DECK AND APPROACH SLAB WITH SIDEWALK
- SKEW ANGLE 15 DEGREES OR LESS

### IOTES.

- 1) Railing ends at deck expansion joints shall follow the deck joint with allowance for joint movement. Expansion joint at the inside face of parapet shall be turned perpendicular or radial to this line. See Structures Plans, Superstructure and Approach Slab Sheets for details.
- 2) Bars 4S1 (not shown) shall be placed perpendicular or radial to the gutter.
- 3) Edge of Approach Slab adjacent to the roadway shall follow end of railing, Bars 7P at end of the railing shall be field cut and shifted to maintain clearance, see detail bottom left this sheet for similar details.
- BRIDGE DECK AND APPROACH SLAB WITHOUT GUARDRAIL ATTACHED (SHOWN):
- 4) Alternate Bars 7P1 with Bars 7P2 and reverse direction of every other Bar 4V1 to facilitate placement of concrete.
- 5) Bars 7P & 4V shall be rotated to match bridge deck reinforcement. Shift deck transverse reinforcement minimally to allow placement of Bars 7P & 4V.
- 6) Railing End Post and reinforcement detailed above. Railing Interior Post reinforcement similar.
- APPROACH SLAB WITH GUARDRAIL ATTACHED (NOT SHOWN):
- 7) Begin placing Railing Bars 7P & 4V on Approach Slab at the railing end and proceed toward Begin or End Bridge to ensure placement of guardrail bolt holes. If required, adjustments to the bar spacing for Bars 7P & 4V shall be made immediately adjacent to Begin or End Bridge.

## NOTES:

- 1) Railing ends at deck expansion joints shall follow the deck joint with allowance for joint movement. Expansion joint at the inside face of parapet shall be turned perpendicular or radial to this line. See Structures Plans, Superstructure and Approach Slab Sheets for details.
- 2) Bars 4S1 (not shown) shall be placed perpendicular or radial to the gutter.

BRIDGE DECK AND APPROACH SLAB WITHOUT GUARDRAIL ATTACHED (NOT SHOWN):

- 3) Deck transverse reinforcement may be shifted minimally as required to allow proper placement of Bars 7P & 4V and to facilitate placement of concrete. Bars 7P1 & 4V1 or 7P2 & 4V1 shall be used on opposing sides of the joint depending on the direction of the skew, see Detail above. Approach Slab reinforcement may be shifted if conflicts occur.
- 4) Interior Post alternate Bars 7P1 with Bars 7P2 and reverse direction of every other Bar 4V1 to facilitate placement of concrete.
- 5) End Post alternate Bars 7P1 with Bars 7P2 and reverse direction of Bars 4V1 (as detailed) where possible. APPROACH SLAB WITH GUARDRAIL ATTACHED (SHOWN):
- 6) Use Bars 7P2 and reverse direction of Bars 4V1 where skew restricts use of Bars 7P1 & 4P1.
- 7) Begin placing Railing Bars 7P & 4V on Approach Slab at the railing end and proceed toward Begin or End Bridge to ensure placement of guardrail bolt holes. If required, adjustments to the bar spacing for Bars 7P & 4V shall be made immediately adjacent to Begin or End Bridge.

LAST DESCRIPTION:
REVISION 157
07/01/05

