#### CLEAR ZONE WIDTHS FOR WORK ZONES

The term 'clear zone' describes the unobstructed relatively flat area, impacted by construction, extending outward from the edge of the traffic lane. The table below gives clear zone widths in work zones for medians and roadside conditions other than for roadside canals; where roadside canals are present, clear zone widths are to conform with the distances to canals as described in Volume I, Chapter 4, Section 4.2 and Exhibit 4-A and 4-B of the Plans Preparation Manual.

CLEAR ZONE WIDTHS FOR WORK ZONES					
WORK ZONE SPEED (MPH)	TRAVEL LANES & MULTILANE RAMPS (feet)	AUXILIARY LANES & SINGLE LANE RAMPS (feet)			
60-70	30	18			
55	24	14			
45-50	18	10			
30-40	14	10			
ALL SPEEDS CURB & GUTTER	4'BEHIND FACE OF CURB	4'BEHIND FACE OF CURB			

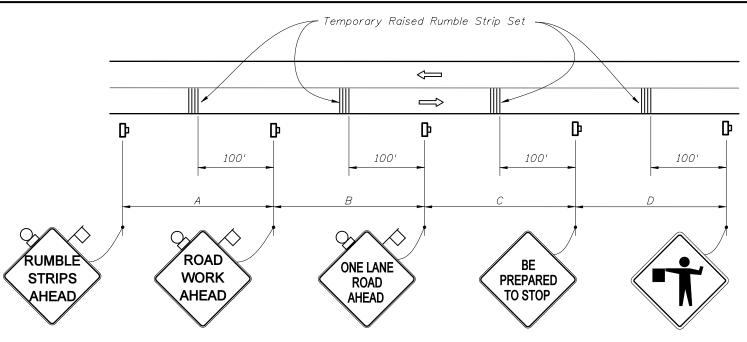
# SUPERELEVATION

Horizontal curves constructed in conjunction with work zone traffic control should have the required superelevation applied to the design radii. Under conditions where normal crown controls curvature, the minimum radii that can be applied are listed in the table below.

MINIMUM RADII FOR NORMAL CROWN					
DESIGN SPEED	MINIMUM RADIUS				
MPH	feet				
65	3130				
60	2400				
55	1840				
50	1390				
45	1080				
40	820				
<i>35</i>	610				
30	430				
Superelevate When Smaller Radii is Used					

# LENGTH OF LANE CLOSURES

Lane closures shall not exceed 2 miles in total length (taper, buffer space and work space) in any given direction on the Interstate or on state highways with a posted speed of 55 MPH or greater.



TYPICAL PLACEMENT OF TEMPORARY RAISED RUMBLE STRIPS

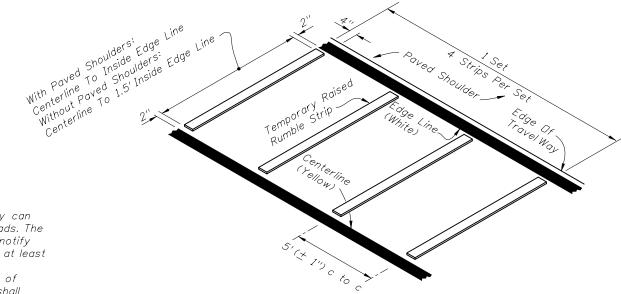
DISTANCE	BETWEEN SIGNS						
Speed	Spacing (ft.)						
(mph)	Α	В	С	D			
40 or less	200	200	200	100			
45	350	350	350	175			
50	500	500	500	250			
55 or greater	500	1640	1000	500			

# OVERWEIGHT/OVERSIZE VEHICLES

Restrictions to Lane Widths, Heights or Load Capacity can greatly impact the movement of over dimensioned loads. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer who in turn shall notify the State Permits Office, phone no. (850) 410–5777, at least seven calendar days in advance of implementing a maintenance of traffic plan which will impact the flow of overweight/oversized vehicles. Information provided shall include location, type of restriction (height, width or weight) and restriction time frames. When the roadway is restored to normal service the State Permits Office shall be notified immediately.

#### LANE WIDTHS

Lane widths of through roadways should be maintained through work zone travel ways wherever practical. The minimum widths for work zone travel lanes shall be as follows: 11' for Interstate with at least one 12' lane provided in each direction, unless formally excepted by the Federal Highway Administration; 11' for freeways; and 10' for all other facilities.



# TEMPORARY RAISED RUMBLE STRIP SET (PAVED SHOULDER SHOWN)

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Temporary raised rumble strips sets shall be placed in advance of each flagging station when called for in the plans.
- 2. Temporary raised rumble strip sets are used to supplement a series of advanced warning signs and shall be installed and removed when the signs are installed and removed.
- 3. Remove the temporary raised rumble strips prior to removing the advance warning signs.

	REVISIONS				DIE OF FLORID	2010 Interim Design Standard			
01/01/1	11 C.	DESCRIPTION  A Added RUMBLE STRIPS AHADD sign and Chart for DISTANCE BETWEEN SIGNS, and deleted "Color:White (Typical)" from TEMPORARY RAISED RUMBLE STRIP SET (PAVED SHOULDER SHOWN)	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	NOLLE CHEST	GENERAL INFORMATION FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL THROUGH WORK ZONES	01/01/11 Ind	3 of 13 ex No.

#### SIGN MATERIALS

Mesh signs may be used only for Daylight Operations.

Vinyl signs may be used for Day or Night Operations not to exceed 1 day except as noted in the standards.

Rigid or Lightweight sign panels may be used in accordance with the vendor drawing for the sign stand to which they are attached.

### INTERSECTING ROAD SIGNING

Signing for the control of traffic entering and leaving work zones by way of intersecting highways, roads and streets shall be adequate to make drivers aware of work zone conditions. Under no condition will intersecting leg signing be less than a ROAD WORK AHEAD sign.

#### ADJOINING AND/OR OVERLAPPING WORK ZONE SIGNING

Adjoining work zones may not have sufficient spacing for standard placement of signs and other traffic control devices in their advance warning areas or in some cases other areas within their traffic control zones. Where such restraints or conflicts occur or are likely to occur, one of the following methods will be employed to avoid conflicts and prevent conditions that could lead to misunderstanding on the part of the traveling public as to the intended travel way by the traffic control procedure applied:

- (A) For scheduled projects the engineer in responsible charge of project design will resolve anticipated work zone conflicts during the development of the project traffic control plan. This may entail revision of plans on preceding projects and coordination of plans on concurrent projects.
- (B) Unanticipated conflicts arising between adjoining in progress highway construction projects will be resolved by the Resident Engineer for projects under his residency, and, by the District Construction Engineer for in progress projects under adjoining residencies.
- (C) The District Maintenance Engineer will resolve anticipated and occurring conflicts within scheduled maintenance operations.
- (D) The Unit Maintenance Engineer will resolve conflicts that occur within routine maintenance works; between routine maintenance work, unscheduled work and/or permitted work; and, between unit controlled maintenance works and highway construction projects.

#### SIGN COVERING AND INTERMITTENTWORK STOPPAGE SIGNING

Existing or temporary traffic control signs that are no longer applicable or are inconsistent with intended travel paths shall be removed or fully covered.

Sign blanks or other available coverings must completely cover the existing sign. Rigid sign coverings shall be the same size as the sign it is covering, and bolted in a manner to prevent

Sign covers are incidental to work operations and are not paid for separately.

#### SIGNING FOR DETOURS, LANE SHIFTS AND DIVERSIONS

Detours should be signed clearly over their entire length so that motorists can easily determine how to return to the original roadway. The reverse curve (W1-4) warning sign should be used for the advanced warning for a lane shift. A diversion should be signed as a lane shift.

#### EXTENDED DISTANCE ADVANCE WARNING SIGN

Advance Warning Signs shall be used at extended distance of one-half mile or more when limited sight distance or the nature of the obstruction may require a motorist to bring their vehicle to a stop. Extended distance Advanced Warning Signs may be required on any type roadway, but particularly be considered on multilane divided highways where vehicle speed is generally in the higher range (45 MPH or more).

#### UTILITY WORK AHEAD SIGN

The UTILITY WORK AHEAD (W21-7) sign may be used as an alternate to the ROAD WORK AHEAD or the ROAD WORK XX FT (W20-1) sign for utility operations on or ad iacent to a highway.

### LENGTH OF ROAD WORK SIGN

The length of road work sign (G20-1) bearing the legend ROAD WORK NEXT is required for all projects of more than 2 miles in length. The number of miles entered should be rounded up to the nearest mile. The sign shall be located at begin construction points.

# SPEEDING FINES DOUBLED WHEN WORKERS PRESENT SIGN

The SPEEDING FINES DOUBLED WHEN WORKERS PRESENT sign should be installed on all projects, but may be omitted if the work operation is less than 1 day. The placement should be 500 feet beyond the ROAD WORK AHEAD sign or midway to the next sign whichever is less

# GROOVED PAVEMENT AHEAD SIGN

The GROOVED PAVEMENT AHEAD sign is required 500 feet in advance of a milled or grooved surface open to traffic.

### END ROAD WORK SIGN

The END ROAD WORK sign (G20-2) should be installed on all projects, but may be omitted where the work operation is less than 1 day. The sign should be placed approximately 500 feet beyond the end of a construction or maintenance project unless other distance is called for in the plans. When other Construction or Maintenance Operations occur within 1 mile this sign should be omitted and signing coordinated in accordance with Index No. 600, ADJOINING AND/OR OVERLAPPING WORK ZONE SIGNING.

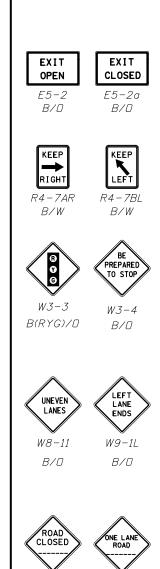
#### PROJECT INFORMATION SIGN

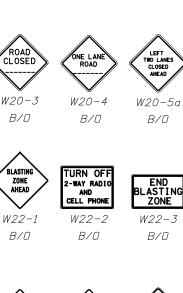
The Project information sign shall be installed when called for in the plans.

	REVISIONS							
DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION			
01/01/11		Deleted SIGN PLACEMENT heading and text (now on Sheet 6) and revised text under SIGN MATERIALS.						



CONTROL THROUGH WORK ZONES





LITTER PICK UP

B/0

MDT-1-06 MDT-4-06

IN YOU

B/0



ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES

G20-1

B/0

RĬGHT

R4-7BR

B/W

W3-5

B/0

RIGHT LANE ENDS

W9-1R

B/0

END ROAD WORK

G20-2

B/0

R5-1

WR/W

W4 - 1

B/0

LANE ENDS MERGE LEFT

W9-2L

B/0

W20-5L

B/0

TRUCKS TURNING LEFT

B/0

MDT-5-06 MDT-7-06

PILOT CAR

FOLLOW ME

G20-4

B/0

**PEDESTRIAN** 

CROSSWALK

R9-8

B/W

W4 - 2

B/0

LANE ENDS MERGE RIGHT

W9-2R

B/0

W20-5R

B/0

B/0





TRUCKS ENTERING

MDT-6-06

B/0







END

**DETOUR** 

M4-8A

B/0

SIDEWALK CLOSED

USE OTHER SIDE

R9-10

B/W

NARROW BRIDGE

W5-2

B/0

W11-2

B/0

W16-7P

B/0

FLAGGER

W20-7A

B/0

**DETOUR** 

M4 - 8

B/0

SIDEWALK

CLOSED

R9-9

B/W

ROAD NARROW

W5 - 1

B/0

W10-1

B/Y

W20-5C

B/0

DETOUR

M4-9L

B/0

CROSS HERE

R9-11

B/W

W5 - 3

B/0

W12-1

B/0

W20-7

B/0

XXX FEET

W16-2P

B/0

DETOUR

M4 - 9R

B/0

SIDEWALK CLOSED

CROSS HERE

R9-11a

B/W

W6-1

B/0

W12-2

B/0

WORKER:

W21-1A

B/0

□-□range (Reflectorized)

W-White (Reflectorized)

B-Black (Non-Reflectorized)

DETOUR

M4-10R

0/B

W1-1R

B/0

W6 - 3

B/0

ROAD WORK 500 F

W20-1A

B/0

SHOULDE WORK

W21-5

B/0

COLOR CODES

Legend and/or Symbol Background

M4-10L

0/B

ROAD

**CLOSED** 

R11-2

B/W

W6-2

B/0

W13-1

B/0

W21-1

B/0

0M-3R

B/Y

W1-2R

B/0

BUMP

W8-1

B/0

ROAD WORK 1000 F

W20-1B

B/0

RIGHT SHOULDER CLOSED

W21-5a

B/0

R-Red (Reflectorized)

Y-Yellow (Reflectorized)

G-Green (Reflectorized)

R1-1

W/R

W1-3R

B/0

DIP

W8-2

B/0

WORK 1500 F

W20-1C

B/0

SURVEY

CREW

W21-6

B/0



BLUE/W



B/W







SPEEDING FINES

DOUBLED

WHEN WORKERS







WORK

W20-1F

B/0

W1-4c

DO NOT

PASS

R4 - 1

B/W

SPEED LIMIT

R2-1

B/W

W1 - 4b

B/0

SOFT SHOULDER

W8-4

B/0

WORK I MILE

W20-1E

B/0

Notes:

R1-2

RW/R

W1-4R

B/0

AVEMEN

W8-3

B/0

W20-1D

B/0

UTILITY

WORK AHEAD

W21-7

B/0





PASS WITH CARE

R4 - 2

B/W

W1-6

B/0

DETOUR

AHEAD

W20-2A

B/0



DETOUR 500 FT

W20-2B

B/0

TRUCKS USE CENTER LANE

R4-5

B/W

W1-7

B/0



DETOU

1000 F

W20-2C

B/0

R4-7

W1-8

B/0



R4 - 8

B/W

W3-1

RB/O





LEFT

R4-7AL

B/W

W3-2

RB/O



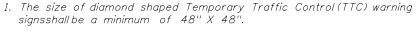












#### 2. Fluorescent orange shall be used for all orange colored work zone signs.

- 3. When standard orange flags or flashing warning lights are used in conjunction with signs, they shall not block the sign face.
- 4. The sign shields, symbols and messages contained on this sheet are provided for ready reference to those signs used in the development of the 600 series Design Standards and are commonly used in the development of traffic control plans.

For additional signs and sign detail information refer to the STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGNS MANUAL as specified in the MUTCD. Special signs for traffic control plans will be as approved by the State Traffic Plans Enaineer.

The sign codes shown on this sheet are for the purpose of identifying cell names found in the Traffic Control Cell Library (TCZ.Cel). The STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGNS MANUAL should be referenced for the official sign codes for use in the development of traffic control plans. See Index No. 17355 for MOT sign details.

Slow Down My Daddy Works Here

MDT-16-06

B/0





B/0



STRIPS

B/0

COMMONLY USED WARNING AND REGULATORY SIGNS IN WORK ZONES

**REVISIONS** Added RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD sign MOT-18-06, BE PREPARI TO STOP sian W3-4 and Motorcycle Plague W8-15P; per MUTCD WORKERS symboland text signs changed designations.



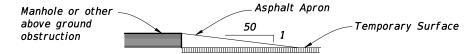
2010 Interim Design Standard

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#### MANHOLES/CROSSWALKS/JOINTS

Manholes extending 1" or more above the travel lane and crosswalks having an uneven surface greater than  $\frac{1}{4}$ " shall have a temporary asphalt apron constructed as shown in the diagram below.

All transverse joints that have a difference in elevation of 1" or more shall have a temporary asphalt apron constructed as shown in the diagram below.



The apron is to be removed prior to constructing the next lift of asphalt. The cost of the temporary asphalt shall be included in the contract unit price for Maintenance of Traffic, LS.

# TRUCK/TRAILER-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

Truck/Trailer-mounted attenuators (TMA) can be used for moving operations and short-term stationary operations. For moving operations, see Index Nos. 607 and 619. For short-term, stationary operations, see Part VI of the MUTCD.

#### REMOVING PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Existing pavement markings that conflict with temporary work zone delineation shall be removed by any method approved by the Engineer, where operations exceed one daylight period. Painting over existing pavement markings with black paint or spraying with asphalt shall not be accepted as a substitute for removal or obliteration. Full pavement width overlays of either a structural or friction course are a positive means to achieve obliteration.

#### SIGNALS

Existing traffic signal operations that require modification in order to carry out work zone traffic control shall be included in the TCP and be approved by the District Traffic Operations Enaineer.

Maintain all existing actuated or traffic responsive mode signal operations for main and side street movements for the duration of the Contract and require restoration of any loss of detection within 12 hours. The contractor shall select only detection technology listed on the Department's Approved Products List (APL) and approved by the Engineer to restore detection capabilities. The plans should identify the intersections where Temporary Traffic Detection is required.

# CHANNELIZING AND LIGHTING DEVICES

Channelizing and lighting devices for work zone traffic control shall be as prescribed in Part VI of the MUTCD, subject to supplemental revisions provided in the contract documents and Index 600 requirements.

# CHANNELIZING AND LIGHTING DEVICE CONSISTENCY

Barricades, vertical panels, cones, tubular markers and drums shall not be intermixed within either the lateral transition or within the tangent alignment.

#### WARNING LIGHTS

Warning lights shall be in accordance with the MUTCD except for the application limitations stipulated below:

#### Flashing

Type A Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are to be mounted on barricades, drums, vertical panels or advance warning signs (except as noted below) and are intended to continually warn drivers that they are approaching or proceeding in a hazardous area. Flashing lights shall not be used to delineate the intended path of travel, and <u>not</u> placed with spacings that will form a continuous line to the drivers eye. The Type A light will be used to mark obstructions that are located adjacent to or in the intended travel way. Type A lights shall not be used in conjunction with the first advance warning sign nor the second such sign when used.

For post-mounted signs, Type B High Intensity Flashing Warning Lights shall be mounted on the first advanced warning sign and on the first and second advanced warning sign where two or more signs are used; this applies to all approaches to any work zone. The light shall be mounted on the channel post or on the upper edge of the sign nearest the traffic.

Type B High Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are not to be placed on temporary portable sign supports.

#### Steady-Burn

Type C Steady-Burn Lights are to be mounted on barricades, drums, concrete barrier walls or vertical panels and used in combination with those devices to delineate the travel way on lane closures, lane changes, diversion curves and other similar conditions. Steady-burn lights are intended to be placed in a line to delineate the travel way through and around obstructions in the transition, buffer, work and termination areas of the traffic control zone. Their intended purpose is not for warning drivers that they are approaching or proceeding through a hazardous area.

#### STANDARD ORANGE FLAG

For post-mounted signs a standard orange flag 18"x 18" (min.) shall be mounted on the first advanced warning sign and on the first and second advanced warning sign where two or more signs are used; this applies to all approaches to any work zone. The flag shall be mounted on the channel post or on the upper edge of the sign furthest from traffic.

Standard orang flags are not to be placed on temporary portable sign supports except to enhance the SURVEY CREW AHEAD sign where dual orange flags shall be used at all times.

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS (PCMS)

The PCMS can be used to:

- (1) Supplement standard signing in construction or maintenance work zones.
- (2) Reinforce static advance warning messages.
- (3) Provide motorists with updated guidance information.

PCMS should be placed approx. 500 to 800 feet in advance of the work zone conflicts or 1.5 to 2 miles in advance of complex traffic control schemes which require new and/or unusual traffic maneuvers.

If PCMS are to be used at night, the intensity of the flashers shall be reduced during darkness when lower intensities are desirable.

For additional information refer to the FDOT Plans Preparation Manual, Volume I, Chapter 10.

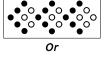
#### ADVANCE WARNING ARROW PANELS

An arrow panel in the arrow or chevron mode shall be used only for stationary or moving lane closures on multilane roadways.

For shoulder work, blocking the shoulder, for roadside work near the shoulder, or for temporarily closing one lane on a two-lane. two-way roadway, an arrow panel shall be used only in the caution mode.

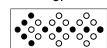
A single arrow panel shall not be used to merge traffic laterally more than one lane. When arrow panels are used to close multiple lanes, a single panel shall be used at the merging taper for each closed lane.

When Advance Warning Arrow Panels are used at night, the intensity of the flashers shall be reduced during darkness when lower intensities are desirable.













MOVE/MERGE LEFT

MOVE/MERGE RIGHT MOVE/MERGE RIGHT OR LEFT

- Minimum Required Lamps
- Additional Lamps Allowed

**MODES** 

**REVISIONS** 01/01/11 Added notes to WARNING LIGHTS and STANDARD ORANGE FLAG CAV sections.



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GENERAL INFORMATION FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL THROUGH WORK ZONES