

FIGURE 10.2 - REPAIR METHOD: NONE OR CLEAN AND SEAL

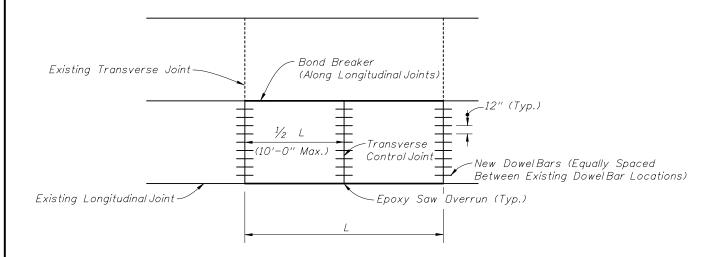


FIGURE 10.3 - FULL SLAB FULL DEPTH REPLACEMENT

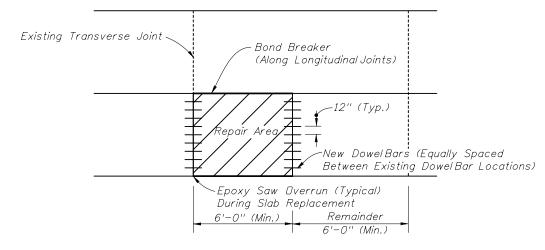
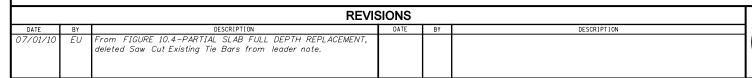


FIGURE 10.4 - PARTIAL SLAB FULL DEPTH REPLACEMENT



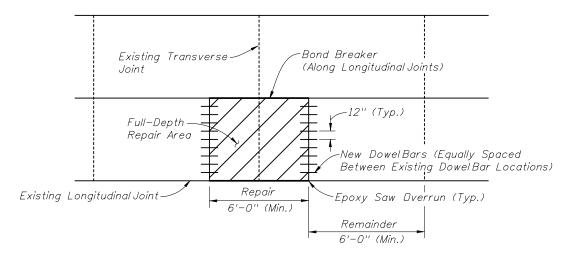


FIGURE 10.5 - FULL-DEPTH REPAIR ON BOTH SIDES OF THE JOINT

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For Repair and Replacement Criteria see Sheet 2 of 2.
- 2. Full depth repairs consist of removing and replacing at least a portion of the existing slab to the bottom of the concrete.
- 3. Repair boundaries shall be sawed full-depth with diamond saw blades. On hot days, it may not be possible to make this cut without first making a wide, pressure relief cut within the repair boundaries. A carbide-tipped wheelsaw may be used for this purpose, but the wheelsaw must not intrude on the adjacent lane, unless the lane is slated for repair. The wheelsaw cuts produce a ragged edge that promotes excessive spalling along joints. Hence, if wheelsaw cuts are made, diamond saw cuts must be made 18 in. outside the wheelsaw cuts. To prevent damage to the base, the wheelsaw must not be allowed to penetrate more than 0.5 in into the base.
- 4. No additional base or subgrade material shall be added and all loose base or subgrade material shall be removed prior to placement of the new concrete slab. The concrete slab shall be placed to the full depth of the material removed. No additional compensation will be allowed for additional concrete required to bring proposed concrete slab up to finished grade.
- 5. Removal of the damaged concrete pavement shall be by lifting. Any good concrete pavement which is damaged during removal of damaged areas shall be removed and replaced by the contractor at his expense.
- 6. If the roadway contract includes grinding, then the slab replacement shall be performed first.
- 7. During slab replacement operations, fill any saw cut over runs into adjacent slabs with epoxy.

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SLAB REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT CRITERIA

DISTRESS PATTERN		SEVERITY/DESCRIPTION	REPAIR METHOD	REFERENCE		
CRACKING						
	Light	$\langle \frac{1}{8}$ ", no faulting, spalling $\langle \frac{1}{2}$ " wide	None	Figure 10.2		
Longitudinal	Moderate	$\frac{1}{8}$ " <width <3"="" <\frac{1}{2}",="" spalling="" td="" wide<=""><td>Clean and Seal</td><td>Figure 10.2</td></width>	Clean and Seal	Figure 10.2		
	Severe	width $\frac{1}{2}$ ", spalling $\frac{3}{2}$ " faulting $\frac{1}{2}$ "	Replace	Figure 10.3		
	Light	$\langle \frac{1}{8} \rangle$ ", no faulting, spalling $\langle \frac{1}{2} \rangle$ wide	None	Figure 10.2		
Transverse	Moderate	$\frac{1}{8}$ " <width <3"="" <\frac{1}{2}",="" spalling="" td="" wide<=""><td>Clean and Seal</td><td></td></width>	Clean and Seal			
	Severe	width $\frac{1}{2}$ ", spalling $\frac{3}{3}$ " faulting $\frac{1}{2}$ "	Replace	Figure 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5		
Corner Breaks	adjacent lon	the slab is separated by a crack that intersects the gitudinal and transverse joint, describing an approximate with the direction of traffic.	Full Depth	Figure 10.4 and 10.5		
Intersecting Random Cracks (Shattered Slab)	Cracking pat	terns that divide the slab into three or more segments.	Full Depth	Figure 10.3 and 10.4		
JOINT DEFICIENCIES						
	Light	spall width $\langle 1^{1}/_{2}^{"},\langle {}^{1}/_{3}^{"} $ slab depth, $\langle 12^{"} $ in length	None	Figure 10.4 and 10.5		
Spall Nonwheel Path	Moderate	$1\frac{1}{2}$ " (spall width <3", < $\frac{1}{3}$ slab depth, <12" in length	None	Figure 10.4 and 10.5		
	Severe	spall width >3'' or length >12''	Full Depth	Figure 10.4 and 10.5		
	Light	spall width $\langle 1^{1}/_{2}$ ", \langle than $^{1}/_{3}$ slab depth, \langle 12" in length	None	Figure 10.4 and 10.5		
Spall Wheel Path	Moderate	$1\frac{1}{2}$ " <spall <="" <3",="" <math="" width="">\frac{1}{3} slab depth, <12" in length</spall>	Full Depth	Figure 10.4 and 10.5		
	Severe	spall width >3" or length >12"	Full Depth	Figure 10.4 and 10.5		
SURFACE DETERIORATION			·			
Pop Outs NonwheelPath	Small pieces from 1 to 4	of surface pavement broken loose, normally ranging 1 in. diameter and $^1\!\!/_2$ to 2 in. in depth.				
	Light	Not deemed to be a traffic hazard	Keep under observation			
	Severe	Flying debris deemed a traffic hazard	Full Depth	Figure 10.4		
Pop Outs WheelPath		eces of surface pavement broken loose, normally neter and 2" in depth.				
,	Light	Deemed to be a traffic hazard	Full Depth	Figure 10.4		
	Severe	Flying debris deemed a traffic hazard	Full Depth	Figure 10.4		
MISCELLANEDUS DISTRESS						
	Ele	vation differences across joints or cracks.				
	Light	Faulting <4/32"	None			
Faulting	Moderate	4 (Faulting \(\frac{16}{32}\)"	Grind			
	Severe	Faulting >16/32"	Grind			
	Light	0 \(\drop - off \(\lambda \)''				
ane To Shoulder Drop-Off		1" <drop-off <3"<="" td=""><td>None Build Up</td><td colspan="2">N/A</td></drop-off>	None Build Up	N/A		
Land to Shoulder brop all		drop-off >3 "	Build Up	1		
Water Bleeding Or Pumping	Severe Seeping	g or ejection of water through joints or cracks.	Install appropriate drainage, edge drain, permeable subbase, reseal joints, etc.	N/A		
Blowups		movement at transverse joints or cracks often anied by shattering of the concrete.	Full Depth	Figure 10.3 and 10.4		

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07/01/10	EU In the JOINT DEFICIENCIES, both SpallNonwheelPath and SpallWheelPath, Moderate added < in front of the 1/3 slab depth.				TENER OF TRUE	CONCRETE SLAB REPLACEMENT	Ind	08