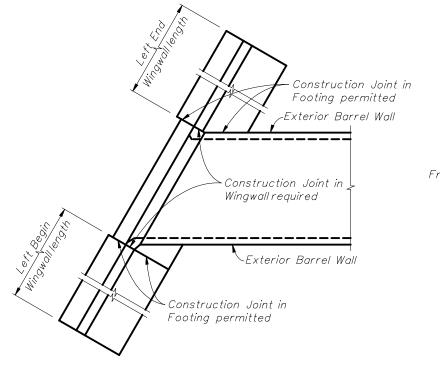
RIGHT END WINGWALL 1.3.5° WINGWALL Valid Skew Angle Range Valid Skew Angle Range 225 € Culvert Right Headwall Left Headwall Valid Skew Angle Ranges (SR) Valid Skew Angle Ranges (SL) 225° Valid Skew Angle Range Valid Skew (SW) Angle Range SCHEMATIC "A" - PLAN VIEW LEFT BEGIN RIGHT BEGIN HEADWALL & WINGWALL ALIGNMENT WINGWALL WINGWALL

NDTE: All headwall and culvert skew angles are measured in degrees from a line perpendicular to the centerline of culvert (counter-clockwise positive), see Schematic "B".



PART PLAN SHOWING PARALLEL WINGWALLS AND LOCATION OF CONSTRUCTION JOINTS

NDTE:

Construction Joints in wingwalls and footings are located as follows: For non-skewed wingwalls they are located adjacent to the exterior face of the exterior barrel wall; when the $\mathbb Q$ of wingwall and $\mathbb Q$ of exterior barrel wall results in an acute angle see Left End Wingwall above, and when the angle is obtuse see Left Begin Wingwall above and Detail C (Sheet 5).

GENERAL NOTES:

DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS: AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 3rd Edition.

LIVE LOAD: HL-93.

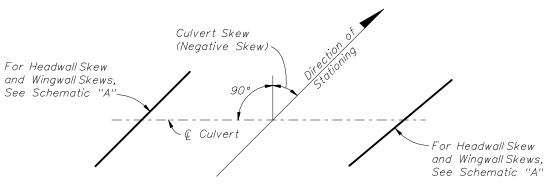
CONSTRUCTION LOADING: It is the construction Contractor's responsibility to provide for supporting construction loads that exceed AASHTO HL-93, and any construction load applied prior to 2 feet of compacted fill placed above the top slab.

SURFACE FINISH: All concrete surfaces shall receive a general surface finish.

SKEWED CONSTRUCTION JOINTS: Construction joints in barrels of culverts with skewed wingwalls may be placed parallel to the headwalls and the reinforcing steel, and the slabs may be cut provided that the cut reinforcing steel extends beyond the construction joint enough for splices to be made in accordance with Table 1 on this sheet. The cost of construction joints and additional reinforcing shall be at the expense of the Contractor.

CULVERT EXTENSIONS: For cut backs and ties into existing concrete box culverts see Sheet 6 of 7.

REINFORCING STEEL: ASTM A615, see the "Box Culvert Data Tables" in the Contract Plans for grade and bar spacing. See the Reinforcing Bar List in the Contract Plans for bar sizes and bar bending details.



SCHEMATIC "B" - PLAN VIEW CULVERT ALIGNMENT

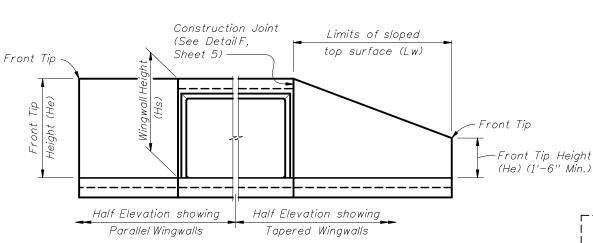
NOTE: For Culvert Skew see Contract Plans.

	TABLE 1 — MINIMUM BAR SPLICE LENGTHS FOR LONGITUDINAL REINFORCING					
Ì	BAR	SPLICE (CLASS B)		BAR	SPLICE (CLASS B)	
١	SIZE	CLASS II	CLASS IV	SIZE	CLASS II	CLASS IV
ı		(3400 psi)	(5500 psi)		(3400 psi)	(5500 psi)
	#3	1'-0''	1'-0''	#8	3'-6''	2'-9''
	#4	1'-4''	1'-4''	#9	4'-5''	3'-6''
	#5	1'-8''	1'-8''	#10	6'-7''	4'-5''
	#6	1'-11''	1'-11''	#11	7'-10''	6'-5''
	#7	2'-8''	2'-3''			

TABLE 1 NOTE: Splice lengths are based on an AASHTO Class B tension lap splice for the Specification Section 346 concrete class shown.

INSTRUCTIONS TO DESIGNER

- 1. Designs for box culverts shown in this Index are to be produced only by computer analysis, utilizing the Department's LRFD Box Culvert Program. Designs are to be limited to the live loads and dimensional restraints shown in the General Notes of this Index and to the fill on the barrel (s), as shown in the Contract Plans.
 - 2. Headwalls with skew angles less than -50° or greater than +50° require special design authorization. Other design options should be considered. Contact the District Drainage Engineer to obtain authorization.

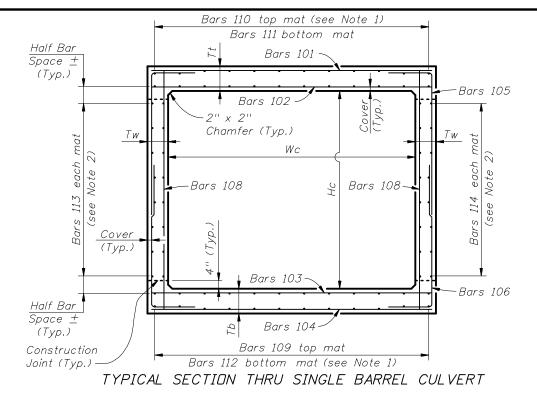


END ELEVATION
OF CULVERT

OF TO STATE OF THE STATE OF THE

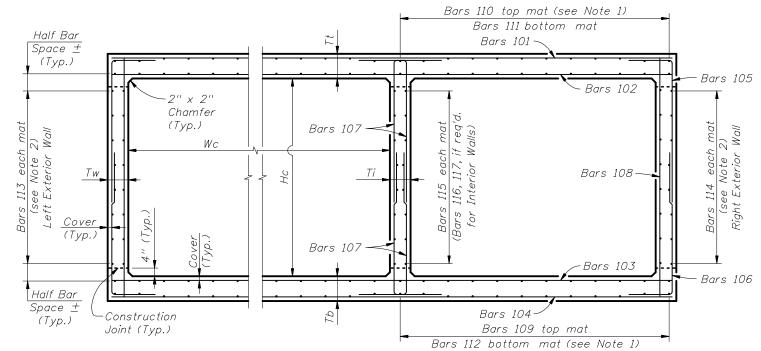
2010 FDOT Design Standards

Last Sheet No. 01/01/07 1 of 7

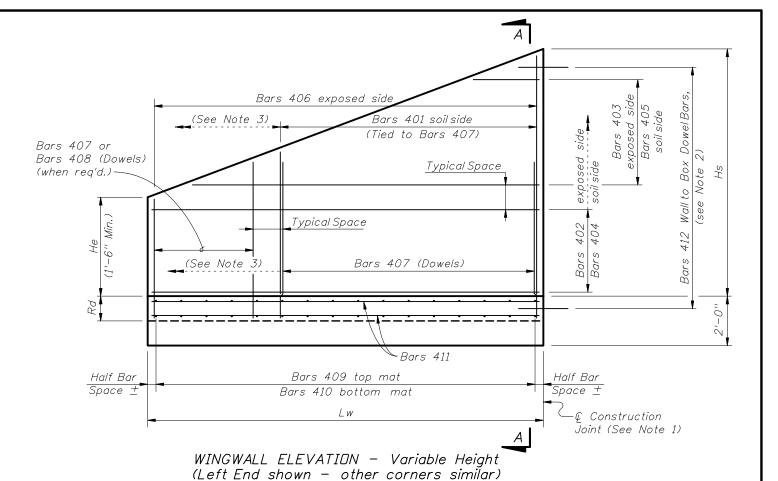


CULVERT BARREL NOTES:

- 1. Space Bars 110 and 112 with a bar in each corner, and at the & of interior walls (for multiple barrel culverts only), and the remaining bars placed at equal spacing shown in the Contract Plans. Adjust last bar spacing when required.
- 2. Place Bars 113 and 114 at spacing shown in the Contract Plans evenly between Bars 109 and 111.
- 3. Locate the first transverse bar from the ends of the culvert at one half the bar spacing, but provide the minimum reinforcement cover and not greater than 4" clear.



TYPICAL SECTION THRU MULTIPLE BARREL CULVERT



2"x2" Chamfer (Typ.) Bars 406 Bars 401 DowelBars 412 @ 8" spacing shown as (•) (Typ.) Bars 409 -Bars 407 Bars 410 or Bars 408 Bars 411 each face @ equal spacing

WINGWALL NOTES:

- 1. Align construction joint perpendicular to wingwall.
- 2. In the vicinity of the construction joint, field bend reinforcement as necessary to maintain minimum reinforcement cover.
- 3. For constant height wingwalls, variable length Bars 403, 405 & 408 are not required, and as such the limits of Bars 401 & 407 extend the full length of the wingwall, and the limits of Bars 402 & 404 extend to the full height of the wingwall.

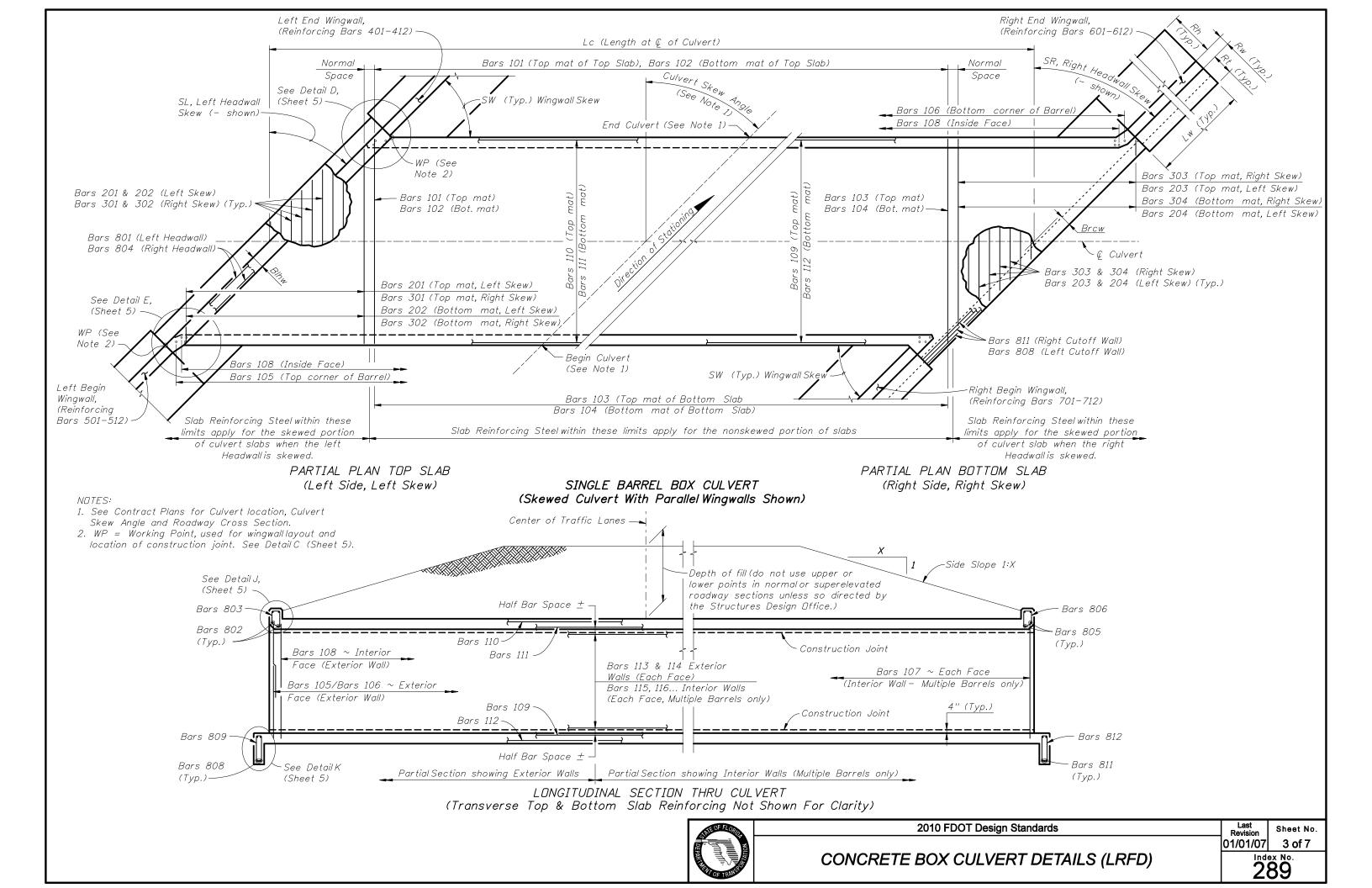
WINGWALL SECTION A-A

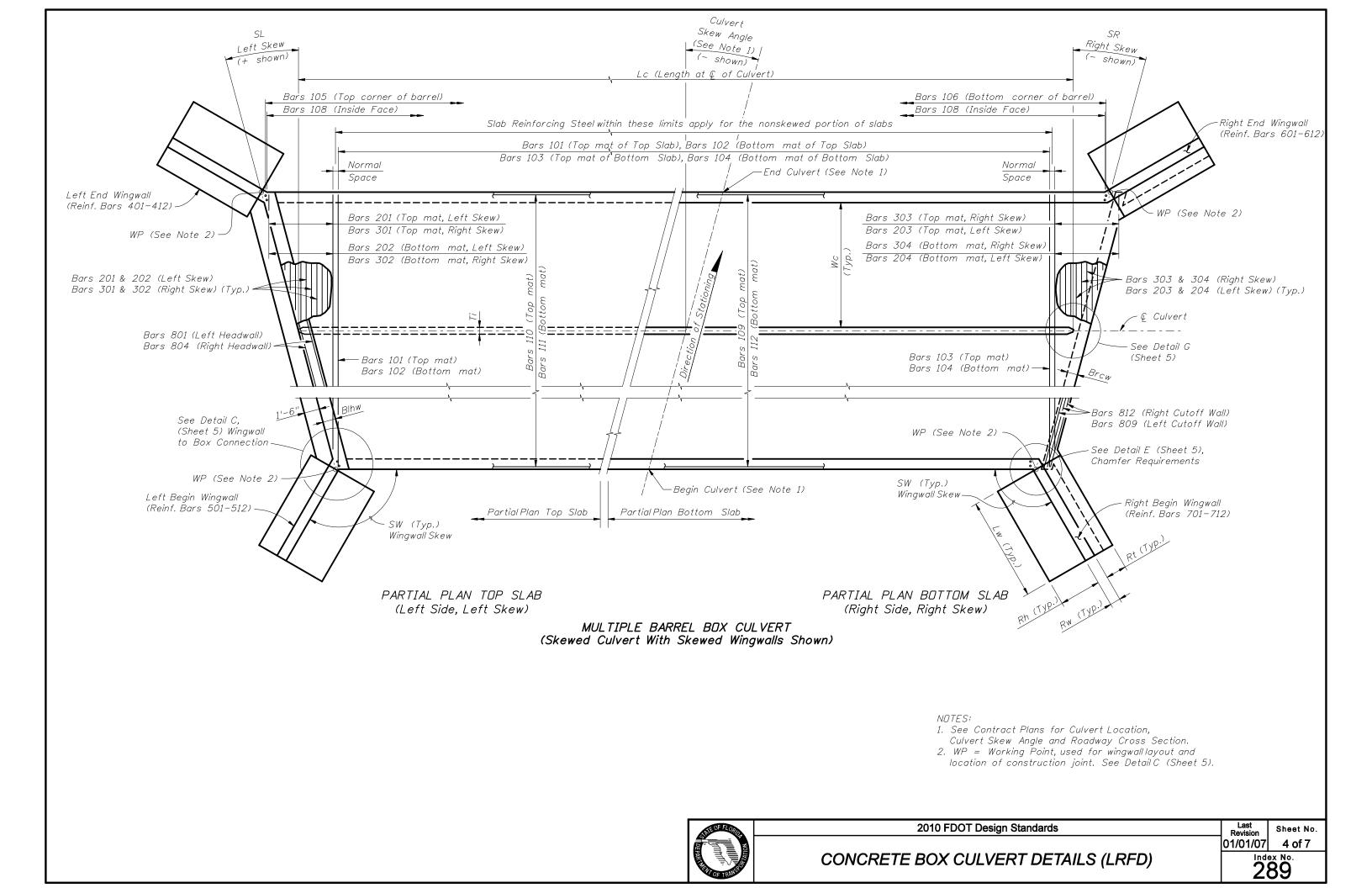
2010 FDOT Design Standards

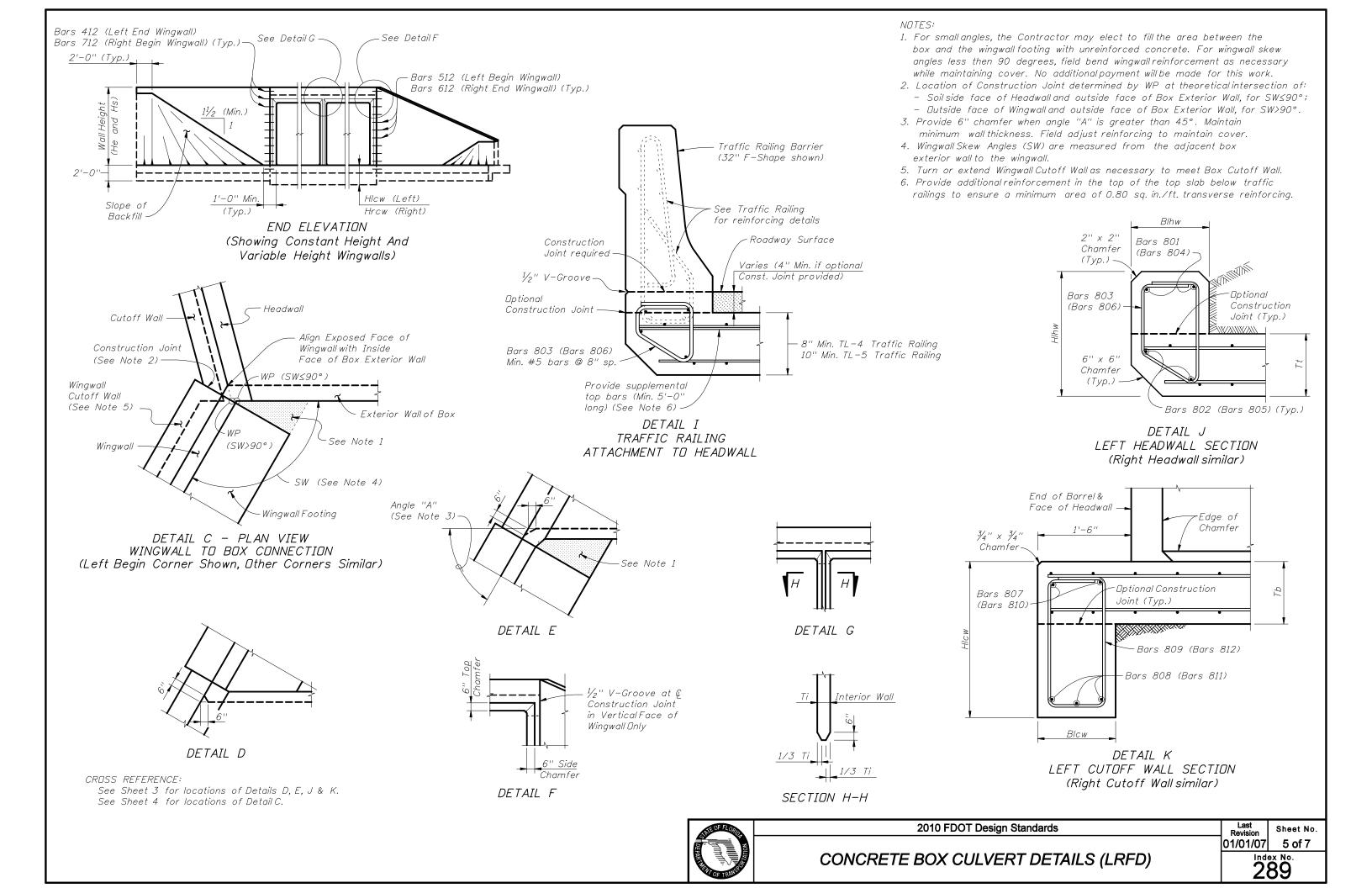
CONCRETE BOX CULVERT DETAILS (LRFD)

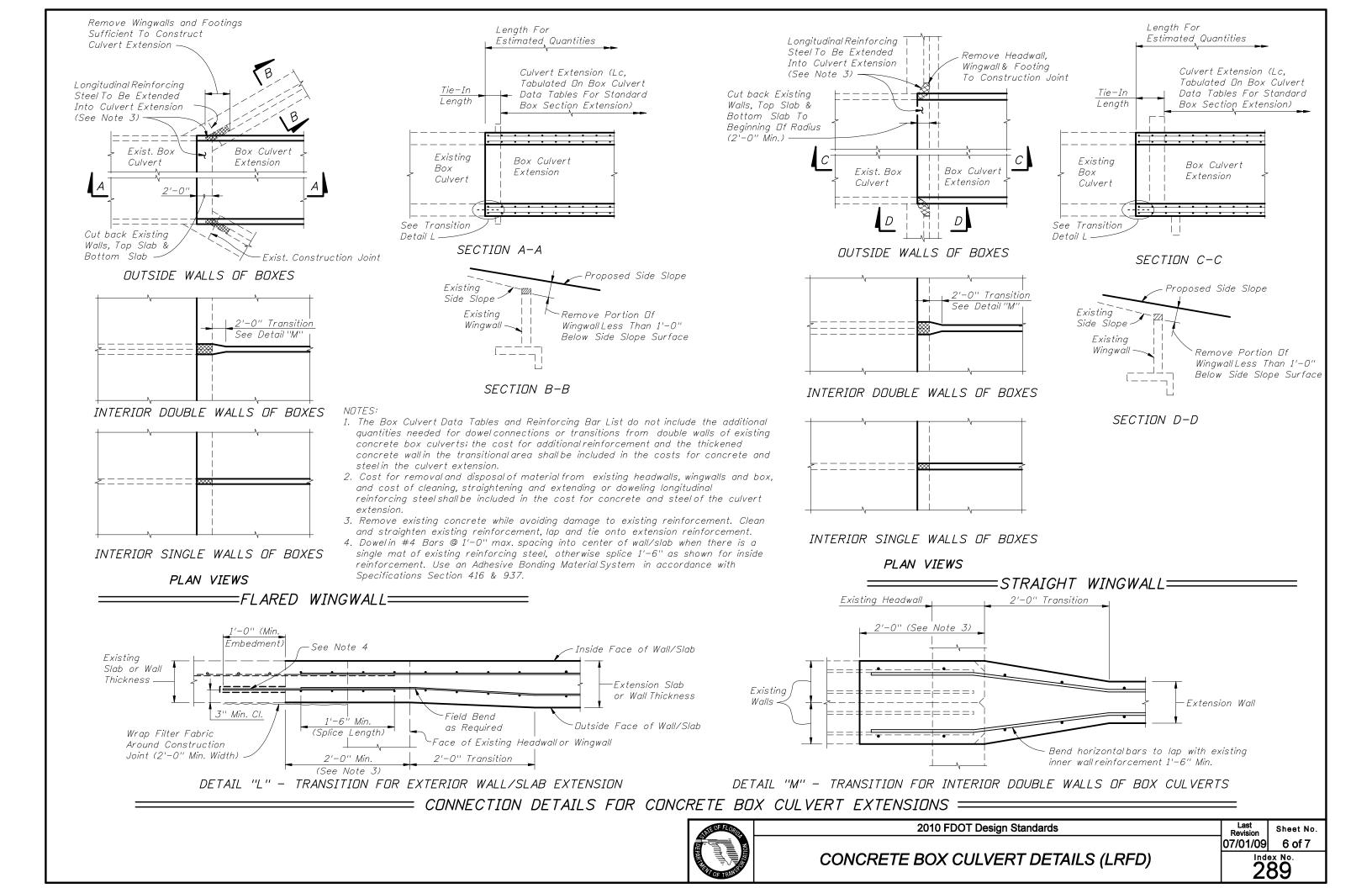
Last Revision 01/01/07 2 of 7

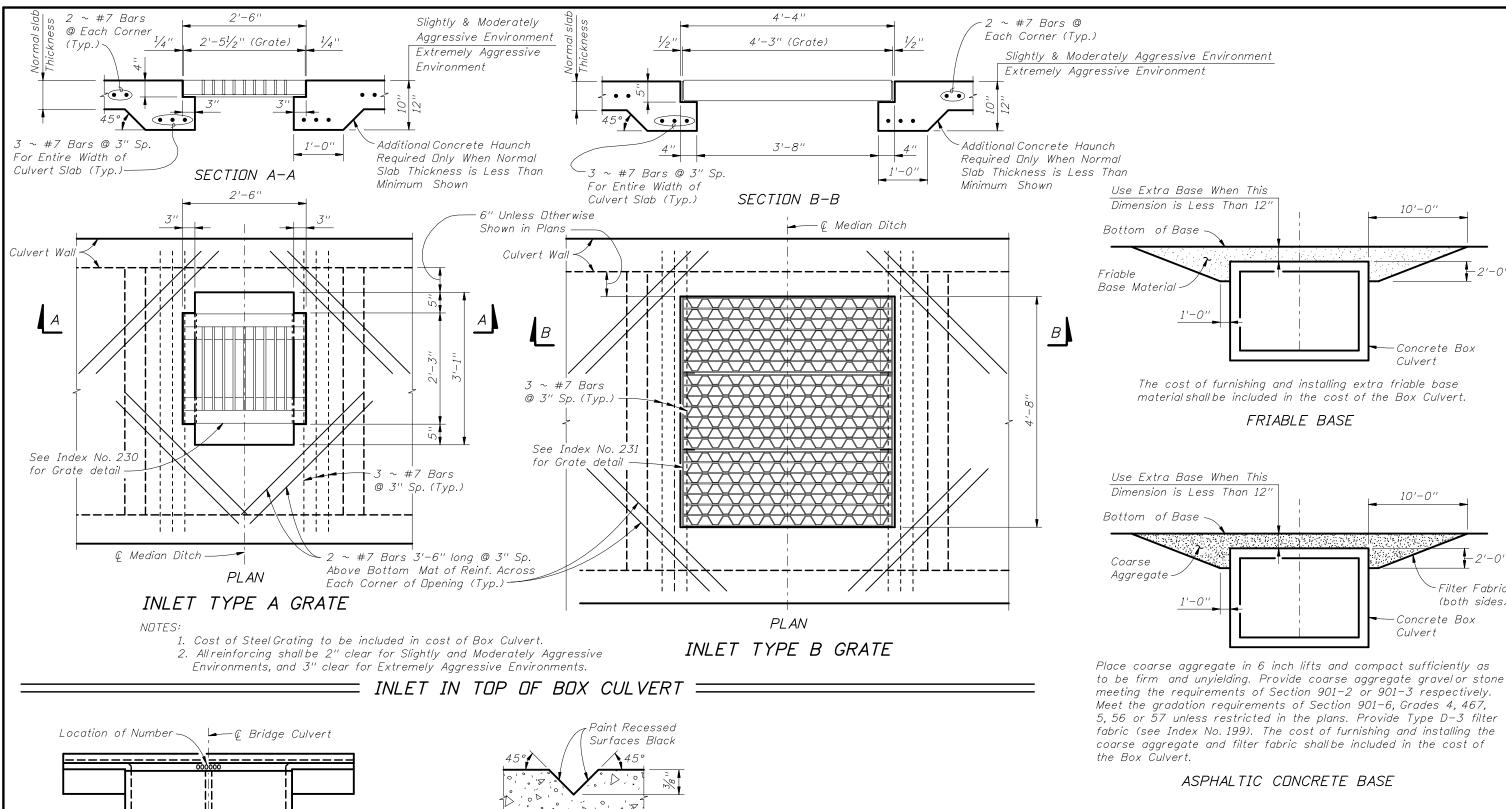
Index No. 289









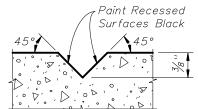


The number is to be placed in the center of the top surface of all bridge culvert headwalls. For Bridge Number see Plan-Profile sheet(s).

20' or more

(Bridge Culvert)

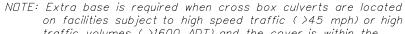
TOP VIEW OF HEADWALL



SECTION THRU RECESSED V-GROOVE TO FORM INSCRIBED FIGURES

Black Plastic Figures 3" in height as approved by the Engineer may be used in lieu of numbers formed by $\frac{3}{8}$ " V-Grooves. V-Grooves shall be formed by preformed figures.

= BRIDGE CULVERT NUMBER LOCATION ===



on facilities subject to high speed traffic (>45 mph) or high traffic volumes (>1600 ÅDT) and the cover is within the range specified in the notation above.

EXTRA BASE FOR BOX CULVERTS CROSSING UNDER FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT



2010 FDOT Design Standards

Sheet No. 01/01/07 7 of 7 1ndex No.

10'-0"

Concrete Box Culvert

Filter Fabric

(both sides)

-Concrete Box

Culvert