

CTPP Crash Course

Census Transportation Planning Products program

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AASHTO
10/24/2014
Florida Transportation
Data Symposium*



What is the CTPP?

An AASHTO sponsored data program funded by member State transportation agencies

Operates with support from FHWA, OST-R, FTA, Census Bureau, MPOs and TRB

The program includes:

- Data products**

- Training and technical assistance**

- Research**

Designed for the transportation community

Guided by an AASHTO Oversight Board

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and
Technical Adjunct

CTPP Data Products

CTPP data products use data from the US Census Bureau American Community Survey (ACS)

The ACS replaced the decennial census “long form” and requires accumulation of data over multiple years for small area tabulation

1 Year of data for places with **65,000+ people**

3 Years of data for places with **20,000 + people**

5 Years of data for smaller geographic areas,
e.g. **Tracts and Block Groups**

Applications of CTPP Data Products

- **Performance measurement**
- **Modal share analysis**
- **Environmental justice**
- **FTA New Starts/Small Starts**
- **Travel Demand Modeling**
- **Policy Impact Analysis**
- **Livability analysis**
- **Corridor planning**
- **Air quality modeling**
- **Trend analysis**
- **Descriptive statistics**
- **Travel forecasting**
- **Title IV**
- **Factoring/Adjusting surveys**

CTPP Data Concepts

Summarized data by
Place of Residence
Place of Work
Flows from Home to Work



Custom Geography (Local TAZs)

Unique Universes (e.g. workers in HHs)

Some Key Data Items Include

- Data on **Households**
 - Size, income, vehicles per household
- Data on **Workers**
 - Age and gender, occupations, earnings
- Data on **Journey to Work**
 - Usual mode to work, commuting time, work departure time
- Data on **Workplaces**
 - Work locations, times of arrival at work

5-year Geography and Flows

FROM / Residence	TO / Workplace
State	State
State-County	State-County
State-County-MCD	State-County-MCD
State-County-Place	State-County-Place
MSA	MSA
State-County	State-Place
State-County-MCD	State-Place
State PUMA (2000)	State-Place
PUMA (2000)	POW PUMA (2000)
Tract	Tract
TAD	TAD
Locally Defined Small Area	Locally Defined Small Area
TAD	Locally Defined Small Area
Locally Defined Small Area	TAD
State-Place	Locally Defined Small Area
Locally Defined Small Area	State-Place

- Asymmetrical Flows (in red)
- Small Areas defined by MPOs in MPO areas and States Elsewhere
- Tracts are Defaults for Small Areas
- Default TADs defined by AASHTO
- UZA tables for Part 1 ONLY
- MCD Only States

CT	ME	MA
MI	MN	NH
NJ	NY	PA
RI	VT	WI

I understand there are some important issues to be aware of, in both the Census ACS data and the CTPP, is it true?

You betcha!

Where to begin?

1. **Sample Error (90% Confidence)**
2. **Collapsing**
3. **Period Estimates**
4. **Reliability**
5. **Dollar Values**
6. **Trend Analysis**
7. **Change in Weighting**
8. **Light Rail**
9. **CTPP Issues**



You must heed statistical significance

Sampling Error

To avoid false statements like

City of Flagstaff, AZ Mode to Work	CTPP2000			2005-2007 ACS			Is Change Significant in number?
	Nos.	%	MOE	Nos.	%	MOE	
Total Workers	28,495	100.0	592	34,239	100.0	1,264	Yes
Drove alone	19,790	69.5	574	23,113	67.5	1,446	Yes
Carpooled	4,185	14.7	320	4,649	13.6	707	No
Public transportation	184	0.6	70	438	1.3	247	No
Walked	2,055	7.2	229	2,241	6.5	528	No
Taxicab, m-cycle, bike, oth.	1,275	4.5	182	2,174	6.3	526	Yes
Worked at home	1,010	3.5	162	1,624	4.7	373	Yes

Commutes increase for all modes

*“Based upon data from the 2000 Census (CTPP) and the 2005-2007 ACS, the total number workers who live in Flagstaff increased along with the number **who took transit** to work. During the same time, the number of people who worked at home increased along with those who drove alone and **carpooled.**”* *The World Gazette*

What data answers which question?

Part 1, Profile 1 (Resident data)

City of Flagstaff, AZ Mode to Work	CTPP2000			2005-2007 ACS			Is Change Significant in number?
	Nos.	%	MOE	Nos.	%	MOE	
Total Workers	28,495	100.0	592	34,239	100.0	1,264	Yes
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Worked at home	1,010	3.5	162	1,624	4.7	373	Yes

Between the reference period what has the number of people who took transit to work in Flagstaff done?

A. Gone Up?

B. Gone Down?

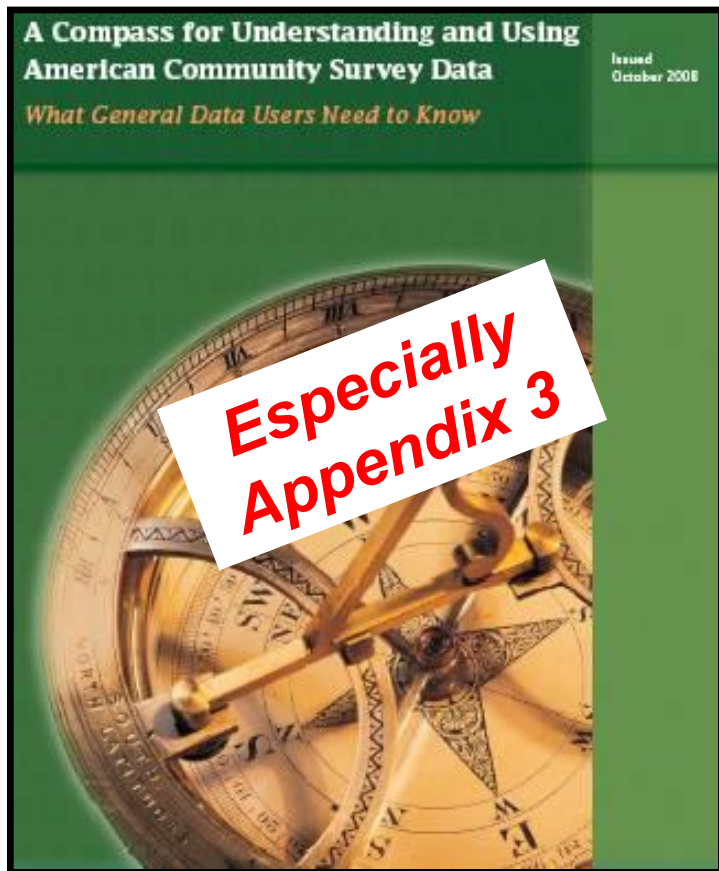
C. No significant Change

Part 2, Profile 1 (Workplace data)

City of Flagstaff, AZ Mode to Work	CTPP2000			2005-2007 ACS			Is Change Significant in number?
	Nos.	%	MOE	Nos.	%	MOE	
Total Workers	35,765	100	554	40,798	100.0	1,577	Yes
Drove alone	25,640	71.7	592	28,930	70.9	1,674	Yes
Carpooled	5,550	15.5	363	5,375	13.2	792	No
Public transportation	160	0.45	65	396	1.0	241	No
Walked	2,190	6.12	236	2,321	5.7	504	No
Taxicab, m-cycle, bike, oth.	1,214	3.39	177	2,152	5.3	511	Yes
Worked at home	1,010	2.82	162	1,624	4.0	373	Yes

Which Table would you use and why?

The ACS compass handbooks



A Compass for Understanding And Using ACS Data

- Set of user-specific handbooks
- Train-the trainer materials
- E-learning ACS Tutorial
- Annotated Presentations

http://www.census.gov/acs/www/guidance_for_data_users/compass_products/

NY State Data Center Calculator

ACS Statistical Significance

GO

Calculate the statistical significance of the difference between two estimates.

Information Needed: Two estimates. 90% margin of error for each estimate. If you don't have this you might need to use one of the other choices below first. **Example:** Is there a significant difference between the median age in New York City and Los Angeles?

GO

Calculate the 90% margin of error for the difference between or total of two estimates. This does not test for significant difference. **Information Needed:** Two estimates. 90% margin of error for each estimate. **Example:** What is the margin of error for the number of associate degree recipients living in either Albany or Schenectady County, NY?

GO

Calculate the 90% margin of error for the sum of three or more estimates.

Information Needed: Three or more estimates. 90% margin of error for each estimate. **Example:** What is the margin of error for the number of households with incomes less than \$40,000 (combination of 7 categories) in New York City?

GO

Calculate the Margin of Error for a proportion. **Information Needed:** Estimated value (e.g., number of people 25 and older who did not graduate high school). Estimated base value (e.g., number of people 25 and older). 90% margin of error for each of these estimated values.

Example: What percent of the population 25 and older in Syracuse did not graduate high school and what is the 90% margin of error for this percentage?

GO

Calculate the Margin of Error for a ratio. **Information Needed:** Estimated value (e.g., aggregate public assistance income). Estimated base value (e.g., number of households receiving public assistance). 90% margin of error for each of these estimated values.

Example: What was the average public assistance income of households receiving public assistance in Rochester, NY and what was the 90% margin of error for this average?

<http://sdcclearinghouse.wordpress.com/2009/03/03/spreadsheets-to-calculate-acmargins-of-error-and-statistical-significance-for-sums-proportions-and-ratios/>

Understanding the MOE

Part 1, Profile 1 (Resident data)

City of Flagstaff, AZ Mode to Work	CTPP2000			2005-2007 ACS			Is Change Significant in number?
	Nos.	%	MOE	Nos.	%	MOE	
Total Workers	28,495	100.0	592	34,239	100.0	1,264	Yes
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Using the MOE

We know the number of workers has changed, but what is the range of that change?

- A. 5,744?
- B. 5,072 to 6,416?
- C. 3,888 to 7,600?

Flagstaff Resident Workers

	CTPP2000	07ACS3	Range
			3,888
Low	27,903	32,975	5,072
Middle	28,495	34,239	5,744
High	29,087	35,503	6,416
			7,600

Two types of Collapsing

Total
Drove Alone
2 Person Carpool
3 Person Carpool
4 Person Carpool
5-6 Person Carpool
7+ Person Carpool
Bus/Trolley Bus
Streetcar/Trolley
Subway/Elevated
Railroad
Ferryboat
Bicycle
Walked
Taxicab
Motorcycle
Other Means
Worked at Home
18 Modes

Standard ACS 3-year Data

Collapsed 10 Modes

Un-Collapsed 18 Modes

Statistical

CTPP 3-year ACS Tables

Univariate 18 Modes

Collapsed 11 Modes

Collapsed 7 Modes

Collapsed 6 Modes

Collapsed 4 Modes

Disclosure

Collapsed table

C08301. MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK -

Universe: WORKERS 16 YEARS AND OVER

Data Set: 2009-2011 American Community Survey 3-Year Estimates

	Imperial Beach city, California	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	10,911	+/-779
Car, truck, or van:	8,989	+/-726
Drove alone	8,047	+/-727
Carpooled:	942	+/-217
In 2-person carpool	697	+/-207
In 3-person carpool	91	+/-73
In 4-or-more-person carpool	154	+/-98
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	889	+/-319
Walked	305	+/-189
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other	461	+/-186
Worked at home	267	+/-150

Source: 2009-2011 American Community Survey 3-Year Estimates

Full table not available

Sometimes neither tables exist

And MOEs are greater than estimate

Population = 26,458 +/- 30

Full and collapsed table

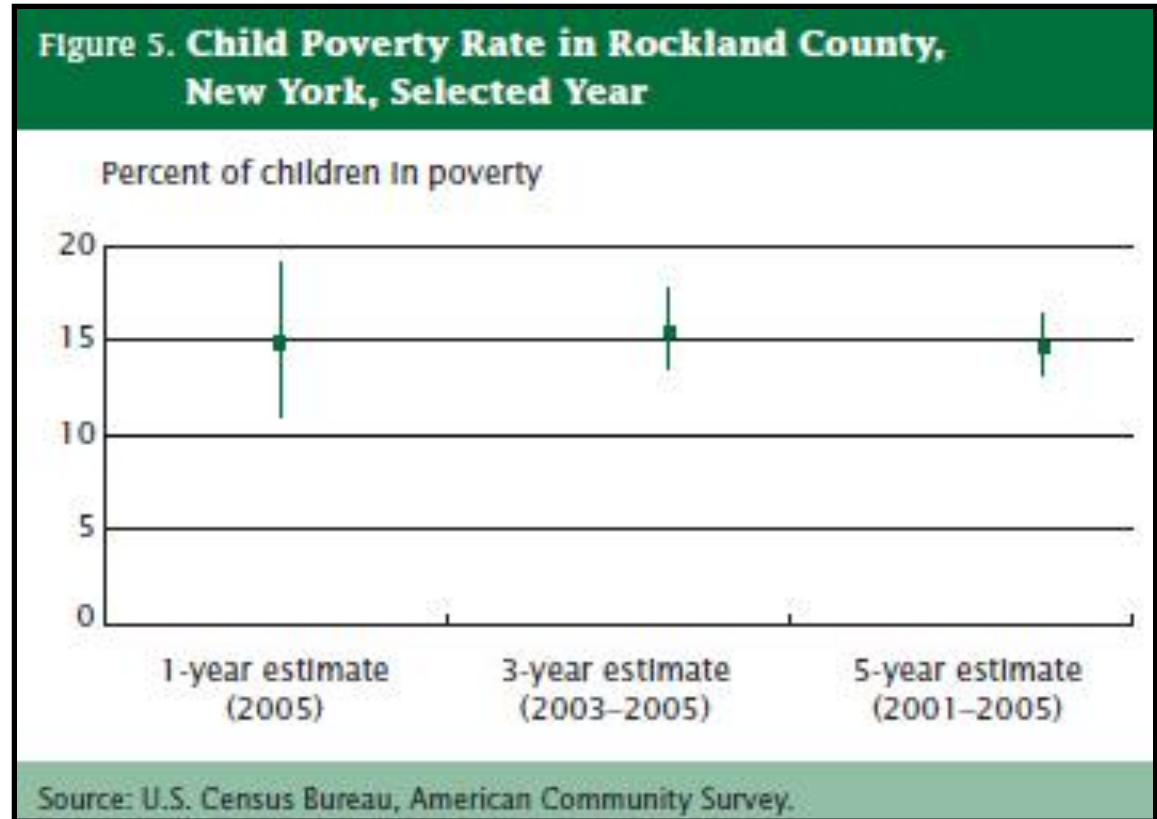
What do you notice about the Table?

Minneapolis city, Minnesota	Table B08301		Table C08301	
	Nos.	MOE	Nos.	MOE
Total:	213,681	4,785	213,681	4,785
Car, truck, or van:	150,461	4,674	150,461	4,674
Drove alone	133,483	4,598	133,483	4,598
Carpooled:	16,978	1,996	16,978	1,996
In 2-person carpool	12,670	1,709	12,670	1,709
In 3-person carpool	1,773	550	1,773	550
In 4-person carpool	1,212	601	2,535	840
In 5- or 6-person	207	176		
In 7-or-more-person	1,116	525		
Public transportation	25,880	2,552	25,880	2,552
Bus or trolley bus	23,553	2,420		
Streetcar or trolley car	592	388		
Subway or elevated	803	324		
Railroad	932	539		
Ferryboat	0	139		
Taxicab	444	442	11,205	1,837
Motorcycle	239	303		
Bicycle	9,688	1,722		
Other means	834	387		
Walked	14,847	1,885	14,847	1,885
Worked at home	11,288	1,737	11,288	1,737

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012 American Community Survey
Population: 392,871 (+/- 48)

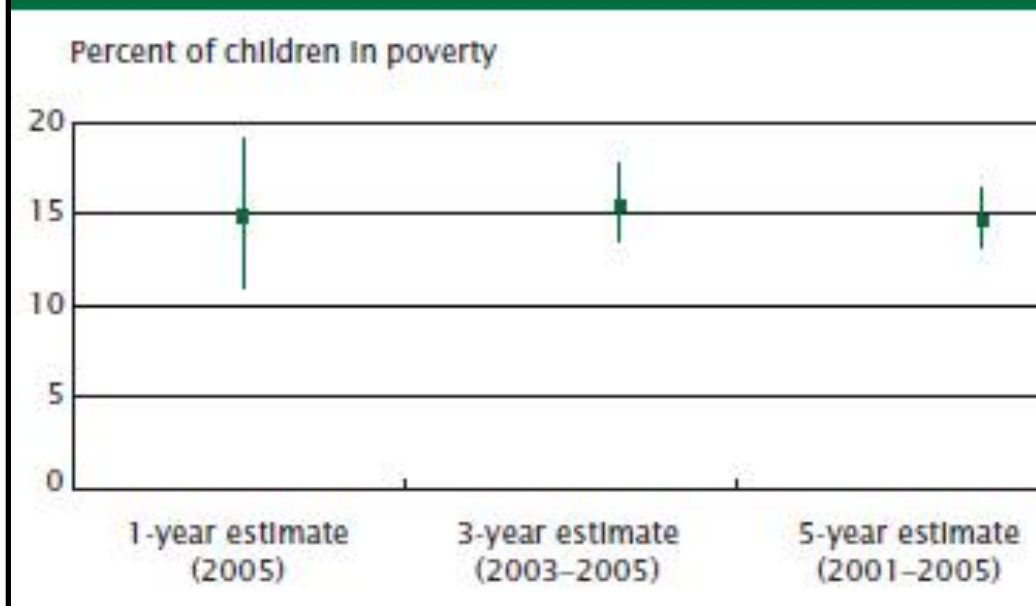
How to think about Period Estimates

What year is the
data?
Period Estimate



Reliability/Currency

Figure 5. Child Poverty Rate in Rockland County, New York, Selected Year



What data is more reliable?

Which is more current?

San Franciscans who Drove to Work Alone

797,271	Percent	MOE
ACS1	38.9	1.5
ACS3	38.3	0.8
ACS5	38.9	0.6

Berwynites who Drove to Work Alone

50,053	Percent	MOE
ACS3	69.9	3.7
ACS5	70.8	2.7

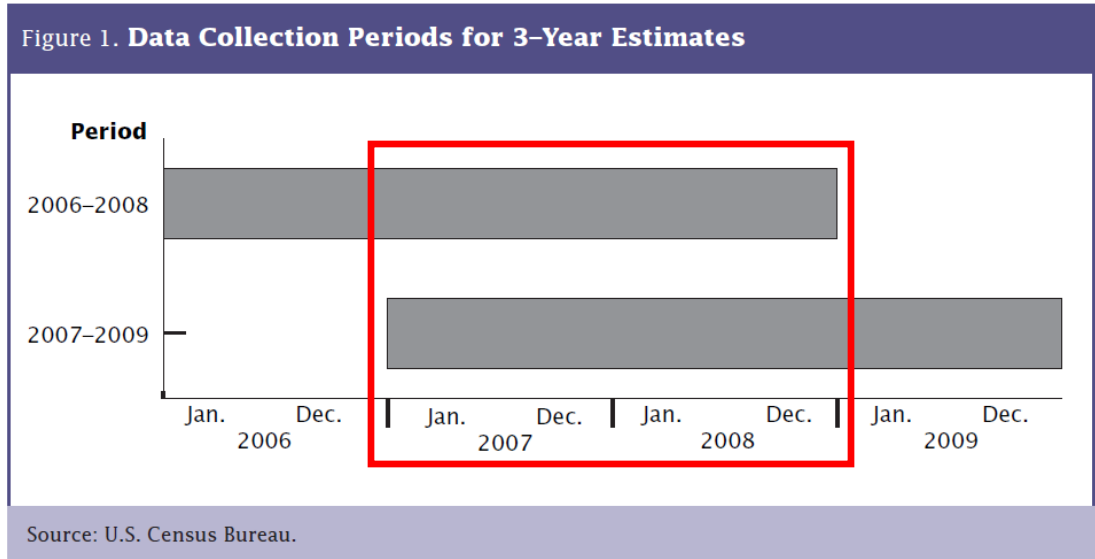
Wasilans who Drove to Work Alone

9,616	Percent	MOE
ACS5	67.4	5.2

Source: 2009 ACS products

About Trend Analysis

Trend analysis (overlapping syndrome)



If you are doing trend analysis with multi-year estimates you can not compare successive period estimates due to the overlapping middle years.

Also, you can not compare a 3-year estimate with a 5-year estimate

Change in Weighting

In 2009
changed to
using sub-
county
totals as
opposed to
county totals

Phoenix city, Arizona	2008		2009	
	Nos.	MOE	Nos.	MOE
Total:	1,525,257	26,929	1,593,660	61
White alone	1,224,625	27,017	1,283,185	18,400
Black or African American alone	85,558	7,375	89,123	8,026
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	26,959	4,317	31,409	5,734
Asian alone	36,840	4,811	44,853	5,298
Pacific Islander alone	3,307	1,487	1,709	1,037
Some other race alone	114,965	12,520	106,996	12,386
Two or more races	33,003	4,634	36,385	4,518

Yuma city, Arizona	2008		2009	
	Nos.	MOE	Nos.	MOE
Total:	106,822	5,386	91,116	33
White alone	74,169	5,245	66,254	4,018
Black or African American alone	2,471	1,023	4,484	1,466
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	1,340	935	1,635	803
Asian alone	1,752	526	961	565
Pacific Islander alone	169	286	330	474
Some other race alone	24,852	5,454	15,459	3,508
Two or more races	2,069	957	1,993	1,086

Light Rail Conundrum

31 How did this person usually get to work **LAST WEEK**? *If this person usually used more than one method of transportation during the trip, mark (X) the box of the one used for most of the distance.*

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Car, truck, or van | <input type="checkbox"/> Motorcycle |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bus or trolley bus | <input type="checkbox"/> Bicycle |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Streetcar or trolley car | <input type="checkbox"/> Walked |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Subway or elevated | <input type="checkbox"/> Worked at home → <i>SKIP to question 39a</i> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Railroad | <input type="checkbox"/> Other method |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ferryboat | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Taxicab | |

Impact of New “Light Rail” systems might not be showing up

Houston Metro Light Rail opened January 1, 2004

City of Houston Mode to Work	CTPP2000		2005-2007 ACS		Is Change Significant?	
	Population = 1,954,848		Population = 2,034,749		Number	Percent
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Total Workers	841,685	100.0	926,921	100.0	Yes	----
Drove alone	604,685	71.8	678,745	73.2	Yes	Yes
Carpooled	133,985	15.9	132,467	14.3	No	Yes
Public transportation	48,255	5.7	47,234	5.1	No	Yes
Walked	19,415	2.3	20,416	2.2	No	No
Other	9,925	1.2	14,069	1.5	Yes	Yes
Taxi, M/B-Cycle	5,715	0.7	5,643	0.6	No	No
Worked at home	19,705	2.3	28,347	3.1	Yes	Yes

Source: 2000 CTPP and 2007ACS3, CTPP Data Profile 1

Now let's focus on the CTPP data

But First a word on Disclosure

DRB Said... “Too many variables” crossed with
Means of Transportation (Mode)

Total
Drove Alone
2 Person Carpool
3 Person Carpool
4 Person Carpool
5-6 Person Carpool
7+ Person Carpool
Bus/Trolley Bus
Streetcar/Trolley
Subway/Elevated
Railroad
Ferryboat
Bicycle
Walked
Taxicab
Motorcycle
Other Means
Worked at Home
18 Modes

- Age
- Class of Worker
- Disability status
- Earnings
- Household Income
- Poverty status
- Industry
- Occupation
- Length of U.S. residence
- Minority status (Y/N)
- Time Leaving Home
- Time Arriving (Part 2)
- Travel Time
- Vehicle Availability
- Workers in Household
- Age of Youngest Child

...makes for micro data record
...and with a micro data record you
could identify an individual

What we ended up with – *for 5 year Tables*

Eight Variables crossed with Means of Transportation to work (MOT)

- Age of Worker
- ~~Class of Worker~~
- ~~Disability Status~~
- ~~Earnings~~
- Household Income
- ~~Poverty Status~~
- ~~Industry~~
- ~~Occupation~~
- ~~Length of U.S. Residence~~
- Minority Status y/n
- Time Leaving Home
- Time Arriving (workplace)
- Travel Time
- Vehicle Availability
- Workers in Household
- Age of Youngest Child

...and

Collapsing of the Modes

Total	Total	Total	Total	Total
Drove Alone	Drove Alone	Drove Alone	Drove Alone	Drove Alone
2 Person Carpool	2 Person Carpool	Carpooled	2 Person Carpool	Carpooled
3 Person Carpool	3+ Person Carpool		3+ Person Carpool	
4-person carpool				
5/6-person carpool				
7+ person carpool				
Bus/Trolley Bus	Bus/Trolley Bus	Public Transportation	Public Transportation, Bicycle/Walked, Taxicab/Motorcycle Other Means	Everything Else (incl Worked at Home)
Streetcar/trolley	Streetcar, Trolley, Subway, Elevated			
Subway/Elevated	Railroad/Ferryboat			
Railroad				
Ferryboat	Bicycle/Walked			
Bicycle		Taxicab/Motorcycle or Other Means		
Walked				
Taxicab				
Motorcycle				
Other Means	Worked at Home	Worked at Home		
Worked at Home				
18 Modes	11 Modes	7 Modes	6 Modes	4 Modes

Dealing with suppression

NCHRP Web Report 180 (\$550K)

Producing Transportation Data Products from the ACS that Comply With Disclosure Rules

5-year CTPP will have two types of tables







Tables that passed Census Rules

Tables with Perturbation done to them

**Privacy Protection**

http://onlinepubs.trb.org/onlinepubs/nchrp/nchrp_w180.pdf

Table Summary using 5-year Table list

	TAZ/BG	Tract	TAD	Place	County	PUMA	State
Part 1							
Regular	111						
Perturbed	77						
Part 2							
Regular	50						
Perturbed	65						
Part 3							
Regular	2						
Perturbed	38						

Tables Using Perturbed Data Set

Means of transportation Aggregate Vehicles Used
 Aggregate Travel Time Mean HH Income
 Aggregate HH Income Aggregate Carpools
 Almost all Part 3 Tables All Aggregate/Means Tbls

Also lost average household size

Still left with some Disclosure Rules

For All tables **Regular (A)** + **Perturbed (B)**

1. All Tables Rounded

0 = 0, 1-7 =4, 8 or > = nearest multiple of 5

2. Any number that ends in 5 or 0 stays as is
3. Aggregate dollar values rounded to nearest 100
4. Aggregate minutes to work and aggregate vehicles use standard rounding
5. Totals Rounded independently of cells
6. Medians or quintiles not subject to rounding
7. Percentages and rates calculated after rounding
8. Medians and aggregates must be based on 3 or more values

Still left with some Disclosure Rules

For **Regular (A)** Tables Only

- 1. Cell Suppression:** For Tables 101106 (unweighted sample count of the population), 101107 (percent of population in sample), 110101 (total housing units sampled), and 110103 (percent of housing units sampled), there must be 0 or at least 3 or more occupied housing units in sample to show the table
- 2. Table Suppression:** Aggregates and Means must have at least 3 unweighted cases to be shown. The policy of the ACS program is that if any one cell in a table is suppressed, the whole table is suppressed

If we have time

- I can show you (screen shots of) the software
- Otherwise, I will skip to resources!



Data set: 2006-2010

Selected Geography: RESIDENCE: (new set)

WORKPLACE

WORKPLACE Save selection set...

Members * Members by map Totals Percentages Custom groups Calculated members

Select level:

Clear full selection

- Nation (US Total) (0 of 10 selected)
- POW State (0 of 499 selected)
- POW State-County (0 of 3,221 selected)
- POW State-County-MCD (for 12 strong MCD states) (0 of 11,767 selected)
- POW State-Place**
- POW Metropolitan Statistical Area (0 of 374 selected)
- POW Metropolitan Statistical Area – EACH Principal City (0 of 692 selected)
- POW State-POWPUMA (0 of 1,263 selected)
- Worked Outside United States (0 of 3 selected)
- State-County-Tract (0 of 73,092 selected)
- TAD (0 of 10,848 selected)
- TAZ (0 of 188,996 selected)

Members 1-1 of 1

Show all members



Washington

Selected members

United States

District of Columbia

Washington city, District of Columbia



check/uncheck

Members *

Members by map

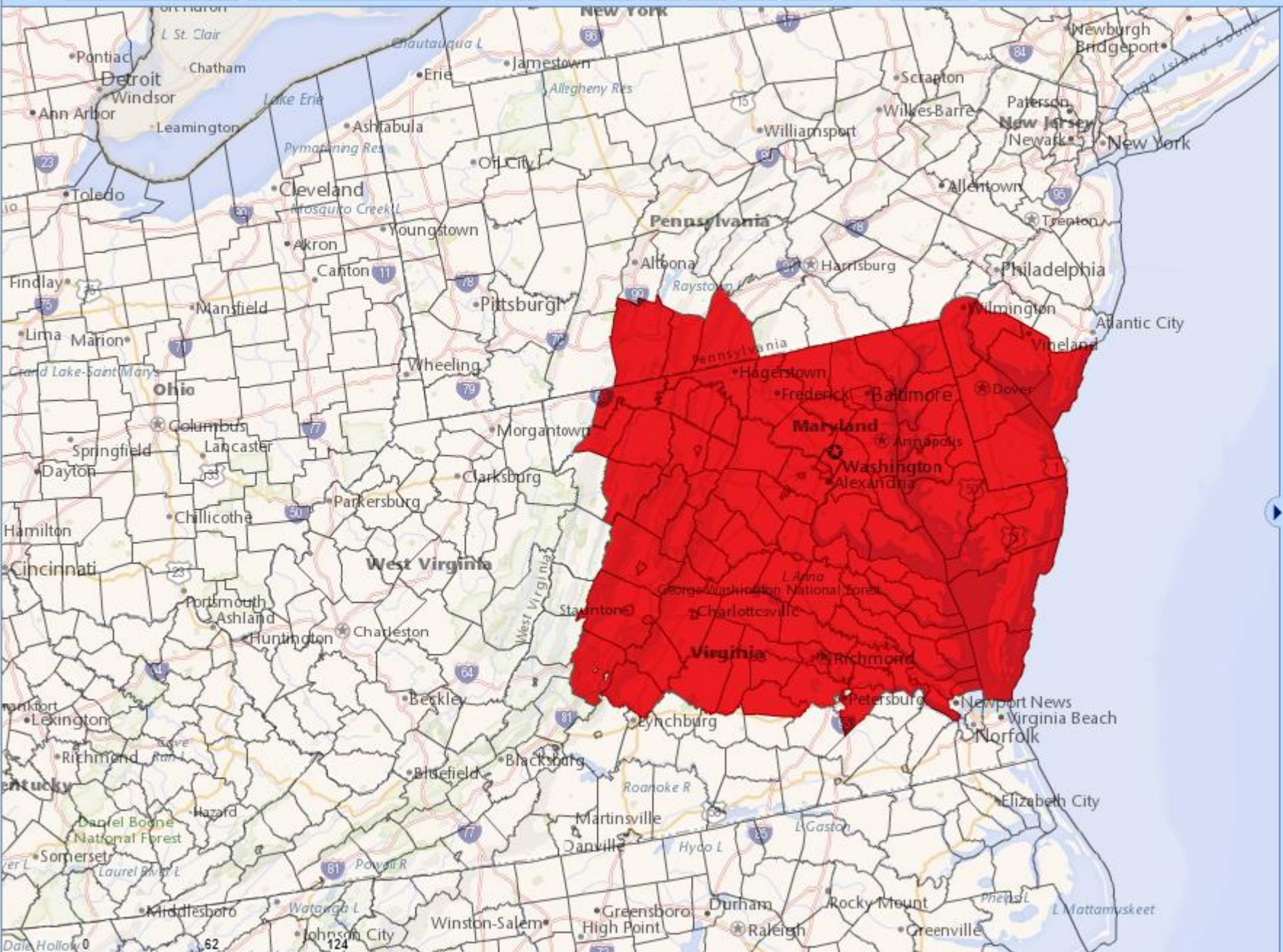
Totals

Percentages

Custom groups

Calculated members

LEVEL: STATE-COUNTY VALID FLOW ZOOM TO



ADD:

SELECTION

RESIDENT

STATE-COUNTY

- Accomack Co
- Albemarle Co
- Alexandria Co
- Allegheny Co
- Amelia Cour
- Amherst Co
- Anne Arund
- Arlington Co
- Augusta Co
- Baltimore ci
- Baltimore Co
- Bedford Co
- Berkeley Co
- Buckingham
- Calvert Cour
- Cape May C
- Caroline Cou
- Caroline Cou
- Carroll Coun
- Cecil County
- Charles City
- Charles Cou
- Charlottesvi
- Chesterfield
- Clarke Coun

[Public reports](#)[My reports](#)[My selection sets](#)[Show all reports](#)**Search results for: MEANS11 or MEANS18**


-  A102106 - Means of transportation (18) (Workers 16 years and over) 
-  A202105 - Means of Transportation (18) (Workers 16 years and over) 
-  A302103 - Means of transportation (18) (Workers 16 years and over) 
-  B102201 - Minority Status (3) by Means of Transportation (11) (Workers 16 years and over) 
-  B102203 - Age of Worker (8) by Means of transportation (11) (Workers 16 years and over) 
-  B102216 - Time leaving home (17) by Means of transportation (11) (Workers 16 years and over) 
-  B102217 - Travel time (12) by Means of transportation (11) (Workers 16 years and over) 
-  B103200 - Presence of Children (3) by Means of Transportation (11) (Workers 16 and over in households) 
-  B103201 - Number of Workers in household (3) by Means of Transportation (11) (Workers 16 years and over in households) 
-  B103202 - Median Household Income in the last 12 months (2010\$) (1) by Means of Transportation (11) for Workers (Workers 16 years and over in households) 
-  B103203 - Household income in the past 12 months (2010\$) (26) by Means of transportation (11) (Workers 16 years and over in households) 
-  B103206 - Vehicles available (6) by Means of transportation (11) (Workers 16 years and over in households) 
-  B106200 - Aggregate Travel time (1) by Means of transportation (18) (Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home) 
-  B106200C - Aggregate Travel time (1) by Means of transportation (11) (Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home) 
-  B106202 - Mean Travel time (1) by Means of transportation (18) (Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home) 
-  B106202C - Mean Travel time (1) by Means of transportation (11) (Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home) 
-  B106203 - Median Travel time (1) by Means of transportation (18) (Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home) 
-  B106203C - Median Travel time (1) by Means of transportation (11) (Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home) 
-  B106300 - Aggregate Travel time (1) by Means of transportation (11) by Time leaving home (17) (Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home) 
-  B106301 - Mean Travel time (1) by Means of transportation (11) by Time leaving home (17) (Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home) 
-  B106302 - Median Travel time (1) by Means of transportation (11) by Time leaving home (17) (Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home) 
-  B202200 - Minority Status (3) by Means of Transportation (11) (Workers 16 years and over) 

Measures - Workers 16 and Over		WORKPLACE - Washington city, District of C...				Drag dimensions here so they do not show as a row or co			
Means of Transportation 1...		Total, means of transportation		Bus or trolley bus		Streetcar or trolley car		Subway or elev	
Output		Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Ma
RESIDENCE		↑ ↓ 📄 📄 📄	↑ ↓ 📄 📄 📄	↑ ↓ 📄 📄 📄	↑ ↓ 📄 📄 📄	↑ ↓ 📄 📄 📄	↑ ↓ 📄 📄 📄	↑ ↓ 📄 📄 📄	↑
District of Columbia, Dis...		215,070	2,748	40,365	1,569	440	189	44,075	
Prince George's County, M...		136,220	2,514	9,795	786	390	160	35,020	
Montgomery County, Maryla...		107,125	2,000	6,570	667	180	91	35,610	
Fairfax County, Virginia		90,205	2,040	3,285	441	250	118	22,100	
Arlington County, Virgini...		47,225	1,257	5,810	740	120	81	18,140	
Alexandria city, Virginia		25,990	943	1,750	310	130	90	8,475	
Prince William County, Vi...		19,415	1,033	3,070	399	65	65	660	
Anne Arundel County, Mary...		17,780	897	1,150	210	0	0	1,540	
Charles County, Maryland		15,120	984	2,735	362	10	16	780	
Howard County, Maryland		9,975	675	1,270	255	0	0	785	
Loudoun County, Virginia		8,780	642	1,390	209	4	20	760	
Calvert County, Maryland		5,335	467	915	189	0	0	25	
Baltimore County, Marylan...		5,005	409	110	79	0	0	175	
Baltimore city, Maryland		4,945	521	275	111	0	0	105	
Stafford County, Virginia		4,720	455	210	71	0	0	30	
Frederick County, Marylan...		4,090	468	125	82	0	0	265	
Spotsylvania County, Virg...		2,560	407	165	110	15	25	25	

A302103 - Means of transportation (18) (Workers 16 years and over)

Current date: 10/15/2013 3:17:20 PM (Eastern Daylight Time)

















U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2006-2010 Five-year estimates. Special Tabulation: Census T

FLOW: State-County -> POW State-Place 

Rows 1-100 of 106 Columns 1-4 of 4

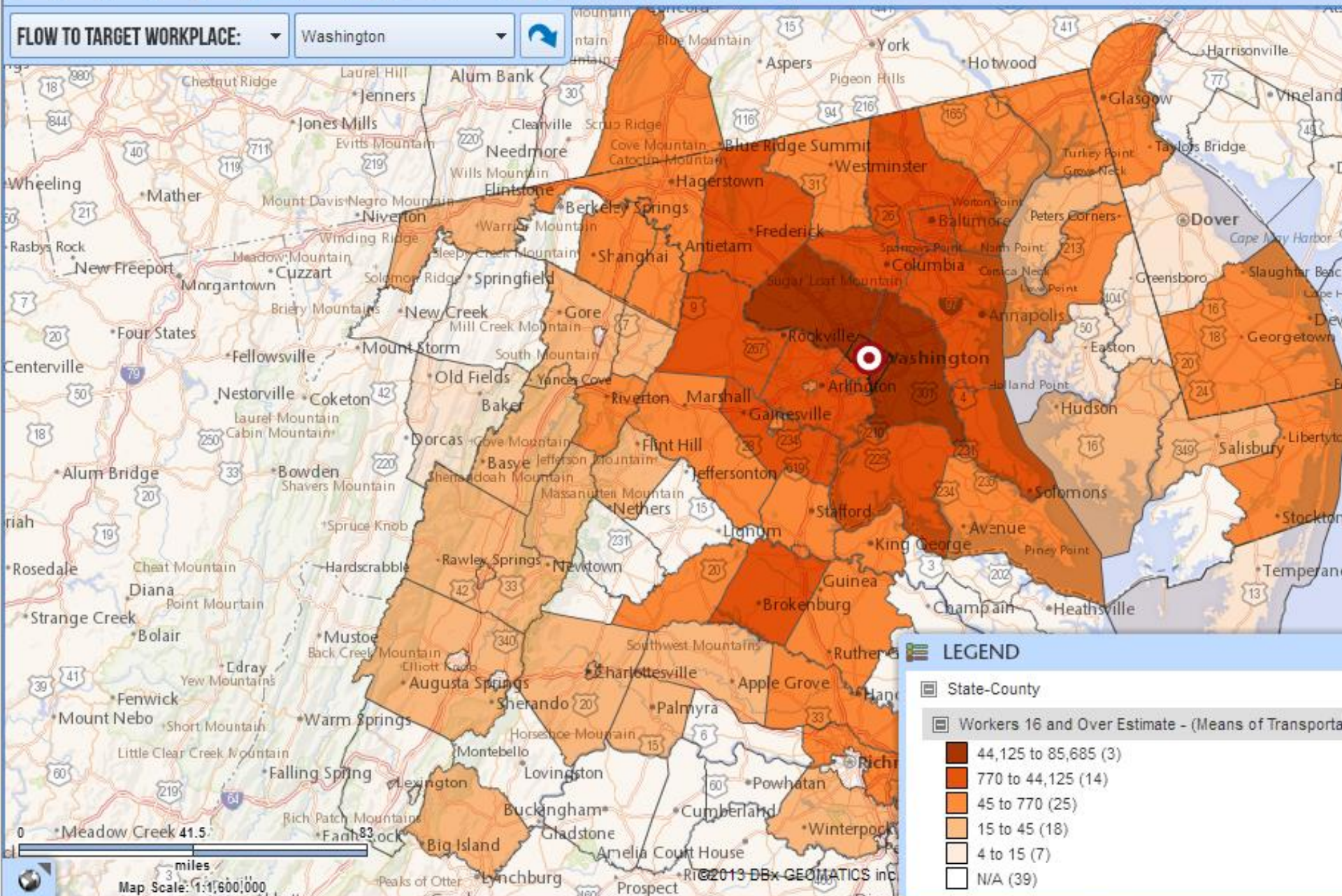
Measures - Workers 16 and Over percent of...

WORKPLACE - Washington city, District of C...

Means of Transportation 1...	Total, means of transportation		Public Transportation	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Output				
RESIDENCE	   	   	   	   
District of Columbia, Dis...	100.00		39.84	0.90
Prince George's County, M...	100.00		34.77	1.06
Fairfax County, Virginia	100.00		30.30	1.12
Montgomery County, Maryla...	100.00		41.19	1.16
Arlington County, Virgini...	100.00		51.34	2.03
Prince William County, Vi...	100.00		28.64	2.24
Charles County, Maryland	100.00		23.68	2.33
Alexandria city, Virginia	100.00		40.25	2.44
Anne Arundel County, Mary...	100.00		27.08	2.50
Loudoun County, Virginia	100.00		25.33	2.76
Stafford County, Virginia	100.00		15.68	3.16
Calvert County, Maryland	100.00		17.62	3.23
Howard County, Maryland	100.00		36.09	3.67
Baltimore County, Marylan...	100.00		34.37	4.59
Carroll County, Maryland	100.00		8.96	4.80
Baltimore city, Maryland	100.00		50.76	5.02

Map navigation and tool icons: Home, Previous, Next, Zoom In, Zoom Out, Hand, Scale (1:2.3), Info, Mouse, Keyboard, Refresh, Layers, Print, Zoom To, and a dropdown arrow.

FLOW TO TARGET WORKPLACE: Washington

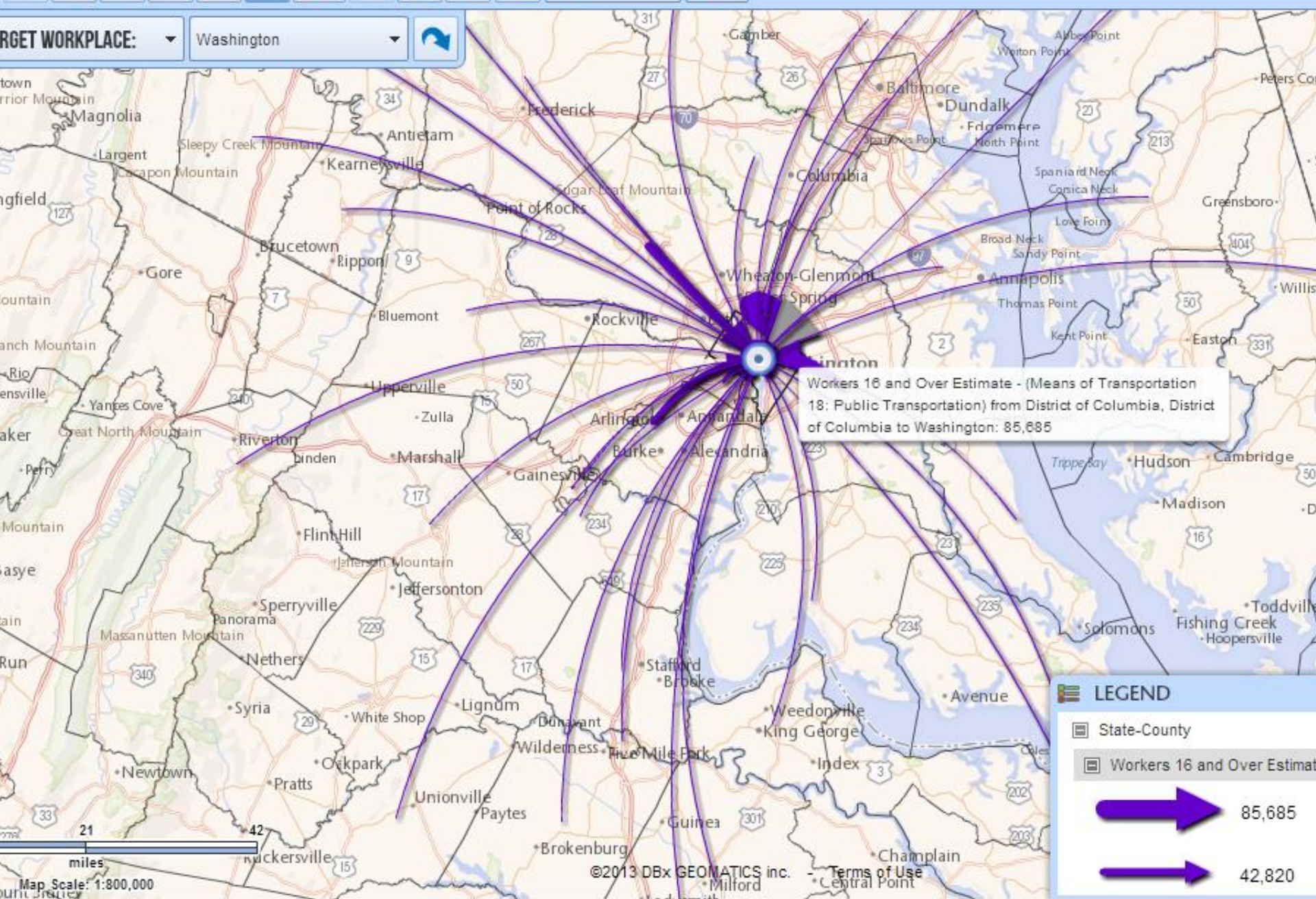


LEGEND

- State-County
- Workers 16 and Over Estimate - (Means of Transportation)
- 44,125 to 85,685 (3)
- 770 to 44,125 (14)
- 45 to 770 (25)
- 15 to 45 (18)
- 4 to 15 (7)
- N/A (39)

Map Scale: 1:1,600,000
 0 31.25 miles

TARGET WORKPLACE: Washington



LEGEND

- State-County
- Workers 16 and Over Estimate

	85,685
	42,820

Map Scale: 1:800,000

CTPP List Serve

Census Data for Transportation Planning

TRB Subcommittee on Census Data for Transportation Planning, ABJ30(1)

Encouraging Research and Innovation in Transportation Since 1920



Site Navigation

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[Newsletters](#)

[AASHTO Oversight](#)

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[TRB Publications](#)

[TAZUP / WORKUP](#)

Welcome to our web site. We hope you find this site fun, informative and above all useful. We are organized under the [Committee on Urban Transportation Data and Information Systems](#) of the Transportation Research Board. We are very interested in census data matters as they relate to transportation planning. As a result, our focus spans the entire spectrum of census related activities including applied uses of the data, the content of censuses, collection procedures and dissemination programs all within the context of past, present and future censuses. This site was developed to help provide a forum for those with an interest in transportation planning and census data.

What's New

- [Most recent CTPP Newsletter \(PDF only\)](#) [01-May-2013]
- [Presentations from 2013 Annual Meeting](#) [27-January-2013]

<http://trbcensus.com>

“Status Report” newsletter

FHWA → Planning → Census Issues → CTPP

CTPP Status Report

The "Status Report" is a newsletter developed by the CTPP Planning Group, friends and anyone else wishing to write about the Census Transportation Planning Products, its use or any other census data for transportation planning issues. Its purpose is to inform the transportation planning community on matters relating to the developments of the CTPP and other census data issues of relevance to their needs.

PDF files can be viewed with the [Acrobat® Reader®](#)


Index of Articles in the Previous Status Reports

- Current (May 2014) in [HTML](#)- or [PDF](#) (454 KB) **New: 5/1/2014**
- December 2013 in [HTML](#) or [PDF](#) (2 MB)
- October 2013 in [HTML](#) or [PDF](#) (159 KB)
- May 2013 in [HTML](#) or [PDF](#) (202 KB)
- January 2013 in [HTML](#) or [PDF](#) (389 KB)
- September 2012 in [HTML](#) or [PDF](#) (137 KB)
- May 2012 in [HTML](#) or [PDF](#) (951 KB)
- January 2012 in [HTML](#) or [PDF](#) (375 KB)
- August 2011 in [HTML](#) or [PDF](#) (3.7 MB)

http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/planning/census_issues/ctpp/status_report/

<http://www.trbcensus.com/newsletters.html>

FHWA website



Census Transportation Planning Products

American Community Survey

Census Transportation Planning Products (CTPP)

- Data Products
- Training
- Articles
- CTPP Status Report
- FAQ
- Contacts
- Related Links
- Archives

Environmental Justice

Longitudinal Employment and Household Dynamics (LEHD)

Census Urbanized

FHWA → Planning → Census Issues → CTPP → Data Products

Census Transportation Planning Products (CTPP) 5-Year ACS 2006-2010

Excel files can be viewed with the [Excel Viewer](#)

- [MS Excel 110 KB](#)
- [Read Me File](#)
- [Tabulations -- Part 1, Residence-Based Tables](#)
- [Tabulations -- Part 2, Workplace-Based Tables](#)
- [Tabulations -- Part 3, Worker Home-to-Work Flow Tables](#)
- [GEOGRAPHY Summary Levels and Geo-Components Definitions](#)
- [Universe Definitions](#)
- [Variable Recode Definitions](#)

http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/planning/census_issues/ctpp/

AASHTO website

The screenshot shows the AASHTO website's home page for the Census Transportation Planning Products (CTPP) program. The header features the AASHTO logo (The Voice of Transportation) and the CTPP logo, which includes a stylized house and factory with circular arrows. The main title is "Census Transportation Planning Products". A left-hand navigation menu lists various resources such as the CTPP Oversight Board Roster, 5-Year-Data, 5-Year-Info, Commuting in America, Transportation Profiles, 2005 TRB Conference Census Data, Training Resources, E-Learning Modules, Transportation Analysis Zones (TAZ), CTPP Oversight Board, and CTPP Board Subcommittee Business. The main content area has a "Home" breadcrumb and social media icons. The central heading reads "WELCOME TO THE CENSUS TRANSPORTATION PLANNING PRODUCTS PROGRAM CTPP". A "Find us on Facebook" button is present. The main text explains that census data on demographic characteristics, home and work locations, and journey to work travel flows are key inputs for transportation policy and planning. It also notes that AASHTO partnered with all states in 1990, 2000, and 2006 on pooled fund projects to support the development of special census products and data tabulations. A bulleted list of resources is provided at the bottom.

AASHTO
THE VOICE OF TRANSPORTATION

CTPP

Census Transportation Planning Products

CTPP

- CTPP Oversight Board Roster
- 5-Year-Data
- 5-Year-Info
- Commuting in America
- Transportation Profiles ▶
- 2005 TRB Conference Census Data
- Training Resources ▶
- E-Learning Modules
- Transportation Analysis Zones (TAZ) ▶
- CTPP Oversight Board ▶
- CTPP Board Subcommittee Business

Home

AASHTO > CTPP > Home

Print Email Twitter Facebook

WELCOME TO THE CENSUS TRANSPORTATION PLANNING PRODUCTS PROGRAM CTPP

Find us on Facebook

Census data on demographic characteristics, home and work locations and journey to work travel flows are key inputs to a variety of state, regional and local transportation policy and planning efforts. They also support corridor and project studies, environmental analyses and emergency operations management.

In 1990, 2000, and again in 2006, AASHTO partnered with all of the states on pooled fund projects to support the development of special census products and data tabulations for transportation. These census transportation data packages have proved invaluable in understanding characteristics about where people live and work, their journey to work commuting patterns and the modes they use for getting to work.

- [5-year Info](#)
- [2006 - 2010 Transportation Profiles](#)
- [CTPP e-Learning Modules](#)
- [TAZ Delineation Webinar](#) from February 25, 2011
- [CTPP 3-Year Data Based On 2006 - 2008 ACS](#)
- [CTPP Mid Program Report](#)
- [Transportation Profiles](#)
- [TAZ FAQs and other TAZ Information](#)
- [2005 TRB Conference Census Data for Transportation Planning](#)
- [CTPP2000 Training Materials](#)
- [Census Transportation Planning Products \(CTPP\) from the American Community Survey - FHWA Transportation](#)

<http://ctpp.transportation.org/>

Training Materials

AASHTO CTPP Website

<http://ctpp.transportation.org/Pages/trainingresources.aspx>

E-Learning

<http://ctpp.transportation.org/Pages/elearningmodules.aspx>

Recorded Webinars

<http://ctpp.transportation.org/Pages/webinardirectory.aspx>

CTPP websites



http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/planning/census_issues/ctpp/

<http://www.TRBcensus.com>

<http://ctpp.transportation.org>