



# Florida Department of Transportation

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**DATE:** April 2, 2001

**TO:** Registered Plans Preparation Manual Holders

**FROM:** Brian Blanchard, P E  
State Roadway Design Engineer *Brian Blanchard*

**CC:** Billy Hattaway, William Nickas, Jim Mills

**SUBJECT:** IMPLEMENTATION - PLANS PREPARATION MANUAL  
JULY 2001 UPDATES

The July 2001 Updates include.

- 1 Revisions to Plans Preparation Manual, Volume I Metric, January, 1998.
- 2 Revisions to Plans Preparation Manual, Volume II Metric, January, 1999.
3. Revisions to Plans Preparation Manual, Volume I English, January, 2000.
4. Revisions to Plans Preparation Manual, Volume II English, January, 2000.

The revisions to the English and Metric manuals are nearly identical except for units of measure. The major changes in design requirements included in both the English and Metric revisions are to be implemented as follows

## Volume I, Chapter 1, Section 1.9 Design Speed

### SUMMARY OF CHANGE

Language regarding design speed on curbed sections has been revised Also, Table 1.9.2 was corrected (English only) to include a note that was missing.

### IMPLEMENTATION

These changes may be implemented on applicable projects beginning immediately.  
These changes apply to both Metric and English Projects

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**Volume I Chapter 2, Section 2.3.1 Limits of Friction Course on Paved Shoulders**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

The Friction Course limits on shoulders of Limited Access facilities have been revised to accommodate the change in rumble strip location. Corresponding changes were made to Exhibits TYP-10, TYP-11, and TYP-12.

**IMPLEMENTATION**

These changes were implemented on November 27, 2000 in a letter from the State Roadway Design Engineer to the State Construction Engineer. These changes apply to both Metric and English Projects.

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**Volume I Chapter 2, Section 2.12 Bridge Railings and Separators**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

In Figure 2 12 2, the dimensions of the Corral Shape Traffic Railing Barrier (Sectional View Number 5) have been revised.

**IMPLEMENTATION**

This change is to be implemented on applicable projects beginning immediately. These changes apply to both Metric and English Projects.

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**Volume I Chapter 3, Section 3.5.7 Borrow Excavation (Truck Measure)**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

Clarification was made as to where to obtain recommendations for adjustment factors. Also, the fill adjustment factor used in the examples has been changed from 35% to 20%. A note was added to emphasize that it is only an example. Corresponding changes have been made to the example in Section 3 5 9 (Summary of Earthwork) and Exhibit SQ-3 (Summary of Quantities).

**IMPLEMENTATION**

The change regarding where to obtain adjustment factor recommendations is a clarification and is effective immediately. The changes to the examples regarding the fill adjustment factor are examples only, and do not require implementation. These changes apply to both Metric and English Projects.

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**Volume I Chapter 4, Section 4.1.2 Clear Zone Criteria**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

The note regarding the non-recoverable slope in Figure 4 1 2 has been corrected.

**IMPLEMENTATION**

This change is a correction of an existing requirement and is effective immediately. This change applies to both Metric and English Projects.

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**Volume I Chapter 7, Section 7.3.7 Maintenance of Existing Lighting During Construction**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

This section has been added to address the extent of the Contractor's responsibility to maintain existing lighting during construction

**IMPLEMENTATION**

This change is to be implemented on all projects beginning design as of July 1, 2001 This change applies to both Metric and English Projects

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**Volume I Chapter 8, Section 8.7 Shared Use Paths**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

This section has been rewritten and contains additional language and subsections regarding shared use paths

**IMPLEMENTATION**

These changes are to be implemented on all applicable projects beginning design as of July 1, 2001 These changes apply to both Metric and English Projects

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**Volume I Chapter 11, Section 11.3 Site Map**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

This section has major revisions that eliminate the option to include the SWPPP in the Specifications Package

**IMPLEMENTATION**

These changes are to be implemented on all projects beginning with the July 2002 letting The SWPPP are not to be included in the Specifications Package beginning with the July 2002 letting These changes apply to both Metric and English Projects

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**Volume I Chapter 23, Exhibits 23-B and 23-C**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

Exhibits 23-B and 23-C have been corrected Exhibit 23-B (Design Variation sample request letter) has been modified to specify the District Design Engineer beside the "To " line The footnote superscript letters have also been corrected In Exhibit 23-C, "Reconstruction" has been added to the Governing Criteria section

**IMPLEMENTATION**

These changes are to be implemented on all applicable projects beginning design as of July 1, 2001 These changes apply to both Metric and English Projects

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**Volume I Chapter 25, Section 25.4.5 Lane and Shoulder Widths**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

Table 25 4 5 4 has been added to address lane and shoulder widths for urban multilane projects without curb and gutter

**IMPLEMENTATION**

This change is a clarification and is to be implemented on all applicable projects beginning design as of July 1, 2001 This change is applies to both Metric and English Projects

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**Volume I Chapter 25, Section 25.4.25 Bridge Railing**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

This section has been rewritten to clarify bridge rail requirements on RRR projects Note Index 401 will not be included in the 2002 Design Standards which will be effective beginning with the July 2002 letting New standards for rail retrofits are being developed and scheduled for availability mid-2001 Contact the State Structures Design Office for details until the new standards are available

**IMPLEMENTATION**

Bridge rail requirements on RRR projects are to be implemented on applicable projects effective immediately Plans for projects requiring bridge rail retrofits that are scheduled for letting beginning July 2002 are not to reference Index 401 and must include either project specific details or use the new Standards developed for rail retrofits These changes apply to both Metric and English Projects

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**Volume I Chapter 29, Section 29.6 Design of Sound Barrier Walls**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

Conflicting language regarding the design of foundations and posts has been removed

**IMPLEMENTATION**

These changes are to be implemented effective immediately These changes apply to both Metric and English Projects

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**Volume I Chapter 31, Section 31.5.2 Requirements**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

The formulas in this section regarding geosynthetic design have been corrected

**IMPLEMENTATION**

These changes are corrections and are to be implemented effective immediately These changes apply to both Metric and English Projects

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**Volume II, Chapter 8, Exhibit SDS-1a, SDS-2a, and SDS-3a**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

These new exhibits regarding optional pipe are examples of sheets to be used in conjunction with the new pay item numbers implemented with the July 2002 letting. See the 2001 "Mid-Year Update - Basis of Estimate Handbook Summary of Major Changes" letter dated April 1, 2001 for further information. Exhibits SDS-1, SDS-2, and SDS-3 (currently in the PPM) are examples of sheets that are to be used in conjunction with the current pay item numbers through the June 2002 letting.

**IMPLEMENTATION**

These changes are to be implemented on all projects beginning with the July 2002 letting. These changes apply to both Metric and English Projects.

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**Volume II, Sample Project Exhibits**

**SUMMARY OF CHANGE**

A set of exhibits has been added that contain selected sheets and components of a sample contract plan set.

**IMPLEMENTATION** The new exhibits are examples only, and are included with the English Plans Preparation Manual only.

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All other changes in the July, 2001 Plans Preparation Manual updates package primarily consist of minor editing for clarification and/or error corrections.

If you have any questions please contact this office, 850-414-4318, Suncom 994-4318.

# July 2001 Update to Plans Preparation Manual Metric

Please replace the following sheets

## Volume I

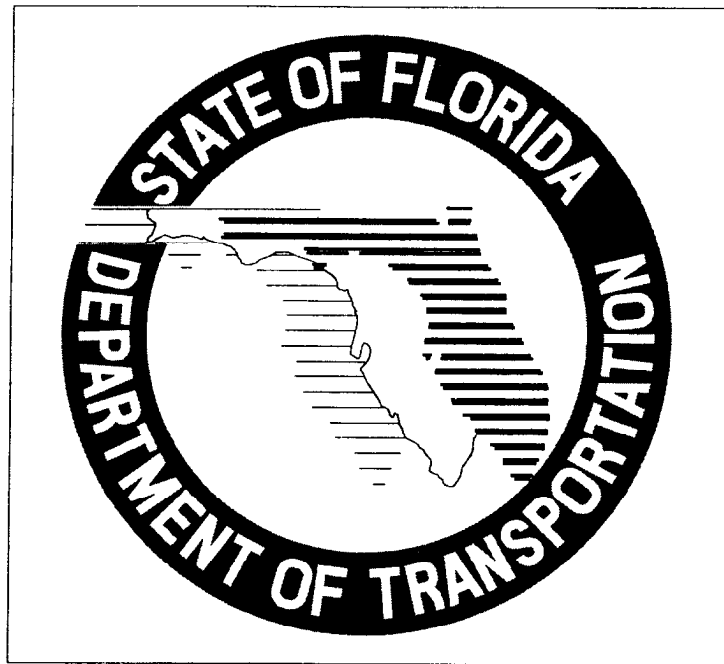
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>REPLACEMENT SHEETS</b>
Chapter 1	3, 4, 11, 12
Chapter 2	7, 8, 65, 66
Chapter 3	11-14
Chapter 4	3, 4
Chapter 7	1, 11, 7-14
Chapter 8	1, 11, 5-14
Chapter 11	Complete chapter
Chapter 23	15-19
Chapter 25	1-iii, 1, 2, 13-34
Chapter 29	1-4, 7-12
Chapter 30	5-10
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<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>REPLACEMENT SHEETS</b>
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Chapter 3	5, 6
Chapter 10	5-8
Exhibits	TYP-10, TYP-11, TYP-12, SQ-3, SDS-1, SDS-2, SDS-3, SDS-1a, SDS-2a, SDS-3a

# PLANS PREPARATION MANUAL

## VOLUME II - METRIC



**ROADWAY DESIGN OFFICE**

**TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA**

**JANUARY 1999**

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## INTRODUCTION

### PLANS PREPARATION MANUAL, VOLUME II - METRIC

#### PURPOSE:

This *Plans Preparation Manual, Volume II - Metric* sets forth requirements for the preparation and assembly of contract plans for Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) projects. The information contained herein applies to the preparation of contract plans for both roadways and structures.

#### AUTHORITY:

Section 334.044(2), Florida Statutes

#### SCOPE:

This procedure impacts anyone preparing roadway and structures contract plans for the Department.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION:

Chapter 334 of the Florida Statutes, as part of the Florida Transportation Code, establishes the responsibilities of the State, counties, and municipalities for the planning and development of the transportation systems serving the people of Florida, with the objective of assuring development of an integrated, balanced statewide system. The Code's purpose is to protect the safety and general welfare of the people of the State and to preserve and improve all transportation facilities in Florida. Under Section 334.044, the Code sets forth the powers and duties of the Department of Transportation including to adopt rules, procedures and standards for the conduct of its business operations and the implementation of any provisions of law for which the Department is responsible.

## PROCEDURE:

The standards and applications contained in this volume of the Plans Preparation Manual are requirements for the design and preparation of contract plans used in the construction of FDOT projects. This volume is to be used in conjunction with *Volume I - Metric (Topic No 625-000-005)* of the *Plans Preparation Manual (PPM)*

The preparation of roadway and structures plans is primarily a matter of sound application of acceptable engineering criteria, standards and presentation techniques. While the requirements contained in this volume provide a basis for uniformity in plans preparation, precise formatting and presentation standards which apply to individual situations must rely on good engineering practice and judgement. The use of these requirements does not relieve the engineer from the professional responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the contract plans set(s).

### 1 PLANS PREPARATION MANUAL, VOLUME II - METRIC MANUAL ORGANIZATION

#### a Background

The Florida Department of Transportation *Plans Preparation Manual* was previously published as a two volume set in 1989. The manual preceded Department requirements for use of the Metric System, and featured only English units. Volume I contained design criteria and process requirements, while Volume II addressed plans preparation and assembly.

The first metric version of Volume I was published in January, 1995. Until now there has been no metric version of Volume II. This 1999 issue of *Volume II - Metric* incorporates revisions issued since the previous PPM publication, additions to some of the existing chapters, as well as new chapters. Some of the new information was previously contained in *Volume I - Metric* of the *Plans Preparation Manual*, the *Structures Design Guidelines (SDG)*, Topic No 625-020-150 or the *Structures Detailing Manual (Topic No 625-020-300)*

The most significant changes are due to the incorporation of the Metric System. Other revisions or updates are the result of changes in the design process or procedures since publication of the original manual.

b Organization

The *Plans Preparation Manual, Volume II - Metric* contains specific requirements for plans production and assembly. The manual consists of individual chapters, each addressing the requirements for a plan sheet or component, and is ordered according to the way a standard plans set would be assembled.

2 DISTRIBUTION

This document is distributed through **FDOT Maps and Publications Sales**.

Copies may be obtained from

Florida Department of Transportation  
Maps and Publications Sales  
Mail Station 12  
605 Suwannee Street  
Tallahassee, FL 32399-0450

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SUNCOM 994-4050  
FAX Number (850) 487-4099  
<http://www.dot.state.fl.us/MapsAndPublications/manuals/pub-list.htm>

For updates and manual registration information contact

Roadway Design Office  
Mail Station 32  
Telephone (850) 414-4310  
SUNCOM 994-4310  
FAX Number (850) 922-9293

### 3 REVISIONS AND UPDATES

Plans Preparation Manual holders are encouraged to submit comments and suggestions for changes to the manual to the Roadway Design Office. When ideas or suggestions are received they will be reviewed by appropriate Roadway and/or Structures Design staff in a timely manner and will be coordinated with other offices affected by the proposed change.

Structures design issues which are subject to modification and revision will be processed in coordination with the Structures Design Office.

Proposed revisions are distributed in draft form to the District Design Engineers (DDE). The DDE coordinates the review of the proposed revisions with other affected district offices such as Structures Design. The goal is to obtain a majority opinion before revisions are made.

The Roadway Design Office will also coordinate proposed revisions or additions with affected offices within the Central Office. Substantive revisions that result in policy change will be coordinated with the Executive Committee for concurrence.

Revisions are voted on jointly by the District Design Engineers and the State Roadway Design Engineer (for Roadway Design issues) or the State Structures Design Engineer (for Structures Design issues). Each district will have one vote and the central office will have two votes, for a total of ten votes. Requirements mandated by FHWA or State Rules will not be subject to this majority vote.

All revisions and updates will be coordinated with the Organization and Procedures Office prior to distribution to ensure conformance with and incorporation into the Department's Standard Operating System. The standard interval for issuing updates to the PPM is yearly, in January, when the adopted revisions and addenda will be distributed to registered holders of the manual.

Items warranting immediate change will be made with the approval of the State Roadway Design Engineer in the form of a Design Bulletin.

## **TRAINING:**

None required

## **FORMS ACCESS:**

Documents marked as **SAMPLES** provide only a starting point allowing users to change or alter the document as needed to fit specific situations. Samples are not official forms of the Department.

## Chapter 1

### PRODUCTION OF PLANS

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# Chapter 1

## PRODUCTION OF PLANS

### 1.1 General

This volume shall be used in conjunction with **Volume I - Metric of the Plans Preparation Manual**. Close attention must be paid to the harmonizing of design criteria and processes outlined in **Volume I** with the related areas of plans preparation and presentation required in this volume

The contract plans set and the specifications are the key documents for project construction and on which the contractor bases his bid. Hence, it is imperative that the contract plans and specifications set forth the work to be done in a clear and concise manner

As stated in the FDOT **Policy for the Development of Construction Plans via Computer Aided Design and Drafting (CADD), Topic No. 000-625-010**, "All construction plans prepared by the Department of Transportation, either by in-house staff or by consultants, shall be totally prepared utilizing computer aided design and drafting (CADD) techniques "

The Engineer of Record (EOR) must provide quality control of plans, CADD files and deliverables as outlined in the Department's **CADD Manual, Topic No. 625-050-001** (or latest version) and this volume. These resources, in conjunction with district and project scope requirements shall form the basis for contract plans format and assembly

Plan sheets content and appearance will follow the requirements of this volume. Refer to the FDOT CADD Production Criteria Guide for such features as line weight, style, color, and level

The exhibits shown in this volume were developed using FDOT criteria/standards in force at the time of their creation. See **Volume I** for criteria

## 1.2 Legibility Guidelines

Normally, all letters and figures should be readable from either the bottom or right edge of the sheet. The guide for reading is as follows:

- (1) Horizontal Line Read left to right
- (2) Vertical Line Read bottom to top
- (3) Diagonals Read left to right

Abbreviations may be used where they save time and space. Abbreviations must be clear and easily understood. A list of standard abbreviations is given in the *Roadway and Traffic Design Standards, Index 001*.

Standard symbols for Roadway Design are shown in the *Roadway and Traffic Design Standards, Index 002*, the Symbol Cell Library, and other CADD sources. FDOT metric symbols are shown in *Appendix A* of this volume.

## 1.3 Application of the Metric System

The following rules apply for displaying metric information and data in the plans:

### 1 Dimensioning Requirements

- For dimensions in meters, display values to at least one decimal place
- For dimensions in millimeters, display values as whole numbers with no decimal place
- Do not use the centimeter
- Using the preceding rules, do not show the unit symbols "m" and "mm" unless needed for clarification. Show even dimensions in meters with a decimal and following zero digit, e.g. 300.0 to avoid confusion with 300 mm.
- If a dimensioned item has a numerical quantity that is part of a group of numbers in a different range, select the unit that most adequately covers the range without unduly large or small numbers. For example, if 300 mm is part of a group of numbers shown in meters, show it as 0.3 m.



- Show long dimensions, including all horizontal and vertical geometry, wall lengths, bridge span lengths and box culvert lengths, spans and heights in meters
  - In general, show cross section dimensions of structural members in millimeters. This will normally include most drainage structures (except box culverts), drainage pipe, and special drainage structure details. (Note: The actual size of drainage pipe and standard drainage structure boxes will remain the same. However, label these items in nominal size based on 1" = 25 mm. Example: Label 24" pipe as 600 mm pipe, Label a 4' diameter structure as a 1200 mm structure.)
- 2 As a general rule, display metric dimensions to one more decimal place than the corresponding dimension in English units
- Typical Section Elements, including lane widths and shoulder widths - in meters, generally to 1 decimal place
  - Horizontal control points on plans, including survey centerline, baseline, intersections and alignment - in meters to 3 decimal places. The normal station interval for centerlines and baselines is 100 meters (1 + 00 000 = 100 m)
  - Vertical alignment control points, (PVC, PVI, PVT) and profile grade elevations - in meters to 3 decimal places
  - Profile Grade - in percent to 4 decimal places
  - Proposed flow lines - in meters to 2 decimal places
  - Manhole tops and grate elevations - in meters to 3 decimal places
  - Ditch elevations - in meters to 2 decimal places
  - Box Culvert Spans and Heights (The Department uses the span by height format for dimensioning box culverts e.g., 3.0 x 1.8 means the span is 3.0 meters and the height is 1.8 meters). Show in meters to 1 decimal for new construction, in meters to 3 decimal places for extensions of existing box culverts originally constructed to English dimensions

- 3 When project limits are identified by kilometer point location on the Key Sheet, show the equivalent milepost using direct mathematical conversion (example kp 1 609 = MP 1 000)
- 4 Where practical, round and display short radius curves (<150 0 m), including curb returns and control radii, to the nearest meter Round and display longer radius curves to the nearest 5 meters
- 5 Display alignment bearings and delta angles in curve data in degrees, minutes and seconds, rounded to the nearest second
- 6 Continue to post sign messages for speed limits and distances in English units
- 7 Express slope ratios in vertical to horizontal (V H) format For example, show roadside slopes as 1 6, 1 4, rather than past convention as 6 1 or 4 1
- 8 Label existing and proposed utilities in metric Use the ***FDOT Basis of Estimates Handbook*** utility pay item list of metric sizes as a guide
- 9 Omit "degree of curvature" from curve data It has no definition in the metric system Instead, use the radius definition

Other important metric rules to remember

- 1 When converting values related to surveys, right of way and other geometric alignment use the U S Survey Foot taken to a minimum of 8 decimal places

$$1 \text{ foot} = \frac{12 \text{ inches/foot}}{39.37 \text{ inches/meter}} = 0.30480061 \text{ meters}$$

For other direct mathematical conversions use the SI definition 1 foot = 0.3048 meters

- 2 Display direct mathematical (soft) converted values to the nearest 0.001 m or 1 mm
- 3 On resurfacing projects, hard convert typical section dimensions (lane widths, shoulder widths, etc ) where existing conditions permit (A "hard" metric project is defined as one where metric standard index drawings and metric specifications are used, and the design complies with adopted metric criteria)

Use direct mathematical (soft) conversion (Rule Number 2) for existing pavement widths in curbed sections, existing right of way widths, and existing median widths

- 4 Do not use commas to separate digits if a number has more than 4 digits. For numbers with more than 4 digits either right or left of the decimal, leave a space when practical (Where the displayed number must be used in a mathematical operation on a computer the space may not be recognized properly and should not be used)

Example 10 000 or 0 609 35 or 13 471 359

For these and other rules pertaining to FDOT metric practice see **Volume I, Appendix B**

The following table shows the approximate equivalent metric scales for standard English scales traditionally used by FDOT

ENGLISH SCALE	METRIC SCALE
1" = 2'	1.25
1" = 5'	1 50
1" = 10'	1 100
1" = 20'	1 200
1" = 40'	1 400 or 1 500
1" = 50'	1 500
1" = 100'	1 1000
1" = 200'	1 2000
1" = 400'	1 5000

Recommended metric scales for individual plan sheets are given in the appropriate chapter in this volume

## 1.4 Base Sheet Format

All plan sheet formats are contained in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software. Sheet borders include a place for the Financial Project ID. For those projects which still have a State Project Number, the number must be added to each sheet in the plans. A separate cell is available for placement above the Financial Project ID as shown below.

			STATE PROJECT NO.		
			STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
			ROAD NO.	COUNTY	FINANCIAL PROJECT ID

The blank space immediately left of the box for Financial Project ID information is provided for the name, address and engineering license number of the Engineer of Record. If practicing through a duly authorized engineering business, the engineering business name, address, and engineering business license number is shown. See **Section 19.2, Volume I** of this manual.

Contract plans shall be plotted to scale on size B (11" X 17") multipurpose paper. These plots are to be generated from image files in accordance with the **CADD Manual, Section 3.8.3**. Care must be taken in setting up plotting equipment and software to center the sheet border and provide a minimum 3/4" margin at each end of the sheet. This is necessary to maintain plan sheet scales and to facilitate the reproduction process used for providing contract plan sets for advertisement and construction.

No aerial photography of any type is permitted in final contract plans.

## Chapter 2

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## Chapter 2

### SEQUENCE OF PLANS PREPARATION

#### 2.1 General

The set of plans depicting in detail the desired construction work is known as the "Contract Plans Set" This set consists of all sheets pertaining to roadway design (Roadway Plans), and component plans The component plans are comprised of

- Signing and Pavement Marking Plans
- Signalization Plans
- Lighting Plans
- Landscape Plans
- Architectural Plans
- Structures Plans

Utility Joint Participation Agreement Plans have a separate Financial Project ID and are placed in the back of the contract plans set

The contract plans set should be prepared systematically, undergoing phases of review and revision to ensure technically correct and clear plans

#### 2.2 Data Collection and Presentation

##### 2.2.1 Type of Project

The type and amount of data required for each project depends on the project For new construction and reconstruction projects which have had a Project Development and Environment (PD&E) phase the data to be used for plans preparation could include the following

- Preliminary Engineering Report
- Project Scope
- Project schedule
- Field survey and/or CADD files (including existing features such as topography, ground elevations, drainage structures, and right of way)
- R/W requirements
- Soils information

- Commitments for environmental permits or mitigation
- Typical Section Package
- Traffic Data
- Pedestrian and bicycle considerations
- Structural design requirements
- Commitments to local government(s)

For projects without the PD&E phase, such as RRR or Safety projects, some of the items listed will not be required. Regardless of type, all projects should begin with a field review to determine other requirements such as additional survey needs, utility information, etc.

Additional information can be found in **Chapters 13-16 of Volume I**. These chapters contain a comprehensive discussion of the critical issues and major activities for the design process, from initial to final engineering.

### **2.2.2 Display of Existing Data**

CADD files generated from the field survey will contain existing topography and other characteristics of the project site. These also include the existing utilities and drainage structures within the limits of the project.

All data pertaining to topography, horizontal location of existing utilities and drainage structures shall be shown on the plan portion of the appropriate sheets (whether they are plan view only, or plan-profile).

### **2.2.3 Proposed Typical Section**

Typical sections show the cross sectional design elements of a roadway. In addition to the Typical Section Sheet, certain elements of the typical section are shown on various other plan sheets, such as the Plan-Profile Sheets and Cross Sections. The various chapters for individual plan sheets address the specific requirements for displaying data (including typical section elements) on those sheets.

## 2.2.4 Geometrics

The Engineer of Record (EOR) sets the horizontal and vertical geometrics for a project and develops or supervises development of the CADD files used in the production of various plans sheets

Horizontal geometrics include the baseline survey/centerline construction with bearings, curve data, angles or bearings at street intersections, pavement widths, taper lengths, left turn lanes, and other geometric elements. These elements are plotted on the plan portion of the plan-profile sheets, as well as other appropriate plan sheets

Vertical geometrics show the vertical curves and grades of the roadway along the profile grade line. On municipal projects back-of-sidewalk profiles are developed to provide a vertical alignment which addresses drainage requirements and harmonizes connections to adjacent properties. The back-of-sidewalk profiles may be included in the roadway plans as directed by the district

On all projects which include the development of a vertical alignment the existing ground line along the baseline of survey and the proposed profile grade line shall be plotted on the profile portion of appropriate sheets in the roadway or structures plans

## 2.2.5 Cross Sections

Information required for plotting existing cross sections is obtained from survey data and CADD files. These data, along with existing utilities and proposed templates, are shown on the cross sections. Refer to **Chapter 18** for additional information

## 2.3 Phase Submittals

### 2.3.1 General

Requirements relating to the *design process* for various submittals are given in **Chapter 16, Volume I** of this manual. Refer to that chapter for additional guidance in preparing submittals for review by the Department

For bridge submittal requirements see **Chapter 26, Volume I**



## 2.3.2 Phases

The remainder of this chapter outlines, in detail, the sequence for contract plans preparation and assembly, as well as the information required to be presented on the various plan sheets which are included in design phase submittals

As stated in **Section 16.4 of Chapter 16, Volume I** "The number of submittals and phase reviews shall be determined on a project-by-project basis and shall be defined in the scope. Submittals allow functional areas to review the development of the project as contained in the scope."

Standard submittal phases are as follows

### SUBMITTAL PHASES

- Phase I
- Phase II
- Phase III
- Phase IV

Minor projects should typically have two phase reviews

**Figure 2.1** summarizes the plans sheet status for each submittal. No phase is complete until all review comments have been resolved and documented.

The technical accuracy required for the design is the responsibility of the Engineer of Record. Prior to submitting the plans for a formal FDOT Phase review, the design organization (in-house or consultant) shall conduct a review to ensure technically correct and complete plans. Any revisions or corrections noted during the review shall be incorporated into the plans before submittal for the formal Phase review.

When deemed necessary by the Engineer of Record, or as requested by the district, phase submittals may include an additional plan sheet titled "Notes for Reviewers." This sheet is placed as the second sheet in the submittal package. It contains information pertinent to design criteria and special project requirements, as well as other details or notes which call the reviewer's attention to issues and features unique to the project design. The sheet is to be used only in the review process and is not included in the final plans.

**Figure 2.1 - Summary of Phase Submittals**

ITEM	PHASE	PHASE*	PHASE	PHASE
	I	II	III	IV
Key Sheet	P	P	C	F
Summary of Pay Items		P	C	F
Drainage Map	P	P	C	F
Interchange Drainage Map	P	P	C	F
Typical Section	P	C	C	F
Summary of Quantities			C	F
Box Culvert Data			C	F
Summary of Drainage Structures			C	F
Project Layout	P	C	C	F
Roadway Plan-Profile	P	P	C	F
Special Profile	P	P	C	F
Back-of-Sidewalk Profile	P	C	C	F
Interchange Layout	P	P	C	F
Ramp Terminal Details		P	C	F
Intersection Layout/Detail	P	P	C	F
Drainage Structures		P	C	F
Lateral Ditch Plan-Profile		P	C	F
Lateral Ditch Cross Section		P	C	F
Retention/Detention Ponds		P	C	F
Cross Section Pattern Sheet		P	C	F
Roadway Soil Survey		P	C	F
Cross Sections	P	P	C	F
Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan	P	P	C	F
Traffic Control Plans	P	P	C	F
Utility Adjustment		P	C	F
Selective Clearing and Grubbing		P	C	F
Miscellaneous Structures Plans		P	C	F
Signing and Pavement Marking Plans		P	C	F
Signalization Plans		P	C	F
Lighting Plans		P	C	F
Landscape Plans	P	P	C	F
Utility Joint Participation Agreement Plans			C	F
Mitigation Plans		P	C	F
Computation Book			C	F
Contract Time			P	F

**Status Key**

- P - Preliminary
- C - Complete but subject to change
- F - Final

\* Projects which have a structures plans component are required to submit the latest set of structures plans with the phase II roadway submittal

### 2.3.2.1 Requirements for Phase I Submittal

Unless otherwise directed by the district, the following elements are required for a Phase I set of plans

#### **KEY SHEET:**

Location Map w/ location of project on map  
All applicable Financial Project ID's  
(Federal Funds) notation, if applicable  
Exceptions & Equations  
County Name  
State Road Number  
Length of project box  
North arrow and scale  
Approval signature lines  
Railroad crossing (if applicable)  
Revision box  
Governing Standards & Specifications dates  
Project Manager's Name  
Begin & end project station, begin kp and begin mp  
Begin & end bridge stations  
Consultant's name, address, contract number and vendor number (if applicable)

#### **DRAINAGE MAP - PLAN VIEW**

North arrow and scale  
Drainage divides and ground elevations  
Drainage areas and flow direction arrows  
Equations  
High water information as required  
Preliminary horizontal alignment  
Section, township, range lines  
Street names  
Begin & end stations of project, bridge, bridge culverts & exceptions  
Existing structures & pipes with relevant information

State, Federal, county highway numbers (as appropriate)

#### **DRAINAGE MAP - PROFILE VIEW**

Preliminary profile grade & existing ground line  
Horizontal & vertical scale  
Begin & end stations of project, bridges, bridge culverts & exceptions  
Equations

#### **INTERCHANGE DRAINAGE MAP**

North arrow and scale  
Stationing along baselines  
Ramp baselines with nomenclature  
Begin and end bridge stationing  
Preliminary interchange configuration  
R/W lines  
Preliminary interchange drainage with drainage areas and flow direction arrows

#### **TYPICAL SECTIONS**

Mainline and crossroad typicals  
R/W lines  
Special details (bifurcated sections, high fills, etc )  
Traffic data

#### **PROJECT LAYOUT / Reference Points**

Plan-profile sheet sequence (mainline and crossroads)  
Reference points (if layout sheet is required)

### **PLAN AND PROFILE - PLAN VIEW**

North arrow and scale  
Baseline of survey, equations  
Curve data (including superelevation)  
Existing topography including utilities  
Preliminary horizontal geometrics/dimensions  
Existing & proposed R/W lines (if available)  
Centerline of construction (if different from the baseline of survey)  
Begin and end stations for the project, bridges, bridge culverts and exceptions  
Reference points (if project layout sheet not included in plans set)

### **PLAN AND PROFILE - PROFILE VIEW**

Scale  
Appropriate existing utilities  
Bench mark information  
Preliminary profile grade line  
Equations  
Existing ground line with elevations at each end of sheet  
Begin and End Stations for the Project, bridges, bridge culverts and exceptions

### **SPECIAL PROFILE**

Scale  
Ramp profile worksheet including nose sections  
Existing ground line of intersections  
Preliminary grade line of intersections  
Preliminary curb return profiles, if applicable

### **BACK-OF-SIDEWALK PROFILE (Worksheet)**

Scale  
Begin and end project stations  
Begin and end sidewalk stations  
Cross-street locations and elevations  
Drainage flow direction arrows  
Mainline equations  
Existing driveway locations and details

Superelevation details  
Back-of-sidewalk profile grades and vertical curve information  
Building floor elevations with offset distance left and right  
Gradeline notation Specifically the numeric difference relative to roadway profile gradeline

### **INTERCHANGE DETAIL**

North arrow and scale  
Schematic of traffic flow and volumes  
Proposed bridge limits  
R/W lines  
Preliminary configuration and geometrics  
Quadrant Identification  
Ramp Labels

### **INTERSECTION LAYOUT**

North arrow and scale  
Existing topography (if applicable)  
Proposed R/W limits  
Length of turn lanes  
Taper lengths  
Existing Utilities  
Geometric dimensions (radii, offsets, widths)

### **CROSS SECTIONS\***

Scale  
Existing ground line  
Existing survey baseline elevations  
Station numbers  
Baseline of survey labeled  
Existing utilities  
Proposed template with profile grade elevations along mainline and cross-streets as necessary

### **TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS**

Project specific  
Other worksheets as necessary to convey concept and scope

### **LANDSCAPE PLANS**

Conceptual landscape plan

\*May require accompanying cross section pattern sheet

### 2.3.2.2 Requirements for Phase II Submittal

Unless otherwise directed by the district, the following elements are required for a Phase II set of plans

#### **KEY SHEET**

Index of sheets  
Contract plans and component plans list

#### **SUMMARY OF PAY ITEMS**

Item numbers with descriptions

#### **DRAINAGE MAP - PLAN VIEW**

Proposed structures with structure numbers  
Proposed storm sewer pipes  
Flow arrows along proposed ditches  
Retention/Detention ponds, pond number and area size  
Cross drains with pipe sizes and structure numbers  
Bridges/bridge culverts with begin and end stations  
Flood data (if applicable)

#### **DRAINAGE MAP - PROFILE VIEW**

Ditch gradients including DPI's  
Final roadway profile grade line  
Mainline storm sewer pipes  
Mainline flow line elevations  
Mainline structures with structure numbers and pipes  
Bridge, Bridge Culvert  
Cross drains with pipe sizes, structure numbers and flow line elevation

#### **INTERCHANGE DRAINAGE MAP**

Final geometrics including P C and P T  
Proposed structures with structure numbers  
Proposed storm sewer pipes  
Special ditches with DPI and elevation

#### **TYPICAL SECTIONS**

Pavement Design

#### **PROJECT LAYOUT**

Complete

#### **PLAN AND PROFILE - PLAN VIEW**

Curb return numbers, station ties and elevations  
Proposed drainage structures with structure no  
Proposed R/W lines  
Existing utilities  
Proposed side drain pipe requirements (including size) for access and intersections  
Final geometrics and dimensions including radii, station pluses, offsets, widths, taper/transition lengths, curve data  
General notes (if project layout sheet not included)  
Flood data if not shown elsewhere

**PLAN AND PROFILE - PROFILE VIEW**

Final profile grades and vertical curve data  
Mainline storm sewer pipes  
Proposed special ditches  
Ditch gradients with DPI station and elevation  
Non-standard superelevation transition details  
High water elevations  
Existing utilities  
Mainline drainage structures with structure numbers  
Cross drains with structure number, size and flow line elevations

**SPECIAL PROFILE**

Final intersection profile grades  
Final curb return profiles (if applicable)  
Superelevation diagrams as required  
Final ramp profile grades including nose sections  
Preliminary access and frontage road profiles (may contain one or more types of special profiles )

**BACK-OF-SIDEWALK PROFILE**

Complete

**INTERCHANGE LAYOUT**

Curve data including superelevation and design speed  
Coordinate data, stationing and ties  
Access and/or frontage roads with dimensions and R/W  
Fence location  
Ramp identification

**RAMP TERMINAL DETAILS**

Preliminary geometrics  
Radii, transition/taper lengths  
Ramp identification

**INTERSECTION LAYOUT**

Limits of proposed construction along side roads  
Applicable notes  
Cross drains with structure numbers and pipe sizes  
Storm sewer pipes including sizes  
Final geometrics including dimensions, radii, offsets, station pluses and taper/transition lengths

**DRAINAGE STRUCTURES**

Vertical and horizontal scale  
Roadway template with profile grade elevation  
Underground utilities  
Special sections at conflict points  
R/W lines (at critical locations)  
Storm sewer construction notes  
Flow arrows  
Applicable notes  
Structure numbers and location station along right side of sheet  
Drainage structures with numbers in numerical order, type, size, location and flowline elevations

**OUTFALL/LATERAL DITCH SYSTEM - PLAN VIEW**

North arrow and scale  
Roadway centerline  
Existing and/or survey ditch centerline  
Proposed ditch centerline with stationing  
Begin and end ditch stations  
Equations  
Ditch centerline intersection stations  
R/W lines  
Bearings of ditch and mainline centerlines  
Proposed storm sewer pipes  
Ditch PI stations with deflection angle left or right  
Proposed drainage structures with structure numbers  
Existing topography, drainage structures, utilities

**OUTFALL/LATERAL DITCH SYSTEM -  
PROFILE VIEW**

Bench mark information  
Scale  
Existing ground line  
Proposed ditch profile with grades  
Begin and end ditch stations  
High water elevations  
Proposed storm sewer pipes with size  
Existing Utilities  
Overland flow or overtopping elevations  
Proposed drainage structures with structure numbers  
Typical section can be placed in either plan or profile

**LATERAL DITCH CROSS SECTIONS**

Horizontal and vertical scale  
Existing ground line  
Station numbers  
Survey centerline and elevation  
R/W  
Begin and end ditch stations  
Begin and end excavation stations  
Earthwork quantities  
Existing utilities  
Total earthwork quantity in cubic meters (M<sup>3</sup>)  
Proposed template with ditch bottom elevation

**CROSS SECTION PATTERN SHEET**

North arrow and scale  
Interchange layout  
Access and frontage roads  
Mainline and ramp stationing  
Begin and end bridge stations  
Cross section location lines  
Ramp baselines with nomenclature and stationing

**ROADWAY SOIL SURVEY**

Soil data  
Project specific

**CROSS SECTIONS**

R/W  
Special ditch bottom elevations  
Equivalent stations for ramps and mainline  
Mainline equation stations  
Soil borings  
Water table  
Extent of unsuitable material  
Proposed template with profile grade elevation  
Earthwork Columns  
Begin and end stationing for project, construction and earthwork, bridge and bridge culvert  
Existing utilities affected by the template and where unsuitable materials are present

**SWPPP PLANS**

Narrative Description (with supplemental topographic, maps, when used)

**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS**

Preliminary traffic control plan  
Detour plan  
Phasing plan  
R/W - existing and additional if required  
Existing Utilities

**UTILITY ADJUSTMENT**

All existing utilities highlighted

**SELECTIVE CLEARING AND GRUBBING**

Limits of construction by station and type of selective clearing and grubbing

**MISCELLANEOUS STRUCTURES PLANS**

Retaining walls (Cast in place, proprietary, temporary) if required

**SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING  
PLANS - KEY SHEET**

Financial Project ID  
(Federal Funds) notation, if applicable  
State Road Number  
County Name  
FDOT Project Manager's Name  
Begin/end stations & exceptions  
Station Equations (if location map is shown)  
Governing Standards & Specifications Date  
Engineer of Record  
Consultants name & address, if applicable

**SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING  
PLANS - TABULATION OF QUANTITIES**  
Project Specific

**SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING  
PLANS - PLAN SHEETS**

North arrow and scale  
Basic Roadway Geometrics  
Begin/End Stations and Exceptions  
Station equations  
Conflicting utilities, lighting or drainage  
Pavement markings  
Sign locations  
Applicable pay items

**SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING  
PLANS - SIGN DETAIL SHEETS  
GUIDE SIGN WORK SHEETS**  
Project Specific

**SIGNALIZATION PLANS - KEY SHEET**

Financial Project ID  
(Federal Funds) notation, if applicable  
State Road Number  
County Name  
FDOT Project Manager's Name  
Begin/end stations & exceptions  
Station Equations (if location map is shown)  
Governing Standards & Specifications Date  
Engineer of Record  
Consultants name & address, if applicable

**SIGNALIZATION PLANS - TABULATION OF  
QUANTITIES**  
Project Specific

**SIGNALIZATION PLANS - PLAN SHEET**

North arrow and scale  
Basic Roadway Geometrics  
Begin/End Stations and Exceptions  
Station Equations  
Conflicting utilities, lighting or drainage  
Signal Pole Location  
Type and location of loops  
Type and location of signal heads  
Pedestrian Signal  
Location of Stop Bars  
Location of Pedestrian Crosswalks  
Sheet Title  
Applicable pay items

**SIGNALIZATION PLANS - POLE SCHEDULE**

Pole location, number, type  
Pole dimensions  
Pay item number and quantity  
Joint use pole details, if applicable  
Foundation design

**SIGNALIZATION PLANS - INTERCONNECT/  
COMMUNICATION CABLE PLAN**

Placement of interconnect/communication  
cable  
Conflicting utilities, lighting or drainage  
Other project specific details



**LIGHTING PLANS - KEY SHEET**

Financial Project ID  
(Federal Funds) notation, if applicable  
State Road Number  
County Name  
FDOT Project Manager's Name  
Begin/end stations & exceptions  
Station Equations (if location map is shown)  
Governing Standards & Specifications Date  
Engineer of Record  
Consultants name & address, if applicable

**LIGHTING PLANS - TABULATION OF QUANTITIES**

Project Specific

**LIGHTING PLANS - POLE DATA AND LEGEND SHEET**

Each pole by number with location, arm length, mounting height and luminaire wattage noted  
Design value for light intensities and uniformity ratios shown  
Legend and sheet title

**LIGHTING PLANS - PLAN SHEETS**

North arrow and scale  
Basic Roadway Geometrics  
Begin/End Stations and Equations  
Station Equations  
Conflicting utilities, drainage, signal poles, etc  
Sheet title  
Applicable pay items  
Pole symbols shown at correct station location and approximate offset

**LIGHTING PLANS - HIGH MAST**

Foundation detail sheets (project specific)  
Boring data sheets (project specific)  
Conflicting utilities, drainage, lighting

**LANDSCAPE PLANS - KEY SHEET**

Financial Project ID  
(Federal Funds) notation, if applicable  
State Road Number  
County Name  
FDOT Project Manager's Name  
Begin/end stations & exceptions  
Station Equations (if location map is shown)  
Governing Standards & Specifications Date  
Engineer of Record  
Consultants name & address, if applicable

**LANDSCAPE PLANS - TABULATION OF QUANTITIES**

Project Specific

**LANDSCAPE PLANS - STANDARD DETAIL SHEET**

Applicable standard details

**LANDSCAPE PLANS - PLAN SHEETS**

Roadway and sidewalk plan  
Component plans features (signing, signalization, lighting, etc )  
Plant placement by symbol  
Legend for plant symbols  
Existing utilities  
Limits of clear sight  
Canopy limits/location of existing vegetation  
Billboard view zones

**LANDSCAPE PLANS - IRRIGATION PLAN (if applicable)**

Type of system  
Location and size of pipes  
Type and location of heads

**LANDSCAPE PLANS - SPECIFICATIONS PLAN SHEET**

Project specific

**MITIGATION PLANS**

Project Specific

### **2.3.2.3 Phase III Plans Submittal**

Ordinarily, the only other remaining work to be done will be to comply with comments received as a result of the review. The Work Zone Traffic Control items paid for on a 'per day' basis shall be estimated and included in the Phase III submittal.

The FDOT construction department will make a biddability review and will establish construction duration as a part of the Phase III review after receiving the computation book. This information should be included in the Phase III review comments transmitted back to the EOR. The estimated pay items for Work Zone Traffic Control shall be revised as necessary based on the established construction duration.

All plan sheets and computation books are complete and the Financial Management (FM) system has been updated. Final drainage tabulations shall also be furnished for review.

Utility Joint Participation Agreement (JPA) Plans, consisting of a key sheet, and mainline plan-profile showing proposed utility horizontal and vertical locations, are also to be included in the Phase III submittal.

A "marked up" set of the plans and review comments shall be returned to the EOR for incorporation of the comments into the plans. When the review comments have been resolved and documented by the designer, the plans are ready to proceed to completion.

### **2.3.2.4 Phase IV Plans Submittal**

After all corrections noted in the Phase III submittal are complete and the cost estimate is complete, the plans are considered final.

## Chapter 3

### KEY SHEET

3.1	General .....	3-1
3.2	Project Identification .....	3-1
3.2.1	Financial Project ID, Federal Funds, County Name and State Road Number .....	3-1
3.2.2	Fiscal Year and Sheet Number .....	3-2
3.2.3	Length of Project Box .....	3-2
3.3	Project Location Map .....	3-3
3.4	North Arrow and Scale .....	3-4
3.5	Component Plans in Contract Plans Set .....	3-4
3.6	Index of Sheets .....	3-5
3.7	Professional Responsibility .....	3-6
3.8	Governing Specifications and Standards .....	3-6
3.9	State Map .....	3-6
3.10	Railroad Crossing .....	3-7
3.11	Revisions .....	3-7

## Chapter 3

### KEY SHEET

#### 3.1 General

This is the first sheet in the contract plans. It describes the project, the contents of the plans, and identifies those responsible for preparing the plans. The key sheet cell can be found in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software. Levels and fonts for additional data can also be found in the FDOT CADD Production Criteria Guide. For key sheet examples, see the exhibits at the back of this chapter.

#### 3.2 Project Identification

**Background** On May 21, 1997, the State Highway Engineer, instructed District Secretaries on the implementation of the Financial Management System. This system replaces the Work Program Administration, the Job Cost Reporting and the Federal Project Accounting systems. Once implemented, all contract documents/sheets that historically had shown project or WPI numbers were to have the new project number on every sheet. Beginning March 16, 1998, a Financial Project ID was assigned to each old project, and from then on new projects have been assigned the Financial Project ID only. In his memorandum to the District Design Engineers dated April 22, 1998, the State Roadway Design Engineer requested that, starting with the plans packages mailed to Tallahassee for the January, 1999 letting, the new number be printed on all sheets. On June 30, 1998, the Secretary instructed the Department to use the Financial Project ID in all project documents.

##### 3.2.1 Financial Project ID, Federal Funds, County Name and State Road Number

The Financial Project ID is the main number identifying each individual project within the Department. On the key sheet, this number is located immediately under the heading "CONTRACT PLANS", as shown in the exhibits. Where Federal funds are involved, the words "(Federal Funds)" are to be placed under the Financial Project ID. The county name and the state road number will be included under the Financial Project ID. Also, the "county and roadway section number" associated with Straight Line Diagrams will be placed within parentheses to the right of the county name, as shown on **Exhibit KS-1**.

If a project has been previously assigned a State Project Number and a Work Program Item number, both will be shown on the respective key sheet of the Contract Plans, as indicated on **Exhibit KS-2**. The State Project Number will be placed immediately under the Financial Project ID and the Work Program Item number will be placed on the upper right corner of the sheet

Strung projects, those that are independently prepared but are to be let in the same construction contract, shall have the additional Financial Project ID's noted on the right side of the key sheet

### 3.2.2 Fiscal Year and Sheet Number

The construction fiscal year to be entered in the fiscal year box on the bottom right corner is the second year in the fiscal year, i.e., enter 99 for fiscal year beginning July 1998 and ending June 1999. The key sheet of each component of the plans set will be numbered as the first sheet of that component

### 3.2.3 Length of Project Box

Lengths of roadway, bridges, bridge culverts, exceptions, and net and gross lengths of the project shall be shown in a box in the center of the sheet below the location map. The length of the project is computed as follows

Roadway = End Project - Begin Project - Exceptions - Bridges (not including bridge culverts) adjusted for Equations

Net = Roadway + Bridges

Gross = End Project - Begin Project adjusted for Equations

The roadway and bridge length shall be computed in meters to three decimal places. The survey line should be used to compute the length of the project unless the construction line is substantially different in length (20 meters or more), or the survey line is outside the right-of-way, or the survey line bridge length is different from the construction line bridge length. The use of the survey line will generally result in less equations on the key map

If divided highways have significantly different lengths for the left and right roadways, the project length shall be based on the longest roadway. A note stating which roadway was used shall be placed adjacent to the project length box

The "Begin Project" and "End Project" stations are the basis for computing the length. Begin and end construction stations are not to be used in computing the length of the project.

A length of project box is not required on component key sheets.

### 3.3 Project Location Map

This map is placed in the center of the sheet and consists of a reproduced portion of one or more maps showing the project location. The map may be a county map or other appropriate map. A "clipped" area of the county maps is available upon request, from the District CADD Manager. The request must include the lower left and upper right corner coordinates of the required area. The coordinates shall be on the State Plane Coordinate System.

For consultant prepared plans, the consultant requesting the key map clip file will provide to the District CADD Manager:

- 1) A completed KEY MAP CLIPPING REQUEST (Form 625-010-08)
- 2) A county map with the location of the clip area boxed, or the state plane coordinates as previously described
- 3) The media diskette on which to provide the clipped file, or an E-mail address

There is no fee for key map clipping services if the consultant is working on an active state project. For key map clipping services not on state projects a fee will be charged.

The intent of the location map is to provide enough information so that the project location is easily understood. This may make it necessary to show the Section, Township, Range and County lines together with Section, Township and Range numbers to make the location clear. City and urban limits should be shown where applicable. The begin kilometer point and mile post, correct to three decimal places, shall be shown under the begin project station.

Streets shall be designated by name and State road number or U.S. Highway number, if appropriate. The name of the next incorporated city to which these roads lead shall be placed at the edge of the map. Roads and topography shall be indicated by standard symbols as shown in the *Roadway and Traffic Design Standards, Index No. 002* and FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software.

Project location shall be shown by a heavy solid line of substantial width. It is sometimes advantageous to show station numbers at regular intervals, particularly with city street projects. The begin and end of projects, any station equations, begin and end of proposed bridges along the state project, bridge culverts and exceptions shall be stationed and flagged.

When several projects are covered by the same set of plans, the beginning and end of each project shall be indicated clearly by the Financial Project ID and stationing. The beginning of each project shall also be indicated by a kilometer point and mile post correct to three decimal places.

The scale of the location map should be chosen so that it will not interfere with other features on the key sheet. A common error is to position the location map on the sheet and then discover that insufficient space remains for the index of sheets, project title or the length of project box.

A location map is not required on component key sheets.

### **3.4 North Arrow and Scale**

The north arrow shall be placed on either side of the location map, preferably to the right. The map scale shall be shown directly below the north arrow. The scale shall be indicated by using a bar scale. The scale distance shall be shown between the ticks. The map shall be oriented so that the arrow will point toward the top of the sheet. If the arrow cannot be oriented to the top, then it must be oriented to point to the right.

### **3.5 Component Plans in Contract Plans Set**

A list of component plans included in the contract plans set shall be shown in the upper left corner. The order of listing shall be

- Roadway
- Signing and pavement marking
- Signalization
- Lighting
- Landscape
- Architectural
- Structures

If sheets covering items such as signing and pavement markings, signalization, lighting and landscape are included and numbered consecutively within the roadway plans, these are not to be shown as components of the contract plans set

### 3.6 Index of Sheets

A complete index of roadway plan sheets shall be placed on the left side of the key sheet under the heading When projects contain component plans, each plans set shall have an index of sheets on its respective key sheets  
Roadway plans sheets shall be assembled as follows

- Key Sheet
- Summary of Pay Items
- Drainage Map (optional)
- Interchange Drainage Map
- Typical Section
- Summary of Quantities
- Box Culvert Data Sheet
- Summary of Drainage Structures
- Project Layout (optional)
- Roadway Plan-Profiles
- Special Profiles
- Back-of-Sidewalk Profiles (optional)
- Interchange Layout
- Ramp Terminal Details
- Intersection Layout/Detail
- Drainage Structures
- Outfall/Lateral Ditch Plan-Profiles
- Outfall/Lateral Ditch Cross Sections
- Special Details
- Cross Section Pattern Sheet
- Roadway Soil Survey
- Cross Sections
- SWPPP Plans
- Traffic Control Plans
- Utility Adjustments
- Selective Clearing and Grubbing
- Signing and Pavement Marking Plans (when included as part of roadway plans)
- Signalization Plans (when included as part of roadway plans)
- Lighting Plans (when included as part of roadway plans)



Landscape Plans (when included as part of roadway plans)  
Miscellaneous Structures Plans  
Interim Roadway and Traffic Design Standards (as required)

### 3.7 Professional Responsibility

The name of the Engineer of Record, Architect or Landscape Architect of Record and registration number shall be included on the right side of the sheet. For specific instructions on sealing plans, see **Volume I, Chapter 19**.

For plans prepared by a consulting firm, the name, address, consultant contract number and vendor number of the firm shall be shown on the right side of the sheet.

The FDOT Project Manager's name shall be shown below the length of project box for consultant and FDOT prepared plans. For key sheets where length of project is not required, the FDOT Project Manager's name shall be shown in the same relative location on the sheet.

If shop drawings are anticipated for a project, the name(s) and address(es) of the Delegated Engineer(s) for shop drawing review(s) shall be shown on the right side of the sheet.

### 3.8 Governing Specifications and Standards

The date of the governing *Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction* and *Roadway and Traffic Design Standards* shall be inserted in a note at the lower left corner of the key sheet.

### 3.9 State Map

A small scale state map shall be shown at the upper right portion of the key sheet. The location of the project shall be indicated thereon.

### **3.10 Railroad Crossing**

The location of any railroad crossing within the limits of construction will be identified on the key sheet as follows DOT/AAR crossing number, railroad milepost, name of railroad, and the highway project station number

### **3.11 Revisions**

The lead key sheet (usually roadway) shall show a complete record of all plans revisions. The component (such as roadway, structures, signing and pavement marking), the sheet numbers involved, and the date when the sheet was revised shall be listed.

A newly sealed lead key sheet is required when any sheet is revised

Revisions shall be shown on the lower left corner of the key sheet Revisions to strung project sheets shall be listed here, under the respective Financial Project ID.

A key sheet revision box shall be shown on the right side of each component key sheet which shall contain a record of all revisions particular to that sheet It shall list the revision date, the initials of the person responsible for the revision and a brief description of the revision

If the changes to a key sheet only involve notes in the Revisions area, no entry is made in the key sheet revisions block at the lower right corner The Key Sheet Revisions Block is only used to record changes other than revisions notes



## Chapter 4

### SUMMARY OF PAY ITEMS

#### 4.1 General

The summary of pay items sheet is generated from information provided by the Engineer of Record (EOR) and input into the "Contract Estimating System" (CES). This sheet shall be transferred to a graphics design file and placed on a standard formatted plan sheet available in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software. The CES file must be established and kept current with the quantities listed in the plans. It is critical that any revisions to the CES be transferred to update the graphics design file. The CES is used to prepare the bid documents and must match the plans.

#### 4.2 Summary of Pay Items Sheet

The summary of pay items sheet(s) show all items and quantities for all components (Design Groups) for the project, or projects, in a contract. CADD produced summary of pay items sheets are placed directly behind the lead key sheet and must include

- 1 All the summaries for all component plans listed for the project

These should be placed in the same order as the contract plans listed on the key sheet. They should be numbered consecutively.

Note: Only the lead key sheet for the entire contract should contain reference to summary of pay items.

- 2 All projects let under this contract

Projects that are let under the same contract should be "strung" together. The lead project should be the first project on the summary of pay items.

Summary of pay items notes may be included on this sheet if they do not fit on the summary of quantities sheet. For small projects, the summary or pay item sheet(s) may be combined with the summary of quantities sheet.

A summary of pay items sheet without quantities is required at the Phase II submittal, and a complete summary of pay items sheet with quantities is required at the Phase III and Phase IV submittals. Refer to **Chapter 2** for requirements of phase submittals.

For a list of standard pay item notes see **Chapter 7, Exhibit 7-1**

## Chapter 5

### DRAINAGE MAP AND BRIDGE HYDRAULIC RECOMMENDATION SHEET

5.1	Drainage Map . . . . .	5-1
5.1.1	Plan Portion . . . . .	5-1
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## Chapter 5

### DRAINAGE MAP AND BRIDGE HYDRAULIC RECOMMENDATION SHEET

#### 5.1 Drainage Map

When a drainage map is required (see FDOT *Drainage Manual, Topic No. 625-040-001*) it shall be prepared and included in the project file. Inclusion of a drainage map in the contract plans set is optional at the district's discretion.

A preformatted drainage map sheet cell is located in the FDOT CADD Engineering Software. The upper (grid) portion of the sheet is used for plotting the project profile, which is optional at the discretion of the district. Topography of the project area shall be located in the remaining portion of the sheet. Aerial photography may be used to develop a drainage map but must not be used in the contract plans set.

The horizontal and vertical scales of the profile should be such that the stations and elevations can be read directly from the grid without the use of a scale. The horizontal scale must be the same for both the plan and profile views. Recommended scales for facility types are as follows:

<u>Type of Facility</u>	<u>Horizontal Scale</u>	<u>Vertical Scale</u>
Interstate Urban	1 5000	1 50/1 100
Interstate & Other Rural	1 10 000	1.100/1 200
Municipal & Other	1 2000/5000	1 50/1 100

#### 5.1.1 Plan Portion

The plan portion shall comply with the following requirements:

- 1 Stationing shall be shown every 500 meters for scales of 1 5000 and 1 10 000. For 1 2000 scale, stationing shall be shown every 100 meters.

Station equations and exceptions shall be shown. Begin and end stations of project, construction, bridge and bridge culverts shall also be shown.

- 2 Existing physical land features affecting drainage, such as lakes, streams and swamps, shall be clearly labeled by name and direction of flow. Past high water elevations and date of occurrence, if available, and present water elevations along with the dates the readings were taken shall be shown.

Drainage divides and other information (such as pop-off elevations and spot elevations) shall be shown, where applicable, to indicate the overland flow of water. Drainage areas on maps shall be shown in hectares.

Inserts shall be used to show areas that are of such magnitude that the boundaries cannot be plotted at the selected scale.

- 3 Existing road numbers and street names, drainage structures with type, size, flow line elevations, flow arrows and any other pertinent data shall be shown. Refer to the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software and the ***Roadway and Traffic Design Standards, Index No. 002*** for correct symbols for existing drainage facilities. In a situation of limited space, all data relating to existing drainage structures and pipes may be compiled in a table format and shown in either the plan or profile portion of the sheet. Should the space limitations be such that a table will not fit within the plan or profile view, a supplemental drainage data sheet is acceptable.
- 4 Proposed drainage structures, pipes, outfall structures and retention/detention pond locations, shall be shown. Structures and pipes shall be noted by structure number and ponds by pond number. Arrows shall be shown to indicate direction of flow along proposed ditches.
- 5 Section, Township, Range and county lines shall be indicated for rural and urban projects when occurring within the project limits.
- 6 A north arrow and graphic scale shall be shown, preferably in the upper right corner of the plan view.
- 7 If the drainage map is to be included in the contract plans set, include Note No. 1 (see **Exhibit 5-1**).



### **5.1.2 Profile Portion**

The profile portion, if shown, shall comply with the following requirements

- 1 The recommended vertical scale for rural and urban projects is 1 50 in level terrain and 1 100 in rolling terrain. A scale of 1 200 may sometimes be used for rural projects through rough terrain to avoid numerous profile breaks. The profile can be broken for rolling terrain in urban areas. However, a scale of 1 200 should never be used at locations of proposed storm sewer systems.
- 2 Elevation datum shall be shown at each side of the sheet. In cases where the profile block is insufficient and excess space is available on the plan portion of the sheet, the profile block may be expanded.
- 3 The profile of the existing natural ground shall be plotted and labeled and the existing elevation noted at each end.
- 4 The proposed profile grade line shall be plotted. Per cent of grade need not be shown. The PC, PI, and PT of vertical curves shall be plotted using their respective standard symbols, however, no data (station, elevation, length of curve) needs be noted. Begin and end project, bridge and bridge culvert stations, station equations and exceptions shall be flagged. Profile grade line elevations shall be shown at begin and end project stations and at the beginning and end of each additional drainage sheet.
- 5 Proposed cross drains shall be plotted and identified by structure number. Do not show skew or pipe slope in plotting, but plot to elevation and location at point of crossing the construction centerline.
- 6 For projects with storm sewer systems, only the mainline structure and pipes shall be shown. Laterals need not be shown. Each structure shall be flagged with its appropriate structure number, and flow line elevations noted for the incoming and outgoing pipes.
- 7 All high water elevations affecting base clearance or roadway grades shall be shown.

### 5.1.3 Flood Data Summary Box

The flood data shall be shown on the drainage map, either in the plan or in the profile portion. If the drainage map is not included in the plans the flood data shall be shown on the summary of quantities sheet or on the first plan-profile sheet.

Design, base and overtopping or greatest flood discharge and stage values are required for all cross structures (culverts and bridges), regardless of size, under the following conditions:

- 1 All new cross structures
- 2 All cross structures that are being modified (extended, new end section, replaced, etc.)
- 3 All cross structures that have a history of flooding or other hydraulic problems, even if the structure is not to be modified, or
- 4 Cross structures that are not being modified but are being impacted by the modification of another cross structure within the same drainage basin

A "disclaimer" and definitions are required to avoid misuse and possible responsibility for changes in the flood information values over which the FDOT has no control (see **Exhibit 5-1**). A preformatted summary box with disclaimer and definitions is located in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software.

The project drainage engineer shall provide the information required to complete the box.

### 5.1.4 Interchange Drainage Map

If projects include interchanges or rest areas, a drainage map on a 1:2000 or 1:5000 scale shall be included. The purpose of this detail is to show the small areas needed to calculate pipe sizes for the tabulation of drainage structures within these special areas. Should major drains pass through one of these areas, a cross reference note should indicate the proper sheet which reflects the drainage area for that through-structure.

## 5.2 Bridge Hydraulic Recommendation Sheet

When a Bridge Hydraulic Recommendation Sheet (BHRS) is required (see FDOT *Drainage Manual, Topic No. 625-040-001*), it shall be prepared on a preformatted sheet. The cell for this sheet is located in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software

The inclusion of this sheet in the plans set is optional at the discretion of the district. When included in the plans, the BHRS shall be placed in the structures plans. If the BHRS is not included in the plans, sufficient details to show the location and extent of bottom and slope protection shall be contained in the plans.

Parallel (dual) bridges may be shown on one sheet, although a second sheet should be used, if necessary, to clearly convey the fit of the bridge to the stream bank. When two sheets are used, only the plan and profile information needs to be furnished on the second sheet.

A completed Bridge Hydraulic Recommendation Sheet is shown as **Exhibit BHD-1**

### 5.2.1 Required Information on BHRS

The preformatted BHRS is divided into the four areas listed below. The required information for each area is described in the following sections:

- Plan View
- Profile View
- Location Map, Drainage Area and Existing Structures
- Hydraulic Design Data, and Hydraulic Recommendations

#### 5.2.1.1 Plan View

- 1 Stationing, scale, and north arrow
- 2 Existing topography (i.e., including existing bridge) and contours (i.e., Show Elevations). Sufficient detail shall be shown in the vicinity of the proposed bridge to depict how the structure will tie to natural ground.
- 3 Label the name of the water body (i.e., St. Johns River)
- 4 Arrows showing the direction of the flow
- 5 Proposed bridge begin and end station
- 6 Limits of riprap

### 5.2.1.2 Profile View

- 1 Stationing and scale
- 2 One cross section which most represents the section at the proposed crossing
- 3 Road profile for the proposed structure (i e , stationing and elevation)
- 4 Proposed bridge with low member, and pier locations (when practical)
- 5 Abutment locations (i e , toe of slope)
- 6 Flood elevations. For non-tidal crossings, the Normal High Water (N H W ) and Design Flood elevations shall be shown For tidal crossings, the Mean higher High Water (M H H W ) and Design Flood Stage elevations shall be shown
- 7 Present water elevation with month, day and year of survey

### 5.2.1.3 Location Map, Drainage Map, and Existing Structures

- 1 A north arrow
- 2 The range and township
- 3 An arrow showing the project location
- 4 A location map similar to that used on the key sheet for most projects The map shall be of a scale so that the entire drainage area for the proposed structure is shown (For projects with very large drainage areas, the map shall be of a scale that clearly shows the project location rather than a scale that shows the entire drainage area)

The drainage area boundaries shall be shown using a very heavy, broken line, with the area (in hectares or square kilometers) shown within the boundary The proposed structure location should be shown Existing structures over the same water body and those structures that affect the hydraulics of the proposed structure should be located and numbered and corresponding existing structure information listed in the appropriate columns

### 5.2.1.4 Hydraulic Design Data, and Hydraulic Recommendations

The *Cross Drain Handbook* provides guidance for filling out this section

## Drainage Map Notes

Below are standard notes which shall be placed on the drainage map as applicable

- 1 (To be placed on the drainage map when it is to be included in the plans)

*DO NOT USE THE INFORMATION ON THIS SHEET FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES This sheet is in the plans for documentation and to assist construction personnel with drainage concerns*

- 2 (To be placed under Flood Data Box)

Note The hydraulic data is shown for informational purposes only, to indicate the flood discharges and water surface elevations which may be anticipated in any given year This data was generated using highly variable factors determined by a study of the watershed Many judgements and assumptions are required to establish these factors The resultant hydraulic data is sensitive to changes, particularly of antecedent conditions, urbanization, channelization and land use Users of this data are cautioned against the assumption of precision which can not be attained Discharges are in cubic meters per second ( $m^3/s$ ) and stages are in meters, NGVD, 1929 or NAVD 88, as appropriate

## Exhibit 5-1

## Chapter 6

### TYPICAL SECTIONS

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## Chapter 6

# TYPICAL SECTIONS

### 6.1 General

Typical sections are detailed cross section depictions of the highway's principal elements that are standard between certain station or kilometer point/milepost limits. These sections are the basis for construction details and information shown on the various plan sheets throughout the plans package.

Typical sections should show typical conditions only. Non-standard conditions that prevail for short distances only should not be shown. Existing elements that are to be incorporated into the highway's final section are depicted in conjunction with the proposed elements.

When more than one typical section is necessary for a project, the station limits of each section shall be shown below the typical section title. Typical section stationing shall cover the entire project. Transitions from one typical to another shall be included in the stationing of one or the other typical section. Sheets that feature more than one typical section should read from the top down, with the sections in the order in which they occur within the project.

The hierarchy for typical sections shall be as follows:

- 1 Project mainline
- 2 Ramps and service roads (for projects which include an interchange)
- 3 Crossing side roads
- 4 Minor side streets

Half sections and details which supplement or support various typical sections should be placed on the same sheet as the typical section to which they apply. In the event that this is not possible, additional sheets for details should be placed behind the typical section sheet(s).

Half sections are necessary when changes occur that affect several typical section elements such as number of lanes, border width, ditch/drainage features, clearing and grubbing, R/W width, etc.

Details and partial sections are necessary for the clarification of construction techniques or sequence, and to show alternates, such as the placement of shoulder gutter in high fill areas, changes in sidewalk location, etc. Judgement will be necessary in making decisions about when and where details should be shown.

The FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software contains a number of typical sections that can be used and adjusted to suit the conditions of a particular project. Usually typical sections are not created to scale, but the horizontal dimensions should be proportionate.

For illustrations of various typical sections, see Exhibits TYP-1 thru TYP-12.

## 6.2 Mandatory Information

Typical sections for all projects shall include the following data:

- 1 Design speed for each typical section
- 2 Traffic data (description, date and 2-way AADT)
  - a Current Year
  - b Estimated Opening Year
  - c Estimated Design Year
  - d K, D and T factors. Distinguish between T(peak hour) and T(24 hour)

For skid hazard projects, only the current year or estimated opening year for traffic data (AADT) is required to be noted.

All traffic data shown shall be consistent with the data used for pavement design.

- 3 Cross Slopes
  - a Cross slopes of roadway pavement, shoulder surfaces, sidewalks and bridge decks shall be expressed as a decimal part of a meter vertical per meter horizontal. These cross slopes shall be rounded to two decimal places, i.e., 0.02, 0.06. (See Volume I, Chapter 2)
  - b Median and outer slopes shall be shown by ratio, vertical to horizontal, i.e., 1:4, 1:2. (See Volume I, Chapter 2)
  - c Either feathering details or notes (or both) shall be shown when resurfacing without milling in urban curb and gutter sections is specified or when milling depth is less than the overlay thickness.
  - d When cross slope correction is necessary, special milling and layering details showing the method of correction shall be shown in the plans. (See Exhibits TYP-9 thru 9B)



- 4 Profile grade point shall be flagged
- 5 Pavement construction shall be described in a clear, precise manner by indicating the LBR requirement and the thickness of the subgrade stabilization, subbase or base, as well as spread rates for structural course, friction course and shoulder pavement Use 0.1 m for both base extension on rural sections and for stabilization extension on curbed sections

Pavement structure information shall be obtained from the approved pavement design and shall be described in the order of construction, i.e. starting with bottom layer and ending with friction course Show pavement spread rate descriptions for leveling, overbuild, structural course and friction course in kilograms per square meter ( $\text{kg/m}^2$ )

- 6 Limits of grassing
- 7 Sidewalk location and width
- 8 Curb and gutter location and type (show Type "E" or "F", not the dimension)
- 9 Limits of clearing and grubbing, where applicable
- 10 R/W, where applicable
- 11 Template dimensions

For widening projects, the existing pavement width shall be shown as a +/- dimension, and the base widening width shall be shown with an asterisk Note 3, of **Standard Notes for Typical Section Sheets (Exhibit 6-1)**, shall be shown as near to this noted asterisk as possible

NOTE For typical sections with varying dimensions, the dimensions shall be clearly indicated on the plan-profile sheets

- 12 Standard notes for typical sections are shown on **Exhibit 6-1**

## Standard Notes for Typical Section Sheets

Below are standard notes which shall be shown on typical section sheets as applicable

1 For details and limits of selective clearing and grubbing see \_\_\_\_\_

2 (Under paved shoulders)

At the contractor's option, this area may be constructed of base material at no additional compensation

3 (On widening projects)

Actual width of base widening may vary due to actual existing pavement width  
Contractor may elect to place uniform width base widening strip at no additional cost to the Department

### Exhibit 6-1

## Chapter 7

### SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

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7.3	Box Culvert Data Sheet . . . . .	7-1
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## Chapter 7

### SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

#### 7.1 General

The summary of quantities sheet shows individual summaries of guardrail, fence, turnouts, sodding, ditch pavement, side drains, mitered end sections, underdrains, and earthwork when applicable. The tabulation shall show location and quantities in the plan quantity column (P). The final quantity column (F), is reserved for construction and final estimates. As noted in **Chapter 4** of this volume, the necessary pay items and the quantities shall be shown on the summary of pay items sheet.

For examples of summary of quantities sheets see **Exhibit SQ-1&2**

#### 7.2 Item Quantity "Boxes" and Format

The various "boxes" used for each type of summary are contained in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software. Each box is identified by the appropriate Form Number required for the Computation Book. The arrangement of these "boxes" on the sheet is dependent on the number used and the size each one must be to contain all of the necessary information.

On contracts with multiple Financial Project ID's or federal aid and non-federal aid quantities, provisions shall be made to tabulate and summarize their respective quantities.

Standard notes (see **Exhibit 7-1**) shall be shown under the appropriate box.

Applicable pay item notes, listed in **Exhibit 7-1**, shall also be included on this sheet.

#### 7.3 Box Culvert Data Sheet

Box culvert data sheets are obtained by computer design of the box culvert. Only the data sheets showing concrete and steel quantities shall be included in the contract plans. Station numbers shall be inserted for cross reference. The concrete and steel output files shall be transferred to a graphics design file and placed on a normally formatted plan sheet. This sheet shall be placed in the plans directly behind the Summary of Quantities Sheet(s).

## Standard Notes for Summary of Quantities Sheet

Below are standard notes which should be used on the summary of quantities sheet, as applicable

1 (Under Summary of Earthwork)

Earthwork has been calculated using the \_\_\_\_\_ base option. If another option is constructed, there shall be no revision to the earthwork quantities for which payment is made by plan quantity.

### Pay Item Notes

- 1 2102- 1- Includes approximately \_\_\_\_\_ M2 of Temporary Pavement
- 2 2104- 10- 1 Based on replacement every 3 months
- 3 2104- 13- 1 Based on replacement every 12 months
- 4 2110- 86- All salvageable material designated to be delivered by the contractor shall be delivered to  
  
(Provide address of nearest FDOT Maintenance Yard )
- 5 2331- 2  
or 2334-1 Includes \_\_\_\_\_ MT for turnouts, connections to existing drives, streets, etc , as directed by the Engineer
6. 2400- 1- 15 Includes \_\_\_\_\_ M3 for miscellaneous construction, as directed by the Engineer.

### Exhibit 7-1, Sheet 1 of 3

- 7 2536- 73- (To be used for the removal of existing guardrail when FDOT Maintenance wants materials)

Existing guardrail to be dismantled and stockpiled within the right of way in areas designated by the Engineer for removal by FDOT maintenance forces

- 8 2538- 1- This is to include replacement of \_\_\_\_ panels, \_\_\_\_ regular posts & \_\_\_\_ special posts which have been determined to be non-salvageable Additional posts and panels determined to be non-salvageable during resetting shall be paid for under section 2538-5 of the Specifications

- 9 Temporary Grassing When required by the project design these items shall be included in the cost of the Permanent Grassing items A pay item note should show the approximate quantities For example

2570- 1- Includes approximately \_\_\_\_ M2 Seeding for temporary grassing

2570- 2- Includes approximately \_\_\_\_ M2 Seed and Mulch for temporary grassing

2570- 3- Includes approximately \_\_\_\_ KG Grass Seed (Permanent Type) for temporary grassing

2570- 4- Includes approximately \_\_\_\_ MT Mulch Material for temporary grassing

2570- 5- Includes approximately \_\_\_\_ MT Fertilizer for temporary grassing

2570- 9- Includes approximately \_\_\_\_ KL Water for temporary grassing

2570- 10- Includes approximately \_\_\_\_ KG Grass Seed (Quick Growing) for temporary grassing

2575- 1- Includes approximately \_\_\_\_ M2 Sodding for temporary grassing

- 10 2570- 5- Based on \_\_\_\_ applications

- 11 2639- 2- 1 Payment shall be based on the linear meter of a single conductor

### Exhibit 7-1, Sheet 2 of 3

| 12 The following pay item note should be shown in the Roadway Plans

2710- The totals shown on the Summary of Roadway Pay Items include the quantities for pavement markings used for Traffic Control Pavement Markings (as shown in the Roadway Plans) and for final pavement markings (as shown on the Signing and Pavement Marking Plans )

The following pay item note should be shown on the Signing and Pavement Markings Tabulation of Quantities Sheet

2710- All pavement markings shall be paint unless otherwise noted in the plans The quantities for pavement markings indicated in the Signing and Pavement Marking Plans are included in the quantities for Pavement Markings shown in the Summary of Roadway Pay Items

**Exhibit 7-1, Sheet 3 of 3**

## Chapter 8

### SUMMARY OF DRAINAGE STRUCTURES AND OPTIONAL MATERIALS TABULATION

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8.2	Optional Materials Tabulation . . . . .	8-3



## Chapter 8

# SUMMARY OF DRAINAGE STRUCTURES AND OPTIONAL MATERIALS TABULATION

### 8.1 Summary of Drainage Structures

The summary of drainage structures sheet shows the location, size, length, number and type of drainage structures used in a project. The sheet format is available in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software. Specific levels and fonts which shall be used are given in the FDOT CADD Production Criteria Guide.

For an illustration of the summary of drainage structures sheet, see **Exhibit SDS-1**.

#### 8.1.1 Sheet Setup and Data

A summary of drainage structures shall be prepared and included in the plans. The structures shall be listed by structure number in numerical order. The location of each structure shall be identified by station along the construction centerline (**Exhibit SDS-1**).

For cross drains, and storm sewer the summary of drainage structures shall be tabulated by structure number, providing the station, size, length and incidental quantities appropriate for the material detailed in the plans. Optional culvert material will be provided and a tabulation form shall be prepared and included (see **Section 8.2**).

Various drainage elements shall be shown in columns. This information shall be obtained from drainage structure sheets or plan-profile sheets. The order in which the elements are listed should be as follows:

- Pipe Sizes for
  - Cross Drains
  - Storm Sewer
  - Gutter Drain
- Curb Inlets
- Manholes
- Junction Boxes
- Ditch Bottom Inlets

- Gutter Inlets
- Flared End Sections
- Mitered End Sections
- Sod
- Class of Concrete
- Reinforcing Steel
- Rip Rap

The "Description" column shall be used to specify the type of structure, the outgoing pipe and the end treatment of that pipe, if applicable

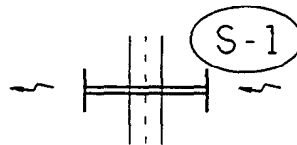
The remarks column shall contain all special notes pertaining to the structure The "Final Quantity" line is for construction to use and shall be left blank

On smaller projects the summary of quantities and the summary of drainage structures may be combined on one sheet

It is recommended that structure numbers be established using the convention shown in the exhibits and described as follows

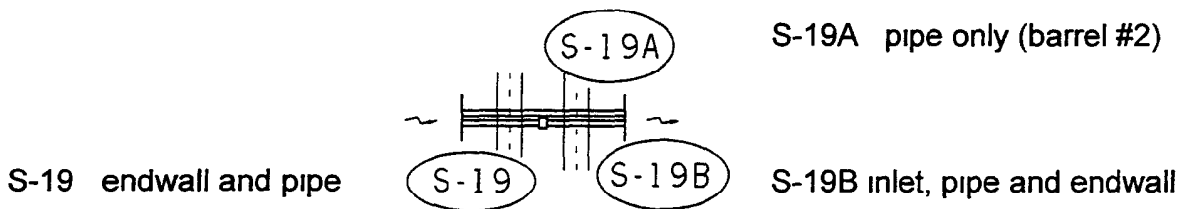
- 1 For simple cross-drains, one structure number is appropriate for the inlet and outlet treatments and the pipe

Example #1 (cross drain w/o median inlet)



- 2 For complex cross drains, it is suggested that the first and all intermediate structure numbers identify the hydraulically upper end treatment and pipe The last structure number should identify the hydraulically upper end treatment, pipe and hydraulically lower end treatment

Example #2 (Double pipe CD and median inlet)



## 8.2 Optional Materials Tabulation

An optional materials tabulation shall be prepared and included in the plans (see **Exhibits SDS-2 and SDS-3**) The sheet format is available in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software

As a minimum, the optional pipe material tabulation should include size, thickness or class, corrugation requirements, if necessary, and protective coating, if any Additional information such as structure number, design service life (DSL), length, and flow line information may be included

The general notes shown on the exhibits are also required

## Chapter 9

### PROJECT LAYOUT

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## Chapter 9

# PROJECT LAYOUT

### 9.1 General

The project layout sheet (or sheets) shows the horizontal alignment and plan or plan-profile sheet sequence and numbering for the project. This is an optional sheet, to be included in the plans set at the discretion of the district. The project layout sheet can prove to be of great advantage for large or complicated projects involving large interchanges with a number of diverging routes. If included in the plans set, this sheet should also show all survey reference points and list all general notes applicable to the project.

The layout sheet shall be prepared on a standard plan format sheet in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software. Scale shall be such that clarity and legibility are preserved. North arrow and scale shall be shown at a point of maximum visibility on the sheet. For large, complicated projects, more than one sheet may be required to clearly depict all required information. Appropriate match lines shall be shown if more than one sheet is required.

### 9.2 Alignment Sheet Sequence

Complete project alignment with baseline of survey and/or centerline of construction shall be shown. Edge of pavements shall be shown if scale permits. Outlines of the plan, or plan-profile sheets shall be superimposed on the alignment to depict the sheet sequence with relation to the alignment stationing. Each sheet outline shall contain the appropriate plan sheet number. The order of plan/plan-profile sheet numbering shall be as follows:

- Mainline (for widely separated roadways, the right roadway in the direction of stationing takes precedence)
- Crossroads
- Ramps
- Frontage roads
- Access roads

Beginning and ending stations for project, construction and ramps shall be flagged and labeled, including equations and/or exceptions.

### **9.3 Survey Reference Points**

Generally, survey reference points should be shown on the project layout sheet just beneath the alignment sheet sequence plan or where other space allows. Baseline survey and reference points, with all ties, shall be clearly indicated. Complete length of survey baseline between two consecutive reference points need not be shown. Each reference point shall be clearly labeled, beginning at the first reference point within the limits of the project, and progressing in the direction of stationing. Usually, reference points need not be drawn to any particular scale, but distances and angles shown shall be proportionate. Care should be taken to ensure that clarity and legibility are maintained.

### **9.4 General Notes**

When the layout sheet is included in the plans set, applicable general notes should be included on the layout sheet instead of the first plan-profile sheet to help simplify the plan-profile sheets.

For a list of general notes, refer to **Exhibit 10-1** in **Chapter 10** of this Volume.

## Chapter 10

### ROADWAY PLAN AND ROADWAY PLAN-PROFILE

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## Chapter 10

### ROADWAY PLAN AND ROADWAY PLAN-PROFILE

#### 10.1 General

The roadway plan sheet shows the project's complete horizontal alignment. The plan-profile sheet shows the project's complete horizontal and vertical alignments. Various roadway elements such as pavement width, medians, paved shoulders, curbs, drainage elements, tapers, turn provisions, and intersecting roadways, are also shown on these sheets.

Roadway plan and roadway plan-profile sheets shall be prepared on standard formatted sheets that are contained in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software. Plotting should typically be done at a horizontal scale of 1/400 or 1/500 for urban jobs. For rural jobs, the scale should typically be from 1/500 to 1/2000 horizontally, depending on the project specific details.

If a project layout sheet is not included in the plans set, provision shall be made on the first plan-profile sheet to show applicable general notes. Refer to **Exhibit 10-1** for a list of general notes.

#### 10.2 Roadway Plan Portion

##### 10.2.1 Centerline

The baseline survey and/or centerline of construction should be centered in the plan portion of the sheet, with stationing running from left to right. When alignment includes horizontal curves, the centerline should be positioned on the sheet to avoid breaks or match lines (except at the beginning or end of the sheet).

A "tick" mark shall be placed on the upper side of the centerline at every station. For all scales up to and including 1/1000, additional tick marks shall be placed at 20 meter intervals between stations. An exception to this is scale 1/500, which shall have tick marks placed at 25 meter intervals, in order to line up with the standard metric grid used in the profile. Intermediate ticks should be about half the length of those at each station.

Station numbers should be placed close to tick marks for scales up to and including 1/500, and outside the R/W lines for smaller scales.



In cases where the construction centerline does not coincide with the survey baseline, the construction centerline shall be identified with complete alignment data and ties to the survey baseline. However, the construction centerline need not be shown when it is uniformly offset from the survey baseline for the entire length of the project, and is shown on the typical sections. All station equations shall be included. These include equations occurring on the survey baseline and those equating survey baseline and construction centerline.

A north arrow and scale shall be shown at a point of maximum visibility, preferably in the upper right portion of the plan view.

### 10.2.2 Horizontal Curves

PC and PT points of horizontal curves shall be indicated by small circles. Short radial lines shall be drawn from these points and identified. PI's shall be noted by the use of a small triangle with a short section of tangent on either side. Care must be taken in the clipping of plan sheets to properly orient the horizontal curves within the plan view. In cases where the curve extends over more than one sheet, the curve data shall be repeated on each sheet showing the curve.

Complete curve data shall be shown for each horizontal curve using the following format:

#### **CURVE DATA**

PI (Station)  
Δ (Delta Angle with Direction)  
T (Tangent Length)  
L (Length of Curve)  
R (Radius Length)  
PC (Station)  
PT (Station)  
e (Superelevation Rate)

### 10.2.3 Existing Topography

All existing topography shall be shown. Existing roads, streets, drives, buildings, underground and overhead utilities, walls, curbs, pavements, fences, railroads, bridges, drainage structures and similar items shall be plotted and labeled. Streams, ponds, lakes, wooded areas, ditches and all other physical features shall also be shown.

All existing utilities shall be shown on the plan and noted by an appropriate symbol (see the **Roadway and Traffic Design Standards, Index 002** and the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software for standard symbols) If the type of utility pipe is unknown it should be labeled as such Existing gasoline storage tanks within limits of topographical survey shall be located and illustrated

#### **10.2.4 Reference Data**

Bearings, in the direction of stationing, shall be shown for all tangent sections

Station equivalencies, angles with mainline centerline and/or bearings in the direction of stationing of the crossroad shall be shown for all roads and streets intersecting or crossing the project

All the survey reference points shall be shown (if layout sheet is not included in plans set) at locations removed from the centerline

If section lines or city limits are encountered within the limits of the project, the intersection shall be tied by station and angle/bearings to the baseline of survey

#### **10.2.5 Construction and Project Limits**

Proposed construction and project limits shall be indicated in the plans The limits to be flagged and stationed are

- 1 Begin and end of project, and begin and end of construction where construction limits are other than project limits If plans cover more than one project, the limits of each shall be clearly identified by station and Financial Project ID Limits identification shall be shown both in plan and in profile

It is the responsibility of the Engineer of Record (EOR) to set the project and construction limits If the plans cover more than one project or are part of a corridor improvement, the project limits should be at the beginning of the full typical sections, with any construction (transitions, etc ) outside these limits being within the construction limits Examples of types of work that may fall within construction limits but outside project limits are feathering, friction course, guardrail, drainage work and signing and marking work

- 2 The limits of project breakdown necessary for separation of length and quantities for federal aid and non-federal aid projects
- 3 The limits of each type of construction classification where more than one type is involved, such as, new construction, resurfacing, bridge work, widening, and milling
- 4 The begin and end of exceptions and equations

### 10.2.6 Drainage Structures and Bridges

Proposed cross drain pipes and box culverts shall be indicated in the plan by a symbol and identified by a drainage structure number. Cross drain pipe sizes and lengths shall be shown. (Box culvert lengths shall be shown on the drainage structure sheets)

Box culverts (single or multiple) of 6 meters total span or more between inside faces of end supports, measured along the center of the roadway, shall be designated as bridge culverts and shall be identified by both a bridge number and a drainage structure number. The beginning and ending stations (outside wall to outside wall) shall be flagged.

Proposed bridges and approach slabs shall be shown by simple outline. Bridges shall be identified by bridge number and their beginning and ending stations noted by station flags. The beginning and ending stations of approach slabs shall be noted.

A short section of lateral ditch/outfall centerline shall be shown, when appropriate, on the roadway plan-profile sheet, together with a note referring to lateral ditch/outfall sheets for details.

The proposed drainage system is indicated by showing storm sewer pipes with a single line, and the outline of inlets, manholes and junction boxes. The outline of structure bottoms may be shown at the designers discretion. The pipe size and length between structures shall be given. Structure numbers shall be provided for inlets, manholes, junction boxes and special structures.

### 10.2.7 Plan Layout

- 1 Right of way lines shall be shown. Right of way shall be dimensioned only if the applicable typical section shows a varying dimension from the baseline or centerline. Dimensions of the R/W line shall be from the centerline or baseline, if survey and construction lines are parallel, otherwise it shall be dimensioned from the construction centerline.

- 2 The showing of detailed information regarding median openings or intersections should be avoided when they are of a type which can be detailed and grouped on a separate sheet. When this is the case, median openings and intersections shall be identified by station location.
- 3 At locations along the alignment where traveled way dimensions change, or begin to change, the station and dimensions of the traveled way shall be shown.
- 4 Curb, curb and gutter, traffic separators, sidewalks, curb ramps, retaining walls, etc shall be shown. Driveways shall be shown as required by **Section 1.8 of Volume I**.
- 5 Stations of return points, shall be shown in tabular form (see **Exhibit PP-1**) or shown on the plan, unless shown on an intersection detail sheet. Offsets shall also be shown, if not governed by a typical.
- 6 Station of radius points of traffic separator or median curb at median openings shall be shown in the plan. Elevation of these points shall also be shown if not shown in the intersection details sheet or unobtainable in plans.
- 7 Control radii for traffic turns that set median nose locations shall be indicated, unless shown on the intersection detail sheet.
- 8 Station of end of curb and gutter at side street intersections, (when end is not at a return point) shall be shown with proposed gutter grade elevation of these points.
- 9 Limits of pavement and grading at side street intersections shall be indicated.
- 10 When incidental construction extends beyond the right of way lines, construction easements or license agreements may be required and should be shown on the plan sheets.
- 11 Limits of wetlands shall be shown based on permit or regulatory requirements.
- 12 All utilities shall be shown in the plan. All major utilities that have been field verified (see *Level "A" locates*, **Chapter 5 of Volume I**) shall be labeled in accordance with the following symbol:

$V_{vh}$  = Verified Vertical Elevation and Horizontal Location

- 13 All traffic monitoring sites on or within 1 kilometer of the project shall be identified with the following notation

Traffic Monitoring Site Number (XXXX)  
Roadway Identifying Number (RCI Section #) Milepost (XX XXX)  
Site includes vehicle detectors in roadway and pedestal, pole or base mounted cabinet, buried cable, and solar power unit on right of way

Inquiries about monitoring sites should be addressed to the Traffic Data Section Manager of the Transportation Statistics Section, Office of Planning

## 10.3 Roadway Profile Portion

### 10.3.1 General Data

The horizontal scale for the profile portion of the sheet shall be the same as that used for the plan portion. A graphic scale should be shown just above the profile grid on the right end of sheet. Station limits of the profile shall correspond to those of the plan portion of each sheet.

Station numbers shall be placed across the bottom of the sheet just above the title block. Each full station number should be shown, regardless of scale. In addition, for horizontal scales of 1:400, pluses should be shown at 20 meter intervals, and for 1:500 at 25 meter intervals. A general guideline for horizontal and vertical scale is the vertical scale should be 10% of the horizontal scale.

Vertical elevation datum selected shall be such that the profile will not crowd either the upper or lower limits of the profile format. Elevation datum shall be shown on both the left and right sides of the sheet.

The existing ground line profile shall be shown and labeled. Existing ground line elevations shall be noted vertically, just above the station numbers at each end of the sheet only.

All high water elevations affecting base clearance or roadway grades shall be shown and labeled.

Benchmark data shall normally be given just below the upper margin of the profile portion. However, if space permits, it may be placed in the plan portion just above the upper profile margin at the appropriate corresponding station. Refer to **Exhibit PP-1** or **PP-2** for correct format.

Station equations and exceptions shall be shown. Begin and end stations of project, construction, bridge and bridge culverts shall also be shown.

### 10.3.2 Vertical Alignment

The proposed profile grade shall be shown and labeled. Vertical curve PC's and PT's shall be indicated by small circles and PI's by a small triangle with short sections of tangent shown on each side. Percents of grade to 4 significant decimal places shall be shown on the tangent line (zeros need not be shown). Vertical lines shall be extended from the PC and PT points and a dimension line placed between these lines indicating the length of the vertical curve. The PC and PT stations and elevations shall be indicated on the vertical lines.

For vertical curves, the profile grade elevations shall be given on even stations and at appropriate intervals. The elevations shall be placed between the dimension line and the grade line. The curve length, dimension lines and the profile grade elevations shall be placed above the grade line for sag vertical curves and below the grade line for crest vertical curves. The dimensions and elevations shall be placed reasonably near the grade line whenever possible. The PI station and elevation shall be noted, lettered vertically above the PI symbol for crest curves and below for sag curves.

The profile grade elevation of the beginning and ending station of each sheet shall be shown vertically just above the grade line, except when the beginning or ending station on the sheet is on a vertical curve.

### 10.3.3 Grades

Percents of grades to 4 decimal places shall be indicated for each tangent section on every sheet (trailing zeros need not be shown). When two tangent grades intersect and no vertical curve is required the PI station and elevation shall be labeled vertically, using the same criteria as for vertical curves.

### 10.3.4 Superelevation and Special Profiles

For non-standard superelevated sections of the project, the begin and end superelevation stations should be indicated on the profile with a note "For Superelevation details see sheet \_\_\_\_\_" (special profiles sheet).

Other special profiles which can not be clearly shown on the plan-profile sheets shall be referenced in a similar manner to non-standard superelevated sections. For additional information regarding special profiles see **Chapter 11** of this volume.

### 10.3.5 Other Profile Features

For rural construction projects, special ditches shall be indicated in the profile and labeled Percent of ditch grade and a beginning or ending ditch PI with elevation and station plus shall be shown. For multi-lane divided projects, three special ditch grades (right and left roadway ditches and median ditch) sometimes occur at the same location. In such cases it may be advantageous to show the median ditch at a convenient location on the sheet with a separate elevation datum.

Uniform ditches of non-standard depth should be indicated by a dimension line in the lower portion of the grid and noted as a special ditch with location and depth, or they should be indicated by flagging the DPis at each end with station elevation and side. Standard depth ditches are not shown.

Special gutter grades shall be shown in profile for cases where the gutter grades are not controlled by the typical section and no "special profiles" are included in the plans set.

Prolongations of gutter profile grades across street intersections shall be included on plan-profile sheets if an inlet is not provided before the intersection.

Storm sewer pipe, inlets and manholes along the main line shall be shown. Pipes shall be noted by size. Proposed structures may be shown by structure number only. Flow line elevations shall be shown for all pipes entering and leaving the structure.

Proposed cross drain pipes and culverts shall be plotted. The section shall be shown at the correct location and elevation of the proposed structure crossing the centerline of construction. Cross drains shall be identified by structure number only.

Where the project overpasses a road or railroad, the cross section template of the road/railroad under the bridge shall be shown at the appropriate location in profile.

All field-located (Level "A"), major underground utilities, as defined in **Chapter 5 of Volume I**, shall be shown to scale in profile and labeled in accordance with the following symbol:

$V_{vh}$  = Verified Vertical Elevation and Horizontal Location

## **10.4 General Notes for Roadway Plan and Roadway Plan-Profile Sheets**

General notes for the project shall be placed on the left portion of the first plan-profile sheet if a project layout sheet is not included in the plans set, otherwise, they shall be included on the layout sheet. See **Exhibit 10-1** for a list of General Notes required.



## General Notes for Roadway Plan and Roadway Plan-Profile Sheets

- | The bench mark datum used for the plans (whether NGVD-29, NAVD 88, or other) shall be noted in the first General Note. Other notes are as follows:
- 1 Buildings to be removed by others, unless otherwise noted
  - 2 Existing drainage structures within construction limits shall (be removed/remain) unless otherwise noted
  - 3 (When there are no utility adjustment sheets in the plans, the notes shown in **Exhibit 20-1** shall be included here as part of the general notes)
  - 4 (If there are no drainage structure sheets in the plans, the following notes shall be included in the general notes, if applicable)
    - a Special attention is directed to the fact that portions of some drainage structures extend into the stabilized portion of the roadbed and extreme caution will be necessary in stabilization operations at these locations
    - b (To be used when there are cross drain pipe and/or storm sewer pipe and optional materials are provided for one or both)

Some/All of the drainage structures have optional culvert materials. When optional materials are allowed, one of the optional materials has been used as the basis of the pay quantities. The material selected as the basis of pay quantities is identified on the Tabulation of (Cross Drain, Storm Sewer, or Cross Drain/Storm Sewer) Optional Materials Sheet. All options are described and design and installation information for each option is provided on this sheet.
  - 5 Any public land corner within the limits of construction is to be protected. If a corner monument is in danger of being destroyed and has not been properly referenced, the Engineer should notify the District Location Surveyor, without delay, by telephone.
  - 6 Existing driveways within the limits of this project are to be replaced at the same location and width, unless otherwise shown in the plans.

### Exhibit 10-1

## Chapter 11

### SPECIAL PROFILES

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11.3 Curb Returns .. .	11-1
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11.5 Spline Grade .. .	11-2
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11.7 At-Grade Railroad Crossings .. .	11-3

## Chapter 11

### SPECIAL PROFILES

#### 11.1 General

The special profiles sheet shows profiles of pavement edges or gutter flow lines. Special profiles occur at street intersections, ramp termini, curb returns, railroad crossings and roadway or bridge sections requiring special superelevation details. Vertical transitions between roadways and bridges may also require special profiling. All of these areas require special analysis and design to ensure a safe, efficient, well drained, and smooth roadway/bridge system. The special profiles sheet shall show details at close intervals and at a scale large enough to clearly identify all construction details within these areas.

#### 11.2 Intersections

In addition to normal profile grade lines, supplemental profiles and sections at intersections may be necessary to define edge of pavement profiles. Sections showing pavement surface elevations shall be shown for nose points and other critical locations. It is important to develop accurate profiles and sections at locations of curbed channelization to ensure proper drainage.

When plan-profile format is used for intersection details, the profile's horizontal scale shall be the same as that for the plan portion. A vertical scale of 1/25 for the profile portion is recommended as it enables intermediate elevations to be determined from the profile with reasonable accuracy. The existing ground line and/or curb line shall be as called for in the FDOT CADD Production Criteria Guide.

For intersections detailed on separate plan format, the profile and sections shall be shown on a grid format. For street intersections of municipal projects, a scale of 1/200 horizontal, and 1/25 vertical is recommended.

#### 11.3 Curb Returns

Curb return profiles show the profiles of the gutter flow line from the PC to the PT point of the return at an intersection.

Curb return profiles shall be shown on a grid format. They shall be included in the plans set if the required information cannot clearly be shown on the plan-profile sheet or intersection detail sheet, or if extreme grades are involved, rendering the standard curb return profiles (**Index 303** of the *Roadway and Traffic Design Standards*) inadequate.

Standard scale used should be 1:400 horizontally and 1:50 vertically. Other scales may be used provided all construction details are clearly and legibly shown. Each return profile shall be identified and its PC and PT stations shown. Elevations should be shown at 5 meter intervals and low and high spots shall be identified by location and elevation.

## 11.4 Ramps

Ramp profile grades shall be developed along the baseline of each ramp. A profile of the edge of the pavement opposite the baseline shall also be shown. These profiles shall be shown on a grid format. Data required to be shown shall be similar to that required for roadway profile (**Chapter 10**).

Recommended scales for ramp profiles are 1:200 horizontally and 1:25 vertically, or 1:1000 horizontally and 1:25 or 1:50 vertically.

Sections at nose points are required. They may be shown using a scale of 1:200 horizontally and 1:25 vertically.

## 11.5 Spline Grade

Intersections of ramp pavement with mainline pavement and other sections of pavement within special superelevated zones need special attention, not only during the design phase of the project, but also during construction. Hence, all construction details pertaining to these areas should be clearly and accurately shown in the plans.

Spline grades are often used to show the interconnection and interrelation of the edges of pavement with the mainline edge of pavement. This profile proves to be especially helpful if the mainline pavement is superelevated or within the superelevation transition zone.

A spline grade shall show the elevations at intervals of 5 to 50 meters, depending on the scale. Elevations shall be shown for the outer edge of mainline pavement and inner and outer edges of the ramp pavement at the nose areas.

Grades of the three pavement edges shall be shown on a grid format. Recommended scales are 1/200 horizontally, 1/25 vertically or 1/400 horizontally and 1/50 vertically.

Grades of each pavement edge shall be joined by smooth splines or simple curves. The three grade profiles shall be clearly labeled and all equality stations indicated. Nose stations shall be flagged and labeled. Scale shall be indicated in close proximity of the profile and shall be clearly visible.

## 11.6 Superelevation

The standard superelevation details (**Indexes 510 and 511** of the *Roadway and Traffic Design Standards*) may be used for projects which include simple curves. For projects which include reverse curves, or compound curves, or any other situation requiring special superelevation not covered in the standards, the superelevation diagram shall be shown in the plans. Special profile details may be used to design superelevation on multilane facilities, when a simple diagram will not be sufficient.

Complete profile grade line and right and left edges of pavement within the superelevation zone shall be shown on the grid format. A scale of 1/200 horizontally and 1/25 vertically is recommended for clarity. The begin and end superelevation stations shall be labelled and indicated by a solid vertical line at the appropriate station. A horizontal dimension line shall be utilized to indicate a section in full superelevation.

## 11.7 At-Grade Railroad Crossings

In addition to normal profile grade lines, supplemental profiles for at-grade railroad crossings may be necessary to define lane lines, edges of pavement, and/or gutter flow lines. It is important to develop accurate profiles to ensure proper drainage.

For at-grade railroad crossings that cannot be adequately detailed on the plan-profile sheets, the profiles shall be shown on a separate grid format. A horizontal scale of 1/200 and a vertical scale of 1/25 is recommended.

## Chapter 12

### BACK-OF-SIDEWALK PROFILES

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## Chapter 12

### BACK-OF-SIDEWALK PROFILES

#### 12.1 General

Back-of-sidewalk profiles are used to establish the profile grade and therefore play an important role in plan preparation, especially if the project site is located in a built-up urban area. Profiles help ensure the constructability of the project within the right of way without excessive disturbance or rework of adjoining properties. Back-of-sidewalk profiles are also used for checking of storm water trapped behind the sidewalks and as a major input for establishing centerline grade profiles.

Grades shown on this sheet are at the back of the proposed sidewalk, and grades shown on roadway plan-profile sheets are at the profile grade line (PGL) denoted on the typical section.

The inclusion of the back-of-sidewalk profiles in the plans set is optional - at the discretion of the district. Work sheets may be required with phase reviews.

#### 12.2 Sheet Set Up

Back-of-sidewalk profiles shall be prepared on standard cross section format. For simple projects which do not involve many cross streets or driveways, the sheet may be divided horizontally to maximize usage. Stationing shall progress from left to right and top to bottom. Match lines shall be stationing. Care should be taken to preserve clarity and legibility.

#### 12.3 Required Information

Profiles for use in establishing back-of-sidewalk grades consist of existing profiles along the back edge of each proposed sidewalk. The existing profiles shall be shown so as to distinguish between the profiles for the right and left sidewalk, and in accordance with the FDOT CADD Production Criteria Guide.

- | The standard scales are 1 1000 horizontally and 1 50 vertically. This combination works well for projects having few locations where back-of-sidewalk grades would be critical. It may be advantageous to use a vertical scale of 1 25 and a horizontal scale of 1 500 for projects located in business and commercial areas, or where greater clarity is required.
- | Elevation datum shall be shown on both sides of the sheet, with station numbers below the profile.

Limits of existing pavement, such as parking areas and drives, which should be matched as closely as possible, shall be identified on all sidewalk profiles. The centerline for each intersecting street and driveway shall be indicated with a vertical line at the proper station and the street name and station noted. Intersecting streets and driveways on the right shall be shown below the profile, and those on the left above the profile.

At each station, as well as locations of significant drainage, arrows shall be drawn to indicate the slope of ground at the outer edges of the sidewalk.

Drainage arrows shall be placed below the profile line for the right profile and above the profile line for the left profile. Arrows pointing outwards from the profile indicate drainage away from the project, while arrows pointing inwards indicate drainage to the project.

Floor elevations for buildings shall be indicated by a horizontal line drawn at the floor elevation between the building limits. The numeric elevation shall be shown, as well as the offset (distance and side) from centerline of project to the face of the building. Entrances to buildings, elevations of top of existing major utilities (as defined in **Chapter 5 of Volume I**), and water table elevation may be shown when appropriate.

Once the proposed back-of-sidewalk profile has been developed, percents of grade, PI stations and elevations shall be shown. Vertical curves, if any, shall be dimensioned. Elevations along vertical curves are not required. Stations for begin and end project, exceptions, and back-of-sidewalk special profiles shall be flagged and labeled. Mainline station equations within the limits of the sidewalk profile shall also be flagged and labeled.

The difference in elevation between the profile grade and back-of-sidewalk profile grade shall be noted on the sheet. Superelevation notes, if applicable, shall also be noted on the sheet.



## Chapter 13

### INTERSECTION AND INTERCHANGE DETAILS/LAYOUTS

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## Chapter 13

### INTERSECTION AND INTERCHANGE DETAILS/LAYOUTS

#### 13.1 General

These sheets provide layouts and details for intersections and interchanges, with consideration for turning and weaving movements of vehicular traffic. For a safe and efficient roadway system (including provisions for bicycles and pedestrians), these areas must be designed with special attention to channelization, turning movements, signalization, drainage and vertical alignment. The various design details shall be shown explicitly for accurate construction.

Intersection and interchange layout sheets shall show all necessary details and geometric controls/access management features, including channelization, tapers, turn lanes, special drainage, and grading. The sheets shall be prepared on a standard plan format using a scale large enough to show details clearly and legibly.

#### 13.2 Intersections

Intersection details shall be shown on separate plan sheet format if they cannot be shown clearly on the plan-profile sheet format.

In cases of simple, non-signalized intersections covering relatively small areas, regular plan-profile format may be used. The intersection layout shall be placed, using an appropriate scale, in the plan portion, and the necessary profile grades in the profile portion.

For larger, more complicated intersections involving channelization, signalization or tapered connections, the layout shall be placed on a standard plan format. Match lines should be used when more than one sheet is required.

The profiles shall be presented separately on a grid format. (See **Chapter 11 - Special Profiles**)

Existing topography need not be shown on these details if it is shown elsewhere in the plans. Information given is generally the same as in the plan portion. Pavement edges,

R/W lines, curb and gutter, channelizing and median curbs, driveways, drainage structures, pavement dimensions, radii and appropriate notes shall be included

All intersection layouts shall be dimensioned, stationed adequately, and shall include all pertinent construction notes and alignment data. Design speed data shall be given when appropriate. Widths of turning lanes and turning paths shall be checked for possible encroachments or conflicts.

A north arrow and scale shall be shown at a point of maximum visibility on the plan. The scale used shall be sufficient to cover all necessary details, preferably 1/400. The scale shall not be smaller than 1/500.

## 13.3 Interchanges

### 13.3.1 Geometric Layout

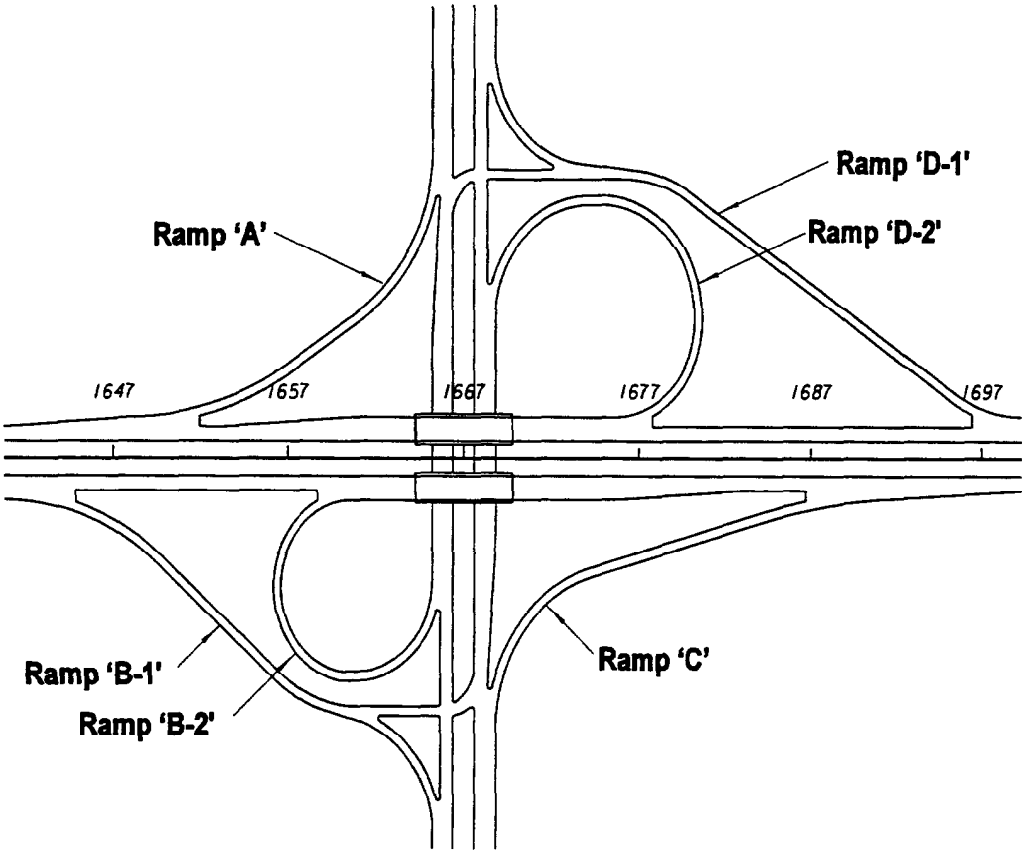
Interchange layouts shall be prepared on a standard plan format. The entire interchange shall be placed on one sheet when possible, using a scale not smaller than 1/4000. In cases of large cloverleaf or directional interchanges, more than one sheet may be required. Appropriate match lines shall be shown.

Layouts shall be dimensioned and completely stationed, with all alignment data and construction notes included. All curves shall be assigned a number and curve data presented in a tabular form. It is preferred that the tabular curve and coordinate data be placed on the same sheet as the interchange layout.

Interchange ramps shall be identified by the use of letters or a combination of letters and numbers. The recommended practice for assigning ramp names is as follows:

Ramps in the first left quadrant along mainline stationing should be assigned first. Name assignments shall progress in a counterclockwise direction around the interchange (see **Figure 13.1**). For projects with two or more interchanges, continue name assignments with the next letter and in same counterclockwise direction noted above.

Ramp baselines are usually located on the right edge of the pavement with relation to the direction of traffic, and shall be clearly indicated. Stationing of ramps should be in the same direction as the project.



**Figure 13.1**

A topographic worksheet for all interchanges is required and will be considered as the preliminary layout of the interchange. This worksheet shall be prepared on a standard plan format on a scale not smaller than 1/4000. The following information shall be shown:

- 1 All topography, such as existing roads, property lines, utilities, buildings, driveways, etc
- 2 Preliminary interchange geometrics and proposed right of way limits
- 3 Drainage right of way and easements
- 4 Proposed reconstruction of the crossroad, and all access roads and frontage roads within the interchange
- 5 Frontage roads should be assigned a unique alpha or numeric designation to avoid confusion with ramp nomenclature
- 6 Contours, unless the terrain is relatively flat
- 7 Traffic diagram with AADT, DHV, K, D and T values
- 8 The length of speed change lanes.
- 9 Design speed for ramps and crossroads
- 10 Proposed bridge limits
- 11 Pavement transitions
- 12 Limits of construction along the crossroad

The contract plans set shall include the following interchange sheets:

- 1 Interchange geometric layout
- 2 Interchange drainage map
- 3 Interchange topographic map
- 4 Interchange cross section pattern sheet
- 5 Ramp terminal details
- 6 Ramp cross sections

### 13.3.2 Ramp Terminal Details

Details of ramp terminals with mainline and crossroads shall be shown on separate plan sheets. The scale used shall not be smaller than 1/500. Standard scale 1/400 is preferred. Complete details of the terminal shall be shown including:

Curve data

Station equality and horizontal tie to mainline or crossroad at critical ramp locations

- Turning radii, taper/transition lengths, curb/curb and gutter (if any)
- Channelization (if any)
- Ramp and crossroad intersection station and angle
- Median nose data (if any)
- Limits of construction
- R/W
- Limited Access R/W and fence location
- Drainage structures
- Spot elevations (as needed)
- Roadway dimensions
- Station pluses and offsets

### **13.3.3 Cross Section Pattern Sheet**

The cross section pattern sheet shows the entire interchange layout including frontage and access roads, if any, with location and extent of proposed cross sections. This information is of special importance for projects involving new interchanges located in rural, undeveloped areas. Information to be shown shall include:

- North arrow and scale
- Interchange layout
- Access and frontage roads (if any)
- Centerline construction and baseline survey
- Ramp base lines
- Stationing along mainline, crossroads, ramps, access and frontage roads
- PC and PT points by symbol
- Bridge outline
- Cross section pattern

This sheet shall be prepared on a standard plan format. The scale shall be such that the complete interchange is shown on one plan sheet, with care taken to ensure clarity and legibility. Normal scale is 1/4000. North arrow and scale shall be located at a point of maximum visibility.

## Chapter 14

### DRAINAGE STRUCTURES

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## Chapter 14

### DRAINAGE STRUCTURES

#### 14.1 General

Drainage structure sheets show the drainage structures, their location, cross section, flow line elevations of all weirs or slots, top of grates, culverts and top of manhole elevations, and similar data. Drainage structure sheets also show the vertical relationships of the entire drainage system. During the process of design/placement of the drainage structures, potential conflicts with existing or proposed utilities shall be identified and resolved early, thereby avoiding costly time delays during the construction phases.

All projects require the plotting of drainage structures. When only cross drains are to be constructed or modified, drainage structures may be plotted on the cross section sheets. Otherwise drainage structures should be plotted on separate drainage structure sheets, utilizing the cross section sheet cell available in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software (see **Exhibit DS-1**).

#### 14.2 Required Information

The existing ground line for rural projects shall be shown at the location of the structure, with the existing elevation placed immediately below the ground line at the survey baseline. No existing structures shall be shown except those to be incorporated into the proposed drainage system or otherwise modified. These shall be shown and their flow line elevations noted. Where storm sewers run laterally or diagonally across the project, the drawing should show the pipe cover.

The roadway template and proposed structures shall be shown, with the proposed profile grade elevation placed above the grade point. The structure shall be located by station and offset to the centerline of construction. Flow line information shall be provided at each structure and at each culvert end. Structures are to be plotted in detail according to the applicable index of the **Roadway and Traffic Design Standards**, with walls, grates, tops, pipes, etc. shown.

Cross drain sections shall include the size and length for each proposed structure.



Sections for skewed cross drains shall be depicted along the centerline of the structure  
Clear zone distances are to be measured at right angles to the traffic lane for all structures

All structure locations should be checked and R/W shown where the R/W may have potential impact on construction of a structure

For each drainage structure, all necessary information shall be shown by note, including, as appropriate size, end treatment and flow lines, as well as structure, index and station number The note shall be placed as close to the structure as possible, preferably below the plotted structure Elevations shall be given for manhole tops, and ditch bottom inlet grates and slots Grate elevations for shoulder gutter and edge of pavement elevations for curb and gutter inlets shall be shown

Alternate "G" or other special grate treatment shall be included with the inlet note  
Additional details, such as special bedding, 36" manhole rings, etc , shall be indicated  
Flow direction arrows shall be shown

Material options shall be shown on the Optional Material Tabulation Sheet (See **Exhibits SDS-2 and SDS-3** at the back of **Chapter 8** of this volume)

If existing structures are to be filled and/or plugged and are to remain, they should be shown in the plans with an appropriate note

Applicable notes to be shown on the first drainage structure sheet are given in **Exhibit 14-1**

### 14.3 Utility Conflicts

All major underground utilities, as defined in **Chapter 5 of Volume I**, shall be plotted in conjunction with the structures so that conflicts may be detected during design, and to alert construction forces of potential conflicts

In the case of longitudinal pipes, a section should be plotted for each location of a crossing of any major underground line

Utilities that have been verified (Level A locate) shall be noted and plotted to scale in the appropriate locations on the Drainage Structure Sheets, Cross Section Sheets and bridge foundation plans These utilities should be labeled with the following symbol

$V_{vh}$  = Verified Vertical Elevation and Horizontal Location

## **14.4 Sheet Set Up**

Structures should be plotted as sections along the centerline of the structure. They should be shown on a standard cross section format with the sections spaced sufficiently apart to avoid overlapping of structures or notes. Beginning at the bottom of the sheet, the sections should be shown successively by stations and should be numbered sequentially, from the beginning to the end of the project. The structure number and location station should be shown near the right border of the sheet.

If a structure must be shown out of order, a note shall be placed in the correct sequence, referring to the sheet where the structure is shown. The scale shall be the same as that used for roadway cross sections, with the centerline of construction placed near the center of the sheet.

## **Drainage Structure Notes**

These notes, when required, are to be placed on the first drainage structure sheet

- 1 Special attention is directed to the fact that portions of some drainage structures extend into the stabilized portion of the roadbed and extreme caution will be necessary in stabilization operations at these locations
- 2 (To be used when there are Cross Drain Pipe and/or Storm Sewer Pipe and optional materials are provided for one or both)

Some/All of the drainage structures have optional culvert materials. When optional materials are allowed, one of the optional materials has been used as the basis of the pay quantities. The material selected as the basis of pay quantities is identified on the Tabulation of (Cross Drain, Storm Sewer, or Cross Drain/Storm Sewer) Optional Materials Sheet. All options are described and design and installation information for each option is provided on the Optional Materials Sheet.

### **Exhibit 14-1**

## Chapter 15

### LATERAL DITCH/OUTFALLS RETENTION/DETENTION AND MITIGATION AREAS

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## Chapter 15

### LATERAL DITCH/OUTFALLS RETENTION/DETENTION AND MITIGATION AREAS

#### 15.1 General

Drainage systems that convey storm water from the roadway may be made up of many components such as inlets, manholes, pipes, ditches, and retention/detention areas. Usually, these systems require additional right of way and/or easements.

Mitigation areas, although not usually a component of the highway drainage system, may have drainage components in them.

If space permits, drainage components adjacent to the roadway may be shown on the roadway plan-profile sheets. Drainage components not adjacent to the roadway may require separate plan view sheets. In either case, profile views and/or cross sections may also be needed to provide enough detail to construct the components.

Plans for drainage components can generally be grouped into three categories:

- Lateral ditch/outfalls
- Retention/detention areas
- Mitigation areas

#### 15.2 Lateral Ditch/Outfall

Lateral ditch plans and profiles shall be prepared on a standard plan-profile format using a horizontal scale of 1/1000. However, if storm drain construction is proposed for a portion of the ditch, a scale of 1/400 or 1/500 may be used.

##### 15.2.1 Plan Portion

Data presentation in the plan portion shall be oriented so that the lateral ditch/outfall centerline is parallel to the long side of the sheet. Information shall be shown in a manner similar to that described in **Chapter 10 - Roadway Plan and Roadway Plan-Profile**.

Right of way (or easement) alignment data and topography shall be shown in the plan portion. An alignment tie between the lateral ditch/outfall and the project shall also be shown. The north arrow and graphic scale shall be placed at the proper location on the sheet (refer to **Chapter 10**)

### **15.2.2 Profile Portion**

The profile portion shall be prepared in the same manner as the profile portion of the roadway plan-profile sheets (**Chapter 10**). Existing ground line profiles, high water elevations, underground utilities, bench mark information and elevation datum shall be shown as described for roadway plan-profiles.

Where the lateral ditch/outfall survey baseline does not follow the flow line of the existing ditch or channel, the existing ditch or channel profile shall be shown with a broken line and identified.

If storm drain construction is proposed along a lateral ditch/outfall, the proposed structures shall be plotted on the drainage structures sheets, or in the lateral ditch/outfall profile. Structures shown in the profile will include flow line, structure numbers, pipe or culvert sizes, and utilities (if applicable).

The normal water elevation of the receiving system shall be indicated and labeled.

### **15.2.3 Typical Section**

- | A typical section showing the width of proposed clearing and grubbing, right of way, ditch bottom width and side slopes shall be shown on the lateral ditch plan and profile sheet. This section does not need to be to scale, but shall be dimensionally proportionate. If the width of clearing and grubbing is variable for a lateral ditch/outfall, the various widths and their respective station limits shall be noted below the typical section.

### **15.2.4 Ditch Cross Sections**

Lateral ditch cross section sheets are included in the plans. These sheets show the right of way required, the extent of clearing and grubbing required and the amount of earthwork.

Lateral ditch cross sections shall be prepared in a manner similar to that of roadway cross sections (**Chapter 18**). The scale, generally, should be 1 100, vertical and horizontal. Regardless of the horizontal scale used, the vertical scale shall always be 1 100.

Often it is possible to place two or more columns of ditch cross sections on one sheet. They shall be plotted with the stationing progressing from the bottom of the sheet to the top, and from left to right.

Usually, soil surveys are made along the lateral ditch only when a large amount of material is expected to be excavated.

Guidance given in **Roadway Cross Sections (Chapter 18)** shall be applicable equally to lateral ditch cross sections.

## **15.3 Retention or Detention Areas**

### **15.3.1 Pond Detail Sheet**

The retention or detention pond, including the outlet structure, is usually the end point of the drainage system for a particular project. The retention/detention pond detail sheet shall show the pond in plan view, with station and offset ties to the project centerline of construction. The plan view shall also include the following:

- Locations of pond sections
- Side slopes and base dimensions
- Bottom and top elevations
- Location of maintenance berm
- Fence and gate locations
- Right of way
- Pond drainage structures with structure numbers
- Soil boring locations, and
- Any other necessary data pertaining to the pond

The pond sections shall show the bottom width and elevation, side slopes, normal water depth, if applicable, as well as soil borings. A minimum of two (2) sections, taken in directions perpendicular to each other, shall be shown.

### 15.3.2 Typical Section

A typical section is required when the pond sections do not represent the *typical* design features of the pond. Following is a list of appropriate information to be shown on the typical section:

- Limits of cleaning and grubbing
- Typical side slopes
- Bottom and top elevations
- Details of maintenance berm
- Fence location
- Right of way
- Water level information
- Vegetation requirements

The typical section does not need to be to scale, but shall be dimensionally proportionate. It should be shown on the pond detail sheet, if room allows, or on a separate sheet when necessary.

### 15.3.3 Pond Cross Sections

Pond cross sections shall be prepared in a manner similar to that for roadway cross sections (**Chapter 18**). As with lateral ditches, the standard scale is 1:100 vertical. The standard horizontal scale is also 1:100, although another scale may be used if necessary.

If material is to be excavated from the pond, the data from the soil survey sheet shall be shown on the cross sections.

Guidance given in **Roadway Cross Sections (Chapter 18)** shall be applicable to pond cross sections.

## 15.4 Mitigation Areas

If construction details for mitigation areas are included in the plans, follow the requirements for retention/detention areas.



# CHAPTER 16

## SPECIAL DETAILS

16.1 General ..... 16-1

## CHAPTER 16

### SPECIAL DETAILS

#### 16.1 General

Special details sheets are usually included in the plans set if the project contains areas which require special attention to some construction elements. Construction details that are not covered in the *Roadway and Traffic Design Standards* booklet or elsewhere in the plans set shall be shown on the special details sheet.

This sheet shall be prepared on a standard plan format. Any convenient scale may be used, provided the information shown is clear and legible. Details shown shall be clear, legible, labeled, complete in all respects and should be adequately cross-referenced in the plans set.

## Chapter 17

### SOIL SURVEY

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## SOIL SURVEY

### 17.1 General

The soil survey sheet, essentially a soil test analysis sheet, depicts the various types of soils encountered within the limits of the project. This sheet also shows the classification, mechanical properties and recommended usage of those soils. A preformatted CADD sheet can be found in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software.

Soils having identical characteristics shall be assigned to the same stratum and group for identification and recommendation purposes. The test analysis sheet shall be signed by the responsible Engineer.

### 17.2 Roadway Soil Survey

#### 17.2.1 Method of Compilation and Presentation

Upon completion of the proposed typical section, and after placing alignment, proposed grades and existing utilities on the plan-profile sheets and preliminary sections, prints of these sheets shall be utilized for determining the location and depth of borings for the sampling of soils for testing and classifications. These classification and test results, including pH, resistivity, sulfides and chlorides shall be shown on the test analysis sheet. Date and weather conditions at the time of sampling shall also be shown. Refer to **Exhibit SS-1** for an example of soil survey sheet.

After completion of soils testing, the boring data shall be shown on cross sections by columns approximately 5 millimeters wide below the ground line at test sample locations. Stratum limits and numbers shall be shown inside the column. This information shall be transmitted to the appropriate responsible materials engineer for verification. One hard copy of the soils information, including cross sections with soils information, shall be retained in the Soils Engineer's Record.

### **17.3 Other Soil Surveys**

Soil surveys other than those for roadway plans are required for various plans components. Included in these are soil surveys/borings for retention/detention ponds, overhead sign structures, high mast poles and traffic signal mast arms.

Soil survey sheets generated for such components are generally located in the plans set with the other details and information for each component. Requirements for the soil survey sheets are similar to those prepared for the roadway soil survey, showing such things as the location of test holes, various strata encountered, soil properties, classification and recommended usage.

## Chapter 18

### ROADWAY CROSS SECTIONS

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## Chapter 18

### ROADWAY CROSS SECTIONS

#### 18.1 General

Cross sections depict the existing ground conditions, including all manmade features, as sections perpendicular to the respective stations along a survey baseline or construction centerline. The proposed cross-sectional outline of the new facility with all its functional elements is also shown on cross sections. Standard cross section sheets shall be used for showing roadway cross sections. The preformatted sheet cell is located in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software.

The recommended vertical scale is 1/50. The horizontal scale shall be such that the entire roadway R/W is shown on the sheet, but shall not be smaller than 1/400 horizontal. If the entire R/W cannot be shown on one sheet, more sheets may be utilized and appropriate match lines shall be shown with referenced sheet numbers. The scale shall be shown at the bottom right corner of the sheet above the title box.

#### 18.2 Required Information

Existing ground lines shall be shown and the existing elevation at the centerline shall be noted just below the ground line at the centerline. The station number of the section shall be indicated opposite the ground line on the right side of the sheet and location baseline of survey indicated along the top and bottom of the sheet. Lines parallel to the baseline of survey should show station equivalencies to the baseline of survey.

The surface, as well as the below ground portions of existing features such as pavements, curbs and sidewalks, shall be shown.

Existing parallel underground utilities which lie within the horizontal limits of the project shall be shown along with verification notation for those locations which have been verified. Utilities that have been verified should be labeled as shown in **Section 14.3 of Chapter 14**. Small distribution or service lines need not be drafted.

Soil data and water table shall be shown on cross sections as described in **Section 17.2.1 of Chapter 17**. If it is determined that an organic or plastic material must be removed below the finished grading template, the lower limits of removal of organic or plastic material will be shown to determine the area and volume of subsoil excavation.

The proposed roadway template shall be shown. The proposed profile grade elevation shall be placed vertically or at an angle to the horizontal, just above the profile grade line. Special ditch elevations shall also be shown.

Station equations shall be shown, even though a cross section may not be plotted at that point. For ramp cross sections equivalent mainline stations shall also be shown.

The right of way limits shall be symbolically shown for each cross section.

The begin and end stations for project, construction, exceptions, bridge/bridge culvert and the toe of slope under the bridge shall be shown. The beginning and ending earthwork stations shall be shown.

On projects with grade separations, intersections, interchanges, etc., the earthwork shall be totaled on the last cross section sheet for each of the above and noted as to the station in which the earthwork is included on the project cross sections. Earthwork quantities shall be indicated in the appropriate columns on the right side of the sheet. Earthwork summaries shall be shown on the last cross section sheet of each roadway, ramp, etc. The grand total shall be tabulated in the Summary of Earthwork and shown on the Summary of Quantities Sheet.

The order of assembling the cross sections in the plans set shall be

Mainline  
Side streets  
Ramps

### 18.3 Sheet Set Up

Cross sections shall be shown on a standard preformatted cross section sheet (available in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software) with stations increasing from the bottom to the top of the sheet. Usually, only one column of sections shall be placed on a sheet.

Sections shall be centered on the sheet with the survey baseline or the construction centerline placed vertically in the center. In cases where additional lanes are to be constructed adjacent to existing lanes, centering the sections will depend upon the location of the survey line and the side on which the new construction is to be placed.



Sections shall be oriented such that the complete ultimate section will be approximately centered on the sheet. When the centerlines of construction and survey are not parallel, the distance between the two at each cross section shall be shown.

As many sections as possible shall be placed on a sheet with sections being spaced to avoid overlapping. The soil profile should be checked for possible unsuitable material below existing ground which may cause overlapping of sections.

When right of way is narrow enough and a horizontal scale of 1:200 is used, two columns of cross sections may be placed on a sheet. Cross section placement progresses from the left to the right as well as from the bottom to the top of the sheet. The sheet shall be set up to provide earthwork columns for each column of sections.

For additional information on cross sections see **Chapter 3 of Volume I**

## CHAPTER 19

### WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL

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## CHAPTER 19

### WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL

#### 19.1 General

A Traffic Control Plan (TCP) will accompany all plans for a construction project. The TCP is the final document that summarizes the considerations and investigations made in the development of a comprehensive plan for maintaining traffic through a work zone.

The TCP is used to describe the actions to be taken by the contractor to minimize traffic impacts while conveying traffic safely through a work zone. The traffic control plans may include, but are not limited to, general notes, phase notes, phase typical sections, phase plan-profile sheets, special details, and temporary cross sections.

#### 19.2 Required Information

Specific traffic control plans are required on all projects. The information provided on the traffic control plans may consist of nothing more than notes and references to the ***Roadway and Traffic Design Standards, Series 600*** or may be as elaborate as detailed individual phase layouts using profile sheets and interchange and intersection layout sheets. Information shall be provided to inform the contractor of the following:

- location of the centerline, pavement edge, curb line, shoulder,
- placement of temporary pavement markings,
- lane configurations,
- locations of work zone signs and any other temporary work zone traffic control devices (including variable message signs, advanced warning arrow panels, barriers, crash cushions, temporary signals, etc ),
- layouts and placement of channelizing devices,
- work to be accomplished during the individual phases of construction,
- lane closures and other restrictions that apply,
- regulatory speed limits for each phase,
- project specific requirements such as school zones, railroads, waterborne vessels, etc

When a project requires more than one phase of construction, the traffic control plans should address each individual phase.

## 19.3 Levels of Complexity to be Anticipated for Traffic Control Plans

The following guidelines have been developed to assist in determining the level of detail and complexity that may be required for a project

### 19.3.1 Level I

**Application** - Simple projects where method of construction is straight forward (Examples RRR, Enhancements, Resurfacing, Minor Widening)

#### Components of the TCP

General Notes (including references to the applicable indexes in the *Roadway and Traffic Design Standards*)

Phase Typical Section(s)

Special Details - MINIMAL - where unique situations for the project exist

### 19.3.2 Level II

**Application** - Moderately complex Construction projects, such as reconstruction of roadways (Examples Urban or rural widening projects, Projects with Diversions or Detours)

#### Components of the TCP

General Notes

Phase Notes (including references to the applicable indexes in the *Roadway and Traffic Design Standards*)

Phase Typical Section(s)

Detailed plan sheets (when an index in the *Roadway and Traffic Design Standards* does not apply)

Cross Sections as determined necessary (Example diversions, temporary drainage, temporary bridge structure)

Special Details - As necessary for constructability (Example temporary drainage, slope requirements due to diversions, temporary signalization, railroad work, etc )

### **19.3.3 Level III**

**Application** - Complex projects

#### **Components of the TCP**

General Notes

Phase Notes (including any references to the applicable standard indexes)

Phase Typical Section(s)

Detailed Plan Sheets

Cross Sections

Special Details may include - Temporary Drainage, Temporary Signalization, Intersection Details, etc

### **19.4 Format**

TCP's will be prepared on standard plan sheet format. A scaled drawing is not always required, however, clarity and legibility are critical. When scaled drawings are required, the scale shall not be less than 1/1000 for plan sheets and 1/500 for special details. Levels, fonts and line weights shall be in accordance with the FDOT CADD Production Criteria Guide.

Tools are available in FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software to assist in the development of Traffic Control Plans.

## **Chapter 20**

### **UTILITY ADJUSTMENTS**

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## Chapter 20

### UTILITY ADJUSTMENTS

#### 20.1 General

The purpose of utility adjustment sheets is to provide coordination between the contractor and the affected utility companies. These sheets show the contractor the approximate locations of existing, proposed and relocated utilities, and thus aid the contractor in avoiding possible conflicts or damage to the utilities involved.

#### 20.2 Required Information

Locations of all existing and proposed utilities within the project limits shall be shown on the plans.

All proposed and relocated utilities shall be clearly shown on the plan using lines and standard utility symbols, and shall be labeled (see **Index No. 002** of the *Roadway and Traffic Design Standards* and the FDOT CADD Production Criteria Guide). Disposition of all existing utilities shall be clearly indicated for example **"To Be Removed"**, **"To Be Adjusted"**, **"To Be Relocated"**, **"To Remain"**, etc. All proposed utilities shall be appropriately labeled.

Applicable general notes shall also be shown on the first utility adjustment sheet (see **Exhibit 20-1**).

#### 20.3 Sheet Format

The utility adjustment sheets shall be prepared from CADD files generated for the plan or plan-profile sheets. Levels, fonts and line weights shall be in accordance with the FDOT CADD Production Criteria Guide.

Information and graphic data which is not necessary for utility adjustment sheets may be removed by turning off the appropriate level(s) on which the data is stored. This will help ensure that information pertinent to utility adjustments is more easily seen. However, the utility adjustment sheets shall show the following information as a minimum:

- (1) Baseline and/or centerline of survey
- (2) Curb and gutter or edge of pavement
- (3) Drainage structures (existing and proposed)
- (4) Right-of-way lines
- (5) Station numbers
- (6) Street names
- (7) Location of existing utilities
- (8) Disposition of existing utilities, and
- (9) Location of new or relocated utilities



## General Notes for Utility Adjustments

The following notes shall be placed on the first Utility Adjustment Sheet (If there are no utility adjustment sheets in the plans, these notes shall be included in the General Notes shown on **Exhibit 10-1**)

1 The location(s) of the utilities shown in the plans (including those designated  $V_v$ ,  $V_h$  and  $V_{vh}$ ) are based on limited investigation techniques and should be considered approximate only. The verified locations/elevations apply only at the points shown. Interpolations between these points have not been verified.

### 2 Utility Owners

Companies	Telephone Numbers
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(Note: If there is a traffic-monitoring site on the project or within 1 kilometer of the construction, the Transportation Statistics Office in Tallahassee shall be added to the list of utility owners. The contact person is the Traffic Data Section Manager. Refer to **Chapter 10, Section 10.2.7, Item No. 12** for plan requirements involving traffic-monitoring sites.)

## Exhibit 20-1

## Chapter 21

### SELECTIVE CLEARING AND GRUBBING

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## Chapter 21

### SELECTIVE CLEARING AND GRUBBING

#### 21.1 General

Selective clearing and grubbing plans show the extent and type of clearing operation required within the project right of way limits. This information may be shown on the plan-profile sheet, if no substantial clutter of the sheet results. Otherwise, selective clearing and grubbing shall be shown on a separate plan sheet.

#### 21.2 Required Information and Sheet Set Up

When separate selective clearing and grubbing sheets are required, they shall be shown on a standard plan format. Complete existing topography shall be shown together with centerline of construction with stationing, R/W lines and limits of construction. The type of selective clearing and grubbing operation to be performed shall be clearly shown by symbol (refer to **Section 21.3**).

A north arrow and graphic scale shall be placed at a point of maximum visibility on the sheet. Any convenient scale may be used provided clarity and legibility are preserved. However, it is recommended that the selective clearing and grubbing plans be prepared at the same scale as the roadway plan-profile sheets. Appropriate match lines shall be used when necessary.

For an illustration of a selective clearing and grubbing sheet, see **Exhibit SCG-2**.

#### 21.3 Standard Symbols and Notes

The amount and type of notes required for selective clearing and grubbing will vary depending on the project. It may be desirable to provide a separate detail sheet in the plans to display the notes, symbols and details which are applicable to the project. An example of such a sheet is given in **Exhibit SCG-1**.

All areas that are not included in one of the selective clearing and grubbing categories, as shown on the detail sheet or elsewhere in the plans, shall be standard clearing and grubbing

Undesirable exotic pest plants, including Australian Pine, Brazilian Pepper, Malaleuca and Chinese Tallow trees, as well as Cogon grass should be labeled to be totally removed, regardless of size or location within the project limits

## Chapter 22

### MISCELLANEOUS STRUCTURES PLANS

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## Chapter 22

### MISCELLANEOUS STRUCTURES PLANS

#### 22.1 General

Miscellaneous structures not included in the bridge plans shall be included in the appropriate component plans. This includes box culvert details, high mast lighting supports, traffic mast arm supports, signal strain poles, overhead sign supports, rest area structures or buildings, barrier walls (traffic or sound), retaining walls and toll facilities.

For guidelines on structural detailing, refer to the *Structures Detailing Manual (Topic 625-020-200)*

#### 22.2 Approach Slabs

As of the July, 1999, letting, approach slab details sheets are included in the structures plans. However, some roadway elements may need to be carried onto the approach slab, and in these cases special attention must be given to clarifying in the plans which elements are to be included as part of the roadway.

The stabilization required under the approach slabs shall be paid for using the standard roadway pay item and the quantity included in the roadway plans. In addition, roadway elements such as guardrail, earthwork, sidewalks, approach slab surfacing, etc., which are part of the roadway approaches to the bridge and which interface with the approach slab areas, will also be included and paid for in the roadway quantities.

#### 22.3 Retaining Walls (Cast in Place, Proprietary, Temporary)

When cast in place retaining walls other than standard gravity walls are required, complete design and construction details, including pay items and quantities are required in the contract plans. The same is true for steel or concrete sheet piles for either permanent or temporary retaining walls.

Proprietary walls are handled differently than cast in place, steel and concrete sheet pile retaining walls. A set of control plan details must be developed for retaining walls. (See **Chapter 30, Volume I** for a discussion concerning the requirements for control plan details)

On projects with bridges the control plan details shall be included in the bridge plans. When there are no bridge plans the control plan details shall be included in the appropriate component plans. Examples of control plan details are included as exhibits at the back of this chapter.

Standard drawings from the preapproved wall companies are included in the **Roadway and Traffic Design Standards** (available as Interim Index Drawings)

## Chapter 23

### SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING PLANS

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## Chapter 23

### SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING PLANS

#### 23.1 General

Signing and pavement marking plans are usually a component set of plans. Projects with minor signing and pavement markings may include these features on sheets in the roadway plan set or detailed on roadway sheets. When prepared as component plans they shall be assembled as a separate plans set complete with a key sheet, tabulation of quantities and all other signing and pavement marking sheets. The sheets shall be numbered consecutively with the sheet numbers prefixed by the letter S.

A complete set of signing and pavement marking plans shall include the following sheets:

- Key Sheet
- Tabulation of Quantities
- Plan Sheets
- Guide Sign worksheet (if required)
- Overhead Sign Cross Section Sheet (if required)
- Overhead Sign Support Design (if required)
- Foundation Details (if required)
- Boring Data Sheets (if required)

Pavement marking material on projects which include new asphalt surfaces will generally be paint, rather than thermoplastic. This is based on the requirement of a 90 day curing period for new asphalt. Thermoplastic markings on these projects must be placed using a separate contract. Exceptions must be coordinated with the District Construction Office.

**Section 23.9** provides guidance for preparation of separate plans for Thermoplastic markings.

Thermoplastic may be called for in the plans on those projects which are exclusively of concrete pavement surfaces.

## 23.2 Key Sheet

The key sheet is the first sheet in the set and shall be prepared on a standard key sheet format as described in **Chapter 3**. Contract plans set information, location map and length of project box are not required on this sheet when shown on the lead key sheet. A complete index of signing and pavement marking plans shall be shown on the left side of the sheet. The date of the governing ***Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction*** and ***Roadway and Traffic Design Standards*** shall be inserted in a note at the lower left corner of the key sheet.

Other data, including name, consultant contract number and vendor number of the firm (when plans are prepared by a consultant) shall be shown as described in **Chapter 3**. Refer to **Exhibit S-KS** for an example key sheet.

## 23.3 Tabulation of Quantities and Pay Item Notes

The tabulation of quantities sheet shall be prepared on the standard plan format and shall show quantities, standard sign numbers, pay item numbers and size of sign for all pay items. The sign size is not required if shown in the plans sheets. The sheet shall be set up as shown in **Exhibit S-Q1**. Pay items shall be listed in numerical order and quantities shall be tabulated per sheet. Provisions shall be made to show the original and final quantities. Pay item notes shall also be shown on this sheet (see **Exhibit 23-1**).

On contracts with multiple Financial Project ID's or federal aid and non-federal aid quantities, provisions shall be made to tabulate and summarize their respective quantities.

## 23.4 General Notes

General notes pertaining to signing and pavement markings may be shown on a separate plan format sheet. This sheet shall be placed behind the tabulation of quantities in the plans assembly. On minor projects, general notes may be combined with the tabulation of quantities sheet.

## 23.5 Plan Sheets

### 23.5.1 Format and Scale

The plan sheets shall be prepared on a standard plan format. The scale shall be such that all details are clear and legible. See the requirements of **Section 10.1** as a guide. For simple projects, or sections of a project, it may be possible to "stack" two plans on one sheet, one below the other. Stationing shall progress from left to right and top to bottom. Clarity and legibility shall be preserved in all cases. Refer to **Exhibits S-P1** thru **3** for an example of signing and pavement marking plan sheets.

A north arrow and scale shall be shown at a point of maximum visibility on the sheet. If two plans are "stacked" on one sheet, then each plan portion shall contain a north arrow and scale.

### 23.5.2 Required Information

The basic information pertaining to roadway geometrics and project limits required on the signing and pavement marking plan sheets is the same as that required on the plan portion of the plan-profile sheets (**Chapter 10**). Topography and construction details need not be shown. Utilities, drainage, lighting, sidewalks, driveways, landscape features, etc. shall be checked for conflicts. Those that may cause conflicts with sign placement shall be shown.

All pavement markings shall be clearly shown and labeled with their widths, color and spacing specified. Either the begin and end pavement marking stations, with offset or the begin pavement marking station with offset and the total length of roadway for pavement marking shall be shown. The location of raised pavement markers and delineators shall be indicated by specifying the type, color, spacing, and limits of application by stations.

All regulatory, warning and directional signs shall be shown at the proper locations. Each sign face shall be shown in close proximity to its respective sign with a leader line connecting the sign location and sign face. Each sign face shall be oriented on the plan sheet to be read as viewed from the direction of travel along the roadway. The location of all signs shall be indicated by station or kilometer point/milepost.

The pay item number and standard sign designation, or assigned number if non-standard, shall be shown for each sign.

Any signs to be mounted on signal span wires should be shown and listed on the signalization plan for illustration and placement purposes. Sign details should be included on the signing plans.

Begin and end stations shall be shown.

## 23.6 Guide Sign Worksheet

The sign face, with the complete message layout with legend spacing (vertical and horizontal), margins, border widths and corner radii shall be shown on the guide sign worksheet.

For multi-support roadside signs, cross sections are not required in the plans set, but the support data (size and average length) for each sign shall be tabulated on the guide sign worksheet.

This sheet should be prepared on the standard plan sheet format to any convenient scale that will preserve clarity and legibility. The number of signs which may be shown on a single sheet depends on the sign size and complexity. The format of the sheet is flexible as long as the information listed above is shown. The output from the Transoft *GuidSign* Program or a similar format may be used for the sheet.

## 23.7 Sign Supports

### 23.7.1 Multi-Post Signs

Standard foundations for multi-post signs are provided in the ***Roadway and Traffic Design Standards***. These foundations are based on the sign support size. However, the post size and length are not included in the ***Roadway and Traffic Design Standards*** and must be included as a part of the design and shown in the plans.

### 23.7.2 Overhead Sign Cross Section and Support Structure

The sign cross section sheet shows the location of overhead sign(s) in cross section. A standard profile format should be utilized. The cross section of the roadway at the sign location shall be shown and fully dimensioned. The recommended scale for the cross section is 1/100 horizontally and vertically.

For overhead signs, the design of the support truss, columns and foundations, along with the boring data information, shall be included in the signing and marking plans. The **Structures Design Office Standard Drawings (Topic No. 625-020-300)** should be used. **S-2004**, a Semi-Standard for cantilever sign supports, is used with **2001**, **2002** and **2003**, **S-2012**, a Semi-Standard for truss sign supports, is used with **2011**. These standards include the information noted above and should be completed by the Structures Design Engineer of Record and inserted as a sheet in the plans.

A computer program for the design of overhead cantilever sign structures and a program for the design of overhead span sign structures are available. The programs were developed by the Structures Design Office and may be downloaded from the Structures Design web site.

The design of the attachment system for signs mounted on bridge structures shall be the responsibility of the Structures Design Engineer of Record. The design shall be included in the structures plans if bridge work is included in the project. If bridge work is not in the project, design details shall be included in the signing and pavement marking plans.

## 23.8 Typical Pavement Marking Sheet

For simple projects, or sections of a project, it may be possible to show signing and pavement marking plan details schematically using straight-line format and typical markings. All signs shall be properly identified and shown at their graphic location on the straight-line diagram. Pavement markings shall be shown and labeled on a typical marking plan.

## 23.9 Plans for Thermoplastic Markings

As discussed under **Section 23.1**, placement of thermoplastic markings on most projects will require a separate contract to be let after original construction (and striping with paint) is complete. For convenience and economy several projects may be let under one contract.

As a minimum, contract plans will consist of a Key Sheet, Summary of Pay Items, Tabulation of Quantities and details about the areas to be marked. This will include any changes in pavement markings which may have occurred since completion of the original project. The scope and final content of the plans shall be as directed by the district.

## **Standard Notes for Signing and Pavement Marking Plans**

The following pay item note should be shown on the Signing and Pavement Marking Plans Tabulation of Quantities Sheet

- 2710      All pavement markings shall be paint unless otherwise noted in the plans  
The quantities for pavement markings indicated in the Signing and Pavement Marking Plans are included in the quantities for Pavement Markings shown in the Summary of Roadway Pay Items

### **Exhibit 23-1**

## Chapter 24

### SIGNALIZATION PLANS

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## Chapter 24

### SIGNALIZATION PLANS

#### 24.1 General

Signalization Plans are usually a component set of plans. Projects with minor signalization may include these features on sheets in the roadway plan set or on the roadway sheets. When prepared as component plans they shall be assembled as a separate plans set complete with a key sheet, tabulation of quantities and all other relevant signal sheets. The sheets shall be numbered consecutively with the sheet numbers prefixed by the letter T.

The signalization plans show the construction details, electrical circuits, signal phasing and other relevant data.

A complete set of signalization plans shall include the following sheets:

- Key Sheet
- Tabulation of Quantities
- Plan Sheets
- Mast Arm Details (if required)
- Foundation Details - Mast Arms (if required)
- Boring Data Sheets - Mast Arms (if required)

#### 24.2 Key Sheet

The key sheet is the first sheet in the component plans set and shall be prepared as described in **Chapter 3**. The location map, length of project box and contract plans set information are not required on this sheet when shown on the lead key sheet. The index of signalization plans shall be shown on the left of the sheet. The date of the governing ***Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction*** and ***Roadway and Traffic Design Standards*** shall be inserted in a note below the Index of Plan Sheets. Other data, including name, consultant contract number and vendor number of the firm (when plans are prepared by a consultant), shall be shown as described in **Chapter 3**. Refer to **Exhibit T-KS** for an example key sheet.



## 24.3 Tabulation of Quantities and Standard Notes

The tabulation of quantities sheet lists the item numbers, description and quantity of materials. This sheet shall be placed behind the key sheet in plans assembly.

The tabulation of quantities sheet shall be set up as shown in **Exhibit T-Q1**. Pay item numbers shall be listed in numerical order. Provisions shall be made to show the original and final quantities per sheet. Pay item notes and general notes that refer to item numbers, description of work to be performed and quantity estimates shall also be shown on this sheet. If space is limited, notes may be shown on the General Notes Sheet.

On contracts with multiple Financial Project ID's, or federal-aid and non-federal-aid quantities, provisions shall be made to tabulate and summarize their respective quantities.

## 24.4 General Notes

The general notes sheet lists special signal design information such as controller operations, loop installations, signal heads, interconnect cable, and computer interface that is generally not covered in the FDOT Standard Specifications, Supplement or Special Provisions. This sheet shall be placed behind the tabulation of quantities in the plans assembly. On minor projects, general notes may be combined with the tabulation of quantities sheet.

## 24.5 Plan Sheets

### 24.5.1 Format and Scale

Signalization Plans shall be prepared on standard plan format at a scale large enough to show all details clearly and legibly. The recommended scale is 1:400 or 1:500. Usually, the complete intersection shall be shown on one plan sheet. However, for large intersections more sheets may be used with appropriate match lines. A north arrow and scale shall be shown at a point of maximum visibility on the sheet. Refer to **Exhibit T-P1** for an example of a signalization plan sheet.

## 24.5.2 Required Information

The basic information requirements include roadway geometrics, street names, construction stationing or kilometer point/milepost, curb and gutter, drainage inlets, sidewalks and right of way lines as similarly required on the plan portion of the roadway plan-profile sheets. Those underground and overhead utilities, signing structures, and lighting structures that may cause construction conflicts with signal components shall be shown. All locations, including existing trees, should be checked for potential conflicts.

The plan sheet shall also show

- Signal head locations with directional arrows and movements (movements 2 and 6 shall be the major streets)
- Details of signal heads in tabular form with pay item numbers
- Phasing diagram/signal operating plan  
(NOTE: If the SOP conforms to the **Index No. 17870** of the **Roadway and Traffic Design Standards**, then the reference to the index is all that is required. For all other operating plans, the plan shall be shown)
- Signal controller timing chart
- Loop detectors
- Electrical service location
- Location of signal poles and span wires (ground elevation and elevation of roadway crown)
- Signal wire signs
- Pedestrian signals
- Turning radii
- Median nose locations
- Location of "stop bars" and pedestrian crosswalks
- Coordination unit-timing chart
- Lane lines with directional arrows

All equipment shown on the plan shall be clearly labeled and their respective pay item numbers and quantity indicated.

A separate signalization plan shall be prepared for each signalized intersection included in the construction project.

Any span wire or mast arm mounted signs shall be coordinated with the appropriate signing and pavement marking plans to avoid duplication.

The sign details for signs must be included on the signalization plans, if signing and pavement markings are not included in the plans package.

## 24.6 Interconnect/Communication Plan

The interconnect/communication plan is required when signal equipment is being coordinated with other signal installations or with a computerized system. The interconnect/communication plan shows pictorially the placement of interconnect/communication cable, either underground or aerial, and tabulates all related interconnect quantities. The interconnect/communication plan sheet shall indicate all signal poles, service poles, and/or joint-use poles to which interconnect/communication cable will be attached. Stationing shall progress from left to right and top to bottom.

The interconnect/communication plan shall be prepared on standard plan format. Unless otherwise approved, the preferred scale of the interconnect/communication plan shall be 1:1000 for underground cable, and 1:2000 for aerial cable. For simple projects, or sections of a project, "stacking" two plans on one sheet is generally permitted if clarity and legibility are maintained.

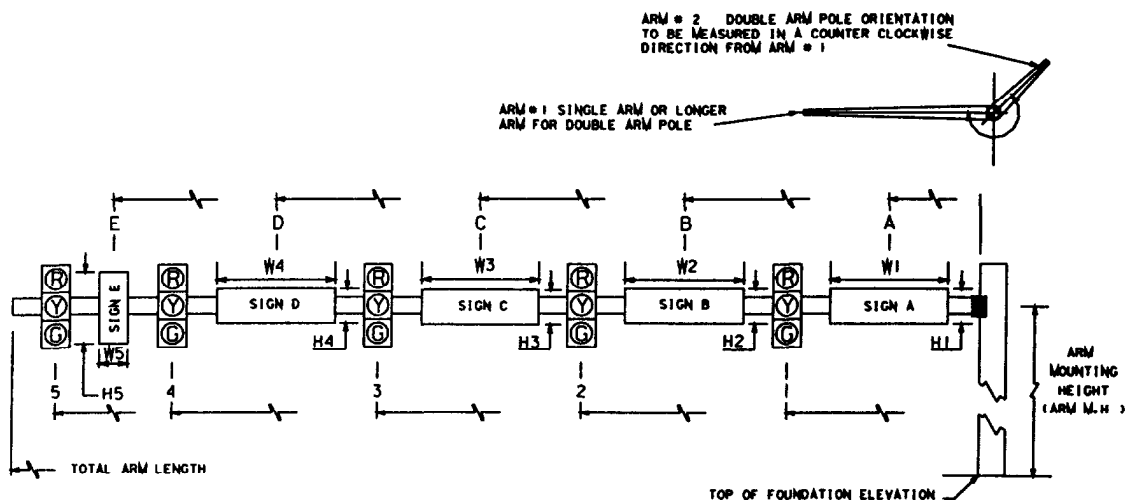
A north arrow and scale shall be shown at a point of maximum visibility on the sheet. If two plans are "stacked" on one sheet, each plan portion shall contain a north arrow and scale.

The basic plan information requirements include roadway schematic, showing cross streets and driveways, cable information, pole location, pole number, utility pole identification number, pay item number and quantity.

## 24.7 Mast Arm Sheets

The Mast Arm Tabulation Sheet, completed by the signal designer, and the Standard Mast Arm Assemblies Design Table, **Structures Standard Drawings S-1700**, completed by the structures designer will be included in the plans. These and the applicable **Interim Standard Indexes** are the only plan sheets required for mast arm assemblies which meet the Department's Standard and are included on the Qualified Products List. The structures data table may be placed on a signal plan sheet, if space permits. Mast arm assemblies which do not meet the mast arm standard will require a special design. The completed Table of Signal Structures Variables, **Structures Standard Drawings S-1710**, will be included in the plans for special designs.

The following instructions are for use with the mast arm tabulation sheet:



- 1 Each mast arm assembly is identified by a unique ID number.
- 2 Dimensions 1-5 are for signals and dimensions A-E are for signs. Record the distance from the edge of the pole, at ground level, to the center of the signal or sign.
- 3 Signals may be mounted vertically or horizontally. Indicate the mounting in the appropriate column in the table
- 4 The entire line for arm #2 and the space for the angle between dual arms are left blank for single arm assemblies
- 5 All arms and poles will be galvanized. If a color is required, indicate the color in the table, otherwise leave blank
- 6 Starting at the pole, select the signals and/or signs that match the configuration you are tabulating. The spaces representing the signs or signals not used will be blank. Example 1 if no sign is located between the pole and signal 1, the spaces for Sign A would be blank. Example 2 A configuration for three signals and one sign between signal 1 and signal 2 – Only the spaces for signals 1, 2, 3 and sign B would be completed, the others will be blank
- 7 Record the number of sections in each signal head in the space following the distance to that head
- 8 Record the height and width of each sign in the space following the distance to the sign.

9. When double arm poles are used for a skewed intersection, the standard design should be used whenever possible. The standard orientation for arm #2 is 90 or 270 degrees measured in a counter clockwise direction from arm #1. The normal orientation of the mast arm is perpendicular to the roadway. Adjustments in mounting hardware can compensate for a skew angle of approximately 15 degrees or more from the normal, depending upon the attachment method. The designer should verify the mounting hardware capability before specifying an arm with a skew greater than 15 degrees.
10. The arm mounting height should be calculated to provide a minimum vertical clearance of 5.35 meters from the roadway crown elevation to the lowest sign or signal. A standard signal section is approximately 350 millimeters square. Therefore the length of a 3-section head is about 1.05 meters and a 5-section is about 1.75 meters. The use of back plates will add about 150 millimeters to each side of the signal head. Additionally, approximately 75 millimeters should be added to the end of the signal head to compensate for the attachment hardware. This information may be used to determine the arm mounting height.
11. The standard handhole location is 180 degrees from arm #1. Other handhole locations must be noted in the Special Instructions.
12. A free swinging internally illuminated street name sign may be attached to the pole by an independent bracket arm if the sign area does not exceed 1.1 square meters and weigh more than 34 kg. The Structures Design Engineer must review other signs attached to the pole or any size sign of this type attached to the signal mast arm.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS			
ID NO	PED BUTTON	PED SIGNALS	HANDHOLE LOCATION

13. The "Special Instructions" Table is used to tabulate pedestrian buttons and pedestrian signal locations and handhole locations when the handholes are not in the standard location. Tabulate the ID No. and the orientation of the pedestrian buttons and signals in degrees measured counter clockwise from arm #1. The handhole location should be left blank if the handhole is in the standard location (see note 11).
14. Arm #1 is the arm for a single arm assembly or the longer arm for a double arm assembly. If the arms are equal length, arm #1 is over the project roadway.

## 24.8 Monotube Sheets

The Monotube Tabulation Sheet, completed by the signal designer, and the Standard Monotube Signal Structure Design Table, **Structures Standard Drawings S-1720**, completed by the structures designer will be included in the plans. These and the applicable **Interim Standard Indexes** are the only plan sheets required for mast arm assemblies which meet the Department's Standard and are included on the Qualified Products List. The structures data table may be placed on a signal plan sheet, if space permits. Monotube assemblies which do not meet the mast arm standard will require a special design. The Structures Design Engineer will provide all design details for a special design to be included in the plans. Shop drawings will be required for a special design.

## **Chapter 25**

### **LIGHTING PLANS**

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	25.5.2 Required Information .....	25-3
25.6	Foundations and Boring Detail Sheets .....	25-4

## Chapter 25

### LIGHTING PLANS

#### 25.1 General

Lighting Plans are usually a component set of plans. Projects with minor lighting may include these features on sheets in the roadway plan set or detailed on the roadway plans. When prepared as component plans they shall be assembled as a separate plans set complete with a key sheet, tabulation of quantities and all other relevant lighting sheets. The sheets shall be numbered consecutively with the sheet numbers prefixed by the letter L.

The lighting plans shall show the construction details, electrical circuits, pole data, conduits, service points, luminaires, foundations, boring details and other relevant data.

A complete set of lighting plans shall include the following sheets:

- Key Sheet
- Tabulation of Quantities
- Pole Data and Legend Sheet
- Plans Sheets or Layout Sheets
- Foundation Details - High Mast (if required)
- Boring Data Sheets - High Mast (if required)

#### 25.2 Key Sheet

The key sheet is the first sheet in the component plans set and shall be prepared as described in **Chapter 3**. The location map, length of project box and contract plans set information are not required on this sheet when shown on the lead key sheet. Index of lighting plans shall be shown on the left of the sheet. The date of the governing **Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction** and **Roadway and Traffic Design Standards** shall be inserted in a note below the index of plan sheets. Other data, including name, consultant contract number and vendor number of the firm (when plans are prepared by a consultant), shall be shown as described in **Chapter 3**. Refer to **Exhibit L-KS** for an example key sheet.



### 25.3 Tabulation of Quantities and Standard Notes

The tabulation of quantities sheet lists the item numbers, description and quantity of materials. This sheet shall be placed behind the key sheet in plans assembly.

The tabulation of quantities sheet shall be set up as shown in **Exhibit L-Q1**. Pay item numbers shall be listed in numerical order. Provisions shall be made to show the original and final quantities per sheet.

On contracts with multiple Financial Project ID's, or federal-aid and non-federal-aid quantities, provisions shall be made to tabulate and summarize their respective quantities.

Pay item notes and standard notes that refer to item numbers shall also be shown on this sheet. General notes shall be shown on a separate plan format sheet. This sheet shall be placed behind the tabulation of quantities in the plans assembly. On minor projects, general notes may be combined with the tabulation of quantities sheet.

### 25.4 Pole Data and Legend Sheet

The pole data sheet shall be prepared on a standard plan format and shall be set up as shown in **Exhibit L-PD1**.

This sheet shall provide a listing of each pole by pole number. The following information shall also be given for each pole:

- Circuit Number
- Roadway Station and Offset
- Arm Length
- Luminaire Wattage
- Mounting Height

The design values for light intensities and uniformity ratios shall be shown together with a legend and description of the symbols used on the plan sheets.

## 25.5 Plan Sheets

### 25.5.1 Format and Scale

The plan sheets shall be prepared on a standard plan format. The scale shall be such that all details are clear and legible. However, the scale shall not be smaller than 1/1000. For simple projects, or for narrow sections of a project, it may be possible to "stack" two plans on one sheet, one below the other. Stationing shall progress from left to right and top to bottom. Clarity and legibility shall be preserved in all cases.

A north arrow and scale shall be shown at a point of maximum visibility on the sheet. If two plans are "stacked" on one sheet, each plan portion shall contain a north arrow and scale.

### 25.5.2 Required Information

The basic information pertaining to roadway geometrics and project limits required on the lighting plan sheets is the same as that required on the plan portion of the roadway plan-profile sheets. Topography and construction details need not be shown. Utilities, drainage, signal structures, sign structures, landscape features, sidewalks, driveways, etc shall be checked for conflicts. Those that may cause conflicts shall be shown.

The lighting layout shall be shown on the plan format. This shall be accomplished by symbols which represent poles, conduits and service points. The symbols used shall be in accordance with the requirements of the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software and shall be used throughout the plans. A flag or note shall be used to identify conduit runs with conductor size or numbers different than that shown on the pole data sheet legend.

The beginning and ending of the lighting limits shall be shown on the appropriate plan sheet(s). The symbols for poles shall be shown at the correct baseline or centerline station and the approximate offset from the roadway noted.

The poles shall be flagged and specific information for each pole shall be shown. The pole number, baseline or centerline station, circuit number and offset from baseline or centerline (for high mast) shall be shown.

The service point locations shall be shown on the plan sheets as determined through utility negotiations. **Index No. 17504** of the *Roadway and Traffic Design Standards* provides details for the service point. The service point shall be shown at the location where it is to

be installed The following information is not covered on the index and must be shown on the plan sheet

Description--voltages, phases, etc Ex 240/480 Volt, 3 wire, Overhead  
Breaker sizes--The main breaker size and the number of branch circuits and the breaker size of each

## 25.6 Foundations and Boring Detail Sheets

The foundation design for conventional poles is shown in the **Roadway and Traffic Design Standards** and need not be shown in the lighting plans Foundations for high mast poles are not in the Standards and must be designed by the responsible structures design engineer of record

Plans showing the foundation details and boring data for high mast poles shall be included in the lighting plans

## Chapter 26

### LANDSCAPE PLANS

26.1	General	26-1
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26.5	Planting and Irrigation Plan Sheets	26-2
26.5.1	Format and Scale	26-2
26.5.2	Requirements for Planting Plan Sheets	26-3
26.5.3	Requirements for Irrigation Plan Sheets	26-4

## Chapter 26

### LANDSCAPE PLANS

#### 26.1 General

Landscape plans are usually a component set of plans. Projects with minor or typical landscaping may include these features on separate sheets in the roadway plans set or features may be detailed on roadway plans sheets. When prepared as component plans they shall be assembled as a separate plans set complete with a key sheet, tabulation of quantities and all other relevant landscape sheets. The sheets shall be numbered consecutively with the sheet numbers prefixed by the letters LD.

A complete set of landscape plans shall include the following:

- Key sheet
- Tabulation of Quantities
- Planting Sheets
- Irrigation Layout
- Details Sheet
- Other relevant plan sheets as outlined in this chapter

Additional information regarding landscape plans may be found in the *Florida Highway Landscape Guide* and the *Highway Landscape, Beautification, and Plan Review Procedure (Topic No. 650-050-001)*. Standard landscape symbols are contained in the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software.

As stated in *Chapter 481, Part II Florida Statutes* and *Rule Chapter 61G10-11.010 (2)*: "All plans, specifications or reports, including all permit documents, prepared or issued by the registered landscape architect and filed for public record shall be signed by the registered landscape architect, dated and stamped with his seal."

#### 26.2 Key Sheet

The key sheet is the first sheet in the component plans set and shall be prepared as described in **Chapter 3**. The location map, length of project box and contract plans set information are not required if shown on the lead key sheet. The index of landscape plans shall be shown on the left of the sheet. The date of the governing **Standard**

**Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and Roadway and Traffic Design Standards** shall be inserted in a note below the Index of Landscape Plans. Other data, including name, consultant contract number and vendor number of the firm (when plans are prepared by a consultant) shall be shown as described in **Chapter 3**.

### **26.3 Tabulation of Quantities**

The tabulation of quantities sheet shall be prepared on a standard plan format and shall show all pay items, the breakdown of plants or materials within each pay item as applicable, the quantities of each, and the total quantities for all pay items. Pay items shall be listed in numerical order. Plant quantities may be tabulated by sheet either on this or on a separate sheet of "Quantities by Sheet".

Notes referring to specific pay items should be shown on this sheet. Notes of a more general nature may be shown on this sheet or on the details sheet.

The tabulation of quantities sheet or a similar sheet should also be utilized to tabulate the materials required for the construction of irrigation systems.

On contracts with multiple Financial Project ID's or federal aid and non-federal aid quantities, provisions shall be made to tabulate and summarize their respective quantities.

### **26.4 Details Sheet**

This sheet shall show all details which are applicable to the project. General notes and additional landscape and/or irrigation detail drawings may also be shown on this sheet.

## **26.5 Planting and Irrigation Plan Sheets**

### **26.5.1 Format and Scale**

Plan sheets shall be prepared on a standard plan sheet format. The scale shall be such that all details are clear and legible. However, the scale shall not be smaller than 1/1000. For simple projects, or narrow sections of a project, it may be possible to "stack" two plans on one sheet, one below the other. Stationing shall progress from left to right and top to bottom. Clarity and legibility shall be preserved in all cases.

A north arrow and graphic scale shall be shown, as applicable, at a point of maximum visibility on the sheet. If two plans are "stacked" on one sheet, each plan portion shall contain a north arrow and scale.

## 26.5.2 Requirements for Planting Plan Sheets

The base information required is as follows:

- Project Centerline
- Edge of Pavement (edge of traffic lanes)
- Curbs or Curb and Gutter
- Drainage Structures
- Guardrails
- Right of way and/or Limited Access Fence Line
- Sidewalks or other planned or existing structures
- Lighting, signs and signal poles
- Intersections and driveways
- Overhead and Underground Utility Locations
- Clear Zone/Horizontal Clearance (should be plotted or safety setback distances noted frequently on each plan sheet)
- Vegetation Management Zones for permitted outdoor advertising signs
- Canopy limits and location of existing vegetation
- Limits of clear sight (**Index No. 546** of the *Roadway and Traffic Design Standards*)

All plants shall be located on the plans, with the following information provided in the plant schedule:

- Common name
- Botanical name, including variety or cultivar
- Quantity
- Size when installed (height, spread, container size, clear trunk, multi-trunk, caliper, etc.)
- Maximum maintained or typical mature height, spread and trunk diameter (150 mm above the ground) of normal mature specimens

### **26.5.3 Requirements for Irrigation Plan Sheets**

These sheets shall be prepared using the planting plan sheets (devoid of unnecessary text and labeling) and shall contain all details and information pertaining to the irrigation system



## Chapter 27

### UTILITY JOINT PARTICIPATION AGREEMENT PLANS

27.1	General	27-1
27.2	Key Sheet	27-2
27.3	Tabulation of Quantities	27-2
27.4	Plan Sheets	27-2

## Chapter 27

### UTILITY JOINT PARTICIPATION AGREEMENT PLANS

#### 27.1 General

Most utility adjustment work is performed by the utility owners or their contractor. In some cases it is advantageous to the FDOT and Utility to include the utility work as part of the roadway contract. In such cases the FDOT will enter into an agreement with a Utility for this purpose. These agreements are called Joint Participation Agreements or JPA's. The highway contractor is required to construct or relocate the specified utilities in accordance with the plans and special provisions developed by the Utility and incorporated as part of the bid package. More than one utility plans set may be included. For example, the contract plans may include separate plans for a gas utility and a water utility. It is also possible for the utilities to combine their individual facilities into one plans set and supply them to the FDOT. It is essential that the Engineer of Record (EOR) be aware which method is to be used. This is necessary because reimbursable costs and quantities must be separated and identified in each utility project.

Occasionally utility work may extend outside the normal construction limits of the project. When this is the case the limits of the utility work shall be shown or noted on the plans.

For JPA's, the utility plans shall be prepared in the same basic format as FDOT plans and as a separate plans set. The plans shall contain the following:

- Key Sheet
- Tabulation of Quantities
- Plan-Profile Sheets
- Cross Sections (as required)
- Detail Sheets (as required)

The plans shall also reflect any special technical or relocation agreement provisions. In some cases it may not be practical or reasonable to develop separate plans sets for incidental construction under a JPA. The EOR should consult with the District Utility Engineer to determine the requirements in these cases. For further guidance, the FDOT's *Utility User's Handbook* and the *JPA Handbook* should be used.

## 27.2 Key Sheet

The key sheet, which shall be the first sheet in the set, shall be prepared on a standard key sheet format as described in **Chapter 3** of this volume. Contract plans set information, location map and length of project box are not required if shown on the lead key sheet (usually roadway). An index of plan sheets shall be shown on the left side of the utility plans key sheet. The date of the governing ***Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction*** and ***Roadway and Traffic Design Standards*** shall be inserted in a note at the lower left corner of the key sheet.

In the Financial Project ID, the phase number 56 indicates reimbursable work, and 52 indicates non-reimbursable work. All other data shall be as described in **Chapter 3** of this volume.

## 27.3 Tabulation of Quantities

The tabulation of quantities sheet shall be prepared in standard FDOT format and should show any quantities tabulated for location, size, quantity, etc. Standard notes referring to item numbers shall also be shown on this sheet or on plan sheets.

Summary of pay item sheets will be prepared as noted in **Chapter 4**.

## 27.4 Plan Sheets

Utility plans shall show full construction details for all utilities to be relocated or constructed by the contractor as covered by the JPA Agreement. A plan-profile sheet format should be utilized where appropriate. All underground utilities shall be shown in the plan portion, and those which equal or exceed 100 mm (4") shall also be shown in the profile portion. All above ground Utilities shall be shown in the plan portion (inclusive of underground connections).

When the construction limits are restricted such as when a power line is above and near a sanitary or water facility, either the facility (overhead lines) must be identified and shown in profile, or the minimum available vertical clearances, along with the type facility, stated on the plans. Applicable project information shall be shown similar to that described in **Chapter 10**. Utilities to be relocated or constructed shall be shown in plan and profile and in accordance with the FDOT Engineering/CADD Systems Software. When practical, the scale used should be the same as that used for the roadway plan-profile sheets.

**COMPONENTS OF CONTRACT PLANS SET**

- ROADWAY PLANS
- SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING PLANS
- SIGNALIZATION PLANS
- LIGHTING PLANS
- LANDSCAPE PLANS
- ARCHITECTURAL PLANS
- STRUCTURE PLANS

EXAMPLE ONLY CONTRACT PLANS SET  
MAY NOT CONTAIN ALL OF THE LISTED  
COMPONENTS/SHEETS

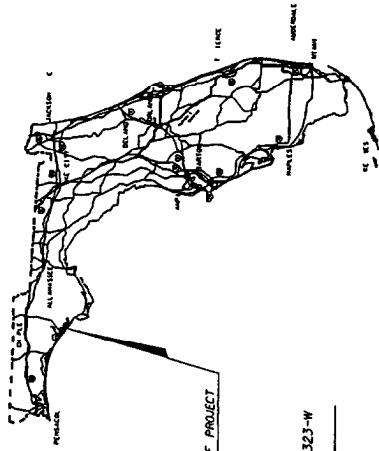
A DETAILED INDEX APPEARS ON THE  
KEY SHEET OF EACH COMPONENT

**INDEX OF ROADWAY PLANS**

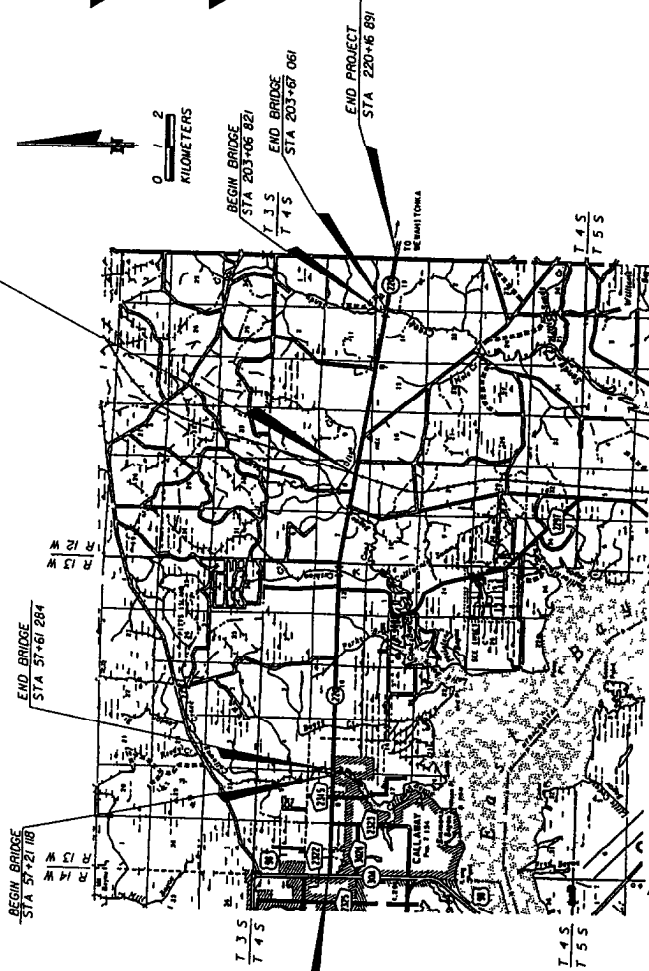
SHEET NO	SHEET DESCRIPTION
1	KEY SHEET
2 - 24	SUMMARY OF PAY ITEMS
3	DRAINAGE MAP
4 - 5	TYPICAL SECTIONS
6	TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS
7 - 13	SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES
8 - 14	BOX CULVERT DATA SHEETS
15 - 16	SUMMARY OF DRAINAGE STRUCTURES
17	PROJECT LAYOUT
18 - 22	ROADWAY PLAN-PROFILES
23 - 24	SPECIAL PROFILES
25	INTERSECTION LAYOUT/DETAIL
26 - 32	DRAINAGE STRUCTURES
33	LATERAL DITCH PLAN-PROFILES
34	LATERAL DITCH CROSS SECTIONS
35	SPECIAL DETAILS
36	ROADWAY SOIL SURVEY
37 - 47	CROSS SECTIONS
48 - 52	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS
53 - 57	UTILITY ADJUSTMENTS
58 - 62	SELECTIVE CLEARING AND GRUBBING

**STATE OF FLORIDA**  
**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**  
**CONTRACT PLANS**

FINANCIAL PROJECT ID 000001-1-52-01  
(FEDERAL FUNDS)  
BAY COUNTY (46001)  
STATE ROAD NO 220



DOT/AAE CROSSING NO 620323-W  
RR MP .829 B50, CSXT, INC  
STA H8+79 TO 70



BEGIN PROJECT  
STA 25+07.705  
to 5.781 = MP 3.592

GOVERNING STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS  
FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
PAVING AND TRAFFIC DESIGN STANDARDS  
DATED JANUARY 1988 AND  
STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE  
CONSTRUCTION DATED 1988  
AS AMENDED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

REVISIONS  
FINANCIAL PROJECT ID 000001-52-01  
Roadway Sheets 1, 6, 7 & 12 (Revised 3-30-96)  
Signing & Pavement Marking Sheets 2, 4 & 5-3 (Revised 3-30-96)  
Signalization Sheets 7 & 8 (Revised 3-30-96)  
Roadway Sheets 9 & 10 (Revised 3-31-97)  
Summary of Pay Items (Revised 3-31-97)

FINANCIAL PROJECT ID 000001-52-04  
Roadway Sheets 1 & 10 (Revised 3-31-97)  
Structure Sheets 8, 9 & C-1 into C-2 (Revised 8-30-97)

LENGTH OF PROJECT	
ROADWAY	METERS
BRIDGES	408.780
NET LENGTH OF PROJ.	100.406
EXCEPTIONS	509.086
GROSS LENGTH OF PROJ.	509.086

FDOT PROJECT MANAGER

KEY SHEET REVISIONS	
DATE	BY
3-96	LBW
	Revised sequence of contract plans

ROADWAY PLANS  
ENGINEER OF RECORD

P. E. NO

EXHIBIT **KS-1**  
Date 1/1/00

FISCAL YEAR	SHEET NO
-------------	----------

ROADWAY SHOP DRAWINGS  
TO BE SUBMITTED TO

NAME(S) AND ADDRESSES OF  
ENGINEER(S) RESPONSIBLE FOR REVIEW  
OF SHOP DRAWINGS WHEN REQUIRED

PLANS PREPARED BY

NAME ADDRESS CONTRACT NUMBER AND  
VENDOR NUMBER OF THE CONSULTANT FIRM  
WHEN THE PLANS ARE PREPARED BY  
A CONSULTANT

NOTE THIS PROJECT TO BE LET TO CONTRACT  
WITH FINANCIAL PROJECT ID 000001-52-04

NOTE THE SCALE OF THESE PLANS MAY  
HAVE CHANGED BY REPRODUCTION

NOTE THIS IS A METRIC UNIT PROJECT

**COMPONENTS OF CONTRACT PLANS SET**

- ROADWAY PLANS
- SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING PLANS
- SIGNALIZATION PLANS
- LANDSCAPE PLANS
- ARCHITECTURAL PLANS
- STRUCTURE PLANS

EXAMPLE ONLY CONTRACT PLANS SET  
MAY NOT CONTAIN ALL OF THE LISTED  
COMPONENTS/SHEETS

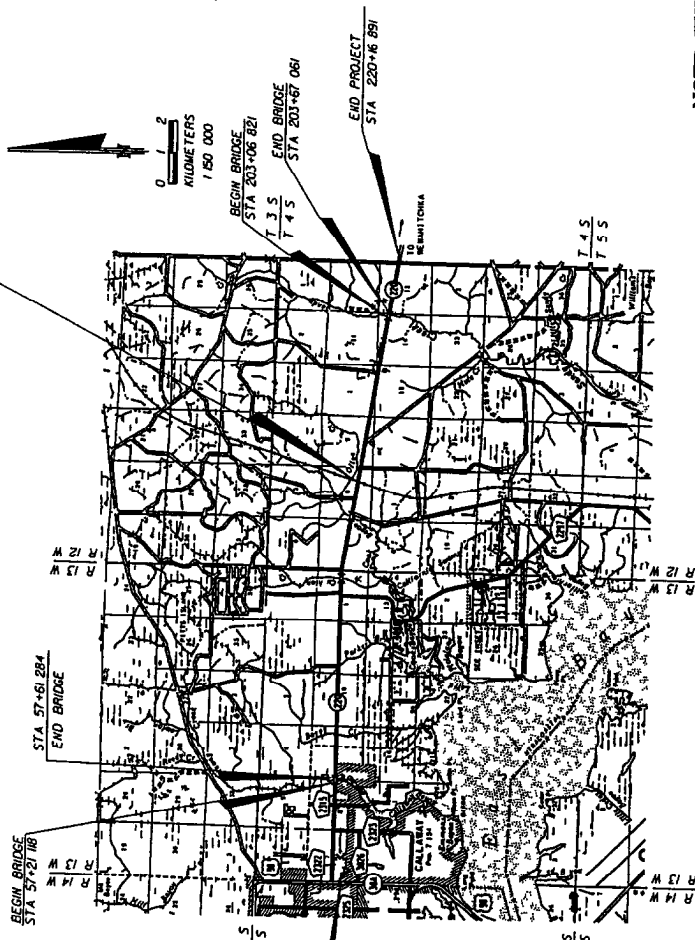
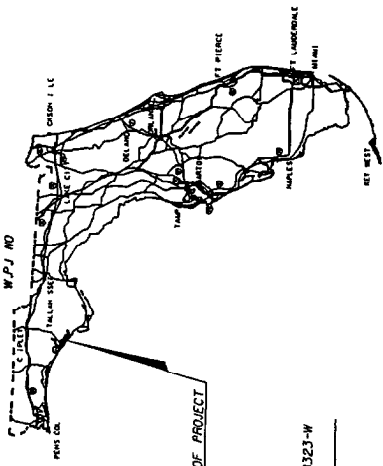
A DETAILED INDEX APPEARS ON THE  
KEY SHEET OF EACH COMPONENT

**INDEX OF ROADWAY PLANS**

SHEET NO	SHEET DESCRIPTION
1	KEY SHEET
2 - 2A	SUMMARY OF PAY ITEMS
3	DRAINAGE MAP
4 - 5	TYPICAL SECTIONS
6	TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS
7 - 13	SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES
8 - 14	BOX CULVERT DATA SHEETS
15 - 16	SUMMARY OF DRAINAGE STRUCTURES
17	PROJECT LAYOUT
18 - 22	ROADWAY PLAN-PROFILES
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35	SPECIAL DETAILS
36	ROADWAY SOIL SURVEY
37 - 47	CROSS SECTIONS
48 - 52	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS
53 - 57	UTILITY ADJUSTMENTS
58 - 62	SELECTIVE CLEARING AND GRUBBING

**STATE OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
CONTRACT PLANS**

FINANCIAL PROJECT ID 000001-1-52-01  
STATE PROJECT NO 00001-3502  
(FEDERAL FUNDS)  
BAY COUNTY ROAD NO 220  
STATE ROAD NO 220



ROADWAY SHOP DRAWINGS  
TO BE SUBMITTED TO

NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(S) OF  
ENGINEER(S) RESPONSIBLE FOR REVIEW  
OF SHOP DRAWINGS WHEN REQUIRED

PLANS PREPARED BY

NAME, ADDRESS, CONTRACT NUMBER AND  
VENDOR NUMBER OF THE CONSULTANT FIRM  
WHEN THE PLANS ARE PREPARED BY  
A CONSULTANT

NOTE THIS PROJECT TO BE LET TO CONTRACT  
WITH FINANCIAL PROJECT ID 000001-52-04

NOTE THE SCALE OF THESE PLANS MAY  
HAVE CHANGED BY REPRODUCTION

**LENGTH OF PROJECT**

ROADWAY	METERS
BRIDGES	19 408.280
NET LENGTH OF PROJ.	100.406
EXCEPTIONS	19 509.186
GROSS LENGTH OF PROJ.	19 509.186

**KEY SHEET REVISIONS**

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION
3-96	JRW	Revised sequence of contract plans

**NOTE THIS IS A METRIC UNIT PROJECT**

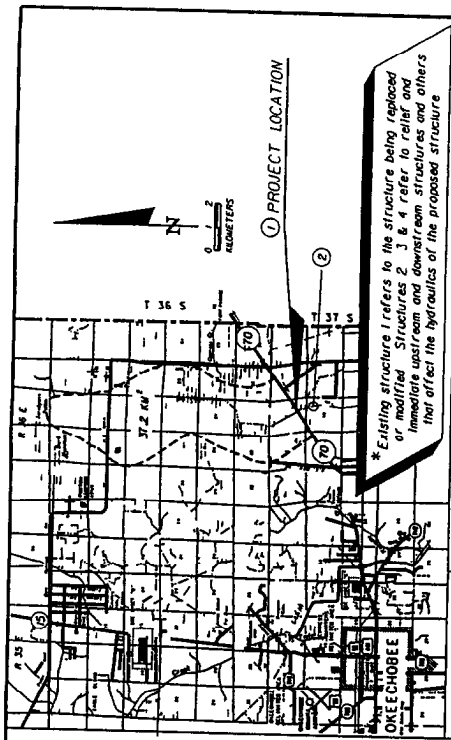
ROADWAY PLANS  
ENGINEER OF RECORD

P. E. NO \_\_\_\_\_

EXHIBIT **KS-2**  
Date 1/1/00

FISCAL YEAR	
SHEET NO	

11/11/2000 11:55:00 AM C:\PROJECTS\ROADWAY\ROADWAY.DWG



**\* EXISTING STRUCTURES**

(1) Cont. This	(2) TYP.	(3) I	(4) I
SPAN LENGTH	50.0	50.0	50.0
PIER CONSTRUCTION	CONCRETE	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
PIER WIDTH	12.0	12.0	12.0
PIER SPACING	37.2	37.2	37.2
PIER NUMBER	1, 2, 3	1, 2, 3	1, 2, 3

**\* PROPOSED STRUCTURE**

CONSTRUCTION	CONCRETE
SPAN LENGTH	50.0
PIER CONSTRUCTION	CONCRETE
PIER WIDTH	12.0
PIER SPACING	37.2
PIER NUMBER	1, 2, 3

\* Existing structure refers to the structure being replaced or modified. Structures 2, 3 & 4 refer to relief and other structures upstream and downstream structures and others that affect the hydraulics of the proposed structure.

**HYDRAULIC DESIGN DATA**

NOTE: The hydraulic data is shown for informational purposes only to indicate the flood discharges and water surface elevations which may be anticipated in various reaches of the stream. The data was generated using highly variable factors determined by a study of the watershed. Many judgments and assumptions are involved in the determination of the data. The resulting hydraulic data is sensitive to changes in particularly antecedent conditions, urbanization, channelization, and land use. Users of this data are cautioned against the assumption of precision which cannot be obtained.

**Design Flood** Utilized to assure a desired level of hydraulic performance.

**Base Flood** Has a 1% chance of being exceeded in any given year (100 year frequency).

**Outstanding Flood** Has a 1% chance of being exceeded over a watershed divide or thru emergency relief structures.

**Great Flood** The most severe that can be predicted where overlapping is not precluded.

**WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS:** M.H.W. (Mean-High Water), M.L.W. (Mean-Low Water), M.L.H. (Mean-High Tide), M.L.L. (Mean-Low Tide)

FLOOD DATA:	BASE FLOOD	DESIGN FLOOD	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION
STAGE ELEV. (ft)	50.0	50.0	50.0
DISCHARGE (cfs)	1000	1000	1000
AVERAGE VELOCITY (ft/sec)	1.0	1.0	1.0
EXCEEDANCE PER CENT	100	100	100
FREQUENCY (yr)	100	100	100

**SCOUR PREDICTIONS FOR PROPOSED STRUCTURE DESCRIBED ABOVE**

12. MINIMUM PER INFORMATION	LONG TERM SCOUR ELEV.	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION
13. MAXIMUM PER INFORMATION	SCOUR ELEV.	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION
14. AVERAGE PER INFORMATION	SCOUR ELEV.	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION
15. MINIMUM PER INFORMATION	SCOUR ELEV.	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION
16. MAXIMUM PER INFORMATION	SCOUR ELEV.	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION

**HYDRAULIC RECOMMENDATIONS**

1. BEGIN BRIDGE STATION	45+00.00	END BRIDGE STATION	45+60.00
2. CLEARANCE PROPOSED NAV. HORIZ.	5.0	VERT. CLEAR. ABOVE EL. B.D.	10.0
3. MINIMUM CLEARANCE NAV. HORIZ.	3.0	VERT. CLEAR. ABOVE EL. B.D.	10.0
4. ABUTMENTS	RUBBLE GRADE, BEGIN BRIDGE, END BRIDGE, BANK AND SHOULDER		
5. DECK DRAINAGE	SPREAD IS CONTAINED IN SHOULDER. RUNOFF CAPTURED BY INLET AT BEG. BRIDGE.		

**REMARKS:** (1) Bridge mentioned to accommodate existing proposed structures in the west. (2) Bridge mentioned to accommodate existing proposed structures in the west. (3) Due to anticipated channel migration to the west and east of abutment, abutment pier No. 4 will require channel bank apron.

**EXHIBIT BHD-1**  
Date 1/1/00

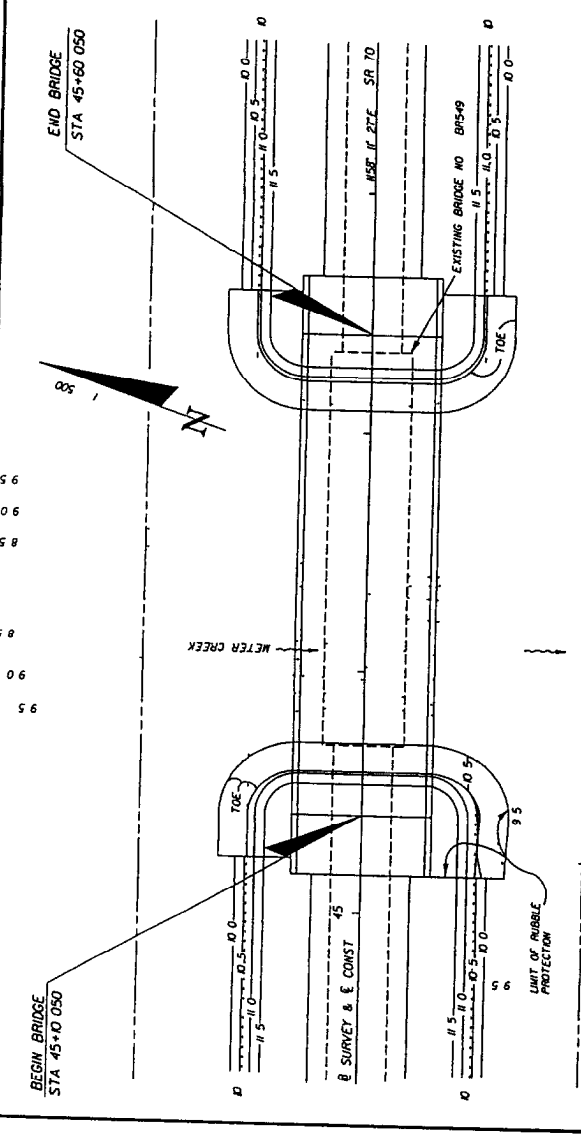
**BRIDGE HYDRAULIC RECOMMENDATIONS**

STATE OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ROAD NO. \_\_\_\_\_  
COUNTY \_\_\_\_\_  
FINANCIAL PROJECT ID \_\_\_\_\_

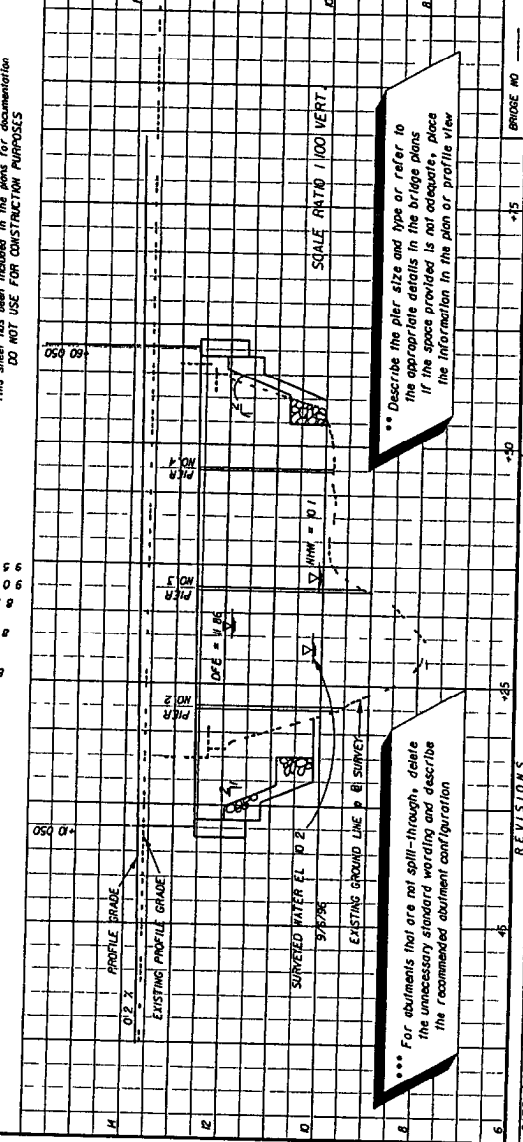
ENGINEER OF RECORD \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
REVISIONS \_\_\_\_\_

DATE BY DESCRIPTION  
DATE BY DESCRIPTION

SHEET NO. \_\_\_\_\_



This sheet has been included in the plans for documentation  
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES



SCALE RATIO 1/100 VERT.

\*\*\* For abutments that are not spill-through, delete the unnecessary standard wording and describe the recommended abutment configuration.

\*\*\* Describe the pier size and type or refer to the appropriate details in the bridge plans. If the space provided is not adequate, place the information in the plan or profile view.

STATE OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ROAD NO. \_\_\_\_\_  
COUNTY \_\_\_\_\_  
FINANCIAL PROJECT ID \_\_\_\_\_

ENGINEER OF RECORD \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
REVISIONS \_\_\_\_\_

DATE BY DESCRIPTION  
DATE BY DESCRIPTION

SHEET NO. \_\_\_\_\_

SUMMARY OF BRIDGE		PAY ITEMS		99000 3011		QUANTITY	
A S L P T C	ITEM NUMBER	ITEM	UNIT	IT	PA NON PART	QUANTITY	TOTAL
	12110 3	STRUCTURES REMOVAL OF EXISTING	LS			1 000	1 000
	12400 7	BRIDGE FLOOR GROOVING	WZ			2174 000	2174 000
	12410 4	REINFORCING STEEL (SUBSTRUCTURE)	WC			13352 000	13352 000
	12415 5	REINFORCING STEEL (SUBSTRUCTURE)	WC			28364 000	28364 000
	12435 3	PILING FURNISHED (PRESTRESSED CONCRETE) (455MM SQ)	LM			1680 000	1680 000
	12435 4	PILING FURNISHED (PRESTRESSED CONCRETE) (455MM SQ)	LM			1680 000	1680 000
	12455 15	PILE NAIL PREFORMED	EA			8 000	8 000
	12455 17	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 18	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 19	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 20	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 21	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 22	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 23	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 24	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 25	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 26	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 27	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 28	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 29	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 30	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 31	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 32	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 33	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 34	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 35	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 36	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 37	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 38	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 39	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 40	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 41	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 42	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 43	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 44	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 45	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 46	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 47	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 48	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 49	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 50	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 51	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 52	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 53	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 54	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 55	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 56	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 57	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 58	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 59	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000
	12455 60	PILE EXCAVATION 1.0 ISM PENETRATION (455MM SQ)	EA			4 000	4 000

NOTE IDENTIFIES ITEMS NORMALLY REQUIRING SHOP DRAWINGS CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE OTHER ITEMS REQUIRING SHOP DRAWINGS

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY		PAY ITEMS		99000 3011		QUANTITY	
A S L P T C	ITEM NUMBER	ITEM	UNIT	IT	PA NON PART	QUANTITY	TOTAL
	2101 1	MOBILIZATION	EA			1 000	1 000
	2102 1	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 2	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 3	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 4	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 5	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 6	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 7	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 8	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 9	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 10	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 11	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 12	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 13	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 14	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 15	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 16	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 17	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 18	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 19	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 20	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 21	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 22	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 23	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 24	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 25	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 26	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 27	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 28	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
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	2102 55	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 56	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 57	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 58	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 59	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000
	2102 60	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS			1 000	1 000

EXHIBIT SPH-1  
Date 1/1/00  
SHEET 1 of 2

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	SUMMARY OF PAY ITEMS	SHEET NO
ROAD NO	COUNTY	PROJECT ID
DATE	REVISIONS	DESCRIPTION
BY	DATE	BY
DESCRIPTION	ENGINEER OF RECORD	

99000 3011

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY		PAY ITEMS		CONTRACT ITEMS CONTINUED		QUANTITY	
A S P T C	ITEM NUMBER	ROADWAY ITEM	PAY ITEMS ITEM	UN 99000 3011 IT EA NON PART	UN 99000 3011 IT EA NON PART	QUANTITY TOTAL	QUANTITY TOTAL
	12710 29	REFLECTIVE PAINT (ISLAND HOSE) (WHITE)		142		814 000	814 000

NOTE IDENTIFIES ITEMS NORMALLY REQUIRING SHOP DRAWINGS CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE OTHER ITEMS REQUIRING SHOP DRAWINGS

99000 3011

SUMMARY OF SIGNING		PAY ITEMS		UN 99000 3011 IT EA NON PART		QUANTITY	
A S P T C	ITEM NUMBER	SIGNING ITEM	PAY ITEMS ITEM	UN 99000 3011 IT EA NON PART	UN 99000 3011 IT EA NON PART	QUANTITY TOTAL	QUANTITY TOTAL
	12700 40	1 SIGN SINGLE POST	(1 25) AS	159 000		159 000	159 000
	12700 41	1 SIGN MULTI POST	(1 25 OR GREATER) AS	11 000		11 000	11 000
	12700 42	1 SIGN EXISTING (REMOVAL)	(1 SINGLE POST) AS	157 000		157 000	157 000
	12700 43	1 SIGN EXISTING (REMOVAL)	(MULTI POST) AS	6 000		6 000	6 000
	12700 44	1 SIGN EXISTING (REMOVAL)	(MULTI POST) AS	6 000		6 000	6 000
	12706 1	PAVEMENT MESSAGE (THERMOPLASTIC)	(CLASS B) EA	48 000		48 000	48 000
	12711 3	DIRECTIONAL ARROW (THERMOPLASTIC)	EA	40 000		40 000	40 000
	32711 4	TRAFFIC STRIPE SOLID (THERMOPLASTIC)	(WHITE) GA	25 000		25 000	25 000
	32711 35	TRAFFIC STRIPE SOLID (THERMOPLASTIC)	(WHITE) GA	407 000		407 000	407 000
	32711 35 24	TRAFFIC STRIPE SOLID (THERMOPLASTIC)	(WHITE) (SODIUM) GA	407 000		407 000	407 000
	32711 37	TRAFFIC STRIPE SOLID (THERMOPLASTIC)	(WHITE) (SODIUM) GA	35 500		35 500	35 500

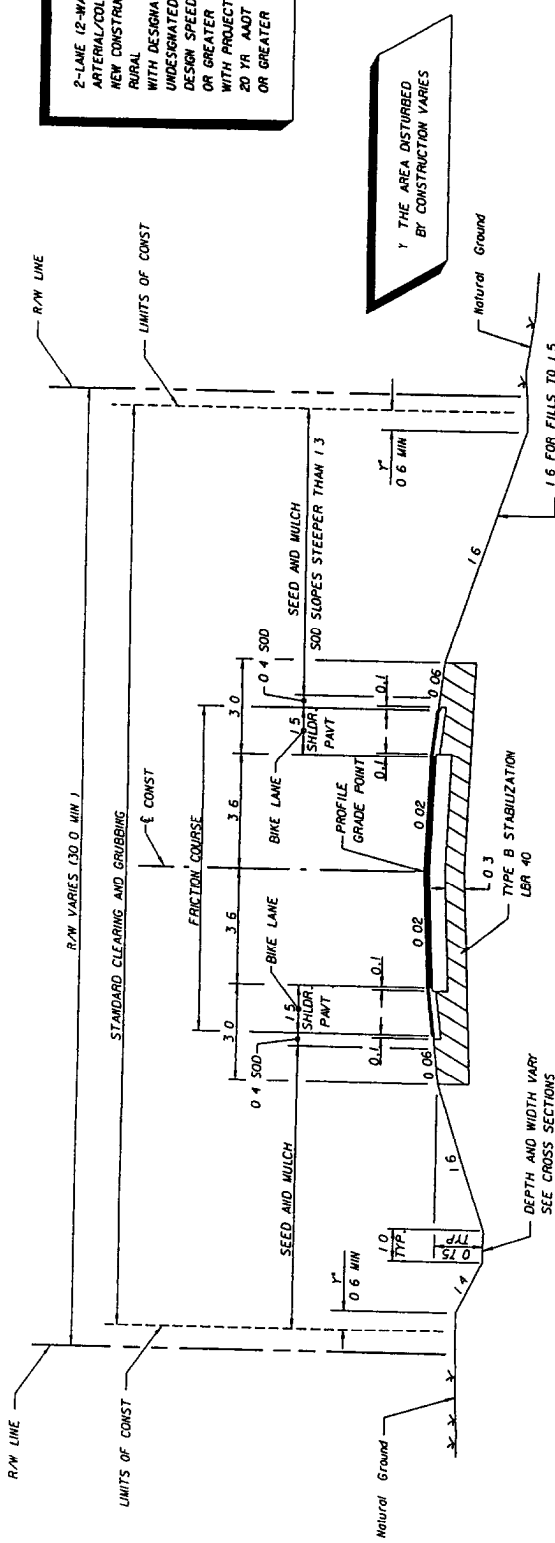
NOTE IDENTIFIES ITEMS NORMALLY REQUIRING SHOP DRAWINGS CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE OTHER ITEMS REQUIRING SHOP DRAWINGS

EXHIBIT SPI-2  
Date 1/1/00

SHEET 2 of 2

STATE OF FLORIDA		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		ENGINEER OF RECORD		SHEET NO	
ROAD NO		COUNTY		FINANCIAL PROJECT ID		SUMMARY OF PAY ITEMS	
DATE	BY	DATE	BY	DATE	BY	DATE	BY
REVISIONS		REVISIONS		REVISIONS		REVISIONS	
DESCRIPTION	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DATE

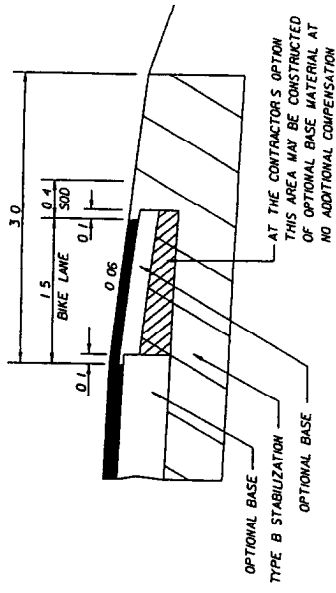




2-LANE (2-WAY)  
ARTERIAL/COLLECTOR  
NEW CONSTRUCTION  
RURAL  
WITH DESIGNATED OR  
UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANE  
DESIGN SPEED 90 km/h  
OR GREATER  
WITH PROTECTED  
20 YR AADT OF 1500  
OR GREATER

Y THE AREA DISTURBED  
BY CONSTRUCTION VARIES

NOTE  
HEIGHT OF FILL IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE EDGE  
OF THE OUTSIDE TRAVEL LANE TO TOE OF FRONT SLOPE



SHOULDER PAVEMENT DETAIL

EXHIBIT TYP-1  
Date 1/1/00

**TRAFFIC DATA**  
CURRENT YEAR = 1994 AADT = 6800  
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 1998 AADT = 7600  
ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2018 AADT = 15 000  
K = 10.7, D = 577, T = 87 (24 HOUR)  
DESIGN HOUR T = 4/  
DESIGN SPEED = 90 km/h

**TYPICAL SECTION**  
SR 10 (U.S. 90-A)  
STA. 10+00.000 TO STA. 30+00.000

NEW CONSTRUCTION

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 8 WITH  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 4) (50 mm)  
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-6 (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

SHOULDER PAVEMENT

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH  
FRICTION COURSE FC-6 (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

DESIGNATED BIKE LANES ARE TO BE LABELED  
ON TYPICAL UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANES  
SHOULD NOT BE LABELED ON TYPICAL

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR  
CURRENT YEAR OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR  
POSTED SPEED (MPH) IS OPTIONAL

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS

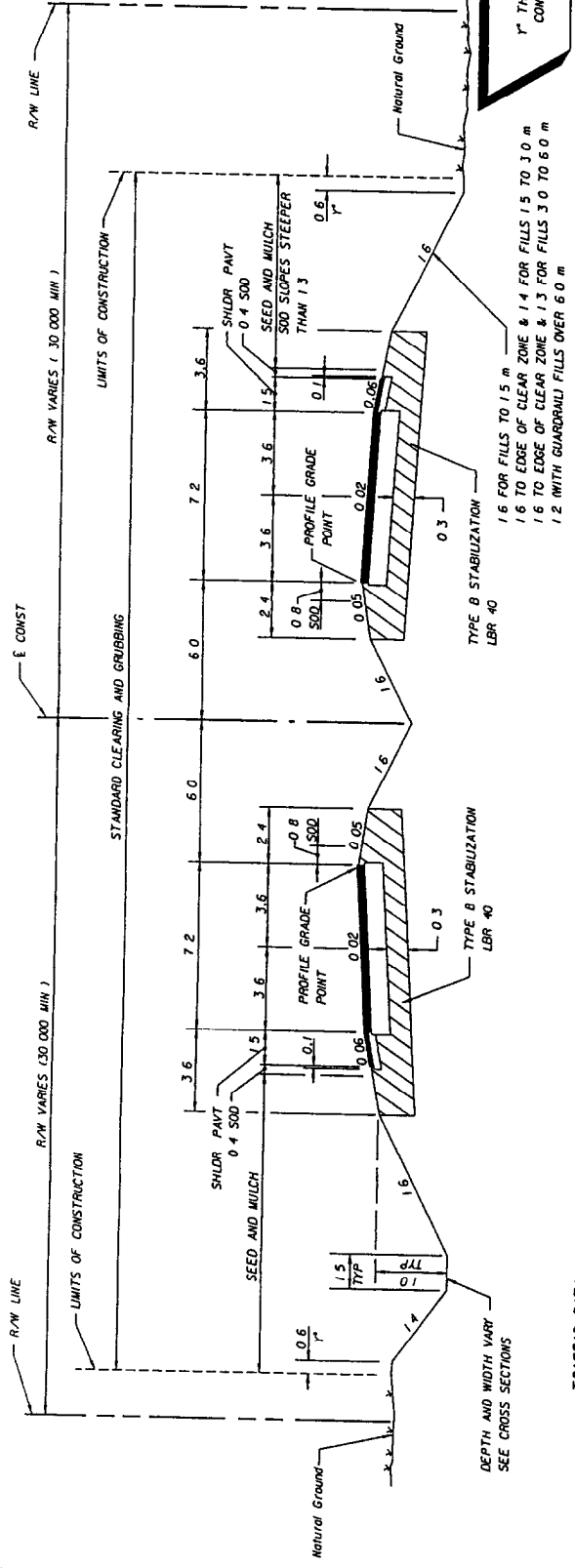
ENGINEER OF RECORD

STATES OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ROAD NO. COUNTY TRACIAL PROJECT ID

**TYPICAL SECTION**

SHEET NO

4 LANE  
ARTERIAL/COLLECTOR  
NEW CONSTRUCTION  
DIVIDED  
RURAL  
WITH DESIGNATED OR  
UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANE  
WITH PROJECTED  
20 YR ADOT OF 1500  
OR GREATER  
DESIGN SPEED GREATER  
THAN 80 km/h



**TRAFFIC DATA**  
 CURRENT YEAR = 1994 ADOT = 6800  
 ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 1998 ADOT = 7600  
 ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2018 ADOT = 15 000  
 $K = 10.7$ ,  $D = 57$ ,  $T = 4.7$ ,  $8.4$  (24 HOUR)  
 DESIGN HOUR  $T = 4.7$   
 DESIGN SPEED = 90 km/h

**TYPICAL SECTION  
 SR 500**  
 STA. 63+65.420 TO STA. 189+65.140

- NEW CONSTRUCTION
  - OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 5) (90 mm) AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)
- SHOULDER PAVEMENT
  - OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 5) (40 mm) AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

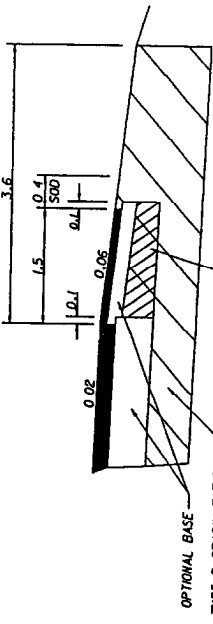
DESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHALL BE LABELED ON TYPICAL UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHOULD NOT BE LABELED ON TYPICAL

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR CURRENT YEAR OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR POSTED SPEED (MPH) IS OPTIONAL

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER

**NOTE**  
 HEIGHT OF FILL IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE EDGE OF THE OUTSIDE TRAVEL LANE TO TOE OF FRONT SLOPE

1.6 FOR FILLS TO 1.5 m  
 1.6 TO EDGE OF CLEAR ZONE & 1.4 FOR FILLS 1.5 TO 3.0 m  
 1.6 TO EDGE OF CLEAR ZONE & 1.3 FOR FILLS 3.0 TO 6.0 m  
 1.2 (WITH GUARDRAIL) FILLS OVER 6.0 m



SHOULDER PAVEMENT DETAIL

EXHIBIT TYP-2  
 Date 1/1/00

STATE OF FLORIDA		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		FINANCIAL PROJECT NO.		ROAD NO.		COMMIT.		ENGINEER OF RECORD.		DESCRIPTION		REVISIONS		DATE		BY		SHEET NO.	
<b>TYPICAL SECTION</b>																					

5-LANE ARTERIAL/COLLECTOR NEW CONSTRUCTION UNDIVIDED URBAN WITH DESIGNATED OR UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANE MINIMUM RIGHT OF WAY DESIGN SPEED 80 km/h OR LESS OR WITH PROJECTED 20 YR ADOT OF 1500 OR GREATER

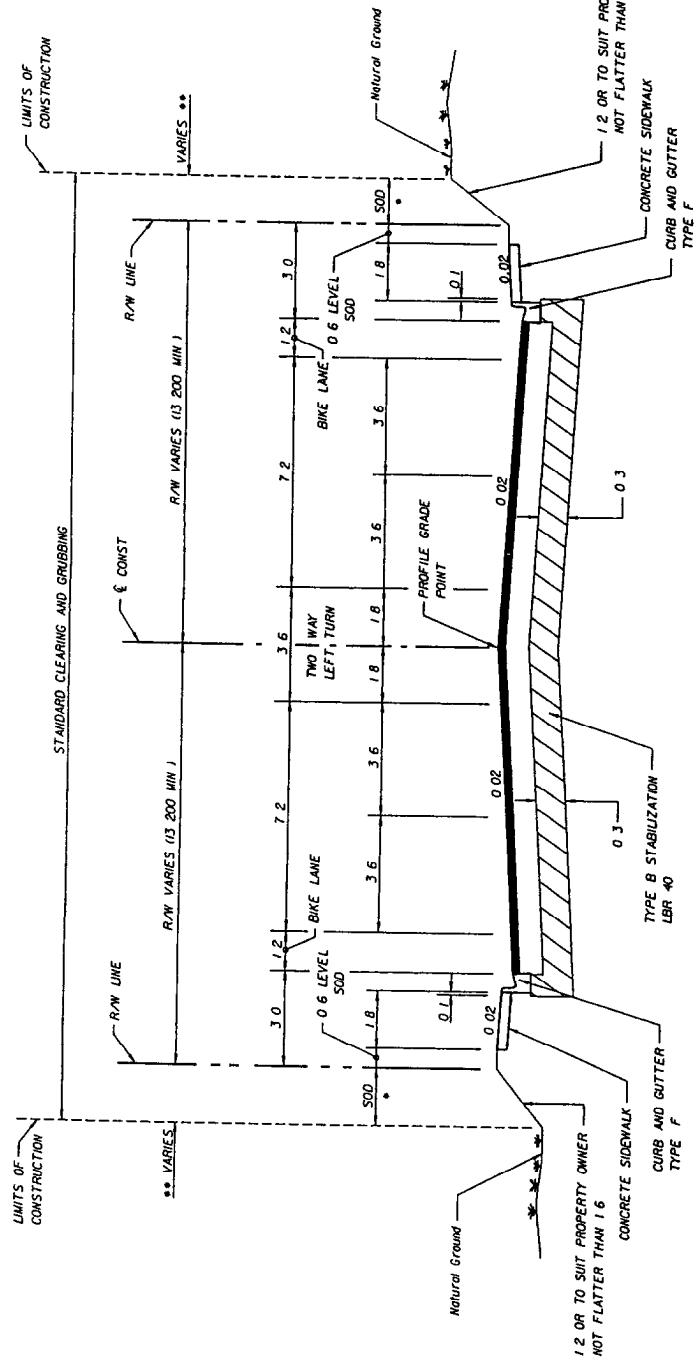
\*\* IF LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION EXCEEDS RIGHT OF WAY A LICENSE AGREEMENT IS REQUIRED

\* SEED SEED AND MULCH SOD OR SEED 500

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER

5-LANE SECTIONS ARE TO INCLUDE SECTIONS OF RAISED OR RESTRICTIVE MEDIAN SEE PPM TABLE 2 2 1

DESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHALL BE LABELED ON TYPICAL UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHOULD NOT BE LABELED ON TYPICAL



**TYPICAL SECTION**  
**SR 000 (DUVAL STREET)**  
**STA. 300+12.000 TO STA. 353+19.000**

NEW CONSTRUCTION

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP B WITH TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 3) (40 mm) AND FRICTION COURSE FC-6 (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

**TRAFFIC DATA**

CURRENT YEAR	= 1994 ADOT	= 9900
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR	= 1998 ADOT	= 10 600
ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR	= 2018 ADOT	= 14 000
K	= 10.7	D = 55%
T	= 4.4	(24 HOUR)
DESIGN HOUR T	= 2/	
DESIGN SPEED	= 60	km/h

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR CURRENT YEAR OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR POSTED SPEED (MPH) IS OPTIONAL

EXHIBIT TYP-3  
 Date 1/1/00

REVISORS		DESCRIPTION		ENGINEER OF RECORD		STATES OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
DATE	BY	DATE	BY	DATE	BY	ROAD NO.	FINANCIAL PROJECT ID

**TYPICAL SECTION**

SHEET NO

DESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHALL BE LABELED ON TYPICAL UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHOULD NOT BE LABELED ON TYPICAL

5-LANE SECTIONS ARE TO INCLUDE SECTIONS OF RAISED OR RESTRICTIVE MEDIUM SEE PPM TABLE 2.2.1

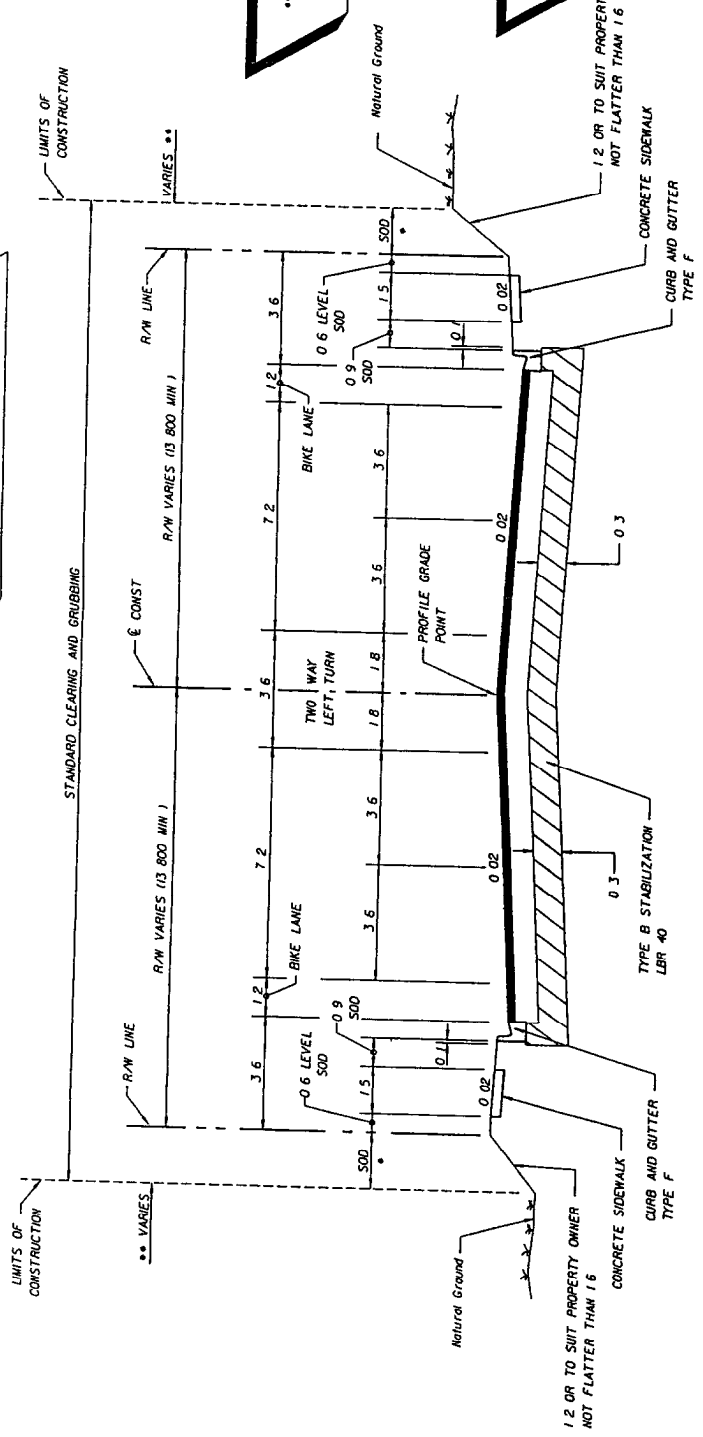
5-LANE ARTERIAL COLLECTOR NEW CONSTRUCTION UNDIVIDED URBAN WITH DESIGNATED OR UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANE DESIGN SPEED 60 km/h OR LESS WITH PROJECTED 20 YR AADT OF 1500 OR GREATER

\*\* IF LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION EXCEEDS RIGHT OF WAY A PROPERTY AGREEMENT IS REQUIRED

\* SEED SEED AND MULCH SOD OR SEED SOD

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER

EXHIBIT TYP-4 Date 1/1/00



**TYPICAL SECTION**  
**SR 000 (MATTHEWS STREET)**  
**STA. 202+42.000 TO STA. 253+29.000**  
**NEW CONSTRUCTION**

**TRAFFIC DATA**  
 CURRENT YEAR = 1994 AADT = 20 819  
 ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 1999 AADT = 24 100  
 ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2019 AADT = 24 900  
 K = 9% D = 60% T = 24 (24 HOUR)  
 DESIGN HOUR T = 24  
 DESIGN SPEED = 60 km/h

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR CURRENT YEAR OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR POSTED SPEED (MPH) IS OPTIONAL

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP B WITH TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 3) (40 mm) AND FRICTION COURSE FC-6 (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

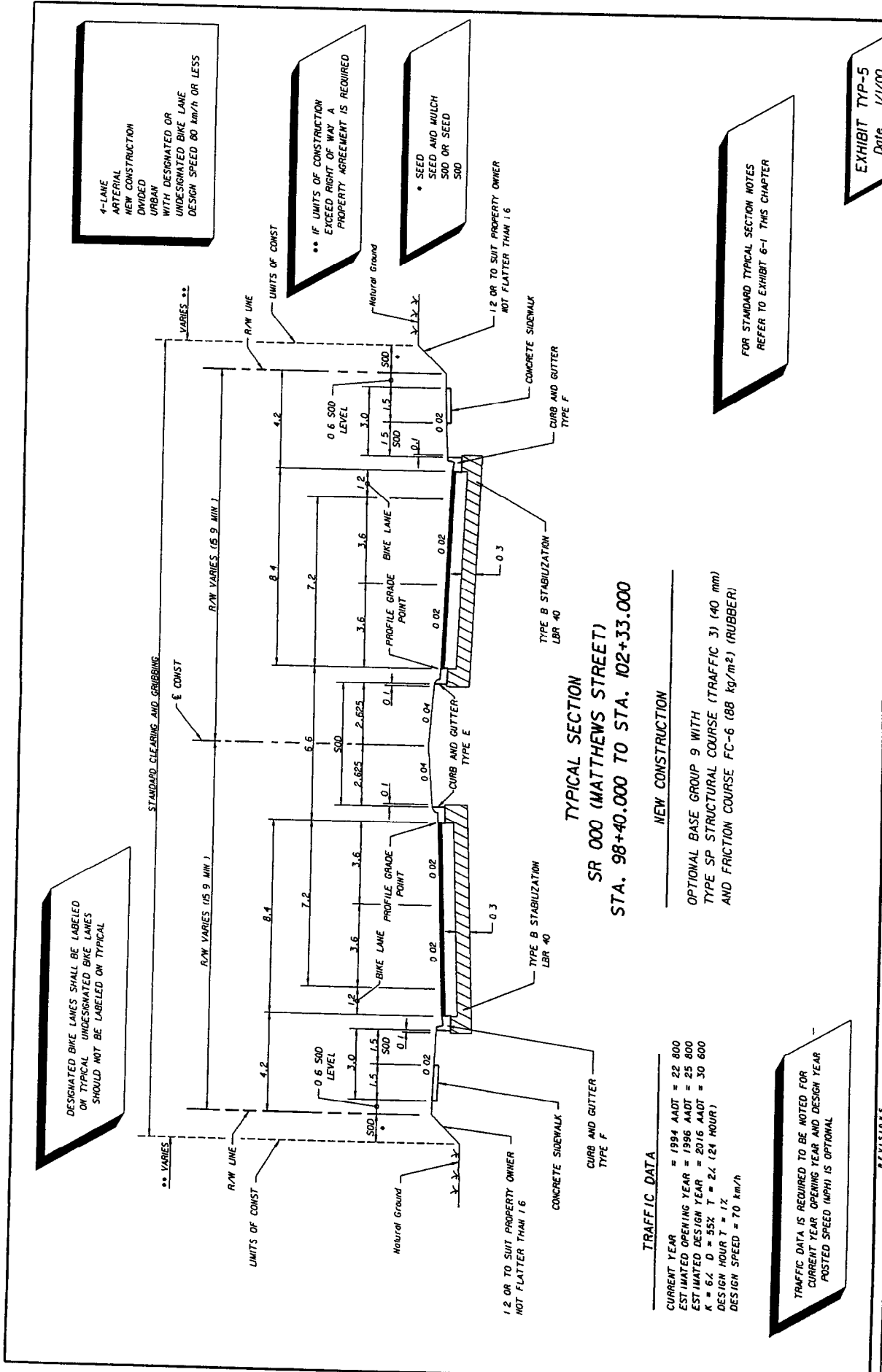
DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

ENGINEER OF RECORD

STATE OF FLORIDA  
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ROAD NO. COUNTY PROJECT NO.

**TYPICAL SECTION**

SHEET NO.



DATE		DESCRIPTION		REVISIONS		ENGINEER OF RECORD		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		STATES OF FLORIDA	
BY		DATE		DATE		DATE		ROAD NO.	COUNTY	FINANCIAL PROJECT NO.	
<b>TYPICAL SECTION</b>											
EXHIBIT TYP-5 Date 1/1/00											

**TYPICAL SECTION**  
 SR 000 (MATTHEWS STREET)  
 STA. 98+40.000 TO STA. 102+33.000

**NEW CONSTRUCTION**

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH  
 TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 31 (40 mm)  
 AND FRICTION COURSE FC-6 (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

**TRAFFIC DATA**

CURRENT YEAR = 1994 AADT = 22 800  
 ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 1996 AADT = 25 800  
 ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2016 AADT = 30 600  
 K = 6.0 D = 55X T = 24 (24 HOUR)  
 DESIGN HOUR T = 12  
 DESIGN SPEED = 70 km/h

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR  
 CURRENT YEAR OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR  
 POSTED SPEED (MPH) IS OPTIONAL

4-LANE  
 ARTERIAL  
 NEW CONSTRUCTION  
 DIVIDED  
 URBAN  
 WITH DESIGNATED OR  
 UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANE  
 DESIGN SPEED 80 km/h OR LESS

•• IF UNITS OF CONSTRUCTION  
 EXCEED RIGHT OF WAY A  
 PROPERTY AGREEMENT IS REQUIRED

• SEED AND MULCH  
 SOD OR SEED  
 SOD

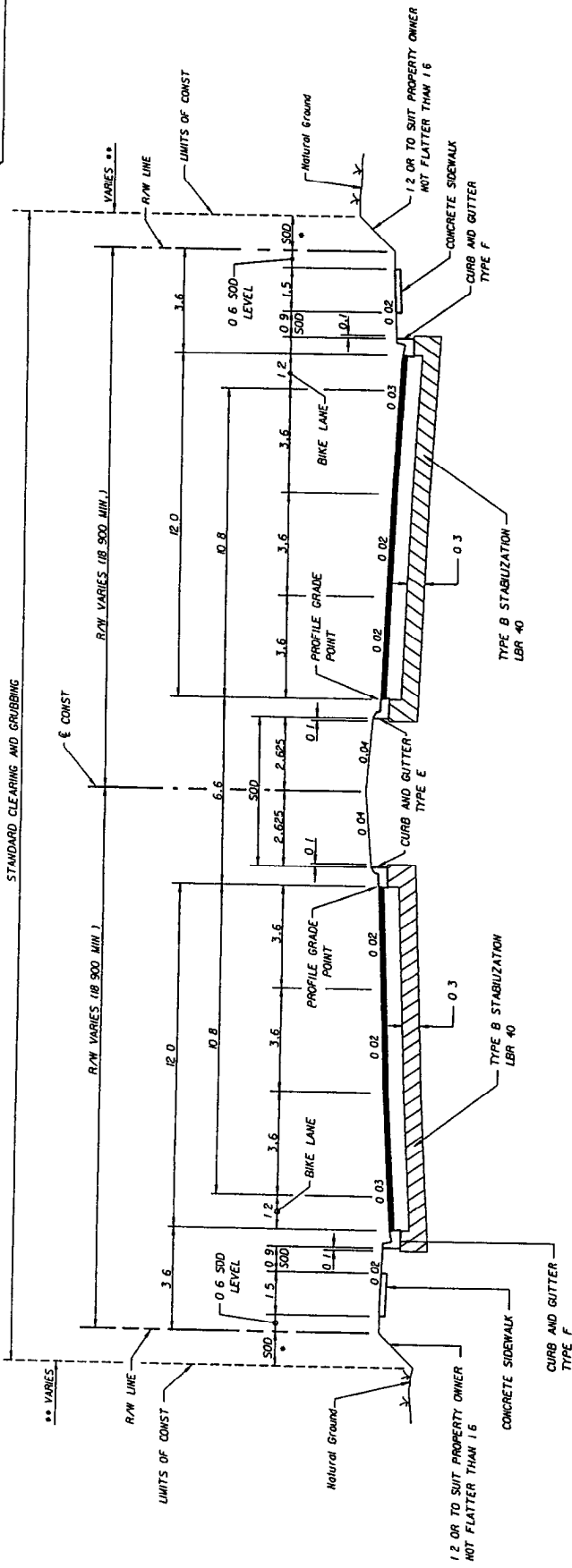
FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES  
 REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER

DESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHALL BE LABELED  
 ON TYPICAL UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANES  
 SHOULD NOT BE LABELED ON TYPICAL

6-LANE  
ARTERIAL  
NEW CONSTRUCTION  
DIVIDED  
URBAN  
WITH DESIGNATED OR  
UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANE  
DESIGN SPEED 80 km/h OR LESS

\*\* IF LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION  
EXCEED RIGHT OF WAY A  
PROPERTY AGREEMENT IS REQUIRED

DESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHALL BE LABELED  
ON TYPICAL UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANES  
SHOULD NOT BE LABELED ON TYPICAL



• SEED  
SEED AND MULCH  
SOD OR SEED  
SOD

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES  
REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER

EXHIBIT TYP-6  
Date 1/1/00

**TYPICAL SECTION**  
**SR 000 (JACKSON STREET)**  
**STA. 101+21.000 TO STA. 121+44.000**

NEW CONSTRUCTION

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 4) (50 mm)  
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-6 (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

**TRAFFIC DATA**  
CURRENT YEAR = 1994 AADT = 22 800  
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 1996 AADT = 25 800  
ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2016 AADT = 30 600  
K = 62 D = 55X T = 2X (24 HOUR)  
DESIGN HOUR T = 1 7  
DESIGN SPEED = 80 km/h

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE  
NOTED FOR CURRENT YEAR OPENING  
YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR

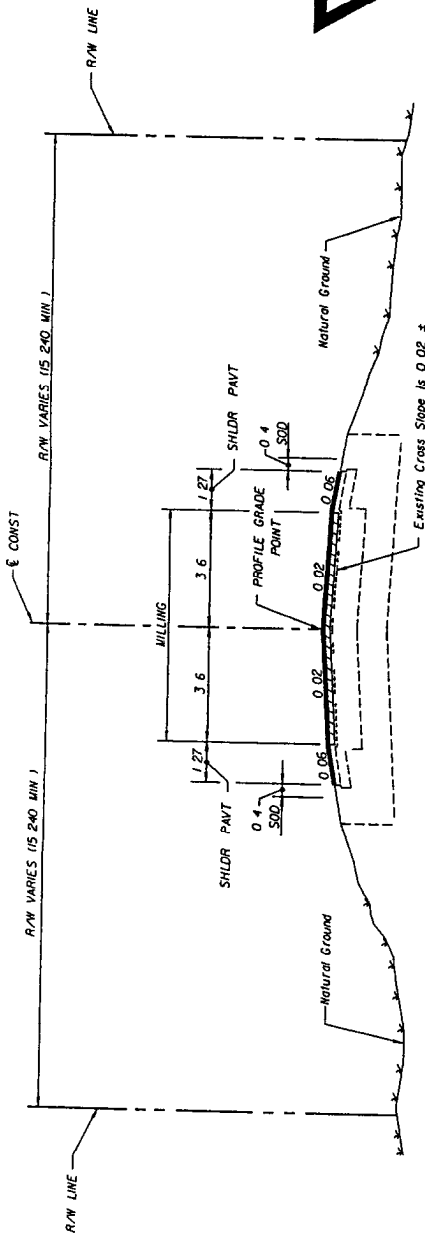
DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS
ENGINEER OF RECORD			
STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
ROAD NO.	COURT	FINANCIAL PROJECT ID	
<b>TYPICAL SECTION</b>			
SHEET NO.			

DESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHALL BE LABELED  
UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHOULD NOT BE  
LABELED ON TYPICAL

EXISTING  
2-LANE (2-WAY)  
ARTERIAL/COLLECTOR  
MILLING AND RESURFACING  
NO CROSS SLOPE  
CORRECTION REQUIRED  
UNDIVIDED  
RURAL  
WITH DESIGNATED OR  
UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANE  
EXISTING  
WITH PROJECTED 20 YR  
AADT OF 1500 OR GREATER

SOME PROJECTS MAY REQUIRE SHOULDER WORK  
WHEN REQUIRED THIS SHOULD BE IDENTIFIED  
ON THE TYPICAL SECTION SHEET

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES  
REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER



**TRAFFIC DATA**  
**STA 10+53.000 TO STA. 30+77.100**  
 CURRENT YEAR = 1994 AADT = 9670  
 ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 1996 AADT = 11,900  
 ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2010 AADT = 20,200  
 K = 10%, D = 60%, T = 7% (24 HOUR)  
 DESIGN HOUR T = 3/  
 DESIGN SPEED = 90 km/h

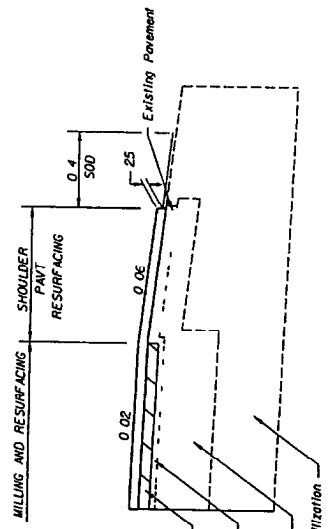
**STA 36+82.280 TO 48+41.210**  
 CURRENT YEAR = 1994 AADT = 6835  
 ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 1996 AADT = 8600  
 ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2010 AADT = 15,100  
 K = 10%, D = 65%, T = 7% (24 HOUR)  
 DESIGN HOUR T = 3/  
 DESIGN SPEED = 90 km/h

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR  
CURRENT YEAR OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR

**TYPICAL SECTION**  
**SR 000**  
**STA 10+53.000 TO STA. 30+77.000**  
**STA 36+82.280 TO STA. 48+41.210**

**MILLING**  
 MILL EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT (50 mm AVG DEPTH)  
**RESURFACING**  
 TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 3) (110 kg/m<sup>2</sup> AVG )  
 AND FRICTION COURSE FC-6 (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

**SHOULDER PAVEMENT RESURFACING**  
 FRICTION COURSE FC-6 (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)



SHOULDER PAVEMENT DETAIL

EXHIBIT TYP-7  
Date 1/1/00

STATE OF FLORIDA		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		ROAD NO.		COUNT		TRAFFIC PROJECT ID	
DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	DATE

**TYPICAL SECTION**

SHEET NO.

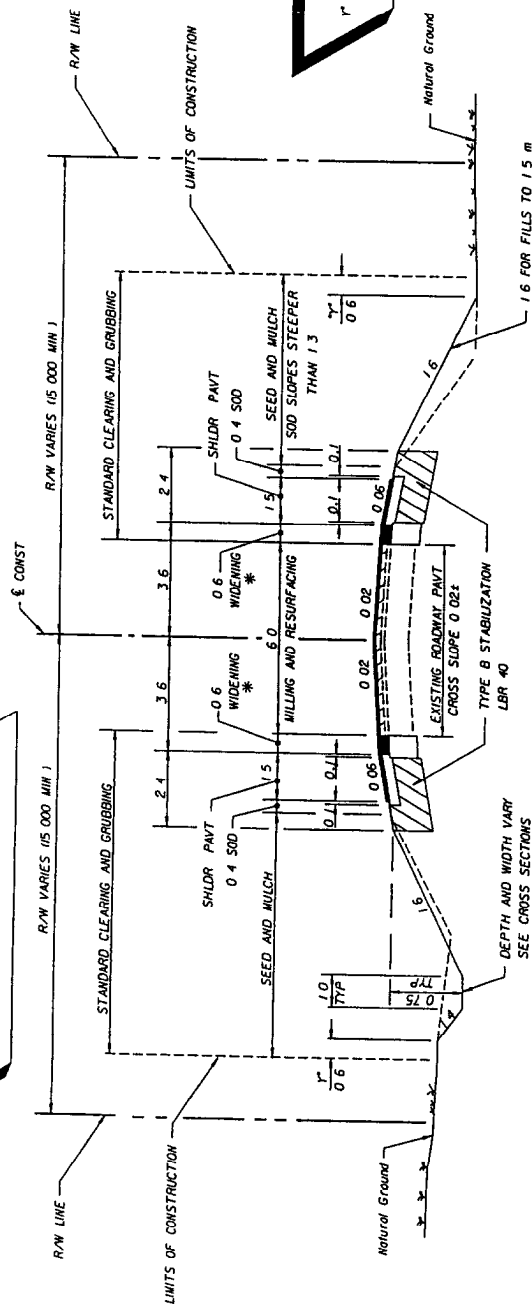
EXISTING  
2-LANE (2-WAY)  
ARTERIAL/COLLECTOR  
WIDENING  
MILLING AND RESURFACING  
UNDIVIDED  
RURAL  
CONST. 1.5 SHOULDER  
PAVEMENT OR BIKE LANE  
WITH PROJECTED 20 YR  
AADT OF 1500 OR GREATER  
DESIGN SPEED GREATER  
THAN 80 km/h

THE AREA DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION VARIES

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES  
REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER

\* SEE SHEET 2 OF 2 FOR WIDENING  
AND SHOULDER PAVEMENT DETAIL  
EXHIBIT TYP-8  
Date 1/1/00  
SHEET 1 OF 2

DESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHALL BE LABELED  
ON TYPICAL UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANES  
SHOULD NOT BE LABELED ON TYPICAL



**TYPICAL SECTION**  
SR 000

STA. 10+53.000 TO STA. 30+77.100  
STA. 36+82.280 TO STA. 48+41.210

**TRAFFIC DATA**  
STA 10+53 000 TO STA 30+77 100  
CURRENT YEAR = 1994 AADT = 8700  
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 1996 AADT = 8200  
ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2016 AADT = 23 600  
K = 10.2 D = 56 / T = 5.2  
DESIGN HOUR T = 3.2  
DESIGN SPEED = 90 km/h

MILL EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT (50 mm AVG DEPTH)

RESURFACING  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 4) (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup> AVG )  
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-6 (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

WIDENING  
OPTIONAL BASE GROUP II WITH  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 4) (76 kg/m<sup>2</sup> AVG )  
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-6 (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

NOTE  
HEIGHT OF FILL IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE  
EDGE OF THE OUTSIDE TRAVEL LANE TO TOE OF  
FRONT SLOPE

1.6 FOR FILLS TO 1.5 m  
1.6 TO EDGE OF CLEAR ZONE & 1.4 FOR FILLS 1.5 TO 3.0 m  
1.6 TO EDGE OF CLEAR ZONE & 1.3 FOR FILLS 3.0 TO 6.0 m  
1.2 WITH GUARDRAIL FILLS OVER 6.0 m

DATE	DESCRIPTION	REVISOR	DATE	DESCRIPTION

STATE OF FLORIDA	ROAD NO.	COUNTY	FINANCIAL PROJECT ID
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			

ENGINEER OF RECORD:		STATE OF FLORIDA	
		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	

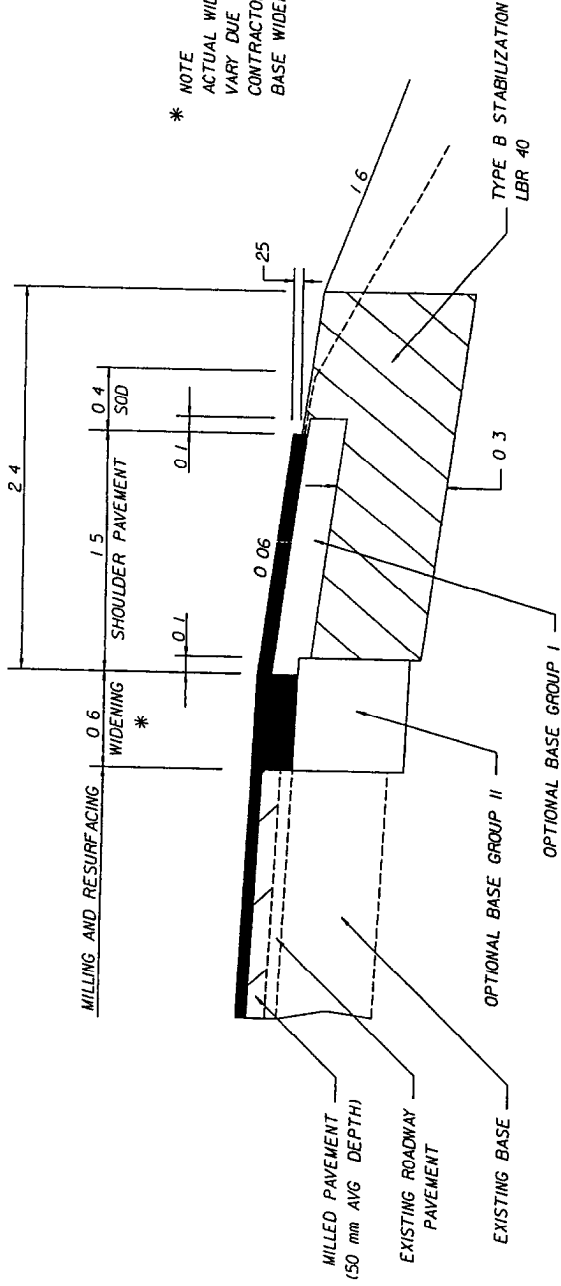
**TYPICAL SECTION**

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR  
CURRENT YEAR OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR



DESIGNATED BIKE LANES ARE TO BE LABELED ON TYPICAL UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANES SHOULD NOT BE LABELED ON TYPICAL

THE NEED FOR STABILIZATION IN THE SHOULDER AREA ON RRR PROJECTS IS SITE SPECIFIC AND NOT ALWAYS REQUIRED THE USE OF STABILIZING IN NARROW TRENCH WIDENING STRIPS IS NOT RECOMMENDED GENERALLY SEE THE FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DESIGN MANUAL FOR FURTHER CRITERIA



\* NOTE  
ACTUAL WIDTH OF BASE WIDENING MAY VARY DUE TO ACTUAL PAVEMENT WIDTH CONTRACTOR MAY ELECT TO PLACE UNIFORM BASE WIDENING AT NO ADDITIONAL COST

WIDENING & SHOULDER PAVEMENT DETAIL

WIDENING

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP II WITH TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 4) (176 kg/m<sup>2</sup> AVG ) AND FRICTION COURSE FC-6 (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

SHOULDER PAVEMENT

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP I WITH FRICTION COURSE FC-6 (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER

EXHIBIT TYP-BA  
Date 1/1/00

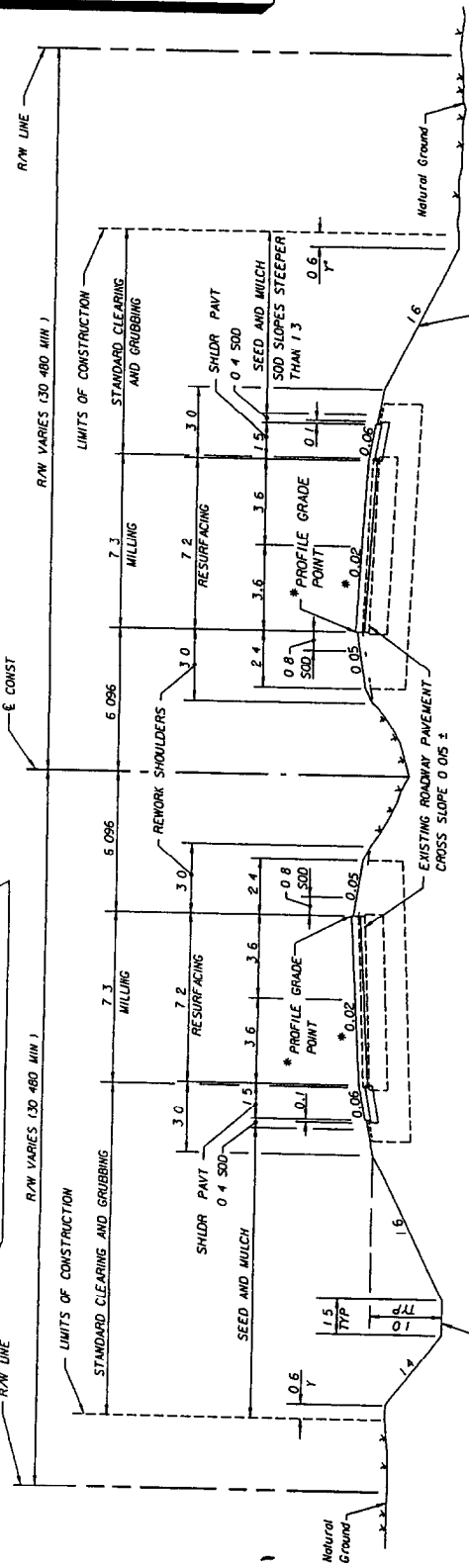
SHEET 2 OF 2

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		SHEET NO	
ROAD NO	COUNTY	FISCAL PROJECT ID	
ENGINEER'S RECORD	DATE	DATE	DATE
DESCRIPTION	DATE	DATE	DATE

TYPICAL SECTION

4 LANE  
ARTERIAL/COLLECTOR  
MILLING & RESURFACING  
CROSS SLOPE CORRECTION  
BY MILLING  
CONST 1.5 m SHLDR PAVT  
DIVIDED  
RURAL  
DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS  
SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS  
WITH DESIGNATED BIKE LANE  
UNDESIGNATED BIKE LANE  
WITH PROJECTED  
20 YR AADT OF 1500  
OR GREATER  
DESIGN SPEED TO km/h  
OR GREATER

DESIGNATED BIKE LINES SHALL BE LABELED  
ON TYPICAL UNDESIGNATED BIKE LINES  
SHOULD NOT BE LABELED ON TYPICAL



1.6 FOR FILLS TO 1.5 m  
1.6 TO EDGE OF CLEAR ZONE & 1.4 FOR FILLS 1.5 TO 3.0 m  
1.6 TO EDGE OF CLEAR ZONE & 1.3 FOR FILLS 3.0 TO 6.0 m  
1.2 WITH STANDARD FILLS OVER 6.0 m

NOTE  
HEIGHT OF FILL IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE EDGE  
OF THE OUTSIDE TRAVEL LANE TO TOE OF FRONT SLOPE

\* THE AREA DISTURBED BY  
CONSTRUCTION VARIES

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES  
REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER

FOR MILLING AND RESURFACING DETAILS SEE  
TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS SHEET 2 AND 3

EXHIBIT TYP-9  
Date 1/1/00  
SHEET 1 OF 3

TYPICAL SECTION  
SR 500  
STA 129+81 430 TO STA 155+60 470

MILLING  
MILL EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT (40 mm AVG DEPTH)  
RESURFACING  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 6) (176 kg/m<sup>2</sup> AVG )  
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

SHOULDER PAVEMENT  
OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 6) (188 kg/m<sup>2</sup> AVG )  
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

STA 235+60 470 TO STA 300+00 000  
MILLING  
MILL EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT (50 mm AVG DEPTH)  
RESURFACING  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 6) (198 kg/m<sup>2</sup> AVG )  
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

SHOULDER PAVEMENT  
OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC 6) (188 kg/m<sup>2</sup> AVG )  
AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

TRAFFIC DATA  
CURRENT YEAR = 1994 AADT = 18 100  
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 1996 AADT = 21 000  
ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2010 AADT = 30 900  
K = 11% D = 56% T = 23% 124 HOUR  
DESIGN HOUR T = 11/  
DESIGN SPEED = 100 km/h  
POSTED SPEED = 55 MPH

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE NOTED FOR  
CURRENT YEAR OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR  
POSTED SPEED (MPH) IS OPTIONAL

\* WHEN CROSS SLOPE CORRECTION IS NECESSARY  
SPECIAL MILLING AND LAYERING DETAILS MUST  
BE PROVIDED TO SUPPLEMENT TYPICAL SECTION  
THE NEED FOR AND LOCATION OF PROFILE GRADE  
POINTS WILL DEPEND ON SIGHT SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

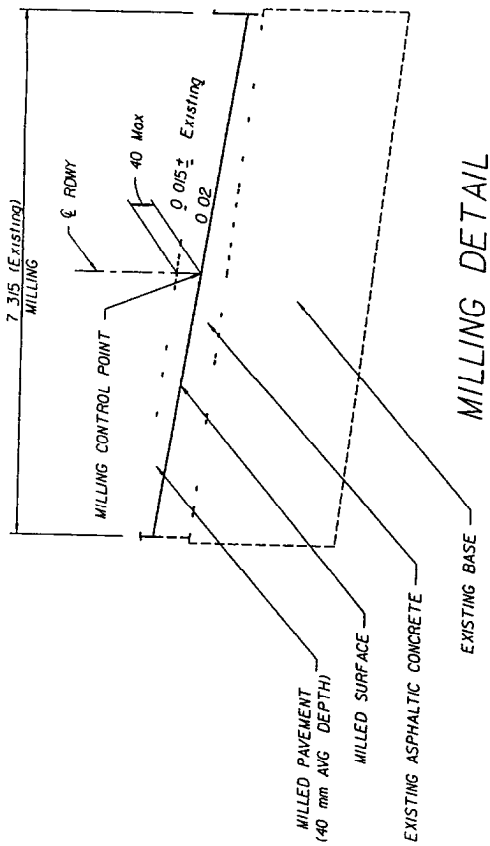
DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

ENGINEER OF RECORD: \_\_\_\_\_

STATE OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
COUNTY: \_\_\_\_\_ PROJECT NO: \_\_\_\_\_

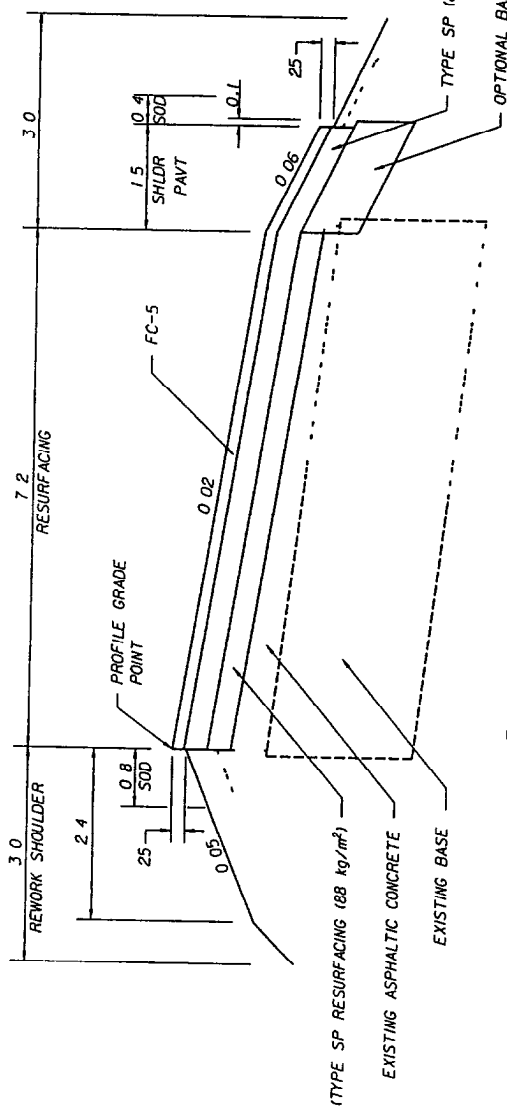
TYPICAL SECTION

SHEET NO: \_\_\_\_\_



\* WHEN CROSS SLOPE CORRECTION IS NECESSARY SPECIAL MILLING AND LAYERING DETAILS MUST BE PROVIDED TO SUPPLEMENT TYPICAL SECTION THE NEED FOR AND LOCATION OF PROFILE GRADE POINTS WILL DEPEND ON SIGHT SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

EXAMPLE OF CROSS SLOPE CORRECTION BY MILLING



FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER

STA 129+81 430 TO STA 155+60 470

RESURFACING DETAIL

EXHIBIT TYP-9A  
Date 1/1/00

SHEET 2 OF 3

REVISIONS		DESCRIPTION		DATE		BY	

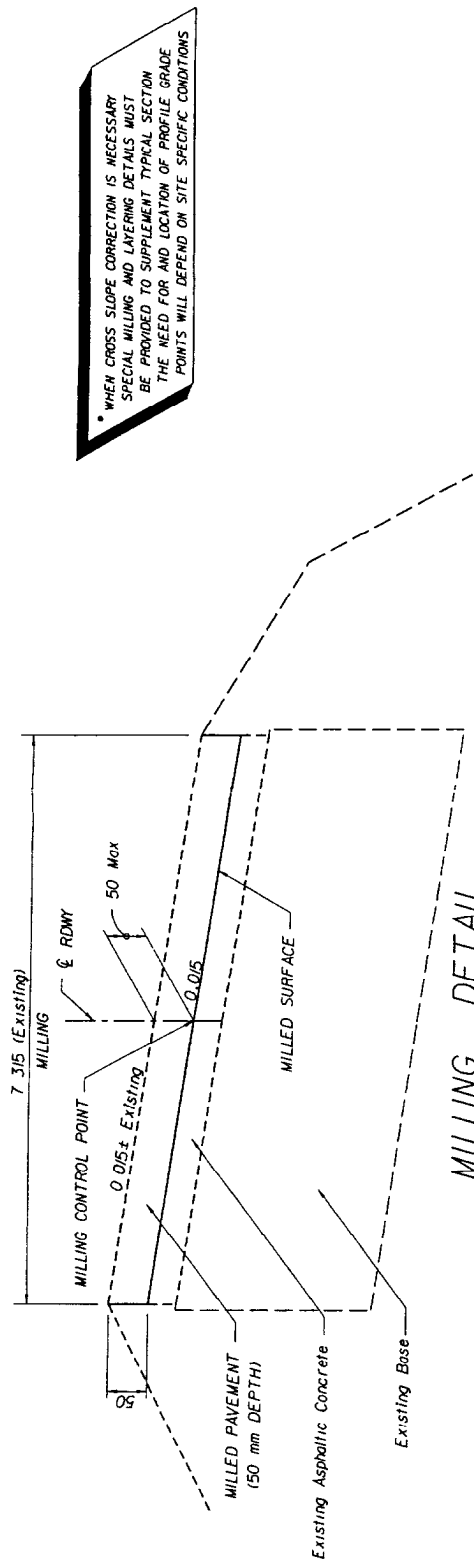
ENGINEER OF RECORD

STATE OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ROAD NO. \_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY \_\_\_\_\_ TYPICAL PROJECT ID \_\_\_\_\_

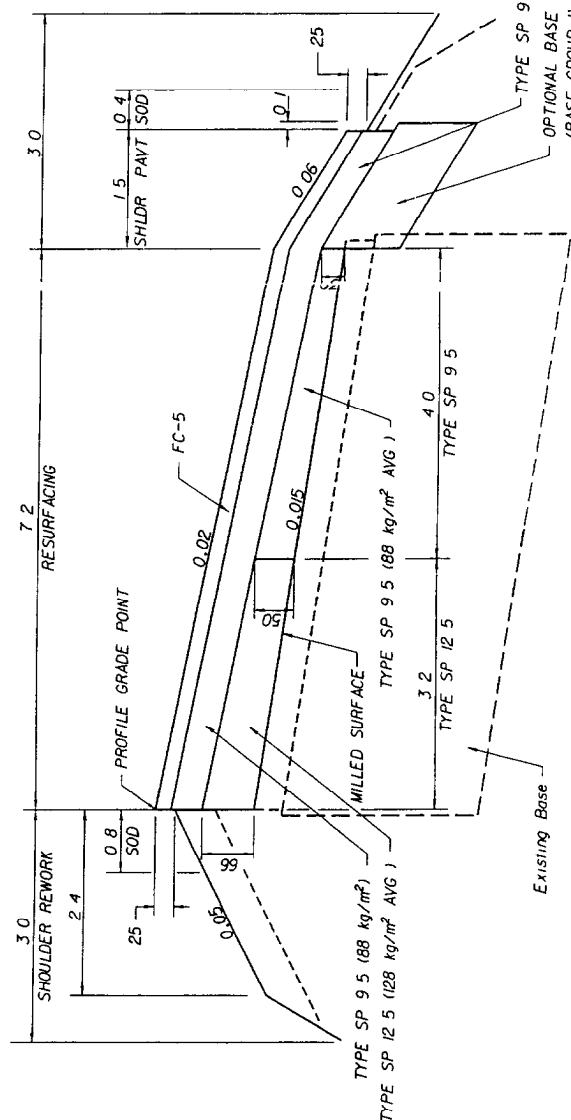
TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS

SHEET NO.

\*\*\*\*\*



MILLING DETAIL



RESURFACING DETAIL

WHEN CROSS SLOPE CORRECTION IS NECESSARY SPECIAL MILLING AND LAYERING DETAILS MUST BE PROVIDED TO SUPPLEMENT TYPICAL SECTION THE NEED FOR AND LOCATION OF PROFILE GRADE POINTS WILL DEPEND ON SITE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER

TRAFFIC LEVEL E ON THIS TYPICAL REQUIRES COARSE GRADED MIXES

SUGGESTED CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCES SHOWN OTHER SEQUENCES THAT MEET SPECIFICATIONS THICKNESS AND CROSS SLOPE REQUIREMENTS MAY BE CONSIDERED BY THE ENGINEER

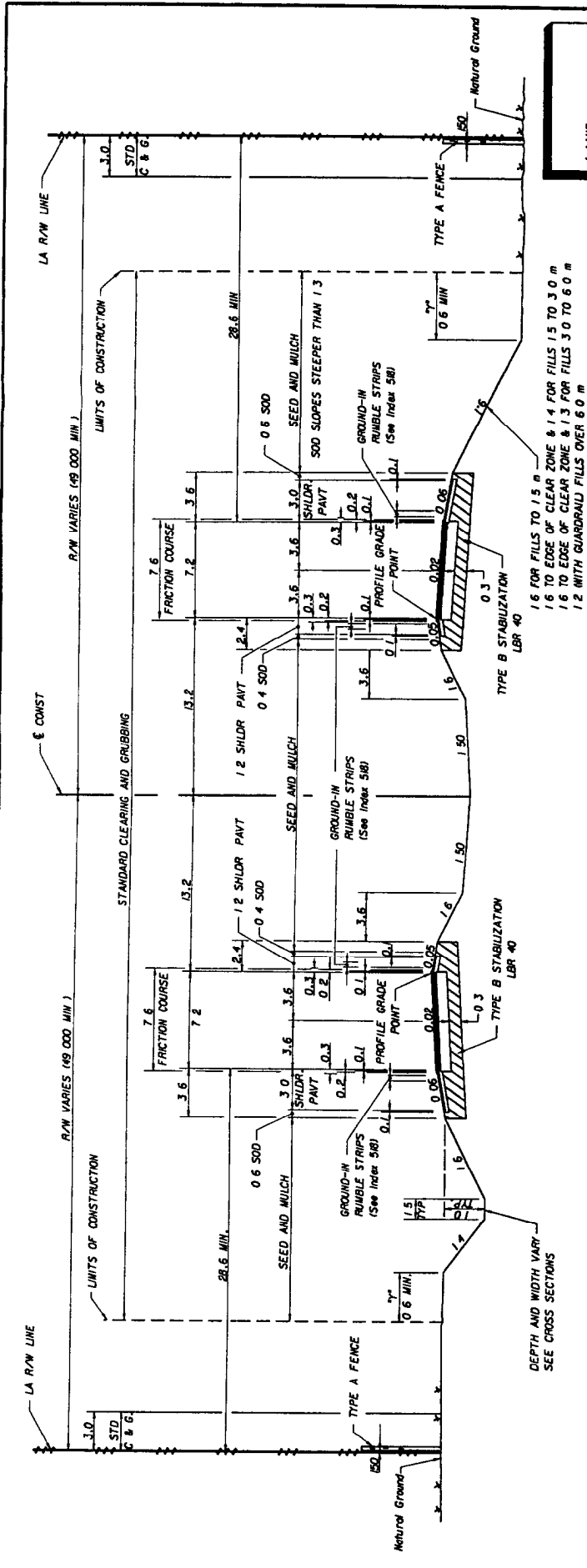
STA 235+60 470 TO STA 300+00 000

EXHIBIT TYP-9B  
Date 1/1/01

SHEET 3 OF 3

STATES OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		ROAD NO.		COUNTY		FINANCIAL PROJECT ID	
DATE	BY	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	ENGINEER OF RECORD	SHEET NO

TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS



4 LANE INTERSTATE SYSTEM  
NEW CONSTRUCTION  
DIVIDED RURAL  
WITH PROTECTED  
ADT 14 - ADOT OF 600  
OR GREATER  
DESIGN SPEED 110 km/h

NOTE  
HEIGHT OF FILL IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE EDGE  
OF THE OUTSIDE TRAVEL LANE TO TOE OF FRONT SLOPE

1.6 FOR FILLS TO 1.5 m  
1.6 TO EDGE OF CLEAR ZONE & 1.4 FOR FILLS 1.5 TO 3.0 m  
1.6 TO EDGE OF CLEAR ZONE & 1.3 FOR FILLS 3.0 TO 6.0 m  
1.2 WITH GUARDRAIL FILLS OVER 6.0 m

**TYPICAL SECTION SR 8**  
**STA. 1263+65.420 TO STA. 2589+65.140**  
**NEW CONSTRUCTION**

OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (220 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) AND  
FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

MEDIAN SHOULDER PAVEMENT  
OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) AND  
FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

OUTSIDE SHOULDER PAVEMENT  
OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC B) (88 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) AND  
FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

TRAFFIC DATA  
CURRENT YEAR = 1994 AADT = 22 300  
ESTIMATED OPENING YEAR = 1996 AADT = 23 300  
ESTIMATED DESIGN YEAR = 2016 AADT = 51 500  
K = 9 X D = 56 X T = 10 X (24 HR)  
DESIGN HOUR T = 5 X  
DESIGN SPEED = 110 km/h

DEPTH AND WIDTH VARY  
SEE CROSS SECTIONS

TRAFFIC DATA IS REQUIRED TO BE  
NOTED FOR CURRENT YEAR  
OPENING YEAR AND DESIGN YEAR  
POSTED SPEED (MPH) IS OPTIONAL

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES  
REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER

\* THE AREA DISTURBED BY  
CONSTRUCTION VARIES

EXHIBIT TYP-10  
Date 7/1/01

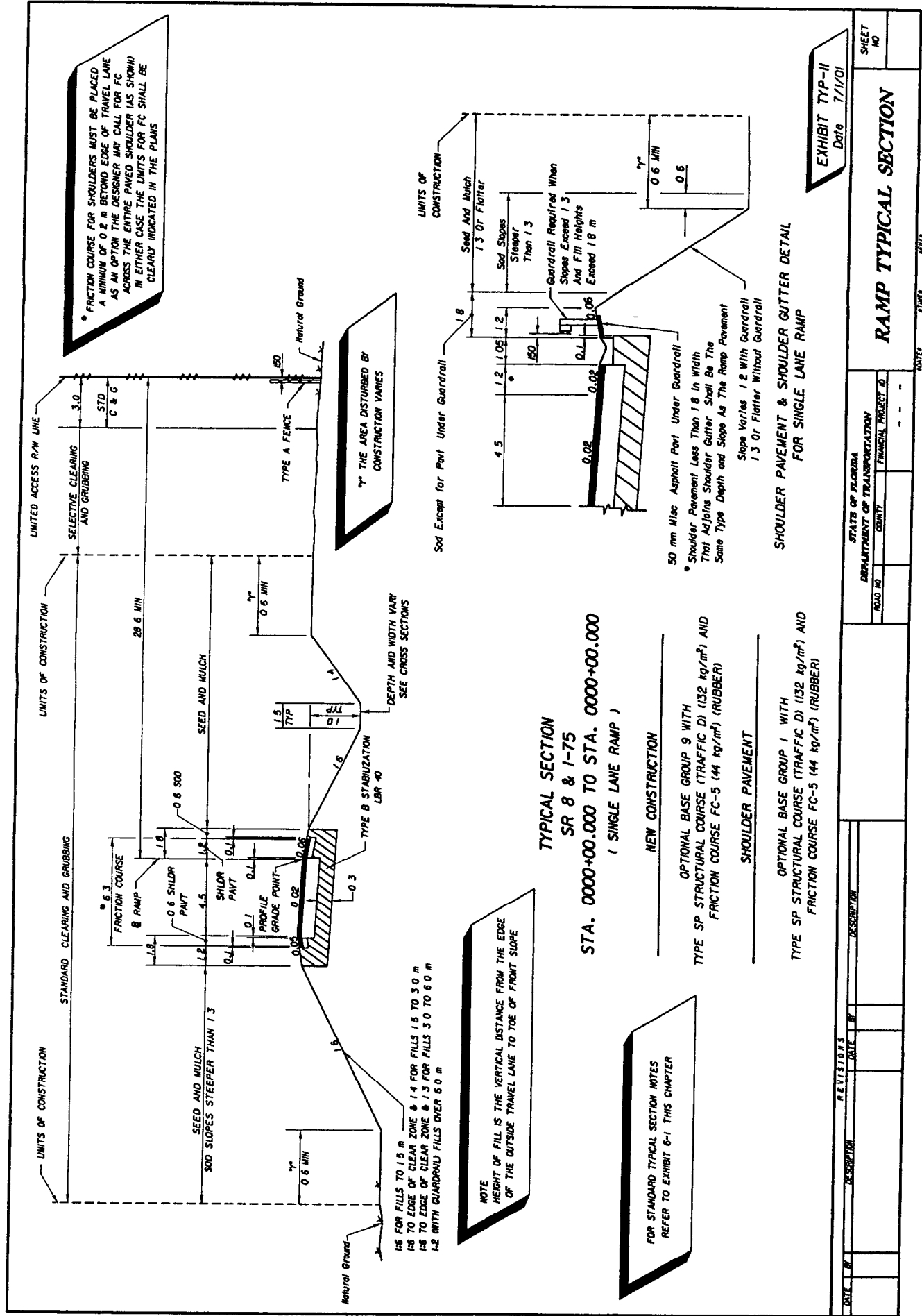
DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

STATE OF FLORIDA	IMPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
ROAD NO	COUNTY
PROJECT ID	

<b>TYPICAL SECTIONS</b>	
	SHEET NO



\* FRICTION COURSE FOR SHOULDERS MUST BE PLACED A MINIMUM OF 0.2 m BEYOND EDGE OF TRAVEL LANE AS AN OPTION THE DESIGNER MAY CALL FOR FC ACROSS THE ENTIRE PAVED SHOULDER (AS SHOWN) IN EITHER CASE THE LIMITS FOR FC SHALL BE CLEARLY INDICATED IN THE PLANS

7% THE AREA DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION VARIES

NOTE  
HEIGHT OF FILL IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE EDGE OF THE OUTSIDE TRAVEL LANE TO TOE OF FRONT SLOPE

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER

**TYPICAL SECTION**  
**SR 8 & I-75**  
**STA. 0000+00.000 TO STA. 0000+00.000**  
**( SINGLE LANE RAMP )**

- NEW CONSTRUCTION**
- OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (132 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)
- SHOULDER PAVEMENT**
- OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (132 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) AND FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

SHOULDER PAVEMENT & SHOULDER GUTTER DETAIL FOR SINGLE LANE RAMP

EXHIBIT TYP-II  
Date 7/1/01

REVISIONS		DESCRIPTION	
DATE	BY	DATE	DESCRIPTION

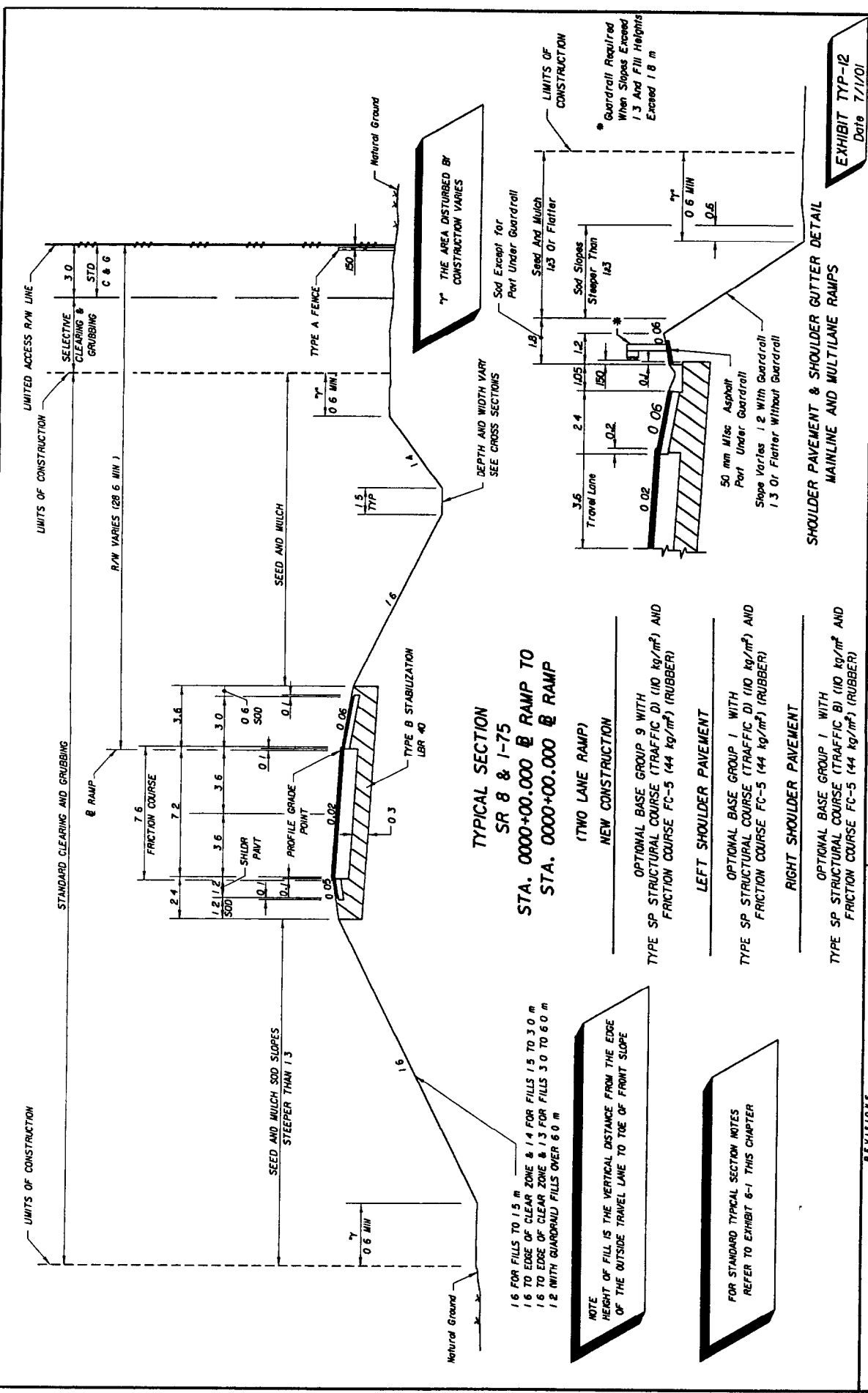
STATE OF FLORIDA	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
COUNTY	FINANCIAL PROJECT ID

RAMP TYPICAL SECTION	
ROUTE	SCALE

SHEET NO	
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**TYPICAL SECTION**  
**SR 8 & 1-75**  
**STA. 0000+00.000 @ RAMP TO**  
**STA. 0000+00.000 @ RAMP**

- (TWO LANE RAMP)
- NEW CONSTRUCTION
- OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 9 WITH  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (110 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) AND  
FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)
- LEFT SHOULDER PAVEMENT
- OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC D) (110 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) AND  
FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)
- RIGHT SHOULDER PAVEMENT
- OPTIONAL BASE GROUP 1 WITH  
TYPE SP STRUCTURAL COURSE (TRAFFIC B) (110 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) AND  
FRICTION COURSE FC-5 (44 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) (RUBBER)

**NOTE**  
 HEIGHT OF FILL IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE EDGE  
 OF THE OUTSIDE TRAVEL LANE TO TOE OF FRONT SLOPE

FOR STANDARD TYPICAL SECTION NOTES  
 REFER TO EXHIBIT 6-1 THIS CHAPTER

SHOULDER PAVEMENT & SHOULDER GUTTER DETAIL  
 MAINLINE AND MULTILANE RAMPS

EXHIBIT TYP-12  
 Date 7/1/01

STATE OF FLORIDA	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	ROAD NO.	PROJECT ID	SHEET NO.
REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	

**RAMP TYPICAL SECTION**

\* Guardrail Required  
 When Slopes Exceed  
 1:3 And Fill Heights  
 Exceed 1.8 m

THE AREA DISTURBED BY  
 CONSTRUCTION VARIES

DEPTH AND WIDTH VARY  
 SEE CROSS SECTIONS

LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION

R/W VARIES (28.6 MIN.)

SEED AND MULCH

TYPE B STABILIZATION  
 LBR 40

SEED AND MULCH SOD SLOPES  
 STEEPER THAN 1:3

TYPE A FENCE

Sod Except for  
 Part Under Guardrail

Seed And Mulch  
 1:3 Or Flatter

Sod Slopes  
 Steeper Than  
 1:3

50 mm MISC Asphalt  
 Part Under Guardrail

Slope Varies 1:2 With Guardrail  
 1:3 Or Flatter Without Guardrail

0.6 MIN

0.5

0.06

0.02

0.2

1.2

1.05

2.4

3.6

7.6

1.2

0.1

0.1

0.1

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**SUMMARY OF SODDING**

LOCATION STA TO STA	SIDE	P			F			FIELD BOOK REFERENCE
		L	W	M2	L	W	M2	
N B 1-00								
570+00 - 580+62	MED	1062.0	0.4	424.8				
570+00 - 574+57	RT	457.0	0.4	182.8				
575+45 - 576+60	RT	135.0	0.4	54.0				
576+80 - 579+95	RT	315.0	17.5	5512.5				
579+95 - 580+62	RT	67.0	10.6	710.2				
580+62 - 586+37	MED	575.0	0.4	230.0				
580+62 - 586+37	RT	575.0	0.4	230.0				
S B 1-00								
570+00 - 580+62	MED	1062.0	0.4	424.8				
570+00 - 574+57	LT	457.0	0.4	182.8				
575+45 - 577+25	LT	180.0	0.4	72.0				
577+25 - 580+62	LT	309.0	14.8	4573.2				
580+34 - 580+62	LT	28.0	11.3	316.4				
580+62 - 586+37	MED	575.0	0.4	230.0				
580+62 - 586+37	LT	575.0	0.4	230.0				
RAMP A								
182+99 - 187+24	LT	425.0	0.4	170.0				
180+87 - 187+74	RT	687.0	0.4	274.8				
RAMP B								
276+62 - 281+75	LT	513.0	0.4	205.2				
274+47 - 280+29	RT	582.0	0.4	232.8				
RAMP C								
382+45 - 386+88	RT	443.0	0.4	177.2				
381+95 - 388+30	LT	635.0	0.4	254.0				
RAMP D								
481+05 - 485+63	LT	458.0	0.4	183.2				
480+64 - 487+31	RT	667.0	0.4	266.8				
DRAINAGE STRUCTURES								
PAVED DITCHES								
				246.0				
				85.0				
<b>TOTAL</b>				<b>15,469</b>				

**SUMMARY OF SIDEDRAIN & MITERED END SECTIONS**

LOCATION STA TO STA	SIDE	PIPE LENGTH (MI)																					
		MES 375 mm (EA)	MES 450 mm (EA)	MES 600 mm (EA)	MES 750 mm (EA)	MES 900 mm (EA)	MES 1050 mm (EA)	MES 1200 mm (EA)	MES 1350 mm (EA)	MES 1500 mm (EA)	MES 1650 mm (EA)												
150+10 - 150+31	RT	20	5	2																			
160+85 - 161+02	LT				16	7	2																
176+36 - 176+54	LT											18	5	2									
181+46 - 181+60	RT							14	2	2													
192+69 - 192+82	LT	13	0	2																			
194+50 - 194+75	RT																				25	0	2
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>33</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>							

EXHIBIT 50-1  
Date 1/1/00

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		PROJECT NO.		PROJECT ID	
ROAD NO.	COUNTY	SECTION	DATE	DESCRIPTION	ENGINEER OF RECORD

**SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES**



FORM 625 000 26  
ROADWAY DESIGN 01/2000

### SUMMARY OF DITCH PAVEMENT AND SODDING

LOCATION	STA TO STA	SIDE	RIPRAP (SAND CEMENT)		RIPRAP (RUBBLE)		CONCRETE		SODDING		REMARKS	FIELD BOOK REFERENCE
			P	F	P	F	M2	P	F	M2		
	613+00	LT	18	4								
	613+35	RT	20	2								
	895+00 (S-12)	LT					23			6		
	18+00 (S-24)	LT					31			8		
	158+00 (S-25)	LT/RT					105			34		
	25+00 (S-27)	LT					33			7		
	405+00 (S-31)	RT					107			6		
	188+12 (S-33)	RT					48			15		
	10+42 (S-44)	LT					13			5		
	12+40 (S-45)	RT					13			4		
	TOTAL		38	6			37.3			85		

FORM 625-000-25  
ROADWAY DESIGN 01/2000

### SUMMARY OF GUARDRAIL

LOCATION	STATION	SIDE	GUARDRAIL (MI)		ROADWAY DOUBLE FACE		END ANCHORAGE ASSEMBLIES (EA)		REMARKS	FIELD BOOK REFERENCE
			ROADWAY	FLARED	PARALLEL	TYPE II	TYPE CRT			
	FROM 600+50	RT	P	F	P	F	P	F	P	F
	TO 601+37	RT								
	FROM 600+10	LT								
	TO 601+35	LT								
	FROM 602+25	RT								
	TO 603+25	MED			270	51				
	FROM 604+25	RT								
	TO 604+87	LT								
	FROM 603+20	LT								
	TO 83+82	LT								
	TOTAL		487	7	270	5	4	1	8	1

EXHIBIT S0-2  
Date 1/1/00

STATE OF FLORIDA		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		ROAD NO.		FINANCIAL PROJECT NO.	
SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES		ENGINEER OF RECORD		DATE		SHEET NO.	

**SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK (CUBIC YARDS)** FORM 625-000-08 ROADWAY DESIGN 01/2001

DESCRIPTION	P	F
ROADWAY EXCAVATION MAINLINE	M3	M3
ROADWAY EXCAVATION ADAMS ST	15020	
REGULAR EXCAVATION POND NO 1	240	
REGULAR EXCAVATION FROM LATERAL DITCHES	302	
TOTAL REGULAR EXCAVATION	1500	
EMBANKMENT MAINLINE	5042	
EMBANKMENT ADAMS ST	6000	
TOTAL EMBANKMENT	2000	
SUBSOIL EXCAVATION MAINLINE	800	
SUBSOIL EXCAVATION ADAMS ST	624	
TOTAL SUBSOIL EXCAVATION	330	
	954	

Earthwork has been calculated using the ----- base option  
 If another option is constructed there shall be no revision to the  
 earthwork quantities for which payment is made by Plan Quantity

**FOR PROJECTS WITH CROSS SECTIONS**

Pay Items  
 2120-1 Regular Excavation 5042 M3  
 2120-4 Subsoil Excavation 954 M3  
 2120-6 Embankment 800 M3

**SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK (CUBIC YARDS)** FORM 625-000-08 ROADWAY DESIGN 01/2001

DESCRIPTION	P	F
FILL MAINLINE	M3	M3
FILL GUARDRAIL LOCATIONS	3010	
FILL CROSS DRAINS	612	
SUB-TOTAL FILL	206	
	3828	
FILL ADJUSTMENT (20/1) (3828 x 0.20)		766
SUB-TOTAL WITH FILL ADJUSTMENT		4594
TRUCK ADJUSTMENT (25/1) (4594 x 0.25)		1149
TOTAL BORROW EXCAVATION		5743

**FOR PROJECTS WITHOUT CROSS SECTIONS**

Adjustment percentages shown are for example only  
 Contact District Materials Office or Construction  
 for actual percentages to be used for each project

Pay Items  
 2120-2-2 Borrow Excavation (Truck Measure) 5743 M3  
 2120-71 Regular Excavation (RRR Projects Only) 1 LS

EXHIBIT SQ-3  
 Date 7/1/01

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION
STATE OF FLORIDA			DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
ROAD NO.			COUNTY			
FINANCIAL PROJECT ID						
<b>SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES</b>						
SHEET NO						





STR NO	DSL YEARS	SIZE (mm)	PLOTTED	MATERIAL & THICKNESS	FL	FL AS BUILT	REMARKS
1	00	450	X	RP CLASS II			
2	00	450	X	RP CLASS II			
3	00	375	X	RP CLASS II SNAP	2.12		
4	00	300	X	RP CLASS II SRSP 16 GA	1.74		
5	00	375	X	RP CLASS II SNAP	2.35		
6	00	300	X	RP CLASS II SRSP 16 GA	1.95	1.74	
7	00	300	X	RP CLASS II SNAP	1.98	1.95	
8	00	450	X	RP CLASS II SNAP	2.41	2.35	
9	00	300	X	RP CLASS II SRSP 16 GA	2.07	1.98	
10	00	450	X	RP CLASS II SNAP	2.32	2.29	
11	00	450	X	RP CLASS II SNAP	2.44	2.32	
12	00	600	X	RP CLASS III			END WALL
13	00	600	X	RP CLASS II ASPA 16 GA	3.17	3.14	
14	50	750	X	RP CLASS III SRSP 16 GA	1.83	1.8	
15	00	300	X	PVC			
16	00	300	X	RP CLASS II SRSP 16 GA	1.80	1.77	
17	00	300	X	RP CLASS II SRSP 16 GA	1.80	1.77	
18	50	450/750	X	RP CLASS III ASPA 16 GA	1.80	1.77	

**GENERAL NOTES**

- The Contractor may use any of the optional pipe materials tabulated for a given structure. Only the material options tabulated for a given structure can be used.
- Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increase or decrease in structure size, depth, length, depth or accessory construction necessary to accommodate the use of an optional pipe material other than the plotted option, likewise there will be no added or reduced compensation for structure alterations required to relieve utility conflicts which arise from the use of an optional material other than the plotted option.
- Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increase in excavation, bedding, borrow, backfilling, compaction, special installation requirements, etc. for optional materials due to use of any of the pipe optional materials. Likewise, adjustment in the quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to differences in end treatment size or types, pipe length, alternate jointing and connecting materials, saddles, cradles, filter fabrics, shoring or similar features due to the use of an optional material other than the plotted option.
- If adjustments are required due to plan errors or omissions or authorized field changes, the plotted material and not the material elected by the Contractor would be used to establish new pay quantities.
- The Contractor shall notify the Department in writing as to which optional pipe materials he chooses to use at the preconstruction conference. Once identified the Contractor may not change pipe material selected without the approval of the Engineer.
- Pipe shapes other than round (Elliptical/Arch) are summarized and paid for using equivalent round pipe diameter.

THIS EXAMPLE SHOULD BE USED WHEN PIPE FLOW LINES, AND/OR SIZES FOR INDIVIDUAL OPTIONS ARE NOT THE SAME SEE STRUCTURE NO 141 OR WHEN NUMEROUS EXCEPTIONS OCCUR

EXHIBIT SDS-2a  
 Date 7/1/01

DATE	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

STATE OF FLORIDA  
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ROAD NO. COUNTY FINANCIAL PROJECT ID

OPTIONAL MATERIALS  
 TABULATION

SHEET NO.

EXHIBIT SDS-2  
Date 1/11/00

STR NO	OSL YEARS	SIZE (mm)	PLOTTED	MATERIAL & THICKNESS	FL	FL AS BUILT	REMARKS
1	00	450	X	RCP CLASS II			
2	00	450	X	RCP CLASS II			
3	00	375	X	RCP CLASS II	2.13		
				SRAP			
4	00	900	X	RCP CLASS II	1.74		
				SRSP 12 GA			
				SRAP 12 GA			
				SRASP 6 GA			
5	00	375	X	RCP CLASS II	2.35		
				SRAP			
6	00	900	X	RCP CLASS II	1.95	1.74	
				SRSP 12 GA			
				SRAP 12 GA			
				SRASP 6 GA			
7	00	900	X	RCP CLASS II	1.90	1.95	
				SRAP			
8	00	450	X	RCP CLASS II	2.41	2.35	
				SRAP			
9	00	750	X	RCP CLASS II	2.07	1.90	
				SRAP 12 GA			
				SRASP 6 GA			
10	00	450	X	RCP CLASS II	2.32	2.19	
				SRAP 12 GA			
				SRASP 6 GA			
11	00	450	X	RCP CLASS II	2.44	2.32	
				SRAP 12 GA			
				SRASP 6 GA			
12	00	600	X	RCP CLASS III	3.17	3.14	END WALL
13	00	750	X	RCP CLASS II	1.83	1.8	
				RCP CLASS III			
				SRASP H GA			
				SRAP H GA			
				CPE			
				PVC			
				CP-6 GA	1.80	1.77	
				CSP-6 GA BIT CHALET	1.80	1.77	
14	50	750	X	RCP CLASS III	1.90	1.77	
				SRASP H GA			
				SRAP H GA			
				CPE			
				PVC			
				CP-6 GA	1.77	1.74	
				CSP-6 GA BIT CHALET	1.77	1.74	

SHEET NO

OPTIONAL MATERIALS  
TABULATION

STATE OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ENGINEER OF RECORD

DESCRIPTION

REVISIONS

DATE

BY

This example should be used when pipe flow lines and/or sizes for individual options are not the same (see Structure Nos 14 (HA) or when numerous exceptions occur

GENERAL NOTES

- The Contractor may use any of the optional pipe materials tabulated for a given structure Only the material options tabulated for a given structure can be used
- Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increase or decrease in structure size, shape length, width depth or depth of excavation. Components use of an optional pipe material other than the plotted optional pipe materials will be no added or reduced compensation for structure alterations required to relieve utility conflicts which arise from the use of an optional material other than the plotted option
- Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increased or decreased excavation, bedding, borrow backfilling, compaction, special installation requirements or disposal of excess materials due to use of any of the pipe optional materials. Likewise adjustment in the quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to differences in end treatment size or types, pipe length, alternate piping and connecting materials, saddles, crooks, girths, ladders, manholes, etc. due to the use of an optional material other than the plotted option.
- if adjustments are required due to plan errors or omissions or authorized field changes the plotted material and not the material elected by the Contractor would be used to establish new pay quantities
- The Contractor shall notify the Department in writing as to which optional pipe materials he chooses to use at the preconstruction conference. Once identified the Contractor may not change pipe material selected without the approval of the Engineer

STRUCTURE	SIZE (mm)	MATERIAL	PIOTTED	BUILT	REMARKS
	375	RCP CLASS II SNAP, M GA	X		
EXCEPTION S-1 & S-2 RCP CLASS II ONLY	450	RCP CLASS II SNAP, M GA SNAP, M GA SNAP, M GA	X		
EXCEPTION S-2E RCP CLASS III	600	RCP CLASS III SNAP, M GA SNAP, M GA SNAP, M GA	X		
EXCEPTION S-2E RCP CLASS III ONLY	750	RCP CLASS III SNAP, M GA SNAP, M GA	X		
EXCEPTION S-7 RCP CLASS I ONLY	900	RCP CLASS II SNAP, M GA SNAP, M GA SNAP, M GA	X		
EXCEPTION S-8 RCP CLASS III ONLY	900-950 900-950	RCP CLASS III SNAP, M GA SNAP, M GA	X		
EXCEPTION S-11 RCP CLASS III ONLY	900-1000 900-1000	RCP CLASS III SNAP, M GA SNAP, M GA	X		

**GENERAL NOTES**

- The Contractor may use any of the optional pipe materials tabulated for a given structure. Only the material options tabulated for a given structure can be used.
- Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increase or decrease in structure size, shape, length, width, depth or necessary construction necessary to accommodate the use of an optional pipe material other than the "plotted" option, likewise there will be no added or reduced compensation for structure alterations required to relieve utility conflicts which arise from the use of an optional material other than the "plotted" option.
- Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increased or decreased quantities, earth, borrow, backfilling, compaction, special installation requirements or otherwise, materials due to use of any of the pipe optional materials, likewise, adjustment in the quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to differences in end treatment size or types, pipe length, alternate jointing and connecting materials, saddles, cradles, filter fabrics, shoring or similar features due to the use of an optional material other than the "plotted" option.
- If adjustments are required due to plan errors or omissions or authorized field changes, the "plotted" material and not the material elected by the Contractor would be used to establish new pay quantities.
- The Contractor shall notify the Department in writing as to which optional pipe materials he chooses to use at the preconstruction conference. Once identified the Contractor may not change pipe material selected without the approval of the Engineer.
- Pipe shapes other than round (Elliptical/Arch) are summarized and paid for using equivalent round pipe diameter.

THIS EXAMPLE SHOULD BE USED WHEN MATERIAL OPTIONS ARE THE SAME FOR THE DIFFERENT PIPE SIZES AND WHEN LIMITED EXCEPTIONS ARE NOTED

EXHIBIT SDS-3a  
Date: 7/1/01

STATE OF FLORIDA		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		FINANCIAL PROJECT ID.	
ROAD NO.		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
REVISIONS		DESCRIPTION		DATE	

**OPTIONAL MATERIALS  
TABULATION**

STRUCTURE	SIZE (mm)	MATERIAL	PLOTTED AS BUILT	REMARKS
	375	RCP CLASS II SRAP 14 GA	X	
	450	RCP CLASS II SRAP 16 GA	X	
EXCEPTION S-1 & S-2		SRAP 14 GA		
RCP CLASS II ONLY		SRAP 16 GA		
	600	RCP CLASS III SRAP 18 GA	X	
EXCEPTION S-12		SRAP 16 GA		
RCP CLASS III ONLY		SRAP 18 GA		
	750	RCP CLASS III SRAP 18 GA	X	
EXCEPTION S-13		SRAP 14 GA		
RCP CLASS III ONLY		SRAP 18 GA		
	900	RCP CLASS II SRAP 14 GA	X	
EXCEPTION S-7		SRAP 12 GA		
RCP CLASS II ONLY		SRAP 16 GA		

**GENERAL NOTES**

- The Contractor may use any of the optional pipe materials tabulated for a given structure. Only the material options tabulated for a given structure can be used.
- Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increase or decrease in structure size, shape, length, width, depth or necessary construction to accommodate the use of an optional pipe material other than the "plotted" option. Likewise there will be no added or reduced compensation for structure alterations required to relieve utility conflicts which arise from the use of an optional material other than the "plotted" option.
- Adjustment to the bid quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to increased or decreased excavation, bedding, borrow backfilling, or other materials used in the construction of the structure. Likewise adjustment in the quantities, prices and payment will not be allowed due to differences in end treatment size or types, pipe length, alternate jointing and connecting materials, sodas, credits, filler, fabrics, shoring or similar features due to the use of an optional material other than the plotted option.
- If adjustments are required due to plan errors or omissions or authorized field changes the "plotted" material and not the material elected by the Contractor would be used to establish new pay quantities.
- The Contractor shall notify the Department in writing as to which optional materials he chooses to use at the preconstruction conference. Once identified the Contractor may not change pipe material selected without the approval of the Engineer.

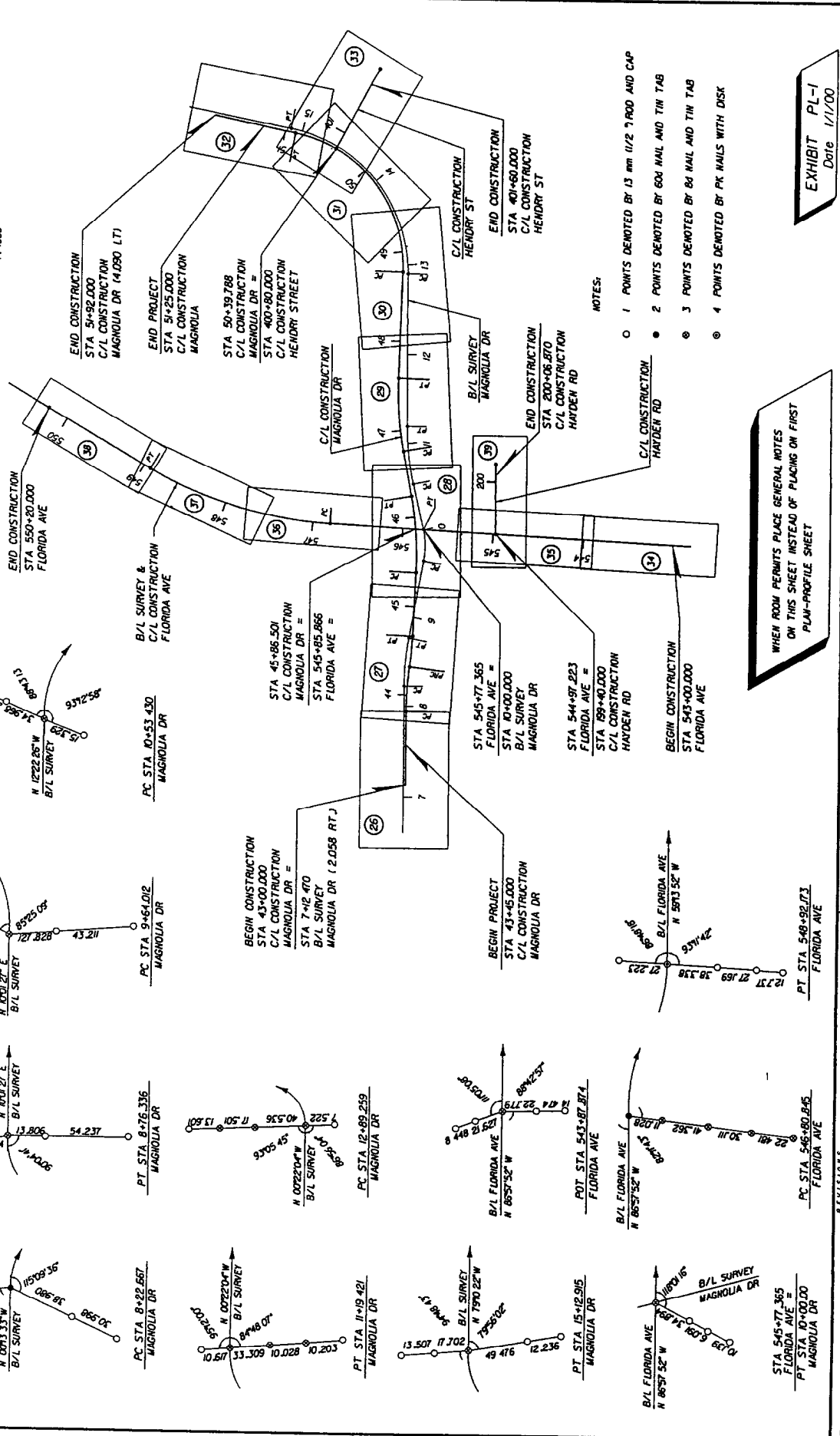
This example should be used when material options are the same for the different pipe sizes and when limited exceptions are noted

EXHIBIT SDS-3  
Date 1/1/00

STATE OF FLORIDA		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		FINANCIAL PROJECT ID		ROAD NO		COUNTY		ENGINEER OF RECORD		SHEET NO	
<b>OPTIONAL MATERIALS TABULATION</b>													

11/11/00 11:11 AM





- NOTES:
- 1 POINTS DENOTED BY 15 mm 1/12" ROD AND CAP
  - 2 POINTS DENOTED BY 600 MAIL AND TIN TAB
  - ⊙ 3 POINTS DENOTED BY 84 MAIL AND TIN TAB
  - ⊗ 4 POINTS DENOTED BY PK NAILS WITH DISK

WHEN ROOM PERMITS PLACE GENERAL NOTES ON THIS SHEET INSTEAD OF PLACING ON FIRST PLAN-PROFILE SHEET

EXHIBIT PL-1  
Date 1/1/00

REVISIONS		ENGINEER OF RECORD		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		STATE OF FLORIDA	
DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY	ROAD NO.	COUNTY	PROJECT D.

PROJECT LAYOUT

SHEET NO

DATE: 1/1/00 TIME: 10:00 AM

RETURN	PC STA	OFFSET	PT STA	OFFSET
NO 1	40+16.65	15.0	40+31.65	3.6
NO 2	9+37.45	3.6	40+33.90	3.3
NO 3	40+16.53	15.3	40+31.83	3.6
NO 4	8+76.73	3.6	40+53.73	15.3

SEE SHEET -- FOR RETURN PROFILES

PEACOCK DRIVE

PC STA 40+84.480  
C/L CONST. SR 00  
Δ = 00' 18" 20' LT

1.2 CONC TRAF SEP (TYPE I)  
30.0 OF 450 PIPE  
CURB RAMP (ICR 9)  
CURB & GUTTER TYPE F

1.2 CONC TRAF SEP (TYPE II)  
30.0 OF 450 PIPE  
CURB RAMP (ICR 9)  
CURB & GUTTER TYPE F

1.2 CONC TRAF SEP (TYPE I)  
30.0 OF 450 PIPE  
CURB RAMP (ICR 9)  
CURB & GUTTER TYPE F

1.2 CONC TRAF SEP (TYPE I)  
30.0 OF 450 PIPE  
CURB RAMP (ICR 9)  
CURB & GUTTER TYPE F

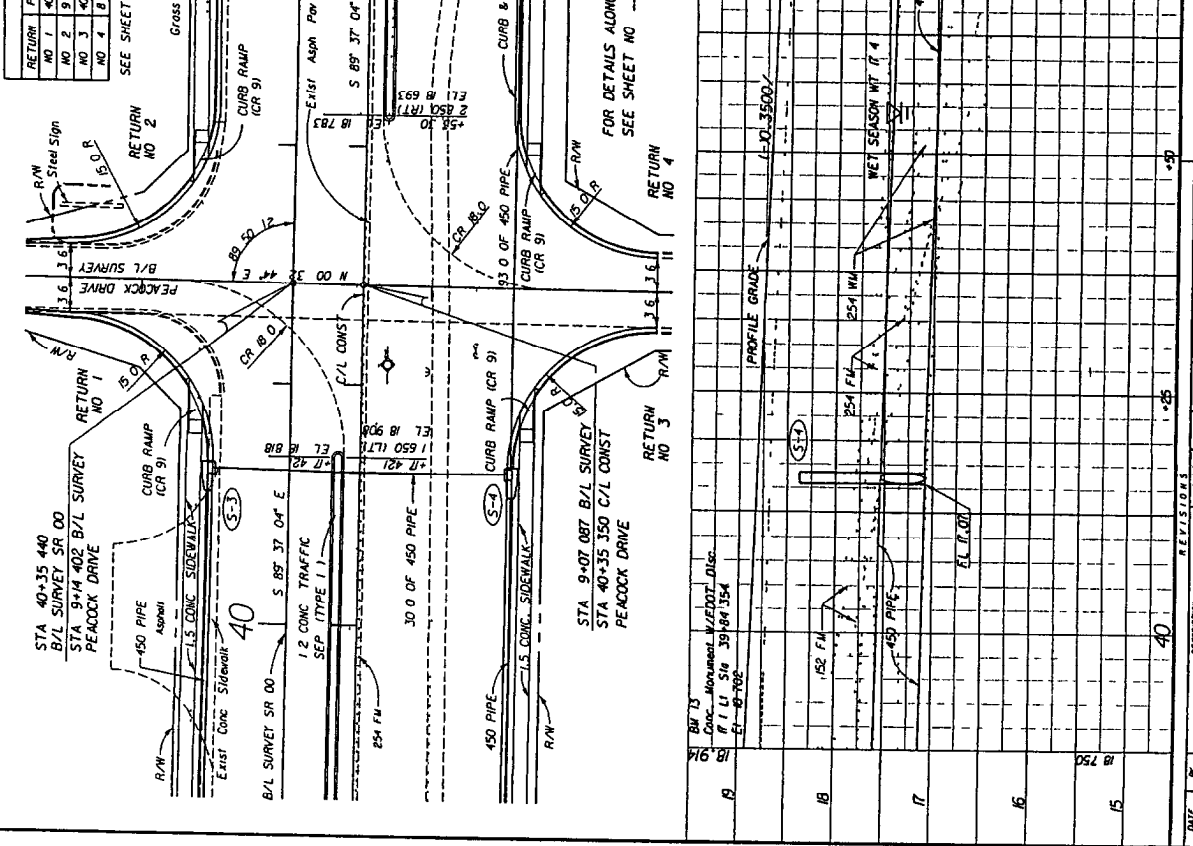
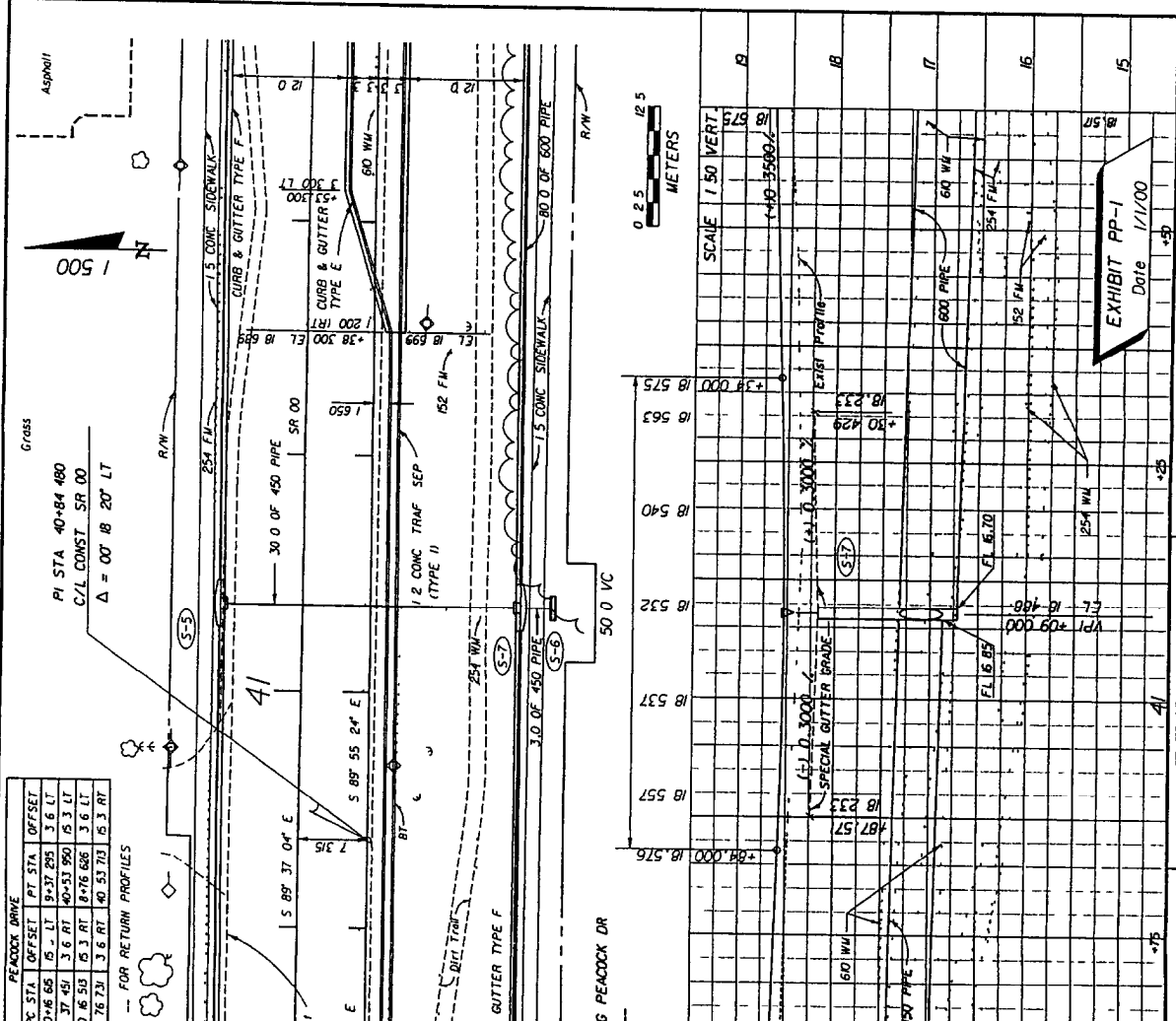
1.2 CONC TRAF SEP (TYPE I)  
30.0 OF 450 PIPE  
CURB RAMP (ICR 9)  
CURB & GUTTER TYPE F

1.2 CONC TRAF SEP (TYPE I)  
30.0 OF 450 PIPE  
CURB RAMP (ICR 9)  
CURB & GUTTER TYPE F

1.2 CONC TRAF SEP (TYPE I)  
30.0 OF 450 PIPE  
CURB RAMP (ICR 9)  
CURB & GUTTER TYPE F

1.2 CONC TRAF SEP (TYPE I)  
30.0 OF 450 PIPE  
CURB RAMP (ICR 9)  
CURB & GUTTER TYPE F

1.2 CONC TRAF SEP (TYPE I)  
30.0 OF 450 PIPE  
CURB RAMP (ICR 9)  
CURB & GUTTER TYPE F



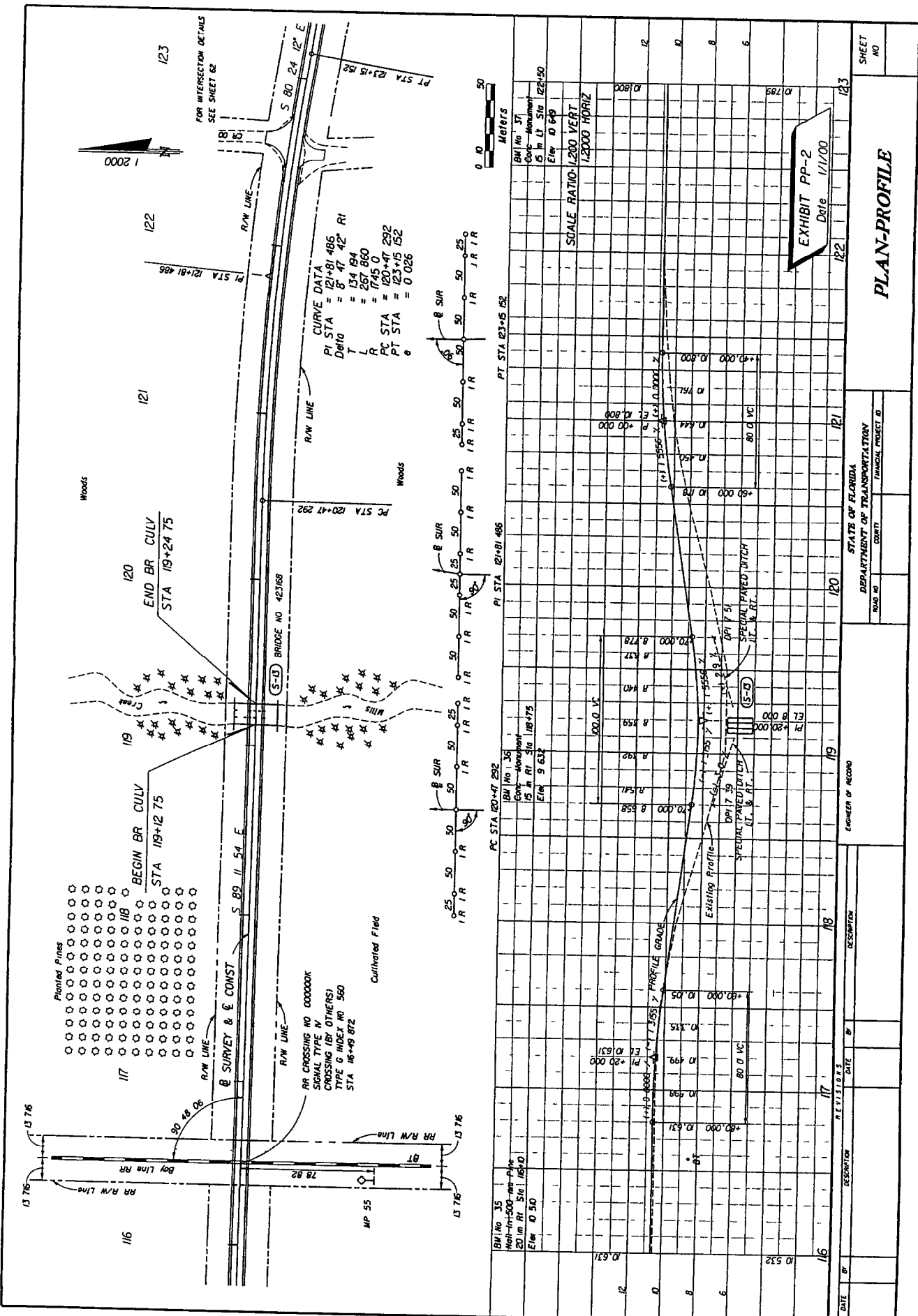
DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISION	DATE

STATE OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ROAD NO. COUNTY FINANCIAL PROJECT ID

EXHIBIT PP-1  
Date 1/11/00

PLAN - PROFILE

SHEET NO



FOR INTERSECTION DETAILS SEE SHEET 82

1:2000

0 0 50 METERS

SCALE RATIO: 1:2000 VERT  
1:2000 HORIZ

EXHIBIT PP-2  
Date 1/11/00

STATES OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROAD NO COUNTY FINANCIAL PROJECT ID

ENGINEER OF RECORD

REVISIONS

DESCRIPTION DATE BY

DATE

DESCRIPTION

DATE

DESCRIPTION

DATE

DESCRIPTION

DATE

DESCRIPTION

DATE

DESCRIPTION

DATE

DESCRIPTION

DATE

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DESCRIPTION

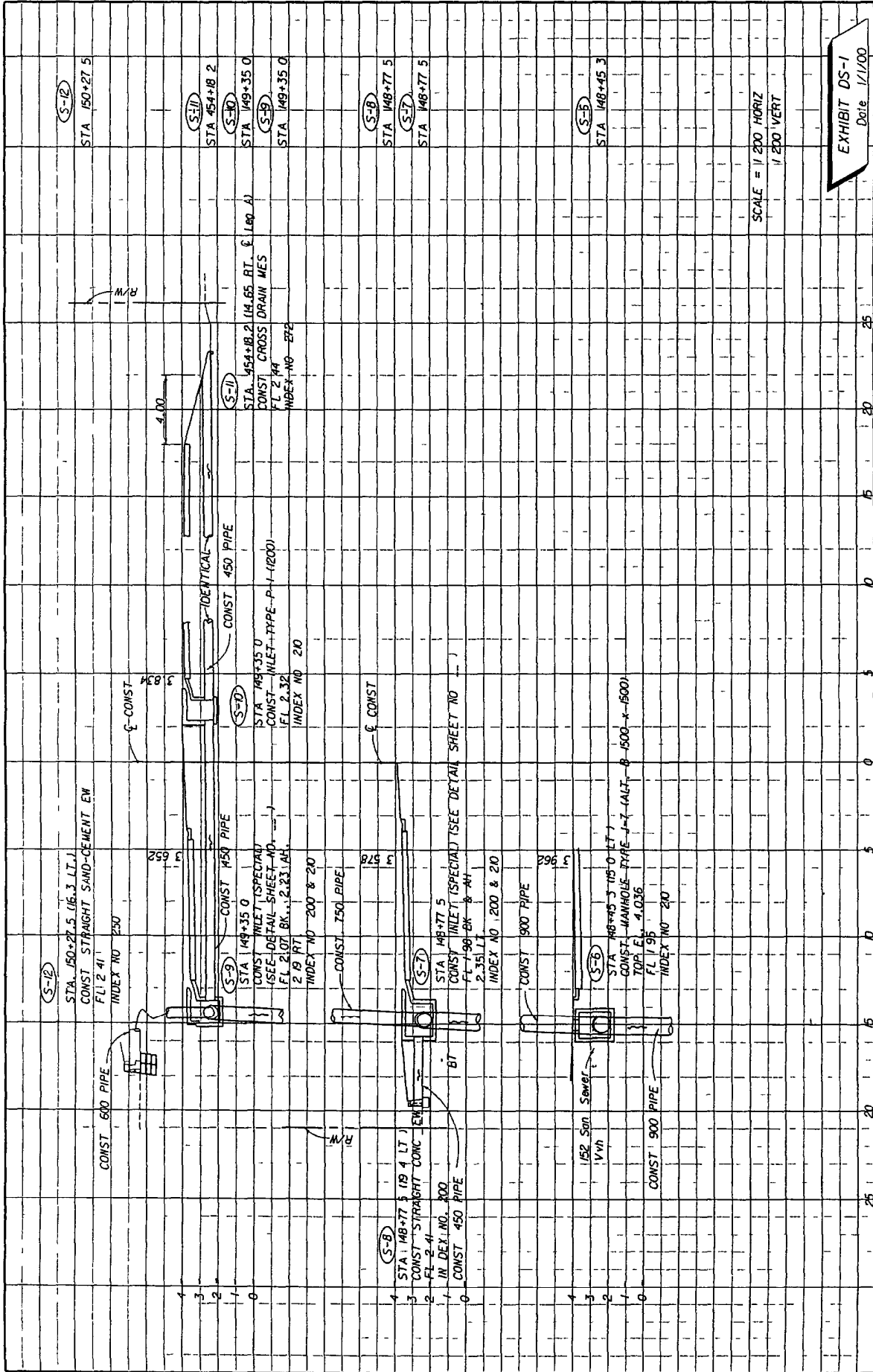
DATE

DESCRIPTION

DATE

DESCRIPTION

DATE



(S-12)  
STA 150+27.5

(S-11)  
STA 149+35.0

(S-10)  
STA 148+77.5

(S-7)  
STA 148+77.5

(S-8)  
STA 148+77.5

SCALE = 1/200 HORIZ  
1/200 VERT

EXHIBIT DS-1  
Date 1/1/00

SHEET NO

**DRAINAGE STRUCTURES**

STATE OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
COUNTY \_\_\_\_\_  
ROAD NO \_\_\_\_\_  
FINANCIAL PROJECT ID \_\_\_\_\_

ENGINEER OF RECORD

DESCRIPTION

DATE

DATE

DATE

DATE

DATE

DATE

DATE

DATE

DATE

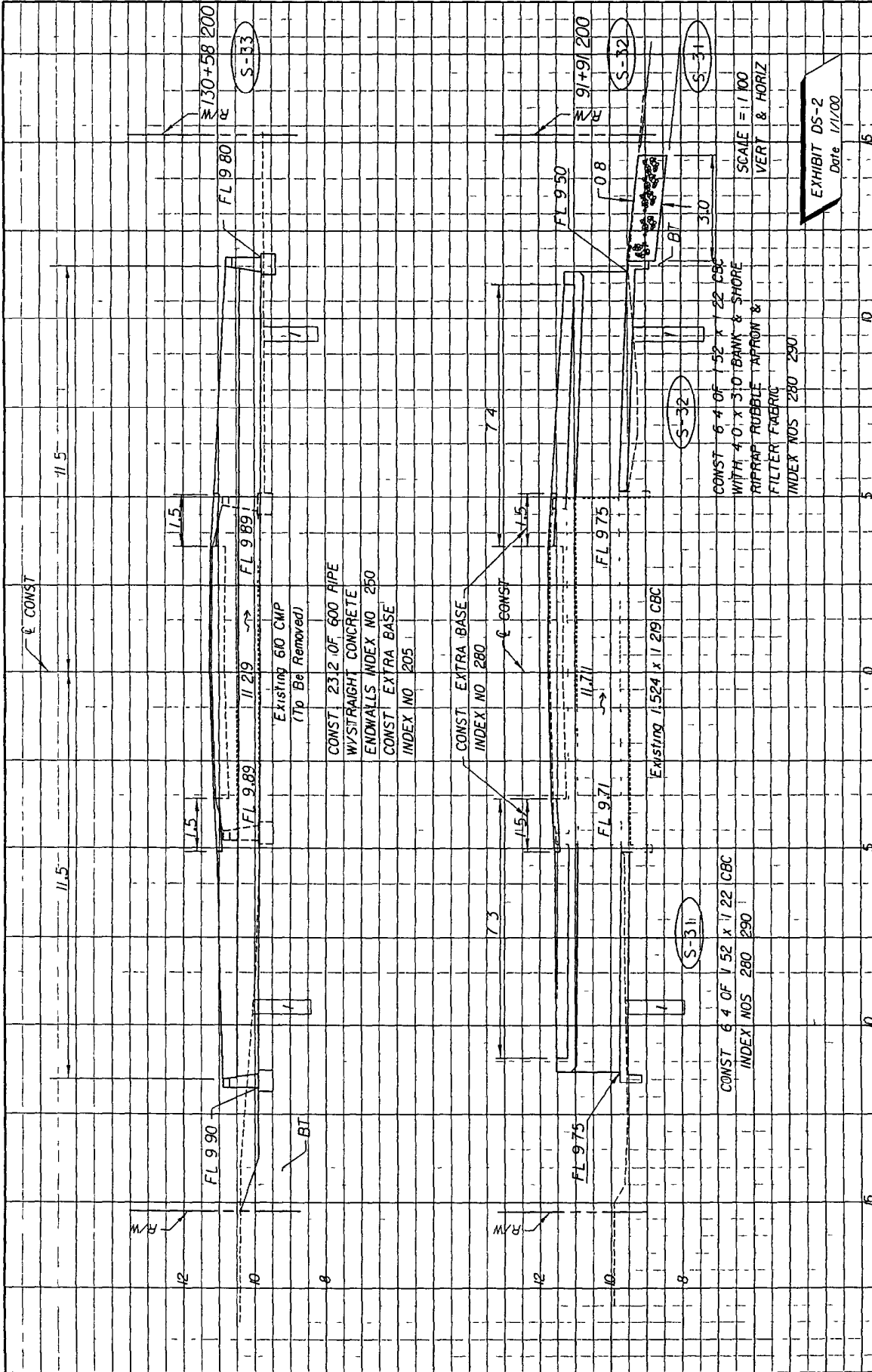
DATE

DATE

DATE

DATE

DATE



CONST. 2312 OF 600 PIPE  
 WYSTRAIGHT CONCRETE  
 ENDWALLS INDEX NO 250  
 CONST. EXTRA BASE  
 INDEX NO 205

CONST. EXTRA BASE  
 INDEX NO 280

CONST. 6 4 OF 1 52 x 1 22 CBC  
 INDEX NOS 280 290

Existing 1524 x 11 219 CBC

CONST. 6 4 OF 1 52 x 22 CBC  
 WITH 4 0 x 3 10 BANK & SHORE  
 RIPRAP RUBBLE TAPPROX &  
 FILTER FABRIC  
 INDEX NOS 280 290

EXHIBIT DS-2  
 Date 1/1/00

DATE	REVISIONS	DESCRIPTION	ENGINEER OF RECORD	STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ROAD NO. COUNTY FINANCIAL PROJECT ID	SHEET NO.

**DRAINAGE STRUCTURES**

STATE OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
MATERIALS AND RESEARCH

DATE OF SURVEY 2/15/95 - 5/1/95  
SURVEY MADE BY HARTFORD TESTING COMPANY  
SUBMITTED BY LARRY BULLARD, P.E.

FINANCIAL PROJECT ID \_\_\_\_\_

DISTRICT 3  
ROAD NO S.R. 200  
COUNTY LIBERTY

CROSS SECTION SOIL SURVEY FOR THE DESIGN OF ROADS

SURVEY BEGINS STA 400+00 SURVEY ENDS STA 554+00

STRATUM NO.	NO OF TESTS	ORGANIC CONTENT %	SIEVE ANALYSIS RESULTS / PASS						MOISTURE CONTENT	NO OF TESTS	ID MESH	40 MESH	60 MESH	100 MESH	200 MESH	NO OF TESTS	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC INDEX	ASHTO GROUP	DESCRIPTION	CORROSION TEST RESULTS	MO OF TESTS	RESISTIVITY OHMS CM	CHLORIDE ppm	SULFATES ppm	PH
			ATTERBERG LIMITS (%)	ATTERBERG LIMITS (%)	ATTERBERG LIMITS (%)	ATTERBERG LIMITS (%)	ATTERBERG LIMITS (%)	ATTERBERG LIMITS (%)																		
1																										
2	4	98.87	93-77	82-59	55-44	40-3														ROCK BASE ASPHALTIC CONCRETE						
3	7	3.5-8.5	94.86	71.65	45.34	21.6													SUBGRADE GRK & TAW SAND W/TRACE SILT L R & SHELL							
4	3	15.19	93.71	90.60	82-53	45.37													FILL (DARK BROWN SAND W/SOME SILT & TRACE L.R.I)		7	43000-34000	60-40	72-8	8.3-6.4	
5	3		100	99	98-96	80.75	34.30												GRAY AND BROWN SILTY SAND W/TRACE CLAY AND L.R		4	28000-23000	120-80	96-84	8.9.8.4	
6	3	18.2-40	100	99	98-96	80.75	34.30												TAW AND LIGHT GRAY SILTY SAND W/SOME CLAY AND TRACE SHELL		3	8000-6800	120-60	216.156	8.2.7.5	
7	3	15.5-20	92-88	79.73	69-60	55.51	46.30												MUCK (DARK BROWN SILTY SAND W/SOME CLAY							
8	3	15.5-20	99.97	97-88	80.77	5.0	55.51												YELLOW AND GRAY SILTY SAND CLAY							
			100-99	99.97	97-88	80.77	5.0												MUCK (BROWN SAND W/SOME ORGANIC AND TRACE SHELL		3	35000-20000	120	120	5.2-4.6	

EMBANKMENT AND SUBGRADE MATERIAL

STRATA BOUNDARIES ARE APPROXIMATE MAKE FINAL CHECK AFTER GRADING

SL - WATER TABLE ENCOUNTERED  
GNE - GROUND WATER NOT ENCOUNTERED

The material from Stratum Number 1 is Rock Base under Asphaltic Concrete  
The material from Stratum Number 2 appears satisfactory for use in the embankment when utilized in accordance with Index 505  
The material from Stratum Number 3 appears satisfactory for use in the embankment when utilized in accordance with Index 505. However this material is likely to retain excess moisture and be difficult to dry and compact. It should be used in the embankment above the water level existing at the time of construction. This material may not be used in the subgrade portion of the roadbed due to its organic content.  
The materials from Stratum Numbers 4 and 5 are plastic materials and shall be removed in accordance with Index 500. They may be placed above the existing water level at the time of construction to within 4 Feet of the proposed base. They should be placed uniformly in the lower portion of the embankment for some distances along the project rather than full depths for short distances.  
The material from Stratum Numbers 6 and 8 is ORGANIC/A-B material and shall be removed in accordance with Index 500.  
The material from Stratum Number 7 is Highly Plastic material and shall be removed in accordance with Index 500. It may be used within the project limits as indicated in Index 505 only when excavated within the project limits and is not to be used when obtained from outside the project limits.

EXHIBIT SS-1  
Date 1/1/00

STATE OF FLORIDA		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		ROADWAY SOILS SURVEY	
COUNTY		FINANCIAL PROJECT ID		SHEET NO	
PROJECT NO		DATE		DATE	
DESCRIPTION		DATE		DATE	

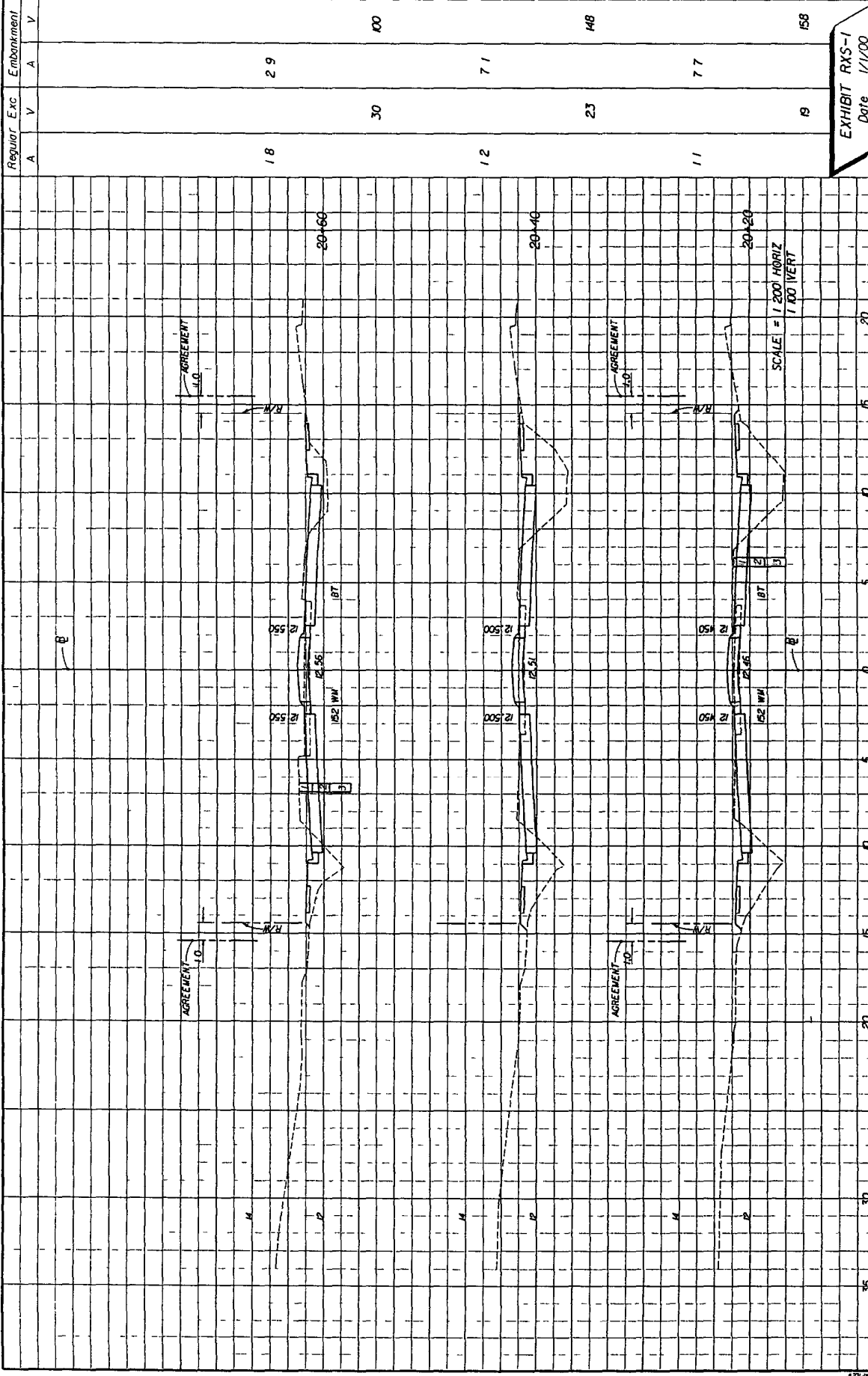


EXHIBIT RKS-1  
Date 1/1/00

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	ROAD NO.	COUNTY	FINANCIAL PROJECT NO.
ENGINEER OF RECORD	DESCRIPTION	DATE	REVISION
DATE	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY

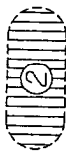
**CROSS SECTIONS**

SHEET NO. 158

SELECTIVE CLEARING AND GRUBBING - GENERAL NOTES



DESIGNATES AREAS TO REMAIN NATURAL NO CLEARING OR GRUBBING IN THESE AREAS NO EQUIPMENT SHALL ENTER THESE AREAS NO STAGING STORAGE OR DUMPING IN THIS AREA



DESIGNATES AREAS WHERE TREES AND STUMPS OVER 75 mm IN DIAMETER SHALL BE CUT FLUSH WITH THE GROUND OR REMOVED AND ALL UNDERGROWTH IS TO REMAIN NATURAL NO EQUIPMENT SHALL ENTER THESE AREAS THAT WOULD IN ANY WAY DAMAGE THE PLANT MATERIAL TO REMAIN NO STAGING STORAGE OR DUMPING IN THIS AREA



DESIGNATES AREAS WHERE TREES OF 75 mm IN DIAMETER OR GREATER ARE TO REMAIN AND ALL UNDERGROWTH IS TO BE REMOVED ONLY RUBBER TIRE EQUIPMENT SHALL ENTER THESE AREAS AND REMAINING TREES SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM ROOT AND TRUNK DAMAGE NO STAGING STORAGE OR DUMPING IN THIS AREA



DESIGNATES AREAS WHERE THE TYPE AND EXTENT OF CLEARING AND GRUBBING SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER ACCORDING TO FIELD CONDITIONS



DESIGNATES AREAS THAT SHALL REMAIN NATURAL WHEN IN THE OPINION OF THE ENGINEER ADEQUATE AND DESIRABLE NATURAL VEGETATION OR GRASS EXIST WHERE THIS TYPE VEGETATION DOES NOT EXIST ONLY HARROWING DISKING LEVELING AND/OR CLEAN-UP SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN TO A DEGREE SUFFICIENT TO PREPARE THE AREA FOR GRASSING OPERATIONS



AREAS WHERE EQUIPMENT IS NOT ALLOWED AND OTHER LOCATIONS AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER MUST BE PROTECTED BY TREE GUARDS THE LOCATION FOR TREE GUARDS SHALL BE SHOWN IN THE PLANS

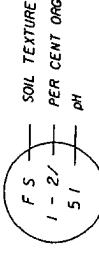
ALL OTHER AREAS NOT INCLUDED IN ONE OF THE ABOVE CATEGORIES OR THOSE DESIGNATED BY THE TYPICAL SECTIONS SHALL BE STANDARD CLEARING AND GRUBBING WHERE UNFORSEEN SITE CONDITIONS EXIST ADJUSTMENTS OR EXCEPTIONS MAY BE MADE TO THE ABOVE PROCEDURE AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER

TOPSOIL - MUCK BLANKET - GENERAL NOTES

STOCKPILING OF FINISH SOIL LAYER MATERIAL IS TO BE DONE ONLY IN AREAS REQUIRING STANDARD CLEARING AND GRUBBING AND/OR AREAS DESIGNATED AS TYPE 5 (SEE SELECTIVE CLEARING AND GRUBBING - GENERAL NOTES)

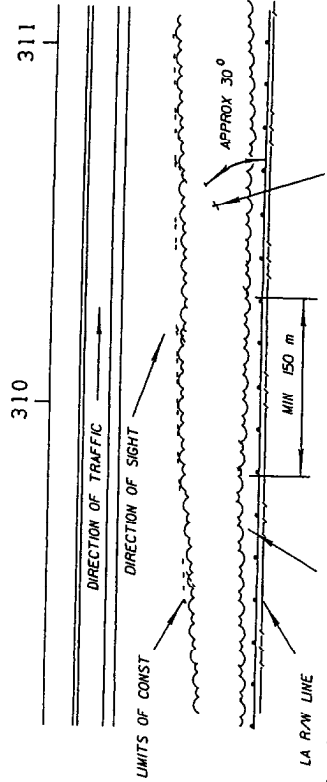
TYPE 4 AREAS MAY BE USED FOR STOCKPILING OF FINISH SOIL LAYER MATERIAL ONLY WHERE SUCH AREAS HAVE BEEN CLEARED AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS

SUFFICIENT AREA HAS BEEN DESIGNATED SO THAT ALL STOCKPILING MAY BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS LISTED ABOVE



SOIL INFORMATION DETAIL

EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS & SOIL TEXTURE ABBREVIATIONS



3 m STRIP WHICH MAY BE CLEARED FOR FENCE CONSTRUCTION WITH SELECTED DESIRABLE TREES ALLOWED TO REMAIN AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER

AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER DIAGONAL PATH MAY BE CUT IN AREAS TO REMAIN NATURAL AS SHOWN ABOVE FOR THE REMOVAL OF THUNDER AND STUMPS FROM THE AREA CLEARED FOR FENCE CONSTRUCTION

ACCESS FOR FENCE CONSTRUCTION  
(APPLIES TO ALL TYPES OF SELECTIVE CLEARING AND GRUBBING)

EXHIBIT SCG-1  
Date 1/1/00

STATE OF FLORIDA		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		ROAD NO.		COUNTY		FISCAL PROJECT ID		SHEET NO.	
ENGINEER OF RECORD		REVISOR		DATE		DESCRIPTION		DATE		REVISION	

SELECTIVE CLEARING AND GRUBBING



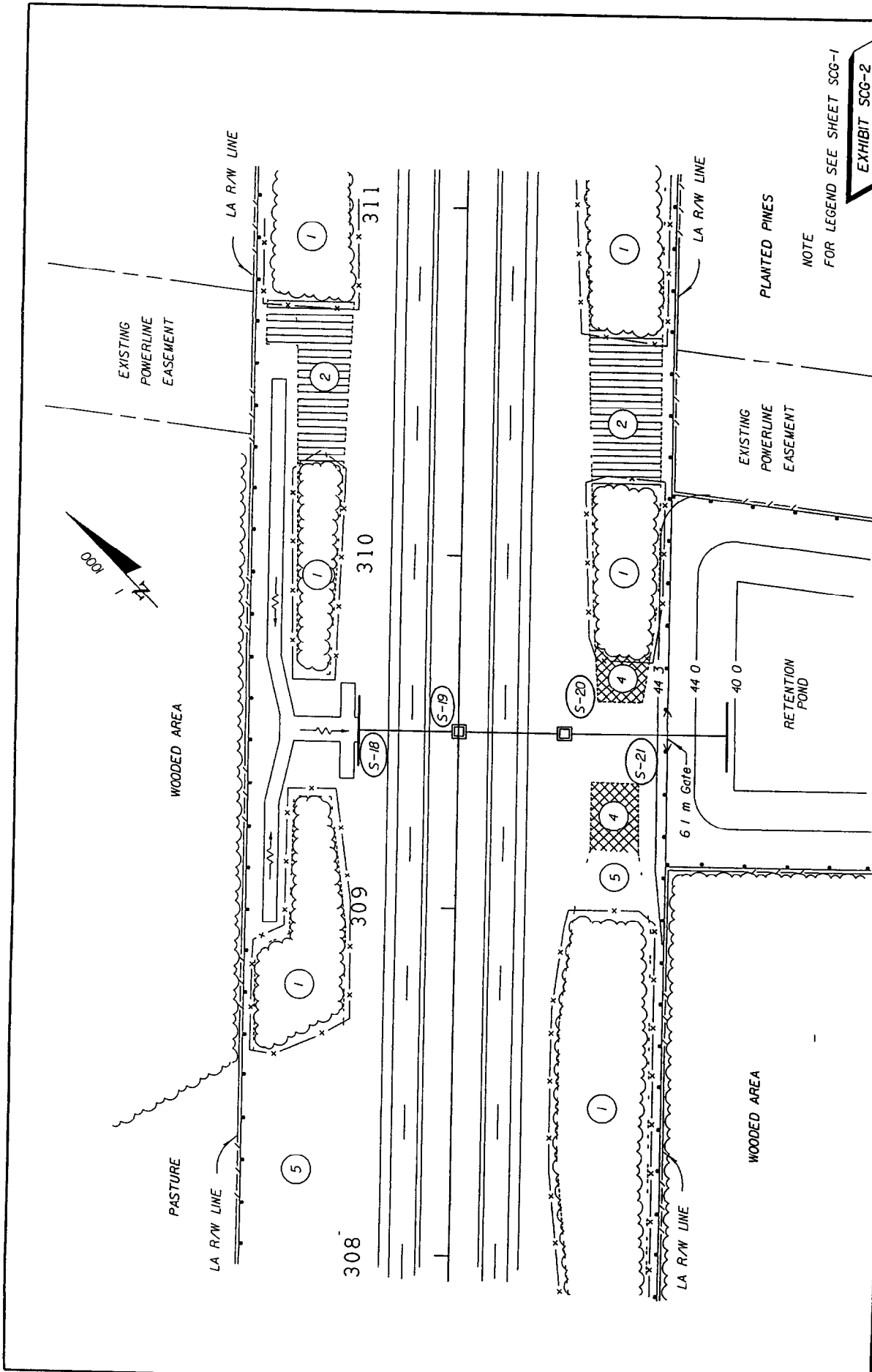


EXHIBIT SCG-2  
Date: 1/1/00

NOTE  
FOR LEGEND SEE SHEET SCG-1

**SELECTIVE CLEARING  
AND GRUBBING**

STATES OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ROAD NO. COUNTY TECHNICAL PROJECT ID

ENGINEER OF RECORD

DATE	DESCRIPTION	REVISOR	DATE	BY

SHEET NO.

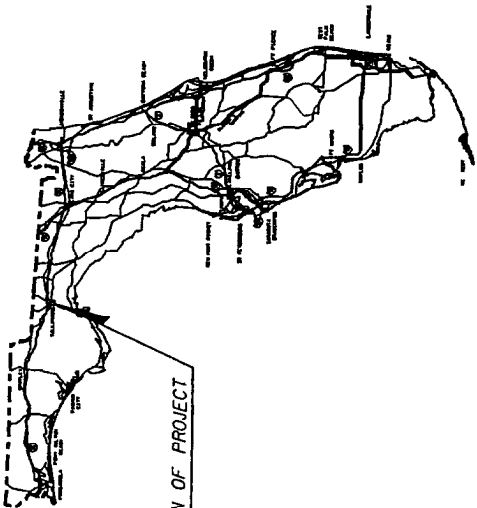
**STATE OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**CONTRACT PLANS**

FINANCIAL PROJECT ID 000003-1-52-03  
(FEDERAL FUNDS)  
LEON COUNTY (55001)  
STATE ROAD NO 10

**INDEX OF SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING PLANS**

SHEET NO	SHEET DESCRIPTION
S-1	KEY SHEET
S-2	TABULATION OF QUANTITIES
S-3 Thru S-5	SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS
S-6	GUIDE SIGN WORK SHEET



**SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING PLANS**

PLANS PREPARED BY  
NAME ADDRESS CONTRACT NUMBER AND  
VENDOR NUMBER OF THE CONSULTANT  
FIRM WHEN THE PLANS ARE PREPARED BY  
A CONSULTANT

OTHER INFORMATION WILL BE REQUIRED IF  
SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING PLANS  
IS THE LEAD PROJECT SEE CHAPTER 3  
WRITE-UP AND EXHIBIT KS-1

NOTE THE SCALE OF THESE PLANS MAY  
HAVE CHANGED BY REPRODUCTION

GOVERNING STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS  
FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ROADWAY AND TRAFFIC DESIGN STANDARDS  
DATED JANUARY 89 AND  
STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE  
CONSTRUCTION DATED 89  
AS AMENDED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

**NOTE. THIS IS A METRIC UNIT PROJECT**

DATE	#	KEY SHEET REVISIONS	
		EXPLANATION	DATE

ENGINEER OF RECORD

P.E. NO

FISCAL YEAR	SHEET NO

**EXHIBIT S-KS**  
Date 1/1/00

FDOT PROJECT MANAGER

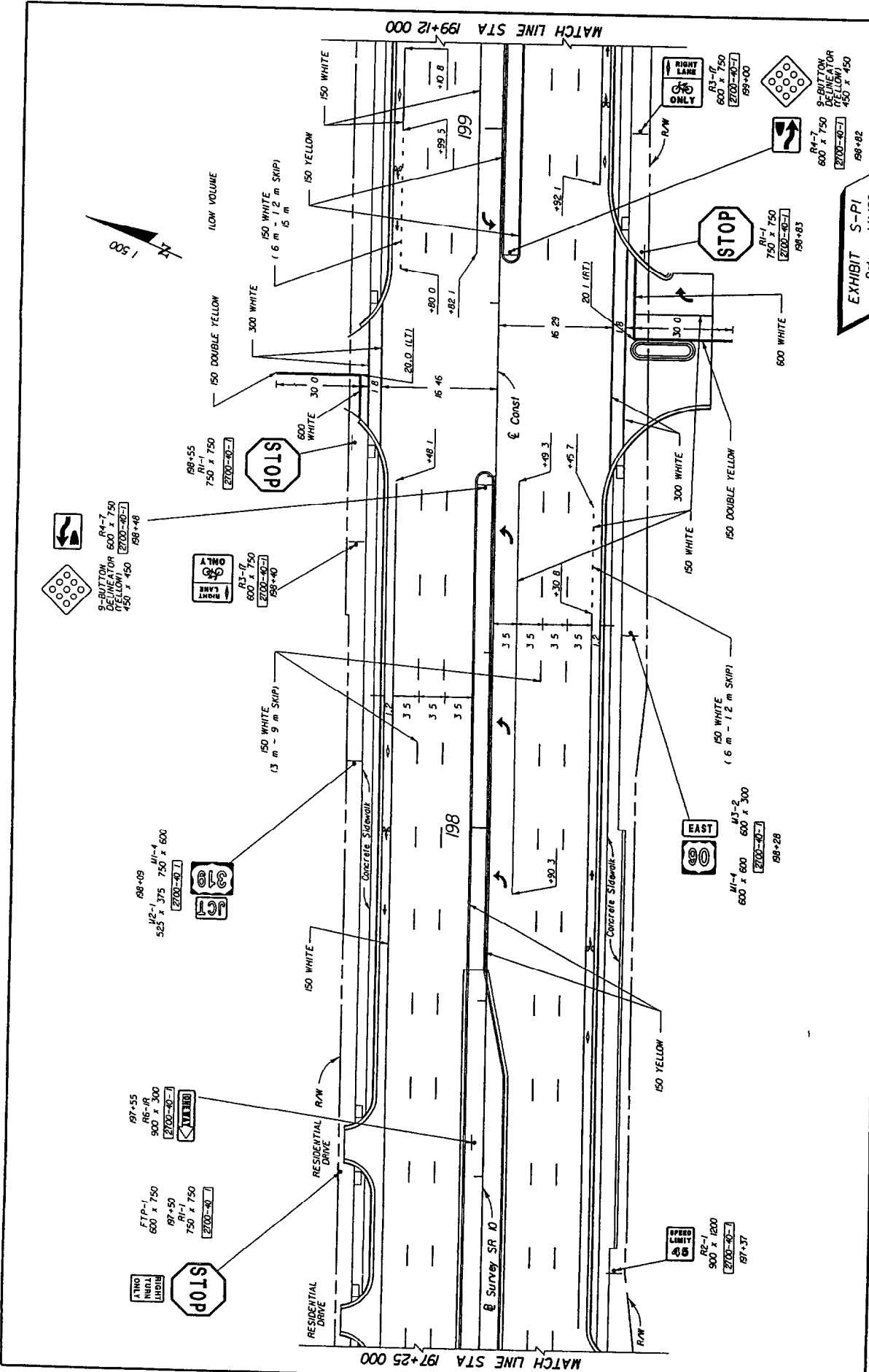
# TABULATION OF QUANTITIES

PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	SHEET NUMBERS										TOTAL THIS SHEET		GRAND TOTAL		REF SHEET									
			S-1		S-2		S-3		S-4		S-5		S-6		PLAN	FINAL		PLAN	FINAL							
			PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL												
2700-40-1	SIGN SINGLE POST (1 1 25) M2-1 (525 X 375 MI-4 (750 X 600) M3-2 (600 X 300) MI-4 (600 X 600) R1-1 (750 X 750) R2-1 (750 X 750) FTP-1 (750 X 600) R3-1 (900 X 1200) R4-7 (600 X 750) 9 BUTTON (450 X 450) R6-1R (900 X 300) W3-3 (900 X 900) D3 (900 X 300) SIGN OVERHEAD CANTILEVER 16 00 OR LESS (20 0-25 00)	AS																								
		AS	1																							
		AS	1																							
		AS	2																							
		AS	1																							
		AS	1																							
		AS	2																							
		AS	2																							
		AS	1																							
		AS	1																							
		AS	1																							
		EA	4																							
		EA	4																							
		EA	4																							
270-6	DIRECTIONAL ARROWS PAINTED (LEFT TURN RIGHT TURN) (1 51 M2)	EA	5																							
		EA	5																							
270-5	GUIDE LINES PAINT (DOTTED)	MI	29																							
270-21	SNIP TRAFFIC STRIPE (WHITE/BLACK/BLUE)	SK	756																							
270-27	SNIP TRAFFIC STRIPE (WHITE/BLACK/BLUE)	MI	29																							
270-23-1	SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE (WHITE/BLACK/BLUE)	MK	99																							
270-23-1	SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE (WHITE/BLACK/BLUE)	MK	99																							
270-23-2	SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE (WHITE/BLACK/BLUE)	MK	18																							
270-23-2	SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE (WHITE/BLACK/BLUE)	MK	305																							
270-24-6	SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE (YELLOW)	MK	542																							
		MK	542																							

Note: Quantities And Items Shown Are For Sheet Exhibits Only And Do Not Reflect The Total Quantities And Items For A Complete Signing Project

EXHIBIT S-01  
Date 1/1/00

DATE	REVISION	DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION
			ENGINEER OF RECORD		
			STATE OF FLORIDA		
			DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
			ROAD NO	COUNTY	PROJECT NO
<b>TABULATION OF QUANTITIES</b>					



DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

ENGINEER OF RECORD		DATE	

STATES OF FLORIDA	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
ROAD NO.	PROJECT NO.

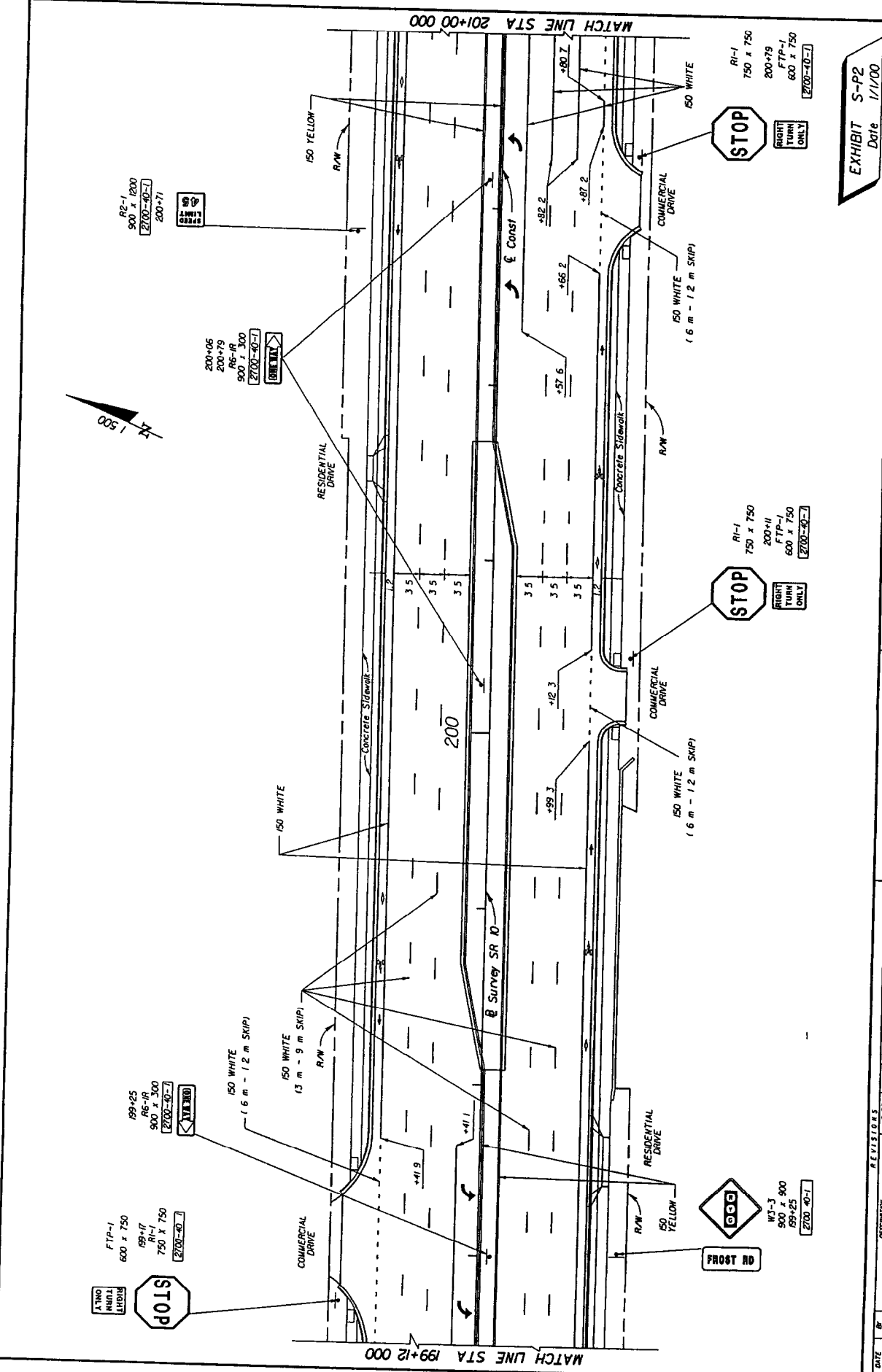
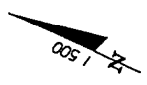
  

SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS	
EXHIBIT S-PI	Date 1/1/00

SHEET NO.	
-----------	--

10/27/97 11:58 AM 10/27/97 11:58 AM



STOP  
RIGHT TURN ONLY

FTP-1  
600 x 750  
199+17  
R1-1  
750 x 750  
[2700-40-1]

199+25  
R6-1R  
900 x 300  
[2700-40-1]

150 WHITE  
(6 m - 1.2 m SKIP)  
150 WHITE  
(3 m - 9 m SKIP)

FROST RD  
W3-3  
900 x 900  
199+25  
[2700-40-1]

STOP  
RIGHT TURN ONLY

R1-1  
750 x 750  
200+11  
FTP-1  
600 x 750  
[2700-40-1]

STOP  
RIGHT TURN ONLY

R1-1  
750 x 750  
200+79  
FTP-1  
600 x 750  
[2700-40-1]

STOP  
RIGHT TURN ONLY

R1-1  
750 x 750  
200+79  
FTP-1  
600 x 750  
[2700-40-1]

200+66  
200+79  
900 x 300  
[2700-40-1]

R2-1  
900 x 1200  
[2700-40-1]  
200+71

EXHIBIT S-P2  
Date 1/1/00

REVISIONS		ENGINEER OF RECORD		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		SHEET NO	
DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	ROAD NO	COUNTY	FINANCIAL PROJECT ID	DATE	NO

**SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

\*\*\*\*\*STANDARD\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*OTHER\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*REVISIONS\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*DATE\*\*\*\*\*



MATCH LINE STA 202+88 000

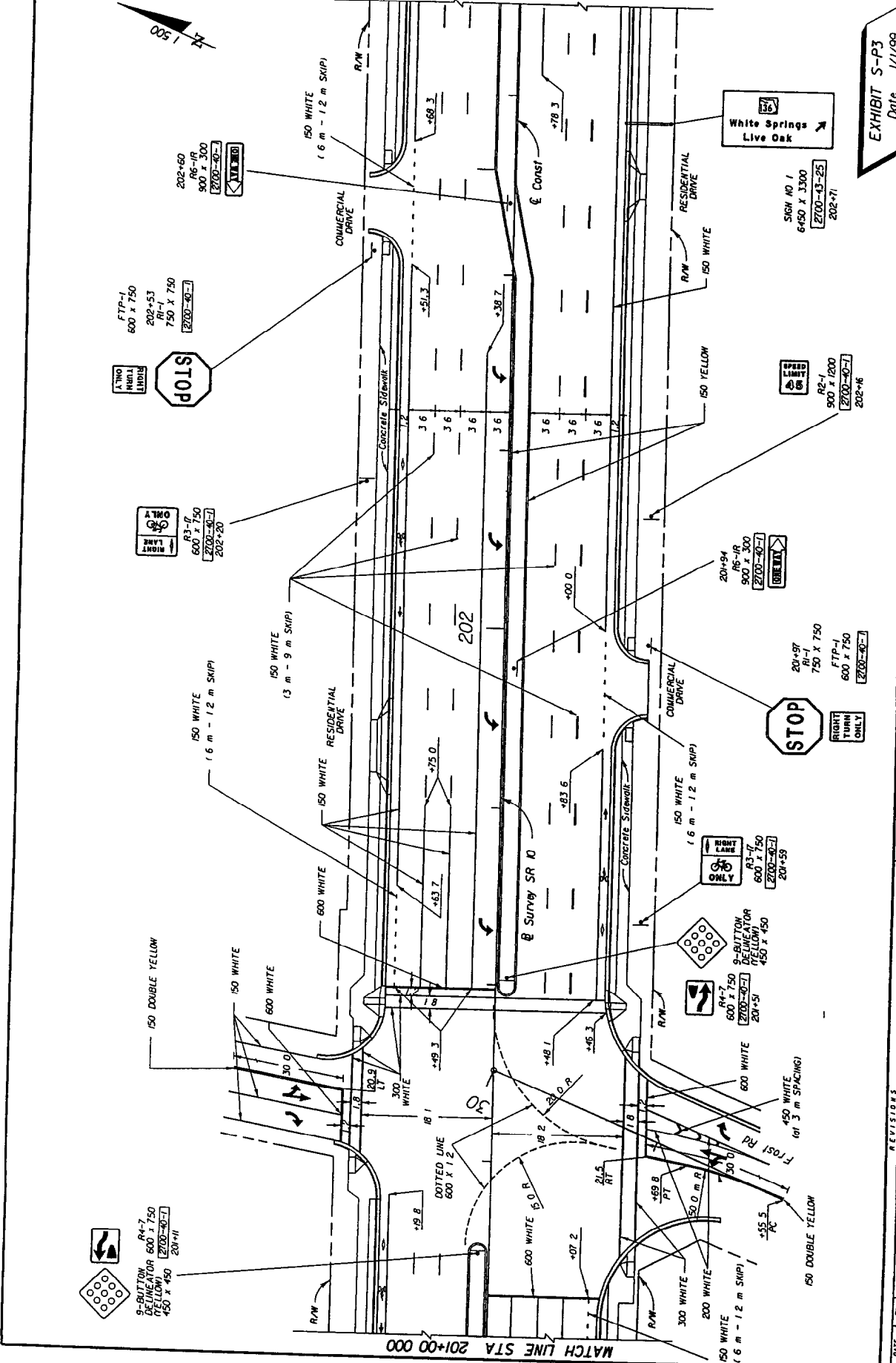


EXHIBIT S-P3  
Date 1/1/99

**SIGNING AND  
PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

SHEET NO

ROAD NO  
COUNTY  
FINANCIAL PROJECT ID

ENGINEER OF RECORD

DATE	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

White Springs  
Live Oak

SIGN NO 1  
6450 X 1300  
[2700-43-25]  
202+71

SPEED LIMIT  
20  
R2-1  
900 X 1200  
[2700-40-7]  
202+6

RIGHT LANE ONLY  
R3-7  
600 X 750  
[2700-40-1]  
202+39

RIGHT TURN ONLY  
FTP-1  
600 X 750  
[2700-40-7]  
202+6

STOP  
RIGHT TURN ONLY  
R2-1  
900 X 1200  
[2700-40-7]  
202+6

RIGHT LANE ONLY  
R3-7  
600 X 750  
[2700-40-1]  
202+39

9-BUTTON DELINEATOR  
600 X 750  
[2700-40-1]  
202+51

FTP-1  
600 X 750  
202+53  
R1-1  
750 X 750  
[2700-40-7]  
202+20

STOP  
R1-1  
600 X 750  
[2700-40-7]  
202+20

RIGHT LANE ONLY  
R3-7  
600 X 750  
[2700-40-1]  
202+20

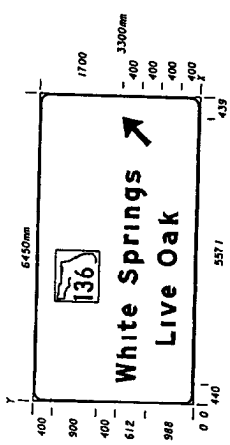
RIGHT TURN ONLY  
FTP-1  
600 X 750  
[2700-40-7]  
202+6

9-BUTTON DELINEATOR  
600 X 750  
[2700-40-1]  
450 X 450  
202+41

RIGHT TURN ONLY  
R2-1  
900 X 1200  
[2700-40-7]  
202+6

SIGN NUMBER		1
WIDTH x HEIGHT		6450mm x 3300mm
BORDER WIDTH		50
CORNER RADIUS		200
MOUNTING		CANTILEVER
BACKGROUND		TYPE REFLECTIVE
LEGEND/BORDER		COLOR GREEN
		TYPE REFLECTIVE
		COLOR WHITE

SYMBOL	X	Y	W/D	H/T
FLSHL2	2140	2000	1059	900
ARLONG	2549	3393	968	612

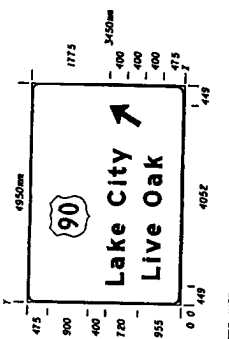


SPACINGS ARE TO START OF NEXT LETTER

DIMENSIONS IN mm	
TWO W150 X 18 STEEL POSTS AVERAGE LENGTH 5.20 m	
LETTER SPACINGS	
FONT	W h i t e
EN	440 354 413 191 298 237 400 455 381 284 233 381 371 257 1851
EN	400 1289 420 191 381 237 400 441 413 237 1201
FONT	L a k e
EN	440 381 413 191 298 237 400 455 381 284 233 381 371 257 1851
EN	400 1289 420 191 381 237 400 441 413 237 1201
FONT	S p r i n g s
EN	440 381 413 191 298 237 400 455 381 284 233 381 371 257 1851
EN	400 1289 420 191 381 237 400 441 413 237 1201
FONT	L i v e
EN	440 381 413 191 298 237 400 455 381 284 233 381 371 257 1851
EN	400 1289 420 191 381 237 400 441 413 237 1201
FONT	O a k
EN	440 381 413 191 298 237 400 455 381 284 233 381 371 257 1851
EN	400 1289 420 191 381 237 400 441 413 237 1201

SIGN NUMBER		3
WIDTH x HEIGHT		4850mm x 3450mm
BORDER WIDTH		50
CORNER RADIUS		200
MOUNTING		GROUND
BACKGROUND		TYPE REFLECTIVE
LEGEND/BORDER		COLOR GREEN
		TYPE REFLECTIVE
		COLOR WHITE

SYMBOL	X	Y	W/D	H/T
FLSHL2	1528	2025	900	900
ARLONG	2004	4007	155	434

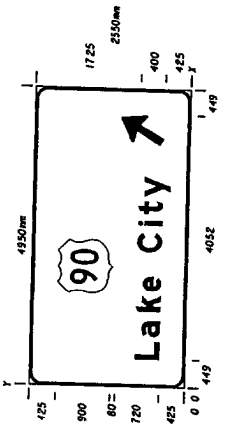


SPACINGS ARE TO START OF NEXT LETTER

DIMENSIONS IN mm	
TWO W150 X 18 STEEL POSTS AVERAGE LENGTH 5.20 m	
LETTER SPACINGS	
FONT	L a k e
EN	440 381 413 191 298 237 400 455 381 284 233 381 371 257 1851
EN	400 1289 420 191 381 237 400 441 413 237 1201
FONT	L i v e
EN	440 381 413 191 298 237 400 455 381 284 233 381 371 257 1851
EN	400 1289 420 191 381 237 400 441 413 237 1201
FONT	O a k
EN	440 381 413 191 298 237 400 455 381 284 233 381 371 257 1851
EN	400 1289 420 191 381 237 400 441 413 237 1201

SIGN NUMBER		2
WIDTH x HEIGHT		4950mm x 2550mm
BORDER WIDTH		50
CORNER RADIUS		200
MOUNTING		GROUND
BACKGROUND		TYPE REFLECTIVE
LEGEND/BORDER		COLOR GREEN
		TYPE REFLECTIVE
		COLOR WHITE

SYMBOL	X	Y	W/D	H/T
FLSHL2	1528	1225	900	900
ARLONG	2004	4007	425	425

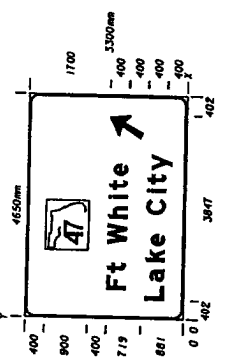


SPACINGS ARE TO START OF NEXT LETTER

DIMENSIONS IN mm	
TWO W150 X 18 STEEL POSTS AVERAGE LENGTH 4.28 m	
LETTER SPACINGS	
FONT	L a k e
EN	440 381 413 191 298 237 400 455 381 284 233 381 371 257 1851
EN	400 1289 420 191 381 237 400 441 413 237 1201
FONT	C i t y
EN	440 381 413 191 298 237 400 455 381 284 233 381 371 257 1851
EN	400 1289 420 191 381 237 400 441 413 237 1201

SIGN NUMBER		4
WIDTH x HEIGHT		4650mm x 3300mm
BORDER WIDTH		50
CORNER RADIUS		200
MOUNTING		GROUND
BACKGROUND		TYPE REFLECTIVE
LEGEND/BORDER		COLOR GREEN
		TYPE REFLECTIVE
		COLOR WHITE

SYMBOL	X	Y	W/D	H/T
FLSHL2	1407	2000	1059	900
ARLONG	2004	3754	187	434



SPACINGS ARE TO START OF NEXT LETTER

DIMENSIONS IN mm	
TWO W150 X 18 STEEL POSTS AVERAGE LENGTH 5.07 m	
LETTER SPACINGS	
FONT	F t
EN	400 355 204 400 534 413 191 298 237 1396
EN	400 1289 420 191 381 237 400 441 413 237 1201
FONT	L a k e
EN	440 381 413 191 298 237 400 455 381 284 233 381 371 257 1851
EN	400 1289 420 191 381 237 400 441 413 237 1201
FONT	C i t y
EN	440 381 413 191 298 237 400 455 381 284 233 381 371 257 1851
EN	400 1289 420 191 381 237 400 441 413 237 1201

EXHIBIT S-GSI  
Date: 1/1/00

DATE		DESCRIPTION		DATE		DESCRIPTION	
STATE OF FLORIDA		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		ENGINEER OF RECORD:		SHEET NO	
ROAD NO		COUNTY		FRANCHISE PROJECT NO		NO	

**GUIDE SIGN WORK SHEET**

**STATE OF FLORIDA**  
**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

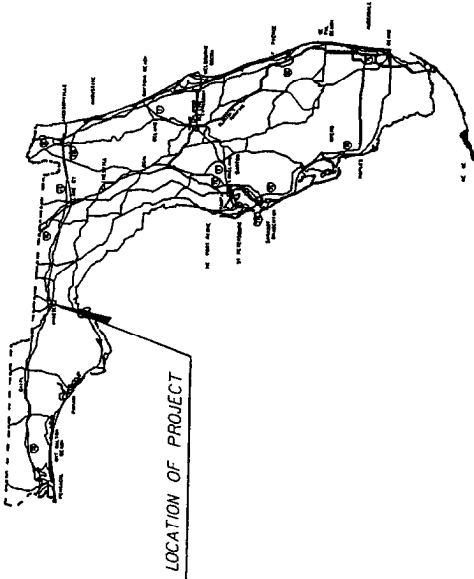
**CONTRACT PLANS**

FINANCIAL PROJECT ID 000003-1-52-03  
 (FEDERAL FUNDS)  
 LEON COUNTY (55001)  
 STATE ROAD NO 10

**SIGNALIZATION PLANS**

**INDEX OF SIGNALIZATION PLANS**

SHEET NO	SHEET DESCRIPTION
T-1	KEY SHEET
T-2	TABULATION OF QUANTITIES
T-3	SIGNALIZATION



PLANS PREPARED BY

NAME, ADDRESS, CONTRACT NUMBER AND  
 VENDOR NUMBER OF THE CONSULTANT  
 FIRM WHEN THE PLANS ARE PREPARED BY  
 A CONSULTANT

NOTE: THE SCALE OF THESE PLANS MAY  
 HAVE CHANGED BY REPRODUCTION

OTHER INFORMATION WILL BE REQUIRED IF  
 SIGNALIZATION PLANS ARE THE LEAD PROJECT  
 SEE EXHIBIT KS-1 FOR EXAMPLE

**NOTE: THIS IS A METRIC UNIT PROJECT**

COVERING STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS  
 FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ROADWAY AND TRAFFIC DESIGN STANDARDS  
 DATED JANUARY 1982, AND  
 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE  
 CONSTRUCTION DATED 1982,  
 AS AMENDED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

KEY SHEET REVISIONS	
DATE	DESCRIPTION

SIGNALIZATION PLANS  
 ENGINEER OF RECORD

P. E. NO.

EXHIBIT T-KS  
 Date 1/1/00

FDOT PROJECT MANAGER

FISCAL YEAR	SHEET NO



# TABULATION OF QUANTITIES

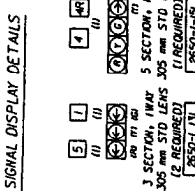
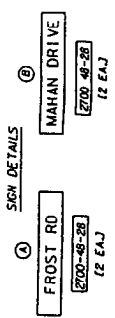
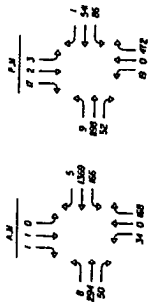
PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	SHEET NUMBERS												TOTAL THIS SHEET		GRAND TOTAL		REF SHEET				
			T-1		T-2		T-3		T-4		T-5		T-6		PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL					
			PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL					
2620-1	GROUNDING	W	130																				
2630-1-B	CONDUIT (ABOVE GROUND)	W	8																				
2630-1-C	CONDUIT (UNDERGROUND)	W	337																				
2632-1	SIGNAL CABLE	P	1																				
2633-1-A	PULL AND JUNCTION BOXES (PULL BOX)	EA	20																				
2639-1-E2	ELECTRICAL POWER SERVICE	AS	1																				
2639-2-1	ELECTRICAL SERVICE WIRE	W	30																				
2647-1-B-1	MAST ARM COMBINATION STD (F/M STEEL SINGLE ARM 17' H)	EA	1																				
2647-1-B-2	MAST ARM COMBINATION STD (F/M STEEL SINGLE ARM 17' H)	EA	2																				
2647-1-B-3	MAST ARM COMBINATION STD (F/M STEEL SINGLE ARM 20' H)	EA	1																				
2650-1-01	TRAFFIC SIGNAL 305mm STD (3-SEC 1-WAY)	AS	0																				
2650-1-01	TRAFFIC SIGNAL 305mm STD (3-SEC 1-WAY)	AS	1																				
2653-1	PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS 305mm INCANDESCENT SYMBOL 1-WAY	AS	2																				
2653-2	PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS 305mm INCANDESCENT SYMBOL 2-WAY	AS	2																				
2659-08	SIGNAL HEAD AUXILIARIES-STEEL PEDESTAL	EA	1																				
2659-1-01	INDUCTIVE LOOP DETECTOR 12 CHANNEL	EA	5																				
2659-2-01	LOOP ASSEMBLY TYPE A (L B X G)	EA	2																				
2659-2-02	LOOP ASSEMBLY TYPE B (L B X I R)	AS	2																				
2659-2-05	LOOP ASSEMBLY TYPE F (L B X I G)	AS	4																				
2659-4	PEDESTRIAN DETECTOR	EA	6																				
2672-1-1	TYPE RD CONTROLLER ASSEMBLY	AS	1																				
2685-08	SYSTEM AUXILIARIES INTERFACE PANEL	AS	1																				
2685-10	SYSTEM AUXILIARIES (FIBER OPTIC MODULATOR/DEMODULATOR)	EA	1																				
2707-8-28	SIGN PANEL (INSTALL)	EA	4																				

Note: Quantities And Items Shown Are For Sheet Exhibits Only And Do Not Reflect The Total Quantities And Items For A Complete Signal Project

EXHIBIT T-Q1  
Date 1/11/00

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION
ENGINEER OF RECORD					
STATE OF FLORIDA					
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION					
ROAD NO. COUNTY FINANCIAL PROJECT ID					
TABULATION OF QUANTITIES					
SHEET NO.					

ESTIMATED 1998 PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC



**NOTES**

- 1 MAJOR STREET IS S. R. 10 (MAHAN DRIVE)
- 2 STANDARD SIGNAL OPERATION PLAN NO. 7 WITH CONCURRENT ACTIVATED PEDS AND MOVEMENT 2 (P2), MOVEMENT 4 (P4) AND MOVEMENT 6 (P6)
- 3 THE FLASHING OPERATION SHALL BE CIRCULAR YELLOW ON HEADS 2 AND 6 AND RED ON HEADS 1, 4, 4R, 5, AND 8 PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS SHALL BE DARK
- 4 STREET NAMES FOR FTP-47 AND FTP-48 SIGNS SHALL BE DRIVENWAY (P2), MAHAN (P8), AND FROST (P6)
- 5 LOOP LAR SHALL CALL FOR AND EXTEND TIMING FUNCTION 5
- 6 INITIAL AND PASSAGE TIMES ARE TO RUN CONCURRENTLY
- 7 RIGHT TURN ARROW FOR 4R TO OPERATE ONLY DURING TF 5 GREEN

LOOP NO	NO OF LOOPS	NO OF CHANNELS	TF CALLED	DELAY
L1	1	1	1	
L2A	3	1	2	
L2B	3	1	2	
L4	1	1	3	
L4R	1	1	5	10 SEC
L5	1	1	5	
L6A	3	1	6	
L6B	3	1	6	
L8	1	1	3	
L8R	1	1	3	10 SEC

TIMING FUNCTION	1	2	3	5	6	7
MOVEMENT	1	2	4+8	5	6	7
INITIAL	6	20	6	6	20	
VEN EXT	17	3.0	17	1.7	3.0	
MAX LIMIT	15	60	20	20	60	
WALK 2	15	60	20	20	60	
YELLOW	3.5	4.7	4.0	3.5	4.7	
RED CLEAR	2.8	2.1	3.5	2.8	2.1	
RECALL	OFF	MIN	OFF	OFF	MIN	
WALK	7	7	7	7	6	
FLASH D/W	13	25	19			

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DESCRIPTION: \_\_\_\_\_

REVISIONS: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ DESCRIPTION: \_\_\_\_\_

ENGINEER OF RECORD: \_\_\_\_\_

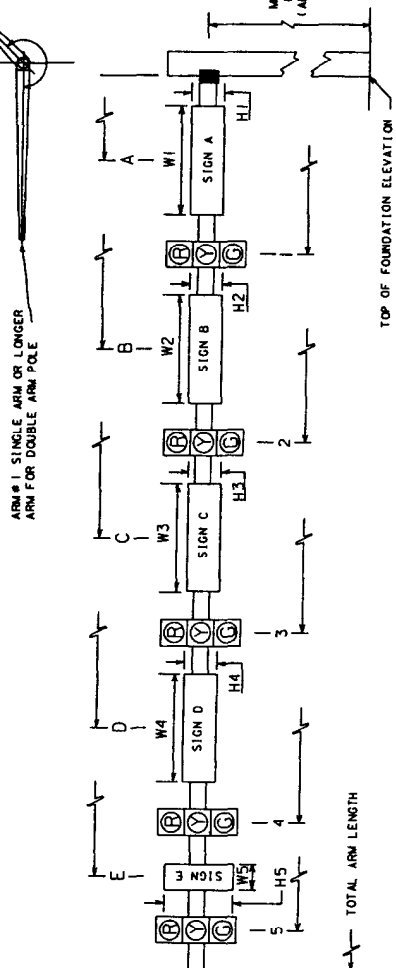
STATE OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ROAD NO: \_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY: \_\_\_\_\_ FINANCIAL PROJECT ID: \_\_\_\_\_

SHEET NO: \_\_\_\_\_

**SIGNALIZATION**

EXHIBIT T-PI  
Date 1/1/00

ARM # 2 DOUBLE ARM POLE ORIENTATION  
TO BE MEASURED IN A COUNTER CLOCKWISE  
DIRECTION FROM ARM # 1



SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS			
ID NO.	FEED BIT/TON	FEED SKANS	WINDMILE LOCATION

\* DENOTES NUMBER OF SECTIONS IN SIGNAL HEAD ASSEMBLY

ID SHEET NO.	LOCATION BY STA	TOP OF FOUNDATION ELEVATION	CROWN ARM NO.	CROWN ELEV	SIGNAL V/H	SIGNAL Y/T	BACK PALES S/W	BACK PALES T/H	SIGNAL DATA					TOTAL ARM LENGTH	ARM M/H	∠ BETWEEN DIAL ARMS 90/270	SIGN DATA					PAINT COLOR							
									1	2	3	4	5				1	2	3	4	5		A	B	C	H3	W3	D	H4
1	T-4	44+31.505	1	1.63	Y	Y	3.45	3.66	3.855	3.15	5	15.75	6	60/120	2	0.45	1.35	3	0.6	0.6	5.55	0.45	1.5	13.5	0.6	0.6			
2	T-5	26+80.672	2	1.462	V	Y	3.45	3.66	3.84	3.15	5	15.75	6	270	2	0.45	1.35	3	0.6	0.6	5.55	0.45	1.5	13.5	0.6	0.6			

EXHIBIT T-MA (METRIC)  
Date: 7/1/00

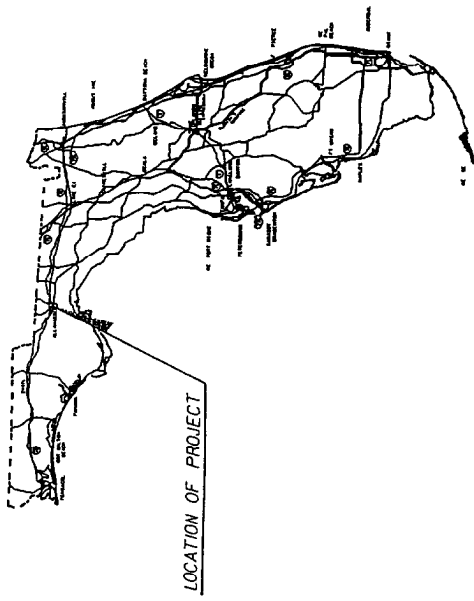
STATE OF FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

CONTRACT PLANS

FINANCIAL PROJECT ID 000003-1-52-03  
(FEDERAL FUNDS)  
LEON COUNTY (550001)  
STATE ROAD NO 10

LIGHTING PLANS

SHEET NO	SHEET DESCRIPTION
L-1	KEY SHEET
L-2	TABULATION OF QUANTITIES
L-3	POLE DATA AND LEGEND
L-4 Thru L-5	LIGHTING DETAILS
L-6 Thru L-8	LIGHTING PLAN SHEETS



PLANS PREPARED BY

NAME ADDRESS CONTRACT NUMBER AND  
VENDOR NUMBER OF THE CONSULTANT FIRM  
WHEN THE PLANS ARE PREPARED BY  
A CONSULTANT

NOTE THE SCALE OF THESE PLANS MAY  
HAVE CHANGED BY REPRODUCTION

OTHER INFORMATION WILL BE REQUIRED IF  
LIGHTING PLANS ARE THE LEAD PROJECT  
SEE EXHIBIT KS-1 FOR EXAMPLE

NOTE THIS IS A METRIC UNIT PROJECT

LIGHTING PLANS  
ENGINEER OF RECORD

P. E. NO \_\_\_\_\_

FISCAL YEAR	SHEET NO
	L-1

EXHIBIT L-KS  
Date 1/1/00

KEY SHEET REVISIONS	
DATE	DESCRIPTION

FOOT PROJECT MANAGER

GOVERNING STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS  
FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ROADWAY AND TRAFFIC DESIGN STANDARDS  
DATED JANUARY 1991, AND  
STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE  
CONSTRUCTION DATED 1991  
AS AMENDED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

# TABULATION OF QUANTITIES

PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	SHEET NUMBERS												TOTAL THIS SHEET		GRAND TOTAL		REF SHEET	
			L-9		L-0		L-1		L-2		L-3		L-4		PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL		
			PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL	PLAN	FINAL		
2555-1-I	Directional Bore Conduit (Size 51 Rigid Galv Still)	MI	44	0	0	95										139	139	239	239	
2620-1	Grounding Electrode (Furnish & Install)	MI	36	39	376	54										129	129	129	129	
2715-2-III	Conduit (Furnish & Install-Underground)	MI	278			303										957	957	957	957	
2715-7-II	Load Center (Secondary Voltage)	EA	0	0		1										1	1	1	1	
2715-11-II	Pull Box (Furnish & Install) (Roadside) (Weathered)	EA	12	13		18										43	43	43	43	
2715-11-104	Conductor (Furnish & Install) (Insulated No. 6)	MI	965	1062		1201										3329	3329	3329	3329	
2715-11-105	Conductor (Furnish & Install) (Insulated No. 4)	MI	0	66		142										208	208	208	208	
2715-500-1	Pole Cable Distribution System	EA	7	7		7										21	21	21	21	
2715-511-100	Lighting Pole Complete (F & I) (Single Arm Mount) (Alum I) (H0)	EA	7	7		7										21	21	21	21	

Note Quantities And Items Shown Are For Sheet Exhibits Only And Do Not Reflect The Total Quantities And Items For A Complete Lighting Project

EXHIBIT L-01  
Date 1/1/00

STATE OF FLORIDA		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		ROAD NO.		CORRY		FINANCIAL PROJECT ID	
ENGINEER'S RECORD		DESCRIPTION		DATE	BY	REVISIONS		SHEET NO	
								TABULATION OF QUANTITIES	

# POLE DATA

POLE NO	CKT	STATION	DIST OR ARM	LUH WATTAGE	M H	POLE SETBACK AND NOTES	FINAL
1	A-III	197+38 19 8 LT	4 5	250/HPS	12 0	4 5 From Edge Of Pavement	
2	A-I	197+67 19 8 RT	4 5				
3	A-III	197+96 19 8 LT	4 5				
4	A-I	198+25 20 3 RT	4 5				
5	A-III	198+54 19 6 LT	3 6				
6	A-I	198+84 19 9 RT	4 5				
7	A-III	199+10 19 8 LT	4 5				
8	A-I	199+35 19 5 RT	3 6				
9	A-III	199+62 19 8 LT	4 5				
10	A-I	199+91 19 8 RT	4 5				
11	A-III	200+16 19 5 LT	3 6				
12	A-I	200+42 19 8 RT	4 5				
13	A-III	200+67 19 4 LT	3 6				
14	A-I	200+93 19 8 RT	4 5				
15	A-III	201+18 19 4 LT	3 6				
16	A-II	201+45 19 8 RT	4 5				
17	A-IV	201+72 19 6 LT	3 6				
18	A-II	202+00 19 5 RT	3 6				
19	A-IV	202+28 19 8 LT	4 5				
20	A-II	202+56 19 8 RT	4 5				
21	A-IV	202+84 19 8 LT	4 5	250/HPS	12 0	4 5 From Edge Of Pavement	

## CONVENTIONAL LIGHTING DESIGN CRITERIA

Average Initial Intensity 16 LUX  
 Uniformity Ratio Avg /Min 4 1 Or Less  
 Max /Min 10 1 Or Less  
 Wind Speed 130 km/h

## LEGEND

SYMBOLS



250 Watt High Pressure Sodium Luminaire Designed For Medium Semi-cutoff Type III Distribution  
 Integral Regulator Type Ballast Wired For 480 Volt Operation  
 Single Arm Pole (Mounting Height 12 0 m) (Use GE Curve T321 Or Equal)



Size 35 Schedule 40 PVC Conduit With THW Or THWN Conductors Inside (Conduit And Conductor Size As Shown On Plan Sheets) Run 1 6 Copper Bond Conductor (TW Green Insulation) Inside Conduit With Other Conductors



Size 51 Rigid Galvanized Steel Conduit Directional Bored Under Pavement With THW Or THWN Conductors Inside (Conduit And Conductor Size As Shown On Plan Sheets) Extend Conduit Beyond Edge Of Pavement To Pull Boxes Run 1 6 Copper Bond Conductor (TW Green Insulation) Inside Conduit With Other Conductors



Pull Box For Specifications See Section 635 Of Standard Specifications For Road And Bridge Construction



Distribution Point For Specifications See Index No 17504 Of Roadway And Traffic Design Standards

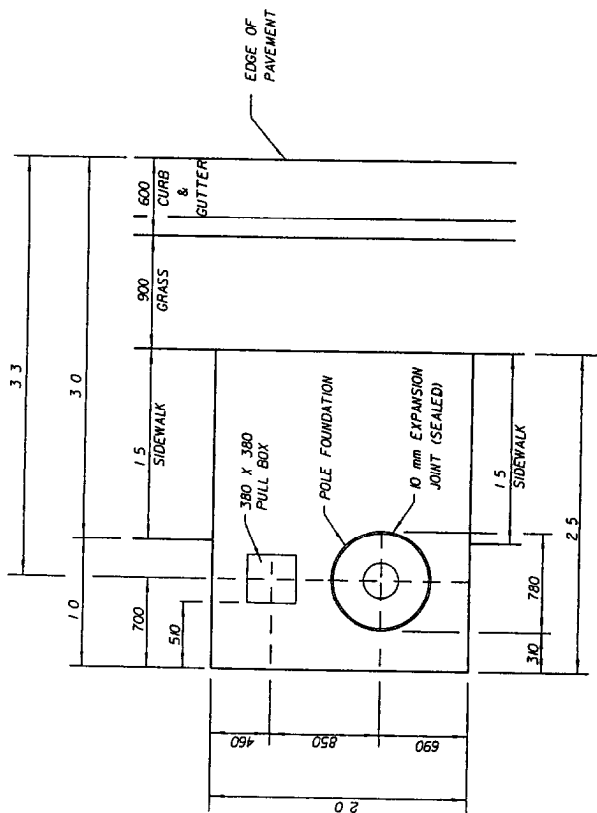
EXHIBIT L-PDLI  
Date 1/1/00

STATE OF FLORIDA  
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ROAD NO \_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY \_\_\_\_\_ FINANCIAL PROJECT ID \_\_\_\_\_

## POLE DATA AND LEGEND

ENGINEER OF RECORD

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION



PLAN  
LIGHTING POLE SLAB DETAIL

- 1 The pole slab detail shown on this sheet is for those areas where R/W and/or slopes prevent the use of the standard slab detail on Index No 17500
- 2 See Sheet L-5 typical section details for poles where this slab detail applies
- 3 Slab is to be paid for as Concrete Sidewalk (100 mm thick)

EXHIBIT L-D1  
Date 1/1/00

REVISIONS		DESCRIPTION		DATE		BY	

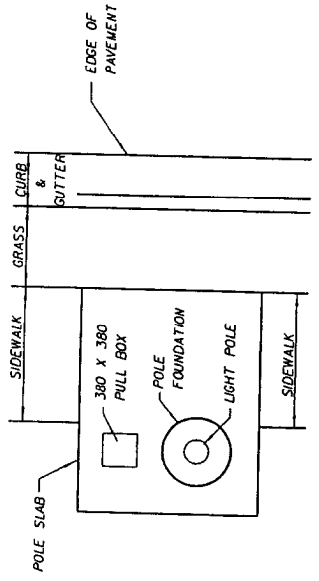
  

STATE OF FLORIDA	ENGINEER OF RECORD
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
ROAD NO	
COMMIT	
FINANCIAL PROJECT ID	

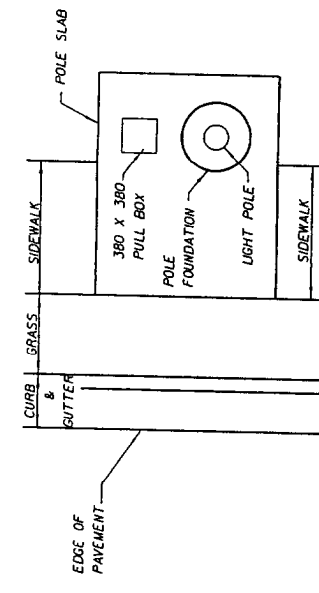
  

<b>LIGHTING DETAILS</b>	
	SHEET NO

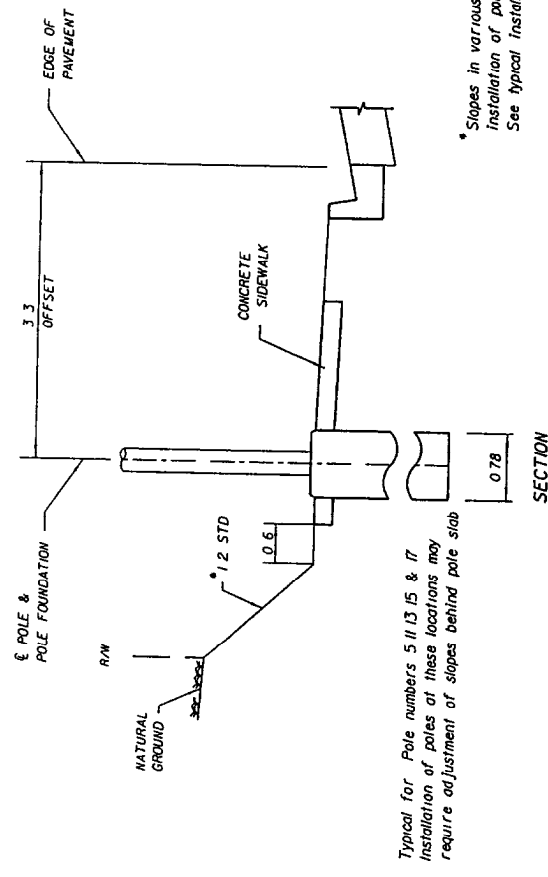
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PLAN  
POLE SLAB DETAIL "A"

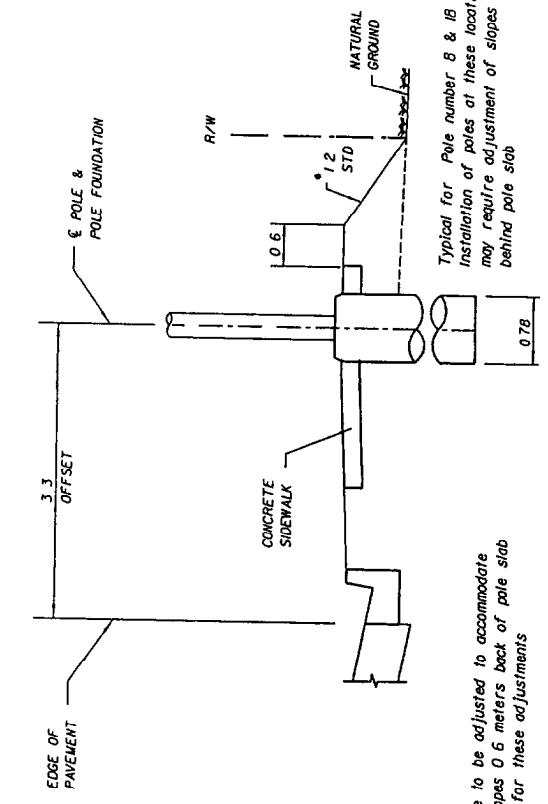


PLAN  
POLE SLAB DETAIL "B"



SECTION

TYPICAL POLE INSTALLATION IN CUT SECTION (LT & CONST)



SECTION

TYPICAL POLE INSTALLATION IN FILL SECTION (RT & CONST)

\* Slopes in various locations are to be adjusted to accommodate installation of poles. Dress slopes 0.6 meters back of pole slab. See typical installation details for these adjustments.

Typical for Pole numbers 5 II 13 15 & 17  
Installation of poles at these locations may require adjustment of slopes behind pole slab

Typical for Pole number 8 & 18  
Installation of poles at these locations may require adjustment of slopes behind pole slab

EXHIBIT L-D2  
Date 1/1/00

REVISIONS		DESCRIPTION		DATE		BY		CHECKED		DATE		BY	

STATE OF FLORIDA	
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
ROAD NO.	
COUNTY	
PROJECT NO.	

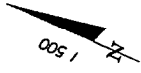
  

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LIGHTING DETAILS

SHEET NO.





STA 197+38 19.8 LT.  $\phi$   
POLE NO 1 CKT A-III

STA 197+96 19.8 LT.  $\phi$   
POLE NO 3 CKT A-III

STA 198+54 19.6 LT.  $\phi$   
POLE NO 5 CKT A-III

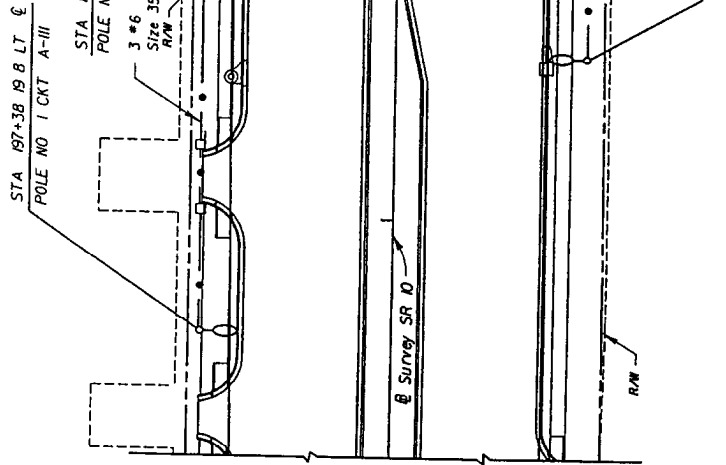
STA 199+10 19.8 LT.  $\phi$   
POLE NO 7 CKT A-III

198

199

MATCH LINE STA 197+25 000

MATCH LINE STA 199+12 000



STA 197+67 19.8 RT.  $\phi$   
POLE NO 2 CKT A-I

STA 198+25 20.3 RT.  $\phi$   
POLE NO 4 CKT A-I

STA 198+84 19.9 RT.  $\phi$   
POLE NO 6 CKT A-I

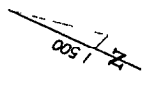
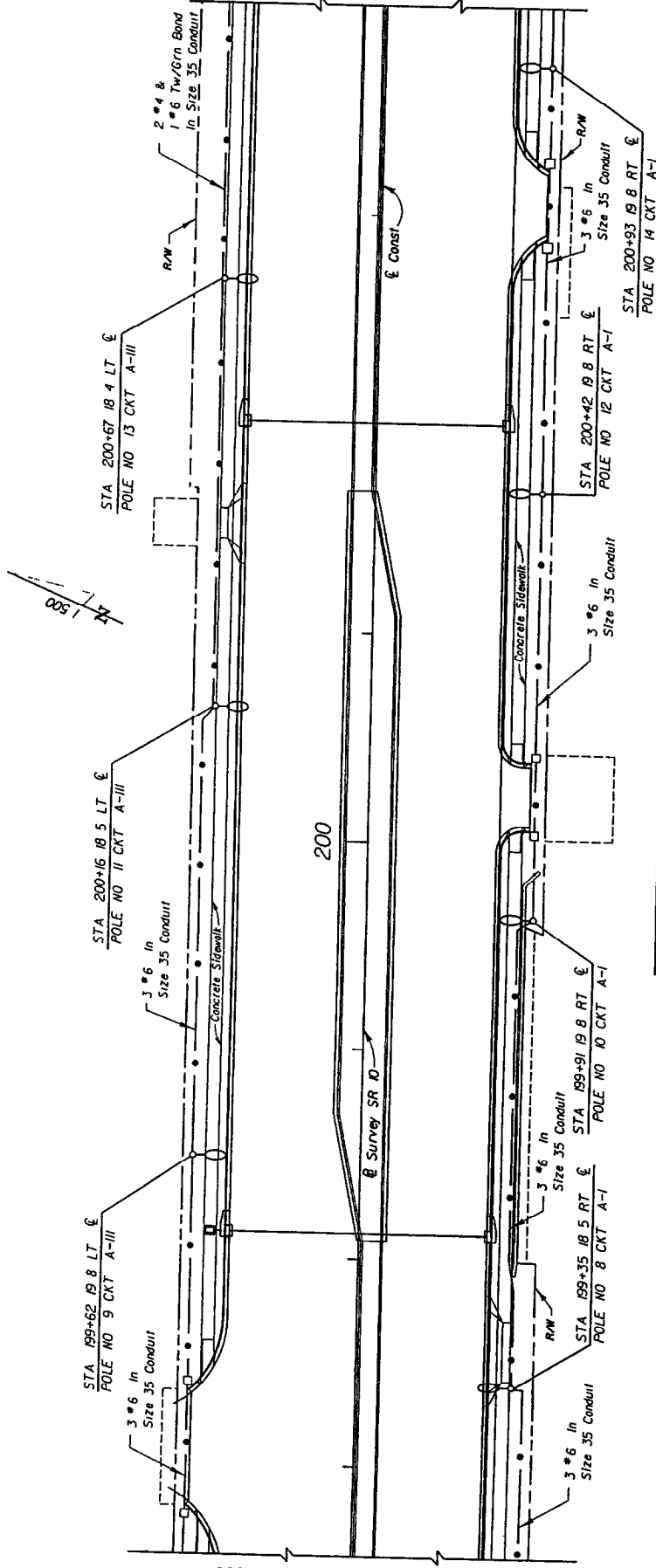
Note: Circuits Shown Are For Sheet Exhibit Only And Doesn't Reflect The Total Length Of Circuits For A Complete Project

EXHIBIT L-PI  
Date: 1/1/00

REVISIONS		ENGINEER OF RECORD		STATE OF FLORIDA		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		ROAD NO.		CONTRACT		FISCAL PROJECT ID.		SHEET NO.	
DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION

LIGHTING PLAN

MATCH LINE STA 201+00 000



MATCH LINE STA 199+12 000

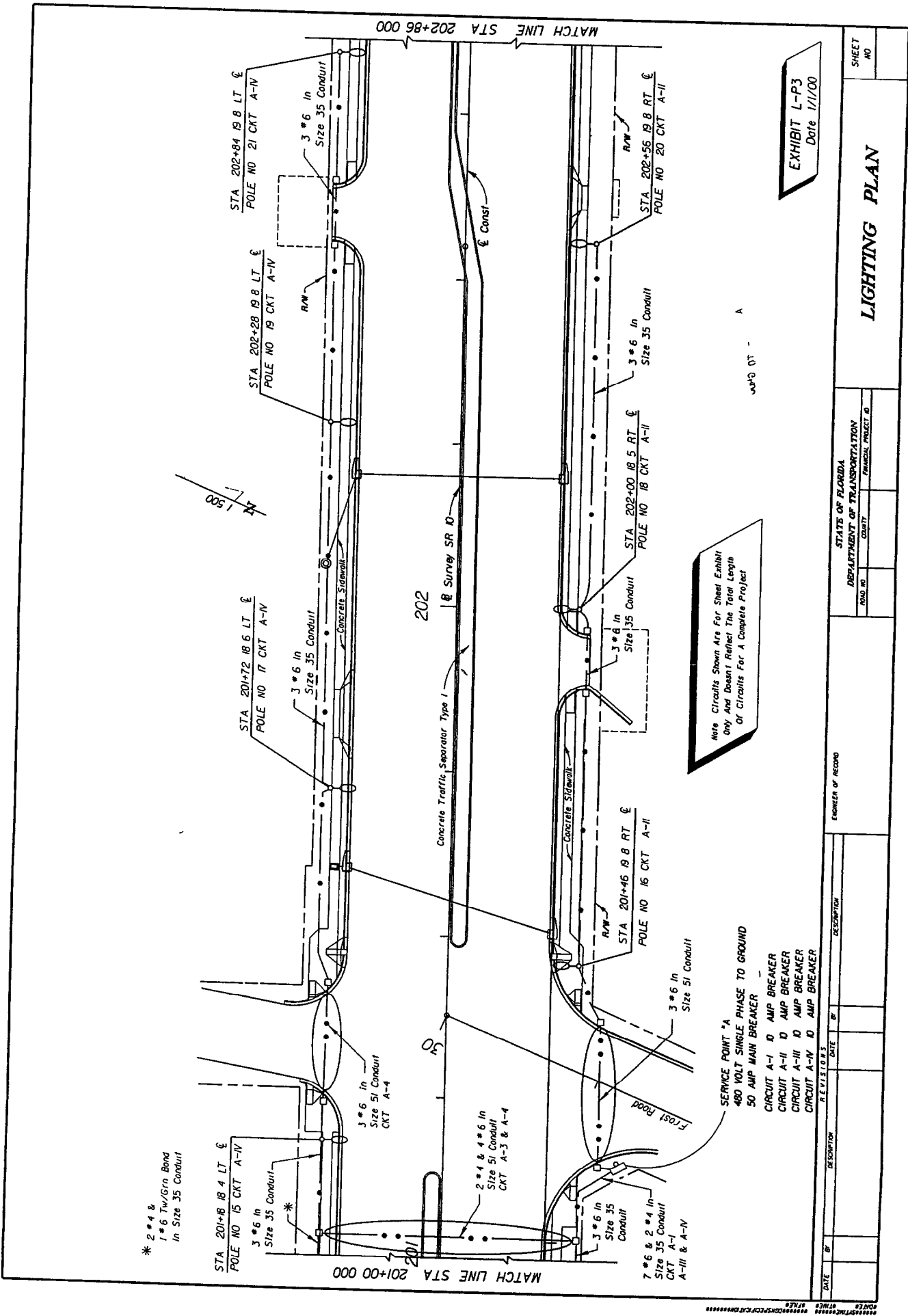
Note: Circuits Shown Are For Sheet Exhibit Only And Do Not Reflect The Total Length Of Circuits For A Complete Project

EXHIBIT L-P2  
Date: 1/1/00

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		SHEET NO	
ROAD NO	COUNTY	TRAVEL PROJECT ID	
ENGINEER OF RECORD		DATE	
DESCRIPTION	DATE	DATE	DATE

LIGHTING PLAN

\*\*\*\*\*NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION\*\*\*\*\*



\* 2 \* 4 &  
 1 \* 6 Tw/Grn Bond  
 In Size 35 Conduit

SERVICE POINT "A"  
 480 VOLT SINGLE PHASE TO GROUND  
 50 AMP MAIN BREAKER  
 CIRCUIT A-I 10 AMP BREAKER  
 CIRCUIT A-II 10 AMP BREAKER  
 CIRCUIT A-III 10 AMP BREAKER  
 CIRCUIT A-IV 10 AMP BREAKER

Note  
 Circuits Shown Are For Sheet Exhibit  
 Only And Doesn't Reflect The Total Length  
 Of Circuits For A Complete Project

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION
R.E. 11.8.13					
ENGINEER OF RECORD					
STATE OF FLORIDA					
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION					
ROAD NO. COUNTY FINANCIAL PROJECT ID					
LIGHTING PLAN					
EXHIBIT L-P3 Date 1/1/00					
SHEET NO.					

**GENERAL NOTES**

1. CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS Florida Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, current edition and supplements thereto

2. DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS Design shall be in accordance with the following specifications:  
 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges Current Edition, and applicable interim specifications  
 Florida Department of Transportation Structures Design Guidelines  
 "In Situ Soil Improvement Techniques AASHTO-AGC-ARTBA Task Force 27 Ground Modification Techniques, January 1990"

3. MATERIAL STRESSES: Allowable stresses shall be in accordance with the current AASHTO Specifications for all the materials shown on the plans  
 a. Concrete Compressive Strength:  
 Pave Class II,  $f_c = 38$  MPa min  
 C.P. Class II,  $f_c = 23$  MPa min  
 Leveling Pad Class I,  $f_c = 21$  MPa min  
 b. Reinforcing Steel ASTM A615M, Grade 420

4. DESIGN METHOD: Load Factor, except that internal and external stability shall be designed for service loads

The following minimum factors of safety shall be utilized in the design of the walls:

- Overturning  $F.S. = 2.0$
- Sliding  $F.S. = 1.5$
- Bearing Capacity  $F.S. = 2.5$
- Internal Pullout  $F.S. = 1.5$  (Allowable Deflection = 19.05 mm)
- Overall Stability  $F.S. = 1.5$

- 0.55 Fy (Straps)
- 0.47 Fy (Wire Mat or Grid)
- 0.79 Fu (HDPE) (Permanent Walls)
- 0.29 Fu (Polyester and HDPE) (Temporary Walls)
- See AASHTO Specifications

5. DESIGN LOADS:  
 Live Loading HS-20  
 Sidewalk Loading  $2.9 \times 10^{-3}$  J/m<sup>2</sup>

6. For Typical Sections through roadway, see Roadway Plans  
 7. Concrete facing panel surface treatment shall be a fluted, trapezoidal, V-Groove, (recommended 19.05 mm on 38 mm centers similar to Burke Form Liner, Pattern No. 86312 (interfall))

8. Longitudinal dimensions shown in the plans are measured along the exterior face of the wall. Elevations shown are to the top of coping, top of leveling pad or top of wall footing

9. Leveling Pad The leveling pad shall be 0.5 m min below final ground line

10. A structural extension of the connection of the wall panel to the soil reinforcement shall be provided whenever necessary to avoid the caving or excessive swelling (or any other condition) of the soil reinforcements at piles or other obstructions

11. The soil reinforcement and fasteners (if required) for the abutment backfill shall be designed and furnished by the MSE wall contractor. The soil reinforcement shall be designed to resist a horizontal load of 50 kN per meter of backfill width. The cost of the soil reinforcement and fasteners is to be included in the cost of the Retaining Wall System. Installation shall be by the contractor

12. These walls are to be designed for the settlements noted for each wall. Long term settlement is measured from the beginning of wall construction

**GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION**

Depth Below Existing Ground Line for	Reinforced Soil & Random Backfill	Loose Fine Sand	Firm Fine Sand	Loose Clayey Fine Sand	Firm Clayey Fine Sand
Walls 1 & 2 (m)	-	0.0-2.0	2.0-10.0	10.0-12.0	-
Walls 3 (m)	-	0.0-3.0	3.0-8.0	-	8.0-12.0
Unit Weight	17.3 kN/m <sup>3</sup> Moist Weight in-place	18.5 kN/m <sup>3</sup>	18.5 kN/m <sup>3</sup>	18.9 kN/m <sup>3</sup>	17.3 kN/m <sup>3</sup>
Cohesion	0	0	0	58 kPa	58 kPa
Internal Friction	30°	30°	32°	18°	18°

If the unit weight and/or  $\phi$  angle of the fill proposed by the Contractor differs from the above, the Project Engineer shall contact both the District Geotechnical Engineer and the Wall Designer for a possible redesign

Design Based Internal Friction Angle = 30 degrees (Sand Backfill)

34 degrees (Interlock/Adobe, Monroe Co.)

Refer to Plan and Elevation sheets of individual walls for minimum reinforcement strip/mesh length, allowable bearing capacities minimum wall embankment and anticipated long term and differential settlements

**SOIL REINFORCEMENT LENGTHS FOR EXTERNAL STABILITY (0.7h)**

Walls Land 2

Wall Height (m)	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.6	5.1	5.5	6.0	6.4	6.9	7.3	7.6
* Reinforcement Length (m)	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.4	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.6	4.9	5.2	5.5
Bearing Pressure (kPa)	95	10	125	140	150	165	175	190	200	220	235

Wall 3

Wall Height (m)	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.6	5.1	5.5	6.0
* Reinforcement Length (m)	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.4	3.7	4.0	4.3
Bearing Pressure (kPa)	120	120	120	120	120	120	120

\* The reinforcement strip lengths shown in this column are minimum lengths required for external stability. The proprietary wall components are designed for internal stability of the retaining walls. The reinforcement designs used in the construction of the retaining walls shall be the longer of that required for internal or external stability

The applicable wall systems for each wall location are listed below. Wall systems not listed have been deemed unacceptable for use at that specific site due to the environment, excessive settlement etc and shall not be used, and will not be considered for future substitution during construction

Wall Nos 1 & 2	Environment	Slightly Aggressive
Long Term Settlement	50 mm to 75 mm	
Short Term Settlement	25 mm to 50 mm	
Differential Settlement	5 mm/m	
Wall No 3	Environment	Slightly Aggressive
Long Term Settlement	50 mm to 75 mm	
Short Term Settlement	25 mm to 50 mm	
Differential Settlement	5 mm/m	

The following wall systems are acceptable for use at this location:

- Brand X
- Brand Y
- Brand Z

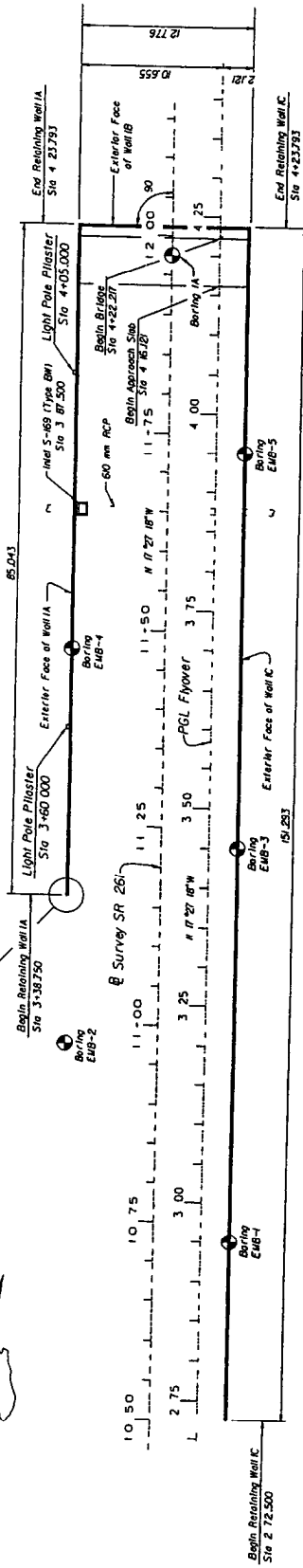
EXHIBIT CP-1  
Date 1/1/00

CONTROL DRAWING GENERAL NOTES  
 INDEX NO. S-825, SHEET 10F-1

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION



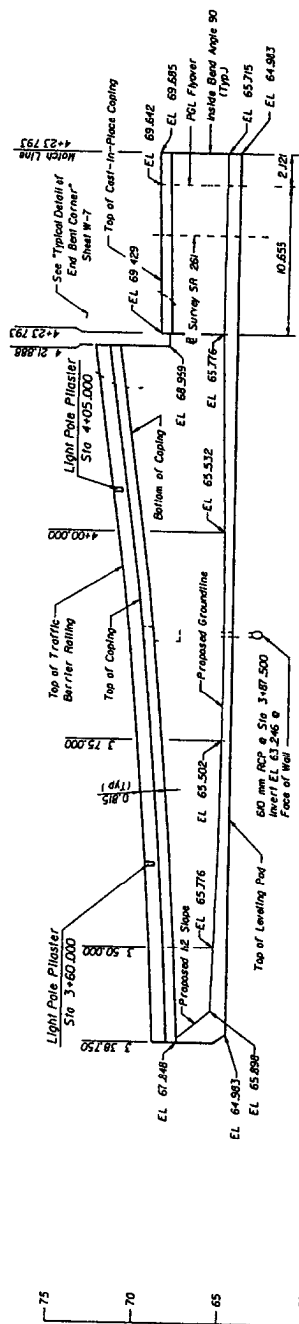
Provides concrete wedge for guardrail attachment. See Roadway Standards attachment.



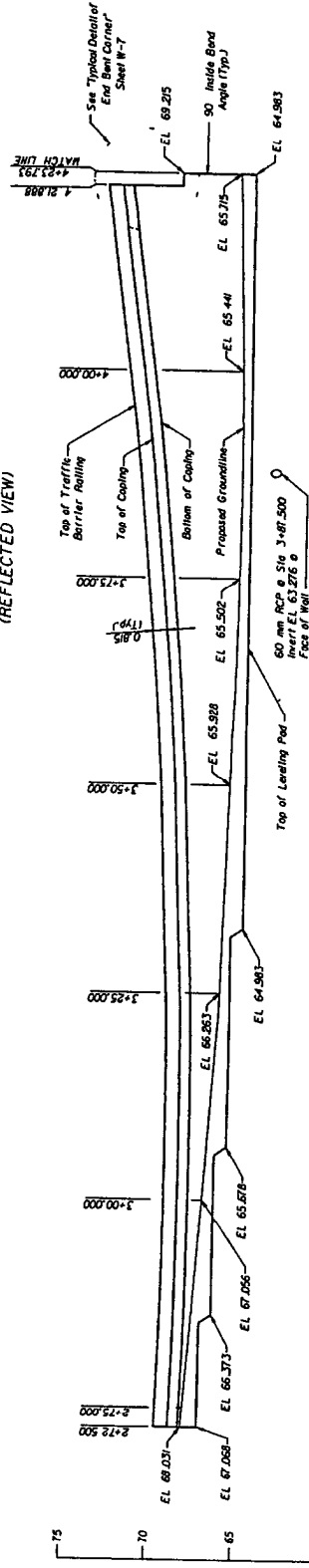
**PLAN**

**NOTES**

- For Top of Capping Elevations see sheet W-6
- Top of facing embedment depth shall be a minimum of 0.5 m. (See Sheet W-1 for details)
- Provide 19 mm open joints in Traffic Railing Barrier at a maximum of 27' 4.32 m intervals
- Indicates Soil Boring. See Sheets B-8 thru B-12a for boring data
- CPT sounding locations are set shown. See Sheets B-12b thru B-12c for CPT data
- For additional information regarding Drainage Structures and Utility Locations See Roadway Plans



**ELEVATION - WALLS IA AND IB  
(REFLECTED VIEW)**



**ELEVATION - WALL IC**

**EXHIBIT CP-2**  
Date 11/00

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

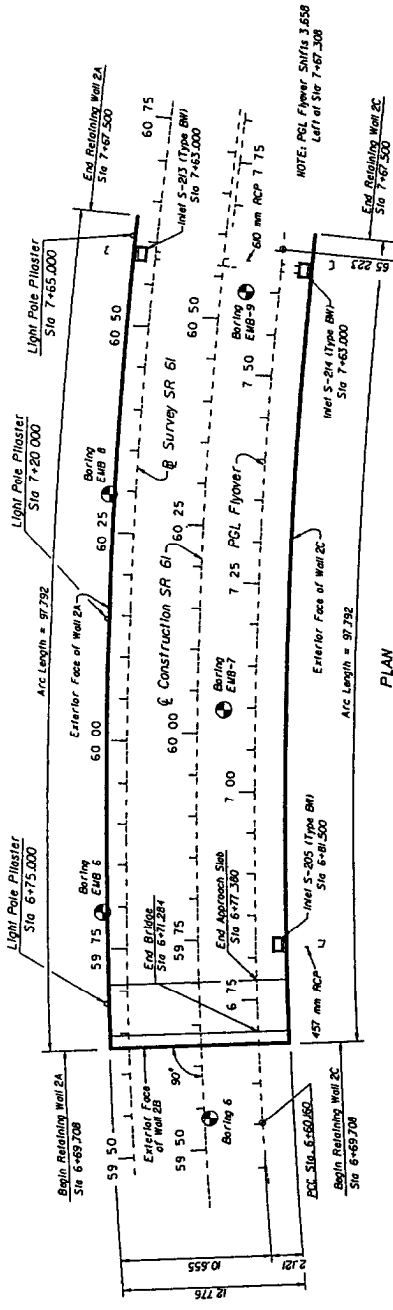
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 ENGINEER OF RECORD: [ ]  
 ROAD NO: [ ] COUNTY: [ ] PROJECT NO: [ ]  
 SHEET TITLE: **RETAINING WALL NO 1**  
 SCALE: [ ]

**HORIZONTAL CURVE DATA**

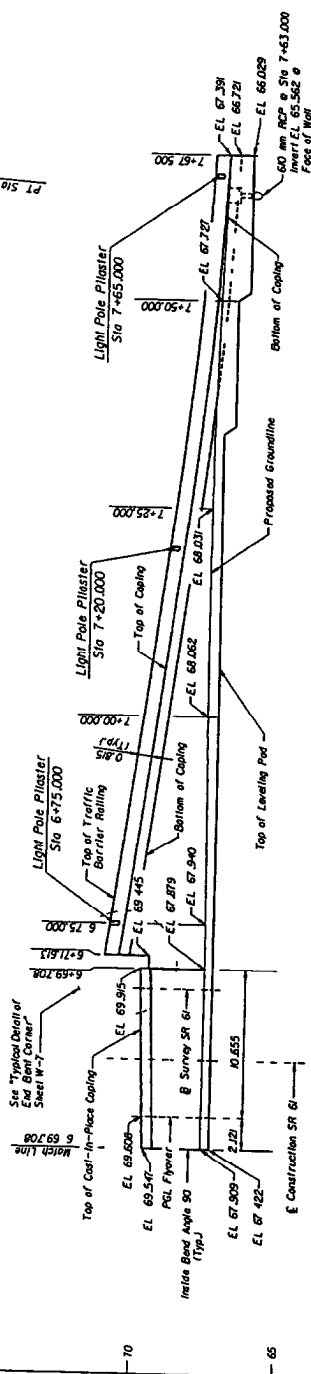
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**STATE PLANE COORDINATES**

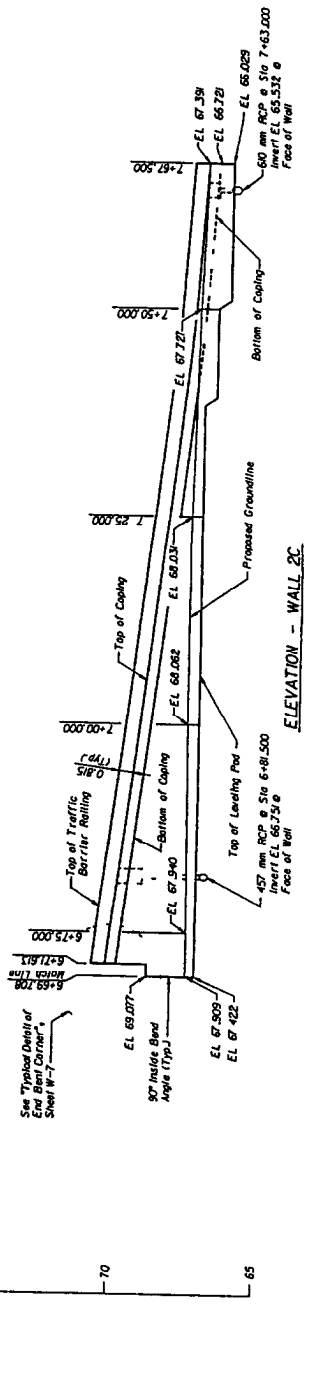
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 E  
 (Not Available)



**PLAN**



**ELEVATION - WALLS 2A AND 2B  
 (REFLECTED VIEW)**



**ELEVATION - WALL 2C**

- NOTES:**
- 1 For Top of Coping Elevations see sheet W-6
  - 2 Top of footing embedment depth shall be a minimum of 0.5 m (See Sheet W-1 for details)
  - 3 Provide 10 mm steel joints in Traffic Railing Barrier at a maximum of 27.432 m intervals
  - 4 Indicates Soil Boring. See Sheets B-1 thru B-12a for boring data
  - 5 CPT sounding locations are not shown. See Sheet B-12b thru B-12c for CPT data
  - 6 For Additional Information regarding Drainage Structures and Utility Locations See Roadway Plans

**EXHIBIT CP-3**  
 Date 1/1/00

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

DESIGNED BY		DATE	
CHECKED BY			
APPROVED BY			

NAME		TITLE	

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	PROJECT NO.	
COUNTY		

SHEET TITLE	RETAINING WALL NO 2

WALL No. 1A

PGL Flyover Station	Exposed Face of Wall 1A Offset From PGL Flyover	Top of Coping Elevation @ Wall 1A
3 38 750	10 655	68 458
3 40 750	10 655	68 571
3 42 000	10 655	68 733
3 45 250	10 655	68 920
3 48 500	10 655	69 161
3 51 750	10 655	69 427
3 55 000	10 655	69 712
3 58 250	10 655	70 025
3 61 500	10 655	70 367
3 64 750	10 655	70 742
3 68 000	10 655	71 158
3 71 250	10 655	71 617
3 74 500	10 655	72 122
3 77 750	10 655	72 668
3 81 000	10 655	73 258
3 84 250	10 655	73 895
3 87 500	10 655	74 581
3 90 750	10 655	75 319
3 94 000	10 655	76 112
3 97 250	10 655	76 964
4 00 500	10 655	77 877
4 03 750	10 655	78 854
4 07 000	10 655	79 898
4 10 250	10 655	81 013
4 13 500	10 655	82 202
4 16 750	10 655	83 468
4 20 000	10 655	84 814
4 23 250	10 655	86 244

WALL No. 2A

PGL Flyover Station	Exposed Face of Wall 2A Offset From PGL Flyover	Top of Coping Elevation @ Wall 2A
6 69 708	10 655	72 922
6 71 000	10 655	72 642
6 75 000	10 655	71 807
6 81 250	10 655	71 507
6 87 500	10 655	71 381
6 93 750	10 655	70 961
7 00 000	10 655	70 541
7 05 250	10 655	70 121
7 11 500	10 655	69 700
7 18 750	10 655	69 280
7 25 000	10 655	68 860
7 31 250	10 655	68 440
7 37 500	10 655	68 020
7 43 750	10 655	67 600
7 50 000	10 655	67 180
7 56 250	10 655	66 760
7 62 500	10 655	66 340
7 67 750	6 998	65 920

WALL No. 1C

PGL Flyover Station	Exposed Face of Wall 1C Offset From PGL Flyover	Top of Coping Elevation @ Wall 1C
2 72 500	2 121	68 777
2 75 000	2 121	68 728
2 81 250	2 121	68 622
2 87 500	2 121	68 541
2 93 750	2 121	68 484
3 00 000	2 121	68 451
3 06 250	2 121	68 453
3 12 500	2 121	68 453
3 18 750	2 121	68 500
3 25 000	2 121	68 565
3 31 250	2 121	68 654
3 37 500	2 121	68 768
3 43 750	2 121	68 906
3 50 000	2 121	69 069
3 56 250	2 121	69 255
3 62 500	2 121	69 467
3 68 750	2 121	69 703
3 75 000	2 121	69 963
3 81 250	2 121	70 247
3 87 500	2 121	70 556
3 93 750	2 121	70 899
4 00 000	2 121	71 277
4 06 250	2 121	71 629
4 12 500	2 121	72 031
4 18 750	2 121	72 435
4 25 000	2 121	72 880
4 31 250	2 121	73 368

WALL No. 2C

PGL Flyover Station	Exposed Face of Wall 2C Offset From PGL Flyover	Top of Coping Elevation @ Wall 2C
6 69 708	2 121	72 547
6 71 000	2 121	72 332
6 75 000	2 121	71 950
6 81 250	2 121	71 569
6 87 500	2 121	71 187
6 93 750	2 121	70 805
7 00 000	2 121	70 440
7 06 250	2 121	70 070
7 12 500	2 121	69 701
7 18 750	2 121	69 332
7 25 000	2 121	68 963
7 31 250	2 121	68 594
7 37 500	2 121	68 225
7 43 750	2 121	67 856
7 50 000	2 121	67 487
7 56 250	2 121	67 118
7 62 500	2 121	66 749
7 67 750	5 778	66 380

NOTES:

- 1 Offsets are given to the exterior face of the proprietary wall (See Sheet W-1 for details)
- 2 Top of Coping Elevation detail shown on Sheet W-1
- 3 For existing and proposed ground elevations for all walls see Sheets W-2 thru W-5

**EXHIBIT CP-4**  
Date 1/1/00

**PROPRIETARY WALL ELEVATIONS**

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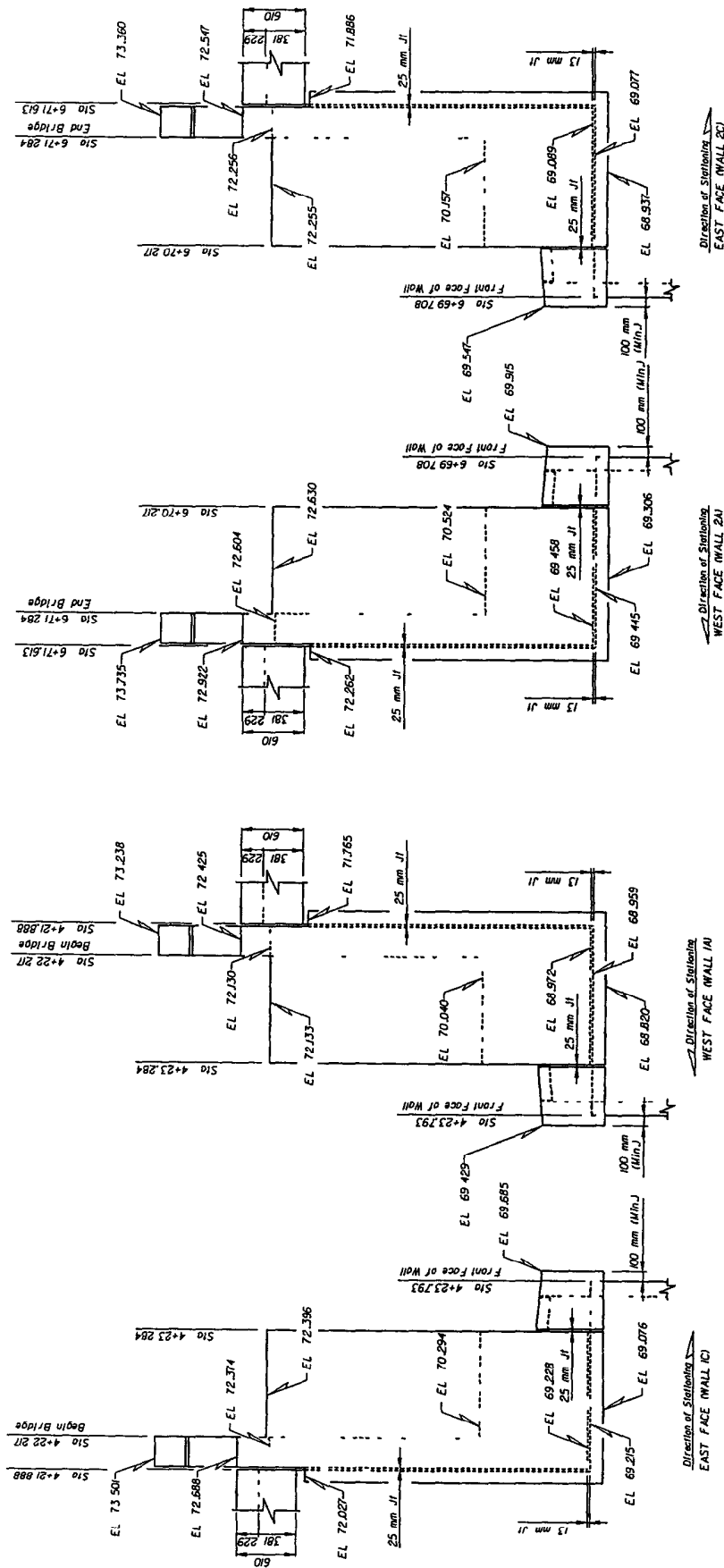
FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ROAD NO. COUNTY PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.

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DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

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DRAWN BY: \_\_\_\_\_ CHECKED BY: \_\_\_\_\_  
 INCHES DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ ENGINEER OF RECORD: \_\_\_\_\_



END BENT NO 1

END BENT NO 7

EXHIBIT CP-5  
Date 1/1/00

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

SHEET TITLE	FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	PROJECT NO.	CONTRACT	ENGINEER OF RECORD	SHEET NO.
	MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS				



### GENERAL NOTES

1. CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS Florida Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (current edition) and supplements thereto
2. DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS Design shall be in accordance with the following specifications

AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges, Current Edition, and applicable Interim Specifications

Florida Department of Transportation Structures Design Guidelines

Tested Soil Improvement Techniques AASHTO-AGC-ARTBA Task Force 27 Ground Modification Techniques, January 1990

3. MATERIAL STRESSES Allowable stresses shall be in accordance with the current AASHTO Specifications for all the materials shown on the plans
4. DESIGN METHOD Load Factor, except that internal and external stability shall be designed for service loads

The following minimum factors of safety shall be utilized in the design of the walls:

- Overturning  $F.S. \geq 2.0$
- Sliding  $F.S. \geq 1.5$
- Bearing Capacity  $F.S. \geq 1.5$
- Internal Pullout  $F.S. \geq 2.5$
- Overall Stability  $F.S. \geq 1.5$  (Allowable deflection = 19.05 mm)

0.55 Fy (Straps)  
0.47 Fy (Wire Mat or Grid)  
0.29 Fu (HDPE/Permanent Walls)  
0.29 Fu (Polyester and HDPE/Temporary Walls)  
See AASHTO Specifications

Plastics  
Steel Connections

5. DESIGN LOADS Live Loading: HS-20
6. For Typical Sections through roadway, see Roadway Plans
7. Longitudinal dimensions shown in the plans are measured along the exterior face of the wall. Elevations shown are to the top of coping, top of leveling pad or top of wall footing
8. A structural extension of the connection of the wall used to the soil reinforcement shall be used wherever necessary to prevent pulling or excessive slanting (greater than 15 degrees) of the soil reinforcements or piles or other obstructions
9. These walls are to be designed for the settlements noted for each wall. Long term settlement is measured from the beginning of wall construction

### GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION

Walls MSE-1 & MSE-2 (South Approach Area)	Reinforced Soil & Random Backfill	Medium Dense Fine Sand	Medium Dense Silty Fine Sand	Medium Dense to Dense Fine Sand	Loose Fine Sand
Depth Below Existing Ground Line (m)	0.0-3.0	3.0-7.0	7.0-11.0	11.0-14.0	
Unit Weight	17.3 kN/m <sup>3</sup>	18.5 kN/m <sup>3</sup>	18.9 kN/m <sup>3</sup>	17.3 kN/m <sup>3</sup>	
Cohesion	0	0	0	0	
Internal Friction	34°	34°	35	30°	

Walls MSE-3 & MSE-4 (North Approach Area)	Reinforced Soil & Random Backfill	Loose to Medium Dense Clayey Fine Sand	Medium Dense Clayey Fine Sand	Hard Sandy Clay	Loose to Dense Fine Sand
Depth Below Existing Ground Line (m)	0.0-3.0	3.0-4.5	4.5-5.0	5.0-14.0	
Unit Weight	17.3 kN/m <sup>3</sup>	18.5 kN/m <sup>3</sup>	18.9 kN/m <sup>3</sup>	18.2 kN/m <sup>3</sup>	
Cohesion	0	0	0	200 kPa	
Internal Friction	30°	32°	34°	0	34°

If the unit weight and/or  $\phi$  angle of the fill proposed by the Contractor differs from the above the Project Engineer shall contact both the District Geotechnical Engineer and the Wall Designer for a possible redesign

Design Based Internal Friction Angle = 30 degrees (Sand Backfill)  
34 degrees (Limerock/Dodge, Monroe Co.)

Refer to Plan and Elevation sheets of individual walls for minimum reinforcement strip/mesh length, allowable bearing capacities, minimum wall embedment and anticipated long term and differential settlements

### SOIL REINFORCEMENT LENGTHS FOR EXTERNAL STABILITY (0.7h)

Wall Height (m)	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.3
* Reinforcement Length (m)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Bearing Pressure (kPa)	52	59	68	79	70	78

\* The reinforcement strip lengths shown in this column are minimum lengths required for external stability. The contractor and engineer are responsible for internal stability of the retaining walls. The reinforcement lengths used in the construction of the retaining walls shall be the longer of that required for internal or external stability

The applicable wall systems for each wall location are listed below. Wall systems not listed have been deemed unacceptable for use at that specific site due to the environment, excessive settlement etc and shall not be used, and will not be considered for future substitution during construction

Wall Nos 1 & 2 Environment Extremely Aggressive

Long Term Settlement 13 mm  
Short Term Settlement 10 mm  
Differential Settlement 5 mm/m

Wall Nos 3 & 4 Environment Extremely Aggressive

Long Term Settlement 13 mm  
Short Term Settlement 6 mm  
Differential Settlement 5 mm/m

The following wall systems are acceptable for use at this location:

Brand X  
Brand Y  
Brand Z

EXHIBIT CP-6  
Date: 1/1/00

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ROAD NO. \_\_\_\_\_ COURT \_\_\_\_\_ PROJECT NAME \_\_\_\_\_ PROJECT NO. \_\_\_\_\_

REVISIONS

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE	DESCRIPTION

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

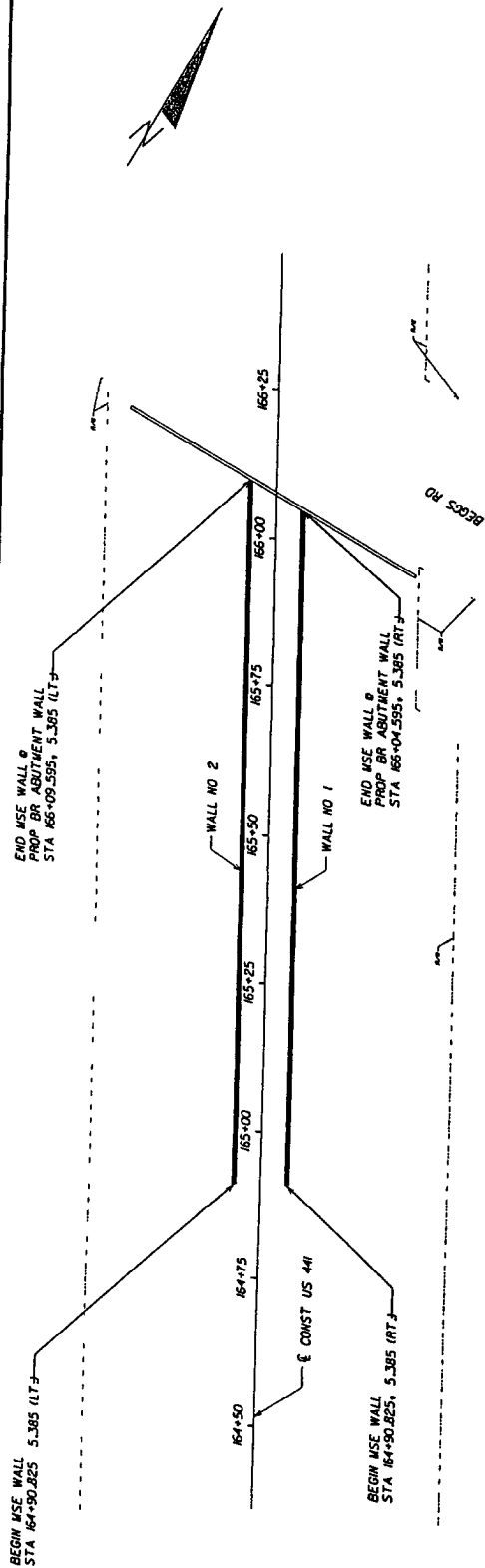
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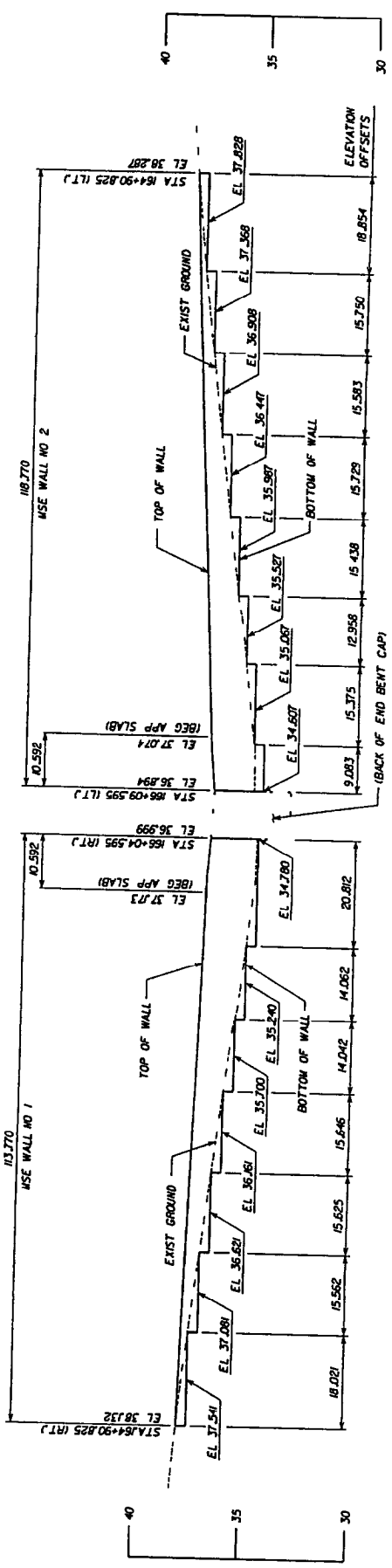
ENGINEER OF RECORD \_\_\_\_\_

TITLE: CONTROL DRAWING GENERAL NOTES  
INDEX NO. S-825, SHEET 10F.1

SHEET NO. \_\_\_\_\_



PLAN VIEW TEMP. MSE WALL NOS. 1 & 2



EXPANDED ELEVATION VIEWS (TEMP. MSE WALL NOS. 1 & 2, LOOKING AT FRONT FACE OF WALL)

**EXHIBIT CP-7**  
Date: 1/1/00

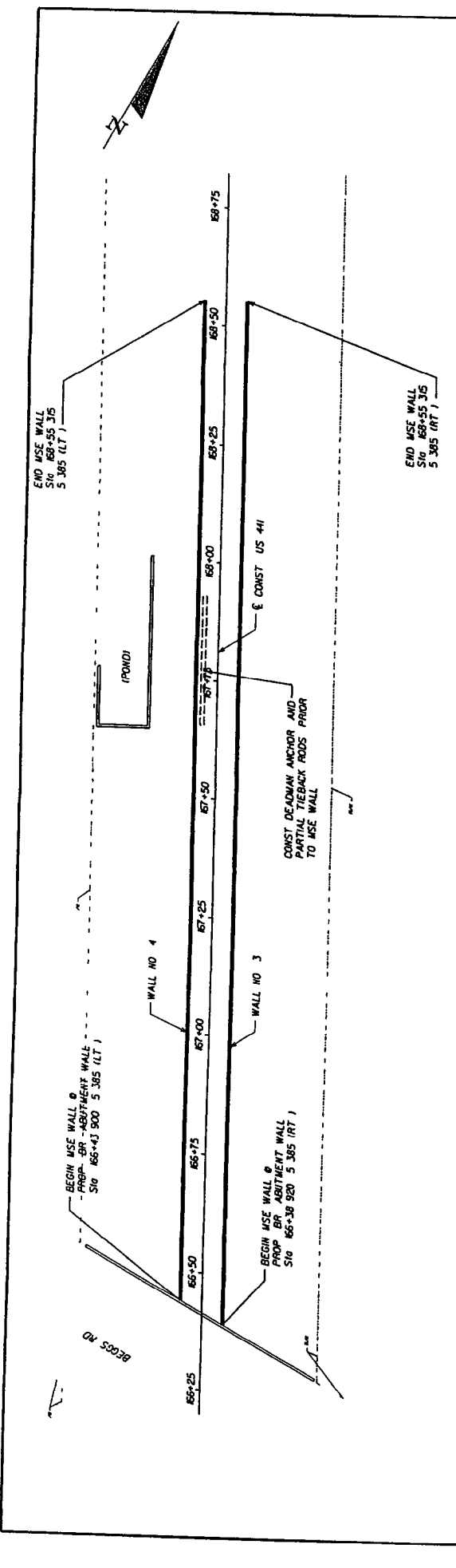
**TEMPORARY RETAINING WALL SYSTEM**

DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

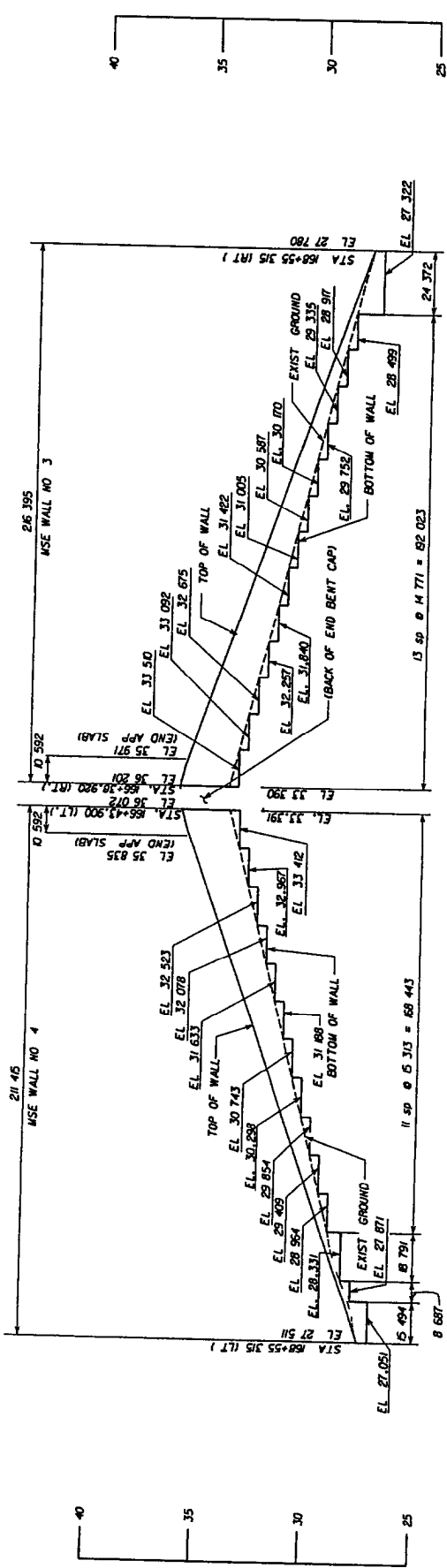
ENGINEER OF RECORD: \_\_\_\_\_  
 PROJECT NO: \_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY: \_\_\_\_\_  
 ROAD NO: \_\_\_\_\_ PROJECT ID: \_\_\_\_\_

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 DISTRICT: \_\_\_\_\_

SHEET NO. \_\_\_\_\_ OF \_\_\_\_\_  
 PROJECT NO. \_\_\_\_\_



PLAN VIEW TEMP MSE WALL NOS 3 & 4



EXPANDED ELEVATION VIEWS (TEMP MSE WALL NOS 3 & 4 LOOKING AT FRONT FACE OF WALL)

EXHIBIT CP-8  
Date 1/1/00

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	REVISIONS	NAME	DATE	ENGINEER OF RECORD	FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	ROAD NO.	COUNTY	PROJECT NO.	PROJECT NAME	SHEET NO.
											TEMPORARY RETAINING WALL SYSTEM	