STATE ARBITRATION BOARD

1022 LOTHIAN DRIVE TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA 32312 PHONE: (904) 385-2852 50 12-5-07

/ / / NOTICE / / /

In the case of Ila Construction Company, Inc. versus the Florida Department of Transportation on Project No. 93170-3507 E4292 in Palm Beach County, Florida, both parties are advised that State Arbitration Board Order No. 6-91 has been properly filed on September 13, 1991.

N. E. CARR

H. E. Cowger, PE Chairman and Clerk, SAB

S.A.B. CLERK

SEP 13 1991

FILED

HEC/sfc

Copies of Order & Transcript to:
Rick Chesser, District SEcretary/FDOT
Rajendra U. Patel, President/Ila Construction Co., Inc.

ORDER NO. 6-91

RE:

Request for Arbitration by Ila Construction Company, Inc. on Job No. 93170-3507 E-4292 (A Mini-Contract) in Palm Beach County

The following members of the State Arbitration Board participated in the disposition of this matter:

H. Eugene Cowger, P. E., Chairman Kenneth Morefield, P. E., Member John Roebuck, Member

Pursuant to a written notice, a hearing was held on a request for arbitration commencing at 11:55 a.m., on Tuesday, July 16, 1991.

The Board Members, having fully considered the evidence presented at the hearing,, now enter their order No. 6-91 in this cause.

ORDER

The Contractor presented a request for arbitration of a multi-part claim for additional compensation in the amount of \$21,758.71 for extra work ordered by the Department and for additional costs incurred due to delays he alleged to have been caused by actions of the Department of Transportation.

The Contractor presented the following information in support of his claim:

PART I Amount Claimed: \$3,500.00

On the day our signalization mobilized on the project, we were informed by the Department of Transportation that he could not begin work because he had not been approved as a subcontractor. We demobilized and several days later, after obtaining approval of this subcontractor, re-mobilized.

It had been our experience on past mini-contract projects for the Department of Transportation to waive formal approval of subcontracts.

The amount claimed is our bid unit price for the Mobilization item.

PART II Amount Claimed: \$4,573.33

After they conditionally accepted the project, the Department of Transportation determined that a section of sidewalk and a section of curb we constructed was defective and directed us to remove and replace it. We contend that this work conformed to the plans and specifications.

PART III Amount Claimed: \$100.00

We installed a school crossing sign as shown in the plans and as instructed by the Department's inspector. Later, we were instructed to relocate this sign. The amount claimed is our bid unit price for the item Relocate Existing Sign.

PART IV Amount Claimed: \$2,100.06The Department of Transportation delayed final inspection of the project for several days after conditional acceptance and we were then ordered to do the corrective work which is the subject of PART II of this claim. During that 18 day period (February 11, 1988 through February 29, 1988), we were required to maintain traffic on the project.

The amount claimed was calculated based on a per day cost determined by dividing our bid unit price for the item Maintenance of Traffic (\$3,500) by the number of contract days allowed (30).

PART V Amount Claimed: \$5,964.45

We were delayed in prosecution of the work by:

- a. Failure of the Department of Transportation to approve required submittals for traffic signalization equipment in a timely manner.
- b. The Department directing us to not begin work on the project until our signalization subcontractor was formally approved (See PART I).
- c. Failure of the Department to make a final inspection of the project in a timely manner.
- d. The instructions issued by the Department to perform corrective sidewalk and curb work (See PART II).

The Department of Transportation granted an extension of the allowable contract time, based on the delay in approval

of our submittals covering traffic signalization components, but refuses to recognize this as a compensable delay.

We claim field and home office overhead for the periods:

- a. Between the date on which contract time charges began and the date we were able to begin work.
- b. Between the date of conditional acceptance of the work and the date we completed the corrective work ordered by the Department.

PART VI Amount Claimed \$5,520.87

We are entitled to interest at the rate of 1% per month on the aggregate amount claimed in PARTS I through V of this claim from the date we made formal demand for additional compensation (approximately June 1, 1988) until the date we filed a request for arbitration (approximately March 31, 1991). This is a period of 34 months.

The Department of Transportation rebutted each part of the Contractor's claim as follows:

PART I

The firm that actually performed the signalization work on the project was not the same firm the contractor announced at the preconstruction conference was to be his signalization subcontractor. On the day he mobilized on the project, in addition to not having requested approval of his signalization subcontractor, the Contractor had not submitted a Maintenance of Traffic plan for approval. The contract requires that both of approvals be obtained prior to commencing work.

PART II

We are submitting photos showing the condition of the curb and the sidewalk we found to be defective. The deficiencies consisted of lack of expansion joints where the new curb connected to the existing curb, lack of an expansion joint between the new curb and the new sidewalk, poorly aligned sawed joints in the sidewalk, depressions in which water ponded and an inadequate broom finish on the sidewalk.

PART III

Common sense should have dictated not installing a sign directly in front of a pedestrian crossing signal.

PART IV

We do not agree that any compensation is due for this part of the claim. In any event, however, compensation should not exceed payment for the construction traffic control devices that were in placed during the 23 days period when the work was delayed awaiting approval of the submittals covering traffic signalization components. We calculate this to be \$1,254.00.

PART V

We offered to grant a 23 day extension of the allowable contract time based on untimely approval of the submittals covering traffic signalization components. This offer was conditioned on the Contractor agreeing to not pursue a further claim, financial or otherwise, in connection therewith.

It is our position that the overhead costs claimed by the Contractor are not compensable under the contract. In any event, compensation for overhead during the period preceding the date on which the Contractor mobilized on the project (January 8, 1988) is clearly not justified.

The Board in considering the testimony and exhibits presented found the following points to be of particular significance:

PART I

The special provisions stated that requests to sublet work shall be approved by the Project Engineer. The Department testified that it was a management decision to approve these requests in the District Office. The intent here was to control paperwork processing in an attempt to control brokering.

Even though the Contractor did not submit a maintenance of traffic plan at the preconstruction conference, the Department did not raise the issue until the day on which the

Contractor mobilized to begin work on the project. PART IV

It appears that the maintenance of traffic costs incurred by the Contractor subsequent to conditional acceptance of the project essentially consisted of construction zone signing.

PART V

The Contractor claimed job site overhead costs for a period of time which preceded his mobilizing on the project.

From the foregoing and in light of the testimony and exhibits presented, the State Arbitration Board finds as follows:

The Department of Transportation is directed to release all assessed liquidated damages and reimburse the Contractor for his claim as follows:

\$1,000.00 \$2,000.00 PART IV PART I PART V \$3,000.00 PART II \$2,500.00 PART VI \$2,924.00 PART III \$ 100.00

The Department of Transportation is directed to reimburse the State Arbitration Board the sum of \$ 225.00 for Court Reporting Costs.

S.A.B. CLERK

SEP 13 1991

FILED

Tallahassee, Florida

Dated: 10 September 1991

Certified Copy:

Eugene Cowger

Chairman & Clerk, S.A.B.

10 September 1991 Date

Roebuck

Member

STATE ARBITRATION BOARD STATE OF FLORIDA

SEP 13 1991

FILED

ILA CONSTRUCTION CO., INC.

- and -

PROJECT NO. 93170-3507 E4292

LOCATION: Palm Beach County,

Florida

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ORIGINAL

RE:

Arbitration In The Above Matter

DATE:

Tuesday, July 16, 1991

PLACE:

S.A.B. CLERK

1007 Desoto Park Drive Tallahassee, Florida

SEP 13 199:

TIME:

FILED

Commenced at 11:55 a.m. Concluded at 1:00 p.m.

REPORTED BY:

LAURA MOUNTAIN
Court Reporter

Notary Public in and for the State of Florida at

Large



WILKINSON & ASSOCIATES

Certified Court Reporters P.O. BOX 13461 Tallahassee, Florida 32317 904-224-0127



1	APPEARANCES:
2	
3	APPEARING ON BEHALF OF THE STATE ARBITRATION BOARD:
4	Mr. H. E. "Gene" Cowger, Chairman Mr. Ken Morefield
5	Mr. John "Jack" Roebuck
6	APPEARING ON BEHALF OF THE CONTRACTOR:
7	
8	Mr. Rajendra U. Patel Patrick B. Calcutt, Esquire
9	
10	APPEARING ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:
11	Mr. Robert H. Bourdon Mr. Alan K. Parmalee
12	Mr. Isiah S. Clark Nancy J. Aliff, Attorney at Law
13	•
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15	* * *
16	
17	
18	INDEX
19	EXHIBITS
20	Exhibit Nos. 1 and 2 in evidence 4
21	
22	
23	
24	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 52
25	

	3
1	PROCEEDINGS
2	CHAIRMAN COWGER: This is a hearing of the
3	State Arbitration Board established in accordance
4	with Section 337.185 of the Florida Statutes.
5	Mr. Ken Morefield was appointed as a member of
6	the Board by the Secretary of the Department of
7	Transportation. Mr. Jack Roebuck, John Roebuck, was
8	elected by the construction companies under contract to
9	the Department of Transportation.
10	These two members chose me, H. E. Cowger, to
11	serve as the third member of the Board and its
12	Chairman.
13	Our terms of office began July 1, 1991 and
14	expire June 30, 1993.
15	Will all persons who intend to make oral
16	presentations during this hearing please raise your
17	right hand to be sworn in.
18	(Whereupon, all witnesses were duly sworn by the
19	Chairman.)
20	CHAIRMAN COWGER: The documents which put this
21	arbitration hearing into being are hereby introduced as
22	Exhibit No. 1. This consists of the contractor's

request for arbitration and all of the information that

information now since approximately June 1 for their

was enclosed in that booklet. DOT has had this

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1	review.
2	Does either party have any additional information
3	it wishes to put into the record as an exhibit?
4	(Off the record)
5	CHAIRMAN COWGER: During the time that we were
6	off the record, the Department of Transportation
7	presented an additional exhibit which will be
8	identified as Exhibit No. 2. The lead document is
9	minutes of preconstruction meeting, September 17th,
10	1987, with numerous other documents attached thereto.
11	All parties and the Board members have a copy of
12	this exhibit in front of them.
13	Does either party desire any additional time to
14	examine Exhibit No. 2?
15	Hearing nothing, we will proceed on.
16	(Whereupon, Exhibit Nos. 1 and 2 were received in
17	evidence.)
18	During this hearing the parties may offer such
19	evidence and testimony as is pertinent and material to
20	the controversy and shall produce such additional
21	evidence as the Board may deem necessary to an
22	understanding and determination of the matter before
23	it.
24	The Board shall be the sole judge of the

relevance and materiality of the evidence offered.

1	The hearing will be conducted in an informal
2	manner. The contractor will elaborate on their claim
3	and then the DOT will offer rebuttal.
4	Either party may interrupt to bring out a point
5	by coming through the Chairman. For the sake of order
6	I must instruct that only one person speak at a time.
7	The contractor can now proceed with his
8	presentation. As we move through this, if possible,
9	I would suggest that we try to stop item by item and
10	let DOT rebut.
11	For instance, when you come to the end of the
12	mobilization claim, let's stop and let them rebut.
13	Proceed, please.
14	MR. CALCUTT: I am Patrick Calcutt with Cummings,
15	Lawrence & Vezina. We're here representing the
16	contractor on this FDOT project, State Road 717.
17	This is Rajendra Patel, president of Ila
18	Construction Company.
19	To briefly summarize, this claim is for delays
20	and extra work associated with this project. The
21	delays arise primarily from delays in approving Ila's
22	materials submittals and delays associated with the
23	approval of Ila's subcontractor, American Lighting &
24	Signalization.

There are also two extra work items. Ila was

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1	required to break up and redo concrete, curb, sidewalk,
2	and gutter, and Ila was required to relocate a sign.
3	Both items of work had been performed according to the
4	plans and specifications in the drawings and the
5	instructions of the project engineer. Ila claims
6	compensation for these extra work items.
7	On the individual items of compensation are

On the individual items of compensation are demobilization, remobilization, maintenance of traffic for the extended contract period, overhead and profit on the above and prejudgment interest computed from June 1, 1988.

I will at this time turn the presentation over to Mr. Patel who will explain point by point the individual claim items.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: Mr. Patel, could I interrupt you just a moment, please, sir.

MR. PATEL: Sure.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: The scope of this work, looking at these plans, is primarily installation of a traffic signal with some minor amount of sidewalk and curb construction and a little bit of grassing and a little bit of earth work, is that correct?

MR. PARMALEE: And striping.

24 CHAIRMAN COWGER: Pardon?

MR. PARMALEE: And striping.

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1	CHAIRMAN COWGER: And striping. All right, sir.
2	MR. PATEL: That is correct.
3	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Go ahead.
4	MR. PATEL: To start with, this particular
5	mini-contract was signed by the district on August
6	27th, 1987. Usually the correspondence between the
7	District 4 office to my home office has always been
8	delayed by more than ten days in the mail. We have
9	not really tracked the reason for that, but the
10	mini-contract was received on like the 10th of
11	September.
12	We were given the preconstruction meeting
13	notification on, I believe, the 14th or 15th of
14	September. We had a preconstruction meeting on the
15	17th of September.
16	And again, before I go back into the
17	preconstruction detail, I would like to point out the
18	fact that the mini-contract concept had been prevailing
19	in various district to expedite the approval process

g in various district to expedite the approval process and not even in fact go into the approval of the contractor, subcontractor, or the material required on the job.

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The mini-contract concept has been prevailing in all of that district for the same purpose and idea. But we found, as you will notice from the subsequent

1	evidence, that this particular district acted
2	differently and they acted as if the mini-contract
3	should be given a major job contract.

However, the fact remains that, prior to doing this particular job, we had done another five mini-contracts in this particular district and nowhere on those particular projects we were requested to submit any approval for the subcontractor or the material required on the job.

We moved on the job site expeditiously and we completed most of those jobs also in time limit or time frame required.

This particular job, which required the signalization items, most of the time the signalization items, the Department always have given 90 days procurement time, especially if any prestressed poles are involved on the job.

There was no time allowance was made in the mini-contract contract document for the procurement time. The preconstruction meeting, we brought a lot of things out to them and we gave them the name of the subcontractors.

We also told them that it would take 90 days to get the procurement of poles that we need as specified on the project, and we should be granted such time.

	They	granted 1	us, in	lieu	of 9	0 day	s, we	e we	re	
gi	ven only	60 days	to sta	rt wit	ch.	Accor	ding	to	the	60
da	ys time	frame tha	t drew	us a	star	ting	date	on		
De	cember,	I believe	, 12th							

Prior to starting, we are also required -- we were required to have the approval of all the materials in our hands from the Department. We submitted the approval documents to the Department, I believe, in November, I believe, either 11th or 6th. The 6th of November we sent the Department the copies of the material sheets and whatnot for the approval.

We waited from the Department traffic engineer for the approval to get back so that we can proceed on the job without any delay.

The approval never got back to us and in the latter part of the first week of December we contacted the Department traffic engineer who normally approves the material and we found out that the guy who approves the material is in China someplace on vacation.

So we try to find out who can substitute and who can give us the approval. Nobody was willing to take or give the responsibility of the approval.

In the first week of January we contacted the individual who came back from the vacation and we told them the serious nature of the business and we told

1	them that we want to start this particular job and this
2	job only had so much time allowed and whether he will
3	allow us to proceed on the job just on verbal approval,
4	which he did.

But the formal approval actually came to us on January 22nd.

Meanwhile, we informed the project engineer that we would proceed with our job starting on January 8th.

Our subcontractor, our personnel and everybody was mobilized to move on the job on January 8th.

On January 8th already my subcontractor was on the job, my personnel were in the process of moving the backhoe, the loader and all the other equipment required to remove the sidewalk or whatever was necessary to do the earth work, and we also had mobilized the traffic control subcontractor to install all the signs and everything else that would be required.

The traffic control contractor was going to be over there by nine o'clock, but by 8:15 the project engineer stopped my subcontractor from doing any work on the job site. They told them that they are not approved subcontractor.

Subsequently I phoned my personnel out there to stop any proceeding on the job and told them to wait

1 until further notification.

On January 15th we received a certified mail
letter from James Byron, who was acting resident
engineer in District 4 at the time, for this particular
area, and he wanted to have a prestart meeting on,
I believe, January 28th, somewhere around there, to
find out how we are going to proceed with the job and
whatnot.

So at that time -- meanwhile, we already had been doing all the paperwork required to get the approval of the subcontractor. The approval of the subcontractor paperwork was carried out expeditiously and hand submitted to the district office, the district construction office in time. And we wanted them to get the approval done right there and then because we were already behind the schedule on this particular job.

The approval never came; but, however, in the meeting with the resident engineer, Mr. Jim Byron, he said, proceed with the job, I give you my verbal approval. This was given on January 20th.

On January 22nd, we started the job, moved the subcontractor and us on the job site, and we tried to carry out the work in normal fashion.

All of the work items were completed as of

February 11th. It only took us about 19 to maybe 20 days to complete the entire project.

On January 11th, we were told by the project engineer and project engineer's boss that the job may be a certain job, as it is conditionally based on our verbal agreement and whatnot.

They also gave us a punch list item at that time to correct a few of the traffic signal problems which subsequently was mailed to us. Again, that was late. We received the damn thing on -- like February 26th or whatever.

And when we inform our subcontractor, they ultimately corrected them in March, the first week of March.

Again, when the conditional approval was already carried out on the 11th of February, then they said -then they called me and they said that they are going to have another review of the job site, with maybe involving no other personnel from the Department of Transportation.

Normally on the mini-contract, the approval from the project engineer and project engineer's boss becomes final and you don't need any further approval from that point on. This is true on a mini-contract.

But on this particular job, the Department had

1	everybody showed up on the job. I believe there were a
2	total of eight people from the Department of
3	Transportation trying to microscope the job crew. And
4	they just worked hard to find anything that could be

wrong on the job.

So what they found wrong was the sidewalk and the curb and gutter, according to the standard, would not jive what they liked. What they liked and what the project engineer and the project manager liked were two different things. So we have to redo that particular punch item back again.

The claim was the curb and gutter was not installed right and it retained a little bit of water. It retained a little bit of water because the existing curb and gutter did not really match the DOT standard.

And we had to modify -- we were asked to do the job as per DOT standard, but the DOT standard cannot match the existing curb and gutter.

So we were in limbo about who exactly is telling us what. So we finally carried out the correction work. And the correction work was carried out at extra cost to us. Again, we had to remobilize, it cost us money to do any corrections.

And our basic claim is here really involving
the -- on the mini-contract concept, you don't really

1	ask for a subcontractor approval. We already had
2	carried out five jobs before in the same particular
3	district involving the same personnel, almost, where no
4	approval was required.

On this particular job, somehow or the other, they wanted to crucify us or whatever, but they stopped us, we had to remobilize, we had to redo a lot of the work, and our claim is for all that extra work we had to do.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: May we stop at this point now and let DOT rebut. But before we do that, I have got a couple of questions. The submittal documents that you transmitted to the Department on November 6th, 1987 consisted of essentially what?

MR. PATEL: Essentially consisted of the major items involving the signal work, the cable, the poles and all the miscellaneous items involving the signal work.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: DOT, at the time those documents were submitted, were they reasonably complete? Did you have to go back and ask for additional information?

MR. BOURDON: To my knowledge, there was no additional information other than there was a couple of telephone discussions about some minor points. But the

1	documents, as submitted, were approved.
2	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Dot, the contractor the
3	contract was executed on August 27, 1987. You made the
4	submittal to DOT on November 6th, 1987.
5	MR. PATEL: That is correct.
6	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Why so long?
7	MR. PATEL: Because the procurement time, we were
8	not really so sure, when we really got around trying to
9	procure all the material, we actually then physically
10	got the cuts on the poles and things like that.
11	You order all the material and then you wait for
12	the cuts and things like that and you don't want to
13	submit a partial package. So we had to wait until we
14	got all the drawings in our bags and at that time the
15	complete package was submitted to them.
16	CHAIRMAN COWGER: So the basic answer is that it
17	took you that long to get all the components assembled.
18	MR. PATEL: That's correct.
19	MR. BOURDON: May I respond to that?
20	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Yes, sir.
21	MR. BOURDON: The preconstruction minutes are
22	very clear as to what Mr. Patel's subcontracting
23	intentions were on the signalization. The request at
24	that time or statement was Signal Construction was

going to be doing their signalization work.

1	It ended up that American Lighting was the
2	subcontractor, so I suggest that there was a problem
3	in negotiating costs; that that was the potential
4	problem of the delay.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: Before you respond, Mr. Patel, as I understand it, the subcontractor who was to do the signalization work that was announced at the preconstruction conference was not in fact the one that actually did the work?

MR. BOURDON: That is correct.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: Mr. Patel?

MR. PATEL: The Department was given three names, and they were told that either Signal Construction,

American Lighting, or Transportation Safety

Contractors, any of the three of them might wind up doing the job.

I also mentioned to them at this time the Signal Construction Company quotation looked lucrative to me and maybe I will hire them, depending on how fast they were going to do the work. And by next week I found out that the American Lighting were capable of doing the job in a timely manner that we liked and we ultimately gave them the job in spite of the fact that that bid was slightly higher than the Signal Construction.

1	CHAIRMAN COWGER: I think that's all we need on
2	that. DOT, are you not disputing the fact that there
3	was a substantial delay in approval of the submittal?
4	MR. BOURDON: The Department, in a letter
5	I don't have the date right ready at hand, but the
6	Department did offer Mr. Patel a time extension due to
7	the certification of materials. He never signed the
8	certification or the request for time extension that
9	was offered to him and therefore the time was never
LO	provided to him.
11	CHAIRMAN COWGER: But you are not disputing the
12	fact
13	MR. BOURDON: No, sir.
14	CHAIRMAN COWGER: that there was a substantial
15	delay at the fault of the Department in the approval of
16	the submittal documents?
17	MR. BOURDON: In the up-front part of the
18	contract, yes, sir.
19	CHAIRMAN COWGER: And that it was, in fact,
20	sometime well down into January before you approved
21	them?
22	MR. BOURDON: The actual submittal was made and
23	approved, I believe, the 29th of January, was the
24	documentation I'm looking at. That's in relation to
25	the time extension that's in your package.

1	MR. ROEBUCK: Mr. Patel, you said the 22nd.
2	MR. PATEL: The 22nd is the date when the project
3	engineer and the traffic control engineer signed the
4	document with the approval, and then the same day he
5	called me, that he is signing the document on approval.
6	That's the reason why I'm saying that it was approved
7	on the 22nd, and that's our knowledge.
8	However, the formal receiving of those documents
9	was
10	CHAIRMAN COWGER: I think we've got enough
11	information on that. Let me ask another question.
12	DOT, what does the contract specifically say about
13	approval of subcontractors?
14	MS. ALIFF: On page three of the contract, it's
15	addressed in specification 1.6, it requires approval of
16	all subcontractors.
17	MR. ROEBUCK: That's in the mini-contract?
18	MS. ALIFF: That's in the mini-contract for this
19	particular project.
20	CHAIRMAN COWGER: I have turned to the page of
21	the subcontract that Ms. Aliff refers to and I note
22	that it says something interesting; that the
23	subcontracting shall be approved by the project
24	engineer.

Was that in fact done or was it required that it

be approved by the district office?

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The formal procedure of using the MR. BOURDON: 2 district office was used on this project and all 3 I think it's interesting that Mr. Patel 4 projects. indicates that he was never required to use 5 subcontractor approvals on any of his other projects 6 when in fact one project that is in litigation at this 7 point, one of the major problems was his subcontracting 8 paperwork and how it was processed on the job prior 9 to -- and I believe the date was approximately six 10 months earlier. 11

The knowledge of not knowing that it was required in the formal process through the district offices is not quite a clear statement.

MR. PATEL: Let me point out the fact that that particular job had a special requirement and that involved quite a bit of completely different needs than what this project calls for.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: I don't think that the Board is interested in hearing that particular aspect of it.

The Board is interested, though, in finding out why the Department determined that this approval had to be at the district office level when the contract clearly said it could be done by the project engineer.

MR. BOURDON: It was a management decision that

1	the Department made in the Fourth District, and I can
2	only speak for the Fourth District, for the control of
3	the paperwork processing to eliminate or to potentially
4	eliminate brokering or to try to control it.
5	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Okay, that's all the questions
6	I had before DOT begins their rebuttal. Mr. Roebuck,
7	Mr. Morefield, either one of you all have any questions
8	at this point?
9	MR. ROEBUCK: The delay substantially occurred
10	after the project practically started and then the
11	approvals came up, right? And at that point it was the
12	subcontractors approval that was mainly hanging out?
13	MR. BOURDON: That was a portion of the delay
14	that has been addressed by Mr. Patel on I believe the
15	8th of January.
16	MR. ROEBUCK: The 8th of January. So he was
17	right close to getting approvals at that time?
18	MR. BOURDON: That's correct.
19	MR. ROEBUCK: You thought he was in the clear,
20	but he didn't have the sub approval.
21	MR. BOURDON: There were other reasons that I
22	will cover.
23	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Okay, are you through, Jack?
24	MR. ROEBUCK: Yeah.
25	CHAIRMAN COWGER: I think that we need to let DOT

make a connected statement now.

MR. BOURDON: On the mobilization aspect or the remobilization claim, the Department's position is that in fact American Lighting approval was delayed and that has been acknowledged in our time extension letter offered to Mr. Patel and in fact the Department offers to clear all liquidated damages on the project, which, I believe, were 23 days.

But a major point that needs to be kept in perspective is the reason -- besides the subcontractor approval -- that Mr. Patel was requested to cease working on the project involved a letter dated 11-8-88 -- I'm sorry, January 11th, '88 written by the project engineer, Mr. Parmalee, advising Mr. Patel of unauthorized work on the project, which included the lack of subcontractor approval, American Lighting.

But most importantly, in the second paragraph -and I will read it. It's short. "Also it will be
necessary for you to submit a maintenance of traffic
plan (I refer you to the state of Florida Manual of
Traffic Control and Safe Practices) to me. Approval of
said plan and the proper placement of the appropriate
signs and high intensity lights will be required before
any work is done."

That letter, again, was sent out on the 11th of

1	January. The Department did not receive a response
2	from Mr. Patel until a handwritten response, which is
3	also in your package, and it is dated the 20th of
4	January, 1988, and it is a maintenance of traffic plan
5	modified case 23.

That is the primary reason, not trying to underestimate the subcontractor approval, but the maintenance of traffic plan was one of the primary reasons he was requested to suspend the project.

MR. PATEL: Can I get back, at this point, very quickly?

CHAIRMAN COWGER: Let me -- is that all you are going to say about the maintenance of traffic plan?

MR. BOURDON: As far as the remobilization item,

I think that would be it. We do not see a compensation

for the maintenance of traffic or remobilization

because of those two points.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: All right, Mr. Patel.

MR. PATEL: At each and every preconstruction meeting, the traffic control plan has always been outlined. And this in this particular case, it was done verbally, how we were going to do the traffic plan, and it was explained to them, with the help of the Department's traffic manual, how we were going to do that. No formal approval was requested.

1	MR. MOREFIELD: Can I ask a question? The
2	mini-contract procedures, specs, did it say provide a
3	written traffic control plan prior to commencement of
4	work?
5	MR. BOURDON: It is a required object of
6	submittal at the preconstruction meeting. Mr. Patel
7	did not submit it at the preconstruction meeting. The
8	prior case is in evidence of where he did that on a
9	prior mini-contract.
10	MR. MOREFIELD: Was it verbally discussed?
11	I don't see it in the minutes, but I haven't read it
12	totally. But was it discussed?
13	MR. PARMALEE: It wasn't covered in the minutes.
14	I don't know what
15	MR. MOREFIELD: The second point is Signal
16	Construction is noted in the minutes, who is going to
17	do the signalization. At what point did you know
18	American was going to be doing that? I know at the
19	point that he showed up out there, but how soon before
20	or is that when you knew American was going to be the
21	subcontractor, when he showed up out there?
22	MR. CLARK: Yes.
23	MR. MOREFIELD: Okay. So you all believe
24	MR. PARMALEE: At this point in time, I don't
25	recall. There may have been some verbalization that

1	American was going to be doing the work, but I don't
2	recall what time that was.
3	MR. MOREFIELD: But you all believe as he
4	said, he submitted one of three. But you all believed
5	it was going to be Signal? When you left the
6	preconstruction conference, did you believe it was
7	going to be Signal?
8	MR. CLARK: Right. It was unconfirmed, but it
9	was going to be Signal Construction.
10	MR. MOREFIELD: Was Signal preapproved at that
11	point?
12	MR. CLARK: No.
13	MR. BOURDON: No, not in the Department's mind.
14	A formal submittal would be required.
15	MR. MOREFIELD: Was any of the three? None of
16	the three was approved; Signal, American and Brand X,
17	whoever
18	MR. BOURDON: There were only two that were
19	physically noted in the preconstruction minutes. That
20	was Oglesby, which was going to do the striping, and
21	Signal Construction was going to the signalization in
22	the preconstruction minutes.
23	Both of those generically were approved as a

subcontract approval. After the 8th it came to a head

on the lack of submittal of paperwork.

24

1	MR. MOREFIELD: Thank you.
2	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Am I to going back a moment
3	to the approval of the request to sublet work to
4	MR. ROEBUCK: American.
5	CHAIRMAN COWGER: American. When was that in
6	fact approved? I note the contractor went to work on
7	January 22nd. Was it approved then?
8	MR. BOURDON: It is in your package. It was
9	submitted to the Department for American Lighting dated
10	1-11-88, which was after the project engineer's letter
11	was provided. It was approved on 1-26-88. There was
12	also a request submitted on 1-22-88 for Oglesby
13	Construction Company and it was approved on 1-26-88.
14	The verbal approval, to my recollection, that was
15	referred to, as granted by the resident engineer, was
16	for Oglesby Construction that came out of the meeting
17	of 1-28-88 with Mr. Patel.
18	CHAIRMAN COWGER: What did Oglesby do on the
19	job?
20	MR. BOURDON: Did the signing.
2 1	MR. PARMALEE: The striping.
22	MR. BOURDON: Just the striping. I'm sorry.
23	CHAIRMAN COWGER: DOT, have you completed your
24	statements up to this point?

MR. BOURDON: On the remobilization, yes, sir.

1	Mr. Patel did go a little bit over, but I tried to stay
2	within the remobilization issue.
3	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Now I believe that we're ready
4	now to oh, no, before we leave remobilization, I
5	wanted to ask a question of the contractor.
6	As I understand what you are claiming for the
7	item of remobilization is the amount that you bid for
8	mobilization on the contract.
9	MR. PATEL: That is correct.
10	CHAIRMAN COWGER: You bid \$3500, and you are
11	claiming that entire amount.
12	MR. PATEL: That's correct.
13	CHAIRMAN COWGER: What cost did you in fact
14	include when you bid in that
15	MR. PATEL: When I am moving, my subcontractor,
16	when he is moving a big crane to install the pole, for
17	example, he is moving in with the trucks. We are
18	moving in with the big trailer and the tractor-trailer
19	to move the backhoe and the loader on the job site.
20	That's a \$2,000, \$2500 expense right there, just
21	to move in from a remote location just like if they
22	were moving in from the Tampa area to the job site and
23	we were moving in from the Daytona Beach area. Plus,

in order to mobilize all my people to stay down there,

things like that, and all that adds up the cost.

24

	21
1	CHAIRMAN COWGER: How much did you say it cost to
2	mobilize that crane?
3	MR. PATEL: Just to mobilize the crane, itself,
4	is \$1500.
5	CHAIRMAN COWGER: \$1300?
6	MR. PATEL: \$1500.
7	CHAIRMAN COWGER: \$1500. I'm sorry.
8	MR. PATEL: To move the tractor and the loader
9	with the tractor-trailer, it costs another \$1200.
10	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Where in the contract did you
11	include the cost of your bond and insurance and that
12	sort of thing?
13	MR. PATEL: The cost of the bond and the other
14	things are included as part of the other pay items
15	which were marked up from the subcontractor's price
16	CHAIRMAN COWGER: You distributed them over the
17	other pay items, is the answer?
18	MR. PATEL: That is correct.
19	CHAIRMAN COWGER: That's all the questions I had
20	in regard to that. Now, I think that we can leave the
21	remobilization item now. Does anybody have any further
22	thing to say about that?
23	Let's talk about the sidewalk, then. DOT, I
24	think that we have heard the contractor's opening
25	statement on that. What do you have to say about the

1 sidewalk?

1.3

MR. BOURDON: I will only make one simple
statement and then I'll turn it over to the project
engineer who was out there. The Department's position
is that the work on the sidewalk, as Mr. Patel has
classified as extra work, was not extra work. It was
required to be done to provide the finished product in
an acceptable form. And I will turn it over to the
project engineer.

MR. PARMALEE: I was out there and I saw the product of both the sidewalk and the curb and gutter. I was dissatisfied with the work and I took pictures of the work, which I have copies of here, and I would like to present them as a presentation to the Board.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: Do you have more than one set?

MR. PARMALEE: Yes, I have a set for the contractor with a Xerox copy and I'll give you a set with the Xerox copies, too. It has the dates that I took the pictures and a description of what I was doing. It shows the sidewalk and the curb and gutter and substandard work as I determined it at the time.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: Mr. Parmalee, let me ask you a question, now. These pictures were taken of the curb and gutter and sidewalk that you considered not in accordance with the contract?

Ţ	MR. PARMADEL. COITECC.
2	MR. ROEBUCK: The workmanship or the sections or
3	what was it?
4	MR. PARMALEE: It was workmanship. There's
5	11 total pictures, three pages.
6	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Let me ask you a question.
7	Picture number seven is a picture of a driveway
8	connection that was made, apparently. Is that the
9	MR. PARMALEE: It's not a driveway, it's a
10	wheelchair ramp. This is a bicycle improvement. It's
11	usually bicycles that the school children would use
12	going back and forth across the street to the school.
13	CHAIRMAN COWGER: That's one item of work. Is
14	that bicycle ramp, you might say, on either side of the
15	street, I assume?
16	MR. PARMALEE: Correct.
17	CHAIRMAN COWGER: What other work was involved
18	in the sidewalk?
19	MR. PARMALEE: There's a foot bridge on picture
20	number seven, if you could extend the picture to the
21	left, there's a foot bridge, and the sidewalk goes to
22	the foot bridge across the canal.
23	CHAIRMAN COWGER: And we see evidence of that in
24	some of the other pictures.
25	MR. PARMALEE: Correct.

1	CHAIRMAN COWGER: That's it?
2	MR. PARMALEE: Across the street there would be a
3	cut ramp and some curb and gutter, also. That's a
4	school site across the street, as you can see in
5	picture number eight.
6	CHAIRMAN COWGER: How much of this was required
7	to be removed, everything or just parts of it?
8	MR. PARMALEE: I don't understand what you mean.
9	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Well, the portion that went
10	across, the bridge portion, the portion that went
11	across
12	MR. PARMALEE: I believe it was all removed. We
13	may have accepted some of the sections. I don't recall
14	specifically what all was involved. There was some
15	extra adjacent sidewalk that was cracked during the
16	construction that we also had them remove, too, and
17	replace.
18	And I have those in picture number three, where
19	the cone is on, it's a slab. It doesn't show it very
20	well, but it's cracked in that one. He was requested
21	to remove that. That's beyond the scope of the job.
22	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Okay, let's do this, if you
23	could. Give us kind of a point by point summary of
24	what you found to be defective. And the reason you
25	made this decision.

	21
1	31 MR. PARMALEE: Well, the curb, itself, there was
2	standing water right at the cut ramp, so people that
3	were crossing the crosswalk would be going through a
4	puddle of water practically all the time, if there was
5	rain.
6	So that was an aspect of it that was not
7	acceptable. They did not use expansion material
8	between the curb and the sidewalk or at the tie-ins
9	with the existing pavement, concrete pavement.
10	He was correct about the fact that the adjacent
11	curb was not standard Type F curb, but we ordinarily
12	just make modifications in existing curb to tie in.
13	Those tie-ins were poorly done, again, there was no
14	expansion material being utilized.
15	I requested at the time, because the curb ramp,
16	usually we have a deeper broom finish and the broom
17	finish was, to my personal feelings, was inadequate and
18	substandard.
19	MR. ROEBUCK: Were you there during the
20	finishing?
21	MR. PARMALEE: No, I was not.

22 MR. ROEBUCK: Was there anyone there of your

23 people?

24 MR. PARMALEE: I don't recall.

MR. ROEBUCK: It doesn't take much more effort, 25

1 you know, to broom it more.

2 MR. PARMALEE: No, it doesn't. And as you can 3 see, the saw joints were poor quality.

MR. ROEBUCK: Well, I wonder what the plans may have shown for some of those contraction joints. I see one here coming to a point. You're going to get -that's going to break. You accept the contractor, you change the detail. And somebody from the Department should have provided a little counsel on these small contracts, it looks like. Say, help us a little bit, fellow, go ahead and run that joint back out square here so we don't have that point.

MR. PARMALEE: Well, generally, on mini-contracts, we are really on a tight budget and we try to keep it down, the cost down, as much as we can. This is a very small aspect.

MR. ROEBUCK: You're dealing with such little bits of items to be worth this much money, and I have been around this thing a long time. I don't find that much fault with these pictures.

MR. PATEL: Let me also point out that as the picture really depicts, it shows the F curb, and this is where we were asked to install because this is the Department's drawing which shows and depicts what we are supposed to do on a Type F curb. And that's what

- exactly they told us to do.

 Actually on the straight curb like that, there is

 no pitch on the surface of it and they wanted us to

 pitch this. How do you pitch that if the other curb
- 6 this is what exactly they wanted us to do.

And later on, that's what exactly they wanted us
to remove.

has no pitch? There's going to be a water pocket. But

- 9 CHAIRMAN COWGER: DOT, do you have --
- MR. PATEL: I rest my case. The picture is the evidence. It speaks for itself.
- MR. ROEBUCK: These pictures aren't so bad. I
 mean, they don't look that out of order.
- MR. PARMALEE: I don't know what jobs you've been on, but these were not acceptable work on the jobs that I have been on.
- 17 CHAIRMAN COWGER: Let's not get into an argument 18 about that. We're going to move on to another item.
- MR. BOURDON: We would suggest that the pictures speak for themselves.
- 21 CHAIRMAN COWGER: DOT, obviously you have taken
 22 the position the contractor is due no additional
 23 compensation. Making the assumption for the moment
 24 that the Board does find in fact that this is a
 25 compensable cost to the contractor, did you take a look

1	at the amount that he is claiming to see if it's
2	reasonable?
3	MR. BOURDON: The amount of money that he is
4	requesting he alludes to as being actual. And to my
5	recollection and I could be wrong, Mr. Cowger I
6	don't believe that we saw a detailed breakdown as to
7	how he figured those costs.
8	MR. ROEBUCK: How does it relate to his bid item?
9	CHAIRMAN COWGER: I can answer that question,
10	because I happen to have a copy of the contract in
11	front of me. And, of course, we're not sure about the
12	quantities exactly, but if you assume that the plan
13	quantities are reasonably correct, the total amount bid
14	for curb, gutter and sidewalk is \$1200.
15	MR. BOURDON: That is correct.
16	MR. ROEBUCK: Plus the removal.
17	CHAIRMAN COWGER: I'm just telling you what he
18	bid to do the work.
19	MR. MOREFIELD: Now, the expansion material, was
20	that required in plans, specs, standards or whatever?
21	MR. PARMALEE: Yes.
22	MR. MOREFIELD: It was not put in, is that what
23	you are saying?
24	MR. PARMALEE: Yes.

MR. PATEL: Here is the Department standard.

1	MR. MOREFIELD: In DOT's, quote, unquote,
2	experience, are most joints cut as I see them cut on
3	this diagram?
4	MR. PARMALEE: They are saw cuts, but they are
5	usually of
6	MR. MOREFIELD: Are they always that curved and
7	linear?
8	MR. PARMALEE: No, they are usually straight.
9	MR. MOREFIELD: Do you routinely accept sidewalks
10	of concrete that has cracks in it?
11	MR. PARMALEE: No.
12	MR. MOREFIELD: I guess I find opposite, just
13	for the record, I find opposite from my fellow Board
14	member, that these are not acceptable.
15	MR. CLARK: One other thing I want to add is that
16	if you look at the picture there, you don't really see
17	a Type F curb. He has a monolithic sidewalk that's
18	modifying that, and this is the reason for the
19	rejection of the work, due to the fact that the curb
20	itself does not allow the water to continue in the
21	direction that it is designed to flow, because of the
22	fact that there is no lip.
23	According to the standards that Mr. Patel has
24	there, that should have been constructed to allow the
25	water to continue rather than to settle in the walkway.

1	MR. MOREFIELD: Can you point out where you is
2	talking about?
3	MR. PARMALEE: Picture number seven.
4	MR. PATEL: They are only referring to picture
5	number seven. The picture number seven is the one that
6	they really asked us to remove.
7	MR. MOREFIELD: Just point out to me where the
8	water is ponding, so I'll know, on that picture.
9	MR. CLARK: It would be in the area where the say
10	cut is in the
11	MR. MOREFIELD: Hold it up and touch it.
12	MR. PARMALEE: Okay, it's right here.
13	MR. CLARK: See the saw line? That's where the
14	water would pond.
15	CHAIRMAN COWGER: DOT, did you have an inspector
16	out there while this work was going on? Is that kind
17	of unusual?
18	MR. PARMALEE: I know that I wasn't there that
19	particular day.
20	MR. BOURDON: It is not customary to have an
2 1	inspector full time out there, but I'm sure that there
22	was an inspector that was out there on the project
23	throughout the construction.
24	MR. CLARK: Mr. Patel had a there was a form

there to construct that gutter as it was supposed to

1	be, but when they removed the rollin, one reserved
2	removed the lip of the gutter, also.
3	MR. PATEL: This type of curb and gutter and the
4	sidewalk requires two separate pour. Unfortunately,
5	when you are doing a small job like this, on a redoing
6	of the job required us two days to two and a half days
7	worth of work involving six people.
8	And I have the concrete tickets to back it up,
9	that this thing was poured in two separate lifts,
10	because that's the way the job is supposed to be done.
11	And the reason why the figure looks higher on our
12	claim is because of that particular nature of the work.
13	MR. MOREFIELD: And the removal was only done on
14	this side of the street or whatever?
15	MR. PATEL: That is correct. The removal was
16	done strictly on number seven, picture number seven.
17	MR. MOREFIELD: So all that associated cost that
18	we're talking about is just
19	MR. PATEL: That is correct.
20	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Now, let me make sure I
21	understand. There was work to be accomplished in two
22	places; one, on the north side of the project there was
23	a bicycle ramp, we might say, to be built.
24	MR. PATEL: Wheelchair ramp.
25	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Okay, a wheelchair ramp. And

1	in the middle, out in the median, there was a slab
2	constructed between the roadway and the canal; no curb
3	over there.

MR. PATEL: That is correct.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: And there was no work done, no corrective work done at that point. The only corrective work was on the north side where you had to remove and replace the wheelchair ramp, is that correct?

MR. PARMALEE: That's correct.

MR. PATEL: That is correct.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: Thank you. I think that we've got all we need on that. Probably all we can stand. Let's go on to relocation of the sign and let's keep that very, very brief, please.

MR. BOURDON: I think that the item, itself, deserves not much conversation, and I will make one simple statement. And that is, I asked where the project people were, and where the contractor was, because the sign was placed where it obscured a pedestrian signal.

MR. PATEL: It was installed as per drawing and as per instruction given to us at the time by the project engineer. The location was not liked by subsequently the rest of the other six to eight people

1 who came on the job site. MR. MOREFIELD: Can you point out for us what 2 sign you are talking about? 3 MR. PATEL: The particular sign that we are 4 talking about, this particular sign like that. That's 5 where exactly it was installed. The signal also was 6 7 right there. MR. MOREFIELD: Where did they make you relocate 8 9 it? MR. PATEL: This thing was relocated right here 10 somewhere. 11 12 MR. MOREFIELD: DOT, is that about right, you made them come --13 MR. BOURDON: The sign was relocated. 14 MR. MOREFIELD: So he did initially install it 15 approximately where it's indicated on the plans? 16 MR. BOURDON: And moved the sign, yes, sir. 17 There's no question. It's \$100. It's not worth 18 19 disputing. I still ask just where everyone was, that 20 common sense should have prevailed on the location of the sign. 21 22 CHAIRMAN COWGER: Okay, let's go on to 23 maintenance of traffic.

MR. BOURDON: Maintenance of traffic, the

Department's position, although Mr. Patel has gone

24

1	through and established again a daily cost per day,
2	on his maintenance of traffic items, the Department's
3	position is that if in fact the time extension is given
4	and in fact we did offer him a time extension, that he
5	is due the maintenance of traffic items as used, not as

I have run an estimate of that and the value, if, in fact, the time extension is honored as offered, it would be \$1254. That's for actual usage of maintenance of traffic items.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: Are you going to give us something on that or is that in your exhibit?

MR. BOURDON: No, I don't believe it is, but I do have a copy of a log of the maintenance of traffic items that I can provide to you. It should have been part of the package, but it's not.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: To speed this thing up a little bit, the DOT's position is that if the Board does in fact find that he should be paid for maintenance of traffic items which are unit price items, as I understand it?

MR. PARMALEE: Yes, sir.

23 CHAIRMAN COWGER: That the amount is \$1200?

24 MR. ROEBUCK: \$1254.

claimed.

MR. PARMALEE: \$1254, approximately.

	41
1	MR. CALCUTT: The contractor will stipulate
2	that's a correct measure of the damage for maintenance
3	of traffic.
4	MR. MOREFIELD: One more time for my benefit,
5	what was the numbers that came up to \$1254?
6	MR. BOURDON: \$1254, and that was on a per day
7	usage.
8	MR. MOREFIELD: How many days?
9	MR. BOURDON: For the 23 days.
10	MR. PATEL: This will be disputed by us, because
11	the contract item 102-1, that's a lump sum maintenance
12	of traffic item, which is claimed as \$3400.
13	And in order to extend the maintenance of
14	traffic, it requires personnel, it requires people
15	staying over at the motel and whatnot. And part of
16	the claim that we have made also reflects the part of
17	the fact that we were required to go beyond the
18	duration of the job in order to maintain the traffic,
19	the maintenance of traffic, as far as the barricade and
20	other items are concerned.
21	They could be on a unit price basis, but what
22	about the item number 102-1? And I believe that our
23	claim includes that also.
24	CHAIRMAN COWGER: So you are saving that you are

not going to stipulate to the 1254?

1	MR. PATEL: That's correct.
2	MR. MOREFIELD: You multiply 23 times what?
3	MR. BOURDON: It would be the 23 days. It would
4	be for the actual usage of the items. For instance,
5	what is being given to the Board now is a copy of final
6	measurements that I asked be provided. Construction
7	site barricades, there was none used on the project.
8	Construction signs, the time period that would be
9	considered would be from the 22nd of January to the
10	11th of February, which would be 18 per day for 21
11	days, generates down to \$378 and goes down. That way
12	you come up with the \$1254. You use the contract
13	values and added in some of those areas.
14	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Okay, let's go on to overhead
15	and profit. I think that we know enough about that.
16	MR. BOURDON: Overhead and profit, again, the
17	Department's position is that the overhead and profit
18	is not a compensable issue. The delay in the material
19	certification was what the time extension was for and
20	there was not a claim filed by American Lighting as
21	being the party damaged.
22	So therefore the Department does not see that
23	there is any overhead and profit that should be added

CHAIRMAN COWGER: I think it's appropriate that

onto the contract.

the contractor get an opportunity to rebut some of that
because I don't think that you have really said much
about that up to this point.

MR. PATEL: On a mini-contract like this that requires only 30 days duration and thereby we were required to continuously monitor the job and continuous meeting and whatnot, we spend so much time hand carrying the documents from one department to the other, I believe the overhead and profit is justifiable in this particular case because we were required to go beyond what was our understanding of the scope of work was and I will rest with that.

MR. BOURDON: The only comment, Mr. Cowger, that I would offer in that instance, the contractor's claim for overhead appears to be for 51 days at a set price that he has calculated in the original contract at a ten percent value, divided by the original contract days to come up with his requested per day cost.

Portions of time that are obviously the areas of dispute, February 12th to the 29th, which is from conditional acceptance to the final completion of the punch list items, when the contractor then removed his physical work effort on the project, and the remainder of the time, until the 11th of April, was the 60-day burn in time required for the signalization.

l	The delay from 1-8 through the 22nd, the
2	Department's position was that the main cause was not
3	the sublet approval, it was the lack of maintenance of
4	traffic plan as required by the contract.

The other date that he has used, 12-12, to 12-24 and 1-2 through 1-8 is days that were associated with the material certification. He had no costs on the project because he was waiting for that certification. That was within the normal expected time frame when he submitted it.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: What period of time was that again?

MR. BOURDON: Through December 12th through the 24th, which is when the holiday period would have been begun, and he was granted those times. Those dates were not equitable dates to compensate for, because they were within the normal procurement period in the contract.

That's what the 60 days were granted to him over and above the 21. And again, it is over and above the 21 that was given to him in the original contract; so he had 81 days of procurement time.

MR. CALCUTT: These were contract counted days.

MR. PATEL: It costs time and money when you have not installed the procurement on the job site in

1 time.

2	CHAIRMAN COWGER: I don't understand how you say
3	the period between December 12 and December 24 was
4	part of the procurement period because charging the
5	contract time began on December 12.

MR. BOURDON: That is correct.

7 CHAIRMAN COWGER: And I thought that was the 8 expiration of the procurement period.

MR. BOURDON: Contract time started on the 12th and it was the expiration of the period, but our position is that that delay was not damaging to the contractor because he did not come out on the job. He had put no cost effort on the project, which is basically our position.

15 CHAIRMAN COWGER: Okay, we understand.

I want to back up just a minute. Part of this dispute is the period between February 11, the date of conditional acceptance, and February 29th, which I believe is the date the contractor said that he completed all the work.

We may be a day or so off in there, but that period of time. I'm not certain what work took place in that period of time other than the replacement of the sidewalk.

MR. BOURDON: The work effort was basically

1	punch list items, just a cleanup of the punch list on
2	the project. All contract items had been done at that
3	point.
4	MR. PARMALEE: Palm Beach County was the
5	maintaining agency on the pedestrian crossings and the
6	signals, and so they required the subcontractor,
7	American Lighting to do some work to for their
8	acceptance, and that's typical as procedure.
9	MR. CALCUTT: We believe that the sign was
10	relocated during that time period, too.
11	MR. PATEL: Not only that, there was one item
12	which hasn't been mentioned here, which is the
13	striping. In one particular instance, the striping
14	kind of got wiped out because of some truck movement or
15	whatever and we bought the powder, we brought in the
16	powder, heated the powder and poured and fixed the
17	sign. I mean, fixed the striping.
18	CHAIRMAN COWGER: So there was some restriping
19	done, also?
20	MR. PATEL: Restriping done, also.
21	CHAIRMAN COWGER: On the issue of the sidewalk,
22	can you tell us when it was that the contractor was
23	notified that the sidewalk would have to be replaced?

MR. PARMALEE: No, I don't have that information.

If I saw it on the job after he completed it, I would

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1	have verbally told him. I don't believe that I
2	recorded that information. That was just normal
3	procedure.
4	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Was it on the punch list on
5	February 12th?
6	MR. PATEL: No, it wasn't.
7	MR. PARMALEE: It may have been completed prior
8	to the punch list.
9	MR. PATEL: There was another punch list on,
10	I believe, February 18th or 19th or somewhere around
11	there.
12	CHAIRMAN COWGER: Is there some documentation
13	here that tells us when the sidewalk replacement work
14	was done?
15	MR. PATEL: The sidewalk replacement work was
16	done on February 24th and 25th, from our records of the
17	concrete tickets and receipts and all that.

My question is, why was there CHAIRMAN COWGER: such a long delay between conditional acceptance and replacement of the sidewalk? Was it waiting for DOT to make a decision or was it the contractor's election to wait that long?

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MR. CLARK: It was in dispute that the contractor was maintaining that it was acceptable and we were saying that we would not accept the project without it.

1	MR. BOURDON: They are looking in the daily
2	diaries to see if they can find it.
3	MR. ROEBUCK: Here are the concrete delivery
4	tickets, the 24th and 25th of February, when you
5	delivered the concrete, somewhere in that time.
6	MR. MOREFIELD: We would like to know when you
7	told him he had to take it out.
8	MR. PARMALEE: I have a punch list that was
9	compiled, and the contractor was given a copy on the
10	24th, but I don't know
11	MR. PATEL: I have the copy of both the punch
12	lists with me. I can pull that right here. This punch
13	list was prepared and delivered to us on 2-11, and this
14	punch list was prepared and given to us on February
15	20th or 22nd. I forget the exact date, because they
16	didn't write really any date on that.
17	And that's the daily diary shows that the
18	meeting was held on the 18th.
19	CHAIRMAN COWGER: I didn't understand that last
20	sentence.
21	MR. PATEL: The daily diary indicates that the
22	meeting was held on February 18th. That punch list
23	item was given to us
24	CHAIRMAN COWGER: So you are saying that you

weren't notified until the 18th.

1 MR. PATEL: The broken sidewalk, by the way, that 2 involves asphalt, doesn't really involve any concrete. 3 That would be asphalt. 4 CHAIRMAN COWGER: What's the date of that? 5 MR. ROEBUCK: It's not dated. 6 MR. PARMALEE: I have February 17th on my diary. 7 MR. PATEL: It was done on Wednesday, February 8 17th or 18th. 9 CHAIRMAN COWGER: Unless the other Board members 10 have any further questions, I am ready to leave that 11 issue. 12 MR. ROEBUCK: Yeah. 13 MR. MOREFIELD: No questions. 14 CHAIRMAN COWGER: DOT, I think there's one other 15 item. Do you have any comments on the interest? 16 MR. BOURDON: The interest that would flow from 17 compensable damages, the Department's position is that 18 there is no compensable damages and therefore no 19 damages. 20 CHAIRMAN COWGER: Does any one else have any 21 burning information they wish to present at this point? 22 We're approaching closing. Mr. Roebuck, do you have 23 any questions? 24 MR. ROEBUCK: Philosophically, I guess, I

listened here and it seems like with mini-contracts

1	and the effort to simplify something that's very
2	cumbersome, I wonder if the Department is in every area
3	taking it upon themself to help the mini-contractor and
4	try to expedite something that's the intent of it to
5	start with.

Like this subcontractor; you knew that he had to have a lighting subcontractor and someone, really, should have been pushing him along.

You expect Patel to say, well, I am going to write you a letter requesting one, but that's the formal Blue Book way to do it. But in this instance, I just think that a little humanness could help a great deal in trying to cooperatively work these jobs out.

That's just a comment of philosophy.

MR. BOURDON: That's the Department's position and the record does not reflect that in the written form, but I can assure you that the Department was doing whatever they could with Mr. Patel.

The only thing that I suggest to the Board is that these two little contracts were very small contracts. There was four or five other contracts of major magnitude that we were having problems with Mr. Patel on. It was a frustrating period of time.

CHAIRMAN COWGER: Okay, Mr. Morefield, did you have any questions?

1	MR. MOREFIELD: No.
2	CHAIRMAN COWGER: This hearing is hereby closed.
3	The Board will meet on September 12th, 1991 to
4	deliberate on this claim and you will have our order
5	shortly thereafter.
6	(Whereupon, the proceedings were concluded at
7	1:00 p.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	STATE OF FLORIDA)
3	COUNTY OF LEON)
4	I, LAURA MOUNTAIN, Court Reporter and Notary Public in
5	and for the State of Florida at Large:
6	DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing proceedings were
7	taken before me at the time and place therein designated;
8	that my shorthand notes were thereafter reduced to
9	typewriting under my supervision; and the foregoing pages
10	numbered 1 through 51 are a true and correct record of the
11	aforesaid proceedings.
12	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee,
13	attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor relative or
14	employee of such attorney or counsel, nor financially
15	interested in the foregoing action.
16	WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL this, the 13th day of
17	August, A.D., 1991, IN THE CITY OF TALLAHASSEE,
18	COUNTY OF LEON, STATE OF FLORIDA.
19	
20	<u>Davia Mountain</u>
21	Court Reporter Post Office Box 13461
22	Tallahassee, Florida 32317
23	My Commission Expires
24	September 23, 1994