

### Davis-Bacon Investigation Procedures







## Davis-Bacon Investigation procedures

- Reorganization Plan No. 14 of 1950
- Davis-Bacon (DB) Labor Standards Contract Stipulations
- Specific Steps in Conducting DBA/DBRA/CWHSSA Investigations
- Conclusion of Investigation
- Report Writing
- The Hearing Process









## Reorganization Plan No. 14 of 1950

- DOL Functions/Responsibilities
  - Determining "prevailing wages"
  - Issuing regulations and standards to be observed by contracting agencies
  - Perform oversight function and has independent authority to conduct investigations









## Reorganization Plan No. 14 of 1950

- Contracting agencies have day to day enforcement responsibility for:
  - Contract Stipulations
  - Wage Determinations
  - WH-1321 Poster
  - Reviewing certified payrolls
  - Employee interviews and investigations
  - Forwarding refusal-to-pay and/or debarment consideration cases to WHD for appropriate action
  - Enforcement reports









# Davis-Bacon Labor Standards/Contract Stipulations

- The term "labor standards" means the requirements of:
  - The Davis-Bacon Act
  - The Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act
  - The Copeland Act
  - Prevailing wage provisions of the Davis-Bacon and "related Acts"
  - Regulations, 29 CFR 1, 3, and 5









# Davis-Bacon Labor Standards (29 CFR 5.5)

- Minimum wages (MW's)
- Withholding
- Maintaining basic payroll records

- Submission of certified payroll records
- Apprentices
- Trainees







#### **Davis-Bacon Labor Standards**

- Copeland Act (CA) compliance
- Subcontracts
- Contract termination and debarment

- Rulings and interpretations
- Disputes
- Certification of eligibility







# Preliminary Steps in Conducting Investigations

- Obtain the following information:
  - Copy of labor standards clauses in contract
  - Copy of Davis-Bacon WD in contract, including any instructions for multiple schedules
  - Copies of certified payrolls
  - Employer identification number









### **The Investigation Process**

Initiate contact with employer

- Examine certified payrolls
- Examine basic payroll records









### The Investigation Process (Cont'd.)

- Check for compliance with apprenticeship and/or trainee requirements
- Determine if a conformance is necessary









#### **Employee Interviews**

- Are essential to the investigation
- Information provided is confidential
- Interview statements should contain:
  - Place and date of interview
  - Name and address of employer/employee
  - Employment status and classification
  - Alleged violations









### **Determining Compliance**

- Determine compliance with prevailing wages, including FB's
- Determine compliance with CWHSSA
- Compute any back wages and liquidated damages









## Computing Liquidated Damages under CWHSSA

Liquidated damages are computed at \$10 per day per CWHSSA violation. Example:

SMTWTFS TOTALS

**Regular Time** 0 10 12 13 9 8 3 55

15 weekly hours of overtime were worked on three calendar days (Thursday, Friday, Saturday) without the payment of overtime. Liquidated damages computed @ \$30.









#### Withholding of Funds

- In refusal-to-pay cases, contracting agency can withhold funds to cover back wages
- Contracting agency can withhold funds from other contracts which have same prime contractor (crosswithholding)
- Contracting agency should immediately notify WHD if contractor may be filing for bankruptcy









# Computing Back Wages (40-hour workweek)

Contractor employs an Electrician on the site of the work 40 hours a week. WD calls for a prevailing wage of \$14.50 (\$12 + \$2.50 in FB's). Employee paid \$13 (\$10.00 plus \$3.00 in FB's), which is the WD prevailing wage for Painters.

Prevailing Wage \$14.50 X 40 hours = \$587.00

Employee paid \$13.00 X 40 hours = \$527.00

Back wages per employee \$ 60.00









### **Conclusion of Investigation**

- Final Conference Procedure
  - Inform contractor of investigation findings
  - Detail steps to eliminate violations
  - Consider additional evidence that may impact on findings (e.g., conformance)
  - Request payment of back wages and any liquidated damages under CWHSSA
- Contact WHD if no agreement









#### **Debarment**

- Occurs when a contractor is declared ineligible for future contracts due to:
  - Violations of the DBA in disregard of its obligations to employees or subcontractors
  - Aggravated or willful violations under the labor standards provisions of related Acts
- Period of ineligibility is 3 years for DBA and up to 3 years for DBRA









#### **Debarment Criteria**

- Debarment is considered when a contractor has:
  - Submitted falsified certified payrolls
  - Required "kickbacks" of wages or back wages
  - Committed repeat violations









# Hearing Process (29 CFR Parts 6 and 7)

- Refusal to pay cases are resolved pursuant to 29 CFR 5.11
  - If factual issues in dispute, WHD notifies contractor of findings and offers opportunity to request a hearing before an Administrative Law Judge (ALJ)
  - If only questions of law in dispute, WHD issues ruling letter that may be appealed to DOL's Administrative Review Board (ARB)
- If debarment action initiated, contractor may request a hearing pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12









#### **Administrative Review Board**

- Members appointed by the Secretary of Labor
- Hears appeals of ALJ decisions
- Acts on petitions to review final rulings of WHD Administrator on coverage interpretations, and WD matters
- Appeals may be in the form of an oral hearing in Washington, D.C., but typically are by review of record in closed session









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